

Financial Audit Division

Financial Statements and Report on Internal Control and on Compliance

Santa Cruz County Provisional Community College District

(Santa Cruz Community College) Year Ended June 30, 2014



The **Auditor General** is appointed by the Joint Legislative Audit Committee, a bipartisan committee composed of five senators and five representatives. Her mission is to provide independent and impartial information and specific recommendations to improve the operations of state and local government entities. To this end, she provides financial audits and accounting services to the State and political subdivisions, investigates possible misuse of public monies, and conducts performance audits of school districts, state agencies, and the programs they administer.



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Santa Cruz County Provisional Community College District (Santa Cruz Community College) Financial Statements and Report on Internal Control and on Compliance Year Ended June 30, 2014

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DEBRA K. DAVENPORT, CPA AUDITOR GENERAL

STATE OF ARIZONA OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

MELANIE M. CHESNEY DEPUTY AUDITOR GENERAL

Independent Auditors' Report

Members of the Arizona State Legislature

The Governing Board of Santa Cruz County Provisional Community College District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and General Fund of Santa Cruz County Provisional Community College District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and General Fund of Santa Cruz County Provisional Community College District as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, for the year ended June 30, 2014, the District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages i through iv and the Budgetary Comparison Schedule—General Fund on pages 9 through 10 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 20, 2015, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Debbie Davenport Auditor General

This discussion and analysis of the Santa Cruz County Provisional Community College District's (District) financial performance is prepared by the District's management and provides an overview of the District's financial position and activities for the year ended June 30, 2014. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements, which immediately follow.

Basic Financial Statements

The District's annual financial statements were prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The District is a special-purpose governmental unit governed by a separately elected governing board. The financial statements are presented in accordance with the reporting model prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis*, and consist of the following:

The government-wide and fund financial statements are combined, with a reconciliation shown between them.

The Governmental Fund Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position and Statement of Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance/Statement of Activities combines information about the reporting government as a whole and fund statements to report the General Fund's financial position and the results of its operations. Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain district functions or activities.

The General Fund is the District's general operating fund. It is used to account for all of the District's financial resources.

For the year ended June 30, 2014, the District implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. GASB Statement No. 65 reclassifies certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources and recognizes certain other items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as revenues or expenses.

Financial Highlights and Analysis

In accordance with state statute, the District does not offer degrees, certificates, or diplomas. As a result, the District has contracted with Cochise County Community College District (CC) to provide educational programs and services.

The District and CC entered into an intergovernmental agreement and operating agreement under which CC provided educational programs and services to the District from July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2014. The agreement established that CC will provide educational programs; certification of faculty; admission and registration of students; payroll services for CC employees; academic records and transcripts; access

to student information; financial aid counseling, processing, and distribution; student employment; curriculum and master schedule development; information technology services; collection of all tuition and fees for credit courses; cashiering for CC-related functions; access to information relative to enrollments; and payment to adjunct faculty.

The District exercises primary tax levy authority for the generation of funds and collects other general revenues to pay for the contracted education and other general operating expenses. The District continues to act in a financially conservative manner during the budgetary process, looking to maintain a secure financial future for the institution.

Condensed Financial Information

The financial information in the *Statement of Net Position* on page 1 reflects the District's assets, liabilities, and net position. The *Statement of Activities* on page 2 presents the District's operations. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the District's financial position is improving or regressing. The following tables present summaries of the District's net position and the changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2014:

Net Position As of June 30, 2014 and 2013

	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013	Increase/ (Decrease)
Assets:			
Current assets	<u>\$536,495</u>	<u>\$254,167</u>	<u>\$282,328</u>
Total assets	<u>536,495</u>	<u>254,167</u>	282,328
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities	<u>303,189</u>	212,347	90,842
Total liabilities	303,189	212,347	90,842
Net Position:			
Unrestricted	233,306	41,820	<u>191,486</u>
Total net position	<u>\$233,306</u>	<u>\$ 41,820</u>	<u>\$191,486</u>

Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013	Increase/ (Decrease)
Expenses:			_
Education and general	<u>\$1,343,016</u>	<u>\$355,041</u>	\$ 987,975
Total expenses	<u>1,343,016</u>	355,041	<u>987,975</u>
Revenues:			
General revenues:			
Property taxes	1,421,098	258,279	1,162,819
State appropriations	75,400	63,500	11,900
Santa Cruz County contract contributions		29,350	(29,350)
Share of state sales taxes	22,065	21,670	395
Other	<u> 15,939</u>	366	15,573
Total general revenues	1,534,502	<u>373,165</u>	_1,161,337
Total revenues	<u>1,534,502</u>	373,165	<u>1,161,337</u>
Change in net position	191,486	18,124	<u>\$ 173,362</u>
Net position:			
Beginning	41,820	23,696	
Ending	<u>\$ 233,306</u>	<u>\$ 41,820</u>	

Significant Variances

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the fourth year of operations for the District, the financial data presented above is for analysis and comparison of significant variances relative to assets, liabilities, net position, revenues, and expenses.

- Total assets at June 30, 2014, were \$536,495, consisting of cash in bank of \$305,672, property taxes receivable of \$174,224, prepaid items of \$49,132, and accounts receivable of \$7,467. Total assets increased by a net amount of \$282,328 because of an increase of \$117,195 in cash due to additional property tax receipts resulting from a property tax rate increase, an increase of \$108,598 in property taxes receivable due to a property tax rate increase, an increase of \$49,132 in prepaid items due to an early payment of rent for building space, and an increase of \$7,403 in accounts receivable.
- The total liabilities, representing current obligations for educational and general expenses, increased by \$90,842 primarily because of an increase in the intergovernmental educational programs and services contract payable at year-end to CC.

- The total education and general expenses increased by \$987,975 primarily because of the availability of more property tax revenues to support additional expenses for enrollment growth at the District.
- The total general revenues increased by a net amount of \$1,161,337 primarily because of a property tax rate increase to support enrollment growth at the District.

General Fund Budget

The District's actual educational and general expenditures were \$333,462 less than the budgeted amount, primarily due to the District's conservative spending practices and actual total revenues being less than budgeted. The actual total revenues were less than the total budgeted revenue amount by \$103,881 primarily because of less property taxes and state appropriations received than anticipated in fiscal year 2014.

Additional budgetary information can be found on pages 9 and 10 of this report.

Current Factors Having Probable Future Financial Significance

Proposition 301 monies are given to provisional community colleges to use for workforce development activities. The District began receiving these monies during fiscal year 2013 and expects to continue to receive just over \$20,000 annually. It is anticipated that the State will continue to take a conservative approach to state spending and budgeting in the immediate fiscal periods to come.

State Equalization Aid to the District continues to decline for the third consecutive year as a result of our declining assessed valuations. While many believed some relief to community colleges could be anticipated because of legislative action in the 2014 session, it was never realized.

As a result of reductions in outside funding sources, the District plans to keep its tax levy at the maximum without a truth-in-taxation hearing. The District will consider adjustments to tuition as well as continuing to explore additional cost saving measures. Despite these economic pressures, the District will continue to provide outstanding educational services to our growing constituencies at affordable prices and monitor these external economic changes and their impacts on the District.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and customers with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact Richard Brennan, Chief Fiscal Officer, at (520) 287-5583.

Santa Cruz County Provisional Community College District (Santa Cruz Community College) Governmental Fund Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

	Balance Sheet— General Fund	Reconciliation (Note 5)	Statement of Net Position— Governmental Activities
Current assets			
Cash in bank	\$ 305,672		\$ 305,672
Prepaid items	49,132		49,132
Property taxes receivable	174,224		174,224
Accounts receivable	7,467		7,467
Total assets	\$ 536,495		536,495
Current liabilities			
Due to other governments	\$ 299,980		299,980
Accounts payable	3,209		3,209
Total liabilities	303,189		303,189
Deferred inflows of resources			
Unavailable revenue—property taxes	93,699	\$ (93,699)	
Total deferred inflows of resources	93,699	(93,699)	
Fund balance/Net position			
Fund balance:			
Unassigned	139,607	(139,607)	
Total fund balance	139,607	(139,607)	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			
resources, and fund balance	\$ 536,495	(233,306)	
Net position:			
Unresticted		233,306	233,306
Total net position		\$ 233,306	\$ 233,306

