Apache County, Arizona Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2019

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Independent Auditors' Report

The Auditor General of the State of Arizona

Honorable Board of Supervisors of Apache County, Arizona

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Apache County, Arizona ("County") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our unmodified and qualified audit opinions.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Road Fund

We did not observe the counting of the inventory of the Road Fund at year-end. Accordingly we were unable to satisfy ourselves by other auditing procedures concerning the inventory held at June 30, 2019, which is stated at \$354,815. As a result of this matter, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments might have been found necessary in respect to recorded or unrecorded inventory.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Road Fund" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Road Fund of the County, as of June 30, 2019, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund (other than the Road Fund) and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 11, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules on pages 68 through 74, Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability—Cost-Sharing Pension Plans on pages 75 through 76, Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension/OPEB Liability and Related Ratios—Agent Pension Plans on pages 77 through 79, and Schedule of County Pension/OPEB Contributions on pages 80 through 81 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements.

Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Compliance over the Use of Highway User Revenue Fund and Other Dedicated State Transportation Revenue Monies

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the County failed to use highway user revenue fund monies received by the County pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2, and any other dedicated state transportation revenues received by the County solely for the authorized transportation purposes, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the County's noncompliance with the use of highway user revenue fund monies and other dedicated state transportation revenues, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

The communication related to compliance over the use of highway user revenue fund and other dedicated state transportation revenue monies in the preceding paragraph is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Arizona State Legislature, the Auditor General of the State of Arizona, the Board of Supervisors, management, and other responsible parties within the County and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 9, 2020, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Walker & aunstring, LLP

Phoenix, Arizona July 9, 2020

As management of the County of Apache (the "County"), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished herein.

Financial Highlights

- Apache County's assets and deferred outflows of resources were more than its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$6,276,833 (net position), an increase of \$6,618,405 from prior year. Of this amount, \$28 million was an unrestricted deficit in net position. The amount of the net pension liability at fiscal year-end was \$35,647,187.
- At the end of the fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$8,068,103 or 40% of the total governmental funds' fund balances.

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components:
1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. Required supplementary information is included in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County finances in a manner similar to private-sector businesses.

The statement of net position presents information on all County assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflow of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Component units are included in the County's basic financial statements and consist of legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable and that have substantially the same board as the County or provide services entirely to the County. The blended component units included in the County's basic financial statements are the Apache County Library District, Apache County Flood Control District, Apache County Jail District, Apache County Juvenile Jail District, Apache County Health Services District and Greer Acres-Little Special Improvement District.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12–13 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds—Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a County's near-term financing requirements. Governmental funds include the general, special revenue, debt service and capital projects funds.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County reports three major governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, road fund, and junior college fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14–17 of this report.

Fiduciary funds—The fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs.

The fiduciary funds financial statements can be found on pages 18–19 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 20–64 of this report.

Other Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, the report presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's progress in funding its obligations to provide pension and other postemployment benefits for employees. Also presented are budgetary comparison schedules for the County's general, road and junior college funds. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 65–80 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, at June 30, 2019, assets and deferred outflows of resources were more than its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$6,276,833.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Condensed Statement of Net Position As of June 30,

| | Governmental Activities | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 2019 | 2018 | | | | | |
| Assets | | | | | | | |
| Current and other assets | \$ 23,330,512 | \$ 20,617,292 | | | | | |
| Capital assets | 25,453,033 | 26,037,746 | | | | | |
| Total assets | 48,783,545 | 46,655,038 | | | | | |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | 6,395,227 | 5,774,496 | | | | | |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Current and other liabilities | 2,267,291 | 1,748,505 | | | | | |
| Long-term liabilities outstanding | 39,724,394 | 48,111,250 | | | | | |
| Total liabilities | 41,991,685 | 49,859,755 | | | | | |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | 6,910,254 | 2,911,351 | | | | | |
| Net Position | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 23,336,324 | 23,357,971 | | | | | |
| Restricted | 11,118,277 | 8,251,439 | | | | | |
| Unrestricted (deficit) | (28,177,768) | (31,950,982) | | | | | |
| Total net position (deficit) | \$ 6,276,833 | \$ (341,572) | | | | | |

Net investment in capital assets of \$23,336,324 decreased by \$21,647 which reflects the investment in capital assets (e.g., land, improvements other than buildings, buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress) less accumulated depreciation net of related debt. The County uses these assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The County's total net position increased by \$6,276,833 during the fiscal year. The governmental activities had an increase in program revenues of \$1,794,616 and an increase in property tax revenue of \$87,093. In addition, all other general revenues increased \$252,219. Total expenses decreased by \$7,497,467 primarily from a decrease in pension expense of \$3,189,747 due to a decrease in net pension liability, see note 8 for additional information.

At the end of the fiscal year, unrestricted net assets were negative for governmental activities, due to net pension liabilities.

Statement of Activities

The following table illustrates the changes in net position resulting from governmental activities compared to the prior year.

Condensed Statement of Activities For the Years Ended June 30,

| | Governmental Activities | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|----|------------|--|--|
| - - | | 2019 | | 2018 | | |
| Revenues | | | | | | |
| Program revenues | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ | 2,440,023 | \$ | 2,749,919 | | |
| Operating grants and contributions | | 14,729,122 | | 13,473,901 | | |
| Capital grants and contributions | | 1,108,808 | | 1,538,620 | | |
| General revenues | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | | 10,262,609 | | 10,175,516 | | |
| County excise tax | | 1,182,639 | | 1,113,102 | | |
| Share of state sales taxes | | 5,796,324 | | 5,396,184 | | |
| Payments in lieu of taxes | | 9,638,542 | | 9,628,418 | | |
| Miscellaneous state assistance | | 550,050 | | 550,050 | | |
| Investment income | | 937,410 | | 63,531 | | |
| Gain on sale of assets | | 377,678 | | - | | |
| Miscellaneous | | 696,046 | | 896,082 | | |
| Total revenues | | 47,719,251 | | 45,585,323 | | |

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Governmental Activities | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|----|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| | 2019 | | | | | | | |
| Expenses | | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ | 9,851,844 | \$ | 16,358,803 | | | | |
| Public safety | | 11,689,900 | | 12,459,481 | | | | |
| Highways and streets | | 9,592,885 | | 9,862,859 | | | | |
| Health | | 3,464,798 | | 3,246,394 | | | | |
| Culture and recreation | | 1,853,342 | | 1,859,116 | | | | |
| Education | | 4,498,517 | | 4,623,257 | | | | |
| Interest on long-term debt | | 149,560 | | 188,403 | | | | |
| Total expenses | | 41,100,846 | | 48,598,313 | | | | |
| Change in net position | | 6,618,405 | | (3,012,990) | | | | |
| Net position, beginning of year | | (341,572) | | 2,671,418 | | | | |
| Net position, end of year | \$ | 6,276,833 | \$ | (341,572) | | | | |

Governmental Activities

Most categories of expenses were consistent with the prior year except for a decrease in general government and public safety expenses relating to a decrease in payroll expenses.

Governmental Funds

Financial analysis of the Government's funds—As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial related legal requirements.

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information of near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Total general fund expenditures were under budget by \$3.7 million. This variance between the final budgeted expenditures and actual expenditures in the general fund is due to cuts in spending in anticipation of reduced revenues in future years.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets—The County's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2019, totaled \$25 million, net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, improvements other than buildings, construction in progress, buildings, infrastructure, and machinery and equipment.

Capital Assets/Net of Depreciation June 30,

| | Governmental Activities | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|----|------------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | Increase | | | | |
| | | | | | (Decrease) | | | | |
| | | | | | Percent of | | | | |
| | | 2019 | | 2018 | Change | | | | |
| Buildings | \$ | 16,589,630 | \$ | 17,302,956 | -4.1% | | | | |
| Machinery and equipment | | 5,794,240 | | 5,600,207 | 3.5% | | | | |
| Land | | 2,097,639 | | 2,097,639 | 0.0% | | | | |
| Infrastructure | | 565,986 | | 631,813 | -10.4% | | | | |
| Improvements other than buildings | | 362,150 | | 390,699 | -7.3% | | | | |
| Construction in progress | | 43,388 | | 14,432 | 200.6% | | | | |
| Totals | \$ | 25,453,033 | \$ | 26,037,746 | -2.2% | | | | |

Additional information on capital assets can be found in Note 5 of the notes to the financial statements on page 32 of this report.

Long-term debt—On June 30, 2019, the County had a total of \$39.7 million in long-term liabilities. Of this amount, \$1.4 million was principal outstanding on general obligation bonds, \$752,000 was capital lease obligations and \$2 million represents compensated absences payable. The balance of \$35.6 million relates to the net pension and other postemployment benefits liability.

Additional information on the County's long-term liabilities can be found in Note 6 of the notes to the financial statements on pages 33-34 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets

The significant downturn in the national and state economies that began the latter part of 2008 continued to affect the County in fiscal year 2019. The County closely monitors revenues, expenditures and applicable economic indicators to ensure that the County remains fiscally strong. The County continues to budget conservatively for revenue estimates and other factors affecting the County.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Apache County Finance Department, Post Office Box 428, St. Johns, AZ 85936.





Apache County, Arizona Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2019

| | Governmental Activities |
|--|-------------------------|
| Assets | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 8,982,080 |
| Investments | 10,816,530 |
| Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) | |
| Property taxes | 428,885 |
| Accounts | 79,285 |
| Due from other governments | 1,915,608 |
| Inventories | 354,815 |
| Prepaid items Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) asset | 6,170 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated | 747,139 2,141,027 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated, net | 23,312,006 |
| Total assets | 48,783,545 |
| Total assets | |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | |
| Deferred outflows related to pensions and other | |
| post-employment benefits | 6,395,227 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 6,395,227 |
| Liabilities | |
| | 1 215 022 |
| Accounts payable | 1,215,923 |
| Accrued payroll and employee benefits Unearned revenue | 1,038,563 12,805 |
| Noncurrent liabilities | 12,003 |
| Due within one year | 1,977,217 |
| Due in more than one year | 37,747,177 |
| Total liabilities | 41,991,685 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
| | |
| Deferred inflows related to pensions and other postemployment benefits | 6,910,254 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 6,910,254 |
| Total deletice and the effectives | |
| Net Position | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 23,336,324 |
| Restricted for | |
| Public safety | 2,678,025 |
| Highways and streets | 4,413,744 |
| Health | 686,451 |
| Library | 1,057,828 |
| Education Debt service | 2,052,193 230,036 |
| Unrestricted (deficit) | (28,177,768) |
| | |
| Total net position | \$ 6,276,833 |

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | | | | Program Revenues Operating Capital | | | | | R | et (Expense) Levenue and Changes in Net Position |
|---|----|------------|----|---------------------------------------|----|--------------|----|--------------|----|--|
| | | | | Charges for | | Grants and | | Grants and | G | overnmental |
| | | Expenses | | Services | C | ontributions | C | ontributions | | Activities |
| Functions/Programs | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ | 9.851.844 | \$ | 1,292,635 | \$ | 353,148 | \$ | _ | \$ | (8,206,061) |
| Public safety | , | 11,689,900 | · | 463,274 | • | 2,375,558 | • | _ | • | (8,851,068) |
| Highways and streets | | 9,592,885 | | 165,429 | | 8,581,282 | | 1,108,808 | | 262,634 |
| Health | | 3,464,798 | | 217,815 | | 1,280,730 | | - | | (1,966,253) |
| Culture and recreation | | 1,853,342 | | 19,071 | | 74,685 | | - | | (1,759,586) |
| Education | | 4,498,517 | | 281,799 | | 2,063,719 | | - | | (2,152,999) |
| Interest on long-term debt | | 149,560 | | - | | - | | - | | (149,560) |
| Total governmental activities | \$ | 41,100,846 | \$ | 2,440,023 | \$ | 14,729,122 | \$ | 1,108,808 | | (22,822,893) |
| General revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes, levied for general purposes | | | | | | | | | | 2,743,935 |
| Property taxes, levied for jail district | | | | | | | | | | 939,140 |
| Property taxes, levied for juvenile jail district | | | | | | | | | | 422,073 |
| Property taxes, levied for library | | | | | | | | | | 1,455,871 |
| Property taxes, levied for library construction | | | | | | | | | | 518,411 |
| Property taxes, levied for health service districts | | | | | | | | | | 1,175,297 |
| Property taxes, levied for junior college | | | | | | | | | | 1,778,734 |
| Property taxes, levied for fire districts | | | | | | | | | | 400,347 |
| Property taxes, levied for post secondary education | | | | | | | | | | 664,316 |
| Property taxes, levied for flood control | | | | | | | | | | 164,485 |
| County excise tax- general purposes | | | | | | | | | | 1,182,639 |
| Shared revenue – state sales taxes | | | | | | | | | | 5,796,324 |
| Payments in lieu of taxes | | | | | | | | | | 9,638,542 |
| Investment income | | | | | | | | | | 937,410 |
| Miscellaneous state assistance | | | | | | | | | | 550,050 |
| Gain on sale of assets | | | | | | | | | | 377,678 |
| Miscellaneous | | | | | | | | | | 696,046 |
| Total general revenues | | | | | | | | | | 29,441,298 |
| Change in net position | | | | | | | | | _ | 6,618,405 |
| Net position, July 1, 2018 | | | | | | | | | | (341,572) |
| Net position, June 30, 2019 | | | | | | | | | \$ | 6,276,833 |





Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

| | General Fund | | Road Fund | | | Junior Other College Governmen Fund Funds | | Governmental | | Total Jovernmental Funds |
|--|-----------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|----|---|----|--------------|----|--------------------------------|
| Assets | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 4,108,187 | \$ | 1,434,542 | \$ | 207,307 | \$ | 3,232,044 | \$ | 8,982,080 |
| Investments | | 4,444,888 | | 1,234,899 | | 573,385 | | 4,563,358 | | 10,816,530 |
| Receivables | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | | 114,687 | | - | | 98,224 | | 215,974 | | 428,885 |
| Accounts | | 18,156 | | 3,138 | | - | | 57,991 | | 79,285 |
| Due from | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other funds | | 179,833 | | - | | - | | 40,726 | | 220,559 |
| Other governments | | 397,350 | | 858,125 | | - | | 660,133 | | 1,915,608 |
| Inventories | | - | | 354,815 | | - | | - | | 354,815 |
| Prepaid items | | 6,170 | | | | | | | | 6,170 |
| Total assets | \$ | 9,269,271 | \$ | 3,885,519 | \$ | 878,916 | \$ | 8,770,226 | \$ | 22,803,932 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 363,195 | \$ | 289,067 | \$ | 156,050 | \$ | 407,611 | \$ | 1,215,923 |
| Accrued payroll and employee benefits | • | 735,537 | • | 119,197 | • | - | • | 183,829 | • | 1,038,563 |
| Unearned revenue | | - | | - | | - | | 12,805 | | 12,805 |
| Due to other funds | | - | | 79,605 | | - | | 140,954 | | 220,559 |
| Total liabilities | | 1,098,732 | | 487,869 | _ | 156,050 | _ | 745,199 | _ | 2,487,850 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | | | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue property taxes | | 102,436 | | _ | | 87,573 | | 192,929 | | 382,938 |
| Unavailable intergovernmental revenues | | - | | - | | - | | 138,626 | | 138,626 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | 102,436 | | - | | 87,573 | _ | 331,555 | | 521,564 |
| Fund Balances | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | 6,170 | | 354,815 | | | | | | 360,985 |
| Restricted | | 0,170 | | 3,042,835 | | 635,293 | | 8,819,009 | | 12,497,137 |
| Unassigned (deficit) | | 8,061,933 | | 5,042,633 | | 033,293 | | (1,125,537) | | 6,936,396 |
| Total fund balances | | 8,068,103 | | 3,397,650 | | 635,293 | _ | 7,693,472 | | 19,794,518 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of | | 5,000,103 | | 3,371,030 | _ | 033,273 | _ | 1,073,172 | _ | 17,777,510 |
| resources, and fund balances | \$ | 9,269,271 | \$ | 3,885,519 | \$ | 878,916 | \$ | 8,770,226 | \$ | 22,803,932 |

