



For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 • Pima County, Arizona

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

- Letter of Transmittal
- Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting
- Organizational Chart

FINANCIAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION



INTRODUCTORY SECTION

The purpose of the Introductory Section in an Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) is to familiarize readers with the organizational structure of the government, the nature and scope of the services it provides, and the specifics of its legal operating environment.



COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR'S OFFICE

PIMA COUNTY GOVERNMENTAL CENTER 115 N. CHURCH AVE., 2nd FLOOR, Suite 231, TUCSON, AZ 85701-1317 520-724-8661, FAX 520-724-8171

JAN LESHER County Administrator

December 22, 2022

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors and Citizens of Pima County, Arizona:

We are pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of Pima County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This report presents comprehensive financial and operating information about the County's activities for the fiscal year.

We believe that the financial information, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designed to openly disclose the financial position and results of operations of the County as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the County's financial affairs have been included. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. The Arizona Auditor General is required to audit financial transactions and accounts kept by counties. The Auditor General has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the Pima County financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Auditor General's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Pima County Profile

Covering an area of approximately 9,200 square miles, Pima County is one of the oldest continuously inhabited areas of the United States. It is situated in the southern part of Arizona with a portion of its southern boundary bordering Mexico. Created in 1864, Pima County includes a large portion of southern Arizona acquired from Mexico by the Gadsden Purchase of 1854. Pima County has purchased thousands of acres of open space and ranches to preserve and protect the stunning landscapes and historic and cultural sites. The County's population has grown from 395 in 1820 to an estimated population of 1,067,441 in 2022, according to the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity. The County has a vibrant multicultural diversity. A major commercial and academic hub, Pima County is home to Tucson, the second largest city in Arizona. Although the County has five incorporated cities and towns, more than a third of the population lives outside of any incorporated cities or towns.

A five-member Board of Supervisors is responsible for implementing the County's governmental and administrative affairs. Each member is elected from a designated district to serve a four-year term. The chairman is selected by the Board from among its members. The Board is responsible for establishing the policies of the County, which provide guidance to the various County constitutional officers and departments. The Board has the legal authority and responsibility to establish spending limits and approve the budgets of all County departments, and also sets the amount of taxes to be levied. The Board appoints a County Administrator who is responsible for the general administrative and overall operations of the various departments of the County. The County has several other elected officials including

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Pima County includes in its financial statements all funds, agencies, boards, commissions, and authorities for which the Pima County Board of Supervisors is financially accountable. As the primary government, Pima County is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or a potential exists for that organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, Pima County. Additionally, the County may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the County.

Pima County offers a wide variety of governmental services that are organized into the following functional areas for fiscal year 2022-2023:

- General Government Services primarily provides internal administrative and support services to County departments directly serving the public. The departments comprising this function include Analytics & Data Governance; Assessor; Board of Supervisors; Clerk of the Board; County Administrator; Elections; Facilities Management; Finance & Risk Management; Fleet Services; Human Resources; Information Technology; Office of Emergency Management & Homeland Security; Procurement; Recorder; Community Facilities Districts; Treasurer; and Wireless Integrated Network.
- *Community Resources* provides educational, cultural, social, economic development and recreational programs to the public. The departments in this functional area are Attractions & Tourism; Communications Office; Community & Workforce Development; County Free Library; Grants Management & Innovation; School Superintendent; and the Stadium District Kino Sports Complex.
- *Health Services* provides various public health, death investigation, and animal control services, as well as medical assistance to indigents. The component departments are Behavioral Health, Health, Medical Examiner, and Pima Animal Care Center.
- Justice and Law Enforcement provides public safety, felony and misdemeanor investigation, and prosecution services for victims, witnesses, and those needing fiduciary assistance. Services are also provided in the areas of indigent defense, civil representation, correctional housing, and juvenile detention. Judicial services include jury selection, adjudication of trials, sentencing, and probation supervision. The child support services include Title IV-0 and non-Title IV-0 administrative functions such as maintaining child support, spousal maintenance, and special paternity case information; processing court orders; preparing and serving wage assignments; and receiving and processing court ordered payments. The departments within this area are the Clerk of the Superior Court; Constables; County Attorney; Justice Court Ajo; Justice Court Green Valley; Justice Court Tucson; Justice Services; Juvenile Court; Public Defense Services; Sheriff; and Superior Court.
- *Public Works* provides construction, operations, and maintenance services related to the County infrastructure and related planning and environmental issues. The departments within this area are the Capital Program Office; Capital Projects; Development Services; Environmental Quality; Natural Resources, Parks and Recreation; Office of Sustainability & Conservation; Real Property Services; Regional Flood Control District; Regional Wastewater Reclamation; and Transportation.

Pima County is responsible for reporting the financial activities of its component units. These units are either discretely presented or blended. Although they are separate legal entities, blended component units are substantially a part of the County's financial activities and are combined with data for the County.

The County's component units include the following:

- The *Pima County Stadium District*, the *Regional Flood Control District*, the *Library District*, the *Community Facilities Districts*, and the *Improvement and Other Districts* are reported as blended component units in special revenue funds in the accompanying financial statements.
- The *Southwestern Fair Commission* is reported as a separate component unit (discrete presentation) in the accompanying financial statements.

Additional information on the legally separate entities and the blended component units can be found in the notes to the financial statements (see Note 1).

The County also has various independently governed school districts, irrigation districts, fire districts, a health district (Ajo-Lukeville), and other entities for which the County is not financially accountable. These entities include the Industrial Development Authority, Pima Association of Governments, Pima Council on Aging, the Workforce Investment Board, Regional Transportation Authority, and Sun Corridor, Inc. The financial statements of such districts and entities are not included in the accompanying financial statements except to reflect amounts held in a fiduciary capacity by the County Treasurer.

Following receipt of the County Administrator's Recommended Budget and public discussion of the Recommended Budget, the Board of Supervisors historically adopts a budget in June. A budget must be adopted on or before the first Monday in August. The Adopted Budget sets a ceiling on expenditures that may be incurred for the County as a whole. This annual budget serves as the foundation for Pima County's financial planning and control. Pima County has implemented a program-oriented presentation of its budget. All departments are budgeted on a cost unit/object line item basis. Departments may modify line item amounts within their own budgets provided the total program budgeted amount remains unchanged. Changes to the adopted budget that require a transfer between funds are evaluated by the County Administrator prior to recommendation of approval to the Board of Supervisors. Should the County Administrator recommend the change to the Board of Supervisors, the recommendation will be considered at a regularly scheduled, open meeting of the Board.

On an annual basis, the County Administrator's office prepares a five-year Capital Improvement Plan and a one-year Capital Improvement Budget.

Economic Outlook

Pima County's major employers are the Raytheon Missile Systems, University of Arizona, Banner Healthcare - UMC, Davis-Monthan Air Force Base, Pima County Government, Tucson Unified School District and State of Arizona. Major manufacturers include Ventana Medical Systems, IBM, Caterpillar, and several aerospace and aircraft companies including Raytheon Missiles and Defense, Bombardier Aerospace, Sargent Aerospace and Defense, and Honeywell Aerospace. Employment by industry is led by government; trade, transportation and utilities; educational and health services; professional and business services; and leisure and hospitality. The average Pima County unemployment rate for 2021 decreased to 5.0% as the job market recovered from the initial wave of layoffs at the onset of the coronavirus pandemic (COVID-19). The unemployment rate decreased further to 3.9% in June 2022. Nearly half of Pima County's population is in the prime working age range of 18 to 54.

A sunny, mild, dry climate with an average temperature of 71°F and a unique desert location help promote travel and tourism as a major industry in Pima County. Spending by visitors generates sales in lodging, food services, recreation, transportation, and retail businesses. These sales support jobs for Pima County residents and contribute tax revenues to local and state governments. According to recent research data released by the Arizona Office of Tourism, Pima County direct travel spending generated approximately \$2.79 billion (11.8% of Arizona direct travel spending) in 2021. This direct travel spending generated 20,170 direct jobs, \$710 million in direct earnings and \$194 million in local and state tax revenues. These amounts substantially exceeded the results from 2020 as travelers felt more confident about taking vacations after COVID-19 vaccinations became available in early 2021. Unlike other industries, taxes generated by travel industry spending are paid by visitors rather than residents. These visitors bring new money into Pima County's economy and generate revenue in the County. Some of the best world-class attractions

in Arizona are found in Pima County, such as the Arizona-Sonora Desert Museum and the Pima Air and Space Museum.

Economic trends over the last year include the following:

- The housing market in Southern Arizona was very strong in 2021. According to data from the Tucson-Southern Arizona Housing Market Letter, 5,104 building permits were issued in 2021, the most issued since 2006. The median sales price for new houses rose 18.6% between December 2020 and December 2021 while the median sales price for existing homes increased by 21.8% over the same period. Factors that influenced the increased demand include migration of working-age adults from other states who can work remotely and prefer to live in Pima County, very low mortgage interest rates that have existed since shortly after the pandemic started in March 2020, an increase in houses purchased for use as short term rentals that can be booked through online lodging agencies such as Airbnb and VRBO, and more investors looking to flip houses in response to these factors. The market has continued at a healthy but less torrid pace in 2022 with 2,359 permits issued during the first six months of the year. New home sales prices are up 7.7% year-to-date through June and existing home prices have increased by 9.9% during the same period. The recent increase in mortgage interest rates may cause some cooling of the market in the coming months as local buyers will be less able to qualify for mortgages at higher house prices.
- State-shared sales tax revenue increased in fiscal year 2021-2022 as consumer spending on taxable goods continued at a healthy pace long after the end of federal pandemic assistance payments. High rates of inflation over the last few months have done little to discourage buying behavior. As with other revenue sources dependent on consumer spending, future sales tax revenue will depend on whether the Fed's increase in interest rates leads to recession. The current forecast for fiscal year 2022-2023 is slightly lower than the actual amounts received in fiscal year 2021-2022.

Please refer to the MD&A beginning on page 14 for additional information regarding the County's economic outlook.

Long-term Financial Planning

Pima Prospers is Pima County's ten-year comprehensive plan establishing a vision and overarching principles for the County in areas such as land use, physical infrastructure, human infrastructure, and economic development. The County's annual budget, capital improvement plan, and debt management strategies are aligned with this comprehensive plan. Pima Prospers, including the planning for its financial impacts, can be found at www.pimaprospers.com.

Pima County's Economic Development Plan is a shorter term plan focusing on the County's future actions to help create new jobs, protect our existing jobs, improve transportation, promote tourism, and enhance relationships with our economic partners. Regional infrastructure investment is a significant component of the County's Economic Development Plan. Some of these economic development projects and financing can be seen in the Capital Improvement Plan and Debt Management sections below.

Capital Improvement Plan

The Adopted Budget for fiscal year 2022-2023 includes \$237.9 million for the Capital Improvement Plan (CIP). Under this plan, five departments comprise 81% of the total CIP budget as follows:

- Facilities Management, with a budget of \$64.7 million
- Regional Wastewater Reclamation, with a budget of \$54.1 million
- Transportation, with a budget of \$41.1 million
- Regional Flood Control District, with a budget of \$20.7 million
- Natural Resources Parks & Recreation, with a budget of \$11.6 million

Facilities Management – Facilities Management has active projects with a total fiscal year 2022-2023 budget of \$64.7 million. Major projects include:

- Office of the Medical Examiner Building project is budgeted for \$22.7 million
- Northwest County Service Center project is budgeted for \$12.5 million
- 130 W. Congress Façade Improvement project is budgeted for \$6.6 million
- Adult Detention Security Replacement project is budgeted for \$5.5 million

Regional Wastewater Reclamation – The Regional Wastewater Reclamation Department (RWR) projects are predominantly funded by Sewer Revenue Obligations. RWR has a total fiscal year 2022-2023 budget of \$54.1 million. Major projects include:

- Continental Ranch Pump Station Second Force Main is budgeted for \$11.4 million
- System-wide Treatment Rehabilitation Program is budgeted for \$8.0 million
- Tres Rios Headworks Biofilter Odor Control project is budgeted for \$6.7 million
- Canoa Ranch Sewer Extension project is budgeted for \$6.3 million
- Old Nogales Interceptor Augmentation Aerospace Corridor project is budgeted for \$5.9 million

Transportation - The Department of Transportation projects are funded by highway user revenues, vehicle license tax revenues and from funding received from the Pima County Regional Transportation Authority, a taxing entity distinct from Pima County. Transportation has a total fiscal year 2022-2023 budget of \$41.1 million. Major projects include:

- Sunset Road 1-10 to River Road project is budgeted for \$17.8 million
- South Houghton Road Widening project is budgeted for \$10.1 million
- 22nd Street I-10 to Tucson Blvd Improvements are budgeted for \$5.6 million

Regional Flood Control District – The Regional Flood Control District has active projects with a total budget of \$20.7 million. Major projects include:

- Fairgrounds South Houghton Channels project for \$4.0 million
- City of Tucson Downtown Links project for \$3.0 million
- Bighorn Fire Flood Hazard Mitigation project is budgeted for \$2.7 million
- Major Watercourse Infrastructure Management project is budgeted for \$2.0 million

Natural Resources Parks & Recreation – The Natural Resources Parks & Recreation Department has a budget of \$11.6 million. Major projects include:

- Open Space projects are budgeted for \$2.0 million
- Manzanita Park Multi-use Field project is budgeted for \$1.9 million
- LED Sports Lighting Conversion at McDonald Park is budgeted for \$1.6 million

Debt Management

Bond ratings for Pima County, given by Fitch and Standard & Poor's, range from AA- to AAA. Pima County maintains a sound financial profile, with healthy operating reserves while its debt burden is manageable and debt repayment is rapid.

Pima County continues to utilize debt authorized by Pima County voters November 4, 1997 for Street and Highway Revenue Bonds. At June 30, 2022, \$16.4 million of the Street and Highway authorization remains unissued. The County issues Certificates of Participation for building construction and Sewer Revenue Obligations to fund the construction and improvement of the County's wastewater conveyance systems and treatment facilities.

Debt issuances anticipated for fiscal year 2022-2023 include \$40 million of Sewer Obligations, \$32 million of Sewer Refunding Obligations and \$90 million of Certificates of Participation.

The County's conservative debt management principles play a critical role in the decision regarding when to issue new debt. The County has set an aggressive debt repayment schedule, with 100 percent retired at or before 15 years. The state constitution sets a cap on general obligation debt at 15 percent of the County's net secondary assessed valuation. In fiscal year 2021-2022, the constitutional debt limit was \$1.6 billion. The actual bonded indebtedness was \$93.7 million, far below the constitutional debt limit.

Please refer to the MD&A beginning on page 14 and Note 7 beginning on page 65 for specific details on debt issuances, defeasances, and refundings.

Expenditure Limitation

Pima County, like all counties and cities in Arizona, is subject to numerous budgetary and related legal requirements. Article 9, Section 20, of the Arizona Constitution sets limits on the County's legal budget capacity. In general, the Board of Supervisors, as the governing body of the County, cannot authorize expenditures from local revenues in excess of the expenditure limitation determined annually for Pima County by the Arizona Economic Estimates Commission. The expenditure limitation is determined each year by adjusting the amount of actual payments of local revenues received by the County during fiscal year 1979-1980 to reflect inflation and subsequent population growth for the County. Not subject to this limitation are items such as bond proceeds, related debt service, interest earnings, special voter approved districts, certain highway user revenue funds, federal grant and aid funds, monies received pursuant to intergovernmental agreements, and state grants which are to be used for specific purposes. As in previous years, the County's expenditures for fiscal year 2021-2022 are expected to be under the limit of \$623.6 million.

Single Audit

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the County is required to ensure adequate internal controls are in place to comply with applicable laws and regulations related to administration of these programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management of Pima County. An important part of management's periodic evaluation is having the County's federal financial assistance programs audited annually under the federal Single Audit Act.

As a part of the County's Single Audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal financial assistance programs and whether the County has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

A complete Single Audit report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 can be found at:

http://www.pima.gov/finance/reports.shtml

The Single Audit for Pima County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was not complete at the time of publication of this ACFR.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, Pima County continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Pima County, Arizona, for its annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Pima County has received this prestigious award for thirty-six years from fiscal years ended June 30, 1984 through 2021, except for fiscal years ended June 30, 1990 and June 30, 1999, due to missing the filing deadline. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the County had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable program requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Pima County also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its fiscal year 2021-2022 budget document. This was the twenty-third consecutive year that Pima County has achieved this award. To qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, Pima County's budget had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

Acknowledgments

The preparation of this report could not have been possible without the skill, effort, and dedication of the entire staff of the County's Finance and Risk Management Department. We wish to thank all government departments for their assistance in providing the data necessary to prepare this report. Credit is also due to the Board of Supervisors for its unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Pima County's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Jan Lesher County Administrator

Ellen Moulton Director, Department of Finance and Risk Management

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Pima County Arizona

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

FINANCIAL SECTION

- Independent Auditors' Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information Other than Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Combining Statements and Other Schedules

STATISTICAL SECTION



FINANCIAL SECTION

The Financial Section contains government-wide, combined, combining, and individual fund financial statements and schedules, which present a financial overview of Pima County.





MELANIE M. CHESNEY DEPUTY AUDITOR GENERAL

Independent auditors' report

Members of the Arizona State Legislature

The Board of Supervisors of Pima County, Arizona

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of Pima County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We did not audit the financial statements of certain departments and funds and the discretely presented component unit, which account for the following percentages of the assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, revenues, and expenses or expenditures of the opinion units as of June 30, 2022.

Opinion unit/department, fund, or component unit	Assets and deferred outflows	Liabilities and deferred inflows	Revenues	Expenses/ expenditures
<u>Government-wide statements</u> Governmental activities:				
Stadium District	2.33%	0.23%	1,23%	1.43%
School Reserve	0.07%	0.13%	0.34%	0.34%
Wireless Integrated Network	0.12%	0.07%	0.35%	0.31%
Self-Insurance Trust	2.52%	1.83%	1.13%	1.36%
Health Benefit Trust	0.65%	0.46%	6.84%	7.68%
Business-type activities:				
Regional Wastewater Reclamation	97.21%	98.55%	92.26%	94.43%
Development Services	1.59%	1.35%	6.58%	3.96%
Discretely presented component unit:	400.000/	400.000/		100.000/
Southwestern Fair Commission	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Assets and deferred outflows	Liabilities and deferred inflows	Revenues	Expenses/ expenditures
100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
0.29%	0.69%	2.68%	2.42%
0.18%	0.70%	0.81%	0.77%
0.44%	0.92%	0.85%	0.68%
2.61%	4.80%	2.96%	1.33%
9.43%	24.57%	2.71%	2.99%
2.45%	6.23%	16.46%	16.90%
	deferred outflows 100.00% 0.29% 0.18% 0.44% 2.61% 9.43%	deferred outflows deferred inflows 100.00% 100.00% 0.29% 0.69% 0.18% 0.70% 0.44% 0.92% 2.61% 4.80% 9.43% 24.57%	deferred outflows deferred inflows Revenues 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 0.29% 0.69% 2.68% 0.18% 0.70% 0.81% 0.44% 0.92% 0.85% 2.61% 4.80% 2.96% 9.43% 24.57% 2.71%

Those statements were audited by other auditors, whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for those entities are based solely on the other auditors' reports.

Basis for opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the U.S. Comptroller General. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, for the year ended June 30, 2022, the County adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, Leases. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other matters

Compliance over the use of Highway User Revenue Fund and other dedicated State transportation revenue monies

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the County failed to comply with the authorized transportation purposes, insofar as they relate to accounting matters, for Highway User Revenue Fund monies it received pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2, and any other dedicated State transportation revenues it received. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the County's noncompliance with the authorized transportation purposes referred to above, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

The communication related to compliance over the use of Highway User Revenue Fund and other dedicated State transportation revenue monies in the preceding paragraph is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Arizona State Legislature, the County's Board of Supervisors and management, and other responsible parties within the County and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the audit's planned scope and timing, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required supplementary information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 14 through 31, budgetary comparison schedules on pages 96 through 98, schedule of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability—cost-sharing plans on page 99, schedule of changes in the County's net pension liability and related ratios—agent plans on pages 100 and 101, schedule of County pension contributions on page 102, and notes to pension plan schedules on pages 103 and 104 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is management's responsibility and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting

for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. Such information is management's responsibility and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards by us and the other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the reports of the other auditors, the accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance on the other information.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other reporting required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will issue our report on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters at a future date. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting.

Lindsey A. Perry

Lindsey A. Perry, CPA, CFE Auditor General

December 22, 2022





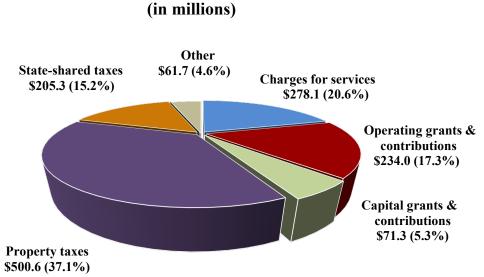
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Pima County, Arizona Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Our discussion and analysis of the County's financial performance provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter, which begins on page 1 and the County's basic financial statements, which begin on page 32. All dollar amounts are expressed in thousands (000's) unless otherwise noted.

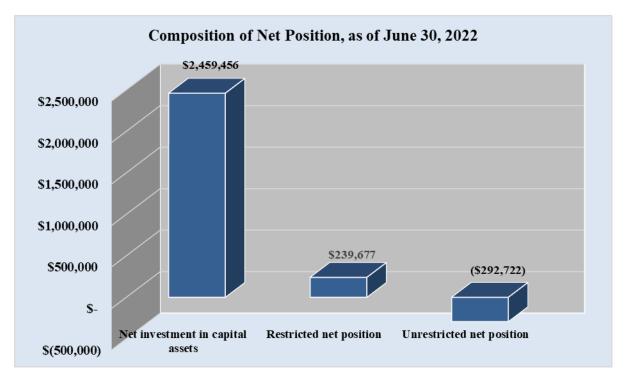
Financial Highlights

- The County's long-term liabilities decreased by \$248,011 from \$1,633,239 to \$1,385,228, a 15.2% decrease when compared to the prior year, resulting from actuarial adjustments to the County's net pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liabilities for \$212,457 and prepayments of \$30,000 for pension contributions in fiscal year 2021 that reduced the liability in the current year made to the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) and the Corrections Officers Retirement Plan (CORP).
- The County issued \$50,000 in Certificates of Participation (COPs) to finance various pavement preservation projects, and \$45,000 in Sewer Revenue Obligations to finance the construction, expansion, and improvement of sewer treatment facilities and conveyance systems.
- The County's total net position increased \$123,647 to \$2,406,411, a 5.4% increase when compared to the prior year's total net position of \$2,282,764.
- The County's primary sources of revenue come from property taxes, charges for services, state shared taxes, and grants and contributions as displayed below:

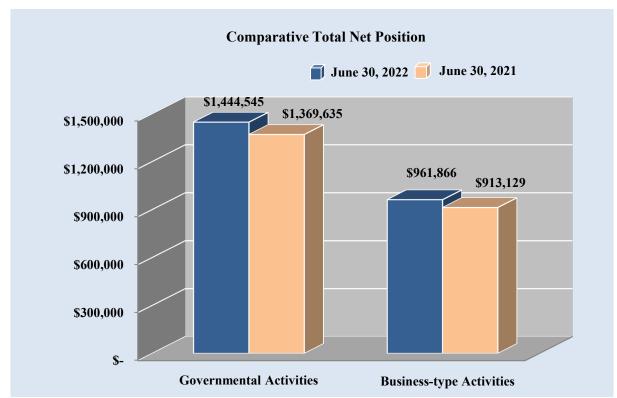


Revenue Sources (in millions)

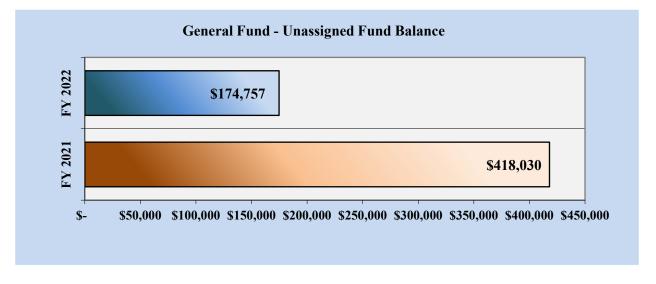
• The composition of the County's total net position at June 30, 2022 of \$2,406,411 is illustrated in the following chart.



• Governmental Activities total net position at June 30, 2022, is \$1,445,545, representing an increase of \$74,910 (5.5%) from the prior fiscal year's net position, due to a decrease in long-term liabilities resulting from actuarial adjustments to the County's net pension/OPEB liabilities for \$200,916. Business-type Activities total net position of \$961,866, increased by \$48,737 (5.3%) in the current fiscal year, primarily due to a decrease of \$35,361 in outstanding liabilities for sewer revenue obligations from debt payments made during the year in the Regional Wastewater Reclamation (RWR) enterprise fund.



• The current fiscal year's General Fund unassigned fund balance of \$174,757 is a decrease of \$243,273 (58.2%) from \$418,030 in the prior fiscal year due to \$270,000 of Pledged Revenue Obligations (PROs) proceeds that were unspent at June 30, 2021, but were used to make additional contributions to the PSPRS and CORP in the current fiscal year. The unassigned fund balance comprises 86.4% of the total fund balance of \$202,209. Refer to the analysis of the General Fund provided on page **26** for additional details about the fund's financial activities during the year.



Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components: (1) Government-wide Statements, (2) Fund Statements, and (3) Notes to the Financial Statements. Required supplementary information is included in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of County finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all County assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation or sick leave).

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) in contrast to other functions that are intended to recover all or a portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, health, welfare, culture and recreation, and education and economic opportunity. The business-type activities of the County include: Regional Wastewater Reclamation (RWR), Development Services, and the County's downtown parking garages.

The Southwestern Fair Commission is presented as a discretely presented component unit and is included in the basic financial statements. The Commission, which operates the County Fairgrounds and annual Pima County Fair, is a legally separate entity for which the County is financially accountable.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 32-34.

Fund financial statements are groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance with applicable state statutes and Federal Office of Management and Budget budgeting guidelines. All of the funds can be divided into three categories: (1) *governmental funds*, (2) *proprietary funds*, and (3) *fiduciary funds*.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources*, as well as on *balances of expendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains sixteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the General, Capital Projects, Debt Service and Grants funds, which are reported as major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 35-38. The combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds can be found on pages 105-108.

Proprietary funds are maintained in two ways. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type* activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for sewer systems maintenance and operation, real estate-related development services, and parking garage operations. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for employee health and health related benefits, risk management, automotive fleet maintenance and operations, telecommunications, wireless, and information technology network infrastructure. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-

type functions, all of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of these services have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The RWR Enterprise Fund is considered to be a major fund of the County. Data from the other enterprise funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Similarly, the County's internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund's financial statements. Individual fund data for the other enterprise and internal service funds are provided in the form of combining statements.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 39-42. The combining statements for other enterprise and internal service funds can be found on pages 123-130.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's programs.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 43-44.

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found on pages **45-95**.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI) is presented concerning the County's General Fund and Grants Fund budgetary schedules and the schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability for Cost Sharing Plans, the Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios for Agent Pension Plans, and the Schedule of County Pension Contributions. Required supplementary information can be found on pages **96-104**.

Combining Statements and Other Schedules referred to earlier provide information for non-major governmental, enterprise, internal service, and fiduciary funds and are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages **105-134**.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

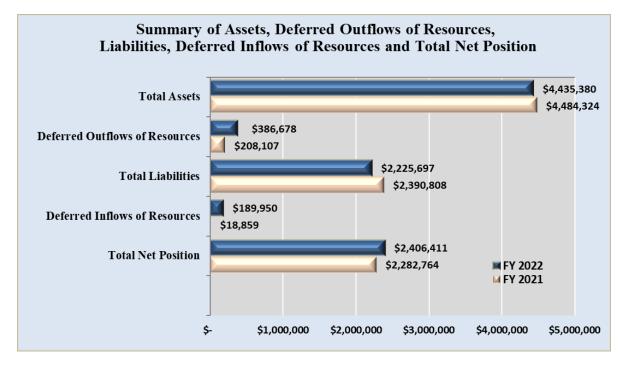
As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position over time. An analysis of the results of operations is also useful. The schedule below identifies variances in the results of operations.

Schedule of Results of Operations and Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021								
	2022 2021 Variance							
Charges for services	\$	278,088	\$	277,890	\$	198		
Operating grants and contributions		234,010		237,401		(3,391)		
Capital grants and contributions		71,267		49,515		21,752		
Total program revenues		583,365		564,806		18,559		
Total general revenues and transfers		766,414		730,566		35,848		
Total program and general revenues		1,349,779		1,295,372		54,407		
Total expenses		1,226,132		1,194,524		31,608		
Change in net position	\$	123,647	\$	100,848	\$	22,799		

Total program revenues increased by \$18,559 (3.3%), mainly due to a \$21,752 increase in capital grants and contributions. The increase in capital grants and contributions resulted primarily from funding received on transportation road projects from the Regional Transit Authority (RTA) and City of Tucson. Of the \$31,608 (2.6%) increase in total expenses, \$62,216 was in the highways and street's function, which was the result of expenses incurred as part of the County's pavement preservation program and capital projects related to road improvements. This increase was partially offset by an \$18,854 decrease in the health function resulting from the scaling back of the COVID-19 response. These variances in combination with the \$35,848 (4.9%) increase in total general revenues and transfers resulted in a \$22,799 (22.6%) increase in the change in net position, to \$123,647.

An explanation of each of these changes is discussed further in the following governmental and business-type activities sections.

The graph presented below illustrates at a summary level the changes in the elements of the Statement of Net Position for the County at June 30, 2022, and June 30, 2021.



A general discussion of significant variances between fiscal years follows. For a more detailed discussion, please see the governmental activities and business-type activities sections immediately following this section.

The total of County assets at June 30, 2022, was \$4,435,380, a decrease of \$48,944 (1.1%) from the prior year, while total liabilities decreased by \$165,111 (6.9%) from the prior year, ending at a balance of \$2,225,697. Deferred outflows of resources increased by \$178,571 (85.8%) and deferred inflows of resourced increased by \$171,091 (907.2%) from the prior year, ending at a balance of \$189,950.

The result of these changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources was an increase in net position of \$123,647 (5.4%), to \$2,406,411 in the current fiscal year, from \$2,282,764 in the prior fiscal year.

The largest portion of the County's net position is reflected in its net investment in capital assets (i.e., land, buildings, infrastructure, and equipment) less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. At June 30, 2022, net investment in capital assets totaled \$2,459,456, an increase of \$53,587 (2.2%) from the prior year, due to the increases of \$16,637 (1.0%) for governmental activities and \$36,950 (4.7%) for business-type activities. The County uses a portion of these capital assets to provide services to its citizens, with the other portion available to its citizens for use; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Resources subject to external restrictions on how they may be used comprise the restricted net position of \$239,677, which is an increase of \$9,997 (4.4%) from the prior year and represents approximately 10.0% of total net position.

The following schedule presents, on a comparative basis, both governmental activities and business-type activities within the Statement of Net Position.

Schedule of Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position											
At June 30, 2022 and 2021											
	Gover	r <u>nmental Act</u> i	vities	Busin	ess-type Act	ivities	Total				
	FY 2022	FY 2021	Variance	FY 2022	FY 2021	Variance	FY 2022	FY 2021	Variance		
Current and other assets Capital assets (net): Land, buildings, equipment,	\$ 1,001,604	\$ 1,069,475	\$ (67,871)	\$ 218,884	\$ 209,855	\$ 9,029	\$ 1,220,488	\$ 1,279,330	\$ (58,842)		
infrastructure & other assets	1,981,015	1,979,028	1,987	1,233,877	1,225,966	7,911	3,214,892	3,204,994	9,898		
Total assets	2,982,619	3,048,503	(65,884)	1,452,761	1,435,821	16,940	4,435,380	4,484,324	(48,944)		
Deferred outflows of resources			100.110					105.044			
Pension and OPEB	370,780	188,368	182,412	7,300	7,498	(198)	378,080	195,866	182,214		
Deferred charges on refunding	1,163	2,279	(1,116)	3,127	5,687	(2,560)	4,290	7,966	(3,676)		
Asset retirement obligations				4,308	4,275	33	4,308	4,275	33		
Total deferred outflows of resources	371,943	190,647	181,296	14,735	17,460	(2,725)		208,107	178,571		
Current and other liabilities	345,785	218,358	127,427	20,054	18,206	1,848	365,839	236,564	129,275		
Long-term liabilities	1,385,228	1,633,239	(248,011)	474,630	521,005	(46,375)	1,859,858	2,154,244	(294,386)		
Total liabilities	1,731,013	1,851,597	(120,584)	494,684	539,211	(44,527)	2,225,697	2,390,808	(165,111)		
Deferred inflows of resources											
Pension and OPEB	153,310	17,918	135,392	10,946	941	10,005	164,256	18,859	145,397		
Leases	25,694		25,694	. <u> </u>			25,694		25,694		
Total deferred inflows of resources	179,004	17,918	161,086	10,946	941	10,005	189,950	18,859	171,091		
Net position:											
Net investment in capital assets	1,633,005	1,616,368	16,637	826,451	789,501	36,950	2,459,456	2,405,869	53,587		
Restricted	175,023	171,050	3,973	64,654	58,630	6,024	239,677	229,680	9,997		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(363,483)	(417,783)	54,300	70,761	64,998	5,763	(292,722)	(352,785)	60,063		
Total net position	\$ 1,444,545	\$ 1,369,635	\$ 74,910	\$ 961,866	\$ 913,129	\$ 48,737	\$ 2,406,411	\$ 2,282,764	\$ 123,647		

Analysis of Net Position for Governmental Activities

The current and other assets total of \$1,001,604 in the current fiscal year is a decrease of \$67,871 (6.3%) over the prior year total of \$1,069,475. This decrease is primarily due to the decrease of \$141,870 in cash and cash equivalents, offset by an increase in due from other governments of \$34,978 and an increase in lease receivable of \$27,001. The decrease in cash & cash equivalents is primarily due to the County's lump sum contributions to greatly reduce the unfunded liability for the CORP and PSPRS retirement plans. In fiscal year 2020-2021, the County issued \$300,000 in PROs and due to budgetary constraints was only able to contribute \$30,000 of the PROs proceeds to the retirement plans. In fiscal year 2021-2022, the County contributed the remaining \$270,000 in proceeds to significantly reduce the unfunded liability of these two retirement plans. The increase in due from other governments is primarily from the County awaiting reimbursement for eligible expenditures associated with Federal grant programs. The increase in lease receivable is due to the implementation of GASB 87, *Leases*.

Total liabilities decreased \$120,584 (6.5%) to \$1,731,013 due to a \$248,011 decrease in long-term liabilities resulting from actuarial adjustments to the County's net pension/OPEB liabilities for \$200,916. The actuary reports for the State's Arizona State Retirement System (A S R S) and PSPRS plans in which the County participates are based on the plans' prior year financial activity, which experienced significant returns on their investments. The decrease in long-term liabilities was partially offset by a \$127,427 increase for current liabilities resulting primarily from increases in unearned revenues from unspent advance funded grant monies of \$98,538 and \$23,787 in payables associated with contractual work on the County's pavement preservation program.

The increase of \$181,296 (95.1%) in deferred outflows of resources and \$161,086 (899.0%) in deferred inflows of resources is due to the deferred outflows and inflows in pensions and OPEB. These variances are due to the changes of assumptions in actuarial estimates related to the net pension and OPEB liabilities and the prepayment of \$268,134.

These changes resulted in an overall increase of \$74,910 (5.5%) in the current year's governmental activities total net position to \$1,444,545.

Analysis of Net Position for Business-type Activities

Total assets of \$1,452,761 in the current fiscal year increased by \$16,940 (1.2%) from the prior year total of \$1,435,821, resulting from a \$9,029 (4.3%) increase in current and other assets and a \$7,911 (0.6%) increase in capital assets. The increase in current and other assets is primarily from a \$6,293 increase in total cash and cash equivalents, with an \$1,141 decrease in the RWR Fund and a \$7,434 increase in the other nonmajor enterprise funds. The decrease in capital assets is the result of increased construction-in-progress as new capital construction projects ramped up their activity in the current year.

Total liabilities decreased \$44,527 (8.3%) in the current year to \$494,684, primarily due to a decrease of \$35,361 in outstanding sewer revenue obligations in the RWR enterprise fund.

Total deferred outflows of resources in the current year totaled 14,735, a decrease of 2,725 (15.6%) due to a decrease of 198 in deferred outflows for pensions and OPEB and a 2,560 decrease in the deferred outflows for deferred charges on refunding that are the result of debt refundings completed in prior years. Total deferred inflows increased by 10,005 (1,063.2%) due to the changes of assumptions in actuarial estimates related to the net pension and OPEB liabilities.

The changes in total assets, liabilities, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources resulted in a total net position of \$961,866, an increase of \$48,737 (5.3%).

Governmental Activities

The following table shows details of the changes in net position for governmental activities:

Governmental Activities

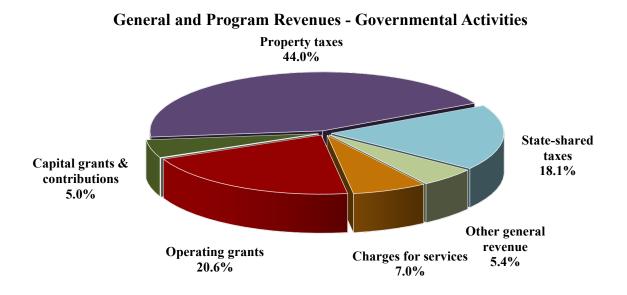
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

		-	, 					
						Variance		
]	FY 2022]	FY 2021	A	mount	Percent	
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	80,025	\$	82,231	\$	(2,206)	-2.7%	
Operating grants and contributions		234,010		237,401		(3,391)	-1.4%	
Capital grants and contributions		56,606		35,772		20,834	58.2%	
Total program revenues		370,641		355,404		15,237	4.3%	
General revenues:								
Property taxes		500,619		485,886		14,733	3.0%	
State-shared taxes		205,324		187,808		17,516	9.3%	
Investment earnings		(665)		3,812		(4,477)	-117.4%	
Other general revenues		60,995		51,380		9,615	18.7%	
Total general revenues		766,273		728,886		37,387	5.1%	
Total revenues		1,136,914		1,084,290		52,624	4.9%	
Expenses:								
General government		343,493		360,851		(17,358)	-4.8%	
Public safety		204,946		215,376		(10,430)	-4.8%	
Highways and streets		198,621		136,405		62,216	45.6%	
Sanitation		4,453		3,295		1,158	35.1%	
Health		60,822		79,676		(18,854)	-23.7%	
Welfare		100,505		103,038		(2,533)	-2.5%	
Culture and recreation		69,944		70,153		(209)	-0.3%	
Education and economic opportunity		65,797		49,623		16,174	32.6%	
Interest and amortization on long-term debt	_	14,876		13,991		885	6.3%	
Total expenses		1,063,457		1,032,408		31,049	3.0%	
Excess before transfers		73,457		51,882		21,575	41.6%	
Transfers in		1,453		9,438		(7,985)	-84.6%	
Change in net position		74,910		61,320		13,590	22.2%	
Beginning net position		1,369,635		1,308,315		61,320	4.7%	
Ending net position	\$	1,444,545	\$	1,369,635	\$	74,910	5.5%	

Revenues

Total revenues of \$1,136,914 increased \$52,624 (4.9%) from the prior year, primarily due to an increase of \$20,834 (58.2%) in program revenues from increased capital grants and contributions. This increase is attributed to the significant amount of reimbursements received from intergovernmental sources for the Transportation department's capital projects. Total general revenues increased \$37,387 (5.1%) because of an increase of \$17,516 (9.3%) in State-shared tax revenues and \$14,733 (3.0%) in property taxes revenues compared to the prior year. The State-shared tax revenue increase was due to an increase in consumer spending throughout the fiscal year, while the increase in property tax revenues was due to increased net assessed valuations of taxable property in the County.