Santa Cruz County Provisional Community College District (Santa Cruz Community College) Statement of Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance/Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2014

			Statement of Activities—
	General	Reconciliation	Governmental
	Fund	(Note 5)	Activities
Expenditures/Expenses:			
Educational and general	<u>\$ 1,343,016</u>		\$ 1,343,016
Total expenditures/expenses	1,343,016		1,343,016
General revenues:			
Property taxes	1,352,193	\$ 68,905	1,421,098
State appropriations	75,400		75,400
Share of state sales taxes	22,065		22,065
Miscellaneous	15,939		15,939
Total general revenues	1,465,597	68,905	1,534,502
Net change in fund balance	122,581	(122,581)	
Change in net position		191,486	191,486
Fund balance/Net position:			
July 1, 2013	17,026	24,794	41,820
June 30, 2014	\$ 139,607	\$ 93,699	\$ 233,306

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Santa Cruz County Provisional Community College District (District) conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

For the year ended June 30, 2014, the District implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. GASB Statement No. 65 reclassifies certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources and recognizes certain other items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as revenues or expenses.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is a special-purpose government that is governed by a separately elected governing board. It is legally separate and fiscally independent of other state and local governments. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District (the primary government).

Because the District is a provisional district, it cannot offer degrees, certificates, or diplomas and, therefore, contracts with an accredited district. Educational programs and services are provided through intergovernmental agreements as follows:

The District and Cochise County Community College (CC) entered into an intergovernmental operating agreement under which CC provided educational programs and services to the District from July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2014. The agreement established that CC will provide educational programs; certification of faculty; admission and registration of students; payroll services for CC employees; academic records and transcripts; access to student information; financial aid counseling, processing, and distribution; student employment; curriculum and master schedule development; information technology services; collection of all tuition and fees for credit courses; cashiering for CC-related functions; access to information relative to enrollments; and payment to adjunct faculty.

District personnel are not directly employed by the District. The staff is directly employed by CC. The cost of the personnel compensation and related benefits is paid to CC through an intergovernmental agreement.

B. Basis of Presentation and Accounting

The basic financial statements include the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance/Statement of Activities. Since the District is a single-program government, it presents the government-wide financial statements in combination with the fund financial statements.

The Governmental Fund Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position provides information about the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance/net position of the District at the end of the year. Assets and liabilities are classified as either current or noncurrent. Net position is classified according to external donor restrictions or availability of assets to satisfy district obligations. The District does not have any net position that is externally restricted for specific purposes. Unrestricted net position consists of all other resources, including those that have been designated by management to be used for anything other than general operating purposes.

The Statement of Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance/Statement of Activities provides information about the District's financial activities during the year. Revenues are classified as either program or general, and all changes in net position are reported. Generally, revenues the District generates for instruction and student services along with operating and capital grants and contributions are considered to be program revenues. The District had no program revenues in fiscal year 2014. Other revenues used for instruction and student services, such as property taxes, state appropriations, and share of state sales taxes, not classified as program revenues are considered to be general revenues.

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government.

The fund financial statements, the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet, and the Statement of Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental fund to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year-end. The District's major revenue sources susceptible to accrual are property taxes, state appropriations, and share of state sales taxes. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

The government-wide financial statements, the Statement of Net Position, and the Statement of Activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year in which they are levied. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements the provider imposed have been met.

It is the District's policy to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

C. Cash and Investments

The District's cash consists of demand deposits. The District had no investments at June 30, 2014.

D. Property Tax Revenues

The District's property tax is adopted by the Governing Board and reviewed on an annual basis. The Santa Cruz County Treasurer is responsible for collecting property taxes for all governmental entities within the County. The County levies real and personal property taxes on or before the third Monday in August that become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May.

A lien assessed against real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy.

E. Deferred Inflows of Resources

The balance sheet includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of fund balance that applies to future periods and will be recognized as a revenue in future periods.

F. Fund Balance Classifications

The governmental fund's balance is reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on those resources' use. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications. The District's fund balance consists of only unassigned.