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

| Total governmental funds — fund balances | | \$ 19,794,518 |
|---|--|---------------------------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: | | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$66,054,431 and the accumulated depreciation is \$40,601,398. | | 25,453,033 |
| Some receivables are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds. | | 521,564 |
| Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions /OPEB are applicable to future reporting periods and therefore, are not reported in the funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB | \$ 6,395,227 (6,910,254) | (515,027) |
| Net OPEB assets held in trust for future benefits are not available for County operations and therefore, are not reported in the funds. | | 747,139 |
| Long-term liabilities, such as pension/OPEB liabilities and bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. | | |
| Net pension/OPEB liability Compensated absences payable General obligation bonds payable Capital leases payable | (35,647,187) (1,960,498) (1,365,000) | (20.724.204) |
| Capital leases payable Net position of governmental activities | (751,709) | \$ (39,724,394) 6,276,833 |

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances — Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | General | | Road | | Junior | G | Other overnmental | G | Total overnmental |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|----|-------------|-------------------|-------------|----|----------------------|----|-------------------|
| | Fund | | Fund | Fund College Fund | | | Funds | | Funds |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 2,961,645 | \$ | _ | \$ | 2,371,114 | \$ | 4,924,915 | \$ | 10,257,674 |
| County excise tax | 1,182,639 | | _ | | - | | - | | 1,182,639 |
| Licenses and permits | 85,671 | | - | | - | | - | | 85,671 |
| Intergovernmental | 10,203,115 | | 10,778,883 | | 1,719,136 | | 9,272,484 | | 31,973,618 |
| Charges for services | 565,374 | | 165,429 | | - | | 578,119 | | 1,308,922 |
| Fines and forfeits | 463,753 | | - | | - | | 581,677 | | 1,045,430 |
| Investment income | 366,830 | | 123,794 | | 107,407 | | 339,379 | | 937,410 |
| Miscellaneous | 414,931 | | 5,231 | | | | 275,884 | | 696,046 |
| Total revenues | 16,243,958 | | 11,073,337 | | 4,197,657 | | 15,972,458 | | 47,487,410 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | 12,266,612 | | _ | | - | | 2,020,240 | | 14,286,852 |
| Public safety | 4,887,896 | | - | | - | | 6,049,631 | | 10,937,527 |
| Highways and streets | 3,634 | | 7,904,358 | | - | | 799,567 | | 8,707,559 |
| Health | 415,417 | | _ | | - | | 2,974,032 | | 3,389,449 |
| Culture and recreation | _ | | - | | - | | 1,626,263 | | 1,626,263 |
| Education | 378,181 | | - | | 2,704,565 | | 1,364,335 | | 4,447,081 |
| Capital outlay | 259,785 | | 1,108,808 | | - | | 604,848 | | 1,973,441 |
| Debt service | | | | | | | | | |
| Principal | 93,731 | | 365,212 | | - | | 635,000 | | 1,093,943 |
| Interest and other charges | 28,369 | | 31,191 | | | | 90,000 | | 149,560 |
| Total expenditures | 18,333,625 | | 9,409,569 | | 2,704,565 | | 16,163,916 | | 46,611,675 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over | | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | (2,089,667) | | 1,663,768 | | 1,493,092 | | (191,458) | | 875,735 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | | | | | | | |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | 40,662 | | 433,350 | | - | | 43,740 | | 517,752 |
| Transfers in | 3,366,475 | | - | | - | | 1,140,491 | | 4,506,966 |
| Transfers out | (1,047,897) | | (1,022,983) | | (1,055,698) | | (1,380,388) | | (4,506,966) |
| Capital lease agreements | - | | 530,877 | | - | | - | | 530,877 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 2,359,240 | | (58,756) | | (1,055,698) | | (196,157) | _ | 1,048,629 |
| Net change in fund balances | 269,573 | | 1,605,012 | | 437,394 | | (387,615) | | 1,924,364 |
| Fund balances July 1, 2018 | 7,798,530 | | 1,738,525 | | 197,899 | | 8,081,087 | | 17,816,041 |
| • • | 1,190,330 | | 1,/30,323 | | 17/,099 | | 0,001,00/ | | 17,010,041 |
| Changes in nonspendable resources | | | 54 112 | | | | | | 54 112 |
| increase in inventories | - | _ | 54,113 | _ | | _ | | _ | 54,113 |
| Fund balances, June 30, 2019 | \$ 8,068,103 | \$ | 3,397,650 | \$ | 635,293 | \$ | 7,693,472 | \$ | 19,794,518 |

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| Net change in fund balances — total governmental funds | | \$ 1,924,364 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: | | |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. | | |
| Capital outlay | \$ 1,973,441 | |
| Depreciation expense | (2,418,080) | (444,639) |
| In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the book value of the capital assets sold. | | |
| Gain on sale of capital assets | 377,678 | |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | (517,752) | (140,074) |
| Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds. | | 143,561 |
| Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are reported regardless of when the financial resources are available. | | |
| Increase in compensated absences | | (207,848) |
| County pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the statement of net position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the County's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the statement of activities. | | |
| County's share of state's appropriation to EORP | (289,398) | |
| County pension/OPEB contributions | 3,260,341 | |
| Pension/OPEB expense | 1,754,919 | 4,725,862 |
| Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. | | |
| Acquisition under capital lease agreements | (530,877) | |
| General obligation bonds repaid | 635,000 | |
| Capital leases repaid | 458,943 | 563,066 |
| Some cash outlays, such as purchases of inventories, are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when purchased. In the statement of activities, however, they are reported as expenses when consumed. | | |
| Increase in inventories | | 54,113 |
| Change in net position of governmental activities | | \$ 6,618,405 |



Apache County, Arizona Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2019

| | Investment Trust Fund | Agency Funds | |
|--|-------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Assets | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents Cash and investments held by Treasurer | \$ 52,011,315 63,394,522 | \$ 36,217 44,013 | |
| Total assets | 115,405,837 | \$ 80,230 | |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Due to other governments Total liabilities | | \$ 80,230 \$ 80,230 | |
| Net Position | | | |
| Held in trust for investment participants Total net position | 115,405,837 \$ 115,405,837 | | |

Apache County, Arizona Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Investment Trust Fund | | | |
|---|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| Additions | | | | |
| Contributions from participants | \$ 220,466,157 | | | |
| Net increase in the fair value of investments | 1,353,876 | | | |
| Total additions | 221,820,033 | | | |
| Deductions | | | | |
| Distributions to participants | 188,116,904 | | | |
| Change in net position | 33,703,129 | | | |
| Net position, July 1, 2018 | 81,702,708 | | | |
| Net position, June 30, 2019 | \$ 115,405,837 | | | |

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Apache County, Arizona's (the "County") accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Reporting Entity

The County is a general-purpose local government that has a separately elected board of supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the County (the "primary government") and its component units.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are so intertwined with the County that they are in substance part of the County's operations. Therefore, data from these units is combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the County. Each blended component unit discussed below has a June 30 year-end. The County has no discretely presented component units.

The following table describes the County's component units:

| Component Unit | Description; Criteria for Inclusion | Reporting Method |
|---|--|---------------------|
| Apache County Flood Control District | A tax-levying district that provides flood control systems; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors. County management has operational responsibility for the component unit. | Blended |
| Apache County Health Services Districts | Provides comprehensive, culturally sensitive, quality health resources to the County's residents; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors. County management has operational responsibility for the component unit. | Blended |

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

| Apache County Jail District | A tax-levying district that acquires, constructs, operates, maintains, and finances county jails and jail systems; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the governing board. County management has operational responsibility for the component unit. | Blended |
|---|--|---------|
| Apache County Juvenile Jail District | A tax-levying district that acquires, constructs, operates, maintains, and finances county juvenile jails and jail systems; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors. County management has operational responsibility for the component unit. | Blended |
| Apache County Library District | Provides and maintains library services for the County's residents; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors. County management has operational responsibility for the component unit. | Blended |
| Greer Acres – Little Colorado Special Improvement District | A tax-levying district that develops and constructs, sewer systems; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors. County management has operational responsibility for the component unit. | Blended |

Separately issued financial statements for these component units are not available.

Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the County as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

Government-wide statements—Government-wide statements provide information about the primary government of the County and its component units. The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report the overall government's financial activities, except for fiduciary activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

A statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The County does not allocate indirect expenses to programs or functions. Program revenues include:

- Charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided;
- Operating grants and contributions; and
- Capital grants and contributions, including special assessments.

Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including internally dedicated resources and all taxes the County levies or imposes, are reported as general revenues.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. However, charges for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated if doing so would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported by the departments concerned.

Fund financial statements—Provide information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements are presented for the governmental and fiduciary fund categories. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Fiduciary funds are aggregated and reported by fund type.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund—The general fund is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- *Road Fund*—The road fund accounts for monies from specific revenue sources that are restricted for road maintenance and operations and for pavement preservation.
- Junior College Fund—The junior college fund accounts for monies from property taxes that the County pays the state for out-of-County-tuition.

The County also reports the following fiduciary fund types:

• *Investment Trust Fund*—The investment trust fund accounts for pooled assets the county treasurer holds and invests on behalf of other governmental entities.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

• Agency Funds—The agency funds account for assets the County holds as an agent for the state and various local governments, and for property taxes collected and distributed to the State, local school districts, and special districts.

Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The agency funds are custodial in nature and do not have a measurement focus but utilize the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of grants and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. The County applies grant resources to such programs before using general revenues. For all other programs, the County uses unrestricted revenues first.

Governmental funds in the fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. The County considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year-end. The County's major revenue sources that are susceptible to accrual are property taxes, special assessments, intergovernmental, charges for services, and investment earnings. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgements, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they are due and payable. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Loan proceeds and acquisitions under capital lease agreements are reported as other financing sources.

Cash and Investments

Nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts are stated at cost. Money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts with a remaining maturity of 1 year or less at the time of purchase that are not in the County Treasurer's investment pool are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value.

Inventories

Inventories in the government-wide financial statements are recorded as assets when purchased and expensed when consumed. These inventories are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out method.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

The County accounts for its inventories in the governmental funds using the purchase method. Inventories of the governmental funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. Amounts on hand at year-end are shown on the balance sheet as an asset for informational purposes only and as nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they do not constitute "available spendable resources." These inventories are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out method.

Property Tax Calendar

The County levies real and personal property taxes on or before the third Monday in August that become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May.

A lien assessed against real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at historical cost. Donated assets are reported at acquisition value.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

| | Capitalization | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|
| | Threshold | | |
| Land | All | | |
| Construction in progress | \$ 5,000 | | |
| | | Depreciation | Estimated |
| | <u>-</u> | Method | Useful Life |
| Buildings | \$ 5,000 | Straight line | 25–40 years |
| Improvements other than buildings | \$ 5,000 | Straight line | 25–40 years |
| Machinery and equipment | \$ 5,000 | Straight line | 5–8 years |
| Infrastructure | \$ 5,000 | Straight line | 40–45 years |

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position and balance sheet include separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods that will be recognized as an expense or expenditure in future periods. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to future periods and will be recognized as revenue in future periods.

Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) assets and liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the plans' fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balance Classifications

The governmental funds' fund balances are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on those resources' use. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, such as inventories, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balances are those that have externally imposed restrictions on their usage by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations.

The unrestricted fund balance category is composed of committed, assigned, and unassigned resources. Committed fund balances are self-imposed limitations that the County's Board of Supervisors approved, which is the highest level of decision-making authority within the County. Only the Board can remove or change the constraints placed on committed fund balances.

Assigned fund balances are resources constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Supervisors has authorized the county manager and finance director to assign resources for a specific purpose.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not reported in the other classifications. Also, deficits in fund balances of the other governmental funds are reported as unassigned.

When an expenditure is incurred that can be paid from either restricted or unrestricted fund balances, it is the County's policy to use restricted fund balance first. It is the County's policy to use committed amounts first when disbursing unrestricted fund balances, followed by assigned amounts, and lastly unassigned amounts.

Investment Income

Investment income is composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences payable consists of vacation leave and a calculated amount of sick leave employees earned based on services already rendered. Employees may accumulate up to 280 hours of vacation, but they forfeit any unused vacation hours in excess of the maximum amount at fiscal year-end. Upon termination of employment, the County pays all unused and unforfeited vacation benefits to employees. Accordingly, vacation benefits are accrued as a liability in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds' financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements by fiscal year-end.

Employees may accumulate up to 1,500 hours of sick leave. Generally, sick leave benefits provide for ordinary sick pay and are cumulative but employees forfeit them upon termination of employment. Because sick leave benefits do not vest with employees, a liability for sick leave benefits is not accrued in the financial statements. However, upon retirement, for employees who have accumulated at least 500 hours of sick leave, sick leave benefits do vest, and therefore, are accrued in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds' financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements by fiscal year-end.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

2) Stewardship, Compliance, Accountability, and Fund Balance Classifications

Deficit fund balances—At June 30, 2019, the following nonmajor funds reported a deficit in fund balances in excess of \$25,000:

| Nonmajor Funds | Deficit | | | |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|--|--|
| Juvenile Jail District | \$ | 692,516 | | |
| Forest Thinning | | 59,417 | | |
| Accent Sheriff | | 76,507 | | |
| Case Processing Assistance | | 50,404 | | |
| Accent Attorney | | 48,672 | | |
| Drug Testing | | 37,992 | | |
| Tyler Technology | | 37,431 | | |
| Various Grants | | 28,797 | | |

These deficits resulted from operations during the year, but are expected to be corrected through normal operations and transfers from other funds in fiscal year 2020.