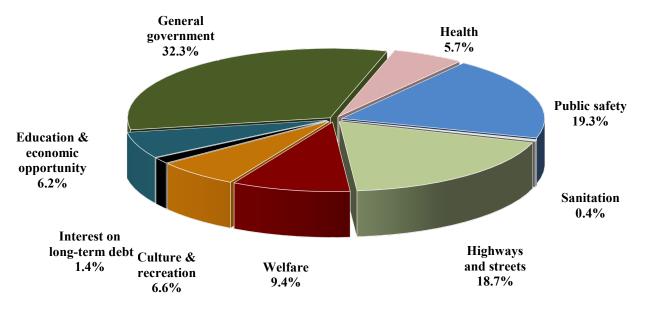
The chart below presents general and program revenues, as a percentage of total revenues. The amount provided from each revenue source for governmental activities, as a percentage to total revenue for governmental activities, has not changed significantly from the prior fiscal year. Property taxes, state-shared taxes, and operating grants account for approximately 82.7% of the County's revenues.



Expenses

Total expenses increased \$31,049 (3.0%) from the prior year, primarily due to an increase of \$62,216 (45.6%) in highways and streets expenses and \$16,174 (32.6%) in education and economic opportunity expenses. The increase in highways and streets was the result of additional expenses incurred for construction activities due to rapidly rising costs of various commodities. The increase in education and economic opportunity expenses is due to the expansion of the County's emergency rental assistance grant program.

The following chart presents expenses by function as a percentage of total expenses, excluding amortizations. The amount of each expense by function as a percentage to total expenses, excluding amortizations, has not changed significantly from the prior fiscal year. General government and public safety account for over half of the County's total expenses with a total of 51.6%.



Expenses by Function - Governmental Activities

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities, which are composed exclusively of enterprise funds, are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The following schedule shows changes in the net position for business-type activities.

Business-type Activities Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021												
Variance												
	F	Y 2022	F	Y 2021	A	mount	Percent					
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	198,063	\$	195,659	\$	2,404	1.2%					
Capital grants and contributions		14,661		13,743		918	6.7%					
Total program revenues		212,724		209,402		3,322	1.6%					
General revenues:												
Investment earnings		(530)		1,110		(1,640)	-147.7%					
Other general revenues		671		570		101	17.7%					
Total general revenues		141		1,680		(1,539)	-91.6%					
Total revenues		212,865		211,082		1,783	0.8%					
Expenses:												
Regional Wastewater Reclamation		153,613		153,265		348	0.2%					
Development Services		6,443		6,370		73	1.1%					
Parking Garages		2,619		2,481		138	5.6%					
Total expenses		162,675		162,116		559	0.3%					
Excess before transfers		50,190		48,966		1,224	2.5%					
Transfers out		(1,453)		(9,438)		7,985	-84.6%					
Change in net position		48,737		39,528		9,209	23.3%					
Beginning net position		913,129		873,601		39,528	4.5%					
Ending net position	\$	961,866	\$	913,129	\$	48,737	5.3%					

Revenues

Total program revenues for business-type activities increased by \$3,322 (1.6%) primarily due to increases of \$2,404 (1.2%) in charges for services and \$918 (6.7%) in capital grants and contributions. These increases are due to an increase in new sewer users as a result of new housing developments being completed compared to the prior year. Total general revenues decreased by \$1,539 primarily due to a decrease of \$1,640 (147.7%) in investment earnings due to investment yields dropping significantly for the State Treasurer's long-term investment pools resulting from historically low interest rates.

Expenses

Total expenses for the business-type activities remained relatively flat with an increase of \$559 (0.3%), primarily due to an increase of \$348 (0.2%) in the RWR Fund, along with smaller increases observed in the Development Services and Parking Garages funds. The net amount of transfers out decreased by \$7,985 (84.6%), primarily due to a decrease of transfers out of the RWR Fund and into the Debt Service Fund for payments on outstanding certificates of participation.

The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements and generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Governmental Funds

The County's general government functions are accounted for in the General, Capital Projects, Debt Service, Grants and Special Revenue funds. Included in these funds are special districts governed by the Board of Supervisors (i.e., Flood Control, Library, Stadium, Improvement, and Community Facilities Districts acting as the Board of Directors for each district. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County.

Property tax revenues for the General Fund increased \$12,199 (3.3%), reflecting the net impact of higher property valuations for taxable properties in the County. Intergovernmental revenues increased \$16,985 (8.3%), primarily due to increases in the State-shared sales tax. Charges for services decreased \$885 (2.0%), mostly from a decline for correctional housing bookings within the Sheriff's Office. Overall, revenues for the General Fund increased by \$33,455 (5.3%) and totaled \$666,391 for the current year.

General Fund expenditures totaled \$814,390, an increase of \$241,104 (42.1%) from the prior year. The significant change for the fiscal year was from an increase of \$223,246 in public safety expenditures primarily due to the additional contributions of \$203,822 to the PSPRS and \$64,312 to the CORP in effort to significantly reduce the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. These contributions were made using the remaining proceeds from the PROs issued in the prior year.

Transfers out totaled \$90,606, an increase of \$52,361 (136.9%) compared to the prior year. This increase was primarily due to a \$15,000 transfer out to the Capital Projects Fund to fund the Pay-As-You-Go (PAYGO) program that funds capital improvement projects using the property tax levy or other real-time funding sources. Other increases in transfers out include \$10,000 to the Transportation Fund for COPs 2020C Series debt service, \$8,000 to the Debt Service Fund for the prior year Pledged Revenue Obligations debt service, and \$4,000 to the Debt Service Fund for the COPs 2020AB Series debt service.

The \$33,455 increase in revenues, the \$241,104 increase in expenditures, and a total net decrease of (\$352,250) in other financing uses yielded a net change in fund balance of (\$231,643), which ended the year at \$202,209.

Budget and Actual Comparison for the General Fund

Overall, actual revenues were higher than budgeted revenues by \$48,739, primarily due to the higher than budgeted Intergovernmental revenue mentioned above, and actual expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures by \$130,120. Actual expenditures for the General Fund were less than budgeted, primarily because the County did not need to spend \$54,140 of the amount budgeted for contingencies within General government – County Administration.

No variances between the budget and actual amounts at the departmental level were significant enough to affect the County's ability to provide future services.

Capital Projects Fund

The County's Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted or assigned for capital outlays to acquire or construct capital assets.

Total revenues of \$44,581 for the Capital Projects Fund represent an increase of \$22,292 (100%) from the prior year, primarily due to increased funding received from the Regional Transportation Authority and the State of Arizona for improvements to Sunset Road from I-10 to River Road and from the City of Tucson for the South Houghton Road widening project. These increases were partially offset by a large decrease from other local governments, primarily the University of Arizona, for the Historic Courthouse improvements as that project has now been completed.

Total capital outlay expenditures of \$108,296 in the current year is an increase of \$14,293 (15.2%) from the prior year, due mostly to the expenditures for the Sunset Road improvements and the South Houghton Road widening projects.

The Capital Projects Fund's other financing sources of \$50,000 represents the issuance of Certificates of Participation (COPs), Series 2021 to fund the County's local pavement repair and rehabilitation program.

Transfers out totaled \$54,739, a decrease of \$27,062 from the prior year, mainly due to decreases in transfers out to the Transportation Fund for the PAYGO local pavement repair and rehabilitation and to the Debt Service Fund for payments on oustanding COPs.

Transfers in totaled \$72,963, an increase of \$39,619 (118.8%) compared to the prior year's total of \$33,344. The increase is primarily due to transfers in from Other Special Revenue for the Downtown Buildings projects and the Flood Control Fund for infrastructure projects.

The above detailed financial activities yielded an increase of \$4,509 in the Capital Projects Fund's net change in fund balance, which ended the year at \$93,124.

Debt Service Fund

This major fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal and interest of long-term debt.

Revenues for the Debt Service Fund decreased by \$4,720 (9.8%), as a result of the decrease in the tax levy driven by the Board of Supervisors policy for the PAYGO program.

Expenditures for the Debt Service Fund decreased \$13,258 (10.9%) primarily due to a decrease in principal and interest payments for COPS Series 2020A. As a result, current year principal payments toward outstanding liabilities for COPS decreased by \$12,930 compared to the prior year.

The \$4,720 decrease in revenues, the \$13,258 decrease in expenditures, and \$10,789 decrease in other financing sources yielded an overall decrease in fund balance of \$2,928, which ended the year at \$1,538.

Grants Fund

This major fund accounts for Federal and State grants received by the County not required to be accounted for in a separate fund. Each grant has a specific project objective, and the grant funds must be used for a stated purpose. Revenues and other financing sources are primarily from intergovernmental revenues and transfers in.

Total revenues of \$141,866 for the Grants Fund represent an increase of \$9,796 (7.4%) from the prior year, primarily due to an increase in Federal revenues from the United Way Worldwide, which consists of a significant amount to Pima County Non-Congregate Shelters within ARPA Casa Alitas.

Grant fund expenditures totaled \$129,167, a decrease of \$23,070 (15.2%) from the prior year, primarily due to decreases of \$22,829 in general government and \$14,026 in health, primarily due to decreased expenditures resulting from the County's response to COVID-19.

Transfers in totaled \$2,791, a decrease of \$2,454 (46.8%) over the prior year, primarily due to decreases within the General Fund for Housing First programs.

Transfers out totaled \$12,735, an increase of \$2,254 (21.5%) over the prior year, primarily due to the increases within the General Fund for public health COVID 19 Vaccination Capacity programs.

The \$9,796 increase in revenues, the \$23,070 decrease in expenditures, and a total net decrease of \$4,708 in other financing uses yielded a \$2,755 net change in fund balance, which ended the year at a deficit of \$24,814.

Major Proprietary Fund

The County's Regional Wastewater Reclamation Enterprise (RWR) Fund is a major enterprise fund.

Significant changes in the Fund's net position during the fiscal year include an increase in charges for services, primarily from \$3,865 more in sewer utility services fees as the numbers of users increased; and an increase in other revenues from the sale of byproducts totaling \$1,402. Other revenue increased by \$118 (22.4%) mainly from the Twin Peaks facilities agreement.

Aside from the increases mentioned above, the activity of the RWR Fund remained relatively stable as total operating revenues and operating expenses only increased slightly. The change in net position of \$42,092 was an increase of \$6,862 (19.5%) over the prior year, which resulted in a net position of \$928,201 at the fiscal year-end.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets consists of land, buildings and improvements, sewage conveyance systems, infrastructure, equipment, and construction in progress.

Capital assets for the governmental and business-type activities are presented below to illustrate changes from the prior year:

Governmental and Business-type Activities Capital Assets As of June 30, 2022 and 2021																	
Governmental Activities Business-type Activities Total																	
	F	FY 2022	I	FY 2021	V	ariance	F	Y 2022	F	Y 2021	Variance	F	Y 2022	F	FY 2021	Va	riance
Land	\$	583,573	\$	569,021	\$	14,552	\$	16,471	\$	16,471		\$	600,044	\$	585,492	\$	14,552
Construction in progress		87,833		61,106		26,727		70,286		41,661	\$ 28,625		158,119		102,767		55,352
Buildings and improvements		610,940		617,475		(6,535)		458,714		481,025	(22,311)		1,069,654		1,098,500	((28,846)
Infrastructure		596,859		626,728		(29,869)							596,859		626,728	((29,869)
Sewage conveyance systems								606,078		592,040	14,038		606,078		592,040		14,038
Equipment		87,373		91,335		(3,962)		74,160		84,998	(10,838)		161,533		176,333	((14,800)
Intangibles		14,437		13,363		1,074		8,168		9,771	(1,603)		22,605		23,134		(529)
Total	\$ 1	,981,015	\$1	1,979,028	\$	1,987	\$1	,233,877	\$1	,225,966	\$ 7,911	\$3	,214,892	\$3	3,204,994	\$	9,898

The County's capital assets total is \$3,214,892 in the current year, an increase of approximately 0.3% or \$9,898 from the prior year's total of \$3,204,994. Significant changes in capital assets of Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities are discussed in further detail in the following sections.

Governmental Activities

The current year's total capital assets of \$1,981,015 is a net increase of \$1,987 (0.1%) from the prior year. The \$14,552 increase in land and \$26,727 increase in construction in progress are the result of the following significant projects completed and capitalized in the current fiscal year:

- The Downtown Links project for reinforced culverts donation for \$6,000
- Flood Control District acquiring flood prone lands for \$1,951
- Teatro Carmen and adjacent Elk's Lodge, and the Southwest Library \$1,748
- The remaining amounts represent land donations for developer contributions for the Department of Transportation

There was also an increase for Construction in Progress for \$26,727 due to activity related to the following Transportation projects:

- The South Houghton Road widening project increased by \$19,763
- Kolb Road between Sabino Road to Sunrise Drive project increased by \$8,681
- Houghton Road between Golf Links Road and I-10 project increased by \$6,241

Business-type Activities

Capital assets of business-type activities increased by 7,911 (0.6%), due to increases of \$28,625 in construction in progress and \$14,038 in sewage conveyance systems. These increases were offset by decreases in buildings and improvements of \$22,311 and in equipment of \$12,441. The increase in construction in progress was due to additional conveyance systems projects being started but not completed in the current fiscal year. The decrease in buildings and improvements was the result of annual depreciation on existing assets. These increases and decreases were almost entirely from activity within the RWR fund.

Additional information regarding capital assets activity can be found in Note 5 of the financial statements, Capital Assets, on pages **60-62**.

Long-term Debt

Significant, comparative long-term debt entered into during the last two fiscal years is presented below:

Long-Term Debt Issued Within Fiscal Year For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021									
FY 2022 FY 2021									
Pledged Revenue Obligations			\$	300,000					
Certificates of Participation (COPs)	\$	50,000		66,110					
Sewer System Revenue Obligations		45,000		45,715					
Transportation Revenue Bonds				21,000					
General Obligation Bonds 13									
Total	\$	95,000	\$	432,963					

During the year, the County issued COPs Series 2021 in the amount of \$50,000 to fund the County's local pavement repair and rehabilitation program.

The County also issued Sewer Revenue Obligations Series 2021 in the amount of \$45,000 to provide funding for the acquisition, construction and improvement of the County's sewer treatment facilities and conveyance systems.

The most recent ratings for Pima County's bonds, COPs, and obligations are:

Credit Ratings										
Standard & Poor's Fitch Ratings										
	Rating	Date	Rating	Date						
Cartificates of Dentising (CODs)		Santanih an 2022	A A	Santanah an 2022						
Certificates of Participation (COPs)	AA-	September-2022	AA	September-2022						
General Obligation Bonds	AA	September-2022	AAA	September-2022						
Pledged Revenue Obligations	AA+	September-2022	AA+	September-2022						
Transportation Revenue Bonds	AA	September-2022	AA	September-2022						
Sewer System Revenue Obligations	AA	September-2022	AA	September-2022						

Pima County's efforts in maintaining a strong budget reserve over the past several years has contributed, in part, to the County earning a General Obligation Bond Rating of AAA from Fitch Ratings, a national bond ratings company that rates Pima County debt issuances. The AA ratings for the Certificates of Participation (COPs), Transportation Revenue bonds, and Sewer Revenue obligations also reflect the County's ability to maintain a sound financial profile.

The State of Arizona Constitution limits the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 6.0% of its net assessed valuation without voter approval. However, Pima County has voter approval for general obligation debt up to 15.0%. The County's outstanding general obligation bonds amount of \$93,746 at the end of the current fiscal year is significantly below the current debt limitation of \$1,625,451.

Additional information regarding the County's debt can be found in Note 7 of the financial statements, Long-term Liabilities, on pages **65-73**.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The current fiscal year 2022-23 budget is based largely on the County's response to a set of unique challenges from a variety of outside sources. Primary among these is the decision by the Arizona Legislature to balance the State Budget by continuing to transfer \$106.4 million of fiscal year 2022-23 state costs to Pima County. These additional costs imposed by the state continue to cause significant uncertainties in the development of the County budget and impact all of Pima County's existing service priorities and programs, including law enforcement, healthcare and economic development. Recognizing this, the budget that was adopted by the Board of Supervisors for fiscal year 2022-23 is primarily a "maintenance of effort" budget, which will sustain the County's existing service priorities. The following discussion identifies other significant activities that are expected to impact the County in fiscal year 2022-23.

State Budget Cost Shifts

In attempts to balance the State Budget, the Governor and Legislature continue to transfer significant amounts of state costs to the 15 counties throughout the state. The total of these cost transfers to Pima County is \$106.4 million for fiscal year 2022-23, or nearly 27.1% of Pima County's primary property tax levy.

Property Taxes

The fiscal year 2022-23 Adopted Budget includes no change in the County's regular primary property tax rate for General Government Revenues, a \$0.1300 decrease in the County Debt Service secondary property tax rate, a \$0.0100 decrease in the Regional Flood Control District secondary property tax rate and a \$0.0100 increase in the County Library District secondary property tax rate from the fiscal year 2021-22 rates. The total property tax rate for Pima County (excluding the State mandated Fire District Assistance Tax) decreased from \$5.1952 to \$5.0652 per \$100 of net taxable value, a net decrease of \$0.1300.

State Shared Revenues

State shared sales tax revenue is projected to increase by \$22.0 million in fiscal year 2022-23 as taxable sales continue at a robust pace despite higher inflation. A very strong job market has allowed consumers to maintain the high level of spending that started during the COVID-19 pandemic.

Employee Benefits Costs

Over the years, Pima County has continued to change and upgrade its benefits package for employees. Over time, the cost to provide these benefits has steadily increased. As a comparison, the actual cost to the County for employee benefits in fiscal year 2003-04 totaled \$65 million whereas the budgeted benefit costs in fiscal year 2022-23 totals over \$159.8 million; resulting in an increase that is more than double the fiscal year 2003-04 amount. The most significant increases were in the County's health insurance premiums and the ASRS.

Employee Medical Insurance Benefits Costs

Prior to fiscal year 2013-14, Pima County purchased medical insurance for its employees from an independent provider. Over the five years prior to fiscal year 2013-14, the County's employee medical insurance premiums increased by an average of 15 to 20 percent yearly. In order to control the rate of increase of employee medical insurance costs, the County moved to a self-insured medical plan run by a third-party administrator starting in fiscal year 2013-14. Under this new model, year-to-year medical insurance costs have increased in the range of 5 to 7 percent annually. For fiscal year 2022-23 both employer and employee medical premium costs will increase 11.48% from fiscal year 2021-22 rates. It is anticipated that the rate of medical cost increases will continue the trend of being better controlled in future fiscal years.

Rainy Day Funds

Maintaining a budget reserve has given the County a favorable bond rating, which in turn has yielded substantial savings from lower interest payments on County debt. The reserve has also enabled the County to minimize the negative fiscal impacts of a variety of unforeseen events over which the County has had little or no control. The General Fund Reserve for fiscal year 2022-23 totals \$41.3 million. This reserve represents 6.2% of projected revenues for fiscal year 2022-23. The reserve is in the middle of the range of reserves recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association. If this reserve is not spent, it will represent the base ending fund balance for fiscal year 2022-23.

COVID-19

Our County budget realized significant fluctuations in fiscal year 2020-2021 and fiscal year 2021-2022 due to the COVID-19 Pandemic. This is partly due to the County's commitment as a regional public health and human services agency. Our budgeted expenditures for COVID-19 will continue in the fiscal year 2022-2023 budget, ensuring we respond to the County's critical need to make widely available the services required as we continue through and transition out of the Pandemic. The American Rescue Plan Act supports much of the funding for these expenditures. Because these are one-time funding sources, we expect future budgets to normalize as this funding is expended and we return to a new normal. The fiscal year 2022-2023 budget continues allocating funds to critical areas related to the Pandemic, including testing, contact tracing, vaccination, rental and housing assistance, and other actions as a regional public health and human services provider.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances. Any questions concerning the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Department of Finance and Risk Management, 33 N. Stone, 6th Floor, Tucson, AZ, 85701.



For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 • Pima County, Arizona



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	F	rimary Governme	ent	
	Governmental	Business-type		Component Unit
	Activities	Activities	Total	SW Fair Commission
Assets	\$ 795,817	¢ 06147	¢ 901.064	¢ 5.479
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 96,147		\$ 5,478
Property taxes receivable (net) Interest receivable	15,826 214	47	15,826 261	
Interest receivable	66	(66)		
	114,649	(00)		
Due from other governments	,		114,652	6
Accounts receivable (net) Leases receivable	6,248 27,001	21,043	27,291 27,001	6
Inventories	2,421	3,186	5,607	76
	11,497	587		12
Prepaids Restricted assets:	11,497	587	12,084	12
Cash and cash equivalents	45	96,884	96,929	
Loans receivable	9,421	<i>90,004</i>	9,421	
Net other postemployment benefits asset	18,399	1,053	19,452	
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized:	10,577	1,000	19,452	
Land	583,573	16,471	600,044	
Construction in progress	87,833	70,286	158,119	
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized (net):	07,055	70,200	150,117	
Buildings and improvements	610,940	458,714	1,069,654	4,360
Sewage conveyance system	010,940	606,078	606,078	4,500
Equipment	87,373	74,160	161,533	279
Infrastructure	596,859	/4,100	596,859	21)
Intagibles	14,437	8,168	22,605	
Total assets	2,982,619	1,452,761	4,435,380	10,211
	2,982,019	1,432,701	ч,чээ,зоо	10,211
Deferred outflows of resources				
Pension and other postemployment benefits	370,780	7,300	378,080	
Deferred charge on debt refunding	1,163	3,127	4,290	
Asset retirement obligations		4,308	4,308	
Total deferred outflows of resources	371,943	14,735	386,678	
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	108,264	17,688	125,952	469
Interest payable	1		1	
Contract retentions	6,725		6,725	
Employee compensation	17,534	1,191	18,725	
Due to other governments	139	5	144	
Deposits and rebates	624	725	1,349	46
Unearned revenue	212,498	445	212,943	72
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year	122,773	76,751	199,524	6
Due in more than one year	1,262,455	397,879	1,660,334	161
Total liabilities	1,731,013	494,684	2,225,697	754
Deferred inflows of resources Pension and other postemployment benefits	152 210	10.046	164 256	
	153,310	10,946	164,256	
Leases Total deferred inflows of resources	25,694	10.046	25,694 189,950	<u> </u>
1 otal deferred inflows of resources	1/9,004	10,946	189,950	
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	1,633,005	826,451	2,459,456	4,472
Restricted for:				
Facilities, justice, library, community development, and tax stabilization	119,378		119,378	
Highways and streets	13,727		13,727	
Debt service	- , ,	32,398	32,398	
Capital projects	28,642	10,528	39,170	
Regional wastewater	,- 12	21,728	21,728	
Healthcare	13,276	,	13,276	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(363,483)	70,761	(292,722)	4,985
Total net position	\$ 1,444,545	\$ 961,866	\$ 2,406,411	\$ 9,457
			, ,	

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

						rogram Revenue	s	
Functions/Programs]	Expenses	(Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary government:		1						
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	343,493	\$	32,414	\$	75,524	\$	5,015
Public safety		204,946		14,171		6,534		6,735
Highways and streets		198,621		13,006		74,699		43,955
Sanitation		4,453				1,439		
Health		60,822		16,097		27,039		116
Welfare		100,505		51		316		
Culture and recreation		69,944		3,721		882		739
Education and economic opportunity		65,797		565		47,577		46
Interest and amortization on long-term debt		14,876				,		
Total governmental activities		1,063,457		80,025		234,010		56,606
Duoiness tras activities								
Business-type activities: Regional Wastewater Reclamation		153,613		181,732				14,661
e		· · · · ·		,				14,001
Development Services		6,443 2,619		14,010 2,321				
Parking Garages				198.063				14,661
Total business-type activities	¢	162,675 1,226,132	\$)	¢	234,010	\$	71,267
Total primary government	\$	1,220,132	э	278,088	\$	254,010	\$	/1,207
Component unit:								
Southwestern Fair Commission		7,588		9.015		1,874		
Total component unit	\$	7,588	\$	9,015	\$	1,874	•	
-							•	
General revenues:								
Property taxes, levied for general purposes								
Property taxes, levied for regional flood control distri	ict							
Property taxes, levied for library district								
Property taxes, levied for debt service								
Property taxes, levied for improvement and other dist	tricts							
Hotel/motel taxes, levied for sports facility and touris	m							
Other taxes, levied for stadium district								
Unrestricted share of state sales tax								
Unrestricted share of state vehicle license tax								
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific pro	ogram	s						
Interest and penalties on delinquent taxes	U							
Investment earnings								
Miscellaneous								
Transfers								
Total general revenues and transfers								
Change in net position								
Chunge in net position								

Net position at beginning of year

Net position at end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and
Changes in Net Position

	Р	rimary G	overnme	nt		
Go	vernmental	Busine		ιιι		Component Unit
			vities		Total	SW Fair Commission
\$	(230,540)			\$	(230,540)	
	(177,506)				(177,506)	
	(66,961)				(66,961)	
	(3,014)				(3,014)	
	(17,570)				(17,570)	
	(100,138)				(100,138)	
	(64,602)				(64,602)	
	(17,609)				(17,609)	
	(14,876)				(14,876)	
	(692,816)				(692,816)	
		\$	42,780		42,780	
			7,567		7,567	
			(298)		(298)	
			50,049		50,049	
	(692,816)		50,049		(642,767)	
	())		/		(-))	
						\$ 3,301
						\$ 3,301
	375,519				375,519	
	29,426				29,426	
	51,862				51,862	
	43,511				43,511	
	301				301	
	8,876				8,876	
	1,162				1,162	
	171,839				171,839	
	33,485				33,485	
	7,289				7,289	
	5,247				5,247	
	(665)		(530)		(1,195)	15
	38,421		671		39,092	148
	1,453		(1,453)			
	767,726		(1,312)		766,414	163
	74,910		48,737		123,647	3,464
	1,369,635		913,129		2,282,764	5,993
\$	1,444,545	\$	961,866	\$	2,406,411	\$ 9,457

Functions/Programs
Primary government:
Governmental activities:
General government
Public safety
Highways and streets
Sanitation
Health
Welfare
Culture and recreation
Education and economic opportunity
Amortization - unallocated
Total governmental activities
Ū
Business-type activities:
Regional Wastewater Reclamation
Development Services
Parking Garages
Total business-type activities
Total primary government
Component unit:
Southwestern Fair Commission
Total component unit
General revenues:
Property taxes, levied for general purposes
Property taxes, levied for regional flood control district
Property taxes, levied for library district
Property taxes, levied for debt service
Property taxes, levied for improvement & other districts
Hotel/motel taxes, levied for sports facility and tourism
Other taxes, levied for stadium district
Unrestricted share of state sales tax
Unrestricted share of state vehicle license tax
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs
Interest and penalties on delinquent taxes Investment earnings
Miscellaneous
Transfers
Total general revenues and transfers
i otai general revenues and transfers

Total general revenues and transfers Change in net position Net position at beginning of year Net position at end of year

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	General	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Grants	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Property taxes receivable (net) Interest receivable Due from other funds Due from other governments Accounts receivable Interfund receivable Leases receivable Inventory Prepaid expenditures Loan receivable Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 210,728 11,824 72 2,836 31,939 3,713 700 15,706 2,292 8,018	\$ 101,460 16 2,332 8,066 41	\$ 1,346 1,431 19 11	\$ 171,461 42 189 65,272 524 243	\$ 168,638 2,571 53 2,843 9,348 1,772 11,295 1,453 1,164 1,403 45	\$ 653,633 15,826 202 8,200 114,636 6,050 700 27,001 1,453 3,699 9,421 45
Total assets	\$ 287,828	\$ 111,915	\$ 2,807	\$ 237,731	\$ 200,585	\$ 840,866
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances						
Liabilities Accounts payable Interest payable Contract retentions Employee compensation Due to other funds Due to other governments Deposits and rebates Interfund payable Uncarned revenue	\$ 22,478 13,447 1,740 3 620 287	\$ 14,190 2,750 1,029 3	\$4	\$ 17,407 797 3,524 3 210,423	\$ 48,131 1 3,860 2,897 1,820 130 4 700 1,616	\$ 102,210 1 6,610 17,141 8,113 139 624 700 212,326
Total liabilities	38,575	17,972	4	232,154	59,159	347,864
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - other Deferred inflows related to leases Total deferred inflows of resources	12,523 10,392 9,222 14,907 47,044	819	1,265	30,053 338 <u>30,391</u>	3,250 2,254 378 10,787 16,669	46,645 13,911 9,938 25,694 96,188
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	85,619	18,791	1,269	262,545	75,828	444,052
Fund balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	2,292 25,000 160 174,757	49,051 44,073	1,538	(25,057)	2,662 98,730 17,826 11,758 (6,219)	5,197 147,781 42,826 57,529 143,481
Total fund balances	202,209	93,124	1,538	(24,814)	124,757	396,814
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 287,828	\$ 111,915	\$ 2,807	\$ 237,731	\$ 200,585	\$ 840,866

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	396,814
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Governmental capital assets \$ 3,393,0	61	
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization (1,469,4	46)	1,923,615
Some liabilities, such as pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liabilities and bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Bonds payable (169,69	92)	
Certificates of participation payable (196,3)	38)	
Financed purchases (3)	84)	
Leases payable (2,7)	57)	
Pledged revenue obligations (296,0)	00)	
Pollution remediation (F	86)	
Landfill closure liability (10,3'	75)	
Net pension/OPEB liability (618,62)	83)	
Compensated absences liability (42,30	09)	(1,336,624)
Net OPEB assets held in trust for future benefits are not available resources for county operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Net OPEB asset		18,038
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB and deferred charges on debt refunding are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB 368,2'	78	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB (149,5)		
Deferred outflows for bond refunding 1,10	· ·	219,882
Some receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds.		
Intergovernmental 46,64	45	
Property taxes 13,9	11	
Other 9,92	38	70,494
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		
	_	152,326
Net position of governmental activities	\$	1,444,545

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

_	General	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Grants	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$ 378,098		\$ 43,354		\$ 80,918	\$ 502,370
Licenses and permits	3,911				6,030	9,941
Intergovernmental	221,644	\$ 27,881	15	\$ 128,248	103,784	481,572
Charges for services	43,226	12,142			20,864	76,232
Fines and forfeits	2,572				4,963	7,535
Investment earnings	842	(381)	130	408	623	1,622
Miscellaneous	16,098	4,939		13,210	10,517	44,764
Total revenues	666,391	44,581	43,499	141,866	227,699	1,124,036
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	252,757			53,237	31,576	337,570
Public safety	409,505			4,966	20,867	435,338
Highways and streets					130,298	130,298
Sanitation	1.274				1.140	2,414
Health	16,022			24,727	22,445	63,194
Welfare	100,188			362	,	100,550
Culture and recreation	19,102			237	52,908	72,247
Education and economic opportunity	14,919			45,638	5,997	66,554
Capital outlay	11,919	108,296		15,050	5,557	108,296
Debt Service - principal	544	100,270	89,575		335	90,454
- interest	79		18,628		60	18,767
- miscellaneous	/9		247		00	
- miscenaneous			247			247
Total expenditures	814,390	108,296	108,450	129,167	265,626	1,425,929
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	(147,999)	(63,715)	(64,951)	12,699	(37,927)	(301,893)
Other financing sources (uses): Face amount of long-term debt issued		50,000				50,000
Lease agreements	2,331				1,120	3,451
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	1				469	470
Transfers in	4,630	72,963	62,023	2,791	84,880	227,287
Transfers (out)	(90,606)	(54,739)	·	(12,735)	(68,595)	(226,675)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(83,644)	68,224	62,023	(9,944)	17,874	54,533
Net change in fund balances	(231,643)	4,509	(2,928)	2,755	(20,053)	(247,360)
Fund balances at beginning of year	433,852	88,615	4,466	(27,569)	144,812	644,176
Changes in nonspendable resources: Change in prepaids Fund balances at end of year	\$ 202,209	\$ 93,124	\$ 1,538	\$ (24,814)	(2)	(2) \$ 396,814

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

Exhibit A - 6

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(247,360)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense.			
Expenditures for capital assets	\$ 74,688		
Less current year depreciation/amortization	 (85,280)		(10,592)
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of the principal of debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.			
Face amount of long-term debt issued	(50,000)		
Lease agreements	(3,451)		
Debt service - principal payments	90,454		
Amortization of premiums/discounts	5,254		
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	 (1,116)		41,141
Some revenues reported in the Statement of Activities do not represent the collection of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds. Also, the collection of some revenues in the governmental funds exceeded revenues reported in the Statement of Activities.			
Donations of capital assets	19,069		
Intergovernmental	2,304		
Property tax revenues	3,496		
Other	 1,127		25,996
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.			
Change in compensated absences	5,429		
Change in landfill liability	(225)		
Change in pollution remediation liability	26		
Net book value of capital asset disposals	(3,409)		
Other change in reserve for prepaids, School Reserve	 (2)		1,819
County pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the County's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB is reported in the Statement of Activities.			
Pension/OPEB contributions	309,092		
Pension/OPEB expense	(48,928)		260,164
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The incorporation of the external activities of these funds, and the elimination of profit/loss generated by primary government customers results in net revenue (expense) for governmental activities.	 <u> </u>		
			3,742
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	74,910
		-	·). •

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	P			
	B			
	Regional Wastewater Reclamation	Enterprise Funds Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
Assets				
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 72,907	\$ 23,240	\$ 96,147	\$ 142,184
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	50,227		50,227	
Interest receivable	41	6	47	12
Due from other funds	7	2	7	12
Due from other governments Accounts receivable	1 20,942	2 101	3 21,043	13 198
Inventory	3,186	101	3,186	968
Prepaid expense	549	38	587	7,798
Total current assets	147,860	23,387	171,247	151,173
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	46,657	1.40	46,657	241
Net other postemployment benefits asset Capital assets:	904	149	1,053	361
Land	14,703	1,768	16,471	459
Buildings and improvements	755,422	27,608	783,030	23,330
Sewage conveyance system	1,007,847	.,	1,007,847	- ,
Equipment	180,150	2,199	182,349	82,068
Intangibles	19,072		19,072	982
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization	(830,098)	(15,080)	(845,178)	(52,538)
Construction in progress	70,286	16 405	70,286	3,099
Total capital assets (net) Total noncurrent assets	1,217,382 1,264,943	16,495	1,233,877 1,281,587	57,400
Total holicultent assets	1,204,745	10,044	1,201,507	57,701
Total assets	1,412,803	40,031	1,452,834	208,934
Deferred outflows of resources				
Pension/OPEB	6,268	1,032	7,300	2,502
Deferred charge on refunding	3,127 4,308		3,127 4,308	
Asset retirement obligations Total deferred outflows of resources	4,508	1,032	4,308	2,502
Total defended outflows of resources	15,705	1,052	14,755	2,302
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	17,373	315	17,688	6,054
Contracts retention	1,021	170	1,191	115 393
Employee compensation Due to other funds	73	170	73	21
Due to other governments	5		5	21
Deposits and rebates		725	725	
Unearned revenue	442	3	445	172
Compensated absences payable	1,834	305	2,139	702
Sewer revenue obligations payable	74,612		74,612	4.500
Reported but unpaid losses Incurred but not reported losses				4,598
Total current liabilities	95,360	1,518	96.878	7,587
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			19,012
Noncurrent liabilities:	1 2 10	~ ~ ~		2.15
Compensated absences payable	1,340 2,883	341	1,681 2,883	242
Contracts and notes payable Sewer revenue obligations payable	358,698		358,698	
Reported but unpaid losses	556,076		550,070	14,394
Incurred but not reported losses				11,396
Net pension/OPEB liability	24,271	3,993	28,264	9,685
Asset retirement obligations	6,353		6,353	
Total noncurrent liabilities	393,545	4,334	397,879	35,717
Total liabilities	488,905	5,852	494,757	55,359
Deferred inflows of resources				
Pension/OPEB	9,400	1,546	10,946	3,751
Total deferred inflows of resources	9,400	1,546	10,946	3,751
Not position				
Net position Net investment in capital assets	809,956	16,495	826,451	57,400
Restricted for:	007,750	10,473	020,401	57,400
Debt service	32,398		32,398	
Capital projects	10,528		10,528	
Healthcare				13,033
Regional wastewater reclamation	21,728	/	21,728	~~ ~~ ~
Unrestricted	53,591	17,170	70,761	81,893
Total net position	\$ 928,201	\$ 33,665	\$ 961,866	\$ 152,326

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

		Business-type Activit	ies		
		Enterprise Funds			
	Regional Wastewater Reclamation	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds	
Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$ 164,808	\$ 16,331	\$ 181,139	\$ 138,000	
Other	2,047	\$ 10,331 27	2,074	5,948	
Total operating revenues	166,855	16,358	183,213	143,948	
Operating expenses:					
Employee compensation	27,384	4,731	32,115	10,997	
Operating supplies and services	8,683	97	8,780	11,382	
Utilities	7,689		7,689	,	
Sludge and refuse disposal	2,093		2,093		
Repair and maintenance	8,123	162	8,285	5,074	
Incurred losses	•,		-,	74,148	
Insurance premiums				12,425	
General and administrative	14,979	2,888	17,867	5,826	
Consultants and professional services	14,046	376	14,422	9,176	
Depreciation/amortization	57,897	808	58,705	9,542	
Total operating expenses	140,894	9,062	149,956	138,570	
Operating income	25,961	7,296	33,257	5,378	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Intergovernmental revenue	88		88		
Investment earnings	(513)	(17)	(530)	(2,287)	
Sewer connection fees	15,521		15,521	())	
Interest expense	(11,676)		(11,676)		
Debt issuance cost	(240)		(240)		
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(790)		(790)	(200)	
Loss on debt defeasance	(13)		(13)		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	2,377	(17)	2,360	(2,487)	
Income before contributions and transfers	28,338	7,279	35,617	2,891	
Capital contributions	14,573		14,573	10	
Transfers in	11,575		11,575	1,360	
Transfers (out)	(819)	(634)	(1,453)	(519)	
Change in net position	42,092	6,645	48,737	3,742	
Net position at beginning of year	886,109	27,020	913,129	148,584	
Net position at end of year	\$ 928,201	\$ 33,665	\$ 961,866	\$ 152,326	

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

Regional Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from other funds for goods and services provided Cash received from uscentrous operations Cash received from uscentrous operations Cash received from uscentrous operations Cash received from uscentrous operations Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services (39,720)I 64,286 (1,934)S166,614 (8S108,090 (6,44)Cash provided Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services (23,920)(1,934)(41,654)(6,082) (17,242)(4,383) (17,242)Cash payments to other funds for goods and services Cash payments to inproves for services(29,594)(4,968)(34,562)(12,223)Net cash provided by operating activities80,0118,07588,08615,760Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Cash rankers out to other funds(819)(634)(1,453)(519)Leans with other funds(66)(1387)2,3801,739Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities: Intergovernmental revenues (20,790)888888Principal paid on sever revenue obligations and loans (68,700)(634)(1,387)2,380Cash flows from insusance of sever revenue obligations, including premium sever revenue obligations, and loans (60,740)(60,747)(6,718)Proceeds from issuance of sever revenue obligations, and loans (61,976)(16)(18)(23,720)Proceeds from issuance of sever revenue obligations, including premium (50,758)(11)(79,872)(6,536)Proc		Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds					Governmental		
Cash received from other funds for goods and services provided Cash received from usioners for goods and services providedS 164286 644 S $16,614$ 644 S $180,900$ 		Wastewater		Wastewater Enterprise		Enterprise		Internal Service	
Cash received from uscellareous operations\$ 164,286\$ 16,614\$ 180,900Cash received from miscellaneous operations 644 644 $6,082$ Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services $(9,720)$ $(1,934)$ $(41,654)$ $(37,769)$ Cash payments to other funds for goods and services $(9,720)$ $(1,934)$ $(41,654)$ $(37,769)$ Cash payments to inter funds for goods and services $(29,594)$ $(4,968)$ $(34,562)$ $(12,223)$ Net cash provided by operating activities $(29,594)$ $(4,968)$ $(34,562)$ $(12,223)$ Net cash provided by operating activities: $(29,594)$ (634) $(1,453)$ (519) Cash any from noncapital financing activities: (66) (753) (634) $(1,37)$ $2,580$ Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: (819) (634) $(1,37)$ $2,580$ Cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities: $(86,700)$ (63700) $(20,790)$ Intergovernmental revenues 88 88 Principal paid on sever revenue obligations and loans $(20,790)$ $(20,790)$ Proceeds from sale of agnital assets 16 16 182 Purchase and construction of capital assets (516) (18) (534) $(2,292)$ Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities (516) (18) (534) $(2,292)$ Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities $(65,758)$ 11 $(79,872)$ $(6,536)$ </th <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>									
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Net cash provided by operating activities $80,011$ $8,075$ $88,086$ $15,760$ Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Cash transfers in from other funds $1,360$ $1,360$ Cash ransfers out to other funds (819) (634) $(1,453)$ (519) Loans with other funds 66 66 $1,739$ Net eash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities (753) (634) $(1,387)$ $2,580$ Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Intergovernmental revenues 88 88 Principal paid on sewer revenue obligations and loans $(68,700)$ $(20,790)$ $(20,790)$ $(20,790)$ Proceeds from issuance of sewer revenue obligations, including premium $44,760$ $15,501$ $44,760$ $15,501$ Proceeds from sale of capital assets 16 16 182 Purchase and construction of capital assets $(50,758)$ 11 $(50,747)$ $(6,718)$ $(6,718)$ Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities: Interest received on cash and investments (516) (118) (534) $(2,292)$ Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities (516) (118) (534) $(2,292)$ Net cash used for investing activities (516) (118) (534) $(2,292)$ Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents $(1,141)$ $7,434$ $6,293$ $6,293$ $9,512$ Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year $170,932$ $15,806$ $186,738$ $132,672$			(20.504)		(1.0(0))		(24.5(2))		
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Cash transfers in from other funds1,360 (519) (634)1,360 (1,453)Cash transfers out to other funds(819)(634)(1,453)(519) (519) (66)Loans with other funds66661,739Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities: Intergovernmental revenues(634)(1,387)2,580Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Intergovernmental revenues8888Principal paid on sewer revenue obligations and loans(68,700) (20,790)(20,790)Proceeds from issuance of sewer revenue obligations, including premium Sewer connection fees15,50115,501Proceeds from sisuance of capital assets(50,758)11(50,747)(6,718)Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities: Interest precised for investing activities:(516)(18)(534)(2,292)Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities(516)(18)(534)(2,292)Net cash used for investing activities:(516)(18)(534)(2,292)Net cash used for investing activities(516)(18)(534)(2,292)Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents(1,141)7,4346,2939,512Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year170,93215,806186,738132,672	Cash payments to employees for services	·	(29,594)		(4,968)		(34,562)		(12,223)
Cash transfers in from other funds1,360Cash transfers out to other funds(819)(634)(1,453)(519)Loans with other funds66661,739Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities(753)(634)(1,387)2,580Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:1(68,700)(68,700)(68,700)Intergovernmental revenues8888Principal paid on sewer revenue obligations and loans(20,790)(20,790)Proceeds from issuance of sewer revenue obligations, including premium44,76044,760Sewer connection fees15,50115,50115,501Proceeds from sustance of capital assets1616182Purchase and construction of capital assets(50,758)11(50,747)(6,718)Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities(79,883)11(79,872)(6,536)Cash flows from investing activities:(516)(18)(534)(2,292)Net cash used for investing activities(516)(18)(534)(2,292)Net cash used for investing activities(1,141)7,4346,2939,512Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year170,93215,806186,738132,672	Net cash provided by operating activities		80,011		8,075		88,086		15,760
Cash transfers in from other funds1,360Cash transfers out to other funds(819)(634)(1,453)(519)Loans with other funds66661,739Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities(753)(634)(1,387)2,580Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:1(68,700)(68,700)(68,700)Intergovernmental revenues8888Principal paid on sewer revenue obligations and loans(20,790)(20,790)Proceeds from issuance of sewer revenue obligations, including premium44,76044,760Sewer connection fees15,50115,50115,501Proceeds from sustance of capital assets1616182Purchase and construction of capital assets(50,758)11(50,747)(6,718)Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities(79,883)11(79,872)(6,536)Cash flows from investing activities:(516)(18)(534)(2,292)Net cash used for investing activities(516)(18)(534)(2,292)Net cash used for investing activities(1,141)7,4346,2939,512Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year170,93215,806186,738132,672									
Cash transfers out to other funds (819) (634) $(1,453)$ (519) Loans with other funds 66 $1,739$ Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities (753) (634) $(1,387)$ $2,580$ Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: (753) (634) $(1,387)$ $2,580$ Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: 88 88 88 Principal paid on sewer revenue obligations and loans $(68,700)$ $(68,700)$ Intergovernmental revenues 88 88 Principal paid on sewer revenue obligations, including premium $44,760$ Sewer connection fees $15,501$ $15,501$ Proceeds from sale of capital assets 16 16 Purchase and construction of capital assets (516) (18) Cash flows from investing activities: (516) (18) (534) Interest received on cash and investments (516) (18) (534) Net cash used for investing activities (516) (18) (534) $(2,292)$ Net cash used for investing activities $(1,141)$ $7,434$ $6,293$ $9,512$ Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year $170,932$ $15,806$ $186,738$ $132,672$									1 260
Loans with other funds 66 66 $1,739$ Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities (753) (634) $(1,387)$ $2,580$ Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:8888Intergovernmental revenues8888Principal paid on sewer revenue obligations and loans $(20,790)$ $(20,790)$ Proceeds from issuance of sewer revenue obligations, including premium $44,760$ $44,760$ Sewer connection fees15,50115,501Proceeds from sale of capital assets1616Purchase and construction of capital assets $(50,758)$ 11Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities $(79,883)$ 11Interest precived on cash and investments (516) (18) (534) Cash used for investing activities (516) (18) (534) $(2,292)$ Net cash used for investing activities $(1,141)$ $7,434$ $6,293$ $9,512$ Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year $170,932$ $15,806$ $186,738$ $132,672$			(810)		(634)		(1.453)		· ·
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities(753)(634)(1,387)2,580Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Intergovernmental revenues8888Principal paid on sewer revenue obligations and loans(68,700)(68,700)Interest paid on sewer revenue obligations and loans(20,790)(20,790)Proceeds from issuance of sewer revenue obligations, including premium44,76044,760Sewer connection fees15,50115,501Proceeds from sale of capital assets1616182Purchase and construction of capital assets(50,758)11(50,747)(6,718)Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities(79,883)11(79,872)(6,536)Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received on cash and investments(516)(18)(534)(2,292)Net cash used for investing activities(516)(18)(534)(2,292)Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents(1,141)7,4346,2939,512Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year170,93215,806186,738132,672					(054)				
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Intergovernmental revenues8888Principal paid on sewer revenue obligations and loans(68,700)(68,700)Interest paid on sewer revenue obligations, including premium(20,790)(20,790)Proceeds from issuance of sewer revenue obligations, including premium44,76044,760Sewer connection fees15,50115,501Proceeds from sale of capital assets1616182Purchase and construction of capital assets(50,758)11(50,747)(6,718)Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities(79,883)11(79,872)(6,536)Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received on cash and investments(516)(18)(534)(2,292)Net cash used for investing activities(1,141)7,4346,2939,512Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year170,93215,806186,738132,672	Loans with other funds		00				00		1,757
Intergovernmental revenues8888Principal paid on sewer revenue obligations and loans $(68,700)$ $(68,700)$ Interest paid on sewer revenue obligations and loans $(20,790)$ $(20,790)$ Proceeds from issuance of sewer revenue obligations, including premium $44,760$ $44,760$ Sewer connection fees $15,501$ $15,501$ Proceeds from sale of capital assets 16 16 Purchase and construction of capital assets $(50,758)$ 11 Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities $(79,883)$ 11 $(79,872)$ Interest received on cash and investments (516) (18) (534) $(2,292)$ Net cash used for investing activities (516) (18) (534) $(2,292)$ Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents $(1,141)$ $7,434$ $6,293$ $9,512$ Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year $170,932$ $15,806$ $186,738$ $132,672$	Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities		(753)		(634)		(1,387)		2,580
Principal paid on sewer revenue obligations and loans $(68,700)$ $(68,700)$ Interest paid on sewer revenue obligations and loans $(20,790)$ $(20,790)$ Proceeds from issuance of sewer revenue obligations, including premium $44,760$ $44,760$ Sewer connection fees $15,501$ $15,501$ Proceeds from sale of capital assets 16 16 Purchase and construction of capital assets $(50,758)$ 11 Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities $(79,883)$ 11 $(79,872)$ Interest received on cash and investments (516) (18) (534) $(2,292)$ Net cash used for investing activities $(1,141)$ $7,434$ $6,293$ $9,512$ Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year $170,932$ $15,806$ $186,738$ $132,672$									
Interest paid on sewer revenue obligations and loans $(20,790)$ $(20,790)$ Proceeds from issuance of sewer revenue obligations, including premium $44,760$ $44,760$ Sewer connection fees $15,501$ $15,501$ Proceeds from sale of capital assets 16 16 182 Purchase and construction of capital assets $(50,758)$ 11 $(50,747)$ $(6,718)$ Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities $(79,883)$ 11 $(79,872)$ $(6,536)$ Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received on cash and investments (516) (18) (534) $(2,292)$ Net cash used for investing activities $(1,141)$ $7,434$ $6,293$ $9,512$ Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year $170,932$ $15,806$ $186,738$ $132,672$			88						
Proceeds from issuance of sewer revenue obligations, including premium $44,760$ $44,760$ Sewer connection fees15,50115,501Proceeds from sale of capital assets1616Purchase and construction of capital assets $(50,758)$ 11Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities $(79,883)$ 11Cash flows from investing activities: (516) (18) (534) Interest received on cash and investments (516) (18) (534) Net cash used for investing activities $(1,141)$ $7,434$ $6,293$ Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents $(170,932)$ $15,806$ $186,738$ $132,672$									
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Proceeds from sale of capital assets 16 16 182 Purchase and construction of capital assets $(50,758)$ 11 $(50,747)$ $(6,718)$ Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities $(79,883)$ 11 $(79,872)$ $(6,536)$ Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received on cash and investments (516) (18) (534) $(2,292)$ Net cash used for investing activities (516) (18) (534) $(2,292)$ Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents $(1,141)$ $7,434$ $6,293$ $9,512$ Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year $170,932$ $15,806$ $186,738$ $132,672$,		
Purchase and construction of capital assets(50,758)11(50,747)(6,718)Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities(79,883)11(79,872)(6,536)Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received on cash and investments(516)(18)(534)(2,292)Net cash used for investing activities(516)(18)(534)(2,292)Net cash used for investing activities(1,141)7,4346,2939,512Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year170,93215,806186,738132,672							,		
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities(79,883)11(79,872)(6,536)Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received on cash and investments(516)(18)(534)(2,292)Net cash used for investing activities(516)(18)(534)(2,292)Net cash used for investing activities(1,141)7,4346,2939,512Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year170,93215,806186,738132,672									
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received on cash and investments (516) (18) (534) $(2,292)$ Net cash used for investing activities (516) (18) (534) $(2,292)$ Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents $(1,141)$ $7,434$ $6,293$ $9,512$ Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year $170,932$ $15,806$ $186,738$ $132,672$	Purchase and construction of capital assets		(50,758)		11		(50,747)		(6,718)
Interest received on cash and investments(516)(18)(534)(2,292)Net cash used for investing activities(516)(18)(534)(2,292)Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents(1,141)7,4346,2939,512Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year170,93215,806186,738132,672	Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities		(79,883)		11		(79,872)		(6,536)
Interest received on cash and investments(516)(18)(534)(2,292)Net cash used for investing activities(516)(18)(534)(2,292)Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents(1,141)7,4346,2939,512Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year170,93215,806186,738132,672	Cash flows from investing activities:								
Net cash used for investing activities (516) (18) (534) (2,292) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (1,141) 7,434 6,293 9,512 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 170,932 15,806 186,738 132,672			(516)		(18)		(534)		(2, 292)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents(1,141)7,4346,2939,512Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year170,93215,806186,738132,672			(510)		(10)		(331)		(2,2)2)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 170,932 15,806 186,738 132,672	Net cash used for investing activities		(516)		(18)		(534)		(2,292)
	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(1,141)		7,434		6,293		9,512
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year \$ 169,791 \$ 23,240 \$ 193,031 \$ 142,184	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		170,932		15,806		186,738		132,672
	Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	169,791	\$	23,240	\$	193,031	\$	142,184

(continued)

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

(continued)

	Е	Governmental			
Reconciliation of operating income to net	Regional	Enterprise Funds Other	Total	Activities-	
cash provided by operating activities	Wastewater	Enterprise	Enterprise	Internal Service	
1 91 0	Reclamation	Funds	Funds	Funds	
Operating income	\$ 25,961	\$ 7,296	\$ 33,257	\$ 5,378	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation/amortization	57,897	808	58,705	9,542	
Changes in assets and deferred outflows of resources:					
Decrease (increase) in assets:					
Accounts receivable	(1,928)	5	(1,923)	(57)	
Due from other governments	3	30	33	25	
Inventory and other assets	(26)		(26)	10	
Prepaid expense	16	(8)	8	2,033	
Net OPEB asset	(764)	(126)	(890)	(304)	
Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows of resources:					
Pension/OPEB plans	183	15	198	94	
Asset retirement obligations	(33)		(33)		
Changes in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:					
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:					
Accounts payable	74	(40)	34	(767)	
Due to other governments	2		2		
Reported but unpaid losses				1,809	
Incurred but not reported losses				(1,153)	
Net Pension/OPEB liability	(9,976)	(1,565)	(11,541)	(4,092)	
Asset retirement obligations	255		255		
Other liabilities	(243)	245	2	(182)	
Increase in deferred inflows of resources:	. ,			. ,	
Pension/OPEB plans	8,590	1,415	10,005	3,424	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 80,011	\$ 8,075	\$ 88,086	\$ 15,760	

Noncash investing, capital, and noncapital financing activities during the year ended June 30, 2022:

Regional Wastewater Reclamation Enterprise Fund received developer-built conveyance systems with an estimated fair value of \$14,569. These contributions were recorded as an increase in capital assets and capital contributions.

Regional Wastewater Reclamation Enterprise Fund retired expired sewer credit agreements totaling \$4.

Regional Wastewater Reclamation Enterprise Fund disposed of capital assets with a net book value of \$806.

Internal Service Funds disposed of capital assets with a net book value of \$109.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

		 Custodi	al Funds	
	e-Purpose st Funds	External ivestment Pool		Other
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Property tax receivable	\$ 4,778	\$ 327,871	\$	67,889 39,687
Interest receivable Due from other governments		107		1,155
Total assets	 4,778	 327,978		108,731
Net position Restricted for: Pool participants		327,978		
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	 4,778	 		108,731
Total net position	\$ 4,778	\$ 327,978	\$	108,731

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

			Custodial Funds					
	Private-Purpose Trust Funds		-		External Investment Pool			Other
Additions:			¢	2 100 716				
Contributions from pool participants Contributions from other governments			\$	2,199,716	\$	71,116		
Property tax collections for other governments					φ	1,316,263		
Fines and fees collected for other governments						8,403		
Investment earnings				1,249		146		
Inmate collections				,		2,309		
Other	\$	8,381				31,173		
Total additions		8,381		2,200,965		1,429,410		
Deductions:								
Distributions to pool participants				2,122,829				
Distributions to other governments						99,074		
Property tax distributions to other governments						1,304,124		
Interest expense						525		
Fines and fees distributions to other governments Payments to inmates						8,586 2,424		
Other		8,655				2,424 30,618		
Total deductions		8,655		2,122,829		1,445,351		
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position		(274)		78,136		(15,941)		
Net position, July 1, 2021		5,052		249,842		124,672		
Net position, June 30, 2022	\$	4,778	\$	327,978	\$	108,731		

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Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pima County's accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the County implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended, which establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. As a result, the County's financial statements have been modified to reflect the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that were previously classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows or outflows of resources based on the contract payment provisions.

A. Reporting Entity

The County is a general purpose local government that is governed by a separately elected board of supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the County (the primary government) and its component units.

Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are so intertwined with the County that they are in substance part of the County's operations. Therefore, data from these units is combined with data of the County. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the County. Each blended and discretely presented component unit discussed below has a June 30 year-end.

The following describes the County's component units:

The Pima County Stadium District, a legally separate entity, was created in 1991 when the Board of Supervisors adopted a resolution to create the Stadium District to manage Kino Sports Complex. The District is a tax-levying, public improvement district and political taxing subdivision of the state of Arizona. The Stadium District, in conjunction with Pima County government, maintains the fiscal resources of the entire complex including facilities, grounds, personnel and the various services provided at the venue. Kino Sports Complex, which covers 330 acres, is the largest professional sports and entertainment venue of its kind in Pima County Board of Supervisors serves as the Board of Directors and has operational responsibility for the District. Acting in the capacity of the Board of Directors levies the car rental surcharge rates and the recreation vehicle (RV) park tax for the District. The District is reported as a special revenue fund (blended component unit) in these financial statements. Complete financial statements for the District can be obtained from the Pima County Department of Finance and Risk Management located at 97 East Congress Street, Tucson, Arizona 85701.

The Pima County Library District was established in 1986 when legislation allowed full taxing authority and the ability to enter into agreements with other jurisdictions for the provision of library services. The Library District provides and maintains library services for the County's residents. The Pima County Board of Supervisors is the Board of Directors and has operational responsibility for the District. The Library District is reported as a special revenue fund (blended component unit) in these financial statements. Separate financial statements for the District are not available.

The Pima County Regional Flood Control District was established in 1978. The District is responsible for floodplain management activities for the unincorporated areas of Pima County (except national forests, parks, monuments and Native American Nations), the City of South Tucson, and the Town of Sahuarita. The Pima County Board of Supervisors is the Board of Directors and has operational responsibility for the Flood Control District. The Regional Flood Control District is reported as a special revenue fund (blended component unit) in these financial statements. Separate financial statements for the District are not available.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The Community Facilities Districts (formerly the Rocking K South Community Facilities District) is a legally separate entity that is utilized to finance the design and construction of arterial and collector roadways, public sewer transmission mains, public regional parks and any other public infrastructure required for the planned Rocking K South community. The Pima County Board of Supervisors serves as its Board of Directors and has operational responsibility for the District. The Community Facilities Districts is reported as a special revenue fund (blended component unit) in these financial statements. Separate financial statements for the District is not available.

The Pima County Improvement & Other Districts (formerly the Pima County Street Lighting Districts) operate and maintain street lighting for specific regions in areas outside local city jurisdictions and maintenance for the Hayhook Ranch road improvements. The Pima County Board of Supervisors serves as the Board of Directors and has operational responsibility for the Districts. The Pima County Improvement & Other Districts are reported as a special revenue fund in these financial statements and meet substantively the same criteria as blended component units. Separate financial statements for the Pima County Improvement & Other Districts are not available.

The Southwestern Fair Commission, Inc. (SFC) is a nonprofit corporation which manages and maintains the fairgrounds owned by the County and conducts annual fair and other events at the fairgrounds. The Commission's members are appointed and can be removed at any time by the Pima County Board of Supervisors. Based on these factors, and because SFC does not provide services entirely, or almost entirely to the County, but rather to the general citizenry, SFC is reported as a separate component unit (discrete presentation) in these financial statements. Complete financial statements for SFC can be obtained from the Pima County Department of Finance and Risk Management located at 97 East Congress Street, Tucson, Arizona 85701.

Related Organization

The Industrial Authority of Pima County (Authority) is a legally separate entity that was created to promote economic development and the development of affordable housing. The Authority fulfills its function through the issuance of tax-exempt bonds. The County Board of Supervisors appoints the Authority's Board of Directors. The Authority's operations are completely separate from the County and the County is not financially accountable for the Authority. Therefore, the financial activities of the Authority have not been included in the accompanying financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the County as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

Government-wide statements - Provide information about the primary government (the County) and its component units. The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report the overall government's financial activities except for fiduciary activities. The statements also distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the County and between the County and its discretely presented component units. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

A statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities and segment of its business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The County does not allocate indirect expenses to programs or functions. Program revenues include:

- charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided;
- operating grants and contributions; and
- capital grants and contributions, including special assessments.

Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including internally dedicated resources and all taxes the County levies or imposes, are reported as general revenues.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. However, charges for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated if the prices approximate their external exchange values.

Fund financial statements - Provide information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements are presented for the governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary fund categories. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Fiduciary funds are aggregated and reported by fund type.

Proprietary fund revenues and expenses are classified as either operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from transactions associated with the fund's principal activity. Accordingly, revenues, such as user charges, in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values, are operating revenues. Other revenues result from transactions in which the parties do not exchange equal values and are considered nonoperating revenues such as connection fees, intergovernmental revenues, along with investment earnings and revenues ancillary activities generate. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. Other expenses, such as interest expense, are considered nonoperating expenses.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund revenues are primarily from property taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, other than those financed by proprietary funds. Capital Projects Fund revenues and other financing sources are primarily from intergovernmental, face amount of long-term debt and transfers in.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest. Revenues and other financing sources are primarily from property taxes, proceeds from refunding debt, and transfers in.

The Grants Fund accounts for Federal and State grants received by the County not required to be accounted for in a separate fund. Each grant has a specific project objective and the grant funds must be used for a stated purpose. Revenues and other financing sources are primarily from intergovernmental and transfers in.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

Regional Wastewater Reclamation (RWR) accounts for the management and operation of wastewater treatment and water pollution control programs. Revenues are primarily from charges for services and connection fees.

The County also reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds account for fleet maintenance and operation, insurance, and telecommunications services provided to the County's departments or to other governments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Funds consists of private-purpose trust funds, which account for assets the County's Public Fiduciary holds in trust for the benefit of various parties; and custodial funds, which account for other fiduciary activities, including pooled and non-pooled assets the County Treasurer holds and invests on behalf of other governmental entities that are not held in trust and the County Treasurer's receipt and distribution of taxes for other governmental entities.

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements the provider imposed have been met.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of grants and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. The County applies grant resources to such programs before using general revenues.

Governmental funds in the fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. The County recognizes property taxes to be available if collected within 30 days. In addition, other taxes that are reported as intergovernmental revenues, i.e. state shared sales tax, highway user revenues and vehicle license tax, recreational vehicle taxes, car rental surcharges, and hotel excise taxes are also recognized if collected within 30 days. Grant funded intergovernmental revenues are considered available if collected within 60 days after fiscal year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, pension/OPEB, landfill closure and post-closure care costs, pollution remediation obligations and asset retirement obligations, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they are due and payable. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of general long-term debt and acquisitions under lease contracts are reported as other financing sources.

D. Cash and Investments

For the statement of cash flows, the County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, cash and investments held by the County Treasurer, investments in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool, and only those highly liquid investments with a maturity of 3 months or less when purchased. All investments are stated at fair value.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. Inventories and Prepaids

Inventories in the government-wide and proprietary funds' financial statements are recorded as assets when purchased and expensed when consumed.

The County accounts for its inventories in the Wireless Integrated Network Fund using the purchase method. Inventories of the Wireless Integrated Network Fund consist of spare parts for the fixed network equipment held for consumption and are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. These inventories are stated at cost using the average cost method.

Inventories of the Transportation Fund are recorded as assets when purchased and expensed when used. They are valued at lower of cost or market, cost being determined using the moving average method.

Inventories of RWR, an enterprise fund, are valued at lower of cost or market, cost being determined using the moving average method.

Inventories of Internal Service Funds are valued at lower of cost or market, cost being determined using the moving average method.

Prepaid expenses/expenditures are accounted for using the consumption method, except for the School Reserve Fund reported as an Other Governmental Fund, which uses the purchase method.

F. Property Tax Calendar

The County levies real and personal property taxes on or before the third Monday in August that become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May. A lien assessed against real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost or estimated historical cost if historical records are not available. Donated assets are reported at acquisition value.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation/amortization methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

	Capitalization Threshold	Depreciation/Amortization Method	Estimated Useful Life
Land	All	Not applicable	Not applicable
Land improvements			
(Reported in buildings and improvements)	All	Straight Line	20 - 30 Years
Buildings and improvements	\$100	Straight Line	10 - 50 Years
Equipment	\$5	Straight Line	4 - 25 Years
Infrastructure/Sewer conveyance systems	\$100	Straight Line	10 - 50 Years
Intangibles:		-	
Right-to-use lease assets	\$100	Straight Line	Varies
Equipment-Software	\$5,000	Straight Line	Varies

Intangible right-to-use lease assets are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Discretely presented component unit:

The Southwestern Fair Commission, Inc. capital assets are reported at actual cost. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful life, which range from 3 to 40 years.

H. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position and balance sheet include separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods that will be recognized as an expense or expenditure in future periods. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets or fund balance that applies to future periods and will be recognized as a revenue in future periods.

I. Postemployment benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) assets and liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the plans' fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

J. Fund Balance Classifications

The governmental funds' fund balances are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on those resources' use. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, such as inventories, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balances are those that have externally imposed restrictions on their usage by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations.

The unrestricted fund balance category is composed of committed, assigned, and unassigned resources. Committed fund balances are self-imposed limitations that the County's Board of Supervisors, the highest level of decision-making authority within the County, approved by formal action (ordinance).

Only the Board can remove or change the constraints placed on committed fund balances. This approval must be given at a regular supervisory meeting by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

Assigned fund balances are resources constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Supervisors has authorized the County Administrator to make assignments of resources for a specific purpose. Modifications or rescissions of the constraints can also be removed by the same action that limited the funds.

The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not reported in the other classifications. Also, deficits in fund balances of the other governmental funds are reported as unassigned.

When an expenditure is incurred that can be paid from either restricted or unrestricted fund balances, it is the County's policy to use restricted fund balance first. For the disbursement of unrestricted fund balances, the County will use committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and lastly unassigned amounts.

K. Investment Earnings

Investment earnings are composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

L. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences payable consist of annual leave and a calculated amount of sick leave earned by employees based on services already rendered.

Employees are allowed to accumulate up to 240 hours of annual leave depending upon years of service. Due to a temporary Board of Supervisor Policy regarding COVID-19, employees who were deemed essential are authorized to carry over additional annual leave hours, if needed. These essential employees are expected to reduce their annual leave balance to 240 hours no later than their anniversary date in 2022. Any excess of 240 hours that remain on their anniversary date in 2022 will automatically be converted to sick leave. Upon termination of employment, all unused annual leave benefits are paid to employees. Any essential employees who terminate before their anniversary date within fiscal year 2022, with an excess of 240 hours of annual leave, will be paid out their full balance. Accordingly, annual leave benefits are accrued as a liability in the government-wide and proprietary funds' financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds' financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements by fiscal year-end.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Employees may accumulate up to 1,920 hours of sick leave. Generally, sick leave benefits provide for ordinary sick pay and are cumulative but most employees forfeit them upon terminating employment. However, employees who have accumulated greater than 240 hours of sick leave and are eligible to retire will receive some benefits. Employees who are eligible to retire from County service into the Arizona State Retirement System, Public Safety Personnel Retirement System, or Corrections Officer Retirement Plan may request sick leave to be converted to annual leave on a predetermined conversion basis. An estimate of those retirement payouts is accrued as a liability in the government-wide and proprietary funds' financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds' financial statements under Employee Compensation only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements by fiscal year-end.

M. Leases

As lessee, the County recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$100,000 or more. The County uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate to measure lease liabilities unless it can readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease. The County's estimated incremental borrowing rate is based on the County's current borrowing rate.

As lessor, the County recognizes lease receivables with an initial, individual value of \$100,000 or more. If there is no stated rate in the lease contract (or if the stated rate is not the rate the County charges the lessee) and the implicit rate cannot be determined, the County uses its own estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate to measure lease receivables. The County's estimated incremental borrowing rate is calculated as described above.

Note 2: Fund Balance Classifications of the Governmental Funds

The table below details the fund balance categories and classifications:

	General	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Grants	Other Governmental	Total	
Fund Balance:							
Nonspendable:							
Inventory					\$ 1,453	\$ 1,453	
Prepaid expenditures	\$ 2,292			\$ 243	1,164	3,699	
Permanent fund principal					45	45	
Total nonspendable	2,292			243	2,662	5,197	
Restricted for:							
Community and economic development					799	799	
Flood Control District		\$ 3,897			13,051	16,948	
Health					2,516	2,516	
Judicial activities					23,294	23,294	
Law enforcement					10,311	10,311	
Library District		7,333			29,910	37,243	
Parks and recreation					612	612	
Pima animal care		22			1,840	1,862	
Sanitation					2,457	2,457	
School reserve					327	327	
Streets and highways		37,799			11,718	49,517	
Other purposes					1,895	1,895	
Total restricted		49,051			98,730	147,781	
Committed to:							
Law enforcement	25,000					25,000	
Municipal facilities					15,000	15,000	
Parks and recreation					2,706	2,706	
School reserve					120	120	
Total committed	25,000				17,826	42,826	
Assigned to:							
Community and economic development		164			3,353	3,517	
Debt service reserve			\$ 1,538			1,538	
Health					2,680	2,680	
Judicial activities					255	255	
Law enforcement	157	1,137				1,294	
Municipal facilities		27,624				27,624	
Parks and recreation	3	6,261			2,606	8,870	
Sanitation		2,952				2,952	
School reserve					159	159	
Sports promotion (Stadium)		1,043			1,577	2,620	
Streets and highways		3,425				3,425	
Other purposes		1,467			1,128	2,595	
Total assigned	160	44,073	1,538		11,758	57,529	
Unassigned:	174,757			(25,057)	(6,219)	143,481	
Total Fund Balance	\$ 202,209	\$ 93,124	\$ 1,538	\$ (24,814)	\$ 124,757	\$ 396,814	

Note 3: Cash and Investments

Primary Government

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize the County to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's investment pool; obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or any of the senior debt of its agencies, sponsored agencies, corporations, sponsored corporations, or instrumentalities; specified state and local government bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness; interest-earning investments such as savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; specified commercial paper issued by corporations organized and doing business in the United States; specified bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness; including exchange traded funds. In addition, the County Treasurer may invest trust funds in certain fixed income securities of corporations doing business in the United States or District of Columbia.

Credit risk—The State statutes have the following requirements for credit risk:

- 1. Commercial paper must be of prime quality and be rated within the top two ratings by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 2. Specified bonds, debentures, notes and other evidence of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars must be rated "A" or better by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies at the time of purchase.
- 3. Fixed income securities must carry one of the two highest ratings by Moody's Investors Service and Standard and Poor's rating service. If only one of these services rates the security, it must carry the highest rating of that service.

Custodial credit risk—Statutes require a pooled collateral program for public deposits and a Statewide Collateral Pool Administrator (Administrator) in the State Treasurer's Office. The purpose of the pooled collateral program is to ensure that governmental entities' public deposits placed in participating depositories are secured with collateral of 102 percent of the public deposits, less any applicable deposit insurance. An eligible depository may not retain or accept any public deposit unless it has deposited the required collateral with a qualified escrow agent or the Administrator. The Administrator manages the pooled collateral program, including reporting on each depository's compliance with the program.

Concentration of credit risk—Statutes do not include any requirements for concentration of credit risk.

Interest rate risk—Statutes require that public monies invested in securities and deposits have a maximum maturity of 5 years. Investments in repurchase agreements must have a maximum maturity of 180 days.

Foreign currency risk—Statutes do not allow foreign investments unless the investment is denominated in United States dollars.

Deposits— At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$388,106, and the bank balance was \$339,196.

Note 3: Cash and Investments (continued)

Custodial credit risk—Custodial credit risk is the risk that the County will not be able to recover its deposits if a financial institution fails. The County does not have a formal policy with respect to custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2022, \$208 of the County's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investments— At June 30, 2022, the County's investments consisted of \$520,266 invested in marketable securities and \$481,020 invested in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. The State Board of Investment provides oversight for the State Treasurer's pools.

Credit risk—Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The County does not have a formal investment policy with respect to credit risk.

At June 30, 2022, credit risk for the County's investments was as follows:

		Standard & Poor's/Moody's Rating								
Investment Type	Fair Value	Not Rated	AAA/Aaa	AA/Aa	A/A	Bbb				
Certificates of Deposit*	\$ 23,043	\$ 23,043								
Corporate bonds	26,267			\$ 6,214	\$ 14,993	\$ 5,060				
Federal agency securities	147,897			147,897						
Municipal bonds	2,909	2,909								
Money market mutual fund	310,238		\$ 310,238							
State Treasurer's Pool 5	296,312		296,312							
State Treasurer's Pool 500	156,244	156,244								
State Treasurer's Pool 7	28,464	28,464								
Total	\$ 991,374	\$ 210,660	\$ 606,550	\$ 154,111	\$ 14,993	\$ 5,060				

*Although the certificates of deposit are unrated by Moody's Investor Service or Standard & Poor's, \$23,043 is covered by federal deposit insurance and would be returned to the County in the situation of default by the issuer.

Custodial credit risk—For an investment, custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of the counterparty's failure, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County has no formal policy with respect to custodial credit risk. Of the County's \$1,001,286 of investments, \$186,985 consisting of the corporate bonds, municipal bonds, U. S. Treasury Notes, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, is uninsured and held by a counterparty in the County's name in book entry form.

Concentration of credit risk— The County has no formal policy with respect to limiting the amount the Treasurer may invest in any one issuer. The County had investments at June 30, 2022, of 5% or more in Federal Home Loan Bank. These investments were 10%, respectively, of the County's total investments.

Note 3: Cash and Investments (continued)

Interest rate risk—Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect an investment's fair value. The County does not have a formal investment policy with respect to interest rate risk.

As of June 30, 2022, the County had the following investments:

			Weighted Average Maturity
<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Amount</u>		<u>(Years)</u>
State Treasurer Investment Pool 5	\$	296,312	0.12
State Treasurer Investment Pool 500		156,244	1.79
State Treasurer Investment Pool 7		28,464	0.08
Certificates of Deposit		23,043	2.22
Corporate bonds		26,267	1.15
Municipal bonds		2,909	1.94
Federal Farm Credit Bank		25,212	2.52
Federal Home Loan Bank		102,333	3.12
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation		20,352	2.19
U.S. Treasury Notes		9,912	1.53
Money market mutual fund		310,238	0.06
-	\$	1,001,286	

Fair Value Measurement—The County's investments at June 30, 2022, categorized within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles, were as follows:

			Fair value measurement using					
Investment by fair value level	A m	nount	<u>active</u> ident	ed prices in markets for ical assets evel 1)	<u>obs</u> ir	<u>cant other</u> <u>ervable</u> 1 <u>puts</u> evel 2)		
Corporate bonds	<u>An</u> \$	26,267	\$ \$	21.223	\$ \$	<u>5,044</u>		
Municipal bonds	Ŷ	2,909	Ŷ		Ŷ	2,909		
Federal Farm Credit Bank		25,212				25,212		
Federal Home Loan Bank		102,333				102,333		
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation		20,352				20,352		
U.S. Treasury Notes		9,912		9,912				
Money market mutual fund		310,238		310,238				
Certificates of Deposit		23,043				23,043		
Total investments by fair value level	\$	520,266	\$	341,373	\$	178,893		

The investments categorized as Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those investments.

The investments categorized as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted for similar investments in markets that are active or not active.

Note 3: Cash and Investments (continued)

The County also had investments of \$481,020 in the State Treasurer's investment pools measured at fair value. Investments in the State Treasurer's investment pools are valued at the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares the County held. The fair value of a participant's position in the pools approximates the value of that participant's pool shares.

A reconciliation of cash, deposits, and investments to amounts shown on the Statements of Net Position follows:

Cash, deposits and investments:	Cash on <u>Hand</u>		nounts of <u>Deposits</u>	Amounts of <u>Investments</u>		<u>Total</u>		
	\$ 39	\$	388,106	\$ 1,001,286	\$	1,389,431		
	Governmental	Business- type	Private- Purpose	Custodial fu External Investment	nds			
	× ·· ··	· ·· ·· · · · ·		D 1 4	241	T (1		

	A	<u>Activities</u>	A	<u>Activities</u>	Tr	<u>ust Funds</u>	<u>Pool</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Total</u>
Statement of net position: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash	\$	795,817	\$	96,147	\$	4,778	\$ 327,871	\$ 67,889	\$ 1,292,502
equivalents		45		96,884			 	 	 96,929
Total	\$	795,862	\$	193,031	\$	4,778	\$ 327,871	\$ 67,889	\$ 1,389,431

County Treasurer's Investment Pool—Arizona Revised Statutes require community colleges, school districts, and other local governments to deposit certain public monies with the County Treasurer. The County Treasurer has a fiduciary responsibility to administer those and the County monies under her stewardship. The County Treasurer invests, on a pool basis, all monies not specifically invested for a fund or program. In addition, the County Treasurer determines the fair value of those pooled investments annually at June 30. The County Treasurer's Investment Pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company and there is no regulatory oversight of its operations. The structure of the Pool does not provide for shares and the County has not provided or obtained any legally binding guarantees to support the value of the participants' investments. The County Treasurer allocates interest earnings to each of the Pool's participants. Substantially, all deposits and investment risks of the Treasurer's investment pool are substantially the same as the County's deposit and investment risks disclosed above.

Note 3: Cash and Investments (continued)

The Pool's assets consist of the following:

		Interest		
Investment Type	Principal	Rates	<u>Maturities</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$ 10,000	2.25%	12/23	\$ 9,912
Corporate bonds	26,000	2.15-3.70%	08/22-02/25	26,267
Municipal bonds	2,800	2.66%	07/22-01/26	2,909
Federal Farm Credit Bank	25,300	2.63-3.09%	06/24-10/25	25,212
Federal Home Loan Bank	106,470	0.92-2.80%	06/24-12/26	102,333
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	20,360	3.00-3.03%	06/24-09/24	20,352
Certificates of Deposit	23,260	0.80-3.35%	11/22-06/27	23,043
Money Market	283,582	VARIABLE	N/A	283,582
State Treasurer Investment Pool 5	244,468	N/A	N/A	244,468
Deposits	350,271	N/A	N/A	350,623
Interest receivable	107	N/A	N/A	107
Total assets				\$ 1,088,808
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Assets held for: Internal participants External participants Total assets Total net position				\$ 760,830 327,978 1,088,808 \$ 1,088,808
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Total additions Total deductions Net decrease Net position: July 1, 2021 June 30, 2022				\$ 6,267,239 (6,293,159) (25,920) <u>1,114,728</u> \$ 1,088,808

Note 4: Due from Other Governments

Activities
\$ 38,037
38,223
24,992
9,764
3,633
\$ 114,649

Note 5: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2021 Increases Decreases		Balance June 30, 2022	
Governmental activities:	•			
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized:				
Land	\$ 569,021	\$ 14,563	\$ (11)	\$ 583,573
Construction in progress	61,106	82,703	(55,976)	87,833
Total capital assets not being depreciated/amortized	630,127	97,266	(55,987)	671,406
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:				
Buildings and improvements	1,008,125	25,256	(393)	1,032,988
Equipment	221,436	14,260	(8,085)	227,611
Infrastructure	1,531,273	16,270	(10,629)	1,536,914
Intangibles:				
Equipment-Software	30,625		(71)	30,554
Right-to-use lease assets:				
Buildings and other improvements		3,526		3,526
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized	2,791,459	59,312	(19,178)	2,831,593
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:				
Buildings and improvements	(390,650)	(31,785)	387	(422,048)
Equipment	(130,101)	(17,796)	7,659	(140,238)
Infrastructure	(904,545)	(42,789)	7,279	(940,055)
Intangibles:				
Equipment-Software	(17,262)	(1,593)	71	(18,784)
Right-to-use lease assets:				
Buildings and other improvements		(859)		(859)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(1,442,558)	(94,822)	15,396	(1,521,984)
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	1,348,901	(35,510)	(3,782)	1,309,609
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,979,028	\$ 61,756	\$ (59,769)	\$ 1,981,015

Note 5: Capital Assets (continued)

	Balance July 1, 2021	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2022
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized:				
Land	\$ 16,471			\$ 16,471
Construction in progress	41,661	\$ 52,055	\$ (23,430)	70,286
Total capital assets not being depreciated/amortized	58,132	52,055	(23,430)	86,757
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:				
Buildings and improvements	781,635	1,395		783,030
Equipment	180,442	2,782	(875)	182,349
Intangibles:)			-)
Equipment-Software	19,088		(16)	19,072
Sewage conveyance systems	975,581	34,632	(2,366)	1,007,847
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized	1,956,746	38,809	(3,257)	1,992,298
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:				
Buildings and improvements	(300,610)	(23,706)		(324,316)
Equipment	(95,444)	(13,508)	763	(108,189)
Intangibles:				
Equipment-Software	(9,317)	(1,602)	15	(10,904)
Sewage conveyance systems	(383,541)	(19,889)	1,661	(401,769)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(788,912)	(58,705)	2,439	(845,178)
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	1,167,834	(19,896)	(818)	1,147,120
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,225,966	\$ 32,159	\$ (24,248)	\$ 1,233,877

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 20,203
Public safety	12,080
Highway and streets	40,236
Sanitation	418
Health	1,617
Welfare	36
Culture and recreation	9,673
Education and economic opportunity	1,017
Internal service funds	9,542
Total governmental activities depreciation/amortization expense	\$ 94,822
Business-type activities:	
Development Services	\$ 1
Parking Garages	807
Regional Wastewater Reclamation Department	57,897
Total business-type activities depreciation/amortization expense	\$ 58,705

Note 5: Capital Assets (continued)

	Balance July 1, 2021		Increases		Decreases		Balance June 30, 2022	
Discretely presented component unit: Southwestern Fair Commission (SFC):								
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	10,900					\$	10,900
Equipment		2,566	\$	71	\$	(28)		2,609
Total capital assets being depreciated		13,466		71		(28)		13,509
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		(5,991)		(549)				(6,540)
Equipment		(2,283)		(75)		28		(2,330)
Total accumulated depreciation		(8,274)		(624)		28		(8,870)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		5,192		(553)				4,639
SFC capital assets, net	\$	5,192	\$	(553)			\$	4,639

Note 6: Claims, Judgments and Risk Management

Self-Insurance Trust Fund (SIT Fund)

The SIT Fund, an internal service fund, accounts for the financing of the insured risk of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; medical malpractice; environmental claims; and natural disasters. The Fund is liable for any single general or automobile liability claim up to \$2,500 per occurrence, any workers' compensation claim up to \$1,000 per occurrence, and any single medical malpractice claim up to \$1,000 per occurrence. The County purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of the self-insurance retention provided by the Fund. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance policy limits in any of the last three fiscal years. Any current unemployment claims and environmental claims are self-funded.