The fund balance classifications for the governmental funds as of June 30, 2019, were as follows:

| | | | Junior | | Other | |
|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|----|-------------|------------------|
| | General | Road | College | G | overnmental | |
| | Fund | Fund | Fund | | Funds | Total |
| Fund Balances | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | | | | | |
| Inventories | \$ - | \$ 354,815 | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ 354,815 |
| Prepaid items | 6,170 | - | - | | - | 6,170 |
| Total nonspendable | 6,170 | 354,815 | - | | | 360,985 |
| Restricted for | | | | | | |
| Debt service | - | - | - | | 230,036 | 230,036 |
| Highways and streets | - | 3,042,835 | - | | 1,370,909 | 4,413,744 |
| Judicial | - | - | - | | 1,167,677 | 1,167,677 |
| Law enforcement | - | - | - | | 1,510,348 | 1,510,348 |
| Library | - | - | - | | 1,057,828 | 1,057,828 |
| Health | - | - | - | | 686,451 | 686,451 |
| General government | - | - | - | | 1,378,860 | 1,378,860 |
| Education | | | 635,293 | | 1,416,900 | 2,052,193 |
| Total restricted | - | 3,042,835 | 635,293 | | 8,819,009 | 12,497,137 |
| Unassigned (deficit) | 8,061,933 | - | | | (1,125,537) | 6,936,396 |
| Total fund balance | \$ 8,068,103 | \$ 3,397,650 | \$ 635,293 | \$ | 7,693,472 | \$ 19,794,518 |

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

3) Deposits and Investments

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize the County to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's investment pool; obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or any of the senior debt of its agencies, sponsored agencies, corporations, sponsored corporations, or instrumentalities; specified state and local government bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness; interest-earning investments such as savings accounts, certificates of deposits, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; and specified commercial paper issued by corporations organized and doing business in the United States; specified bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars; and certain open-end and closed-end mutual funds, including exchange traded funds. In addition, the County Treasurer may invest trust funds in certain fixed income securities of corporations doing business in the United States or District of Columbia.

Credit Risk

Statutes have the following requirements for credit risk:

- 1. Commercial paper must be of prime quality and be rated within the top two ratings by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 2. Specified bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars must be rated "A" or better at the time of purchase by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.
- 3. Fixed income securities must carry one of the two highest ratings by Moody's investors service and Standard and Poor's rating service. If only one of the abovementioned services rates the security, it must carry the highest rating of that service.

Custodial Credit Risk

Statutes require collateral for deposits at 102 percent of all deposits federal depository insurance does not cover.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Statutes do not include any requirements for concentration of credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Statutes require that public monies invested in securities and deposits have a maximum maturity of 5 years. The maximum maturity for investments in repurchase agreements is 180 days.

Foreign Currency Risk

Statutes do not allow foreign investments unless the investment is denominated in United States dollars.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

Deposits—At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$61,029,612 including \$2,826,688 held in money market accounts. The bank balance is \$62,625,803. The County does not have a formal policy with respect to custodial credit risk.

At June 30, 2019, balances in these accounts are insured up to FDIC limits of \$500,000. The remaining amounts are uninsured but fully collateralized pursuant to the Statewide Pooled Collateral Program.

Cash Equivalents

The County is reporting money market accounts totaling \$2,826,688 as cash equivalents at year-end.

Investments—The County's investments at June 30, 2019, categorized within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles, were as follows:

| | | Fair | Value Mea | isure | ement Using | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|-----------|-------|-------------|--|--|
| | | Quoted Prices Significan | | | | | |
| | | in A | Active | | Other | | |
| | | Marl | kets for | | Observable | | |
| | | Identic | al Assets | | Inputs | | |
| Investments by fair value level | Amount | (Le | vel 1) | | (Level 2) | | |
| U.S. agency securities | \$ 49,629,138 | \$ | - | \$ | 49,629,138 | | |
| U.S. treasury notes | 20,830,602 | | - | | 20,830,602 | | |
| Certificates of deposit | 3,795,325 | | - | | 3,795,325 | | |
| Total investments categorized by | _ | | | | | | |
| fair value level | \$ 74,255,065 | \$ | | \$ | 74,255,065 | | |

Investments categorized as Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those investments. The investments categorized as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique that values securities based on their relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

Credit risk—The County does not have a formal investment policy with respect to credit risk. At June 30, 2019, credit risk for the County's investments was as follows:

| Investment Type | Rating | Rating Agency | Amount |
|-------------------------|-----------|---------------|------------------|
| U.S. agency securities | AAA | Moody's | \$ 49,629,138 |
| U.S. treasury notes | AAA | Moody's | 20,830,602 |
| Certificates of deposit | Not Rated | | 3,795,325 |
| - | | | \$ 74,255,065 |

Custodial credit risk—For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the counterparty's failure, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in an outside party's possession. The County does not have a formal investment policy with respect to custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2019, the County had \$49,629,138 of U.S. agency securities, \$20,830,602 of U.S. Treasury notes, and \$3,795,325 of certificates of deposit that were uninsured and held by the counterparty's trust department, not in the name of the County.

Concentration of credit risk—The County does not have a formal investment policy with respect to concentration of credit risk. The County had investments at June 30, 2019, of 91 percent or more in Freddie Mac (Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation), Fannie Mae (Federal National Mortgage Association), Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, and U.S. Treasury Notes. These investments were 26%, 11%, 8%, 20% and 27%, respectively, of the County's total investments.

Interest rate risk—The County does not have a formal investment policy with respect to interest rate risk. At June 30, 2019, the County had the following investments in debt securities:

| | | Investment Maturities (in Years) | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|----|------------|--|--|--|
| Investment Type | Fair Value | I | Less Than 1 | | 1–5 | | | |
| U.S. agency securities | \$ 49,629,138 | \$ | 15,793,280 | \$ | 33,835,858 | | | |
| U.S. treasury notes | 20,830,602 | | 17,301,402 | | 3,529,200 | | | |
| Certificates of deposit | 3,795,325 | | | | 3,795,325 | | | |
| | \$ 74,255,065 | \$ | 33,094,682 | \$ | 41,160,383 | | | |

Foreign currency risk—State statutes do not allow foreign investments unless the investment is denominated in United States Dollars.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

A reconciliation of cash, deposits, and investments to amounts shown on the statements of net position follows:

Cash and Investments

| Carrying amount of deposits - cash and cash equivalents | \$ 58,202,924 |
|---|-------------------|
| Money market accounts | 2,826,688 |
| Amount of investments | 74,255,065 |
| Total cash, cash equivalents, and investments | \$ 135,284,677 |

| | Governmental Activities | | Investment Trust Fund | | Agency Funds | | Total |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|----|--------------------------|----|-----------------|----|-------------|
| Statement of net position | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 8,982,080 | \$ | 52,011,315 | \$ | 36,217 | \$ | 61,029,612 |
| Investments | 10,816,530 | | 63,394,522 | | 44,013 | | 74,255,065 |
| Total | \$ 19,798,610 | \$ | 115,405,837 | \$ | 80,230 | \$ | 135,284,677 |

4) **Due From Other Governments**

Amounts due from other governments at June 30, 2019, as reported on the Governmental funds balance sheet was as follows:

| | General | Road | | Other | |
|----------------------------|---------------|---------------|----|-------------|-----------------|
| Due From Other Governments | Fund | Fund | Go | overnmental | Total |
| Federal government | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | 277,416 | \$ 277,416 |
| State governments | 340,649 | 858,125 | | 175,249 | 1,374,023 |
| Other | - | - | | 207,378 | 207,378 |
| City government | 56,701 | - | | 90 | 56,791 |
| Total | \$ 397,350 | \$ 858,125 | \$ | 660,133 | \$ 1,915,608 |

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

5) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

| | | Balance | | | | | Balance |
|---|----|--------------|-----------------|----|-------------|----|--------------|
| Governmental Activities | Ju | ine 30, 2018 | Increases | | Decreases | Jυ | ine 30, 2019 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 2,097,639 | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | 2,097,639 |
| Construction in progress | | 14,432 | 43,388 | _ | (14,432) | | 43,388 |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated | | 2,112,071 | 43,388 | | (14,432) | | 2,141,027 |
| Capital assets being depreciated | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | | 29,242,986 | - | | - | | 29,242,986 |
| Improvements other than buildings | | 705,576 | 20,650 | | - | | 726,226 |
| Machinery and equipment | | 32,623,002 | 1,909,403 | | (3,250,262) | | 31,282,143 |
| Infrastructure | | 2,662,049 | | | - | | 2,662,049 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated | | 65,233,613 | 1,930,053 | | (3,250,262) | | 63,913,404 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | | 11,940,030 | 713,326 | | - | | 12,653,356 |
| Improvements other than buildings | | 314,877 | 49,199 | | - | | 364,076 |
| Machinery and equipment | | 27,022,795 | 1,589,728 | | (3,124,620) | | 25,487,903 |
| Infrastructure | | 2,030,236 | 65,827 | _ | | | 2,096,063 |
| Total accumulated depreciation | | 41,307,938 | 2,418,080 | | (3,124,620) | | 40,601,398 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net | | 23,925,675 | (488,027) | | (125,642) | | 23,312,006 |
| Governmental activities capital assets, net | \$ | 26,037,746 | \$ (444,639) | \$ | (140,074) | \$ | 25,453,033 |

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities

| Highways and streets | \$ 885,398 |
|--|-----------------|
| General government | 698,594 |
| Public safety | 511,047 |
| Culture and recreation | 221,773 |
| Health | 64,342 |
| Education | 36,926 |
| Total depreciation expense – governmental activities | \$ 2,418,080 |

Construction Commitments

One project was in process as of June 30, 2019, with an estimated cost to complete of \$1,562,000 for the construction of the Lodge Teen Center in Round Valley.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

6) Long-Term Liabilities

The following schedule details the County's long-term liability and obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2019:

| Governmental Activities | Ju | Balance ne 30, 2018 | Additions | Reductions | Ju | Balance ine 30, 2019 |] | Amounts Oue Within One Year |
|--------------------------------------|----|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|----|-------------------------|----|-----------------------------|
| General obligation bonds | \$ | 2,000,000 | \$ - | \$ (635,000) | \$ | 1,365,000 | \$ | 665,000 |
| Capital leases payable | | 679,775 | 530,877 | (458,943) | | 751,709 | | 236,136 |
| Net pension and other postemployment | | | | | | | | |
| benefits liability | | 43,678,825 | - | (8,031,638) | | 35,647,187 | | - |
| Compensated absences payable | | 1,752,650 | 1,613,159 | (1,405,311) | | 1,960,498 | | 1,076,081 |
| Total governmental activities | | | | | | | | |
| long-term liabilities | \$ | 48,111,250 | \$ 2,144,036 | \$ (10,530,892) | \$ | 39,724,394 | \$ | 1,977,217 |

Bonds

The County's bonded debt consists of general obligation bonds that are callable with interest payable semiannually. Bond proceeds pay primarily for acquiring or constructing capital facilities. The County repays general obligation bonds from voter-approved property taxes.

Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2019, were as follows:

| | Original | | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------|-----------|----------|----|-------------|
| | Amount | Maturity | Interest | C | Outstanding |
| Description | Issued | Ranges | Rates | | Principal |
| General obligation bonds | | | | | |
| Series 2007 | \$ 7,190,000 | 7/1/10–21 | 4.5% | \$ | 1,365,000 |

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the County's bonds payable at June 30, 2019:

| | | General | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----|--------|--|--|--|--|
| | | Obligation Bonds | | | | | | |
| | | Principal Interest | | | | | | |
| Year ending June 30, | | | | | | | | |
| 2020 | \$ | 665,000 | \$ | 61,425 | | | | |
| 2021 | | 700,000 | | 31,500 | | | | |
| Total | <u>\$</u> | \$ 1,365,000 \$ 92,92 | | | | | | |

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

Capital Leases

The County has acquired machinery and equipment under the provisions of various longterm lease agreements classified as capital leases for accounting purposes because they provide for a bargain purchase option or a transfer of ownership by the end of the lease term.

The following assets were acquired through capital leases:

| Software | \$ | 619,355 |
|-------------------------------|----|-----------|
| Machinery and equipment | | 1,165,455 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | - | (470,170) |
| Carrying value | \$ | 1,314,640 |

The following schedule details minimum lease payments to maturity for the County's capital leases payable at June 30, 2019:

| Year ending June 30, | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| 2020 | \$ 270,184 |
| 2021 | 153,756 |
| 2022 | 153,756 |
| 2023 | 87,908 |
| 2024 | 87,458 |
| 2025-2026 | 104,208 |
| Total minimum lease payments | 857,270 |
| Less amount representing interest | (105,561) |

751,709

Operating Lease Commitments

Present value of net minimum lease payments

The County has entered into a number of operating leases, which have cancellation provisions and are subject to annual appropriations.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are paid from various funds in the same proportion that those funds pay payroll costs. During fiscal year 2019, the County paid for compensated absences as follows: 42 percent from the general fund, 28 percent from the road fund, and 30 percent from other funds.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

7) Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. For these risks of loss, the County joined and is covered by three public entity risk pools: the Arizona Counties Property and Casualty Pool, the Arizona Counties Workers' Compensation Pool, and the Arizona Local Government Employee Benefit Trust.

The Arizona Counties Property and Casualty Pool is a public entity risk pool currently composed of 12 member counties. The pool provides member counties catastrophic loss coverage for risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters; and provides risk management services. Such coverage includes all defense costs as well as the amount of any judgment or settlement. The County is responsible for paying a premium based on its exposure in relation to the exposure of the other participants, and a deductible of \$5,000 per occurrence for property claims and \$5,000 per occurrence for liability claims. The County is also responsible for any payments in excess of the maximum coverage of \$300 million per occurrence for property claims and \$15 million per occurrence for liability claims. However, lower limits apply to certain categories of losses. A county must participate in the pool at least three years after becoming a member; however it may withdraw after the initial three-year period.

The Arizona Counties Workers' Compensation Pool is a public entity risk pool currently composed of 12 member counties. The pool provides member counties with workers' compensation coverage, as law requires, and risk-management services. The County is responsible for paying a premium, based on an experience-rating formula, that allocates pool expenditures and liabilities among the members.

The Arizona Local Government Employee Benefit Trust is a public entity risk pool currently composed of nine member entities. The pool provides member entities with health, prescription, dental, vision, life, short-term disability, and accidental death benefits for the entities' employees and their dependents. The County is responsible for paying a premium based on enrolled employees and dependents and requires its employees to contribute a portion of that premium.

The Arizona Counties Property and Casualty Pool, the Arizona Counties Workers' Compensation Pool, and the Arizona Local Government Employee Benefit Trust receive independent audits annually and an audit by the Arizona Department of Insurance every five years. All pools accrue liabilities for losses that have been incurred but not reported. These liabilities are determined annually based on an independent actuarial valuation. If a pool were to become insolvent, the County would be assessed an additional contribution.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

8) Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits

The County contributes to the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS), the Corrections Officer Retirement Plan - Detention Officers (CORP), the Corrections Officer Retirement Plan - Administrative Office of the Courts (CORP AOC), the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System - Sheriff (PSPRS), and the Elected Officials Retirement Plan (EORP), all described below. The plans are component units of the State of Arizona.

At June 30, 2019, the County reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for all plans to which it contributes:

| | Governmental Activities | | |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|--|
| Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities | | | |
| Net OPEB asset | \$ | 747,139 | |
| Net pension and OPEB liability | | 35,647,187 | |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB | | 6,395,227 | |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB | | 6,910,254 | |
| Pension and OPEB expense (income) | | (1,754,919) | |

The County's accrued payroll and employee benefits includes \$79,429 of outstanding pension and OPEB contribution amounts payable to all plans for the year ended June 30, 2019. Also, the County reported \$3,260,341 of pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures in the governmental funds related to all plans to which it contributes.

The ASRS pension and OPEB, PSPRS-Sheriff pension, CORP detention pension and OPEB, CORP-AOC pension, and EORP pension and OPEB plans are described below. The PSPRS-Sheriff OPEB and CORP-AOC OPEB plans are not described due to their relative insignificance to the County's financial statements.