All of the County's departments participate in the fund. Charges are based on actuarial estimates, loss history, and other factors as appropriate to determine amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims.

At June 30, 2022, claims liabilities for each insurable category are as follows:

Automobile liability	\$ 1,881
General liability	14,500
Workers' compensation	14,086
Medical malpractice	8
Environmental liability	 1,500
	\$ 31,975

The above amounts, excluding the environmental liability, are reported at their present value using an expected future investment yield assumption of 2 percent.

Changes in the unpaid claims liability reported in the SIT Fund are as follows:

		rent-Year				
Year	Balance July 1	Changes in Estimates		Claims ayments	Balance June 30	
2020-21	\$ 32,926	\$ 3,163	\$	(4,070)	\$	32,019
2021-22	\$ 32,019	\$ 3,747	\$	(3,791)	\$	31,975

Health Benefits Trust Fund (HBT Fund)

The HBT Fund, an internal service fund, accounts for the financing of the County's self-insured medical/pharmacy plan for employees and their dependents. The Fund is responsible for collecting employer and employee premiums through payroll deductions. The medical benefits are administered by Aetna, the pharmacy benefits are administered by CVS Caremark in conjunction with the medical plan.

The plan consists of two options, a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP) with a Health Savings Account (HSA), or a HDHP without a HSA. The County purchases commercial stop-loss insurance coverage for claims in excess of coverage provided by the HBT Fund. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 6: Claims, Judgments and Risk Management (continued)

Claim liabilities are computed using a variety of actuarial methods and techniques including the exposure approach and completion factors. Accrued actuarial liabilities for the HBT Fund at June 30, 2022, for the HDHP plans are as follows:

High-Deductible Health Plan:	
Medical	\$ 4,320
Pharmacy	 1,680
	\$ 6,000

Changes in the unpaid claims liabilities reported in the HBT Fund are as follows:

		Current-Year Claims and Balance Changes in Claims								
Year	J	uly 1	Es	Estimates		Payments		June 30		
2020-21	\$	5,100	\$	64,650	\$	(64,450)	\$	5,300		
2021-22	\$	5,300	\$	70,401	\$	(69,701)	\$	6,000		

Litigation

Pima County is a defendant in a number of court actions. In the opinion of County management, the final disposition of these actions, if unfavorable, will not have a material effect upon the County's financial statements.

Pollution Remediation

The County has estimated and reported an environmental liability of \$86 in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities (in noncurrent liabilities) under the Arizona Water Quality Assurance Revolving Fund state statutes in Article 5, Chapter 2, of Title 49 and regulations in Chapter 16 of Title 18. Remediation efforts are currently underway at one County site: El Camino del Cerro.

Remediation efforts continue at the El Camino del Cerro site which is approximately bordered by the Santa Cruz River on the west, Interstate 10 on the east and El Camino del Cerro Road on the south. The groundwater contamination is suggested to resonate from the municipal and solid waste landfill operated on the site from 1973 to 1977.

The estimated liability was calculated based upon the expected future outlays associated with the estimate of one pump-and-treat system for one year. There is potential for changes due to increased costs associated with sewage disposal costs, construction costs for extraction and injection wells, and/or changes in the estimated extent of contamination.

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities

The following schedule details the County's long-term liability and obligation activities for the year ended June 30, 2022.

	Balance July 1, 2021	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2022	Due within 1 year
Governmental activities:				·	
General obligation bonds Bonds from direct placement Unamortized premium/discount Total general obligation funds	\$ 133,965 138 4,088 138,191		\$ 40,350 7 1,873 42,230	\$ 93,615 131 2,215 95,961	\$ 28,810 7 1,094 29,911
Transportation revenue bonds Unamortized premium/discount Total transportation revenue bonds	83,665 4,593 88,258		13,465 1,062 14,527	70,200 3,531 73,731	9,025 694 9,719
Certificates of participation Unamortized premium/discount Total certificates of participation	168,800 11,617 180,417	\$ 50,000 50,000	31,760 2,319 34,079	187,040 9,298 196,338	37,885 1,706 39,591
Pledged Revenue Obligations	300,000		4,000	296,000	6,000
Financed purchases	562		178	384	137
Leases payable		3,451	694	2,757	831
Net pension/OPEB liabilities (Note 10)	829,284		200,916	628,368	
Reported but unpaid losses (Note 6)	17,183	2,749	940	18,992	4,598
Incurred but not reported losses (Note 6)	20,136	686	1,839	18,983	7,587
Landfill closure and post-closure care costs (Note 8)	10,150	225		10,375	
Pollution remediation (Note 6)	112		26	86	
Compensated absences payable Total long-term liabilities	48,946 \$ 1,633,239	16,305 \$ 73,416	21,998 \$ 321,427	43,253 \$ 1,385,228	24,399 \$ 122,773
Business-type activities:					
Sewer revenue obligations Obligations from direct borrowing Unamortized premium/discount Total revenue obligations payable	\$ 389,420 33,845 45,406 468,671	\$ 45,000 45,000	\$ 65,715 2,985 11,661 80,361	\$ 323,705 75,860 33,745 433,310	\$ 57,750 7,815 9,047 74,612
Net pension/OPEB liabilities (Note 10)	39,805		11,541	28,264	
Contracts and notes	2,236	2,783	2,136	2,883	
Compensated absences payable	4,195	1,399	1,774	3,820	2,139
Asset retirement obligations Total long-term liabilities	6,098 \$ 521,005	255 \$ 49,437	\$ 95,812	6,353 \$ 474,630	\$ 76,751

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

The County's debt consists of various issues of general obligation bonds including bonds from direct placements, pledged revenue obligations, transportation revenue bonds, certificates of participation and sewer revenue obligations including obligations from direct placements that are generally callable with interest payable semiannually. Bond proceeds primarily pay for acquiring or constructing capital facilities. Bonds have also been issued to advance-refund previously issued bonds. The County repays general obligation bonds from voter-approved property taxes. Transportation revenue bonds are repaid from net highway user revenues in the Transportation fund. Certificates of participation are repaid from General fund and other various funds' revenues. Sewer revenue obligations are repaid from the charges for services in the Regional Wastewater Reclamation fund.

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

Governmental Activities

(Payments made from property tax revenues of the Debt Service Fund)

General obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2022, consisted of the outstanding general obligation bonds presented below.

The following table presents amounts outstanding by issue.

	Issue	Interest			Out	standing
<u>Issue</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Rates	Maturities	Call Date	June	e 30, 2022
Series of 2012A	60,000	3.25 - 4.00%	2023-27	July 1, 2022	\$	19,575
Series of 2013A	50,000	3.00 - 4.00%	2023-28	July 1, 2023		22,370
Series of 2014	10,000	3.00 - 5.00%	2023-28	July 1, 2023		4,785
Series of 2015	15,000	2.50 - 3.50%	2023-29	July 1, 2025		6,275
Series of 2016 Refunding	122,070	4.00%	2023-26			40,610
Subtotal						93,615
Series of 2020A Direct Placement	138	4.50%	2023-36			131
G.O. bonds outstanding						93,746
Plus unamortized premium/discount:						2,215
-			Total G.O. bonds or	\$	95,961	

The following schedule details general obligation bond debt service requirements to maturity at June 30, 2022.

		<u>G0</u>	Bonds		Bon	ds from D	irect Plac	ement
<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	Principal		Interest		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>	
2023	\$	28,810	\$	3,561	\$	7	\$	6
2024		20,215		2,448		7		5
2025		13,630		1,693		8		5
2026		14,160		1,164		8		5
2027		9,910		609		8		4
2028-2032		6,890		286		47		16
2033-2036						46		4
Total	\$	93,615	\$	9,761	\$	131	\$	45

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

TRANSPORTATION BONDS

Governmental Activities

(Payments made from street and highway revenues)

Pima County transportation revenue bonds were issued to provide monies to construct improvements to the County's streets and highways. Of the total amount originally authorized, \$16,375 from the November 4, 1997 bond election remains unissued.

The following table presents amounts outstanding by issue.

Issue	Issue Amount	Interest Rates	Maturities	Call Date	standing 30, 2022
Series of 2012	\$ 18,425	3.00 - 4.00%	2023-27	July 1, 2022	\$ 7,300
Series of 2014	16,000	3.00 - 3.38%	2023-28	July 1, 2023	8,080
Series of 2016 Refunding	28,315	1.75 - 2.00%	2023-24		5,920
Series of 2018	11,000	5.00%	2023-33	July 1, 2028	8,000
Series of 2019	25,000	3.00 - 4.00%	2023-33	July 1, 2028	21,855
Series of 2020	21,000	2.00%	2023-35	July 1, 2030	19,045
Transportation bonds outstanding					 70,200
Plus unamortized premium/discount:					3,531
-		Total transportation	on bonds outstandi	ng	\$ 73,731

The following schedule details transportation bond debt service requirements to maturity at June 30, 2022.

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	P	rincipal	I	<u>nterest</u>
2023	\$	9,025	\$	2,265
2024		9,280		2,012
2025		6,505		1,742
2026		6,730		1,516
2027		6,955		1,293
2028-2032		23,550		3,624
2033-2035		8,155		336
Total	\$	70,200	\$	12,788

Pima County has pledged future street and highway revenues, to repay \$70,200 in transportation revenue bonds issued between 2012 and 2020. Proceeds from the bonds provide financing for construction of various highways and streets within Pima County. The bonds are payable from transportation revenues and are payable through 2035. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$82,988. It is expected that approximately 9 percent of total future revenues will be used to pay annual principal and interest on the bonds. Prior year street and highway revenues are required to be greater than two times the maximum annual debt service payment. Principal and interest paid for bonds in the current year, and total current year street and highway revenues were \$16,321 and \$73,691, respectively.

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION

Governmental Activities

(Payments made from General Fund revenues)

Certificates of Participation represent proportionate interests in semiannual lease payments. The County's obligation to make lease payments is subject to annual appropriations being made by the County for that purpose.

On November 4, 2021, the County issued Certificates of Participation, Series 2021 for an amount of \$50,000 with proceeds to be used to fund the Road Repair Program and will be repaid within five years using General Fund PAYGO revenues.

The following schedule details outstanding Certificates of Participation payable at June 30, 2022.

Issue	Issue <u>Amount</u>	Interest <u>Rates</u>	<u>Maturities</u>	<u>Call Date</u>	tstanding e 30, 2022
Series of 2013A	\$ 80,175	5.00%	2023		\$ 2,775
Series of 2014	52,160	5.00%	2023-29	December 1, 2023	29,540
Series of 2016B	15,185	2.79 - 4.04%	2023-31	June 1 2026	10,035
Series of 2019	20,940	5.00%	2023-34	December 1, 2028	18,235
Series of 2019A	12,975	5.00%	2023-34	December 1, 2029	12,975
Series of 2020A	43,045	5.00%	2023		8,045
Series of 2020B	15,720	5.00%	2023-36	December 1, 2030	15,000
Series of 2020C	50,390	0.48 - 1.06%	2023-26		40,435
Series of 2021	50,000	1.07%	2023-27		50,000
Certificates of participation outstanding					 187,040
Plus unamortized premium/discount:					9,298
		Total certificates	of participation ou	tstanding	\$ 196,338

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the County's Certificates of Participation payable at June 30, 2022.

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>		<u>Principal</u>	I	nterest
2023	\$ 37,885		\$	5,014
2024		27,615		4,228
2025		28,175		3,667
2026		28,770		3,064
2027		19,055		2,487
2028-2032		33,580		6,357
2033-2036		11,960		889
Total	\$	187,040	\$	25,706

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

The County's COPS issuances are secured by collateral of certain County buildings. The following table provides the COPS issuance and County buildings subject to collateralization in the event the County defaults on any COPS issuance.

COPS Issuance									Building Collateral
2013A	2014	2016B	2019	2019A	2020A	2020B	2020C	2021	Adult Detention Facility
2013A	2014	2016B	2019	2019A	2020A	2020B	2020C	2021	Public Works Building and Parking Garage
2013A	2014	2016B	2019	2019A	2020A	2020B	2020C	2021	Legal Services Building
	2014	2016B	2019	2019A	2020A	2020B	2020C	2021	Public Service Center Office Tower and Parking Garage
			2019	2019A	2020A	2020B	2020C	2021	Justice Building

PLEDGED REVENUE OBLIGATIONS Governmental Activities

Pledged Revenue Obligations were issued to pay down the unfunded actuarial liabilities in the County's Public Safety Personnel Retirement System and the Corrections Officers Retirement Plans.

The following table presents amounts outstanding by issue.

Issue	Issue <u>Amount</u>	Interest <u>Rates</u>	<u>Maturities</u>	<u>Call Date</u>	tstanding e 30, 2022
Series of 2021	\$ 300,000	0.27 - 2.51%	2023-36		\$ 296,000
Pledged revenue obligations outstanding					 296,000
Plus unamortized premium/discount:					
-		Total pledg	ged revenue obligat	ions outstanding	\$ 296,000

The following schedule details pledged revenue obligations debt service requirements to maturity at June 30, 2022.

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>P</u>	rincipal	I	<u>Interest</u>		
2023	\$	6,000	\$	5,104		
2024		20,870		5,088		
2025		22,540		4,979		
2026		23,190		4,776		
2027		24,065		4,514		
2028-2032		117,875		16,661		
2033-2036		81,460		4,817		
Total	\$	296,000	\$	45,939		

The County has pledged future State-shared sales tax revenues, State vehicle license tax revenues, County excise tax revenues, and payments in lieu of property tax revenues to repay \$296,000 in pledged revenue obligations issued in 2021. Proceeds from the obligations were used to pay down the unfunded actuarial liabilities for the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System and the Corrections Officers Retirement Plan. The obligations are payable from the various revenues mentioned above and are payable through 2036. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the obligations is \$341,939. It is expected that approximately 15 percent of total future revenues will be used to pay annual principal and interest on the obligations. Prior year pledged revenues are required to be greater than two times the maximum annual debt service payment. Principal and interest paid for these obligations in the current year, and total current year pledged revenues were \$8,741 and \$168,990, respectively.

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

FINANCED PURCHASES Governmental Activities

The County has acquired equipment under contract agreements at a total purchase price of \$725.

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the County's financed purchases at June 30, 2022.

	Installment Notes							
<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Pri</u>	ncipal	Inte	erest				
2023	\$	137	\$	8				
2024		140		5				
2025		107		1				
Total	\$	384	\$	14				

The financed purchases are collateralized by the acquired assets, which consist of computer equipment.

LEASES Governmental Activities

The County has acquired buildings and other improvements under the provisions of various lease agreements.

The total amount of lease assets and the related amortization are as follows:

Total intangible right-to-use lease assets:	\$ 3,526
Less: accumulated amortization	 (859)
Carrying value	\$ 2,667

The following schedule details minimum lease payments to maturity for the County's leases payable at June 30, 2022:

<u>Year Ending June 30.</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2023	\$ 831	\$ 101
2024	664	68
2025	403	45
2026	281	30
2027	78	23
2028-2032	252	82
2033-2037	248	24
Total	\$ 2,757	\$ 373

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the County recognized expenses of \$39 for other payments not included in the measurement of the lease liabilities.

SEWER REVENUE OBLIGATIONS Business-type Activities (Payments made from user charges received in the RWR)

Pima County sewer revenue obligations were issued to provide monies to construct improvements to the County's Regional Wastewater Reclamation system.

On November 4, 2021, the County issued Sewer System Revenue Obligations, Series 2021 in the amount of \$45,000. The proceeds will be used to fund treatment and conveyance projects within the Regional Wastewater Reclamation Fund's Capital Improvement Program. These obligations are projected to be paid in full by fiscal year 2030-31 from the revenues received in the Regional Wastewater Reclamation Fund.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Fund defeased \$19,875 of Sewer Revenue Obligations 2012A with existing resources to reduce the debt service costs and help eliminate the need for future sewer rate increases. Accordingly, the related liabilities are not included in the Fund's financial statements. The Fund placed \$20,894 of existing cash in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for the future debt service payments of \$22,372.

The following table presents amounts outstanding for sewer revenue obligations by issue.

Issue	Issue Amount	Interest Rates	Maturities	Call Date	Outstanding June 30, 2022
Series of 2012A	\$ 128,795	5.00%	2023-27	July 1, 2022	\$ 33,700
Series of 2014	48,500	5.00%	2023-28	July 1, 2023	24,805
Series of 2016 Refunding	211,595	5.00%	2023-26	•	145,035
Series of 2018	38,205	5.00%	2026-33	July 1, 2028	38,205
Series of 2019	21,245	5.00%	2023-32	July 1, 2029	17,175
Series of 2020A	35,295	5.00%	2023-27	-	20,295
Series of 2020B	45,715	5.00%	2023-31	July 1, 2030	44,490
Subtotal				-	323,705
Series of 2017 Direct Placement	45,000	2.77%	2023-31		30,860
Series of 2021 Direct Placement	45,000	1.27%	2023-31		45,000
Subtotal					75,860
Sewer Revenue Obligations outstanding					399,565
Plus unamortized premium/discount:					33,745
_		Total sewer reve	enue obligations outs	standing	\$ 433,310

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

The following schedule details sewer revenue obligation debt service requirements to maturity at June 30, 2022.

		Sewer Obligation Debt Service			<u>Oblig</u>	ations from 1	Direct P	lacement	
<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>]	<u>Principal</u>	I	<u>Interest</u>		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>	
2023	\$	57,750	\$	16,186	\$	7,815	\$	1,426	
2024		50,725		13,298		7,960		1,281	
2025		59,800		10,761		8,115		1,133	
2026		47,210		7,772		8,265		981	
2027		31,855		5,411		8,420		826	
2028-2032		70,735		10,872		35,285		1,688	
2033		5,630		281					
Total	\$	323,705	\$	64,581	\$	75,860	\$	7,335	

All sewer revenue obligations, including direct placements, were issued with a first lien on the pledge of the RWR net revenues and have restrictive covenants, primarily related to minimum utility rates and limitations on future bond issues. The bond covenants also require the RWR to maintain in the Bond Reserve Account monies in amounts set by each debt issue. At June 30, 2022 the RWR met the requirements of the debt covenants. The County is also authorized to issue for the RWR additional parity bonds or revenue obligations if certain conditions are met, primarily that net revenues for parity bonds and pledged revenues for revenue obligations for the fiscal year immediately preceding issuance of the new debt exceed 120 percent of the maximum annual debt service requirements immediately after such issuance.

Pima County has pledged future user charges, net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$323,705 in sewer obligations and \$75,860 in sewer obligations from direct placement issued between 2012 and 2022. Proceeds from the obligations and direct placement provided financing for construction of various treatment facilities and sewer infrastructure within Pima County. The obligations and direct placement are payable from total customer net revenues and are payable through fiscal year 2033. It is expected that approximately 24 percent of total future customer net revenues will be used to pay annual principal and interest payments on the obligations and direct placement. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the obligations and direct placement are \$388,286 and \$83,195 respectively. Principal and interest paid in the current year on revenue obligations and direct placement totaled \$64,317, and principal and interest paid on the direct borrowing totaled \$4,299. Total customer net revenues in the current year were \$97,960.

ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATION Business-type Activities

Pima County's asset retirement obligation is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement and clean closure of a wastewater treatment facility as required by State laws and regulations. The estimates used in calculating this liability are based on actual historical clean-up costs associated with the retirement and clean closure of a recently closed wastewater treatment facility. The clean closure costs estimate is adjusted annually using an inflation factor. The estimated remaining useful lives of the associated wastewater treatment facilities range between 1 to 22 years.

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

CONTRACTS AND NOTES Business-type Activities (Payments made from restricted assets in the RWR)

Contracts and notes consist of contract retentions for several construction projects. Generally, interest is not accrued and the timing of payments is based on completion of the related construction projects.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences are paid from various funds in the same proportion that those funds pay payroll costs. During the fiscal year 2022, the County paid for compensated absences from governmental funds with 74 percent from the General Fund, 19 percent from Other Special Revenue funds, 4 percent from Grants Special Revenue fund and 3 percent from internal service funds. The County also paid compensated absences from business-type activity funds with 84 percent from the Regional Wastewater Reclamation fund and 16 percent from other enterprise funds.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN County General Obligation Bonds

General obligation debt may not exceed 6 percent of the value of the County's taxable property as of the latest assessment. However, with voter approval, debt may be incurred up to 15 percent of the value of taxable property. Pima County has received voter approval for all general obligation debt. The legal debt margin at June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Net assessed valuation		\$ 10,836,343
Debt limit (15% of net assessed valuation):		1,625,451
Less amount of debt applicable to debt limit:		
General obligation bonds outstanding Less general obligation bonds outstanding for the Rocking K	\$ 93,746	
South CFD	(131)	 93,615
Legal debt margin available		\$ 1,531,836

Note 8: Landfill Liabilities

Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs

State and Federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its solid waste landfill sites when these sites stop accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the sites for thirty years after their closure. Although closure and post-closure care costs will not be paid until near or after the date the landfills stop accepting waste, the County records a portion of these closure and post-closure care costs as a long-term liability in each period, based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$10,375 reported as landfill closure and post-closure care long-term liability within the governmental activities represents the cumulative amount reported to date, based on the percentage used of each landfill's total estimated capacity. The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and post-closure care of \$4,303 as the remaining estimated capacities are used. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022; actual costs may change due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

Landfill Site	Capacity Used June 30, 2022	Estimated Remaining Service Life
Ajo	79%	34 Years
Sahuarita*	59%	25 Years
Tangerine	100%	Closed

*The Sahuarita Landfill stopped accepting waste from the public in February 2016, but remains open for internal County waste disposal needs.

The County plans to fund the estimated closure and post-closure care costs with General Fund monies.

According to State and Federal laws and regulations, the County must comply with the local government financial test requirements that ensure the County can meet the costs of landfill closure, post-closure, and corrective action when needed. The County is in compliance with these requirements. The County closed its Ina Road Landfill facility during fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This facility is not subject to the closure and post-closure cost requirements referred to above. The County estimates that the total closure costs of the landfill will be \$3,934 and has currently paid \$3,138 of these closure costs. The remaining closure costs will primarily be funded with General Fund monies.

On June 1, 2013, Tucson Recycling and Waste Services was contracted to operate the Landfill and Transfer Station operations on behalf of Pima County in an agency capacity. The closure and post closure costs remain the liability of Pima County.

Note 9: Interfund Transactions

A. Interfund Assets/Liabilities

Interfund Receivables/Payables - interfund balances at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	Amou	int
General	Other Governmental – Wireless Integrated Network	\$	700
Total General I	Fund interfund receivable	\$	700

The interfund receivable of \$700 within the General Fund was established to fund the replacement of the aging microwave backhaul system of the County's Wireless Integrated Network. The interfund loan is payable over a five year period with no interest and will be repaid in full in fiscal year 2023.

Due from/Due to other funds for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Amounts recorded as due to:

s due from:	General	Capital Projects	Grants	Other ernmental	Wast	gional tewater amation	ernal rvice	Total
General Capital Projects Grants Other Governmental Regional Wastewater Reclamation	\$ 117 1,616	\$ 1,029	\$ 1,067 2,259 198	\$ 1,748 72	\$	73	\$ 21	\$ 2,836 2,332 189 2,843
Reclamation	7			 			 	7
Total	\$ 1,740	\$ 1,029	\$ 3,524	\$ 1,820	\$	73	\$ 21	\$ 8,207

Due from/Due to other funds are used to record short-term loans or unpaid transfers between funds. Outstanding due to/due from amounts represent cash transfers that had not occurred at the end of the year. All due to/due from amounts are expected to be paid in one year.

The due to Capital Projects from the Grants Fund represents transfers for various developments from federal aid reimbursements, while the amount due from the Regional Wastewater Fund represents cost sharing between funds for Transportation and Sewer Utility projects.

Note 9: Interfund Transactions (continued)

B. Interfund Transfers

Transfers are used to move monies between individual funds primarily to properly account for capital projects activity, debt service activity, and to subsidize departmental operations.

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Amounts recorded as transfers out:

	General	Capital Projects	Grants	Other ernmental	Was	gional stewater amation	Other terprise	ternal ervice	Total
General			\$ 3,316	\$ 1,180	\$	134			\$ 4,630
Capital Projects	\$ 27,468		9,154	35,301		540		\$ 500	72,963
Debt Service	23,533	\$ 7,589		30,267			\$ 634		62,023
Grants	1,362	42		1,387					2,791
Other	36,883	47,108	265	460		145		19	84,880
Governmental									
Internal Service	1,360			 			 	 	1,360
Total	\$ 90,606	\$ 54,739	\$ 12,735	\$ 68,595	\$	819	\$ 634	\$ 519	\$ 228,647

The following is a summary of the significant transfer activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

The transfers out of the General Fund were made to the Other Governmental Funds to support Health Fund operations.

The transfers out of the General Fund were made to the Other Governmental Funds to support Transportation's Certificates of Participation debt service payments.

The transfers out of the General Fund were made to the Other Governmental Funds to support the Stadium's Fund operations.

The transfers out of the General Fund were made to the Capital Projects Fund for this year's pay-as-you-go pavement repair.

The transfers out of the General Fund were made to the Debt Service Fund for the Pledged Revenue Obligation and Certificates of Participation debt service payments.

The transfers out of the Capital Projects Fund were made to the Other Governmental Funds to support the Transportation's local pavement repair and rehabilitation project.

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits

The County contributes to the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS), the Corrections Officer Retirement Plan (CORP), the Corrections Officer Retirement Plan – Administrative Office of the Courts (CORP AOC), the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS), consisting of Pima County Sheriffs and Pima County – County Attorney Investigators, the Public Safety Personnel Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (PSPDCRP), the Elected Officials Retirement Plan (EORP), and the Elected Officials Defined Contribution Retirement System (EODCRS), all component units of the State of Arizona.

At June 30, 2022, the County reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for all plans to which it contributes:

Statement of net position and <u>Statement of activities</u>	 overnmental <u>activities</u>	iness-type <u>ctivities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Net OPEB assets	\$ 18,399	\$ 1,053	\$ 19,452
Net pension and OPEB liabilities	628,368	28,264	656,632
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB	370,780	7,300	378,080
Deferred inflows of resources			
related to pensions and OPEB	153,310	10,946	164,256
Pension and OPEB expense	50,409	886	51,295

The County's accrued payroll and employee benefits includes \$1,620 of outstanding pension and OPEB contribution amounts payable to all plans for the year ended June 30, 2022. Also, the County reported \$309,092 of pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures in the governmental funds related to all plans to which it contributes.

The ASRS, CORP, CORP AOC, PSPRS - Pima County Sheriffs, and EORP plans are described below. The PSPRS, Pima County Attorney Investigators, PSPDCRP, EODCRS pension plans, and all OPEB plans are not described due to their relative insignificance to the County's financial statements.

A. Arizona State Retirement System

Plan description - County employees not covered by the other pension plans described below participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Arizona State Retirement System board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 2. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its website at <u>www.azasrs.gov.</u>

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Benefits provided - The ASRS provides retirement and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

Retirement Initial membership date					
Before July 1, 2011	On or after July 1, 2011				
Sum of years and age equals 80 10 years, age 62 5 years, age 50* any years, age 65	30 years, age 55 25 years, age 60 10 years, age 62 5 years, age 50* any years, age 65				
Highest 36 consecutive months of last 120 months	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 120 months				
2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%				
	Initial membe Before July 1, 2011 Sum of years and age equals 80 10 years, age 62 5 years, age 50* any years, age 65 Highest 36 consecutive months of last 120 months				

*With actuarially reduced benefits

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-ofliving adjustments based on excess investment earning. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the retirement benefit option chosen determines the survivor benefit. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Contributions - In accordance with State statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2022, statute required active ASRS members to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.22 percent of the members' annual covered payroll, and statute required the County to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.01 percent of the active members' annual covered payroll.

In addition, the County was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 10.13 percent of the annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the County in positions that an employee who contributes to the ASRS would typically fill.

The County's total contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, was \$30,252.

During fiscal year 2022, the County paid for ASRS pension contributions as follows: 63 percent from the General Fund, 14 percent from major funds, and 23 percent from other funds.

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Liability - At June 30, 2022, the County reported the following liability for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension liability.

ASRS	Net pension liability
Pension	\$ 283,562

The net liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total liability used to calculate the net asset or net liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. The total liabilities as of June 30, 2021, reflect changes in actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2020, including decreasing the discount rate from 7.5 percent to 7.0 percent and changing the projected salary increases from 2.7–7.2 percent to 2.9–8.4 percent.

The County's proportion of the net liability was based on the County's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021. The County's proportions measured as of June 30, 2021, and the change from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2020, were:

ASRS	Proportion June 30, 2021	Decrease from June 30, 2020		
Pension	2.16%	(0.10)		

Expense - For the year ended June 30, 2022, the County recognized the following pension expense.

ASRS	Pension expense
Pension	\$ 15,819

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources - At June 30, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

ASRS	 ed outflows esources	Deferred inflows of resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 4,323			
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	36,908			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		\$	89,842	
Changes in proportion and differences between county contributions and proportionate share of contributions	16		11,281	
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	30,252			
Total	\$ 71,499	\$	101,123	

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as expenses as follows:

Year ending June 30	
2023	\$ (5,401)
2024	(3,709)
2025	(19,806)
2026	(30,960)

Actuarial assumptions - The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

ASRS	
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.0%
Projected salary increases	2.9-8.4%
Inflation	2.3%
Permanent benefit increase	Included
Mortality rates	2017 SRA Scale U-MP

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS pension plan investments was determined to be 7.0 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

ASRS		Long-term expected
	Target	geometric real rate
Asset class	allocation	of return
Equity	50%	4.90%
Fixed income – credit	20%	5.20%
Fixed income - interest rate sensitive	10%	0.70%
Real estate	20%	5.70%
Total	100%	

Discount rate - At June 30, 2021, the discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension liability was 7.0 percent, which was a decrease of 0.5 from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the ASRS net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.0 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

ASRS	- / 0	Decrease (6.0%)	Curr	-	t discount rate (7.0%)	19	% Increase (8.0%)
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	446,019		\$	283,562	\$	148,118

Pension plan fiduciary net position - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

B. Public Safety Personnel Retirement System and Corrections Officer Retirement Plan

Plan descriptions - County sheriff employees who are regularly assigned hazardous duty participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS). The PSPRS administers an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. A 9-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4.

County detention officers and Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) probation, surveillance, and juvenile detention officers participate in the Corrections Officer Retirement Plan (CORP). The CORP administers an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for county detention officers (agent plan), which was closed to new members as of July 1, 2018, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for CORP members before July 1, 2018, participate in CORP, and AOC probation and surveillance officers who became members on or after July 1, 2018, participate in CORP. The PSPRS Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern CORP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 6.

The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for PSPRS and CORP plans. The report is available on the PSPRS website at <u>www.psprs.com</u>.

Benefits provided - The PSPRS and CORP provide retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

PSPRS		Initial membership date:	
	Before January 1, 2012	On or after January 1, 2012 and before July 1, 2017	On or after July 1, 2017
Retirement and disability	Defore January 1, 2012	Defore July 1, 2017	On of after July 1, 2017
Years of service and age required to receive benefit	20 years of service, any age 15 years of service, age 62	25 years of service or 15 years of credited service, age 52.5	15 years of credited service, age 52.5* 15 or more years of service, age 55
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 20 years	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 15 years
Benefit percent			
Normal retirement	50% less 2.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years OR plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited service over 20 years, not to exceed 80%	1.5% to 2.5% per year of credit	red service, not to exceed 80%
Accidental disability retirement	50% d	or normal retirement, whichever is	greater
Catastrophic disability retirement		e first 60 months then reduced to enormal retirement, whichever is growing	
Ordinary disability retirement		ted with actual years of credited se , multiplied by years of credited se divided by 20	
Survivor Benefit			
Retired members	80% to	100% of retired member's pension	n benefit
Active members		tal disability retirement benefit or f death was the result of injuries re	
*With actuarially reduced benefits			

*With actuarially reduced benefits

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

CORP		Initial membership date:	
	Before January 1, 2012	On or after January 1, 2012 and before July 1, 2018	AOC probation and surveillance officers: On or after July 1, 2018
Retirement and disability	k /	• •	• *
Years of service and age required to receive benefit	Sum of years and age equals 80 20 years, any age 10 years, age 62	25 years, age 52.5 10 years, age 62	10 years, age 52.5* 10 or more years, age 55
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 10 years	Highest 60 c months of la	consecutive ast 10 years
Benefit percent			
Normal retirement	2.0% to 2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%	2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%	1.25 to 2.25% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%
Accidental disability retirement	50% or normal retirement if more than 20 years of credited service	50% or normal retirement if m serv	
Total and permanent disability retirement	50% or normal r	etirement if more than 25 years o	f credited service
Ordinary disability retirement		2.5% per year of credited service	;
Survivor Benefit			
Retired members	80%	% of retired member's pension be	nefit
Active members	the result of injuries received of	ensation or 100% of average mor on the job. If there is no surviving entitled to 2 times the member's	spouse or eligible children, the
*With actuarially reduced benefits	beneficiary is	entrice to 2 times the member s	controduons.

*With actuarially reduced benefits

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on inflation. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

Employees covered by benefit terms - At June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the agent plans' benefit terms:

	PSPRS Sheriff	CORP Detention
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	460	249
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	140	188
Active employees	421	326
Total	1,021	763

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Contributions - State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS and CORP employees. In accordance with State statues, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS and CORP pension. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions rates for the year ended June 30, 2022, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

Active member -				
	pension	County - pension		
PSPRS Sheriff	7.65% - 11.65%	82.13%		
CORP Detention	8.41%	35.04%		
CORP AOC	8.41% or 10.18%	35.48%		

In addition, statute required the County to contribute at the actuarially determined rate indicated below of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the County in positions that an employee who contributes to the PSPRS or CORP would typically fill.

	Pension
PSPRS Sheriff	70.05%
CORP Detention	29.80%
CORP AOC	31.35%

The County's contributions to the plans for the year ended June 30, 2022, were:

	Pension		
PSPRS Sheriff	\$	207,563	
CORP Detention		65,353	
CORP AOC		4,554	

During fiscal year 2022, the County paid for PSPRS and CORP pension contributions as follows: 99 percent from the General Fund and 1 percent from other non-major funds.

Liability - At June 30, 2022, the County reported the following liabilities:

	et pension liability
PSPRS Sheriff	\$ 213,508
CORP Detention	62,664
CORP AOC (County's proportionate share)	40,691

The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total liability used to calculate the net liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Actuarial assumptions - The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

PSPRS and CORP - Pension

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.3%
Wage inflation	3.5%
Price Inflation	2.5%
Cost-of-living adjustment	1.75%
Mortality rates	PubS-2010 tables

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS and CORP plan investments was determined to be 7.3 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

PSPRS and CORP	Target	Long-term expected geometric real
Asset class	allocation	rate of return
U.S. public equity	24%	4.08%
International public equity	16%	5.20%
Global private equity	20%	7.67%
Other assets (capital appreciation)	7%	5.43%
Core bonds	2%	0.42%
Private credit	20%	5.74%
Diversifying strategies	10%	3.99%
Cash – Mellon	1%	-0.31%
Total	100%	

Discount rate - At June 30, 2021, the discount rate used to measure the PSPRS and CORP total pension liabilities was 7.3 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Changes in the net pension liability

$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c } \hline Total pension \\ itability \\ \hline a blances at June 30, 2021 \\ Changes for the year: \\ Service cost \\ Service cost \\ Contributions—employee \\ Contributions—employee \\ Administrative expense \\ Other changes \\ Administrative expense \\ Other changes \\ CORP - Detention \\ Balances at June 30, 2021 \\ Service cost \\ Contributions—employee \\ Administrative expense \\ Other changes \\ CORP - Detention \\ Balances at June 30, 2021 \\ Service cost \\ Administrative expense \\ Other changes \\ Administrative expense \\ Other changes \\ Service cost \\ CORP - Detention \\ Balances at June 30, 2021 \\ Service cost \\ Service cost \\ CORP - Detention \\ Balances at June 30, 2021 \\ Service cost \\ Ser$	PSPRS – Sheriff	Increase (decrease)					
Balances at June 30, 2021§442,232§169,258§272,974Changes for the year: Service cost5,9415,9415,941Interest on the total liability31,79231,79231,792Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the liability(2,186)(2,186)Contributions—employce1,829(1,829)Net investment income47,807(47,807)Benefit payments, including refunds of employce contributions(25,336)(25,336)Administrative expense(227)227Other changes10,21169,677(59,466)Balances at June 30, 2022\$45,507\$213,508Total pension liability (a)Balances at June 30, 2021\$155,507\$67,940\$Service cost liability2,7942,7942,794Interest on the total liability liability11,27211,27211,272Differences between expected and actual experince in the measurement of the liability(3,999)(3,999)(3,999)Contributions—employce contributions—employce1,585(1,585)(1,585)(1,585)Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employce contributions(7,771)(7,771)(7,771)Administrative expense of the years(63)663Net charges(63)636363Net harges(2,296)27,199(24,903)		liability		Plan f	position		iability
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$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $							
$\begin{array}{c cccc} \mbox{Contributionsemployer} & 45,560 & (45,560) \\ \mbox{Contributionsemployee} & 1,829 & (1,829) \\ \mbox{Net investment income} & 47,807 & (47,807) \\ \mbox{Benefit payments, including refunds of} & (25,336) & (25,336) \\ \mbox{Administrative expense} & (227) & 227 \\ \mbox{Other changes} & & 44 & (44) \\ \mbox{Net changes} & & 10,211 & 69,677 & (59,466) \\ \mbox{Balances at June 30, 2022} & $$ 452,443 & $$ 238,935 & $$ 213,508 \\ \hline \\ $			(2,186)				(2,186)
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(a)(b)(a) - (b)Balances at June 30, 2021 $$$$ $$$$ $$155,507$$ $$$$ $$67,940$$ $$$$ $$87,567$$ Changes for the year: Service cost $2,794$ $$2,794$$ $$2,794$$ $$2,794$$ Interest on the total liability $$11,272$$ $$11,272$$ $$11,272$$ Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the liability $$(3,999)$$ $$(3,999)$$ $$(3,999)$$ Contributions—employer $$14,666$$ $$(14,666)$$ $$(14,666)$$ Contributions—employee $$1,585$$ $$(1,585)$$ Net investment income $$18,869$$ $$(18,869)$$ Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions $$(7,771)$$ $$(7,771)$$ Administrative expense $$(63)$$ $$63$$ Other charges $$(63)$$ $$63$$ Net changes $$2,296$$ $$27,199$$ $$(24,903)$$							
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Interest on the total liability11,27211,272Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the liability(3,999)(3,999)Contributions—employer14,666(14,666)Contributions—employee1,585(1,585)Net investment income18,869(18,869)Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions(7,771)(7,771)Administrative expense(87)87Other charges(63)63Net changes2,29627,199(24,903)	• •						
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Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions(7,771)Administrative expense(87)Other charges(63)Net changes2,29627,199(24,903)							
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Other charges (63) 63 Net changes 2,296 27,199 (24,903)			(',''')				87
Net changes 2,296 27,199 (24,903)							
			2,296				
		\$	157,803	\$	95,139	\$	

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

The County's proportion of the CORP AOC net pension liability was based on the County's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating counties' actual contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021. The County's proportion measured as of June 30, 2021, and the change from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2020, were:

CORP AOC	Proportion June 30, 2021	Increase from June 30, 2020	
Pension	10.96%	0.07	

Sensitivity of the County's net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The following table presents the County's net pension liabilities calculated using the discount rate of 7.3 percent, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.3 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.3 percent) than the current rate:

	- / •	Decrease (6.3%)	 ent discount te (7.3%)	- / •	Increase 8.3%)
PSPRS Sheriff Net pension liability	\$	270,183	\$ 213,508	\$	166,810
CORP Detention Net pension liability	\$	84,453	\$ 62,664	\$	44,954
CORP AOC County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	55,064	\$ 40,691	\$	28,918

Plan fiduciary net position - Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS and CORP financial reports.

Pension expense - For the year ended June 30, 2022, the County recognized the following pension expense:

	-	ension xpense
PSPRS Sheriff	\$	22,614
CORP Detention		7,577
CORP AOC (County's proportionate share)		3,589

Pension deferred outflows/inflows of resources - At June 30, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

PSPRS – Sheriff	 red outflows resources	 red inflows esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 6,655	\$ 2,304
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	3,980	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		20,302
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	207,563	
Total	\$ 218,198	\$ 22,606

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

CORP – Detention

CORP – Detention	Deferred outflows of resources		Deferred inflows of resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	5,217	\$	3,837
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		1,805		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments				8,582
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		65,353		
Total	\$	72,375	\$	12,419
CORP – AOC		ed outflows of esources		d inflows of ources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$	3,884 834	\$	1,193
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between county				6,569
contributions and proportionate share of contributions County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		234 4,554		1,619
Total	\$	9,506	\$	9,381

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from county contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	PSPRS Sheriff	CORP Detention		CORP AOC	
Year ending June 30					
2023	\$ (207)	\$	(155)	\$	(546)
2024	(360)		168		(107)
2025	(4,036)		(1,890)		(1,486)
2026	(7,368)		(3,520)		(2,290)
	\$ (11,971)	\$	(5,397)	\$	(4,429)

C. Elected Officials Retirement Plan

Plan description - Elected officials and judges participate in the Elected Officials Retirement Plan (EORP) or ASRS. EORP administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for elected officials and judges who were members of the plan on December 31, 2013. This EORP pension plan was closed to new members as of January 1, 2014. The PSPRS Board of Trustees governs the EORP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 3. The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the EORP plan. The report is available on PSPRS's website at www.psprs.com.

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Benefits provided - The EORP provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement, disability and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average yearly compensation, and service credit as follows:

EORP	Initial membership date:					
	Before January 1, 2012	On or after January 1, 2012				
Retirement and Disability						
Years of service and age required to receive benefit	20 years, any age 10 years, age 62 5 years, age 65 5 years, any age* any years and age if disabled	10 years, age 62 5 years, age 65 any years and age if disabled				
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 10 years	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 10 years				
Benefit percent						
Normal retirement	4% per year of service, not to exceed 80%	3% per year of service, not to exceed 75%				
Disability retirement	80% with 10 or more years of service 40% with 5 to 10 years of service 20% with less than 5 years of service	75% with 10 or more years of service 37.5% with 5 to 10 years of service 18.75% with less than 5 years of service				
Survivor benefit						
Retired members	75% of retired member's benefit	50% of retired member's benefit				
Active members and other inactive members	75% of disability retirement benefit	50% of disability retirement benefit				

*With reduced benefits of 0.25% for each month early retirement precedes the member's normal retirement age, with a maximum reduction of 30%.

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on inflation. In addition, the Legislature may enact permanent one-time benefit increases after a Joint Legislative Budget Committee analysis of the increase's effects on the plan.

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Contributions - State statutes establish active member and employer contribution requirements. Statute also appropriates \$5 million annually through fiscal year 2043 for the EORP from the State of Arizona to supplement the normal cost plus an amount to amortize the unfunded accrued liability and designates a portion of certain court fees for the EORP. For the year ended June 30, 2022, statute required active EORP members to contribute 7 or 13 percent of the members' annual covered payroll and the County to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 61.43 percent to EORP of the annual covered payroll of elected officials and judges who were ASRS members, in addition to the County's required contributions to ASRS. In addition, statute required the County to contribute 41.59 percent of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the County in positions that an employee who contributes to the EORP would typically fill.

The County's contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, were \$4,045.

During fiscal year 2022, the County paid for EORP pension contributions entirely from the General Fund.

Liability - At June 30, 2022, the County reported a liability for its proportionate share of the EORP's net pension liability that reflected a reduction for the County's proportionate share of the State's appropriation for EORP. The amount the County recognized as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the County were as follows:

County's proportionate share of the EORP net pension liability	\$ 54,444
State's proportionate share of the EORP net pension liability associated with the County	5,472
Total	\$ 59,916

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total liability used to calculate the net liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's required contributions to the pension plan relative to the total of all participating employers' required contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021. The County's proportion measured as of June 30, 2021, and the change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020, were:

EORP	Proportion <u>June 30, 2021</u>	Decrease from June 30, 2020
Pension	8.95%	(0.15)

Expense - For the year ended June 30, 2022, the County recognized pension expense for EORP of \$2,831, and revenue of \$1,291 for the County's proportionate share of the State's appropriation to EORP and the designated court fees.

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources - At June 30, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

EORP	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflo of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience			\$	724	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs					
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments				2,774	
Changes in proportion and differences between county contributions and proportionate share of contributions				512	
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	4,045			
Total	\$	4,045	\$	4,010	

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to EORP pensions resulting from county contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to EORP pensions will be recognized as expenses as follows:

Year ending June 30	
2023	\$ (1,806)
2024	(578)
2025	(682)
2026	(944)

Actuarial assumptions - The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

EORP	
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.3%
Wage inflation	3.75%
Price inflation	2.5%
Cost of living adjustment	1.75%
Mortality rates	PubG-2010 tables

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2017.

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on EORP plan investments was determined to be 7.3 percent using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

EORP	Target	Long-term expected geometric real
Asset class	allocation	rate of return
U.S. public equity	24%	4.08%
International public equity	16%	5.20%
Global private equity	20%	7.67%
Other assets (capital appreciation)	7%	5.43%
Core bonds	2%	0.42%
Private credit	20%	5.74%
Diversifying strategies	10%	3.99%
Cash - Mellon	1%	-0.31%
Total	100%	

Discount rates - At June 30, 2021, the discount rate used to measure the EORP total pension liability was 7.3 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, employer contributions will be made at the actuarially determined rates, and State contributions will be made as currently required by statute. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the EORP net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.3 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.3 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.3 percent) than the current rate:

EORP	1	% Decrease 6.3%	Current Discount Rate 7.3%		1	1% Increase 8.3%	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	62,560	\$	54,444	\$	47,478	

Plan fiduciary net position - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued EORP financial report.

Note 11: Construction and Other Significant Commitments

At June 30, 2022, Pima County had the following major contractual commitments:

Community & Workforce Development

The Community & Workforce Development Department had contractual commitments related to service contracts of \$26,599. Funding for these expenditures will be provided from reimbursements on intergovernmental grant awards, including federal and state entities.

Facilities Management

The Facilities Management Department had construction contractual commitments of \$33,381 and other contractual commitments related to service contracts of \$6,314. Funding for these expenditures will be provided from Certificates of Participation and general fund and building rental revenues.

Environmental Quality

The Environmental Quality Department had construction contractual commitments of \$6,391 and other contractual commitments related to service contracts of \$72. Funding for these expenditures will be provided from general fund revenues.

Behavioral Health

The Behavioral Health Department had construction contractual commitments of \$1,000 and other contractual commitments related to service contracts of \$65,512. Funding for these expenditures will be provided from general fund and grant revenues.

Health

The Health Department had contractual commitments related to service contracts of \$6,302. Funding for these expenditures will be provided from general fund and grant revenues.

Regional Flood Control

The Regional Flood Control Department had construction contractual commitments of \$7,306 and other contractual commitments related to services contracts of \$1,049. Funding for these expenditures will be primarily from tax levy revenues.

Regional Wastewater Reclamation

The Regional Wastewater Reclamation enterprise fund had construction contractual commitments of \$46,754 and other contractual commitments related to services of \$6,494. Funding for these expenses will be primarily from the Sewer Revenue Obligations and sewer user fees.

Transportation

The Transportation Department had construction contractual commitments of \$31,380 and other contractual commitments related to services of \$8,675. Funding for these expenditures will be primarily provided from Transportation Revenue bonds, Certificates of Participation, federal grants, and state Highway User Tax Revenue.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

Note 12: Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

At June 30, 2022, the following nonmajor fund reported a deficit in fund balance:

Fund	Deficit
Governmental Fund:	
Health	1,997

The Health Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$1,997. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, many of the expenditures incurred by the Health Department that met the eligibility criteria for grant funding, were received and reported within the Grants Fund. However, for some of the larger grants received, there were eligibility restrictions related to the timing of when costs were incurred. This resulted in expenditures being ineligible for grant funding and ended up being reported within the Health Fund. These will be eliminated through subsidies from the General Fund.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

Note 13: Subsequent Events

Sewer System Revenue Obligations – On August 18, 2022 the County defeased \$3,645 of the Series 2014 and \$14,000 of the Series 2016 outstanding Sewer System Revenue Obligations using available cash of the Regional Wastewater Reclamation Fund.

On November 16, 2022, the County issued Sewer System Revenue and Revenue Refunding Obligations, Series 2022 in the amount of \$68,225. The proceeds will be used to fund treatment and conveyance projects within the Regional Wastewater Reclamation Fund's Capital Improvement Program and to refund the outstanding balance of the 2012A issue. The Series 2022 obligations are projected to be paid in full by fiscal year 2032-33 from the revenues received in the Regional Wastewater Reclamation Fund.

Certificates of Participation – On November 17, 2022, the County issued Certificates of Participation, Series 2022AB in the amount of \$88,445. The proceeds from the 2022A will be used to be used to fund various Sheriff and Facilities Management projects and will be repaid within fifteen years using General Fund revenues. The proceeds from the 2022B will be used to fund the Road Repair Program and the new Enterprise Software System and will be repaid within five years using General Fund and General Fund PAYGO revenues.





REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other Than Management's Discussion & Analysis

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
Revenues:	<u> </u>			
Property taxes	379,654	379,654	378,098	(1,556)
Licenses and permits	3,684	3,684	3,911	227
Intergovernmental	182,939	182,939	221,644	38,705
Charges for services	42,897	42,897	43,226	329
Fines and forfeits	3,101	3,101	2,572	(529)
Investment earnings	403	403	842	439
Miscellaneous	4,974	4,974	16,098	11,124
Total revenues	617,652	617,652	666,391	48,739
Expenditures:				
General government				
Analytics & Data Governance	3,319	3,319	2,902	417
Assessor	9,678	9,678	8,265	1,413
Board of Supervisors	2,663	2,663	2,527	136
Clerk of Superior Court	11,411	11,411	11,126	285
Constables	1,640	1,640	1,556	84
County Administration	138,178	138,178	66,697	71,481
County Attorney	24,664	24,664	24,084	580
Facilities Management	23,844	23,844	21,423	2,421
Justice Courts	9,133	9,133	8,635	498
Juvenile Courts	20,497	20,497	20,478	19
Public Defense Services	31,820	31,820	35,114	(3,294)
Public Works	2,263	2,263	2,241	22
Recorder	6,720	6,720	3,978	2,742
Superior Court	37,306	37,306	38,965	(1,659)
Superior Court Mandated Services Treasurer	1,844	1,844	1,897	(53)
	2,557	2,557	2,256	301
Public safety				
Finance	300,000	300,000	268,134	31,866
Sheriff	142,228	142,228	139,984	2,244
Office of Emergency Management & Homeland Security	787	787	712	75
Sanitation				
Environmental Quality	1,346	1,346	1,274	72
Health	4.000	4 0 0 0	4.012	-
Forensic Science Center	4,883	4,883	4,813	70
Pima Animal Care Welfare	12,068	12,068	11,209	859
Finance	15 000	15 000	15,000	
Behavioral Health	15,000 32,544	15,000 32,544	24,444	8,100
County Administration	60,744	60,744	60,744	8,100
Culture and recreation	00,744	00,744	00,744	
Parks and Recreation	20,175	20,175	19,102	1,073
Education and economic opportunity	20,175	20,175	19,102	1,075
Community & Workforce Development	25,012	25,012	11,745	13,267
School Superintendent	2,186	2,186	2,131	55
Debt Service - principal	,	,	544	(544)
- interest			79	(79)
Total expenditures	944,510	944,510	812,059	132,451
i otar experientures	944,510	944,510	812,039	132,431
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(326,858)	(326,858)	(145,668)	181,190
Other financing sources (uses):				
Lease agreements			2,331	2,331
Proceeds from sale of capital assets			1	1
Transfers in	5,236	5,236	4,630	(606)
Transfers (out)	(94,148)	(94,148)	(90,606)	3,542
Total other financing uses	(88,912)	(88,912)	(83,644)	5,268
Net change in fund balances	(415,770)	(415,770)	(229,312)	186,458
Fund balances at beginning of year	415,770	415,770	433,852	18,082
Fund balances at end of year			\$ 204,540	\$ 204,540

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Grants Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
Revenues: Intergovernmental Investment earnings	\$ 452,939	\$ 452,939	\$ 128,248 408	\$ (324,691) 408
Miscellaneous	4,969	4,969	13,210	8,241
Total revenues	457,908	457,908	141,866	(316,042)
Expenditures:				
General government				
Clerk of the Superior Court	822	822	24	798
Constables	35	35	8	27
County Administration	354,148	354,148	45,616	308,532
County Attorney	4,980	4,980	3,939	1,041
Justice Courts	7	7	95	(88)
Juvenile Courts	1,092	1,092	882	210
Public Defense Services	1,624	1,624	1,298	326
Public Works	5,300	5,300	14	5,286
Recorder	300	300		300
Superior Court	1,626	1,626	1,361	265
Public safety				
Flood Control	1,583	1,583	788	795
Sheriff	5,199	5,199	2,854	2,345
Office of Emergency Management & Homeland Security	1,376	1,376	1,324	52
Highways and streets				
Transportation				
Health				
Environmental Quality	1,348	1,348	968	380
Forensic Science Center	48	48	20	28
Health	15,480	15,480	22,968	(7,488)
Pima Animal Care	1,101	1,101	771	330
Welfare				
Behavioral Health	723	723	362	361
Culture and recreation				
Parks and Recreation	335	335	237	98
Education and economic opportunity				
Community & Workforce Development	59,433	59,433	45,638	13,795
Total expenditures	456,560	456,560	129,167	327,393
Excess of revenues over expenditures	1,348	1,348	12,699	11,351
Other financing sources (uses):	6.075	()75	2 701	(2.204)
Transfers in	6,075	6,075	2,791	(3,284)
Transfers (out)	(10,210)	(10,210)	(12,735)	(2,525)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,135)	(4,135)	(9,944)	(5,809)
Net change in fund balance	(2,787)	(2,787)	2,755	5,542
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,948	1,948	(27,569)	(29,517)
Fund balance at end of year	\$ (839)	\$ (839)	\$ (24,814)	\$ (23,975)

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PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Notes to Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

Note 1: Budgeting and Budgetary Control

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) require the County to prepare and adopt a balanced budget annually for each governmental fund. The Board of Supervisors must approve such operating budgets on or before the third Monday in July to allow sufficient time for the legal announcements and hearings required for the adoption of the property tax levy on the third Monday in August. A.R.S. prohibits expenditures or liabilities in excess of the amounts budgeted.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level. In certain instances, transfers of appropriations between departments or from the contingency account to a department may be made upon the Board of Supervisors' approval. With the exception of the General, Grants, and Other Special Revenue Fund, each fund includes only one department.

Note 2: Budgetary basis of accounting

The County's budget is prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, except for the Present value of net minimum lease payments unbudgeted item reported as lease agreements.

	Gei	neral rund
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		
from the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances	\$	(147,999)
Present value of net minimum lease payments		2,331
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures from the budgetary comparison schedules		(145,668)

Note 3: Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2022, expenditures for the following departments in the General and Grants Funds exceeded final budget amounts at the department level (the legal level of budgetary control) as follows:

Function/Department	Exce	ess
General government:		
Justice Courts - Grants	\$	88
Public Defense Services - General Fund		3,294
Superior Court - General Fund		1,659
Superior Court Mandated Service - General Fund		53
Total general government		5,094
Health:		
Health - Grants Fund		7,488
Total health		7,488
Debt Service:		
Principal - General Fund		544
Interest - General Fund		79
Total debt service		623

For the Public Defense Services - General Fund the excess was due to more than double the expected cost for contracted attorneys fees. The Office of Court Appointed Counsel provides constitutionally required representation. In-Lieu of internal representation the Office of Court Appointed Counsel contracts with private attorneys to provide the constitutionally required counsel. The high case filings from the Pima County Attorney and retention issues which increased the contracting for private attorneys were not a consideration at the time the budgetary process was completed, which resulted in the \$3,294 excess.

For the Health – Grants Fund, the excess was due to a large number of grants received in response to the public health emergency related to the COVID-19 pandemic. The County developed the Health – Grant Fund estimated budget based on the guidelines initially established by the grantors. However, after the budgetary process was completed, updated guidance was issued by the grantors which provided clarity on what types of expenditures would be allowable and additional funding was made available. As a result, additional expenditures were incurred by this fund over what was originally budgeted.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability **Cost-Sharing Pension Plans** June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

Arizona State Retirement System	Reporting Fiscal Year													
	(Measurement Date)													
	2022	2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014												
	(2021)	(2020)	(2019)	(2018)	(2017)	(2016)	(2015)	(2014)	2013					
County's proportion of the net pension liability	2.16%	2.26%	2.28%	2.36%	2.41%	2.44%	2.51%	2.56%						
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 283,562	\$ 390,909	\$ 332,203	\$ 328,958	\$ 375,197	\$ 393,174	\$ 391,629	\$ 379,139						
County's covered payroll	\$ 242,422	\$ 246,354	\$ 241,159	\$ 233,929	\$ 235,375	\$ 228,129	\$ 231,570	\$ 229,907	Information					
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability									not available					
as a percentage of its covered payroll	116.97%	158.68%	137.75%	140.62%	159.40%	172.35%	169.12%	164.91%	not available					
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total														
pension liability	78.58%	69.33%	73.24%	73.40%	69.92%	67.06%	68.35%	69.49%						

Corrections Officer Retirement Plan-Administrative

Corrections Officer Retirement Plan—													
Administrative Office of the Courts				Re	porting Fiscal	Year							
		(Measurement Date)											
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014 thru				
	(2021)	(2020)	(2019)	(2018)	(2017)	(2016)	(2015)	(2014)	2013				
County's proportion of the net pension liability	10.96%	10.89%	11.44%	11.51%	11.95%	12.42%	12.45%	12.43%					
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 40,691	\$ 52,009	\$ 48,276	\$ 41,436	\$ 47,929	\$ 35,046	\$ 30,274	\$ 27,888					
County's covered payroll	\$ 15,769	\$ 13,127	\$ 13,470	\$ 13,346	\$ 13,400	\$ 13,681	\$ 13,857	\$ 13,114	T C				
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability									Information not available				
as a percentage of its covered payroll	258.04%	396.20%	358.40%	310.48%	357.68%	256.17%	218.47%	212.66%	not available				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total													
pension liability	62.53%	50.07%	51.99%	53.72%	49.21%	54.81%	57.89%	58.59%					

Elected Officials Retirement Plan				Re	porting Fiscal	Year			
				(N	Aeasurement D	ate)			
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014 thru
	(2021)	(2020)	(2019)	(2018)	(2017)	(2016)	(2015)	(2014)	2013
County's proportion of the net pension liability	8.95%	9.10%	9.06%	10.24%	7.42%	7.90%	7.55%	7.64%	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 54,444	\$ 61,427	\$ 60,051	\$ 64,495	\$ 90,478	\$ 74,615	\$ 59,037	\$ 51,259	
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability									
associated with the County	5,472	5,838	5,644	11,051	29,292	15,406	18,405	15,717	
Total	\$ 59,916	\$ 67,265	\$ 65,695	\$ 75,546	\$ 119,770	\$ 90,021	\$ 77,442	\$ 66,976	Information
County's covered payroll County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total	\$ 9,801 555.49%	\$ 7,252 847.04%	\$ 7,246 828.75%	\$ 6,984 923.47%	\$ 7,050 1283.38%	\$ 6,617 1127.63%	\$ 6,391 923.75%	\$ 6,932 739.45%	not available
pension liability	36.28%	29.80%	30.14%	30.36%	19.66%	23.42%	28.32%	31.91%	

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Agent Pension Plans June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

Public Safety Personnel Retirement System - Sheriff	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)													
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014 thru					
Total pension liability	(2021)	(2020)	(2019)	(2018)	(2017)	(2016)	(2015)	(2013)	2013					
Service cost	\$ 5,941	\$ 6,136	\$ 5,936	\$ 6,125	\$ 8,078	\$ 6,068	\$ 6,421	\$ 6,346						
Interest on the total pension liability	31,792	30,453	28,842	27,905	26,186	25,444	24,997	21,060						
Changes of benefit terms					4,033	9,540		7,336						
Differences between expected and actual experience														
in the measurement of the pension liability	(2,186)	6,619	6,709	(2,730)	(1,177)	(7,713)	(4,579)	(462)						
Changes of assumptions or other inputs			8,572		12,797	12,356		34,338						
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee														
contributions	(25,336)	(24,017)	(21,667)	(21,357)	(20,634)	(22,727)	(19,209)	(17,811)						
Net change in total pension liability	10,211	19,191	28,392	9,943	29,283	22,968	7,630	50,807						
Total pension liability - beginning	442,232	423,041	394,649	384,706	355,423	332,455	324,825	274,018						
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 452,443	\$ 442,232	\$ 423,041	\$ 394,649	\$ 384,706	\$ 355,423	\$ 332,455	\$ 324,825						
Plan fiduciary net position														
Contributions - employer	\$ 45,560	\$ 22,601	\$ 20,232	\$ 18,847	\$ 16,871	\$ 15,122	\$ 11,490	\$ 10,627						
Contributions - employee	1,829	1,848	1,741	2,787	3,900	3,877	3,505	3,415	Information					
Net investment income	47,807	2,144	8,618	10,343	16,189	808	5,053	17,221	not available					
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee														
contributions	(25,336)	(24,017)	(21,667)	(21,357)	(20,634)	(22,727)	(19,209)	(17,811)						
Hall/Parker settlement				(4,953)										
Administrative expense	(227)	(175)	(151)	(158)	(144)	(117)	(124)	(139)						
Other changes	44	21	(57)	(223)	(238)	(397)	(148)	(92)						
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	69,677	2,422	8,716	5,286	15,944	(3,434)	567	13,221						
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	169,258	166,836	158,120	152,923	136,979	140,413	139,846	126,625						
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 238,935	\$ 169,258	\$ 166,836	\$ 158,209	\$ 152,923	\$ 136,979	\$ 140,413	\$ 139,846						
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 213,508	\$ 272,974	\$ 256,205	\$ 236,440	\$ 231,783	\$ 218,444	\$ 192,042	\$ 184,979						
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of														
the total pension liability	52.81%	38.27%	39.44%	40.09%	39.75%	38.54%	42.24%	43.05%						
Covered payroll	\$ 29,027	\$ 30,257	\$ 29,862	\$ 29,261	\$ 32,156	\$ 30,384	\$ 31,515	\$ 31,543						
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	735.55%	902.18%	857.96%	808.04%	720.81%	718.94%	609.37%	586.43%						

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Agent Pension Plans June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

Corrections Officer Retirement Plan - Detention	n Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)													
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014 thru					
Total pension liability	(2021)	(2020)	(2019)	(2018)	(2017)	(2016)	(2015)	(2014)	2013					
Service cost	\$ 2,794	\$ 3,003	\$ 3,271	\$ 3,359	\$ 3,235	\$ 2,893	\$ 2,798	\$ 2,852						
Interest on the total pension liability	11,272	10,471	9,502	9,683	8,091	7,911	7,751	6,623						
Changes of benefit terms				(7,525)	15,675	181		1,459						
Differences between expected and actual experience	ce													
in the measurement of the pension liability	(3,999)	5,157	5,306	(2,679)	(1,044)	(1,930)	(2,557)	(609)						
Changes of assumptions or other inputs			4,261		3,566	4,125		10,555						
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee														
contributions	(7,771)	(7,109)	(6,990)	(6,741)	(6,489)	(6,013)	(5,988)	(6,975)						
Net change in total pension liability	2,296	11,522	15,350	(3,903)	23,034	7,167	2,004	13,905						
Total pension liability - beginning	155,507	143,985	128,635	132,538	109,504	102,337	100,333	86,428						
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 157,803	\$ 155,507	\$ 143,985	\$ 128,635	\$ 132,538	\$ 109,504	\$ 102,337	\$ 100,333						
 Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Other changes Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b) Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 	\$ 14,666 1,585 18,869 (7,771) (87) (63) 27,199 67,940 \$ 95,139 \$ 62,664 60.29% \$ 26,048	\$ 7,119 1,708 1,777 (7,109) (68) (15) 3,412 64,528 \$ 67,940 \$ 87,567 43.69% \$ 23,254	\$ 6,721 1,692 3,302 (6,990) (60) 4,665 59,863 \$ 64,528 \$ 79,457 44.82% \$ 21,342	\$ 5,167 1,771 3,970 (6,741) (61) (76) 4,030 55,833 \$ 59,863 \$ 68,772 46.54% \$ 20,738	\$ 4,871 1,814 5,953 (6,489) (52) (38) 6,059 49,774 \$ 55,833 \$ 76,705 42.13% \$ 21,574	\$ 4,634 1,730 302 (6,013) (43) (38) 572 49,202 \$ 49,774 \$ 59,730 45.45% \$ 20,262	\$ 3,441 1,737 1,765 (5,988) (44) (69) 842 48,360 \$ 49,202 \$ 53,135 48.08% \$ 20,816	\$ 2,970 1,686 6,030 (6,975) (48) <u>11</u> <u>3,674</u> <u>44,686</u> <u>\$ 48,360</u> <u>\$ 51,973</u> <u>48,20%</u> <u>6 20,651</u>	Information not available					
Covered payroll County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 26,048 240.57%	\$ 23,254 376.57%	\$ 21,342 372.30%	\$ 20,738 331.62%	\$ 21,574 355.55%	\$ 20,263 294.77%	\$ 20,816 255.26%	\$ 20,051 259.20%						

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Schedule of County Pension Contributions June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

State Detine . . Ariz

rizona State Retirement System	Reporting Fiscal Year													
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013				
Statutorily required contribution County's contributions in relation to the statutorily	\$ 30,252	\$ 28,261	\$ 28,242	\$ 26,908	\$ 25,552	\$ 25,320	\$ 24,752	\$ 25,218	\$ 24,600					
required contribution	30,252	28,261	28,242	26,908	25,552	25,320	24,752	25,218	24,600	Information				
County's contribution deficiency (excess)										not available				
County's covered payroll	\$ 251,932	\$ 242,422	\$ 246,354	\$ 241,159	\$ 233,929	\$ 235,375	\$ 228,129	\$ 231,570	\$ 229,907					
County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.01%	11.66%	11.46%	11.16%	10.92%	10.76%	10.85%	10.89%	10.70%					

Corrections Officer Retirement Plan-Administrative Office of the Courts

Administrative Office of the Courts	Reporting Fiscal Year																		
		2022 2021		2020			2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	2014		2013	
Statutorily required contribution	\$	4,554	\$	4,372	\$	3,993	\$	4,258	\$	3,003	\$	2,691	\$	2,613	\$	2,062	\$	1,933	
County's contributions in relation to the statutorily																			
required contribution		4,554		4,372		3,993		4,258		3,003		2,691		2,613		2,062		1,933	Information
County's contribution deficiency (excess)			_										_		_				not available
County's covered payroll	\$	17,637	\$	15,769	\$	13,127	\$	13,470	\$	13,346	\$	13,400	\$	13,681	\$	13,857	\$	13,114	
County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		25.82%		27.73%		30.42%		31.61%		22.50%		20.08%		19.10%		14.88%		14.74%	

Reporting Fiscal Year

2017

\$ 16,861

\$ 32,156

16,861

52.44%

2016

\$ 15,119

15,119

49.76%

\$ 30,384

2015

S

11,490 \$ 10,627

11,490

36.46%

\$ 31,515

2014

\$ 31,543

10,627

33.69%

2013

Information

not available

2018

14,407

4,364 \$

49.24%

\$ 29,261

\$ 18,771

Elected Officials Retirement Plan					Reporting	Fisca	al Year				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018		2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Statutorily required contribution County's contributions in relation to the statutorily	\$ 4,045	\$ 4,520	\$ 4,218	\$ 4,168	\$ 1,508	\$	1,566	\$ 1,555	\$ 1,502	\$ 1,629	
required contribution	4,045	4,520	4,218	3,204	460		1,566	1,555	1,502	1,629	Information
County's contribution deficiency (excess)				\$ 964	\$ 1,048					 	not available
County's covered payroll	\$ 10,353	\$ 9,801	\$ 7,252	\$ 7,246	\$ 6,984	\$	7,050	\$ 6,617	\$ 6,391	\$ 6,932	
County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	39.07%	46.12%	58.16%	44.22%	6.59%		22.21%	23.50%	23.50%	23.50%	

2019

Public Safety Personnel Retirement System - Sheriff

Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 22,431	\$ 21,673	\$ 21,439	\$ 18,766
County's contributions in relation to the actuarially				
required contribution	207,563	44,478	21,439	18,766
County's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (185,132)	\$ (22,805)		
County's covered payroll	\$ 31,246	\$ 29,027	\$ 30,257	\$ 29,862
County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	664.29%	153.23%	70.86%	62.84%

2022

2021

Corrections Officer Retirement Plan - Detention					Reporting	Fisc	al Year					
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018		2017		2016	2015	2014	2013
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 7,676	\$ 7,676	\$ 7,261	\$ 6,515	\$ 5,155	\$	4,872	\$	4,618	\$ 3,441	\$ 2,970	
County's contributions in relation to the actuarially required contribution	65,353	14,872	7,261	6,515	5,155		4,872		4,618	3,441	2,970	Information
County's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (57,677)	\$ (7,196)				_		_				not available
County's covered payroll	\$ 29,348	\$ 26,048	\$ 23,254	\$ 21,342	\$ 20,738	\$	21,574	\$	20,263	\$ 20,816	\$ 20,051	
County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	222.68%	57.09%	31.22%	30.53%	24.86%		22.58%		22.79%	16.53%	14.81%	

2020

See accompanying notes to pension schedules

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Notes to Pension Plan Schedules June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

Note 1: Actuarially Determined Contribution Rates

Actuarial determined contribution rates for PSPRS and CORP are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	PSPRS members with initial membership date before July 1, 2017, and CORP members with initial membership date before July 1, 2018: Level percent-of-pay, closed. PSPRS members with initial membership on or after July 1, 2017: Level dollar closed.
Remaining amortization period as of the 2020 actuarial valuation	PSPRS members with initial membership date before July 1, 2017, and CORP members with initial membership date before July 1, 2018: 17 years. PSPRS members with initial membership on or after July 1, 2017: 10 years.
Asset valuation method	PSPRS members with initial membership date before July 1, 2017, and CORP members with initial membership date before July 1, 2018: 7-year smoothed market value; 80% / 120% market corridor. PSPRS members with initial membership on or after July 1, 2017: 5-year smoothed market value; 80% / 120% market corridor.
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	PSPRS members with initial membership date before July 1, 2017, and CORP members with initial membership date before July 1, 2018: In the 2019 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.4% to 7.3%. In the 2017 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.5% to 7.4%. In the 2016 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.85% to 7.5%. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 8.0% to 7.85%. PSPRS members with initial membership on or after July 1, 2017: 7%
Projected salary increases	In the 2017 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from $4.0\%-8.0\%$ to $3.5\%-7.5\%$ for PSPRS and from $4.0\%-7.25\%$ to $3.5\%-6.5\%$ for CORP. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from $4.5\%-8.5\%$ to $4.0\%-8.0\%$ for PSPRS and from $4.5\%-7.75\%$ to $4.0\%-7.25\%$ for CORP. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from $5.0\%-9.0\%$ to $4.5\%-8.5\%$ for PSPRS and from $5.0\%-9.0\%$ to $4.5\%-8.5\%$ for PSPRS and from $5.0\%-8.25\%$ to $4.5\%-7.75\%$ for CORP.
Wage growth	In the 2017 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4.0% to 3.5% for PSPRS and CORP. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0% for PSPRS and CORP. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 5.0% to 4.5% for PSPRS and CORP.
Retirement age	Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2011.
Mortality	In the 2019 actuarial valuation, changed to PubS-2010 tables. In the 2017 actuarial valuation, changed to RP-2014 tables, with 75% of MP-2016 fully generational projection scales. RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105% for both males and females)

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Notes to Pension Plan Schedules June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

Note 2: Factors that affect trends

Arizona courts have ruled that provisions of a 2011 law that changed the mechanism for funding permanent pension benefit increases and increased employee pension contribution rates were unconstitutional or a breach of contract because those provisions apply to individuals who were members as of the law's effective date. As a result, the PSPRS, CORP, CORP–AOC, and EORP changed benefit terms to reflect the prior mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases for those members and revised actuarial assumptions to explicitly value future permanent benefit increases. PSPRS and EORP also reduced those members' employee contribution rates. These changes are reflected in the plans' pension liabilities for fiscal year 2015 (measurement date 2014) for members who were retired as of the law's effective date and fiscal year 2018 (measurement date 2017) for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. These changes also increased the PSPRS-, CORP-, and CORP–AOC- required pension contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective dotte. These changes are not based on actuarial yaluations, and therefore, these changes did not affect them. Also, the County refunded excess employee contributions to PSPRS and EORP members. PSPRS and EORP allowed the County to reduce its actual employer contributions for the refund amounts. As a result, the County's pension contributions were less than the actuarially or statutorily determined contributions for 2018 and 2019.

The fiscal year 2019 (measurement date 2018) pension liabilities for EORP and CORP reflect the replacement of the permanent benefit increase (PBI) for retirees based on investment returns with a cost of living adjustment based on inflation. Also, the EORP liability and required pension contributions for fiscal year 2019 reflect a statutory change that requires the employer contribution rate to be actuarially determined. This change increased the discount rate used to calculate the liability thereby reducing the total pension liability.

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COMBINING STATEMENTS AND OTHER SCHEDULES

Other (Nonmajor) Governmental Funds

OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (NONMAJOR)

Transportation Fund – to account for administrative and operating costs, as well as resources transferred to the Capital Projects Fund for construction of highways and streets. Financing is provided primarily from the County share of gasoline and vehicle license taxes collected by the State.

Health Fund — to account for resources used to finance activities involved in the conservation and improvement of public health. Major sources of funding include Federal and State grants, charges for services provided, and operating transfers from the General Fund.

Regional Flood Control District Fund – to account for amounts expended to protect persons and property from floodwaters. Revenues are provided by secondary taxes on real property and government grants. The Regional Flood Control District is a blended component unit of Pima County.

Other Special Revenue Fund – to account for resources specifically identified to be expended for the various other programs of the County. These include various probation programs, consumer protection programs, family support, antiracketeering programs, law library, etc. Revenues are provided by fines, intergovernmental revenues, fees and forfeitures, and charges for services.

Wireless Integrated Network Fund – to account for the design, procurement and deployment of a regional public safety voice communications network to serve public and non-profit entities responsible for providing public safety and emergency management services to the Pima County populace.

School Reserve Fund – to account for Federal and State grants received by the Superintendent of Schools. Each grant has a specific project objective and the grant funds must be used for a stated purpose.

Environmental Quality Fund — to account for resources specifically identified to be expended for protection of water, air, and land from pollutants. Revenues are provided by fines, fees and forfeitures, licenses, permits, and Federal and State grants.

Waste Tire Fund - to account for the state shared revenue tax for the tire recycling program.

Library District Fund – to account for the resources used for management and operation of the Library District. Revenues are provided primarily by secondary taxes on real property. The Library District is a blended component unit of Pima County.

Stadium District Fund – to account for resources specifically identified to be expended for the Stadium District. Revenues are provided by the car rental, hotel/motel bed and recreation vehicle park taxes, and charges for services provided. The Stadium District is a blended component unit of Pima County.

Community Facilities Districts (formerly Rocking K South CFD Fund) – to account for the purchase of eligible infrastructure through the issuance of bonds, and to fund the operation, maintenance and administration of the Districts through the levy of ad valorem tax on property in the Districts.

Improvement & Other Districts Fund – to account for financial activity related to street lighting and other improvements in unincorporated Pima County. The Improvement & Other Districts are a blended component unit of Pima County.