A. The Arizona State Retirement System

Plan description—County employees not covered by the other pension plans described below participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its website at www.azasrs.gov.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

Benefits provided—The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

| | Retirement Initial Membership Date | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| ASRS | Before July 1, 2011 | On or after July 1, 2011 | | | | | |
| Years of service and age required to receive benefit | Sum of years and age equals 80 | 30 years, age 55 | | | | | |
| | 10 years, age 62 | 25 years, age 60 | | | | | |
| | 5 years, age 50* | 10 years, age 62 | | | | | |
| | Any years, age 65 | 5 years, age 50* | | | | | |
| | | Any years, age 65 | | | | | |
| Final average salary is based on | Highest 36 consecutive months of last 120 months | Highest 60 consecutive months of last 120 months | | | | | |
| Benefit percent per year of service | 2.1% to 2.3% | 2.1% to 2.3% | | | | | |

^{*} With actuarially reduced benefits.

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the retirement benefit option chosen determines the survivor benefit. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. For members with 10 or more years of service, benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents. For members with 5 to 9 years of service, the benefits are the same dollar amounts as above multiplied by a vesting fraction based on completed years of service.

Active members are eligible for a monthly long-term disability benefit equal to two-thirds of monthly earnings. Members receiving benefits continue to earn service credit up to their normal retirement dates. Members with long-term disability commencement dates after June 30, 1999, are limited to 30 years of service or the service on record as of the effective disability date if their service is greater than 30 years.

Contributions—In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

For the year ended June 30, 2019, statute required active ASRS members to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.8 percent (11.64 percent for retirement and 0.16 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and statute required the County to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.8 percent (11.18 percent for retirement, 0.46 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.16 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll. In addition, the County was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 10.53 percent (10.41 percent for retirement, 0.06 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.06 percent for long-term disability) of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the County in positions that an employee who contributes to the ASRS would typically fill. The County's contributions to the pension, health insurance premium benefit, and long-term disability plans for the year ended June 30, 2019, were \$1,302,150, \$52,564 and \$18,031, respectively.

During fiscal year 2019, the County paid for ASRS pension and OPEB contributions as follows: 42 percent from the General Fund, 29 percent from the Road Fund, and 29 percent from other governmental funds.

Liability—At June 30, 2019, the County reported the following asset and liabilities for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension/OPEB asset or liability.

N.T. 4

| | Net | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| | Pension/OPEB | | | |
| ASRS | (Asset) Liability | | | |
| Pension | \$ 15,804,152 | | | |
| Health insurance premium benefit | (41,108) | | | |
| Long-term disability | 59,309 | | | |

The net asset and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2018. The total liability used to calculate the net asset or net liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, to the measurement date of June 30, 2018. The total liabilities as of June 30, 2018 reflect changes in actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2016, including decreasing the discount rate from 8 percent to 7.5 percent, changing the projected salary increases from 3-6.75 percent to 2.7-7.2 percent, decreasing the inflation rate from 3 percent to 2.3 percent, and changing the mortality rates.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

The County's proportion of the net asset or net liability was based on the County's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2018. The County's proportion measured as of June 30, 2018, and the change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017, were:

| | | Increase |
|----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| | Proporation | (Decrease) From |
| ASRS | June 30, 2018 | June 30, 2017 |
| Pension | .11% | (.002) |
| Health insurance premium benefit | .11% | (.002) |
| Long-term disability | .11% | (.002) |

Expenses—For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized the following pension and OPEB expense.

| | Pen | sion/OPEB |
|----------------------------------|-----|-----------|
| ASRS | I | Expense |
| Pension | \$ | 523,589 |
| Health insurance premium benefit | | 41,563 |
| Long-term disability | | 21,821 |

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources—At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

| | Health Insurance | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|-----------|------|------------|----|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|----------|------------|
| | | Pen | sion | | | Premiun | n Bei | nefit | Long-Term Disability | | | |
| | | Deferred | | Deferred | | Deferred | | Deferred | Deferred | | Deferred | |
| | | Outflows | | Inflows | | Outflows | | Inflows | (| Outflows | | Inflows |
| ASRS | 0 | Resources | 0 | fResources | of | Resources | 0 | fResources | of | Resources | 0 | fResources |
| Differences between expected and actual | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| experience | \$ | 435,392 | \$ | 87,126 | \$ | - | \$ | 37,941 | \$ | 1,517 | \$ | - |
| Changes of assumptions or | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| other inputs | | 418,207 | | 1,401,255 | | 79,277 | | - | | 12,846 | | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| investments | | - | | 380,052 | | - | | 82,119 | | - | | 5,745 |
| Changes in proportion and differences between county contributions and proportionate share of | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| contributions | | 732,692 | | 131,152 | | 355 | | 55 | | 2,580 | | 5 |
| County contributions | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| subsequent to the | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| measurement date | | 1,302,150 | | | | 52,564 | | | | 18,031 | | |
| Total | \$ | 2,888,441 | \$ | 1,999,585 | \$ | 132,196 | \$ | 120,115 | \$ | 34,974 | \$ | 5,750 |

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions and OPEB resulting from county contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of net assets or a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ASRS pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

| | Health | | | | |
|----------------------|--------|------------|-----------|------------|--|
| | | | Insurance | | |
| | | | Premium | Long-Term | |
| ASRS | | Pension | Benefit | Disability | |
| Year ending June 30, | | | | | |
| 2020 | \$ | 384,963 \$ | (15,855) | \$ 531 | |
| 2021 | | (51,306) | (15,854) | 532 | |
| 2022 | | (576,512) | (15,584) | 532 | |
| 2023 | | (170,439) | 1,645 | 2,071 | |
| 2024 | | - | 5,165 | 2,353 | |
| 2025 | | | | 5,174 | |

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

Actuarial assumptions—The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

ASRS

| Actuarial valuation date | June 30, 2017 |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Actuarial roll forward date | June 30, 2018 |
| Actuarial cost method | Entry age normal |
| Investment rate of return | 7.5% |
| Projected salary increases | 2.7-7.2% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB |
| Inflation | 2.3% |
| Permanent benefit increase | Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB |
| Mortality rates | 2017 SRA Scale U-MP for pensions and health insurance premium benefit |
| Recovery rates | 2012 GLDT for long-term disability |
| Healthcare cost trend rate | Not applicable |

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS plan investments was determined to be 7.5 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| ASRS | | Long-Term |
|--------------|------------|----------------|
| | | Expected |
| | | Geometric |
| | Target | Real |
| Asset Class | Allocation | Rate of Return |
| Equity | 50% | 5.50% |
| Fixed income | 30% | 3.83% |
| Real estate | 20% | 5.85% |
| Total | 100% | _ |

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

Discount rate—At June 30, 2018, the discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension/OPEB liability was 7.5 percent, which was a decrease of 0.5 from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the ASRS net pension/OPEB (asset) liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB (asset) liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.5 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

| | Current | | | | | |
|---|---------|------------|----|--------------|----|------------|
| | 1 | % Decrease | D | iscount Rate | 1 | % Increase |
| ASRS | | (6.5%) | | (7.5%) | | (8.5%) |
| County's proportionate share of the | | | | | | |
| Net pension liability | \$ | 22,529,182 | \$ | 15,804,152 | \$ | 10,185,498 |
| Net insurance premium benefit liability (asset) | | 145,655 | | (41,108) | | (200,193) |
| Net long-term disability liability | | 67,214 | | 59,309 | | 51,640 |

Plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

B. Public Safety Personnel Retirement System and Corrections Officer Retirement Plan

Plan descriptions—County sheriff employees who are regularly assigned hazardous duty participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) or employees who became members on or after July 1, 2017, may participate in the Public Safety Personnel Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (PSPDCRP). The PSPRS administers agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plans. A nine-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

Employees who were PSPRS members before July 1, 2017, participate in the agent plans, and those who became PSPRS members on or after July 1, 2017, participate in the cost-sharing plans (PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool) which are not further disclosed because of their relative insignificance to the County's financial statements.

County detention officers and Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) probation, surveillance, and juvenile detention officers participate in the Corrections Officer Retirement Plan (CORP) or the Public Safety Personnel Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (PSPDCRP). The CORP administers an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and an agent multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan for county detention officers, which were closed to new members as of July 1, 2018, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for AOC officers (cost-sharing plan). Employees who were CORP members before July 1, 2018, participate in CORP, and AOC probation and surveillance officers who became members on or after July 1, 2018 participate in CORP or PSPDCRP. Detention officers and juvenile detention officers who became members on or after July 1, 2018, participate in PSPDCRP. The PSPRS Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern CORP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 6.

The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the PSPRS and CORP plans. The report is available on the PSPRS website at www.psprs.com.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

Benefits provided—The PSPRS and CORP provide retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

| | Initial Membership Date | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| DODDO | On or after January 1, 2012 and | | | | | |
| PSPRS | Before January 1, 2012 | before July 1, 2017 | | | | |
| Retirement and Disability | | | | | | |
| Years of service and age required to receive benefit | 20 years of service, any age 15 years of service, age 62 | 25 years of service or 15 years of credited service, age 52.5 | | | | |
| Final average salary is based on | Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years | Highest 60 consecutive months of last 20 years | | | | |
| Benefit Percent | | | | | | |
| Normal retirement | 50% less 2.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years or plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited service over 20 years, not to exceed 80% | 1.5% to 2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80% | | | | |
| Accidental disability retirement | 50% or normal retirement, whichever is greater | | | | | |
| Catastrophic disability retirement | 90% for the first 60 months then reduced to either 62.5% or normal retirement, whichever is greater | | | | | |
| Ordinary disability retirement | Normal retirement calculated with actual years of credited service or 20 years of credited service, whichever is greater, multiplied by years of credited service (not to exceed 20 years) divided by 20 | | | | | |
| Survivor Benefit | | | | | | |
| Retired members | 80% to 100% of retired member's pension benefit | | | | | |
| Active members | 80% to 100% of accidental disability retirement benefit or 100% of average monthly compensation if death was the result of injuries received on the job | | | | | |

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Initial Membership Date | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| CORP | Before January 1, 2012 | On or after January 1, 2012 and before July 1, 2018 | | | |
| Retirement and Disability | | | | | |
| Years of service and age required to receive benefit | Sum of years and age equals 80 20 years, any age 10 years, age 62 | 25 years, age 52.5 10 years, age 62 | | | |
| Final average salary is based on | Highest 36 consecutive months of last 10 years | Highest 60 consecutive months of last 10 years | | | |
| Benefit Percent | | | | | |
| Normal retirement | 2.0% to $2.5%$ per year of credited service, not to exceed $80%$ | | | | |
| Accidental disability retirement | 50% or normal retirement if more than 20 years of credited | 50% or normal retirement if more than 25 years of credited | | | |
| Total and permanent disability retirement | 50% or normal retirement if more t | han 25 years of credited service | | | |
| Ordinary disability retirement | 2.5% per year o | of credited service | | | |
| Survivor Benefit | | | | | |
| Retired members | 80% of retired member's pension benefit | | | | |
| Active members | 40% of average monthly compensation or 100% of average monthly compensation if death was the result of injuries received on the job. If there is no surviving spouse or eligible children, the beneficiary is entitled to 2 times the member's contributions. | | | | |

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on inflation. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. Benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents.

Employees covered by benefit terms—At June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the agent plans' benefit terms:

| PSPRS | CORP | | |
|---------|--------------------|---|--|
| Sheriff | Detention | | |
| | Health Insurance | | |
| Pension | Pension | Premium Benefit | |
| 23 | 5 | 5 | |
| 7 | 15 | - | |
| 26 | 25 | 25 | |
| 56 | 45 | 30 | |
| | Pension 23 7 26 | Pension Pension 23 5 7 15 26 25 | |

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

Contributions—State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS and CORP employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS and CORP pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions rates for the year ended June 30, 2019, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

| | | | County-Health |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| | | | Insurance |
| | Active | | Premium |
| | Member-Pension | County-Pension | Benefit |
| PSPRS Sheriff | 7.65% - 11.65% | 52.47% | N/A |
| CORP Detention | 8.41% | 12.03% | 0% |
| CORP AOC | 8.41% | 32.43% | N/A |

In addition, statute required the County to contribute at the actuarially determined rate indicated below of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the County in positions that an employee who contributes to the PSPRS or CORP would typically fill and employees participating in the PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool and PSPDCRP members in addition to the County's required contributions to the PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool and PSPDCRP.

| | Pension |
|----------------|---------|
| PSPRS Sheriff | 35.43% |
| CORP Detention | 11.43% |
| CORP AOC | 24.49% |

The County's contributions to the plans for the year ended June 30, 2019, were:

| | | Health |
|----------------|-----------------|-----------|
| | | Insurance |
| | | Premium |
| | Pension | Benefit |
| PSPRS Sheriff | \$ 1,005,873 | N/A |
| CORP Detention | 89,025 | - |
| CORP AOC | 186,935 | N/A |
| | | |

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

During fiscal year 2019, the County paid for PSPRS and CORP contributions as follows:

| | General | Other | | |
|----------------|---------|--------------|--|--|
| | Fund | Governmental | | |
| _ | r una | Funds | | |
| PSPRS Sheriff | 88% | 12% | | |
| CORP Detention | 95% | 5% | | |
| CORP AOC | 85% | 15% | | |

Liability—At June 30, 2019, the County reported the following assets and liabilities:

| | | Net | |
|---|------------------|------------|---------|
| | Pension Net OPEB | | |
| | | Liability | Asset |
| PSPRS Sheriff | \$ | 11,134,604 | N/A |
| CORP Detention | | 780,374 | 111,426 |
| CORP AOC (County's proportionate share) | | 1,928,376 | N/A |

The net assets and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total liability used to calculate the net assets or liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total CORP pension liabilities as of June 30, 2018, reflect statutory changes in benefit terms for automatic cost-of-living adjustments. The basis for cost-of-living adjustments was changed from excess investment earnings to the change in the consumer price index, limited to a maximum annual increase of 2 percent.