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PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

						Special Rev	venue Fur	nds				
					R	egional			W	ireless		
	_					od Control				tegrated		chool
	Trar	nsportation		Health		District		Other	N	etwork	R	eserve
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	46,116			\$	13,970	\$	61,446	\$	3,703	\$	1,385
Property taxes receivable (net)	φ	40,110			φ	900	φ	01,440	φ	5,705	φ	1,365
Interest receivable		12				4		19		1		
Due from other funds		1,029	\$	154				1,474		1		5
Due from other governments		6,290	Ŷ	370		7		1,897				180
Accounts receivable		365		238		20		580		6		34
Leases								11,169		126		
Inventory		1,316						,		137		
Prepaid expenditures				38		75		137		3		1
Loan receivable		1,403										
Restricted cash equivalents												
1												
Total assets	\$	56,531	\$	800	\$	14,976	\$	76,722	\$	3,976	\$	1,605
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	37,475	\$	625	\$	869	\$	5,364	\$	145	\$	708
Interest payable	э	57,475	Ф	023	Ф	809	Ф	5,504	ф	145	Ф	/08
Contract retentions		3,860		1								
Employee compensation		433		517		166		788		28		110
Due to other funds		455		1,651		100		169		20		110
Due to other runds Due to other governments		2		1,001				31		91		
Deposits and rebates		1				2		1		21		
Interfund payable		1				2		1		700		
Unearned revenue		4				7		1,090		212		7
								-,				
Total liabilities		41,775		2,794		1,044		7,443		1,176		825
Deferred inflows of resources												
Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental		1,402						1,575		6		173
Unavailable revenue - property taxes						787						
Unavailable revenue - other		320		3		19		6				
Deferred inflows related to leases								10,666		121		
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,722		3		806		12,247		127		173
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		43,497		2,797		1,850		19,690		1,303		998
Fund balances												
Nonspendable		1,316		38		75		137		140		1
Restricted		11,718				13,051		36,031		2,533		327
Committed								17,706				120
Assigned				(0.000)				7,342				159
Unassigned				(2,035)				(4,184)				
Total fund balances		13,034		(1,997)		13,126		57,032		2,673		607
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources												
and fund balances	\$	56,531	\$	800	\$	14,976	\$	76,722	\$	3,976	\$	1,605

					Special Reve	nue Funds		~	•.				Total
Envi	ronmental	T.	Waste		Library	St	adium		munity ilities	Improv	/ement &	Gov	Other /ernmental
	Quality		Tire		District		istrict		tricts		Districts		Funds
\$	5,189	\$	2,403	\$	32,132	\$	2,104	\$	49	\$	141	\$	168,638
	5,107	ψ	2,105	Ψ	1,628	ψ	2,104	ψ	4	φ	39	Ψ	2,571
	2		1		13		1						53
	39						142						2,843
			331		77		196						9,348
	68				347		114						1,772
													11,295
	2				894		4		10				1,453 1,164
	-				071		·		10				1,403
					45								45
\$	5,300	\$	2,735	\$	35,136	\$	2,561	\$	63	\$	180	\$	200,585
5	24	\$	278	\$	2,052	\$	582				9		48,131
													1 3,860
	69				658		128						2,897
													1,820
					6								130
													4
													700
					135		161						1,616
	93		278		2,851		871				9		59,159
					6		88						3,250
					1,430						37		2,254
	9						21						378
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>										10,787
	9				1,436		109				37		16,669
	102		278		4,287		980				46		75,828
	2				939		4		10				2,662
	2,516		2,457		29,910				53		134		98,730
													17,826
	2,680						1,577						11,758
													(6,219)
	5,198		2,457		30,849		1,581		63		134		124,757
	5,300	\$	2,735	\$	35,136	\$	2,561	\$	63	\$	180	\$	200,585

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	Special Revenue Funds										
			Regional Flood Control		Wireless Integrated	School					
	Transportation	Health	District	Other	Network	Reserve					
Revenues:											
Property taxes	\$ 1		\$ 29,143								
Licenses and permits	695	\$ 2,623	6								
Intergovernmental	74,155	672	17	\$ 22,576		\$ 3,425					
Charges for services	156	3,143	249	10,865	\$ 3,914	367					
Fines and forfeits	7		19	4,937							
Investment earnings	163		61	222	14	4					
Miscellaneous	638	9	86	9,079	74						
Total revenues	75,815	6,447	29,581	47,679	4,002	3,796					
Expenditures:											
General government				31,344							
Public safety			14,980	3,081	2,806						
Highways and streets	130,298										
Sanitation											
Health		19,510		19							
Culture and recreation		,		2,825							
Education and economic opportunity				2,266		3,731					
Debt service - principal		107		178		5,751					
				13							
- interest		12		15							
Total expenditures	130,298	19,629	14,980	39,726	2,806	3,731					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over											
(under) expenditures	(54,483)	(13,182)	14,601	7,953	1,196	65					
Other financing sources (uses):											
Lease agreements		359									
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	144		34	290							
Transfers in	57,635	12,122	27	4,401		28					
Transfers (out)	(26,746)	(1,038)	(15,081)	(16,780)	(475)						
Total other financing sources (uses)	31,033	11,443	(15,020)	(12,089)	(475)	28					
Net change in fund balances	(23,450)	(1,739)	(419)	(4,136)	721	93					
Fund balances at beginning of year	36,484	(258)	13,545	61,168	1,952	516					
Changes in nonspendable resources: Change in prepaids						(2)					
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 13,034	\$ (1,997)	\$ 13,126	\$ 57,032	\$ 2,673	\$ 607					
catallees at end of your	÷ 15,051	φ (1,557)	¢ 15,120	\$ 51,052	\$ 2,015	ф <u>007</u>					

			Special Re				munity		Total Other		
ronmental Quality		Waste Tire	Library District		tadium District		ilities stricts		vement & Districts		vernmental Funds
			\$ 51,480			\$	26	\$	268	\$	80,918
\$ 2,706	¢	1 420	226	¢	1.164						6,030
25	\$	1,439	336 557	\$	1,164						103,784 20,864
35			337		1,578						20,864 4,963
19		9	127		4						623
6			 570		55						10,517
2,766		1,448	 53,070		2,801		26		268		227,699
									232		31,576
											20,867
											130,298
		1,140									1,140
2,916			12 (50		7 422						22,445
			42,650		7,433						52,908 5,997
			43				7				335
			 29				6				60
2,916		1,140	 42,722		7,433		13		232		265,626
(150)		308	 10,348		(4,632)		13		36		(37,927
			761								1,120
					1						469
828			6		9,833						84,880
			 (4,190)		(4,243)				(42)		(68,595
 828			 (3,423)		5,591	. <u> </u>			(42)		17,874
678		308	6,925		959		13		(6)		(20,053
4,520		2,149	23,924		622		50		140		144,812
			 								(2
\$ 5,198	\$	2,457	\$ 30,849	\$	1,581	\$	63	\$	134	\$	124,757

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COMBINING STATEMENTS AND OTHER SCHEDULES

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual – Other Governmental Funds

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	Budget		Actual	Variance		
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	6,420	\$ 27,881	\$	21,461	
Charges for services		7,735	12,142		4,407	
Investment earnings		597	(381)		(978)	
Miscellaneous		1,500	4,939		3,439	
Total revenues		16,252	 44,581		28,329	
Expenditures:						
Capital outlay		138,882	 108,296		30,586	
Total expenditures		138,882	 108,296		30,586	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(122,630)	 (63,715)		58,915	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Face amount of long-term debt issued		50,000	50,000			
Transfers in		73,147	72,963		(184)	
Transfers (out)		(57,589)	 (54,739)		2,850	
Total other financing sources		65,558	 68,224		2,666	
Net change in fund balance		(57,072)	4,509		61,581	
Fund balance at beginning of year		76,963	88,615		11,652	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	19,891	\$ 93,124	\$	73,233	

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	Budget		Actual	Variance		
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$ 43,459	\$	43,354	\$	(105)	
Intergovernmental			15		15	
Investment earnings	 483	_	130		(353)	
Total revenues	 43,942		43,499		(443)	
Expenditures:						
Debt service - principal	89,575		89,575			
- interest	19,520		18,628		892	
- miscellaneous	398		247		151	
Total expenditures	 109,493		108,450		1,043	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	 (65,551)		(64,951)		600	
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in	62,690		62,023		(667)	
Total other financing sources	 62,690		62,023		(667)	
Net change in fund balance	(2,861)		(2,928)		(67)	
Fund balance at beginning of year	 5,389		4,466		(923)	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 2,528	\$	1,538	\$	(990)	

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Transportation - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

		Budget	Actual	Variance		
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	2	\$ 1	\$	(1)	
Licenses and permits		907	695		(212)	
Intergovernmental		67,706	74,155		6,449	
Charges for services		200	156		(44)	
Fines and forfeits			7		7	
Investment earnings		20	163		143	
Miscellaneous		269	 638		369	
Total revenues		69,104	 75,815		6,711	
Expenditures:						
Highways and streets		126,246	130,298		(4,052)	
Total expenditures		126,246	130,298		(4,052)	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(57,142)	 (54,483)		2,659	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets			144		144	
Transfers in		61,085	57,635		(3,450)	
Transfers (out)	_	(26,613)	 (26,746)		(133)	
Total other financing sources		34,472	 31,033		(3,439)	
Net change in fund balance		(22,670)	(23,450)		(780)	
Fund balance at beginning of year		29,387	 36,484		7,097	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	6,717	\$ 13,034	\$	6,317	

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Health - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	I	Budget	1	Actual	Variance		
Revenues:							
Licenses and permits	\$	2,173	\$	2,623	\$	450	
Intergovernmental				672		672	
Charges for services		2,139		3,143		1,004	
Investment earnings		12				(12)	
Miscellaneous		3		9		6	
Total revenues		4,327		6,447		2,120	
Expenditures:							
Health		21,247		19,510		1,737	
Debt service - principal				107		(107)	
- interest				12		(12)	
Total expenditures		21,247		19,629		1,618	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(16,920)		(13,182)		3,738	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Lease agreements				359		359	
Transfers in		10,955		12,122		1,167	
Transfers (out)		(2,809)		(1,038)		1,771	
Total other financing sources		8,146		11,443		3,297	
Net change in fund balance		(8,774)		(1,739)		7,035	
Fund balance at beginning of year		39,950		(258)		(40,208)	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	31,176	\$	(1,997)	\$	(33,173)	

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Regional Flood Control District - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	I	Budget	Actual		Variance	
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	29,143	\$	29,143		
Licenses and permits		4		6	\$	2
Intergovernmental		28		17		(11)
Charges for services		1,274		249		(1,025)
Fines and forfeits		3		19		16
Investment earnings		100		61		(39)
Miscellaneous		94	_	86		(8)
Total revenues		30,646		29,581		(1,065)
Expenditures:						
Flood control		17,242	_	14,980		2,262
Total expenditures		17,242		14,980		2,262
Excess of revenues over expenditures		13,404		14,601		1,197
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets				34		34
Transfers in		3		27		24
Transfers (out)		(16,074)	_	(15,081)		993
Total other financing uses		(16,071)		(15,020)		1,051
Net change in fund balance		(2,667)		(419)		2,248
Fund balance at beginning of year		10,190		13,545		3,355
Fund balance at end of year	\$	7,523	\$	13,126	\$	5,603

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Other - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	H	Budget Actual		Variance		
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	24,055	\$	22,576	\$	(1,479)
Charges for services		9,123		10,865		1,742
Fines and forfeits		3,422		4,937		1,515
Investment earnings		591		222		(369)
Miscellaneous		7,367		9,079		1,712
Total revenues		44,558		47,679		3,121
Expenditures:						
General government		46,553		31,344		15,209
Public safety		5,142		3,081		2,061
Health		34		19		15
Culture and recreation		5,727		2,825		2,902
Education and economic opportunity		3,206		2,266		940
Debt service - principal		215		178		37
- interest		25		13		12
Total expenditures		60,902		39,726		21,176
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(16,344)		7,953		24,297
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets				290		290
Transfers in		3,302		4,401		1,099
Transfers (out)		(15,909)		(16,780)		(871)
Total other financing uses		(12,607)		(12,089)		518
Net change in fund balance		(28,951)		(4,136)		24,815
Fund balance at beginning of year		47,804		61,168		13,364
Fund balance at end of year	\$	18,853	\$	57,032	\$	38,179

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Wireless Integrated Network - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	E	ludget	Actual		Variance	
Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	3,674	\$	3,914	\$	240
Investment earnings		13		14		1
Miscellaneous		66		74		8
Total revenues		3,753		4,002		249
Expenditures:						
Public safety		3,063		2,806		257
Total expenditures		3,063		2,806		257
Excess of revenues over expenditures		690		1,196		506
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		40				(40)
Transfers (out)		(600)		(475)		125
Total other financing uses		(560)		(475)		85
Net change in fund balance		130		721		591
Fund balance at beginning of year		98		1,952		1,854
Fund balance at end of year	\$	228	\$	2,673	\$	2,445

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual School Reserve - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	В	Budget	A	Actual	Variance	
Revenues:		_				
Intergovernmental	\$	1,342	\$	3,425	\$	2,083
Charges for services		380		367		(13)
Investment earnings				4		4
Total revenues		1,722		3,796		2,074
Expenditures:						
Education and economic opportunity		2,033		3,731		(1,698)
Total expenditures		2,033		3,731		(1,698)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(311)		65		376
Other financing sources						
Transfers in				28		28
Total other financing sources				28		28
Net change in fund balance		(311)		93		404
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,553		516		(1,037)
Changes in nonspendable resources:						
Change in prepaid expenditures				(2)		(2)
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,242	\$	607	\$	(635)

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Environmental Quality - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	E	Budget	Actual		Variance	
Revenues:						
Licenses and permits	\$	2,401	\$	2,706	\$	305
Charges for services				35		35
Investment earnings		53		19		(34)
Miscellaneous		19		6		(13)
Total revenues		2,473		2,766		293
Expenditures:						
Environmental quality		3,321		2,916		405
Total expenditures		3,321		2,916		405
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(848)		(150)		698
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		733		828		95
Transfers (out)		(84)				84
Total other financing sources		649		828		179
Net change in fund balance		(199)		678		877
Fund balance at beginning of year		4,225		4,520		295
Fund balance at end of year	\$	4,026	\$	5,198	\$	1,172

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Waste Tire - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	В	ludget	Actual		Va	riance
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	1,280	\$	1,439	\$	159
Investment earnings		26		9		(17)
Total revenues		1,306		1,448		142
Expenditures:						
Sanitation		1,299		1,140	_	159
Total expenditures		1,299		1,140		159
Excess of revenues over expenditures		7		308		301
Net change in fund balance		7		308		301
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,102		2,149		47
Fund balance at end of year	\$	2,109	\$	2,457	\$	348
Sanitation Total expenditures Excess of revenues over expenditures Net change in fund balance Fund balance at beginning of year	\$	1,299 7 7 2,102	\$	1,140 308 308 2,149	\$	159 301 301 47

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Library District - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	Budget	Actual		Variance	
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 51,502	\$	51,480	\$	(22)
Intergovernmental	211		336		125
Charges for services	570		557		(13)
Investment earnings	175		127		(48)
Miscellaneous	 408		570		162
Total revenues	 52,866		53,070		204
Expenditures:					
Culture and recreation	45,032		42,650		2,382
Debt service - principal			43		(43)
- interest			29		(29)
Total expenditures	 45,032		42,722		2,310
Excess of revenues over expenditures	 7,834		10,348		2,514
Other financing sources (uses):					
Lease agreements			761		761
Transfers in			6		6
Transfers (out)	(4,131)		(4,190)		(59)
Total other financing uses	 (4,131)		(3,423)		708
Net change in fund balance	3,703		6,925		3,222
Fund balance at beginning of year	19,768		23,924		4,156
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 23,471	\$	30,849	\$	7,378

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Stadium District - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

]	Budget	Actual		Variance	
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	1,100	\$	1,164	\$	64
Charges for services		2,143		1,578		(565)
Investment earnings				4		4
Miscellaneous		29		55		26
Total revenues		3,272		2,801		(471)
Expenditures:						
Culture and recreation		8,567		7,433		1,134
Total expenditures		8,567		7,433		1,134
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(5,295)		(4,632)		663
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets				1		1
Transfers in		8,712		9,833		1,121
Transfers (out)		(4,243)	_	(4,243)		
Total other financing sources		4,469		5,591		1,122
Net change in fund balance		(826)		959		1,785
Fund balance at beginning of year		(444)		622		1,066
Fund balance at end of year	\$	(1,270)	\$	1,581	\$	2,851

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Community Facilities Districts - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	Вι	ıdget	Actual		Variance	
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	21	\$	26	\$	5
Investment earnings		10				(10)
Total revenues		31		26		(5)
Expenditures:						
Education and economic opportunity		1,350				1,350
Debt service - principal		7		7		
- interest		73		6		67
- miscellaneous		101				101
Total expenditures		1,531		13		1,518
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,500)		13		1,513
Other financing sources:						
Proceeds from sale of debt		1,500				(1,500)
Total other financing sources		1,500				(1,500)
Net change in fund balance				13		13
Fund balance at beginning of year	_	1,287		50	_	(1,237)
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,287	\$	63	\$	(1,224)

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Improvement Other Districts - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	Вι	ıdget	Actual		Variance	
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	273	\$	268	\$	(5)
Total revenues		273		268		(5)
Expenditures:						
General government		273		232	_	41
Total expenditures		273		232		41
Excess of revenues over expenditures				36		36
Other financing uses:						
Transfers (out)				(42)		(42)
Total other financing uses				(42)		(42)
Net change in fund balance				(6)		(6)
Fund balance at beginning of year		184		140		(44)
Fund balance at end of year	\$	184	\$	134	\$	(50)





COMBINING STATEMENTS AND OTHER SCHEDULES

Other (Nonmajor) Enterprise Funds

OTHER (NONMAJOR) ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Development Services – to account for the operations of providing zoning permits, enforcing ordinances in compliance with state statutes, and administering uniform building codes.

Parking Garages – to account for the management and operation of seven public parking garages located in downtown Tucson.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	velopment ervices		Parking Barages	E	Total onmajor nterprise Funds
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 22,128	\$	1,112	\$	23,240
Interest receivable	6				6
Due from other governments			2		2
Accounts receivable	75		26		101
Prepaid expense	 30		8		38
Total current assets	 22,239		1,148		23,387
Noncurrent assets:					
Net OPEB asset	140		9		149
Capital assets:					
Land			1,768		1,768
Buildings and improvements			27,608		27,608
Equipment	8		2,191		2,199
Less accumulated depreciation	(4)		(15,076)		(15,080)
Total capital assets (net)	 4		16,491		16,495
Total noncurrent assets	 144		16,500		16,644
Total assets	 22,383		17,648		40,031
)				-)
Deferred outflows of resources					
Pension/OPEB	973		59		1,032
Total deferred outflows of resources	 973	-	59		1,032
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	110		205		315
Employee compensation	159		11		170
Deposits and rebates	725				725
Unearned revenue			3		3
Compensated absences payable	294		11		305
Total current liabilities	 1,288		230		1,518
	 <u> </u>				
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absences payable	320		21		341
Net Pension/OPEB liability	3,767		226		3,993
Total noncurrent liabilities	 4,087		247		4,334
	 				<u> </u>
Total liabilities	5,375		477		5,852
Deferred inflows of resources					
Pension/OPEB	1,458		88		1,546
Total deferred inflows of resources	 1,458		88		1,546
	 · · ·				,
Net position					
Net investment in capital assets	4		16,491		16,495
Unrestricted	16,519		651		17,170
					<u> </u>
Total net position	\$ 16,523	\$	17,142	\$	33,665

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

		elopment ervices		arking arages	Eı	Total onmajor nterprise Funds
Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$	14,010	\$	2,321	\$	16,331
Other	φ	14,010	φ	2,321	φ	27
Total operating revenues		14,021		2,337		16,358
Operating expenses:						
Employee compensation		4,285		446		4,731
Operating supplies and services		62		35		97
Repair and maintenance		8		154		162
General and administrative		1,830		1,058		2,888
Consultants and professional services Depreciation		257 1		119 807		376 808
Total operating expenses		6,443		2,619		9,062
Total operating expenses		0,445		2,019		9,002
Operating income (loss)		7,578		(282)		7,296
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Investment earnings		(21)		4		(17)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(21)		4		(17)
Income (loss) before transfers		7,557		(278)		7,279
Transfers (out)				(634)		(634)
Change in net position		7,557		(912)		6,645
Net position at beginning of year		8,966		18,054		27,020
Net position at end of year	\$	16,523	\$	17,142	\$	33,665

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

					Total onmajor
	Dev	elopment	Р	arking	iterprise
		ervices		arages	Funds
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers for goods and services provided Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to other funds for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services	\$	14,289 (656) (1,503) (4,553)	\$	2,325 (1,278) (134) (415)	\$ 16,614 (1,934) (1,637) (4,968)
Net cash provided by operating activities		7,577		498	 8,075
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Cash transfers out to other funds				(634)	 (634)
Net cash used for noncapital financing activities				(634)	 (634)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Purchase of capital assets				11	 11
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities				11	 11
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received on cash and investments		(23)		5	 (18)
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		(23)		5	 (18)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		7,554		(120)	7,434
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		14,574		1,232	 15,806
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	22,128	\$	1,112	\$ 23,240

(continued)

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

(continued)

Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities	Deve	elopment	Pa	rking	No	Total onmajor terprise
	Se	rvices	Ga	irages]	Funds
Operating income (loss)	\$	7,578	\$	(282)	\$	7,296
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation		1		807		808
Changes in assets and deferred outflows of resources: Decrease (increase) in assets:						
Accounts receivable		28		(23)		5
Due from other governments				30		30
Prepaid expense		(12)		4		(8)
Net OPEB asset		(118)		(8)		(126)
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources:						
Pension/OPEB plans		22		(7)		15
Changes in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:						
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		10		(50)		(10)
Accounts payable		10		(50)		(40)
Due to other governments		<i>(</i> , , , , , ,)		(10)		(1 - C -)
Net Pension/OPEB liability		(1,517)		(48)		(1,565)
Other liabilities		252		(7)		245
Increase in deferred inflows of resources:						
Pension/OPEB plans		1,333		82		1,415
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	7,577	\$	498	\$	8,075





COMBINING STATEMENTS AND OTHER SCHEDULES

Internal Service Funds

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Self Insurance Trust Fund – to account for the risk management function of the County. The Fund provides self insurance coverage to the County for medical malpractice, workers' compensation, unemployment, general liability, environmental liability, and property damage as well as acquiring coverage for other risks.

Fleet Services — to account for the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of fleet services equipment provided to County departments.

Health Benefit Trust Fund — to account for health care and health-related benefits. The Fund is responsible for collecting employer and employee premiums through payroll deductions, and for the payment of claims. The premiums collected include amounts paid for medical, dental, vision, short-term disability and life insurance coverages.

Other Internal Service — to account for the provision of technology infrastructure, telecommunication services, and procurement of software and hardware resources utilized by County departments.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Combining Statements of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

Assets	Ins	Self- surance Trust	Fleet ervices	I	Health Benefit Trust	Other Internal Service	 Total Internal Service Funds
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	82,858	\$ 20,998	\$	21,469	\$ 16,859	\$ 142,184
Interest receivable		5	2			5	12
Due from other governments						13	13
Accounts receivable		5	115		71	7	198
Inventory			752			216	968
Prepaid expense		774	 38		130	 6,856	 7,798
Total current assets		83,642	 21,905		21,670	 23,956	 151,173
Noncurrent assets:							
Net OPEB asset		37	101		29	194	361
Capital assets:							
Land		459					459
Buildings and improvements			23,106			224	23,330
Equipment		71	58,248			24,731	83,050
Less accumulated depreciation		(65)	(38,890)			(13,583)	(52,538)
Construction in progress			 3,099				 3,099
Total capital assets (net)		465	 45,563			 11,372	 57,400
Total noncurrent assets		502	 45,664		29	 11,566	 57,761
Total assets		84,144	 67,569		21,699	 35,522	 208,934
Deferred outflows of resources Pension/OPEB		256	702		109	1 246	2 502
Total deferred outflows of resources		256 256	 702 702		<u>198</u> 198	 1,346	 2,502
I otal deferred outflows of resources		230	 702		198	 1,340	 2,302
Liabilities							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable		1,466	2,591		1,549	448	6,054
Contracts retention			115				115
Employee compensation		39	116		33	205	393
Due to other funds			21				21
Unearned revenue					150	22	172
Compensated absences payable		81	206		46	369	702
Reported but unpaid losses		3,707			891		4,598
Incurred but not reported losses		2,538			5,049		7,587
Total current liabilities		7,831	 3,049		7,718	 1,044	 19,642
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Compensated absences payable		36	8		26	172	242
Reported but unpaid losses		14,385			9		14,394
Incurred but not reported losses		11,345			51		11,396
Net Pension/OPEB liability		991	2,719		764	5,211	9,685
Total noncurrent liabilities		26,757	 2,727		850	 5,383	 35,717
Total liabilities		34,588	 5,776		8,568	 6,427	 55,359
Deferred inflows of resources							
Pension/OPEB		384	1,053		296	2,018	3,751
Total deferred inflows of resources		384	 1,053		296	 2,018	 3,751
Net position							
Net investment in capital assets		465	45,563			11,372	57,400
Restricted for healthcare			. ,		13,033	,	13,033
Unrestricted		48,963	 15,879		,000	 17,051	 81,893
Total net position	\$	49,428	\$ 61,442	\$	13,033	\$ 28,423	\$ 152,326

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	Ins	Self- surance Trust		Fleet		Health Benefit Trust]	Other Internal Service		Total Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:	¢	12.0(1	¢	20.259	¢	72.046	¢	20.025	¢	120.000
Charges for services Other	\$	13,961 261	\$	20,258 174	\$	72,946 5,364	\$	30,835 149	\$	138,000 5,948
						· · · · ·				,
Total operating revenues		14,222		20,432		78,310		30,984		143,948
Operating expenses:										
Employee compensation		2,183		2,713		823		5,278		10,997
Operating supplies and services		236		5,862		3		5,281		11,382
Incurred losses		3,747				70,401				74,148
Insurance premiums		5,756		750		5,890		29		12,425
General and administrative		778		2,087		965		1,996		5,826
Repair and maintenance		4		1,051				4,019		5,074
Consultants and professional services		1,691		117		3,548		3,820		9,176
Depreciation		10		6,288				3,244		9,542
Total operating expenses		14,405		18,868		81,630		23,667		138,570
Operating income (loss)		(183)		1,564		(3,320)		7,317		5,378
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):										
Investment earnings		(1,412)		(352)		(564)		41		(2,287)
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets				73				(273)		(200)
Total nonoperating expenses		(1,412)		(279)		(564)		(232)		(2,487)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		(1,595)		1,285		(3,884)		7,085		2,891
Capital contributions				10						10
Transfers in								1,360		1,360
Transfers (out)		(19)		(500)						(519)
Change in net position		(1,614)		795		(3,884)		8,445		3,742
Net position at beginning of year		51,042		60,647		16,917		19,978		148,584
Net position at end of year	\$	49,428	\$	61,442	\$	13,033	\$	28,423	\$	152,326

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	In	Self- nsurance Trust		Fleet ervices		Health Benefit Trust		Other Internal Service		Total Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from other funds for goods and services provided	\$	13,961	\$	20,258	\$	72,946	\$	30.835	\$	138,000
Cash received from miscellaneous operations	Φ	256	φ	118	φ	5,496	Φ	212	φ	6,082
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(6,300)		(6,548)		(9,502)		(15,419)		(37,769)
Cash payments to other funds for goods and services		(803)		(1,936)		(753)		(1,346)		(4,838)
Cash payments for incurred losses		(3,791)				(69,701)				(73,492)
Cash payments to employees for services		(2,312)		(3,123)		(975)		(5,813)		(12,223)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		1,011		8,769		(2,489)		8,469		15,760
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Cash transfers in from other funds								1,360		1,360
Cash transfers out to other funds		(19)		(500)				1,500		(519)
Loans with other funds		(1))		1,738				1		1,739
										-,,,,,
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities		(19)		1,238	. <u> </u>			1,361		2,580
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:										
Proceeds from sale of capital assets				182						182
Purchase of capital assets				(5,514)				(1,204)		(6,718)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities				(5,332)				(1,204)		(6,536)
Cash flows from investing activities:										
Interest received on cash and investments		(1,413)		(354)		(563)		38		(2,292)
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		(1,413)		(354)		(563)		38		(2,292)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(421)		4,321		(3,052)		8,664		9,512
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		83,279		16,677		24,521		8,195		132,672
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	82,858	\$	20,998	\$	21,469	\$	16,859	\$	142,184

(continued)

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

(continued)

Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	Self- Insurance Trust	Fleet Services	Health Benefit Trust	Other Internal Service	Total Internal Service Funds
Operating income (loss)	\$ (183)	\$ 1,564	\$ (3,320)	\$ 7,317	\$ 5,378
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to					
net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:					
Depreciation/amortization	10	6,288		3,244	9,542
Changes in assets and deferred outflows of resources:					
Decrease (increase) in assets:					
Accounts receivable	(5)	(56)	(13)	17	(57)
Due from other governments				25	25
Inventory and other assets		2		8	10
Prepaid expense	347	(1)	(79)	1,766	2,033
Net OPEB assets	(32)	(84)	(24)	(164)	(304)
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources:					
Pension/OPEB plans	(20)	58	23	33	94
Changes in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:					
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:					
Accounts payable	1,015	1,382	230	(3,394)	(767)
Due to other governments					. ,
Reported but unpaid losses	1,704		105		1,809
Incurred but not reported losses	(1,748)		595		(1,153)
Net pension/OPEB liability	(261)	(1,313)	(410)	(2,108)	(4,092)
Other liabilities	(170)	(28)	136	(120)	(182)
Increase in deferred inflows of resources:				~ /	× ,
Pension/OPEB plans	354	957	268	1,845	3,424
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 1,011	\$ 8,769	\$ (2,489)	\$ 8,469	\$ 15,760

Noncash investing, capital, and noncapital financing activities during the year ended June 30, 2022:

Fleet Services Fund disposed of capital assets with a net book value of \$109.





COMBINING STATEMENTS AND OTHER SCHEDULES

Fiduciary Funds

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Private-Purpose Trust Funds — to account for assets held in trust by the County's Public Fiduciary for those individuals in which the Public Fiduciary serves as a court-appointed guardian, conservator or estate administrator.

Custodial Funds – to account for other fiduciary activities, including the pooled assets the County Treasurer holds and invests on behalf of other governmental entities not held in trust, non-pooled assets that are invested in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool and the County Treasurer's receipt and distribution of taxes for other governmental entities.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Private-Purpose Trust Funds June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	 vocable ial Trust	Fie	Public duciary 1st Fund	Priva	Total te-Purpose st Funds
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,172	\$	1,606	\$	4,778
Total assets	 3,172		1,606		4,778
Net position Restricted for Individuals, organizations, and other governments	 3,172		1,606		4,778
Total net position	\$ 3,172	\$	1,606	\$	4,778

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Private-Purpose Trust Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

			Pu	ıblic	7	Total
	Irrev	vocable	Fidu	uciary	Privat	e-Purpose
	Buri	al Trust	Trus	t Fund	Trus	st Funds
Additions:						
Other	\$	8,263	\$	118	\$	8,381
Total additions		8,263		118		8,381
Deductions:						
Other		7,890		765		8,655
Total deductions		7,890		765		8,655
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position		373		(647)		(274)
Net position held in trust July 1, 2021		2,799		2,253		5,052
Net position held in trust June 30, 2022	\$	3,172	\$	1,606	\$	4,778

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

				External Investment Pool	estment	Pool						Other	r		
						Other	Tota	Total External			Individual		Non-County		
		School		Fire	Gove	Governmental	Inv	Investment	Treasurer's	trer's	Investment		External		
		Districts	Γ	Districts	E	Entities		Pool	Clearing	ing	Accounts		Bank Accounts	Tc	Total Other
Assets															
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	254,598	S	62,109	S	11,164	S	327,871	\$	7,183	\$ 50,327	7 \$	10,379	S	67,889
Property tax receivable									35	39,687					39,687
Interest receivable		80		24		3		107							
Due from other governments										1,155					1,155
Total assets		254,678		62,133		11,167		327,978	4	48,025	50,327		10,379		108,731
:															
Net position															
Restricted for:															
Pool participants		254,678		62,133		11,167		327,978							
Individuals, organizations, and other governments									4	48,025	50,327	7	10,379		108,731
Total net position	S	\$ 254,678	s	62,133	s	11,167	s	327,978	\$ 4	48,025	\$ 50,327	7 \$	10,379	s	108,731

		ů ,	custodial Funds he Year Ended June (in thousands)		30, 2022				
		External	External Investment Pool				Other		
	School Districts	Fire Districts	Other Governmental Entities	Total External Investment Pool	Treasurer's Clearing	Individual Investment Accounts	Non-County External Bank Accounts	Total Other	
Additions: Contributions from pool participants Contributions from other governments	\$ 2,052,166	\$ 125,540	\$ 22,010	\$ 2,199,716		\$ 71.116		S.	71.116
Property tax collections for other governments Fines and fees collected for other governments					<pre>\$ 1,316,263 8,403</pre>			1,3	6,263 8,403
Investment earnings Inmate collections Other	946	256	47	1,249	364	146	\$ 2,309 30,809	31,	146 2,309 31,173
Total additions	2,053,112	125,796	22,057	2,200,965	1,325,030	71,262	33,118	1,429,410	410
Deductions: Distributions to pool participants Distributions to other governments	1,966,647	134,679	21,503	2,122,829		99,074),99,	99,074
Property tax distributions to other governments Interest expense Fines and fees distributed to other governments					1,304,124 525 8,586			1,304,124 525 8,586	4,124 525 8,586
Payments to inmates Other					718		2,424 29,900	2,4 30,0	2,424 30,618
Total deductions	1,966,647	134,679	21,503	2,122,829	1,313,953	99,074	32,324	1,445,351	351
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	86,465	(8,883)	554	78,136	11,077	(27,812)	794	(15,	(15,941)
Net position July 1, 2021	168,213	71,016	10,613	249,842	36,948	78,139	9,585	124,672	672
Net position June 30, 2022	\$ 254,678	\$ 62,133	\$ 11,167	\$ 327,978	\$ 48,025	\$ 50,327	\$ 10,379	\$ 108,731	731



INTRODUCTORY SECTION

FINANCIAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

- Financial Trends Information
- Revenue Capacity Information
- Debt Capacity Information
- Demographic and Economic Information
- Operating Information



STATISTICAL SECTION

Financial Trends – The financial trends schedules are intended to provide users with information to assist them in understanding and assessing how a government's financial position has changed over time. Financial trends information is considered to be a primary source of the historical perspective that helps users comprehend the direction in which a government's economic condition is heading. Italso serves the purpose of giving users aform of information that is among their most highly valued, comparative information over time.

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Ω	
Exhibit	

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Net Position by Component (accrual basis of accounting) Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands)

Note: Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*, in fiscal year 2019, net position for the year ended June 30, 2018 was restated, however this change is not reflected in this schedule. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues*, in fiscal year 2016, net position for the year ended June 30, 2018 was restated, however this change is not reflected in this schedule. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, in fiscal year 2015, net position for the year ended June 30, 2014 was restated, however this change is not reflected in this schedule.

Source: Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management

				(accrua	(IN the al basis	(in thousands) (accrual basis of accounting)	nting)								
							Fisca	Fiscal Year							
	2013	2014		2015		<u>2016</u>	2017	2018	2019	<u>6</u>	2020	2021	21	2022	
Expenses															
Governmental acuviues: General government	\$ 233.984	\$ 230.742	42. S	259.734	6	267.658	\$ 260.251	\$ 279.678	\$ 254	254.241	\$ 329.566	\$ 36	360.851	\$ 343,493	493
Dublic cofety				100 100	÷	201,750		010/012 0		100 407	107 957		200,001 215 276		046
ruolle salety	100,4/0	100,/02	72	100,109 05 210		107 461	214,040 07 007	110 150	1 1	204,	100,161	7 -	2010,01	2,407	210
flight and succes	00,00	0,04	<u>c</u>	010,00		104,401	00,000	601,011	= `	111,020 0 = 00	006,011	<u>c</u> I	120,4U2	170,041	170
Sanitation	6,409	4,2	22	(4, 882)		3,089	5,195	2,683		36/,7	4,052		3,295	4,4	4,453
Health	36,540	36,0	35	38,219		38,386	39,454	38,186	30),658	43,389	2	79,676	60,822	822
Welfare	95,428	93,224	24	93,524		88,515	90,013	94,567	6	5,737	102,033	10	103,038	100,505	505
Culture and recreation	65,341	63,961	51	62,981		65,770	68,350	65,827	6	62,513	70,275	2	70,153	69,944	944
Education and economic opportunity	49,924	35,7	56	35,051		35,833	36,658	43,492	4	2,810	39,420	4	49,623	65,7	797
Amortization-unallocated	(286)	(5,758)	58)	(6, 237)		(6,862)	(9, 348)	(7,806)	Ξ	(6,551)	(6,909)		(6, 870)	(5,2	(5, 254)
Interest on long-term debt	23,915	27,994	94	27,696		27,464	27,066	23,049	2	21,650	20,146	0	20,861	20,130	130
Total governmental activities expenses	757,818	768,7	713	779,893		824,073	819,173	864,295	82,	824,084	918,785	1,03	1,032,408	1,063,457	457
Business-type activities:															
Regional Wastewater Reclamation Dime Health System & Services	144,085	145,1	117	184,884		155,566	155,257	148,405	149	149,576	151,893	15	153,265	153,613	613
Development Services	7.231	6.7	796	6.888		6 691	6 091	5.523		6.187	6 528		6.370	6.4	6 443
Parking Garages	1,825	1,877		1,814		2,350	2,840	2,821		2,963	2,649		2,481	5,6	2,619
Total business-type activities expenses	153,141	153,7	06	193,586		164,607	164,188	156,749	158	158,726	161,070	16	162,116	162,675	675
Total primary government expenses	\$ 910,959	\$ 922,50	503 \$	973,479	S	988,680	\$ 983,361	\$ 1,021,044	\$ 982	982,810	\$ 1,079,855	\$ 1,19	,194,524	\$ 1,226,132	132
Program revenues Governmental activities:															
Charges for services															
General government	\$ 28,910	\$ 27,355	55 \$	27,974	S	27,149	\$ 28,331	\$ 27,713	\$ 20	6,789	\$ 28,754	ж С	33,606	\$ 32,4	32,414
Public safety	10,238	14,8	846	12,883		12,733	13,657	13,737	1	13,975	14,665	1	18,297	14,171	171
Highways and streets	6,511	6,307	10	6,136		5,263	6,696	8,356		7,908	9,236	1	12,432	13,0	13,006
Sanitation	3,577		31												
Health	12,495	13,259	59	12,894		13,437	13,831	13,727	1	14,576	14,614	-	15,154	16,0	16,097
Welfare	320		80	200		50				252	289		122		51
Culture and recreation	2,865	2,5	48	3,144		2,855	3,876	3,266		3,702	6,907		2,201	3,7	3,721
Education and economic opportunity	1,544	4	30	577		545	593	581		577	514		419	v)	565
Operating grants and contributions	116,121	113,129	29	126,862		127,536	130,049	131,222	13	131,487	175,720	23	237,401	234,010	010
Capital grants and contributions	59,298		583	42,570		45,579	37,502	26,842	3(30,361	40,077	3	35,772	56,606	606
Subtotal governmental activities program revenues	\$ 241,879	\$ 232,5	568 \$	233,240	S	235,147	\$ 234,535	\$ 225,444	\$ 229		\$ 290,776	\$ 35	55,404	\$ 370,6	641
														•	÷

Source: Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management

Exhibit D - 2

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands)

Progr Gover Charg

(continued)

			Changes in Net Positio Last Ten Fiscal Years	Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years						
		(a	(in thousands) (accrual basis of accounting)	(in thousands) I basis of accounting	(g					
(continued)		~		-	ò					
	2013	2014	2015	2016	Fiscal Year 2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Program revenues Business-type activities:										
Charges for services Regional Wastewater Reclamation Pima Health System & Services	\$ 156,573	\$ 171,650	\$ 172,597	\$ 167,856	\$ 170,255	\$ 176,108	\$ 180,118	\$ 176,208	\$ 179,727	\$ 181,732
Development Services Parking Garages	6,519 2,073	7,553 2,362	6,324 2,271	6,212 2,209	8,076 2,399	8,791 2,524	8,859 2,605	10,396 2,355	13,947 1,985	14,010 2,321
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	3,914	6,807	35 5,854	35 7,297	5,119	7,354	10,968	8,531	13,743	14,661
Total business-type activities program revenues Total primary government program revenues	169,079 \$ 410,958	188,372 \$ 420,940	187,081 \$ 420,321	183,609 \$ 418,756	185,849 \$ 420,384	194,777 \$ 420,221	202,550 \$ 432,177	197,490 \$ 488,266	209,402 \$ 564,806	212,724 \$ 583,365
Net (expense) revenue Governmental activities	(515,939)	(536,145)	(546,653)	(588,926)	(584,638)	(638,851)	(594,457)	(628,009)	(677,004)	(692,816)
Business-type activities Total governmental activities net expense	15,938 (500,001)	34,582 (501,563)	(6,505) (553,158)	19,002 (569,924)	21,661 (562,977)	38,028 (600,823)	43,824 (550,633)	36,420 (591,589)	47,286 (629,718)	50,049 (642,767)
General revenues and other changes in net position Governmental activities: Taxes										
Property taxes	\$ 383,508	\$ 378,032	\$ 423,538	\$ 444,194	\$ 453,004	\$ 476,365	\$ 463,547	\$ 482,079	\$ 485,886	\$ 500,619
noter/mote taxes Other taxes levied for stadium district	0,070 1,524	0,202	0,133	0,020 1,614	0,885 1,590	0,209 1,612	1,544	955,5 1,270	954 954	8,8/0 1,162
Shared sales tax Shared vehicle licenses	97,685 22.043	101,605 73,899	105,522 24 976	107,966 26 302	111,922 27 761	118,702	124,999 30.282	131,125 30 747	152,512 35 296	171,839 33 485
Unrestricted grants and contributions	3,207	5,035	4,562	4,199	4,550	4,733	4,877	5,890	4,892	7,289
Interest and penalties on delinquent taxes	7,439	6,976 2 955	6,164 1 931	5,590 3.768	6,504 3 797	5,157 5 540	5,624	5,286 11 977	5,886 3 817	5,247
Miscellaneous	21,267	16,810	16,889	15,712	17,731	18,381	21,320	22,019	33,832	38,421
I ransiers Total governmental activities	538,046	(16,715) 526,368	(17,133) 574,140	(20,190) 595,275	20,146 653,390	22,393 691,394	683,568 683,568	703,803	9,438 738,324	1,455 767,726
Business-type activities: Investment earnings	1,017	1,237	903	1,291	1,512	2,228	4,224	4,045	1,110	(530)
Miscellaneous	580 7 330	1,484	549 17 122	678 20.100	1,350	763	1,038	661 7 071)	570 (0.438)	671 (1.453)
Total business-type activities	8,927	19,436	18,585	22,159	(17,284)	(22,402)	(6,593)	(3,215)	(7,758)	(1,312)
Total primary government	\$ 546,973	\$ 545,804	\$ 592,725	\$ 617,434	\$ 636,106	\$ 668,992	\$ 676,975	\$ 700,588	\$ 730,566	\$ 766,414
Change in net position: Governmental activities Business-type activities Total primary government	22,107 24,865 \$ 46,972	(9,777) 54,018 \$ 44,241	27,487 12,080 \$ 39,567	6,349 41,161 \$ 47,510	68,752 4,377 \$ 73,129	52,543 15,626 \$ 68,169	89,111 37,231 \$ 126,342	75,794 33,205 \$ 108,999	61,320 39,528 \$ 100,848	74,910 48,737 \$ 123,647

Source: Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management

Exhibit D - 2

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

(modified accrual basis of accounting) Fund Balance - Governmental Funds PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands)

	2022		\$ 2,292	25,000	160	174,757	\$ 202,209				\$ 2,662	98,730	17,826	11,758	(6, 219)			49,051		44,073		1,538		243	(25,057) <u> <u> </u> <u> </u> (25,057) (2</u>	CU0,491 &
	2021		\$ 5,659	10,000	163	418,030	\$ 433,852				\$ 2,928	108,368	17,803	15,992	(279)			66,658		21,957		4,466		29	(27,598) # 210,224	\$ 210,524
	2020		\$ 7,487		135	97,974	\$ 105,596				\$ 2,400	80,990	18,422	14,558				72,010		45,776		5,143		180	(2,346)	\$ 23/,134
	2019		\$ 7,287		121	101,990	\$ 109,398				\$ 2,540	77,122	3,993	9,836	(4, 370)			78,107		41,234		6,845			200 JIC 0	106,012 &
	2018		\$ 4,566		101	108,825	\$ 113,492				\$ 2,676	90,924	1,972	4,747	(7,690)			136,889		9,492		5,004			0.044.014	\$ 244,014
Fiscal Year	2017		\$ 4,318		80	97,638	\$ 102,036				\$ 2,496	62,263	2,821	9,421	(7,006)			96,228		209		3,127			0 170 550	ودد,601 ه
	2016		\$ 2,931		201	77,550	\$ 80,682				\$ 2,323	57,141	6,962	3,289	(9,097)			104, 274	1,508	195		6,656			0 170 061	107,5/1 &
	<u>2015</u>		\$ 4,053		194	47,878	\$ 52,125				\$ 2,515	53,155	6,320	3,769	(4, 770)			126,827	3,065		(57)	8,424			010010	\$ 199,248
	2014		\$ 5,278		181	42,731	\$ 48,190				\$ 1,894	60,984	6,308	4,204	(6,536)			145,256	3,836		(80)	7,848			e 222 11 4	\$ 225,114
	2013		\$ 3,848		158	56,526	\$ 60,532				\$ 1,939	76,570	7,746	23,784	(8, 385)			187,855	6,958		(83)	25,640			6 333 524	3 322,024
		General Fund	Nonspendable Restricted	Committed	Assigned	Unassigned	Total General Fund	All other governmental funds	Unreserved, reported in:	Special revenue funds	Nonspendable	Restricted	Committed	Assigned	Unassigned	Capital projects funds	Nonspendable	Restricted	Committed	Assigned	Unassigned	Debt Service: Assigned	Grants	Nonspendable	Unassigned	I otal other governmental funds

Note: The Grants Fund met GASB Statement 34, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments*, major fund criteria in fiscal year 2020. In prior fiscal years, it was reported under Special revenue funds.