Actuarial assumptions—The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

PSPRS and **CORP**

| Actuarial valuation date | June 30, 2018 |
|----------------------------|--|
| Actuarial cost method | Entry age normal |
| Investment rate of return | 7.4% |
| Wage inflation | 3.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB |
| Price inflation | 2.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB |
| Cost-of-living adjustment | Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB |
| Mortality rates | RP-2014 mortality table using MP-2016 improvement |
| | scale with adjustments to match current experience |
| Healthcare cost trend rate | Not applicable |

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS and CORP plan investments was determined to be 7.4 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| PSPRS and CORP | Long-Term Expected | | | | | |
|------------------------|--------------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Target | Geometric Real | | | | |
| Asset Class | Allocation | Rate of Return | | | | |
| Short-term investments | 2% | 0.25% | | | | |
| Risk parity | 4% | 5.00% | | | | |
| Fixed income | 5% | 1.25% | | | | |
| Real assets | 9% | 4.52% | | | | |
| GTS | 12% | 3.96% | | | | |
| Private credit | 16% | 6.75% | | | | |
| Real estate | 10% | 3.75% | | | | |
| Private equity | 12% | 5.83% | | | | |
| Non-U.S. equity | 14% | 8.70% | | | | |
| U.S. equity | 16% | 7.60% | | | | |
| Total | 100% | | | | | |

Discount rates—At June 30, 2018, the discount rate used to measure the PSPRS and CORP total pension/OPEB liabilities was 7.4 percent, which was the same as the discount rate used as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

Changes in the Net Pension Liability:

| | Increase (Decrease) | | | | |
|--|---------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| | | | | | |
| | Total Pension | Fiduciary | Net Pension | | |
| | Liability | Net Position | Liability | | |
| | (a) | (b) | (a) - (b) | | |
| PSPRS Sheriff | | | | | |
| Balances, June 30, 2018 | \$ 14,963,018 | \$ 4,431,717 | \$ 10,531,301 | | |
| Changes for the year | | | | | |
| Service cost | 332,513 | - | 332,513 | | |
| Interest on the total liability | 1,083,199 | - | 1,083,199 | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | | | | |
| in the measurement of the liability | 323,533 | - | 323,533 | | |
| Contributions – employer | - | 686,976 | (686,976) | | |
| Contributions – employee | - | 158,820 | (158,820) | | |
| Net investment income | - | 295,291 | (295,291) | | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | (982,899) | | | | |
| Administrative expenses | - | (5,194) | 5,194 | | |
| Other changes | | 49 | (49) | | |
| Net changes | 756,346 | 153,043 | 603,303 | | |
| Balances, June 30, 2019 | \$ 15,719,364 | \$ 4,584,760 | \$ 11,134,604 | | |
| | | Increase (Decrease) Plan Fiduciony | | | |
| | Total Pension | Fiduciary | Net Pension | | |
| | Liability (a) | Net Position (b) | Liability/(Asset) (a) - (b) | | |
| CORR D. 4. 4 | (a) | (0) | (a) - (b) | | |
| CORP Detention | | | | | |
| Balances, June 30, 2018 | \$ 2,211,729 | \$ 1,422,688 | \$ 789,041 | | |
| Changes for the year | 100 454 | | 100 454 | | |
| Service cost | 102,454 | - | 102,454 | | |
| Interest on the total liability | 163,204 | - | 163,204 | | |
| Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience | (97,225) | - | (97,225) | | |
| in the measurement of the liability | 63,320 | | 63,320 | | |
| Contributions – employer | 03,320 | 80,147 | (80,147) | | |
| Contributions – employee | _ | 61,105 | (61,105) | | |
| Net investment income | _ | 101,432 | (101,432) | | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | (114,982) | (114,982) | - | | |
| Administrative expenses | - | (2,235) | 2,235 | | |
| Other changes | - | (29) | 29 | | |
| Net changes | 116,771 | 125,438 | (8,667) | | |
| Balances, June 30, 2019 | \$ 2,328,500 | \$ 1,548,126 | \$ 780,374 | | |
| | | | | | |

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Increase (Decrease) Plan Total OPEB Fiduciary Net OBEB Liability Net Position Liability/(Asset) (a) (b) (a) - (b) | | | | | | |
|---|---|----------|----|---------|----|-----------|--|
| CORP Detention-Health insurance premium benefit | | | | | | | |
| Balances, June 30, 2018 | \$ | 87,737 | \$ | 177,743 | \$ | (90,006) | |
| Changes for the year | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | | 2,299 | | - | | 2,299 | |
| Interest on the total OPEB liability | | 6,490 | | - | | 6,490 | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the OPEB liability | | (17,643) | | _ | | (17,643) | |
| Net investment income | | - | | 12,760 | | (12,760) | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | | (2,358) | | (2,358) | | - | |
| Administrative expenses | | - | | (194) | | 194 | |
| Net changes | | (11,212) | | 10,208 | | (21,420) | |
| Balances, June 30, 2019 | \$ | 76,525 | \$ | 187,951 | \$ | (111,426) | |

The County's proportion of the CORP AOC net pension liability was based on the County's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating counties' actual contributions for the year ended June 30, 2018. The County's proportion measured as of June 30, 2018, was .5357 percent which was an decrease of .0579 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

Sensitivity of the County's net pension/OPEB (asset) liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the County's net pension/OPEB (asset) liabilities calculated using the discount rate of 7.4 percent, as well as what the County's net pension/OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.4 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.4 percent) than the current rate:

| | Current | | | | | | |
|---|----------|------------|----|------------|----|-----------|--|
| | 1% | | | Discount | | 1% | |
| | Decrease | | | Rate | | Increase | |
| | | 6.4% | | 7.4% | | 8.4% | |
| PSPRS Sheriff | | | | | | | |
| Net pension liability | \$ | 13,141,201 | \$ | 11,134,604 | \$ | 9,488,355 | |
| CORP Detention | | | | | | | |
| Net pension liability | \$ | 1,110,194 | \$ | 780,734 | \$ | 515,587 | |
| Net OPEB (asset) liability | | (102,367) | | (111,426) | | (119,036) | |
| CORP AOC | | | | | | | |
| County's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ | 2,522,776 | \$ | 1,928,376 | \$ | 1,446,057 | |

Plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS and CORP financial reports.

Expense—For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized the following Pension and OPEB expense:

| | Pension | OPEB |
|---|--------------|---------|
| | Expense | Expense |
| PSPRS Sheriff | \$ 1,571,537 | N/A |
| CORP Detention | 7,201 | (9,900) |
| CORP AOC (County's proportionate share) | (91,266) | N/A |

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources—At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|
| PSPRS-Sheriff | | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs | \$ | 251,235 552,072 | \$ | 360,643 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | | 55,719 | | - |
| County contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total | \$ | 1,005,874 1,864,900 | \$ | 360,643 |
| Total | Ψ | 1,004,700 | Ψ | 300,043 |
| CORP - Detention | | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 50,630 | \$ | 137,607 |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs Net difference between projected and actual earnings | | 64,828 | | - |
| on pension plan investments | | 18,045 | | - |
| County contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 89,025 | | <u>-</u> |
| Total | \$ | 222,528 | \$ | 137,607 |
| CORP - Detention Health Insurance Premium Benefit | | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | - | \$ | 18,278 |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | | - | | 5,482 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | | _ | | 3,984 |
| Total | \$ | | \$ | 27,744 |
| CORP - AOC | | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 7,221 | \$ | 99,189 |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | | 127,903 | | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | | 34,883 | | _ |
| Changes in proportion and differences between County | | | | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions | | 169,281 | | 329,566 |
| County contributions subsequent to the measurement date | Φ. | 186,935 | Φ. | - 420.555 |
| Total | \$ | 526,223 | \$ | 428,755 |

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

| | PSF | PRS Sheriff | | CORP Detention | | | CORP AOC | |
|----------------------|---------|-------------|---------|----------------|--------|---------|----------|----------|
| | Pension | | Pension | | Health | | Pension | |
| Year ending June 30, | | | | | | | | |
| 2020 | \$ | 195,380 | \$ | (9,705) | \$ | (5,824) | \$ | (54,587) |
| 2021 | | 170,049 | | (3,709) | | (5,824) | | (77,549) |
| 2022 | | 89,660 | | (1,521) | | (5,823) | | 10,049 |
| 2023 | | 43,294 | | 10,831 | | (4,417) | | 32,621 |
| 2024 | | - | | - | | (3,273) | | - |
| Thereafter | | _ | | _ | | (2,583) | | - |

PSPDCRP plan—County sheriff employees, County detention officers, and AOC probation, surveillance, and juvenile detention officers who are not members of PSPRS or CORP participate in the PSPDCRP. The PSPDCRP is a defined contribution pension plan. The PSPRS Board of Trustees governs the PSPDCRP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4.1. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, are established by State statute.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, active PSPDCRP members were required by statute to contribute at least 9 percent (County sheriff employees) or 5 percent (County detention officers and AOC probation, surveillance, and juvenile detention officers) of the members' annual covered payroll, and the County was required by statute to contribute 9 percent or 5 percent, respectively, of active members' annual covered payroll to an individual employee account. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and the earnings on those contributions. Employees vest in a portion of the County's contributions each year as set forth in statute. The plan retains nonvested County contributions when forfeited because of employment terminations. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$3,277.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

C. Elected Officials Retirement Plan

Plan description—Elected officials and judges participate in the Elected Officials Retirement Plan (EORP), ASRS, or the Elected Officials Defined Contribution Retirement System (EODCRS). EORP administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan for elected officials and judges who were members of the plan on December 31, 2013. The EORP pension plan and OPEB plans were closed to new members as of January 1, 2014. The PSPRS Board of Trustees governs the EORP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 3. The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the EORP plans. The report is available on PSPRS's website at www.psprs.com.

Benefits provided—The EORP provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average yearly compensation, and service credit as follows:

| EORP | Initial Membership Date | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Before January 1, 2012 | On or after January 1, 2012 | | | | |
| Retirement and Disability | | | | | | |
| Years of service and age required to receive benefit | 20 years, any age 10 years, age 62 5 years, age 65 5 years, any age* any years and age if disabled | 10 years, age 62 5 years, age 65 any years and age if disabled | | | | |
| Final average salary is based on | Highest 36 consecutive months of last 10 years | Highest 60 consecutive months of last 10 years | | | | |
| Benefit Percent | | | | | | |
| Normal Retirement | 4% per year of service, not to exceed 80% | 3% per year of service, not to exceed 75% | | | | |
| Disability Retirement | 80% with 10 or more years of service 40% with 5 to 10 years of service 20% with less than 5 years of service | 75% with 10 or more years of service 37.5% with 5 to 10 years of service 18.75% with less than 5 years of service | | | | |
| Survivor Benefit | | | | | | |
| Retired Members | 75% of retired member's benefit | 50% of retired member's benefit | | | | |
| Active Members and Other Inactive Members | 75% of disability retirement benefit | 50% of disability retirement benefit | | | | |

* With reduced benefits of 0.25% for each month early retirement precedes the member's normal retirement age, with a maximum reduction of 30%.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on inflation. In addition, the Legislature may enact permanent one-time benefit increases after a Joint Legislative Budget Committee analysis of the increase's effects on the plan.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. For members with 8 or more years of service, benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents. For members with 5 to 7 years of service, the benefits are the same dollar amounts as above multiplied by a vesting fraction based on completed years of service.

Contributions—State statutes establish active member and employer contribution requirements. Statute also appropriates \$5 million annually through fiscal year 2043 for the EORP from the State of Arizona to supplement the normal cost plus an amount to amortize the unfunded accrued liability and designates a portion of certain court fees for the EORP. For the year ended June 30, 2019, statute required active EORP members to contribute 7 or 13 percent of the members' annual covered payroll and the County to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 61.5 percent of all active EORP members' annual covered payroll. Also, statute required the County to contribute 49.86 percent to EORP of the annual covered payroll of elected officials and judges who were ASRS members and 55.5 percent to EORP of the annual covered payroll of elected officials and judges who were EODCRS members, in addition to the County's required contributions to ASRS and EODCRS for these elected officials and judges.

The County's contributions to the pension and health insurance premium benefit plans for the year ended June 30, 2019, were \$605,763 and \$0, respectively.

During fiscal year 2019, the County paid 100 percent of the EORP pension contributions from the General Fund.

Liability—At June 30, 2019, the County reported a liability for its proportionate share of the EORP's net pension liability that reflected a reduction for the County's proportionate share of the State's appropriation for EORP. The amount the County recognized as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the County were as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

| County's proportionate share of the EORP net pension liability | \$ 5,940,372 |
|--|-----------------|
| State's proportionate share of the EORP net pension liability | |
| associated with the County | 1,017,844 |
| Total | \$ 6,958,216 |

The County also reported an asset of \$594,605 for its proportionate share of EORP's net OPEB asset.

The net OPEB asset and net pension liability were measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset or net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total liabilities as of June 30, 2018, reflect statutory changes in benefit terms for automatic cost-of-living adjustments. The basis for cost-of-living adjustments was changed from excess investment earnings to the change in the consumer price index, limited to a maximum annual increase of 2 percent.

The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's required contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' required contributions for the year ended June 30, 2018. The County's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the County's present value of benefits relative to the total of all participating employers' present value of benefits for the year ended June 30, 2018. The County's proportion measured as of June 30, 2018, was .9427 percent and 5.7539 percent for pension and OPEB, respectively, which was a decrease of .1958 percent and .4519 percent, for pension and OPEB, respectively, from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

Expense—For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension and OPEB expense/(income) for EORP of \$(3,805,631) and \$(13,833), respectively and additional expense of \$289,398 for the County's proportionate share of the State's appropriation to EORP and the designated court fees.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources—At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

| | Pension | | | Health Insurance Premium Benefit | | | | |
|---|---------|------------|----|----------------------------------|-----------|------------|----|------------|
| | I | Deferred | | Deferred | | Deferred | | Deferred |
| | O | utflows of | | Inflows of | О | utflows of | | Inflows of |
| | R | esources | | Resources | Resources | | | Resources |
| EORP | | | | | | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | - | \$ | 92,649 | \$ | 7,154 | \$ | 27,780 |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | | 37,013 | | 2,473,022 | | 2,021 | | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on | | | | | | | | |
| plan investments | | 51,548 | | - | | - | | 32,177 |
| Changes in proportion and differences between County | | | | | | | | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions | | - | | 1,204,427 | | 22,466 | | - |
| County contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 605,763 | | | | - | | |
| Total | \$ | 694,324 | \$ | 3,770,098 | \$ | 31,641 | \$ | 59,957 |

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to EORP pensions and OPEB resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to EORP pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

| | | Health |
|---------------------|----------------------|-----------|
| | | Insurance |
| | | Premium |
| | Pension | Benefit |
| Year ending June 30 | | |
| 2020 | \$ (3,410,838) \$ | (5,847) |
| 2021 | (249,686) | (11,933) |
| 2022 | (21,869) | (10,820) |
| 2023 | 856 | 284 |

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

Actuarial assumptions—The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

EORP

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Investment rate of return 7.4%

Wage inflation

3.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Price inflation

2.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Cost-of-living adjustment
Included for pension/not applicable OPEB
Mortality rates

RP-2014 tables using MP-2016 improvement

scale with adjustments to match current

Healthcare cost trend rate Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

The long-term expected rate of return on EORP plan investments was determined to be 7.4 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| | | Long-Term |
|------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| EORP | | Expected |
| | | Geometric |
| | Target | Real Rate |
| Asset Class | Allocation | of Return |
| Short-term investments | 2% | 0.25% |
| Risk parity | 4% | 5.00% |
| Fixed income | 5% | 1.25% |
| Real assets | 9% | 4.52% |
| GTS | 12% | 3.96% |
| Private credit | 16% | 6.75% |
| Real estate | 10% | 3.75% |
| Private equity | 12% | 5.83% |
| Non-U.S. equity | 14% | 8.70% |
| U.S. equity | <u>16%</u> | 7.60% |
| Total | <u>100%</u> | |

Discount rates—At June 30, 2018, the discount rate used to measure the EORP total pension liability and total OPEB liability was 7.4 percent, which was an increase of 3.49 for pension and no change for OPEB from the discount rates used as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, employer contributions will be made at the actuarially determined rates, and State contributions will be made as currently required by statute. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the EORP net pension/OPEB (asset) liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB (asset) liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.4 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.4 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.4 percent) than the current rate:

| | Current | | | | | |
|---|-------------|-----------|----|---------------|----|-------------|
| EORP | 1% Decrease | | Ι | Discount Rate | | 1% Increase |
| Rate-pension | | 6.4% | | 7.4% | | 8.4% |
| County's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ | 6,820,928 | \$ | 5,940,372 | \$ | 5,191,873 |
| Rate-OPEB | Ψ | 6.4% | | 7.4% | Ψ | 8.4% |
| County's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) | | (528,543) | | (594,605) | | (651,703) |

Plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued EORP financial report.