Source:

Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management

		Cha	anges in Fund B Last (i) (i)	Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands) (modified accrual basis of accounting)	nmental Funds s counting)					+ - 0 1001171
					Fiscal Year					
Revenues	<u>2013</u>	2014	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	2018	2019	2020	<u>2021</u>	2022
Taxes	\$ 391,630	\$ 385,829	\$ 431,371	\$ 450,054	\$ 460,312	\$ 481,222	\$ 469,605	\$ 486,074	\$ 491,028	\$ 502,370
Special assessments Licenses and permits	8,371	8,275	8,456	8,824	9,305	9,906	10,261	9,856	11,126	9,941
Intergovernmental	301,223	292,082	296,628 60.777	314,918	308,555 66 857	302,668 63 017	326,678	364,610 68 435	435,628 75 220	481,572 76 232
Cutation services Fines and forfeits	9,904	27,020 8,652	9,509	8,420	8,110	7,526	7,004	00,432 6,062	7,022	7,535
Investment earnings Miscellaneous	2,282 22,182	1,737 17,464	1,155 15,680	1,812 16,835	2,257 17,908	4,022 19,941	7,564 20,980	7,417 21,272	3,074 25,543	1,622 44,764
Total revenues	789,113	771,865	823,021	863,121	873,299	889,202	903,263	963,726	1,048,760	1,124,036
Expenditures										
General government	238,582	247,507	256,331	255,639	258,350	257,511	269,391	318,476	347,492	337,570
Public safety	152,373	157,572	161,484	169,292	174,105	172,696	173,195	158,046	210,390	435,338
Highways and streets Sanitation	35,866 5.328	37,772 2.521	39,664 2.403	45,625 2.237	41,523 2.343	42,038 2.314	39,953 2.405	63,254 2.511	89,690 2.239	130,298 2.414
Health	35,581	35,357	37,787	38,390	39,263	39,182	42,909	42,141	77,417	63,194
Welfare	95,339 55.601	93,193 56 745	93,418 60 007	88,436	89,915	94,594 62,070	95,907 64 002	102,043	103,029	100,550
Culture and recreation Education and economic opportunity	44,299	34,196	34,280	35,121	04,72 35,872	02,070 40,102	04,005 42,345	04,751 38,583	03,020 48,026	66,554
Capital outlay	174,976	135,746	100,788	70,473	73,922	78,370	118,275	118,016	94,003	108,296
ucor service - prinkipat - interest - miscellaneorus	23,904	26,211 26,777 0201	26,439 26,439 863	26,279 26,279	23,920 1 276	20,244	18,730	17,630	16,526	18,767
Total expenditures	931,935	941,753	904,377	877,647	906,893	907,424	997,645	1,016,071	1,160,129	1,425,929
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(142,822)	(169,888)	(81,356)	(14,526)	(33,594)	(18,222)	(94,382)	(52,345)	(111,369)	(301,893)
Other financing sources (uses):										
	00013	0000	202 01	0710	200 021					
Issuance of refunding debts Premium on bonds	01,280 11,959	6,805 9,488	15,085 5,949	9,640 2,552	17,661	2,621	6,709	5,588	5,603	
Payments to escrow agents	(55,423)	(10,131)	(15,250)	(11,010)	(166,816)			ļ		
Capital leases/Installment notes Proceeds from sale of capital assets	31	239 360	005,11	149 89	1,700 246	566	1.676	679 268	5	470
Lease agreements	321 001	001.02	300 02	300.40	007 20	000 65	15 040	000	010 200	3,451
race amount of long-term dept Transfers in	c/1,061 113,227	/a,100 162,683	121,497	114,358	110,044	121,810	169,544	170,977	191,771	227,287
Transfers (out)	(122, 244)	(190, 140)	(148, 744)	(132,865)	(87, 640)	(94,524)	(162,458)	(163,167)	(171,810)	(226,675)
Total other financing sources	129,769	59,464	60,781	17,208	51,260	104,133	61,581	70,365	412,817	54,533
Change in reserves - net								4	(1)	(2)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (13,053)	\$(110,424)	\$ (20,575)	\$ 2,682	\$ 17,666	\$ 85,911	\$ (32,801)	\$ 18,024	\$ 301,447	\$ (247,362)
)										
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	11.67%	16.44%	13.51%	13.41%	14.94%	13.74%	16.11%	11.55%	11.10%	8.08%
Source: Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management	ment									

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

Exhibit D - 4

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STATISTICAL SECTION

REVENUE CAPACITY:

The revenue capacity information is intended to assist users to understand and assess the factors affecting a government's ability to generate its own-source revenues. The presentation here is not limited to property tax revenues, but certain other revenues are presented to comply with debt disclosure requirements, e.g., hotel taxes, car rental taxes, and street and highway revenues.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Taxable Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Property Last Ten Tax Years (in thousands)

10.11%	061,107,001	0601.6	10,132,024	10/,6/	CU6,710	دەد,ەטט, /	cc0,1c1,7	7707
10110/		7001 2			300 010			
10.14%	95,585,663	5.2346	9,696,151	68, 132	309,971		2,650,189	2021
10.08%	90,656,154	5.3524	9,140,425	62,341	304,548	6,311,194	2,462,342	2020
10.10%	86,441,657	5.6014	8,729,964	61,418	311,735		2,408,207	2019
10.07%	82,745,384	5.6525	8,333,893	59,834	323,278		2,316,227	2018
10.04%	80,459,900	6.0243	8,074,958	55,611	321,022		2,323,580	2017
9.91%	78,911,345	5.8852	7,816,700	52,536	345,099		2,246,501	2016
9.96%	76,489,654	5.9632	7,620,361	52,386	385,043		2,230,175	2015
10.11%	74,402,882	5.7639	7,518,482	49,090	407,857	4	2,308,924	2014
10.32%	73,262,703	5.1309	7,559,129	51,312	429,967	4,701,881	2,375,969	2013
of Limited Value	Value	Tax Rate	Value	Other	Land	Property	Property	Tax Year
as a Percentage	Limited	Direct	Assessed		Vacant	Residential	Commercial	
Assessed Value	Estimated	Total	Taxable					

Notes:

Property in Pima County is assessed annually with values being set by either the County Assessor or the Arizona Department of Revenue. The values are individual property types. The taxable assessed value is arrived at by multiplying an assessment ratio that has varied from ten percent for residential the basis for Primary Taxes and annual changes therein are restricted by the State Constitution. Assessment ratios are set by the legislature for property to twenty-five percent for commercial property. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

Source:

Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management

		Cou	County Direct Rates	ates		
			Flood	County	Fire	
Тах	County	County	Control	Library	District	
Year	Primary	Secondary	District ¹	District	Assistance	Total
13	3.6665	0.7800	0.2635	0.3753	0.0456	5.1309
14	4.2779	0.7000	0.3035	0.4353	0.0472	5.7639
2015	4.3877	0.7000	0.3135	0.5153	0.0467	5.9632
16	4.2896	0.7000	0.3335	0.5153	0.0468	5.8852
17	4.4596	0.7000	0.3135	0.5053	0.0459	6.0243
18	4.0696	0.6900	0.3335	0.5153	0.0441	5.6525
19	3.9996	0.6900	0.3335	0.5353	0.0430	5.6014
20	3.9220	0.5200	0.3335	0.5353	0.0416	5.3524
21	3.8764	0.4500	0.3335	0.5353	0.0394	5.2346
22	3.8764	0.3200	0.3235	0.5453	0.0384	5.1036

							Central AZ	Flowing		Cortaro-	Mobile	Gladden Farms	Bladden Farms Vanderbilt Farms	Quail Creek	Gladden Farms	Saguaro Springs
	State		\sim	City	City	Street	Water	Wells	Silverbell	Marana	Home	Community	Community	Community	Phase II	Community
Tax	of	of Education	College	of	of South	Lighting	Conservation	Irrigation	Irrigation	Irrigation	Relocation	Facilities	Facilities	Facilities	Community	Facilities
Year	Arizona	Assistance		Tucson	Tucson	District	District	District ²	District ²	District ²	District ³	District	District ⁴	District	Facilities District	District
2013	00000	0 5172	1 2022	1 4204	7660 0	10 1000	0.1400	10.2500	0000 0	00000	0 5000	0009 0	0.3000		0.3000	0.2000
C107	0.0000	C71C.0	CC 67.1	1.4004.I	0/16.7	10.1700	0.1400	00000.61	0000.0	0000.60	0000.0	7.0000	0000.0	0000.0	00000	00000
2014	0.0000	0.5089	1.3344	1.4606	0.2528	12.0787	0.1400	19.3500	3.0000	0000.69	0.5000	2.8000	0.3000	3.3000	0.3000	0.3000
2015	0.0000	0.5054	1.3689	1.5960	0.2528	12.3345	0.1400	19.3500	3.0000	72.0000	0.5000	2.8000	0.3000	3.3000	0.3000	0.3000
2016	0.0000	0.5010	1.3733	1.5982	0.2528	12.4384	0.1400	19.3500	3.0000	75.0000	0.0000	2.8000	0.3000	3.3000	0.3000	0.3000
2017	0.0000	0.4875	1.3890	1.4342	0.2487	12.4505	0.1400	19.3500	3.0000	75.0000	0.0000	2.8000	0.3000	3.3000	0.3000	0.3000
2018	0.0000	0.4741	1.3983	1.4819	0.2512	15.3127	0.1400	19.3500	3.0000	78.0000	0.0000	2.4400	0.3000	3.3000	0.3000	2.8000
2019	0.0000	0.4566	1.3758	1.3810	0.2434	17.9248	0.1400	19.3500	3.0000	79.5000	0.0000	2.8000	0.3000	3.3000	2.8000	2.8000
2020	0.0000	0.4426	1.3359	1.3573	0.2527	14.4901	0.1400	19.3500	3.0000	80.2500	0.0000	2.8000		3.3000	2.8000	2.8000
2021	0.0000	0.4263	1.2733	1.3123	0.2370	15.2590	0.1400	19.3500	3.0000	84.0000	0.0000	2.8000		3.3000	2.8000	2.8000
2022	0.0000	0.0000	1.2878	1.4292	0.2338	15.7198	0.1400	21.2900	3.2508	91.5000	0.0000	2.8000		3.0300	2.8000	2.8000

Notes:

Primary and secondary tax rates (per \$100 of net assessed value) are set by the County Board of Supervisors or the governing boards of other taxing jurisdictions. The Towns of Marana, Oro Valley and Sahuarita do not currently levy a property tax. The Tucson Business Improvement District levy (on a per-business basis) is not shown.

¹The Pima County Flood Control District tax levy applies only to real property.

²Irrigation Districts' tax rates shown are levied on a per acre basis.

³Mobile Home Relocation levy applies only to unsecured mobile homes. ⁴Vanderbilt Farms Community Facilities District was dissolved in fiscal year 2020.

Source: Prima County Department of Finance & Risk Management

- 6a	
Exhibit D	

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates - School Districts Last Ten Tax Years (per \$100 of assessed value)

School District Tucson Unified (#1)	2013 7.4319	2014 7.5094	2015 7.3425	2016 7.1258	2017 6.9218	2018 6.5554	2019 6.3328	2020 6.1243	2021 6.1032	2022 5.9173
Marana Unified (#6)	6.0085	6.2288	6.3370	6.3871	6.2334	6.0840	5.8650	5.7594	5.9491	5.4689
Flowing Wells Unified (#8)	6.7146	6.6135	6.6292	6.8971	6.7539	6.8860	6.8539	6.6839	6.4855	6.5638
Amphitheater Unified (#10)	5.9226	5.8044	5.6725	5.4917	5.6311	5.4919	5.4507	5.4522	5.1034	5.1627
Sunnyside Unified (#12)	5.0003	6.0364	3.9987	5.5498	5.7009	5.6636	5.3009	5.1530	4.6605	4.3087
Tanque Verde Unified (#13)	5.0012	5.0329	5.3069	5.2329	5.7574	5.4150	5.3974	5.2384	5.2731	5.0445
Ajo Unified (#15)	3.8882	4.8452	4.5540	4.7673	4.7107	4.5585	4.3771	4.2246	4.1276	4.0710
Catalina Foothills Unified (#16)	4.8264	4.7066	4.9985	5.9893	5.6661	5.4212	4.9943	5.5878	5.1980	5.0599
Vail Elementary (#20)	7.1703	7.3000	7.0189	7.0523	7.2630	7.1643	7.4759	7.1640	7.1497	6.8087
Sahuarita Unified (#30)	6.6341	7.2885	7.2847	7.3670	9.0399	8.4240	7.8712	7.4213	7.3042	7.1594
San Fernando Elementary (#35)	5.7831	5.8244	5.9538	4.4826	4.5003	4.3145	2.3087	1.9243	1.9959	1.9510
Empire Elementary (#37)	1.1287	2.1687	1.7677	2.4363	5.4021	6.4884	3.7643	2.4307	3.6087	3.4754
Continental Elementary (#39)	1.7027	2.6146	2.6512	2.4626	2.4991	2.5037	2.3785	2.3249	2.2488	2.1400
Redington Elementary (#44)	4.8200	4.7711	4.5901	8.9614	8.6853	8.6853	7.3742	7.3742	7.3742	7.3742
Altar Valley Elementary (#51)	6.2676	6.7381	7.6184	5.9857	5.7738	5.9852	5.5805	5.6522	6.7208	5.1139
Unorganized ¹	2.1265	2.1123	2.0977	2.0793	2.0234	1.9679	1.8954	1.8371	1.7694	1.7133

Notes: ¹County Education District; Only applies to those geographical areas within Pima County not part of formal school districting.

Source: Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Principal Property Taxpayers Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands)

		2013			2014			2015			2016			2017	
			Percent of			Percent of			Percent of			Percent of			Percent of
	Estimated	Rank	Total	Estimated	Rank	Total	Estimated	Rank	Total	Estimated	Rank	Total	Estimated	Rank	Total
	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer	Value			Value		Value									
Unisource/Tucson Electric Power Co.	\$ 200,706	1	2.6%	\$ 201,401	1	2.5%	\$ 200,344	1	2.4%	\$ 188,366	Ч	2.2%	\$ 215,359	I	2.5%
Southwest Gas Corporation	61,669	4	0.8%	66,789	3	0.8%	70,297	3	0.9%	36,696	4	0.4%	75,306	3	0.9%
Phelps Dodge Corporation - Sierrita Mine	136,947	2	1.8%	95,186	2	1.2%	93,847	2	1.1%	81,988	2	1.0%	84,212	2	1.0%
ASARCO LLC - Mission Mine	74,101	3	1.0%	55,322	4	0.7%	48,496	4	0.6%	42,290	ю	0.5%	43,258	4	0.5%
QWEST Corporation	40,386	5	0.5%	38,035	5	0.5%	37,877	5	0.5%	33,114	S	0.4%	35,990	5	0.4%
Northwest Hospital LLC	16,980	7	0.2%	16,982	8	0.2%	17,058	7	0.2%	16,858	8	0.2%	31,995	9	0.4%
SMSJ Tucson Holdings, LLC										17,471	7	0.2%	23,629	8	0.3%
DND Neffson Co. (Tucson Mall)	16,030	6	0.2%	16,037	6	0.2%	15,695	8	0.2%	15,668	6	0.2%	22,561	6	0.3%
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	16,923	8	0.2%	19,366	7	0.2%	18,494	6	0.2%	18,211	9	0.2%	21,809	10	0.3%
DDR Tucson Spectrum II, LLC										12,499	10	0.1%			
Raytheon							14,703	6	0.2%						
Trico Electric Co-Op Inc.	21,713	9	0.3%	21,845	9	0.3%	14,131	10	0.2%						
JW Marriott Starr Pass Resort				12,298	10	0.2%									
Verizon Wireless	12,884	10	0.2%												
Sierrita Gas Pipeline LLC													30,769	٢	0.4%
Arizona Portland Cement															
ASARCO Mining															
Westin La Paloma															
Total Top Ten	\$ 598,339		7.8%	\$ 543,261		6,8%	\$ 530,942		6.5%	\$ 463,161		5.4%	\$ 584,888		7.0%
Notes: ¹ Secondary Assessed Valuation for Tax Year	ar		\$7,623,691			\$ 7,579,899			\$ 7,906,190			\$ 8,262,665			\$ 8,508,990
Source: Pima County Assessor's Office Arizona Department of Revenue															(continued)

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Principal Property Taxpayers Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands)

(continued)

		2018	I		2019			2020			2021			2022	
			Percent of												
Est As V ₂	Estimated Assessed Value ¹	Rank	Total Assessed Value												
Unisource/Tucson Electric Power Co. 8 2	\$ 217,657		2.4%	\$ 217,567		2.3%	\$ 228,198		2.2%	\$ 240,775		2.2%	\$ 273,438		2.4%
Southwest Gas Corporation	85,118	2	0.9%	92,375	2	1.0%	102,442	2	1.0%	119,687	2	1.1%	136,933	2	1.2%
Phelps Dodge Corporation	70,987	ю	0.8%	71,722	3	0.7%	866,68	3	0.9%	101,453	3	0.9%	86,436	3	0.8%
	29,920	7	0.3%	28,751	7	0.3%	32,825	7	0.3%	40,427	4	0.4%	46,647	4	0.4%
	40,280	4	0.4%	36,335	4	0.4%	42,110	4	0.4%	38,540	5	0.4%	34,044	5	0.3%
							26,237	∞	0.3%	32,155	9	0.3%	34,026	9	0.3%
	32,521	6	0.4%	33,047	9	0.3%	33,729	6	0.3%	31,175	7	0.3%	33,149	7	0.3%
	34,964	S	0.4%	35,335	5	0.4%	33,754	5	0.3%	30,935	8	0.3%	28,283	8	0.2%
SMSJ Tucson Holdings, LLC	29,729	8	0.3%	25,005	8	0.3%	26,006	6	0.3%	24,579	6	0.2%	25,946	6	0.2%
	22,472	10	0.2%	23,020	10	0.2%							24,973	10	0.2%
DND Neffson Co. (Tucson Mall)	22,667	6	0.3%	23,150	6	0.2%	23,377	10	0.2%	23,978	10	0.2%			
DDR Tucson Spectrum II, LLC															
JW Marriott Starr Pass Resort															
\$	586,315		6.4%	\$ 586,307		6.1%	\$ 638,676		6.2%	\$ 683,704		6.3%	\$ 723,875		6.4%
ites: ¹ Secondary Assessed Valuation for Tax Y car	är		\$ 9,030,169			\$ 9,645,865			\$ 10,226,395			\$ 10,836,343			\$ 11,355,659
urce: Pina County Assessor's Office Arizona Department of Revenue															

Collected to

Collected to June 30,

Real Property Tax Levies and Collections PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands)

		Delinquent	Taxes	Receivable ²	1,521	1,516	1,271	1,188	1,413	1,118	6,443	11,028	10,977	13,078
022 ¹		Percent of	Adjusted	Levy	99.59%	99.59%	<u>99.69</u> %	99.73%	99.68%	99.76%	98.57%	97.65%	97.68%	97.32%
June 30, 2022 ¹				Amount	369,401	366,797	410,213	432,361	439,481	463,265	444,508	458,509	462,317	475,664
		Collections	in Subsequent	Years	11,845	11,459	12,543	13,645	8,853	9,443	3,354			
al Year ¹			Original		I								97.68%	97.32%
End of Tax Fiscal Year ¹				Amount	357,556	355,338	397,670	418,716	430,628	453,822	441,154	458,509	462,317	475,664
	Real	Property	Tax Levy	(Adjusted)	370,922	368,313	411,484	433,549	440,894	464,383	450,951	469,537	473,294	488,742
			Roll	Ŭ										
	Original	Real	Property	Tax Levy	370,922	368,313	411,484	433,549	440,894	464,383	450,951	469,537	473,294	488,742
		Secondary Property Tax	Levy for Flood Control	and Library District ^{3,4,5}	46,136	45,287	52,186	59,448	62,645	81,772	67,031	72,146	76,329	80,602
	Primary Property Tax	Levy and Secondary	Property Tax Levy for	Debt Service	324,786	323,026	359,298	374,101	378,249	382,611	383,920	397,391	396,965	408,140
			Fiscal	Year	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22

Note:

¹ Amounts collected are on a cash basis rather than the modified accrual basis used in the financial statements.

² Represents the difference between the adjusted levy and collected to June 30, 2022.

 3 Fiscal Year 2017-18 includes Transporation road property. 4 Fiscal Year 2018-19 includes Improvement & Other Districts.

 5 Fiscal Y ear 2019-20 includes Community Facilities Districts.

Source: Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management Pima County Treasurer's Office

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Assessed, Limited and Full Cash (Secondary) Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands)

		Limited and	Ratio of Net
D' 13 7	Net Assessed	Full Cash Value ¹	Assessed to
Fiscal Year	Value		Full Cash Value
2012-13 Primary	8,073,938	76,085,641	10.61%
2012-13 Secondary	8,171,212	77,731,086	10.51%
2013-14 Primary	7,559,129	73,262,703	10.32%
2013-14 Secondary	7,623,691	74,590,067	10.22%
2014-15 Primary	7,518,482	74,402,882	10.11%
2014-15 Secondary	7,579,899	75,389,155	10.05%
2015-16 Primary	7,620,361	76,489,654	9.96%
2015-16 Secondary	7,906,190	79,550,159	9.94%
2016-17 Primary	7,816,700	78,911,345	9.91%
2016-17 Secondary	8,262,665	83,520,548	9.89%
2017-18 Primary	8,074,958	80,459,900	10.04%
2017-18 Secondary	8,508,990	84,772,588	10.04%
2018-19 Primary	8,333,893	82,745,384	10.07%
2018-19 Secondary	9,030,169	89,027,208	10.14%
2019-20 Primary	8,729,964	86,441,657	10.10%
2019-20 Secondary	9,645,865	95,293,696	10.12%
2020-21 Primary	9,140,425	90,656,154	10.08%
2020-21 Secondary	10,226,395	101,016,359	10.12%
2021-22 Primary	9,696,151	95,585,663	10.14%
2021-22 Secondary	10,836,343	106,405,925	10.18%

Notes:

¹Limited value is the basis for primary taxes and annual changes therein are restricted by statute; Full Cash Value or Secondary Value approximates market value.

Source:

Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Comparative Net Valuations and Tax Rates (per \$100 assessed value) (in thousands)

	FY 2021-22 (Ta	x Year 2021)	FY 2022-23 (Tax	Year 2022)
Jurisdiction	Valuation	Rate	Valuation	Rate
State of Arizona	\$ 9,696,150	0	\$ 10,132,624	0
Pima County				
General Fund - Primary	9,696,150	3.8764	10,132,624	3.8764
Debt Service - Secondary	9,696,150	0.4500	10,132,624	0.3200
Free Library - Secondary	9,696,150	0.5353	10,132,624	0.5453
The Elorary - Secondary	9,090,150	0.5555	10,152,024	0.5455
Total County - Primary	9,696,150	3.8764	10,132,624	3.8764
Total County - Secondary		0.9853		0.8653
Grand Total		4.8617		4.7417
Education Assistance	9,696,150	0.4263	10,132,624	0.0000
Flood Control District - Secondary	8,794,452	0.3335	9,162,250	0.3235
Fire District Assistance - Secondary	9,696,150	0.0394	10,132,624	0.0384
Pima Community College District				
Primary	9,696,150	1.2733	10,132,624	1.2878
Total	9,090,190	1.2733	10,152,024	1.2878
1000		1.2755		1.2070
Central Arizona Water Conservation Dist	rict			
Secondary	9,696,150	0.1400	10,132,624	0.1400
Cities & Towns				
City of Tucson				
Primary	3,962,585	0.4430	4,155,638	0.5244
Secondary	3,962,585	0.8693	4,155,638	0.9048
Total		1.3123		1.4292
City of South Tucson				
Primary	24,976	0.2370	25,413	0.2338
Total		0.2370		0.2338
School Districts				
Unorganized - Primary	17,294	1.7694	16,430	1.7133
	1,,271	1., 0, 1	10,100	11,100
Tucson Unified (District #1)				
Primary	3,761,018	3.9489	3,921,344	3.8404
Secondary	3,761,018	2.1543	3,921,344	2.0769
Total		6.1032		5.9173

Source:

Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management

(continued)

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Comparative Net Valuations and Tax Rates (per \$100 assessed value) (in thousands)

(continued)

		FY 2021-22 (T	Tax Year 2021)	FY 2022-23 (Ta	x Year 2022)
Jurisdiction		Valuation	Rate	Valuation	Rate
Marana Unified (District #6)					
Primary	\$	1,033,705	4.1052	\$ 1,096,227	3.5946
Secondary		1,033,705	1.8439	1,096,227	1.8743
Total			5.9491		5.4689
Flowing Wells Unified (District #8)					
Primary		221,076	3.8535	226,621	3.6994
Secondary		221,076	2.6320	226,621	2.8644
Total			6.4855		6.5638
Amphitheater Unified (District #10)					
Primary		1,750,677	3.6038	1,803,846	3.5830
Secondary		1,750,677	1.4996	1,803,846	1.5797
Total		j j	5.1034	,,	5.1627
Sunnyside Unified (District #12)					
Primary		520,919	3.6737	558,934	3.4705
Secondary		520,919	0.9868	558,934	0.8382
Total			4.6605		4.3087
Tanque Verde Unified (District #13)					
Primary		212,455	3.7341	219,134	3.4266
Secondary		212,455	1.5390	219,134	1.6179
Total		,	5.2731		5.0445
Ajo Unified (District #15)					
Primary		19,582	4.1276	18,334,801	4.0710
Total			4.1276		4.0710
Catalina Foothills Unified (District #16	5)				
Primary)	677,142	3.6473	686,237	3.4710
Secondary		677,142	1.5507	686,237	1.5889
Total		077,112	5.1980	000,207	5.0599
Vail Elementary (District #20)					
Primary		649,978	4.1032	682,271	3.7355
Secondary		649,978	3.0465	682,271	3.0732
Total		079,970	7.1497	002,271	6.8087
1.0001			/.17//		0.0007

Source:

Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management

(continued)

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Comparative Net Valuations and Tax Rates (per \$100 assessed value) (in thousands)

(continued)

San Fernando Elementary (District #35) 13,243 1.9959 12,618 1.9510 Primary Total 1.9959 12,618 1.9510 Empire Elementary (District #37) 1.9959 12,618 1.9510 Primary 7,078 3.6087 $7,388$ 3.4754 Total 3.6087 $7,388$ 3.4754 Continental Elementary (District #39) $Primary$ $404,979$ 1.8200 $423,306$ 1.7789 Secondary $404,979$ 0.4288 $423,306$ 0.3611 Total 2.2488 2.1400 Baboquivari Unified School (District #40) $Primary$ $2,162$ 0 $2,009$ 0 Primary $2,162$ 0 $2,009$ 0 0 0 Redington Elementary (District #40) $Primary$ $1,487$ 7.3742 7.3742 7.3742 Total 1.487 7.3742 1.521 7.3742 7.3742 Altar Valley Elementary (District #51) $Primary$ $51,481$ 5.8384 $57,672$ 4.2825 Secondary 51		F	Y 2021-22 (Ta	x Year 2021)	F	Y 2022-23 (Tax	Year 2022)
Primary \$ 351,874 3.9287 \$ 398,731 3.9738 Secondary $351,874$ 3.3755 $398,731$ 3.9738 Total 7.3042 7.3042 7.1594 San Fernando Elementary (District #35) primary $13,243$ 1.9959 $12,618$ 1.9510 Primary Total $13,243$ 1.9959 $12,618$ 1.9510 Empire Elementary (District #37) $7,078$ 3.6087 $7,388$ 3.4754 Total 3.6087 $7,388$ 3.4754 3.4754 Continental Elementary (District #39) $7,078$ 3.6087 $7,388$ 3.4754 Primary $404,979$ 1.8200 $423,306$ 1.7789 Secondary $404,979$ 0.4288 $423,306$ 1.7789 Total 2.2488 2.1400 2.1400 Baboquivari Unified School (District #40) 7.3742 2.009 0 Primary $2,162$ 0 $2,009$ 0 Redington Elementary (District #44) 7.3742 7.3742 7.3742 Pri	Jurisdiction	Va	aluation	Rate	V	aluation	Rate
Secondary Total $351,874$ 3.3755 $398,731$ 3.1856 San Fernando Elementary (District #35) 13,243 1.9959 12,618 1.9510 Primary 13,243 1.9959 12,618 1.9510 Empire Elementary (District #37) 7,078 3.6087 7,388 3.4754 Primary 7,078 3.6087 7,388 3.4754 Continental Elementary (District #39) 7 $7,078$ 3.6087 $7,388$ 3.4754 Primary 404,979 1.8200 423,306 1.7789 Secondary 404,979 0.4288 423,306 0.3611 Total 2.2488 423,306 0.3611 Baboquivari Unified School (District #40) $2,162$ 0 0 0 Primary $2,162$ 0 0 0 0 Redington Elementary (District #44) 7.3742 $1,521$ 7.3742 Primary $1,487$ 7.3742 7.3742 7.3742 Altar Valley Elementary (District #51) 7.672 4.2825 57.672 0.8314 </th <th>Sahuarita Unified (District #30)</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	Sahuarita Unified (District #30)						
Total 7.3042 7.1594 San Fernando Elementary (District #35) 13,243 1.9959 12,618 1.9510 Primary Total 1.9959 12,618 1.9510 Empire Elementary (District #37) 1.9959 12,618 1.9510 Primary 7,078 3.6087 7,388 3.4754 Total 3.6087 7,388 3.4754 Continental Elementary (District #39) Primary 404,979 1.8200 423,306 1.7789 Primary 404,979 0.4288 423,306 0.3611 2.1400 Baboquivari Unified School (District #40) 2,162 0 2,009 0 Primary 2,162 0 0 0 0 Redington Elementary (District #40) 1,487 7.3742 1,521 7.3742 Primary 1,487 7.3742 1,521 7.3742 Altar Valley Elementary (District #51) Primary 51,481 5.8384 57,672 4.2825 Secondary 51,481 0.8824 57,672 0.8314 <th>Primary</th> <th>\$</th> <th>351,874</th> <th>3.9287</th> <th>\$</th> <th>398,731</th> <th>3.9738</th>	Primary	\$	351,874	3.9287	\$	398,731	3.9738
San Fernando Elementary (District #35) 13,243 1.9959 12,618 1.9510 Primary Total 1.9959 12,618 1.9510 Empire Elementary (District #37) 7,078 3.6087 7,388 3.4754 Total 3.6087 7,388 3.4754 Continental Elementary (District #39) 9 9 1.8200 423,306 1.7789 Primary 404,979 1.8200 423,306 0.3611 2.1400 Baboquivari Unified School (District #40) 9 0.4288 423,306 0.3611 Primary 2,162 0 2,009 0 Redington Elementary (District #40) 9 0 0 0 Primary 1,487 7.3742 1,521 7.3742 Total 0 0 0 0 0 Redington Elementary (District #44) 7.3742 7.3742 7.3742 7.3742 Primary 51,481 5.8384 57,672 4.2825 Secondary 51,481 0.8824 57,672 0.8314	Secondary		351,874	3.3755		398,731	3.1856
Primary Total $13,243$ 1.9959 $12,618$ 1.9510 Empire Elementary (District #37) Primary Total $7,078$ 3.6087 	Total			7.3042			7.1594
Total1.99591.9510Empire Elementary (District #37) $7,078$ 3.6087 $7,388$ 3.4754 Primary $7,078$ 3.6087 $7,388$ 3.4754 Continental Elementary (District #39) 9 1.8200 $423,306$ 1.7789 Primary $404,979$ 1.8200 $423,306$ 1.7789 Secondary $404,979$ 0.4288 $423,306$ 0.3611 Total 2.2488 2.1400 Baboquivari Unified School (District #40) 0 0 Primary $2,162$ 0 $2,009$ 0 Total 0 0 0 Redington Elementary (District #44) 7.3742 $1,521$ 7.3742 Primary $1,487$ 7.3742 $1,521$ 7.3742 Altar Valley Elementary (District #51) 7.3742 $51,481$ 5.8384 $57,672$ 4.2825 Secondary $51,481$ 0.8824 $57,672$ 0.8314	San Fernando Elementary (District #35	5)					
Empire Elementary (District #37) Primary 7,078 3.6087 7,388 3.4754 Total 3.6087 7,388 3.4754 Continental Elementary (District #39) Primary $404,979$ 1.8200 $423,306$ 1.7789 Secondary $404,979$ 1.8200 $423,306$ 0.3611 Total 2.2488 $423,306$ 0.3611 Baboquivari Unified School (District #40) $2,162$ 0 $2,009$ 0 Primary $2,162$ 0 $2,009$ 0 0 Baboquivari Unified School (District #40) 7.3742 $1,521$ 7.3742 Primary $1,487$ 7.3742 $1,521$ 7.3742 Total 2.1400 0 0 0 0 Redington Elementary (District #44) 7.3742 $1,521$ 7.3742 7.3742 Primary $1,487$ 7.3742 7.3742 7.3742 Altar Valley Elementary (District #51) 7.672 4.2825 5.6001 5.8384 $57,672$ 0.8314	Primary		13,243	1.9959		12,618	1.9510
Primary Total7,078 3.6087 3.6087 7,388 3.4754 3.4754 Continental Elementary (District #39)Primary Secondary Total $404,979$ 2.2488 $423,306$ 2.2488 1.7789 $423,306$ Baboquivari Unified School (District #40) Primary Total $2,162$ 0 0 0 0 Redington Elementary (District #44) Primary Total $1,487$ 7.3742 7.3742 7.3742 $1,521$ 7.3742 Altar Valley Elementary (District #51) Primary Total $51,481$ 5.8384 $57,672$ 6.72 4.2825 $5condary$	Total			1.9959			1.9510
Total 3.6087 3.4754 Continental Elementary (District #39) $Primary$ $404,979$ 1.8200 $423,306$ 1.7789 Secondary $404,979$ 0.4288 $423,306$ 0.3611 Total 2.2488 2.1400 Baboquivari Unified School (District #40) $2,162$ 0 $2,009$ 0 Primary $2,162$ 0 $2,009$ 0 Redington Elementary (District #44) 7.3742 $1,521$ 7.3742 Primary $1,487$ 7.3742 $1,521$ 7.3742 Altar Valley Elementary (District #51) $Primary$ $51,481$ 5.8384 $57,672$ 4.2825 Secondary $51,481$ 0.8824 $57,672$ 0.8314	Empire Elementary (District #37)						
Continental Elementary (District #39) Primary $404,979$ 1.8200 $423,306$ 1.7789 Secondary $404,979$ 0.4288 $423,306$ 0.3611 Total 2.2488 2.1400 Baboquivari Unified School (District #40) $2,162$ 0 $2,009$ 0 Primary $2,162$ 0 $2,009$ 0 Redington Elementary (District #44) $1,487$ 7.3742 $1,521$ 7.3742 Primary $1,487$ 7.3742 $1,521$ 7.3742 Altar Valley Elementary (District #51) 7.3742 7.3742 7.3742 Primary $51,481$ 5.8384 $57,672$ 4.2825 Secondary $51,481$ 0.8824 $57,672$ 0.8314	Primary		7,078	3.6087		7,388	3.4754
Primary $404,979$ 1.8200 $423,306$ 1.7789 Secondary $404,979$ 0.4288 $423,306$ 0.3611 Total 2.2488 2.1400 Baboquivari Unified School (District #40) $2,162$ 0 $2,009$ 0 Primary $2,162$ 0 0 0 Total $1,487$ 7.3742 $1,521$ 7.3742 Redington Elementary (District #44) 7.3742 $1,521$ 7.3742 Primary $1,487$ 7.3742 7.3742 Total $1,487$ 7.3742 7.3742 Altar Valley Elementary (District #51) $51,481$ 5.8384 $57,672$ 4.2825 Secondary $51,481$ 0.8824 $57,672$ 0.8314	Total			3.6087			3.4754
Primary $404,979$ 1.8200 $423,306$ 1.7789 Secondary $404,979$ 0.4288 $423,306$ 0.3611 Total 2.2488 2.1400 Baboquivari Unified School (District #40) $2,162$ 0 $2,009$ 0 Primary $2,162$ 0 0 0 Total $1,487$ 7.3742 $1,521$ 7.3742 Redington Elementary (District #44) 7.3742 $1,521$ 7.3742 Primary $1,487$ 7.3742 7.3742 Total $1,487$ 7.3742 7.3742 Altar Valley Elementary (District #51) $51,481$ 5.8384 $57,672$ 4.2825 Secondary $51,481$ 0.8824 $57,672$ 0.8314	Continental Elementary (District #39)						
Secondary Total 404,979 0.4288 423,306 0.3611 Baboquivari Unified School (District #40) 2,162 0 2,009 0 Primary Total 2,162 0 2,009 0 Redington Elementary (District #44) 1,487 7.3742 1,521 7.3742 Primary Total 1,487 7.3742 1,521 7.3742 Altar Valley Elementary (District #51) 51,481 5.8384 57,672 4.2825 Secondary 51,481 0.8824 57,672 0.8314	• •		404,979	1.8200		423,306	1.7789
Total 2.2488 2.1400 Baboquivari Unified School (District #40) $2,162$ 0 $2,009$ 0 Primary Total $2,162$ 0 0 0 Redington Elementary (District #44) $1,487$ 7.3742 $1,521$ 7.3742 Primary Total $1,487$ 7.3742 $1,521$ 7.3742 Altar Valley Elementary (District #51) 7.3742 7.3742 7.3742 Primary Secondary $51,481$ 5.8384 $57,672$ 4.2825			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			· ·	0.3611
Primary Total 2,162 0 2,009 0 Redington Elementary (District #44) $1,487$ 7.3742 $1,521$ 7.3742 Primary Total $1,487$ 7.3742 $1,521$ 7.3742 Altar Valley Elementary (District #51) 7.3742 7.3742 7.3742 Primary Secondary $51,481$ 5.8384 $57,672$ 4.2825			,				2.1400
Primary Total 2,162 0 2,009 0 Redington Elementary (District #44) $1,487$ 7.3742 $1,521$ 7.3742 Primary Total $1,487$ 7.3742 $1,521$ 7.3742 Altar Valley Elementary (District #51) 7.3742 7.3742 7.3742 Primary Secondary $51,481$ 5.8384 $57,672$ 4.2825	Baboquivari Unified School (District #4	0)					
Total 0 0 Redington Elementary (District #44) 1,487 7.3742 1,521 7.3742 Primary 1,487 7.3742 1,521 7.3742 Total 7.3742 7.3742 7.3742 Altar Valley Elementary (District #51) 9 9 1,481 5.8384 57,672 4.2825 Secondary 51,481 0.8824 57,672 0.8314	Primary	, ,	2,162	0		2,009	0
Primary Total 1,487 7.3742 7.3742 1,521 7.3742 7.3742 Altar Valley Elementary (District #51) Primary 51,481 5.8384 57,672 4.2825 Secondary 51,481 0.8824 57,672 0.8314	•			0			0
Total 7.3742 7.3742 Altar Valley Elementary (District #51) 51,481 5.8384 57,672 4.2825 Secondary 51,481 0.8824 57,672 0.8314	Redington Elementary (District #44)						
Altar Valley Elementary (District #51) Primary 51,481 5.8384 57,672 4.2825 Secondary 51,481 0.8824 57,672 0.8314	Primary		1,487	7.3742		1,521	7.3742
Primary51,4815.838457,6724.2825Secondary51,4810.882457,6720.8314	Total			7.3742			7.3742
Primary51,4815.838457,6724.2825Secondary51,4810.882457,6720.8314	Altar Valley Elementary (District #51)						
Secondary 51,481 0.8824 57,672 0.8314	• • • •		51,481	5.8384		57,672	4.2825
			-				
	•		,			,	5.1139

Source:

Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Historical Collections - Hotel Excise Tax Car Rental Surcharge and Recreational Vehicle Tax Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands)

Fiscal	Hotel Excise	Car Rental	Recreational Vehicle
Year	Tax^1	Surcharges ²	Tax ^{3, 4}
2012-13	6,286	1,399	136
2013-14	6,276	1,390	122
2014-15	6,105	1,384	137
2015-16	6,534	1,468	146
2016-17	6,958	1,446	161
2017-18	6,345	1,530	71
2018-19	7,196	1,507	
2019-20	5,750	1,361	
2020-21	5,354	925	
2021-22	8,919	1,164	

Notes:

¹ Tax increased from 1% to 2% January 1, 1997; the additional 1% can only be used for County sports facilities. In January of 2006, the tax increased from 2% to 6%, of which only 34% can be used for sports facilities.

² Car rental surcharges increased from \$2.50 to \$3.50 per rental contract July 1, 1996. Usage is restricted to County sports facilities.

³ Recreational vehicle taxes apply at the rate of \$0.50 per vehicle per night and became effective July 1, 1997. Usage of this tax is limited to athletic activities.

⁴ Recreational vehicle taxes expired on December 31, 2017

Source:

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Streets and Highways Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands)

Fiscal		Highway User	Vehicle
Year	Amount	Revenue	License Tax
2012-13	47,449	36,860	10,589
2013-14	49,212	37,500	11,712
2014-15	53,212	40,762	12,450
2015-16	56,006	42,543	13,463
2016-17	59,443	45,356	14,087
2017-18	61,552	46,553	14,999
2018-19	65,564	49,718	15,846
2019-20	64,812	48,759	16,053
2020-21	70,647	52,118	18,529
2021-22	73,691	55,522	18,169

Source:

STATISTICAL SECTION

DEBT CAPACITY:

The debt capacity information is intended to assist users to understand and assess a government's debt burden and ability to issue debt. Debt capacity information is cited as being very useful for assessing economic condition as frequently as revenue or tax capacity. Five of the schedules presented provide ten-year comparisons.

Certain schedules, for example, leases, lease-purchase installment notes payable, and purchase agreements, are provided to comply with debt disclosure requirements.

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Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type to Personal Income and Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands) PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

Governmental Activities

Business-Type Activities

	Total	Primary	Government	3 1,431,672	1,405,771	1,350,118	1,245,339	1,172,737	1,115,312	988,695	923,203	878,335	0 2,883 802,607
	Contracts	and	Notes	\$ 12,645 \$	7,942	1,098	1,577	1,564	763	887	2,120	2,236	2,883
Regional	Wastewater	Loans	Payable	\$ 21,169	19,680	18,145	16,563	4,630	3,555	2,998			
	Sewer	evenue	ligation	510,97	540,28	510,76	481,02	574,48	565,70	526,031	496,944	468,671	433,310
	Sewer	Revenue	Bonds	155,514 \$	138,431	120,361	104,153	20,535	2,863				
				9									
		Installment	Note Payable	\$ 605	640	11,912	8,733	3,597	2,078	724	749	562	384
		Capital	Leases	5 298			136	88	38				
	Certificates	of	Participation	\$ 134,494	149,703	177,771	179,054	141, 194	166,617	124,567	161,063	180,417	196,338
	ransportation	Revenue	Bonds	128,604	133,081	118,770	103,961	89,689	85,508	96,916	80,899	88,258	73,731
	General T	Obligation	Bonds	\$ 467,368 \$	416,006	391,298	350,135	336,954	288,182	236,572	181,428	138,191	95,961 73,731
				I	2013-14								

	Debt	per Capita	\$ 1,437	1,396	1,321	1,225	1,144	1,079	948	878	829	752
	Population	at July 1 ¹	996,046	1,007,162	1,022,079	1,016,743	1,025,044	1,033,781	1,042,475	1,050,906	1,059,218	1,067,441
Percentage	of Personal	Income	3.88%	3.70%	3.45%	3.09%	2.84%	2.58%	2.13%	1.85%	1.60%	1.45%
	Personal	Income ¹	36,935,363	38,025,100	39,106,000	40,359,300	41,349,550	43,223,000	46,497,700	49,961,000	55,047,000	55,396,200
Total	Primary	Government	\$ 1,431,672 \$	1,405,771	1,350,118	1,245,339	1,172,737	1,115,312	988,695	923,203	878,335	802,607
	Fiscal	Year	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22

Notes: Details regarding outstanding debt can be found in Note 7 to the Financial Statements, pages 65-73. ¹Personal income and population statistics are based on calendar year.

Source:

Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management Office of Economic Opportunity

Exhibit D - 14

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands)

	Net	General	Bond Debt	per Capita ²	446	408	377	339	326	276	224	170	128	06
			щ	д	S									
			Population	at July 1 ¹	996,046	1,007,162	1,022,079	1,016,743	1,025,044	1,033,781	1,042,475	1,050,906	1,059,218	1,067,441
Percent Net	General Bond	Debt to	Assessed	Value	5.44%	5.39%	5.08%	4.36%	4.04%	3.35%	2.59%	1.85%	1.32%	0.89%
		Secondary	Net Assessed	Value	\$ 8,171,212	7,623,691	7,579,899	7,906,190	8,262,665	8,508,990	9,030,169	9,645,865	10,226,395	10,836,343
		Net	General	Bond Debt	444,468	410,680	385,261	344,529	334,161	285,271	233,933	178,883	135,153	95,961
				Н	S									
	Debt Service	Funds	Available for	Principal	22,900	5,326	6,037	5,606	2,793	2,911	2,639	2,545	3,038	
	Deb	_	Ava	P1	S									
		General	Obligation	Bond Debt	467,368	416,006	391,298	350,135	336,954	288,182	236,572	181,428	138,191	95,961
					3 \$	4	5	9	7	8	6	0	1	5
			Fiscal	Year	2012-13	2013-1	2014-1.	2015-1	2016-1	2017-13	2018-1	2019-2	2020-2	2021-22

Notes:

Details regarding outstanding debt can be found in Note 7 to the Financial Statements, pages 65-73.

²Debt per Capita is shown in actual dollars and not in thousands. ¹Population statistics are based on calendar year.

Source:

Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management

Office of Economic Opportunity

Exhibit D - 14a

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Ratio of Direct and Overlapping Debt to Property Values and Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollar amounts in thousands)

	Debt	per Capita ²	\$ 1,317	1,145	1,469	1,421	1,360	1,294	1,272	1,190	1,128	2,051
	Population	at July 1 ¹	996,046	1,007,162								
Percentage	of Assessed	Value	16.05%	15.13%	19.81%	18.28%	16.87%	15.72%	14.68%	12.96%	11.68%	20.20%
Secondary	Net Assessed		S									
Total	Overlapping	Debt	\$ 1,311,417	1,153,220	1,501,691	1,445,104	1,393,757	1,337,556	1,325,724	1,250,116	1,194,283	2,188,918
	Fiscal	Year	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22

Notes:

Overlapping governments are those that coincide (at least in part), with the geographic boundaries of the County. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Pima County. When considering the County's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the process should recognize the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses therein. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident and is responsible for the repayment of debt of each overlapping government.

¹Population statistics are based on calendar year.

²Debt per Capita is shown in actual dollars and not in thousands.

Source:

Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management Office of Economic Opportunity

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Computation of Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt Outstanding At June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

Governmental Unit	C	Debt Dutstanding	0	Amount verlapping
Debt repaid with property tax:				
School Districts	\$	556,775	\$	556,775
Pima Community College		2,969		2,969
City of Tucson		1,262,760		1,262,760
Total overlapping			\$	1,822,504
Debt repaid with property tax Direct:				
Pima County*	\$	95,961	\$	95,961
Total direct repaid with property tax			\$	95,961
Other Debt:				
Certificates of participation	\$	196,338	\$	196,338
Installment note payable		384		384
Transportation bonds		73,731		73,731
Total other debt			\$	270,453
Total direct			\$	366,414
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$	2,188,918

Notes:

Overlapping governments are those that coincide with the geographic boundaries of the County. All overlapping governments are 100% within the County's boundaries. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt borne by the residents and businesses of Pima County. When considering the County's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the process should recognize the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses therein. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident of each government and is responsible for the repayment of debt of each overlapping government.

*Excludes improvement districts.

Source:

Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management City of Tucson Finance Department Pima Community College District Finance Office

Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollar amounts in thousands)	2016 2017 2018 2019 \$ 7,906,190 \$ 8,262,665 \$ 8,508,990 \$ 9,030,169		1,185,929 1,239,400 1,276,349 1,354,525		344,620 321,285 275,990 227,335	(5,606) (2,793) (2,911) (2,639)	339,014 318,492 273,079 224,696	846,915 \$ 920,908 \$ 1,003,270 \$ 1,129,829	28.59% 25.70% 21.40% 16.59%	
l llob)	2013 2014 2015 \$ 8,171,212 \$ 7,623,691 \$ 7,579,899 \$		1,225,682 1,143,554 1,136,985		456,690 407,275 383,935	(22,900) (5,326) (6,037)	433,790 401,949 377,898	\$ 791,892 \$ 741,605 \$ 759,087 \$	35.39% 35.15% 33.24%	
	Full Cash Net Assessed Value	Legal Debt Margin	Debt limit (15% of assessed value)	Debt applicable to limit:	General obligation bonds Less: Net assets reserved for	repayment of general obligation debt	Total net debt applicable to the limit	Legal debt margin	Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit.	

Exhibit D - 16

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

Please see Note 7 to the Financial Statements, page 65 for additional details on calculation of the legal debt margin for the current year.

Source: Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management

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Regional Wastewater Reclamation Pledged Sewer Revenue Debt Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollar amounts in thousands) PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

	Coverage	Ratio ^{4,5}	3.17	3.34	2.96	2.86	2.73	2.71	2.65	2.70	2.78	2.49
		Total	58,002	67,411	71,332	68,849	74,572	69,805	69,537	61,564	66,036	68,616
			\mathbf{S}									
Debt Service ⁶		Interest	28,243	30,386	30,306	28,529	26,621	25,371	24,395	22,364	22,181	19,791
De												
		Principal	29,759	37,025	41,026	40,320	47,951	44,434	45,142	39,200	43,855	48,825
			S									
	Pledged	evenues ³	183,821	225,113	210,911	197,048	203,344	189,041	184,377	165,960	183,888	171,190
			÷									
Plus: Ending cash Balances of Prior	scal Year	restricted)	99,491	128,735	121,426	110,741	110,451	89,316	78,192	66,724	82,883	73,230
En Balai	Æ	un)	s									
	Available	t Revenue	84,330	96,378	89,485	86,307	92,893	99,725	106,185	99,236	101,005	97,960
	A	Ne	÷									
Less:	Operating	ixpense ²	73,577	77,893	84,492	83,423	80,165	79,208	78,957	81,357	80,276	84,410
	0	щ	Ś									
Sewer	User	Revenues	157,907	174,271	173,977	169,730	173,058	178,933	185,142	180,593	181,281	182,370
		-	Ś									
	Fiscal	Year	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22

Notes:

¹Includes sewer connection fees, interest income, and other miscellaneous revenues.

 $^2\mathrm{Excludes}$ grants, depreciation, interest expense and a mortization.

³Pledged revenues defined by BOS Resolution 2010-50.

⁴Sewer revenue debt rate covenants require minimum coverage of 120%. ⁵For fiscal year 2009-2010, a new Debt Coverage calculation was implemented. ⁶Debt service requirements include principal and interest payable during the Bond Fiscal Year. Per the bond resolution, Bond Fiscal Year is defined as 7/2/20XX to 7/1/20XX.

Source:

Exhibit D - 17b

Transportation Revenue Bonds - Pledged Revenue Bond Coverage PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA (dollar amounts in thousands) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Coverage	Ratio	0.85	0.73	0.92	0.97	1.09	1.20	1.57	0.31	(1.00)	(4.83)
	-•	Interest	4,969	5,197	4,711	4,146	3,598	3,354	3,686	3,016	2,856	2,265
	ervic		S									
	Debt Service ¹	rincipal	12,425	13,685	13,210	14,585	15,105	14,820	14,405	12,755	13,465	9,025
		Ч	S									
	Available	Net Revenue	14,833	13,702	16,444	18, 178	20,437	21,803	28,441	4,854	(16, 265)	(54,484)
	Αı	Net	S									
Less:	Operating	Expense	35,041	37,295	39,022	39,798	40,780	41,801	39,925	63,234	89,673	130,298
	0		S									
	Transportation	evenue	49,874	50,997	55,466	57,976	61,217	63,604	68,366	68,088	73,408	75,814
	Tran	Reve	S									
	Fiscal	Year	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22

Notes:

Details regarding outstanding debt can be found in Note 7 to the Financial Statements, pages 65-73.

Operating expenditures do not include interest, depreciation or amortization. ¹Debt Service requirements include principal and interest payable in the 12 months following each fiscal year.

Source:

				Historic] P	F Pledgee ima Cc	PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Historic Pledged Revenue Collections Pima County, Arizona	, ARIZ	ONA					Ш	Exhibit D - 17c
	Ч	FY 15-16		FY 16-17		FY 17-18	Ц	FY 18-19	I	FY 19-20	Ч	FY 20-21	H	FY 21-22
County Excise Revenues	÷	16,773	S	17,813	÷	17,296	s	16,922	s	20,220	÷	23,392	S	20,802
Gross State Shared Sales Tax Revenues ^(a)		107,515		111,443		115,777		127,899		131,541		151,796		169,855
Less: ALTCS contribution ^(b)		(41, 888)		(41, 862)		(43, 631)		(43, 333)		(46, 805)		(47, 416)		(44,073)
Less: AHCCCS contribution ^(c)		(14.952)		(14,952)		(14,952)		(14,952)		(14,952)		(14,952)		(14,952)
Net State Shared Sales Tax Revenue ^(d)		50,675		54,629		57,194		69,614		69,784		89,428		110,830
Vehicle License Tax Revenues (d)		26,301		27,761		28,933		30,282		30,747		35,296		33,484
PILT revenues		3,342		3,680		3,682		3,615		3,795		3,788		3,874
Total Pledged Revenues	S	97,091	Ś	103,883	Ś	107,105	÷	120,433	Ś	124,546	÷	151,904	÷	168,990
^(a) Does not include amounts allocated from the Education Tax described under "State Shared Revenues" above. ^(b) Pursuant to Section 11-292, Arizona Revised Statutes, the Treasurer of the State withholds an amount of the State Shared Sales Tax Revenues sufficient to meet the County's portion of the non-federal costs of providing the long-term care system in the State ("ALTCS") from moneys otherwise payable to the County in accordance with the State's distribution of the State Shared Sales Tax Revenues. The County's contribution is based on a fixed State formula. In the event that the State Shared Sales Tax Revenues withheld from the County by the Treasurer of the State are insufficient to meet the funding requirement of ALTCS, the Treasurer of the State may withhold any other moneys payable to the County from any available State funding source.	Educatio A Statutes tate ("AL In the ev	n Tax describe , the Treasuret ,TCS") from n ent that the Ste er moneys pay	ed unde • of the noneys ute Sha able tc	er "State Shared Revenues" above. State withholds an amount of the State Shared Sales Tax Revenues sufficient to meet the County's portion of the non-federal costs otherwise payable to the County in accordance with the State's distribution of the State Shared Sales Tax Revenues. The County's red Sales Tax Revenues withheld from the County by the Treasurer of the State are insufficient to meet the funding requirement of the County from any available State funding source.	kevenu an amo le to the venues	es" above. unt of the State ? e County in acco withheld from ti /ailable State fur	Shared S rdance he Cour nding so	Sales Tax Rever with the State's ty by the Treas	ues su distrib	fficient to meet t ution of the Stat the State are ins	he Cour e Sharec ufficien	nty's portion of Sales Tax Re' It to meet the fu	the nor venues. nding 1	n-federal costs The County's requirement of

(c) Pursuant to Section 11-292, Arizona Revised Statutes, the Treasurer of the State withholds an amount of the State Shared Sales Tax Revenues determined by statutory formula for the administrative costs of implementing certain provisions of the Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System ("AHCCCS"). If the County does not make required contributions to the AHCCCS fund, which is used to offset certain indigent and related health care costs, the Treasurer of the State may withhold any amounts owed, plus interest retroactive to the first date the funding was due, from the County's State Shared Sales Tax Revenues.

(d) The distribution of State Shared Sales Tax Revenues and Vehicle License Tax Revenues is subject to change by the State Legislature, and the distribution of PILT Revenues is subject to change by the federal government.

Source:

Exhibit D - 18	FY 22-23 137		137
Exhi	\$ F		÷
	FY 21-22 \$ 45 \$ 133		178
	FY \$		÷
	FY 20-21 \$ 57 \$ 130		187
	FY S		s
	19-20 55	567	622
	FΥ 1 \$		÷
eements	FY 18-19 FY 19-20 \$ 38 \$ 55	1,565	1,603
ase Agr	FY 1 \$		÷
nnd Purch Is)	51	3,289	3,340
JZON A ayable a anothe another a nousand	FY \$		s
PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Lease, Lease-Purchase, Installment Note Payable and Purchase Agreements Scheduled Payments (dollar amounts in thousands)	FY 15-16 FY 16-17 FY 17-18 \$ 96 \$ 73 \$ 51	160 2,722	2,955
A COU stallme Schec ollar am	FY \$		S
PIM. rchase, In (dc	15-16 96	160 3,625	3,881
ease-Pu	FY \$		S
Lease, Lo	84	160	\$ 244
	FY		S
	FY 13-14 FY 14-15 \$ 63 84	160 298	521
	FY \$		S
	Function/Department Clerk of Superior Court - Equipment Superior Court - Equipment Jail ¹	Sheriff - Equipment Solid Waste - Equipment County Administration - Culture & Recreation	

Notes: ¹Funds derived from a sale/leaseback of the County's Adult Corrections Facility provided funding for construction of Kino Veteran's Memorial Sportspark & Tucson Electric Park Stadium.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollar amounts in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total Debt Service	Total General Expenditures*	Ratio of Debt Service To General Expenditures
2012-13	\$ 67,885	\$ 23,903	\$ 91,788	\$ 756,959	12.1%
2013-14	112,835	26,758	139,593	806,007	17.3%
2014-15	81,705	26,424	108,129	803,590	13.5%
2015-16	83,765	25,515	109,280	807,174	13.5%
2016-17	94,695	23,354	118,049	832,971	14.2%
2017-18	96,005	20,133	116,138	829,054	14.0%
2018-19	128,350	18,674	147,024	879,370	16.7%
2019-20	89,365	17,620	106,985	898,055	11.9%
2020-21	102,505	16,504	119,009	1,066,126	11.2%
2021-22	89,575	18,628	108,203	1,317,633	8.2%

*Includes General, Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds, while excluding Capital Projects Fund.

Source:

STATISTICAL SECTION

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION:

The dual objectives of the demographic and economic information are to assist users in understanding certain aspects of the environment in which a government operates and to provide information that facilitates the comparisons of financial statement data over time and across governments.

Information of this type can help readers assess a government's condition by providing information about community expansion, average age increases or decreases and changes in personal income and unemployment. This type of data is important to readers in assessing economic condition.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

			Per Capita	
Calendar		Personal	Personal	Unemployment
Year	Population	Income	Income	Rate
2013	996,046	36,935,363	37,082	7.0%
2014	1,007,162	38,025,100	37,755	6.4%
2015	1,022,079	39,106,000	38,261	5.6%
2016	1,016,743	40,359,300	39,695	5.0%
2017	1,025,044	41,349,550	40,339	4.5%
2018	1,033,781	43,223,000	41,811	4.3%
2019	1,042,475	46,497,700	44,603	4.7%
2020	1,050,906	49,961,000	47,541	8.0%
2021	1,059,218	55,047,000	51,969	6.9%
2022	1,067,441	55,396,200	51,896	3.5%

Sources:

Office of Economic Opportunity (for population data only) UA Economic and Business Research Center, Eller College of Management

Bureau of Labor Statistics

Exhibit D - 21

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

I		2013			2014			2015			2016			2017	
			Percent of			Percent of			Percent of			Percent of			Percent of
Employer	Employees	Rank	Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Total County Employment
University of Arizona	10,846	-	2.4%	11,047	-	2.4%	11,235	-	2.4%	11,251	-	2.4%	10,846	1	2.3%
Raytheon	10,300	2	2.3%	9,933	4	2.2%	9,600	2	2.1%	9,600	2	2.1%	10,300	2	2.2%
Davis-Monthan AFB	9,100	3	2.0%	8,933	2	2.0%	8,335	4	1.8%	8,406	4	1.8%	9,100	3	1.9%
State of Arizona	8,807	4	1.9%	9,439	3	2.1%	8,524	3	1.8%	8,580	3	1.8%	8,807	4	1.8%
Tucson Unified School District	6,790	9	1.5%	6,525	9	1.4%	7,134	S	1.5%	6,770	6	1.4%	7,688	5	1.6%
Banner Healthcare - UMC	6,099	8	1.3%	6,329	٢	1.4%	6,542	7	1.4%	6,272	7	1.3%			
Pima County Government	6,076	6	1.3%	7,328	5	1.6%	7,023	6	1.5%	7,023	5	1.5%	6,076	6	1.3%
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	7,450	5	1.6%	5,200	10	1.1%	5,400	10	1.2%	5,500	10	1.2%	7,450	9	1.6%
City of Tucson															
Tucson Medical Center															
U.S. Customs & Border Protection	6,500	7	1.4%				6,470	8	1.4%	5,739	8	1.2%	6,500	7	1.4%
UA Healthcare Network													6,099	8	1.3%
Freeport-McMoran Inc	5,463	10	1.2%	5,600	6	1.2%	5,800	6	1.2%	5,530	6	1.2%	5,463	10	1.1%
Fort Huachuca ¹				5,717	8	1.3%									
Carondelet Health Network															
Total	77,431		17.1%	76,051	, "	16.8%	76,063		16.3%	74,671		16.0%	78,329		16.4%
Total Work Force			453,200			452,429			467,438			467,438			477,017
Notes:															

Notes: ¹Fort Huachuca is located in Cochise County but is listed here due to its role as a large regional employer.

Sources: The University of Arizona Interactive Fact Book and University Analytics & Institutional Research (UAIR) Pima Association of Governments (PAG) Economic and Business Research Center, Eller College of Management FY2019

(continued)

Exhibit D - 21

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

(continued)		2018			2019			2020		2021	-			2022	
Finnlaver	Employees		Percent of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percent of Total County Emuloyment	Employees	Rank	Percent of Total County Emuloyment	Employees Rank	Percent of hk Total County Employment	ont of Jounty Viment	Employees	Rank	Percent of Total County Employment
University of Arizona	12,531		2.6%	16,217	-	3.2%	12,517	2	2.5%	12,517 2		2.5%	14,160	-	2.9%
Raytheon	11,471	3	2.4%	11,295	2	2.3%	12,606	1	2.6%	13,305		2.7%	13,201	2	2.7%
Banner Healthcare - UMC	6,476	9	1.3%	6,499	7	1.3%	7,500	3	1.5%	7,703		1.5%	7,831	3	1.6%
Tucson Unified School District	6,879	5	1.4%	6,872	5	1.4%	6,872	9	1.4%	6,532 6		1.3%	7,703	4	1.6%
Pima County Government	5,921	٢	1.2%	7,697	3	1.5%	6,937	5	1.4%	7,412 5		1.5%	7,412	5	1.5%
Davis-Monthan AFB	11,769	2	2.4%	7,211	4	1.5%	7,211	4	1.5%	7,648		1.5%	6,532	9	1.4%
State of Arizona	8,585	4	1.8%	6,654	9	1.3%	6,538	7	1.3%	4,817		1.0%	5,488	٢	1.1%
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	4,341	8	0.9%	4,414	8	%6.0	4,564	8	0.9%	4,773		1.0%	4,676	8	1.0%
Tucson Medical Center	4,051	10	0.8%	3,987	10	0.8%	4,482	6	0.9%	4,453 9		0.9%	4,530	6	0.9%
City of Tucson	4,093	6	0.8%	4,093	6	0.8%	4,025	10	0.8%	4,356 10		0.9%	4,453	10	0.9%
U.S. Customs & Border Protection															
UA Healthcare Network															
Freeport-McMoran Inc.															
Fort Huachuca ¹															
Total	76,117	<u>.</u>	15.8%	74,939		15.0%	73,252		14.8%	73,516		14.8%	75,986		15.7%
Total County Work Force			481,835			500,018			494,119		497,659	659			483,045
Notes: 1		-	- - -		-	-									

¹Fort Huachuca is located in Cochise County but is listed here due to its role as a large regional employer.

Sources: The University of Arizona Interactive Fact Book and University Analytics & Institutional Research (UAIR) Pima Association of Governments (PAG) Economic and Business Research Center, Eller College of Management June 2021

EMPLOYMENT

								17,700			18,000	
	Transportation	& Utilities	59,200	60,600	60,600	60,700	59,300	61,100	59,300	62,600	68,000	70,200
		Manufacturing	23,000	22,500	22,600	23,500	23,600	24,600	26,300	27,200	27,500	28,300
		Construction	15,400	14,800	14,600	14,300	14,900	16,700	17,500	18,000	18,400	18,000
		Mining	2,300	2,300	2,300	2,200	1,600	1,700	1,900	1,900	1,900	1,800
Total	Unemployment	Rate	7.0%					4.3%			6.9%	3.5%
Civilian	Labor	Force	449,958	452,429	467,438	476,578	477,017	481,835	496,584	501, 343	498,822	486,565
		Population	996,046	1,007,162	1,022,079	1,016,743	1,025,044	1,033,781	1,042,475	1,050,906	1,059,218	1,067,441
		Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022

Notes: All Employment data presented is not seasonally adjusted. Labor Force, Unemployment and Sector Employment for 2021 represent the average through July.

Sources:

UA Economic and Business Research Center, Eller College of Management Office of Economic Opportunity (for population data only)

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Transportation and Real Estate Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Sales Volume	(In thousands)	\$ 2,528,609	2,648,443	2,856,957	3,313,078	3,488,123	3,823,877	4,042,995	4,959,200	5,839,650	7,025,600
Real Estate	Units	Sold	13,587	13,379	13,692	13,795	15,172	15,416	15,468	15,582	17,856	16,956
	Residential	Bldg. Permits	3,713	2,040	3,250	2,428	2,466	4,495	4,404	4,313	4,958	6,075
	Riders	Per Mile	2.16	2.06	2.06	1.84	1.71	1.55	1.73	1.50	1.38	1.73
tion	Bus	Ridership	20,352,101	19,713,449	19,657,931	15,743,501	16,388,315	15,205,419	14,262,758	12,346,810	10,894,760	13,042,145
Transportation	No. of Air	ts Passengers	3,308,620	3,239,849	3,181,901	3,228,389	3,413,451	3,551,159	3,783,535	2,283,777	2,257,581	3,317,494
	Aircraft	Movements	138,263	139,420	141,422	139,555	132,867	131,169	131,416	122,631	140, 182	137,373 3
	Fiscal	Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022

Note:

Tucson International Airport follows the Federal fiscal calendar.

Beginning with calendar year 2020, Tucson Association of Realtors report the Sales Volume under Median Sales Prices. Prior to FY2020, the sales volume was based on monthly actual sales data.

Sources:

UA Economic and Business Research Center, Eller College of Management Tucson Airport Authority

Sun Tran

Tucson Association of Realtors, Multiple Listing Service, Inc.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Economic Indicators by Calendar Year Last Ten Years (dollar amounts in thousands)

Fiscal Year		Retail Sales ¹	No. of Dwelling Units Awarded ²	Change in Real Estate Sales Volume	Cor	nmercial Bank Deposits
2013	\$	12,010,672	2,841	13%	\$	12,173,345
	Э	· · ·	,		Ф	
2014		12,317,085	3,491	5%		12,980,645
2015		12,555,553	3,250	7%		13,760,260
2016		8,443,626	2,428	14%		14,654,142
2017		8,558,572	2,466	5%		15,226,977
2018		8,851,127	4,495	9%		15,716,917
2019		9,319,711	4,404	5%		15,573,516
2020		9,826,576	4,313	5%		18,684,759
2021		10,176,236	4,958	30%		20,558,194
2022		11,961,070	6,075	16%		22,954,811

Notes:

¹Prior to FY 2016, Retail Sales statistics were calculated in the aggregate, which included total taxable sales from the following categories: Retail, Restaurant & Bar, Food and Gasoline. As of FY 2016, only retail sales (not including food and fuel) are shown.

² Beginning with calendar year 2011, the number of dwelling units awarded includes both single family and multiple family unit structures combined.

Sources:

UA Economic and Business Research Center, Eller College of Management Tucson Association of Realtors, Multiple Listing Service, Inc. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Population Statistics June 30, 2022

ESTIMATED POPULATION BY AGE

Age Group	Population
0-4	56,514
5-9	59,953
10-14	63,595
15-19	75,081
20-24	82,642
25-29	72,887
30-34	67,246
35-39	62,348
40-44	61,065
45-49	57,291
50-54	59,120
55-59	61,337
60-64	68,835
65-69	67,235
70-74	58,334
75+	93,958
Total	1,067,441

POPULATION PROJECTIONS

	Projected
Year	Population
2023	1,075,580
2028	1,114,474
2038	1,183,215
2048	1,238,890

Source:

Office of Economic Opportunity

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Average Annual Jail Population Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Average Jail
Year	Population
2013	2,000
2014	2,061
2015	1,863
2016	1,862
2017	1,863
2018	1,868
2019	1,853
2020	1,781
2021	1,531
2022	1,681

Source:

Pima County Sheriff's Department, Corrections Bureau

STATISTICAL SECTION

OPERATING INFORMATION:

The objective of the operating information is to provide contextual information about a government's operations and resources to assist users in using financial information to understand and assess a government's economic condition. Two types of information are considered important:

- 1. Basic information about infrastructure assets, utilities, and public works; in essence, the capital resources at the government's disposal. Examples include miles of streets and sewers and wastewater treatment volume.
- 2. Descriptive service information, which would help to evaluate the size of the government. This would include types of services, the related demand and volume, and the non-financial resources employed to provide the services.

IMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Exhibit D - 27

Function/Program	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Governmental activities										
General government	2,321	2,805	2,832	2,753	3,164	3,011	3,213	2,931	3,086	3,213
Public safety	1,468	1,525	1,387	1,418	1,431	1,335	1,443	1,400	1,410	1,464
Highways and streets	265	258	248	253	262	229	214	175	177	271
Sanitation	ŝ	31	33	32	35	35	44	35	35	35
Health	174	319	282	322	237	223	225	235	346	245
Welfare	397	8	7	6	22	15	17	22	24	22
Culture and recreation	331	442	434	453	526	447	493	458	486	536
Education and economic opportunity	144	112	111	116	136	130	139	141	134	138
Total governmental activities	5,103	5,500	5,334	5,356	5,813	5,425	5,788	5,397	5,698	5,924
Business-type activities	517	130	C 00	707		222	755	CL 6	206	
Negional wastewater Acciantation Develonment Services	C14 C2	004 09	70C	00t 22	t/t	00 1	0.4 44	2/ C 44	15	- 1
Parking Garages	5.6	3	5	4	5 4	5	. ω	: κ	6	4
Total business-type activities	468	501	448	462	545	496	502	419	455	549
Total	5,571	6,001	5,782	5,818	6,358	5,921	6,290	5,816	6,153	6,473

Fotal

			0	Operating Indicators by Program Last Ten Fiscal Years	rs by Program al Years					
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Physical arrests	25,451	24,394	21,233	21,627	16,134	15,944	12,821	11,894	9,712	9,847
Traffic violations/citations Criminal Civil	4,291 33,837	5,691 34,466	8,743 30,656	9,026 24,855	7,508 23,725	7,468 27,346	4,551 24,316	3,971 19,950	3,481 17,659	2,888 15,068
Total violations/citations	38,128	40,157	39,399	33,881	31,233	34,814	28,867	23,921	21,140	17,956
tewater Avg. daily sewage treated (MGD) ¹ New connections Long-term storage credits (acre feet) <i>Estimated value of LTSCs. CAGRD rates</i> <i>Estimated value of LTSCs. CAGRD rates</i>	60.9 1,856 s	60.2 1,804	60.3 1,427	59.5 1,986	59.0 2,887	57.0 2,411	<i>57.5</i> 2,798	58.0 2,992	56.9 3,666	58.7 2,921 N/A
Cultural and Recreational Spring training attendance Soccer attendance	21,944 21,942	N/A 36,723	N/A 41,259	N/A 40,804	N/A 76,437	N/A 93,144	N/A 102,204	N/A 122,312	N/A 54,928	N/A 321,049
Parks & Recreation Athletic field permits issued ² Community center admissions Volunteer hours	263 306,841 8,213	326 327,257 11,366	280 318,524 12,108	267 303,293 10,512	276 302,821 11,094	648 282,616 9,483	4,885 275,936 8,616	599 182,937 8,277	599 68,076 76,611	599 179,027 8,927
ary Volumes in collection ³ Total volumes borrowed Number of cardholders	1,257,821 6,098,216 405,419	1,193,357 4,521,039 405,507	1,139,730 5,484,961 379,631	1,237,281 6,131,049 385,945	1,167,135 4,808,467 374,293	1,230,771 5,592,306 383,777	1,947,628 $6,068,832$ $349,999$	1,194,147 5,408,548 343,406	1,116,211 3,881,675 320,486	1,136,388 4,220,116 272,600
Capital Projects \$ \$ 1 and \$ 3 Buildings \$ 1 Improvements 1 Infrastructure 1	6,947 33,313,996 12,837,873 13,291,580	\$ 4,335,540 \$ 8,595,432 20,436,143 108,053,960	<pre>\$ 10,746,469 \$ 107,899,620 3,763,811 41,041,250</pre>	4,230,852 \$ 6,367,369 25,101,285 58,338,363	2,062,882 \$ 17,107,423 9,964,116 19,323,191	1,299,047 24,749,318 10,124,651 61,677,576	\$ 5,472,097 { 14,780,541 7,119,819 20,196,789	<pre>\$ 348,655 { 9,461,317 35,157,824 13,120,104</pre>	\$ 1,251,708 30,193,194 8,871,339 47,010,744	<pre>\$ 3,977,003 18,900,842 6,255,954 7,935,065</pre>
Total Completed	59,450,396	\$ 141,421,075	\$ 163,451,150 \$	94,037,869 \$	48,457,612 \$	97,850,592	\$ 47,569,246 \$	\$ 58,087,900	\$ 87,326,985	\$ 37,068,864

Notes: ¹MGD: Millions of Gallons per Day ²Field permit totals increased due to ActiveNet creating a permit for each field rather than lumping multiple fields together ³Volumes include physical and digital copies

	2022	∞	2	394	1,926 \$ 1,427,886	207	32,115		5,835	42	104	34	11	11		3,564	94.74		27			61,785 110
	2021	7	2	362	1,926 2,162,630	207	31,690		5,835	42	104	34	11	11		3,542	94.74		27			61,785 110
	<u>2020</u>	7	2	383	1,907 \$ 2,162,890 \$	102	31,095		5,835	41	71	34	11	11		3,500	95.00		27			61,785 110
	2019	7	2	365	1,904 2,790,674	204	32,468		5,831	41	71	34	11	Ξ		3,500	95.00		27			61,785 110
/ Program	2018	7	2	354	1,891 3,159,973 \$	202	31,738		5,831	41	71	34	11	11		3,500	95.00		27			61,785 110
ssets & Infrastructure by Last Ten Fiscal Years	2017	7	2	344	1,866 2,505,042 \$	201	26,832		5,825	38	94	24	11	10		3,487	92.00		27	1	95	61,785 110
Capital Assets & Infrastructure by Program Last Ten Fiscal Years	2016	L	2	362	1,870 2,340,060 \$	200	26,000		3,736	37	94	24	11	10		3,470	95.04		27	ω	676	61,690 109
	2015	L	2	371	1,854 2,715,481 \$	195	16,806		3,489	38	91	21	11	10		3,466	95.03		27	2	389	61,014 106
	2014	7	2	354	1,854 1,767,246 \$	175	16,538		3,147	41	89	20	11	10		3,462	95.04		27	ę	823	60,625 104
	2013	7	2	305	1,905 1,462,810 \$		13,645		3,143	40	87	18	11	10		3,448	97.04		26	_	1,416	59,802 101
					89																	
	Program:	Sheriff Stations	Zone offices	Patrol units	Transportation (streets and highways) Streets (miles) ¹ Pothole repair	Flood Control Bank protection (miles) ²	Flood plain / drainage way (acres) ³	Parks & Recreation	Urban parks (acres)	Playgrounds	Baseball/softball diamonds	Soccer/football fields	Community centers	Swimming pools / Splashpads	Wastewater	Sanitary sewers (miles)	Treatment capacity (MGD) ⁴	Libraries	County	Open Space Acquisitions Properties added	Acres	Cumulative acreage Total properties

Notes:

¹Annexation by other jurisdictions resulted in a decrease of Transportation (Streets and Highways).

²No soil cement bank protection projects in 2012 and 2013. ³Regional Flood Control District maintained acreage only. ⁴On Jan. 3, 2012 capacity was reduced when the Town of Marana obtained ownership of the Marana Wastewater Treatment Facility.



Board of Supervisors

Sharon Bronson, *Chair*, District 3 Adelita S. Grijalva, *Vice Chair*, District 5 Rex Scott, District 1 Dr. Matt Heinz, District 2 Steve Christy, District 4

Pima County Administrator Jan Lesher