EODCRS plan—Elected officials and judges who are not members of EORP or ASRS participate in the EODCRS and the Elected Officials Defined Contribution Retirement System Disability Program (EODCDP). The EODCRS is a defined contribution pension plan. The EODCDP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit disability (OPEB) plan for EODCRS members. The PSPRS Board of Trustees governs the EODCRS and EODCDP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 3.1 and 3.2. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, are established by state statute. The EODCDP is not further disclosed because of its relative insignificance to the County's financial statements.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, active EODCRS members were required by statute to contribute 8 percent of the members' annual covered payroll, and the County was required by statute to contribute 6 percent of active members' annual covered payroll to an individual employee account. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and the County's contributions to the individual employee account and the earnings on those contributions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$7,656.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

9) Interfund Balances and Activity

Interfund receivables and payables—Interfund balances at June 30, 2019, were as follows:

| | Paya | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------|----|------------|----|---------|
| | Other | | | | |
| | General | Go | vernmental | | |
| Payable From | Fund | | Funds | | Total |
| Road fund | \$ 52,886 | \$ | 26,719 | \$ | 79,605 |
| Other governmental funds | 126,947 | | 14,007 | | 140,954 |
| Total | \$ 179,833 | \$ | 40,726 | \$ | 220,559 |

The interfund balances resulted from time lags between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided and reimbursement occurred.

Interfund transfers—Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019, were as follows:

| | Transfer to | | | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------|------------|----|-------------|----|-----------|-------|
| | | | | Other | | | |
| | | General | G | overnmental | | | |
| Transfer From | | Fund Funds | | Fund | | | Total |
| General fund | \$ | - | \$ | 1,047,897 | \$ | 1,047,897 | |
| Road fund | | 1,022,983 | | - | | 1,022,983 | |
| Junior college fund | | 1,055,698 | | - | | 1,055,698 | |
| Other governmental | | | | | | | |
| funds | | 1,287,794 | | 92,594 | | 1,380,388 | |
| Total | \$ | 3,366,475 | \$ | 1,140,491 | \$ | 4,506,966 | |

The principal purpose of interfund transfers was to provide grant matches, fund debt service payments, and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

10) County Treasurer's Investment Pool

Arizona Revised Statutes require community colleges, school districts, and other local governments to deposit certain public monies with the County treasurer. The treasurer has a fiduciary responsibility to administer those and the County monies under his or her stewardship. The treasurer invests, on a pool basis, all idle monies not specifically invested for a fund or program. In addition, the treasurer determines the fair value of those pooled investments annually at June 30.

The County treasurer's investment pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company, and there is no regulatory oversight of its operations. The pool's structure does not provide for shares, and the County has not provided or obtained any legally binding guarantees to support the value of the participants' investments.

The deposits and investments the County holds are included in the County treasurer's investment pool, except for \$1,023,594 in other deposits accounts. Therefore, the deposit and investment risks of the Treasurer's investment pool are substantially the same as the County's deposit and investment risks. See Note 3 for disclosure of the County's deposit and investment risks.

Details of each major investment classification follow:

| | | Interest | | |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------|-------------------|------------|
| Investment Type | Principal | Rate(s) | Maturities | Fair Value |
| U.S. agency securities | 48,553,802 | 0.875-4.00 | 7/2018-10/2021 \$ | 49,629,138 |
| U.S. treasury notes | 20,286,621 | 0.875-1.750 | 7/2018-04/2021 \$ | 20,830,602 |
| Certificates of deposit | | | \$ | 3,795,325 |

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

A condensed statement of the investment pool's net position and changes in net position follows:

| Statement of net position | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Assets | \$ 133,972,414 |
| Net position | <u>\$ 133,972,414</u> |
| Net position held in trust for | |
| Internal participants | \$ 18,486,347 |
| External participants | 115,486,067 |
| Total net assets held in trust | \$ 133,972,414 |
| Statement of changes in net position | |
| Total additions | \$ 224,198,167 |
| Total deductions | 188,928,111 |
| Net increase | 35,270,056 |
| Net position held in trust | |
| July 1, 2018 | 98,702,358 |
| June 30, 2019 | \$ 133,972,414 |

11) Joint Ventures

The County is a member of the Blue Hills Environmental Association (Association), a nonprofit corporation created in 1991 by the County, City of St. Johns, Town of Springerville, and Town of Eagar. The members then entered into a solid waste operation agreement with the Association to operate the Blue Hills Regional Municipal Landfill and to provide solid waste services to the members and public. The Association is accumulating financial reserves to pay for closure and post-closure care costs when it anticipates closing the landfill in 2040.

However, the County will assume the financial responsibility for these costs if the Association is unable to pay when they are due. Annually, the County files the required financial assurance report with the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality to demonstrate financial responsibility for closure and post-closure care costs as required by state and federal laws and regulations. In the most recent annual financial report, dated June 30, 2019, the County estimated the closure costs and post-closure care costs to be \$2,592,846 assuming the landfill was completely filled to capacity. This amount is based

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care as of June 30, 2019. According to its audited financial information for the year ended June 30, 2019, the landfill had used approximately 34.52 percent of its estimated capacity, and the Association had accumulated \$738,099 of financial reserves to pay for these costs.

The Association issues audited financial statements annually which are available upon request by writing or calling the Association:

Blue Hills Environmental Association P.O. Box 175 St. Johns, AZ 85936 (928) 337-2357

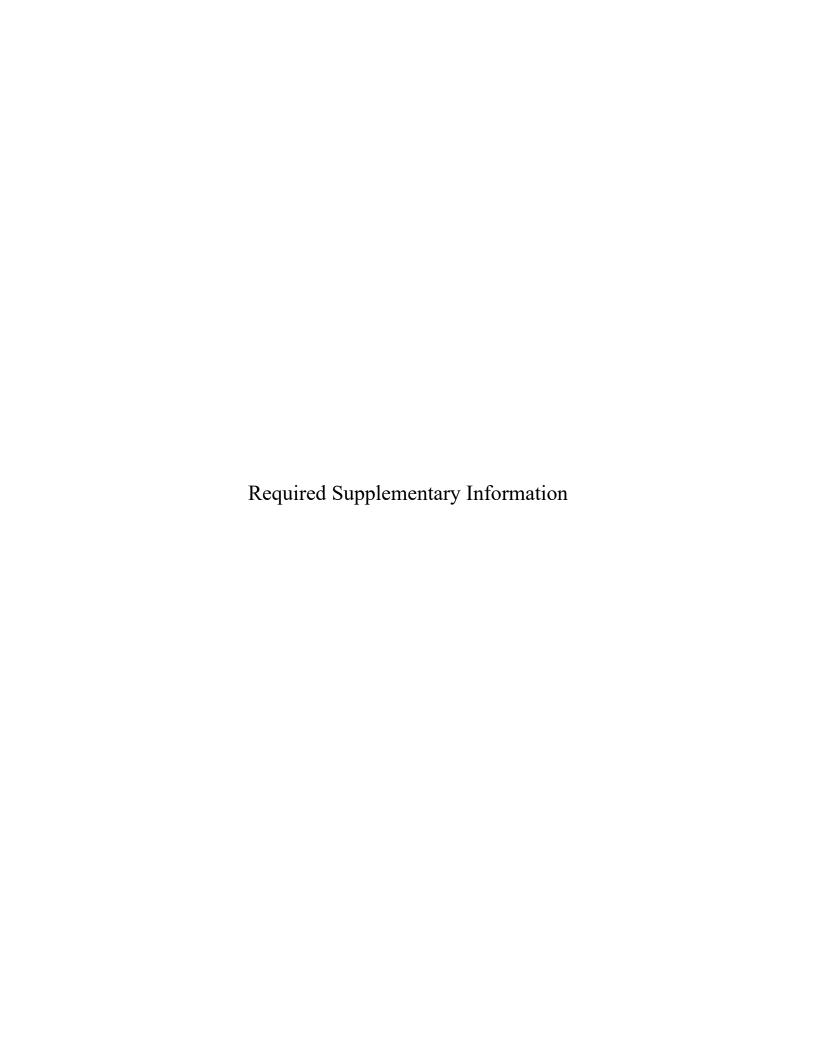
12) Litigation

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits, which arise in the ordinary course of its operations. The County is unable to predict the outcomes of these proceedings, therefore no liability has been accrued in the accompanying financial statements.

13) Subsequent Events

In October 2019, the County entered into a construction agreement for a maximum price of \$1,370,177 for the construction of The Lodge Teen Legacy Center.

At the time of this report's release, citizens and the economies of the United States and other countries have been impacted by the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic. The World Health Organization declared a Public Health Emergency on January 30, 2020. The evolution of the virus, the extent of its economic impact and the results of steps taken and yet to be taken by governments and financial institutions are unknown. Governments and businesses may face supply chain disruptions, labor shortages, revenue declines, an increase in bad debts, reduced cash flow, difficulties meeting loan covenants, goodwill and inventory impairment, credit difficulties, and other financial implications. Furthermore, the financial markets have experienced significant levels of volatility as a result of the pandemic. This volatility has caused significant declines in the value of investments held at year end. While such declines may be temporary, investment values are subject to market fluctuations, and the timing of any such recovery is unknown at the present time. The significance and the duration of the pandemic's financial impact are indeterminable. These financial statements do not consider the potential financial implications of the pandemic.



Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | | | | | | | | ariance with nal Budget- |
|--|----|------------|--------|------------|----|------------|----|-----------------------------|
| | | Budgeted | Am | ounts | | | | Favorable |
| | | Original | 7 1111 | Final | | Actual | | Infavorable) |
| | | Original | | 1 mmi | | Actual | (c | omavoraok) |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ | 3,024,259 | \$ | 3,024,259 | \$ | 2,961,645 | \$ | (62,614) |
| County excise tax | | 1,200,000 | | 1,200,000 | | 1,182,639 | | (17,361) |
| Licenses and permits | | 87,200 | | 87,200 | | 85,671 | | (1,529) |
| Intergovernmental | | 9,741,889 | | 9,741,889 | | 10,203,115 | | 461,226 |
| Charges for services | | 70,000 | | 70,000 | | 565,374 | | 495,374 |
| Fines and forfeits | | 456,000 | | 456,000 | | 463,753 | | 7,753 |
| Investment income (loss) | | 15,000 | | 15,000 | | 366,830 | | 351,830 |
| Contributions | | 1,190,121 | | 1,190,121 | | - | | (1,190,121) |
| Miscellaneous | | 272,800 | | 272,800 | | 414,931 | | 142,131 |
| Total revenues | _ | 16,057,269 | | 16,057,269 | _ | 16,243,958 | | 186,689 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | | | | | | | |
| Assessor | | 752,630 | | 752,630 | | 715,248 | | 37,382 |
| Attorney | | 1,213,823 | | 1,213,823 | | 1,602,517 | | (388,694) |
| Board of supervisors - general | | 506,802 | | 506,802 | | 593,679 | | (86,877) |
| Board of supervisors - county manager | | 394,256 | | 394,256 | | 405,994 | | (11,738) |
| Human resources | | 256,693 | | 256,693 | | 300,707 | | (44,014) |
| Wellness | | 35,000 | | 35,000 | | 11,112 | | 23,888 |
| Records management | | 15,050 | | 15,050 | | 15,586 | | (536) |
| District #1 | | 249,350 | | 249,350 | | 255,166 | | (5,816) |
| District #2 | | 249,350 | | 249,350 | | 265,725 | | (16,375) |
| District #3 | | 249,350 | | 249,350 | | 268,900 | | (19,550) |
| Clerk of the superior court | | 578,757 | | 578,757 | | 541,955 | | 36,802 |
| Contingency | | 3,905,740 | | 3,905,740 | | 655,567 | | 3,250,173 |
| Information technology service | | 522,357 | | 522,357 | | 520,376 | | 1,981 |
| IT capital improvements and software maintenance | | 1,174,925 | | 1,174,925 | | 480,003 | | 694,922 |
| Elections | | 469,907 | | 469,907 | | 518,639 | | (48,732) |
| Finance | | 485,684 | | 485,684 | | 428,773 | | 56,911 |
| Grounds/maintenance | | 820,341 | | 820,341 | | 874,977 | | (54,636) |
| JP – Chinle | | 152,514 | | 152,514 | | 163,817 | | (11,303) |
| JP – Puerco | | 364,351 | | 364,351 | | 361,858 | | 2,493 |
| JP – St. Johns | | 219,808 | | 219,808 | | 234,337 | | (14,529) |
| St. Johns magistrate | | 36,626 | | 36,626 | | 37,847 | | (1,221) |
| JP – Round Valley | | 299,309 | | 299,309 | | 302,295 | | (2,986) |
| Springerville magistrate | | 8,081 | | 8,081 | | 3,727 | | 4,354 |
| Communication specialist and project | | 100,543 | | 100,543 | | 99,562 | | 981 |
| Community development | | 412,425 | | 412,425 | | 397,732 | | 14,693 |
| County fair | | 25,000 | | 25,000 | | 25,000 | | - |
| Recorder | | 559,201 | | 559,201 | | 541,028 | | 18,173 |
| Superior court | | 446,551 | | 446,551 | | 472,637 | | (26,086) |
| Public defenders | | 410,000 | | 410,000 | | 533,111 | | (123,111) |
| | | | | | | | | |

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund— continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | | D 1 . 1 | | | | | Fi | ariance with nal Budget- |
|--------------------------------------|----------|----------------------|------|--------------|----|-------------|----|-----------------------------|
| | | Budgeted Original | Amou | nts Final | | Actual | | Favorable Infavorable) |
| Expenditures – continued | | Jigilai | | 1.11191 | | Actual | (0 | mavorauk) |
| Jury fees and related | \$ | 114,717 | \$ | 114,717 | \$ | 129,532 | \$ | (14,815) |
| Jury trial costs | Ψ | 20,915 | Ψ | 20,915 | Ψ | - | Ψ | 20,915 |
| Treasurer | | 522,997 | | 522,997 | | 550,565 | | (27,568) |
| Legal services/judgments | | - | | - | | 4,805 | | (4,805) |
| Insurance | | 221,069 | | 221,069 | | 222,349 | | (1,280) |
| Fleet management | | 300,000 | | 300,000 | | 166,466 | | 133,534 |
| Total general government | | 16,094,122 | 1 | 16,094,122 | _ | 12,701,592 | | 3,392,530 |
| Public safety | | | | | | | | |
| Constables | | 133,519 | | 133,519 | | 153,173 | | (19,654) |
| Adult probation | | 292,452 | | 292,452 | | 292,451 | | 1 |
| Juvenile probation | | 222,200 | | 222,200 | | 222,199 | | 1 |
| Dispatch services | | 517,603 | | 517,603 | | 558,921 | | (41,318) |
| Search and rescue | | - | | - | | 1,140 | | (1,140) |
| Sheriff | | 3,394,998 | | 3,394,998 | | 3,610,551 | | (215,553) |
| Total public safety | | 4,560,772 | | 4,560,772 | _ | 4,838,435 | | (277,663) |
| Health | | | | | | | | |
| AHCCCS | | 469,520 | | 469,520 | _ | 415,417 | | 54,103 |
| Culture and recreation | | | | | | | | |
| Agricultural extension | | 25,000 | | 469,520 | | - | | 469,520 |
| Education | | | | | | | | |
| IDEA secure care, special education | | 41,894 | | 41,894 | | - | | 41,894 |
| School superintendent | | 362,611 | | 362,611 | | 378,181 | | (15,570) |
| Total education | | 404,505 | | 404,505 | | 378,181 | | 26,324 |
| Total expenditures | | 21,553,919 | 2 | 21,998,439 | | 18,333,625 | | 3,664,814 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | | (5,496,650) | | (5,941,170) | | (2,089,667) | | 3,851,503 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | | | | | | |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | | _ | | _ | | 40,662 | | 40,662 |
| Transfers in | | _ | | _ | | 3,366,475 | | 3,366,475 |
| Transfers out | | - | | - | | (1,047,897) | | (1,047,897) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | <u> </u> | | , | | | 2,359,240 | | 2,359,240 |
| Net change in fund balances | | (5,496,650) | | (5,941,170) | | 269,573 | | 6,210,743 |
| Fund balances, June 30, 2018 | | | | | | 7,798,530 | | 7,798,530 |
| Fund balances, June 30, 2019 | \$ | (5,496,650) | \$ | (5,941,170) | \$ | 8,068,103 | \$ | 14,009,273 |

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Road Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | | Budgeted Amounts ginal and Final | | Actual | Variance with Final Budget- Favorable (Unfavorable) |
|--------------------------------------|----|--|----|-------------|--|
| Revenues | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental | \$ | 9,800,000 | \$ | 10,778,883 | \$ 978,883 |
| Charges for services | | 678,000 | | 165,429 | (512,571) |
| Investment income | | - | | 123,794 | 123,794 |
| Miscellaneous | | | | 5,231 | 5,231 |
| Total revenues | - | 10,478,000 | | 11,073,337 | 595,337 |
| Expenditures | | | | | |
| Highways and streets | | | | | |
| Engineer | | 758,874 | | 799,219 | (40,345) |
| HURF support | | 194,255 | | 173,209 | 21,046 |
| District #1 | | 432,128 | | 542,971 | (110,843) |
| District #2 | | 30,000 | | 125,270 | (95,270) |
| District #3 | | 99,736 | | 123,995 | (24,259) |
| Liability insurance | | 273,000 | | 271,761 | 1,239 |
| Contingency | | 448,609 | | 50,476 | 398,133 |
| RAC Grant | | 150,000 | | - | 150,000 |
| Limestone Pit | | 500,000 | | 488,514 | 11,486 |
| Roads - Puerco | | 971,190 | | 654,124 | 317,066 |
| Roads - Round Valley | | 1,002,019 | | 1,452,165 | (450,146) |
| Roads - St. Johns | | 1,159,163 | | 749,201 | 409,962 |
| Roads - Ganado | | 2,189,113 | | 1,748,960 | 440,153 |
| Roads - Chinle | | 2,189,113 | | 1,698,827 | 490,286 |
| Total highways and streets | | 10,397,200 | _ | 8,878,692 | 1,518,508 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | | 80,800 | | 2,194,645 | 2,113,845 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | | | |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | | - | | 433,350 | 433,350 |
| Transfers out | | | | (1,022,983) | (1,022,983) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | | | (589,633) | (589,633) |
| Net change in fund balances | | 80,800 | | 1,605,012 | 1,524,212 |
| Fund balances, July 1, 2018 | | - | | 1,738,525 | 1,738,525 |
| Changes in inventory | | | | 54,113 | 54,113 |
| Fund balances, June 30, 2019 | \$ | 80,800 | \$ | 3,397,650 | \$ 3,316,850 |

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Junior College Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Budgeted Amounts nal and Final | Actual | Fi | ariance with nal Budget- Favorable Infavorable) |
|---|--|------------------------------|----|--|
| Revenues | | | | |
| Property taxes Intergovernmental Salt River Project | \$ 45,000 699,300 1,034,975 | \$ 2,371,114 1,719,136 | \$ | 2,326,114 1,019,836 (1,034,975) |
| Investment income | - | 107,407 | | 107,407 |
| Total revenues | 1,779,275 | 4,197,657 | | 2,418,382 |
| Expenditures | | | | |
| Education | | | | |
| Junior college tuition | 2,880,665 | 2,704,565 | | 176,100 |
| Total education | 2,880,665 | 2,704,565 | | 176,100 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | (1,101,390) | 1,493,092 | | 2,594,482 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | | |
| Transfers in | 1,055,698 | _ | | (1,055,698) |
| Transfers out | (1,055,698) | (1,055,698) | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | - | (1,055,698) | | (1,055,698) |
| Net change in fund balances | (1,101,390) | 437,394 | | 1,538,784 |
| Fund balances, July 1, 2018 | | 197,899 | | 197,899 |
| Fund balances, June 30, 2019 | \$ (1,101,390) | \$ 635,293 | \$ | 1,736,683 |

Required Supplementary Information Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

1) Budgeting and Budgetary Control

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) require the County to prepare and adopt a balanced budget annually for each governmental fund. The Board of Supervisors must approve such operating budgets on or before the third Monday in July to allow sufficient time for the legal announcements and hearings required for the adoption of the property tax levy on the third Monday in August. A.R.S. prohibits expenditures or liabilities in excess of the amounts budgeted.

The County budgets capital outlay and debt service expenditures within the functional categories.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level. In certain instances, transfers of appropriations between departments or from the contingency account to a department may be made upon the Board of Supervisors' approval.

2) Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The County's budget is prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, except for the following unbudgeted item: present value of net minimum capital lease payments. The following schedule reconciles the excess of revenues over expenditures from the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the budgetary comparison schedule:

| | R | Road Fund |
|---|----|-----------|
| Deficiency of revenues over expenditures from the statement | Φ. | 1 662 560 |
| of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances | \$ | 1,663,768 |
| Capital outlay for assets acquired with capital lease | | 530,877 |
| Deficiency of revenues over expenditures from the | | |
| budgetary comparison schedules | \$ | 2,194,645 |

Required Supplementary Information Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

3) Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2019, expenditures exceeded final budget amounts at the department level (the legal level of budgetary control) as follows:

| Fund/Department | Excess |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| General Fund | |
| Attorney | \$ 388,694 |
| Sheriff | 215,553 |
| Public defenders | 123,111 |
| Board of supervisors - general | 86,877 |
| Grounds/maintenance | 54,636 |
| Elections | 48,732 |
| Human resources | 44,014 |
| Dispatch services | 41,318 |
| Treasurer | 27,568 |
| Superior court | 26,086 |
| Constables | 19,654 |
| District #3 | 19,550 |
| District #2 | 16,375 |
| School superintendent | 15,570 |
| Jury fees and related | 14,815 |
| JP – St. Johns | 14,529 |
| Board of supervisors - county manager | 11,738 |
| JP – Chinle | 11,303 |
| District #1 | 5,816 |
| Legal services/judgments | 4,805 |
| JP – Round Valley | 2,986 |
| Insurance | 1,280 |
| St. Johns magistrate | 1,221 |
| Search and rescue | 1,140 |
| Records management | 536 |
| Total General Fund | \$ 1,197,907 |
| Road Fund | |
| Roads - Round Valley | \$ 450,146 |
| District #1 | 110,843 |
| District #2 | 95,270 |
| Engineer | 40,345 |
| District #3 | 24,259 |
| Total Road Fund | \$ 720,863 |

Required Supplementary Information Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Departments may exceed their department budgets for various reasons, including unexpected events. When departments exceed their budget, it is noted and addressed with the departments in subsequent budget meetings with the County Manager and the Board of Supervisors.

Required Supplementary Information Multi-Year Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability — Cost-Sharing Plans June 30, 2019

Arizona State Retirement System -ASRS

| | | Reportin | g Fiscal Year (Me | easurement Date) | | |
|---|---------------------|---------------|-------------------|------------------|------------|-----------------|
| | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 through |
| | (2018) | (2017) | (2016) | (2015) | (2014) | 2010 |
| County's proportion of the net pension liability | 0.11% | 0.11% | 0.11% | 0.11% | 0.11% | Information not |
| County's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ 15,804,152 \$ | 16,570,373 \$ | 17,514,604 \$ | 16,819,429 \$ | 15,839,753 | available |
| County's covered payroll | \$ 11,269,617 \$ | 10,627,067 \$ | 10,573,233 \$ | 9,969,096 \$ | 9,649,540 | |
| County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll | 140.2% | 155.9% | 165.6% | 168.7% | 164.2% | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 73.40% | 69.92% | 67.06% | 68.35% | 69.49% | |

Reporting Fiscal Year

Reporting Fiscal Year

ASRS - Health Insurance Premium Benefit

| | (Me | easurement Date) |) |
|---|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 through |
| | (2018) | (2017) | 2010 |
| County's proportion of the net OPEB (asset) | 0.11% | 0.11% | Information not |
| County's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) | \$ (41,108) \$ | (58,180) | available |
| County's covered payroll | \$ 11,269,617 \$ | 10,627,067 | |
| County's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll | (0.4%) | (0.5%) | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability | 102.20% | 103.57% | |

ASRS - Long-Term Disability

| | (| (Mea | surement Date) | |
|---|------------------|------|----------------|-----------------|
| | 2019 | | 2018 | 2017 through |
| | (2018) | | (2017) | 2010 |
| County's proportion of the net OPEB liability | 0.11% | | 0.11% | Information not |
| County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability | \$ 59,309 | \$ | 38,553 | available |
| County's covered payroll | \$ 11,269,617 | \$ | 10,627,067 | |
| County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll | 0.5% | | 0.4% | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability | 77.83% | | 84.44% | |

Required Supplementary Information Multi-Year Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability — Cost-Sharing Plans — continued June 30, 2019

| Corrections Officer Retirement Plan - |
|--|
| Administrative Office of the Courts - CORP AOC |

| | | | Re | epor | ting Fiscal Yea | r (M | easurement Da | te) | | |
|---|--------------------------|----|---------------------|------|---------------------|------|--------------------|-----|--------------------|---------------------------|
| | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2015 | 2014 through |
| | (2018) | | (2017) | | (2016) | | (2015) | | (2014) | 2010 |
| County's proportion of the net pension liability | 0.54% | | 0.48% | | 0.48% | | 0.80% | | 0.89% | Information not |
| County's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ 1,928,376 | \$ | 1,917,366 | \$ | 1,351,472 | \$ | 1,953,897 | \$ | 2,000,091 | available |
| County's covered payroll | \$ 619,607 | \$ | 524,605 | \$ | 546,592 | \$ | 908,555 | \$ | 961,116 | |
| County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll | 311.2% | | 365.5% | | 247.2% | | 215.1% | | 208.1% | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 53.72% | | 49.21% | | 54.81% | | 57.89% | | 58.59% | |
| Elected Officials Retirement Plan - EORP | | | D | | . F. 137 | 0.1 | | | | |
| | 2010 | | | epor | | r (M | easurement Da | te) | 2012 | 20111 |
| | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2015 | 2014 through |
| | (2018) | | (2017) | | (2016) | | (2015) | | (2014) | 2010 |
| County's proportion of the net pension liability County's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ 0.94% 5,940,372 | | 1.16% 13,870,744 | | 1.16% 10,927,352 | | 1.08% 8,445,318 | | 1.09% 7,329,261 | Information not available |
| State's proportionate share of the net pension liability | 1,017,844 | | 2,878,805 | | 2,192,828 | | 2,632,899 | | 2,247,219 | |
| associated with the County | 1,017,044 | _ | 2,878,803 | _ | 2,172,020 | _ | 2,032,099 | _ | 2,247,219 | |
| Total | \$ 6,958,216 | \$ | 16,749,549 | \$ | 13,120,180 | \$ | 11,078,217 | \$ | 9,576,480 | |
| County's covered payroll | \$ 990,328 | \$ | 836,561 | \$ | 784,791 | \$ | 855,434 | \$ | 942,909 | |
| County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total | 703% | | 2002% | | 1392% | | 987.3% | | 777.3% | |
| pension liability | 30.36% | | 19.66% | | 23.42% | | 28.32% | | 31.91% | |

EORP - Health Insurance Premium Benefit

| | Reporting F | iscal | l Year (Measure | ment Date) |
|--|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | 2019 | | 2018 | 2017 through |
| | (2018) | | (2017) | 2010 |
| County's proportion of the net OPEB (asset) | 5.75% | | 6.21% | Information not |
| County's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) | \$ (594,695) | \$ | (565,110) | available |
| County's covered payroll | \$ 990,328 | \$ | 836,561 | |
| County's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) | | | | |
| as a percentage of its covered payroll | (60.05%) | | (-67.55%) | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total | | | | |
| OPEB liability | 177.16% | | 164.84% | |
| | | | | |

Required Supplementary Information Multi-Year Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension/OPEB Liability and Related Ratios — Agent Plans June 30, 2019

Public Safety Personnel Retirement System - Sheriff - PSPRS

| | Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|------------|--------|------------|--------|------------|------|------------|----|------------|-----------------|--|
| | 2019 | | | 2018 | | 2017 | 2016 | | | 2015 | 2014 through | |
| | | (2018) | (2017) | | (2016) | | | (2015) | | (2014) | 2010 | |
| Total Pension Liability | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 332,513 | \$ | 391,384 | \$ | 352,705 | \$ | 303,780 | \$ | 285,074 | Information not | |
| Interest on the total pension liability | | 1,083,199 | | 1,027,927 | | 1,027,738 | | 1,006,417 | | 827,366 | available | |
| Changes of benefit terms | | - | | 225,266 | | (121,221) | | - | | 373,856 | | |
| Difference between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the pension liability | | 323,533 | | (385,625) | | (296,009) | | (194,211) | | (138,700) | | |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | | - | | 618,526 | | 521,471 | | - | | 1,777,751 | | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | | (982,899) | | (848,915) | | (932,155) | _ | (805,535) | _ | (902,060) | | |
| Net change in total pension liability | | 756,346 | | 1,028,563 | | 552,529 | | 310,451 | | 2,223,287 | | |
| Total pension liability - beginning | | 14,963,018 | | 13,934,455 | | 13,381,926 | | 13,071,475 | | 10,848,188 | | |
| Total pension liability - ending (a) | \$ | 15,719,364 | \$ | 14,963,018 | \$ | 13,934,455 | \$ | 13,381,926 | \$ | 13,071,475 | | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ | 686,976 | \$ | 932,323 | \$ | 896,934 | \$ | 655,184 | \$ | 628,529 | | |
| Contributions - employee | | 158,820 | | 134,451 | | 178,568 | | 144,239 | | 137,407 | | |
| Net investment income | | 295,291 | | 459,901 | | 20,966 | | 127,091 | | 435,987 | | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | | (982,899) | | (848,915) | | (932,155) | | (805,535) | | (902,060) | | |
| Administrative expenses | | (5,194) | | (4,469) | | (3,418) | | (3,473) | | (3,511) | | |
| Other changes* | | 49 | _ | 42 | _ | 3,873 | _ | (2,530) | _ | (248,414) | | |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | | 153,043 | | 673,333 | | 164,768 | | 114,976 | | 47,938 | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position – beginning | | 4,431,717 | _ | 3,758,384 | | 3,593,616 | _ | 3,478,640 | _ | 3,430,702 | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | \$ | 4,584,760 | \$ | 4,431,717 | \$ | 3,758,384 | \$ | 3,593,616 | \$ | 3,478,640 | | |
| County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b) | \$ | 11,134,604 | \$ | 10,531,301 | \$ | 10,176,071 | \$ | 9,788,310 | \$ | 9,592,835 | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability | | 29.17% | | 29.62% | | 26.97% | | 26.85% | | 26.61% | | |
| Covered payroll | \$ | 1,716,008 | \$ | 1,723,995 | \$ | 1,729,119 | \$ | 1,551,303 | \$ | 1,576,259 | | |
| County's net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll | | 648.87% | | 588.51% | | 588.51% | | 630.97% | | 608.60% | | |

^{*} Other changes include adjustments for prior year GASB 68 and reserve transfer to/from employer and employee reserves.

Required Supplementary Information Multi-Year Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension/OPEB Liability and Related Ratios — Agent Plans — continued June 30, 2019

CORP Detention-Pension

| | Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-----------|------|-----------|----|-----------|------|-----------|----|-----------|-----------------|--|
| | | 2019 | 2018 | | | 2017 | 2016 | | | 2015 | 2014 through | |
| | | (2018) | | (2017) | | (2016) | | (2015) | | (2014) | 2010 | |
| Total Pension Liability | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 102,454 | \$ | 103,446 | \$ | 78,199 | \$ | 83,135 | \$ | 80,344 | Information not | |
| Interest on the total pension liability | | 163,204 | | 136,198 | | 141,303 | | 150,847 | | 127,309 | available | |
| Changes of benefit terms | | (97,225) | | 256,152 | | 5,786 | | - | | 33,741 | | |
| Difference between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the pension liability | | 63,320 | | (66,912) | | (134,578) | | (188,715) | | 14,264 | | |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | | - | | 63,387 | | 60,136 | | - | | 167,399 | | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | | (114,982) | | (89,590) | | (205,467) | | (123,291) | | (125,921) | | |
| Net change in total pension liability | | 116,771 | | 402,681 | | (54,621) | | (78,024) | | 297,136 | | |
| Total pension liability – beginning | | 2,211,729 | | 1,809,048 | | 1,863,669 | | 1,941,693 | | 1,644,557 | | |
| Total pension liability – ending (a) | \$ | 2,328,500 | \$ | 2,211,729 | \$ | 1,809,048 | \$ | 1,863,669 | \$ | 1,941,693 | | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ | 80,147 | \$ | 67,206 | \$ | 86,900 | \$ | 67,051 | \$ | 56,502 | | |
| Contributions - employee | | 61,105 | | 51,467 | | 53,031 | | 46,795 | | 40,107 | | |
| Net investment income | | 101,432 | | 149,555 | | 7,904 | | 46,477 | | 159,806 | | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | | (114,982) | | (89,590) | | (205,467) | | (123,291) | | (125,921) | | |
| Administrative expense | | (2,235) | | (1,708) | | (1,518) | | (1,505) | | (1,257) | | |
| Other changes* | | (29) | | (8) | _ | 10 | | (1,107) | _ | (128,722) | | |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | | 125,438 | | 176,922 | | (59,140) | | 34,420 | | 515 | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position – beginning | | 1,422,688 | _ | 1,245,766 | _ | 1,304,906 | | 1,270,486 | _ | 1,269,971 | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b) | \$ | 1,548,126 | \$ | 1,422,688 | \$ | 1,245,766 | \$ | 1,304,906 | \$ | 1,270,486 | | |
| County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b) | \$ | 780,374 | \$ | 789,041 | \$ | 563,282 | \$ | 558,763 | \$ | 671,207 | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability | | 66.49% | | 64.32% | | 68.86% | | 70.02% | | 65.43% | | |
| Covered payroll | \$ | 666,255 | \$ | 616,809 | \$ | 658,695 | \$ | 637,619 | \$ | 609,417 | | |
| County's net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll | | 117.13% | | 127.92% | | 85.52% | | 87.60% | | 110.10% | | |

^{*} Other changes include adjustments for prior year GASB 68 and reserve transfer to/from employer and employee reserves.

Required Supplementary Information Multi-Year Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension/OPEB Liability and Related Ratios — Agent Plans — continued June 30, 2019

CORP Detention-OPEB

| | Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|----------------|----|----------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | 2019 (2018) | | 2018 (2017) | 2017 through 2010 | | | | |
| Total OPEB Liability | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 2,299 | \$ | 3,003 | Information not | | | | |
| Interest on the total OPEB liability | | 6,490 | | 6,984 | available | | | | |
| Difference between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the OPEB liability | | (17,643) | | (4,579) | | | | | |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | | - | | (7,980) | | | | | |
| Benefit payments | | (2,358) | | (2,630) | | | | | |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | | (11,212) | | (5,202) | | | | | |
| Total OPEB liability – beginning | | 87,737 | | 92,939 | | | | | |
| Total OPEB liability – ending (a) | \$ | 76,525 | \$ | 87,737 | | | | | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment income | \$ | 12,760 | \$ | 19,046 | | | | | |
| Benefit payments | | (2,358) | | (2,630) | | | | | |
| Administrative expense | | (194) | | (166) | | | | | |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | | 10,208 | | 16,250 | | | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position – beginning | | 177,743 | | 161,493 | | | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b) | \$ | 187,951 | \$ | 177,743 | | | | | |
| County's net OPEB liability – ending (a) - (b) | \$ | (111,426) | \$ | (90,006) | | | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability | | 245.61% | | 202.59% | | | | | |
| Covered payroll | \$ | 666,255 | \$ | 616,809 | | | | | |
| County's net OPEB (asset) liability as percentage of covered payroll | | (16.72%) | | (14.59%) | | | | | |

Required Supplementary Information Multi-Year Schedule of County Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2019

Reporting Fiscal Year

ASRS - Pension

| | | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 through 2010 |
|--|----|------------|----|------------|------|------------|----|----------------------|----|-----------|-----------------|----------------------|
| Statutorily required contribution | \$ | 1,302,150 | \$ | 1,228,388 | \$ | 1,177,599 | \$ | 1,163,395 | \$ | 1,144,174 | \$ 1,098,147 | Information not |
| County's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution | _ | 1,302,150 | | 1,228,388 | | 1,177,599 | _ | 1,163,395 | | 1,144,174 | 1,098,147 | available |
| County's contributions deficiency (excess) | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | | \$ - | |
| County's covered payroll | \$ | 11,946,330 | \$ | 11,269,617 | \$ | 10,627,067 | \$ | 10,573,233 | \$ | 9,969,096 | \$ 9,649,540 | |
| County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | | 11% | | 11% | | 11% | | 11% | | 11% | 11% | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ASRS - Health Insurance Premium Benefit | | | | Reporting | Fisc | cal Year | | | | | | |
| | | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2016 through 2010 | _ | | | |
| Statutorily required contribution | \$ | 52,564 | \$ | 49,586 | \$ | 57,44 | 4 | Information no | t | | | |
| County's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution | | 52,564 | _ | 49,586 | _ | 57,44 | 4 | available | | | | |
| County's contributions deficiency (excess) | \$ | | \$ | - | \$ | - | _ | | | | | |
| County's covered payroll | \$ | 11,946,330 | \$ | 11,269,617 | \$ | 10,627,06 | 7 | | | | | |
| County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | | 0.44% | | 0.44% |) | 0.54 | % | | | | | |
| ASRS - Long-Term Disability | | | | Reporting | Fisc | cal Year | | | | | | |
| | | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2016 through 2010 | | | | |
| Statutorily required contribution | \$ | 18,031 | \$ | 18,031 | \$ | 14,36 | 1 | Information no | t | | | |
| County's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution | _ | 18,031 | _ | 18,031 | _ | 14,36 | 1 | available | | | | |
| County's contributions deficiency (excess) | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | - | | | | | |
| County's covered payroll | \$ | 11,946,330 | \$ | 11,269,617 | \$ | 10,627,06 | 7 | | | | | |
| County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | | 0.15% | | 0.16% | , | 0.14 | % | | | | | |

Required Supplementary Information Multi-Year Schedule of County Pension/OPEB Contributions— continued June 30, 2019

| CORP- AOC-Pension | Reporting Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------|----|-----------|------|-----------|------|------------------|----|-----------|----|--------------|----------------------|
| | | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | 2013 through 2010 |
| Statutorily required contribution | \$ | 186,935 | \$ | 140,918 | \$ | 112,779 | \$ | 105,915 | \$ | 144,404 | \$ | 149,907 | Information not |
| County's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution | | 186,935 | | 140,918 | _ | 112,779 | _ | 105,915 | | 144,404 | | 149,907 | available |
| County's contributions deficiency (excess) | \$ | | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | |
| County's covered payroll | \$ | 587,714 | \$ | 619,607 | \$ | 524,605 | \$ | 546,592 | \$ | 908,555 | \$ | 961,116 | |
| County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | | 32% | | 23% | | 21% | | 19% | | 16% | | 16% | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PSPRS-Pension | | | | | | F | Repo | rting Fiscal Yea | ır | | | | 2013 through |
| | | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | 2013 through 2010 |
| Actuarially required contribution | \$ | 1,005,873 | \$ | 925,122 | \$ | 932,323 | \$ | 896,934 | \$ | 655,184 | \$ | 628,529 | Information not |
| County's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution | | 1,005,873 | | 705,811 | _ | 932,323 | _ | 896,934 | _ | 655,184 | | 628,529 | available |
| County's contributions deficiency (excess) | \$ | | \$ | 219,311 | \$ | - | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | |
| County's covered payroll | \$ | 1,904,980 | \$ | 1,716,008 | \$ | 1,723,995 | \$ | 1,729,119 | \$ | 1,551,303 | \$ | 1,576,259 | |
| County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | | 53% | | 54% | | 54% | | 52% | | 42% | | 40% | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EORP-Pension | | | | | Repo | | | rting Fiscal Yea | | | | 2013 through | |
| | | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | 2010 |
| Statutorily required contribution | \$ | 605,763 | \$ | 232,727 | \$ | 222,392 | \$ | 224,760 | \$ | 220,245 | \$ | 241,853 | Information not |
| County's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution | | 605,763 | | 5,127 | | 222,392 | | 224,760 | | 220,245 | | 241,853 | available |
| County's contributions deficiency (excess) | \$ | - | \$ | 227,600 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | |
| County's covered payroll | \$ | 984,980 | \$ | 990,328 | \$ | 836,561 | \$ | 784,791 | \$ | 855,434 | \$ | 942,909 | |
| County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | | 62% | | 23% | | 27% | | 29% | | 26% | | 26% | |

The County was not required and did not contribute to the EORP health insurance premium benefit plan for fiscal years 2019, 2018 or 2017. Information for fiscal years 2016 through 2010 is not available.

| CORP Detention- Pension | Reporting Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|---------|------|---------|------|---------|----|---------|-----------|---------|----|----------------------|-----------------|
| | | 2019 | 2018 | | 2017 | 2016 | | | 2015 2014 | | | 2013 through 2010 | |
| Actuarially required contribution | \$ | 89,025 | \$ | 80,532 | \$ | 67,206 | \$ | 86,900 | \$ | 67,051 | \$ | 56,502 | Information not |
| County's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution | _ | 89,025 | | 80,532 | | 67,206 | | 86,900 | | 67,051 | | 56,502 | available |
| County's contributions deficiency (excess) | \$ | - | \$ | | \$ | - | \$ | | \$ | - | \$ | - | |
| County's covered payroll | \$ | 740,025 | \$ | 666,225 | \$ | 616,809 | \$ | 658,695 | \$ | 637,619 | \$ | 609,417 | |
| County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | | 12% | | 12% | | 11% | | 13% | | 11% | | 9% | |

The County was not required and did not contribute to the CORP Detention health insurance premium benefit plan for fiscal years 2019, 2018 or 2017. Information for fiscal years 2016 through 2010 is not available.

Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension/OPEB Plan Schedules June 30, 2019

1) Actuarially Determined Contribution Rates

Actuarial determined contribution rates for PSPRS and CORP are calculated as of June 30 two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

PSPRS and CORP

Amortization method Level percent-of-pay, closed

Remaining amortization period 20 years

as of the 2017 actuarial valuation

Asset valuation method 7-year smoothed market value; 80%/120% market corridor

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return In the 2017 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.5% to

7.4%. In the 2016 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.85% to 7.5%. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was

decreased from 8.0% to 7.85%.

Projected salary increases In the 2017 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 4.0%-

8.0% to 3.5%-7.5% for PSPRS and from 4.0%-7.25% to 3.5%-6.5% for CORP. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 4.5%-8.5% to 4.0%-8.0% for PSPRS and from 4.5%-7.75% to 4.0%-7.25% for CORP. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 5.0%-9.0% to

4.5%-8.5% for PSPRS and from 5.0%-8.25% to 4.5%-7.75% for CORP.

Wage growth In the 2017 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4% to 3.5% for PSPRS

and CORP. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0% for PSPRS and CORP. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased

from 5.0% to 4.5% for PSPRS and CORP.

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last

updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period July 1, 2006

- June 30, 2011.

Mortality In the 2017 actuarial valuation, changed to RP-2014 tables, with 75% of MP-2016 fully

generational projection scales. RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105% for both males

and females)

Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension/OPEB Plan Schedules June 30, 2019

2) Factors That Affect Trends

Arizona courts have ruled that provisions of a 2011 law that changed the mechanism for funding permanent pension benefit increases and increased employee pension contribution rates were unconstitutional or a breach of contract because those provisions apply to individuals who were members as of the law's effective date. As a result, the PSPRS, CORP, CORP-AOC, and EORP changed benefit terms to reflect the prior mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases for those members and revised actuarial assumptions to explicitly value future permanent benefit increases. PSPRS and EORP also reduced those members' employee contribution rates. These changes are reflected in the plans' pension liabilities for fiscal year 2015 (measurement date 2014) for members who were retired as of the law's effective date and fiscal year 2018 (measurement date 2017) for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. These changes also increased the PSPRS-, CORP-, and CORP-AOC-required pension contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes increased the PSPRS-, CORP-, and CORP-AOCrequired contributions beginning in fiscal year 2019 for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. EORP-required contributions are not based on actuarial valuations, and therefore, these changes did not affect them. Also, the County refunded excess employee contributions to PSPRS and EORP members. PSPRS and EORP allowed the County to reduce its actual employer contributions for the refund amounts. As a result, the County's pension contributions were less than the actuarially or statutorily determined contributions for 2019.

The fiscal year 2019 (measurement date 2018) pension liabilities for EORP and CORP reflect the replacement of the permanent benefit increase (PBI) for retirees based on investment returns with a cost of living adjustment based on inflation. Also, EORP liability and required pension contributions for fiscal year 2019 reflect statutory change that requires the employer contribution rate to be actuarially determined. This change increased the discount rate used to calculate the liability thereby reducing the total pension liability.