The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not reported in the other classifications. When an expenditure is incurred that can be paid from either restricted or unrestricted fund balances, the District uses restricted fund balances first. For the disbursement of unrestricted fund balances, the District uses committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and lastly unassigned amounts.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) requires the District to deposit special tax levies for the District's maintenance or capital outlay with the County Treasurer. The statutes do not require the District to deposit other public monies in its custody with the County Treasurer; however, the District must act as a prudent person dealing with the property of another when making investment decisions about those monies. The statutes do not include any requirements for credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, or foreign currency risk for the District's investments.

Deposits—At June 30, 2014, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$305,672 and the bank balance was \$305,855. The District does not have a formal policy with respect to custodial credit risk of deposits. At June 30, 2014, \$55,855 of the District's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Note 3 - Due To Other Governments

At June 30, 2014, the District's Due to Other Governments consisted of \$299,771 due to CC for providing educational programs and services and \$209 due to the City of Nogales for providing services during the year.

Note 4 - Short-Term Loans Payable

The District and Santa Cruz County entered into an intergovernmental agreement in accordance with Arizona Revised Statutes §§15-1409(K) and 11-952 to assist the District in meeting its short-term cash flow needs in between property tax distributions. The statutes allow the County to loan the District an amount not to exceed \$200,000. The agreement requires the District to repay the loan in full upon the next scheduled collection of its levy of property taxes that support the District. During fiscal year 2014, the County loaned \$200,000 to the District in September 2013 and again in April 2014, and the District repaid these loans in December 2013 and June 2014, respectively. The County did not charge the District any interest on these loans. There was no outstanding short-term loans payable balance at June 30, 2014.

Note 5 - Reconciliations

The reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2014, was as follows:

Fund balance—governmental fund

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net
Position are different because:
Some receivables are not available to pay for current-period
expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable
revenue in the fund.

93,699
Net position of governmental activities

\$233,306

The reconciliation of the Statement of Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities for the year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

Net change in fund balance—governmental fund

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the

Statement of Activities are different because:

Some revenues reported in the Statement of

Activities do not represent the collection of

current financial resources and therefore are not

reported as revenues in the governmental fund

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$122,581

\$122,581

Note 6 - Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District participates in the Arizona School Risk Retention Trust, Inc., a public-entity risk pool. The Trust insures the District against liabilities arising from general liability, professional liability, property, automobile, boiler and machinery, and commercial crime risks. The Trust's operating agreement includes a provision for the member to be charged an additional assessment in the event that total claims paid by the Trust exceed the members' contributions and reserves in any one year. The District will be charged for any such assessment in the following year.

Note 7 - Operating Lease

The District leases real property for educational services under the provisions of a long-term lease agreement classified as an operating lease for accounting purposes. Rental expenses under the terms of the operating lease were \$114,240 for the year ended June 30, 2014. The operating lease has a remaining noncancelable term of 4 years (from 2015 to 2018) and provides renewal options. The following future minimum payments were required under the operating lease at June 30, 2014:

Year ending June 30	
2015	\$142,788
2016	171,360
2017	185,628
2018	199,908
Total minimum lease payments	\$699,684

Santa Cruz County Provisional Community College District (Santa Cruz Community College) Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule—General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2014

Revenues:	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
	Ф 4 404 000	Φ 4.050.400	Φ (00.005)
Property taxes	\$ 1,421,098	\$ 1,352,193	\$ (68,905)
State appropriations	112,880	75,400	(37,480)
Share of state sales taxes	25,000	22,065	(2,935)
Miscellaneous	10,500	15,939	5,439
Total revenues	1,569,478	1,465,597	(103,881)
Expenditures:			
Educational and general	1,676,478	1,343,016	333,462
Total expenditures	1,676,478	1,343,016	333,462
Net change in fund balance	(107,000)	122,581	229,581
Fund balance:			
July 1, 2013	107,000	17,026	(89,974)
June 30, 2014	\$ -	\$ 139,607	\$ 139,607

Santa Cruz County Provisional Community College District (Santa Cruz Community College) Required Supplementary Information Note to Budgetary Comparison Schedule—General Fund June 30, 2014

Note - Budgeting and Budgetary Control

Arizona Revised Statutes require the District to prepare and adopt a budget annually. The Governing Board must approve the operating and capital outlay budgets on or before June 20. The Governing Board shall not adopt the budget if the property tax requirements of the budget, excluding amounts budgeted and levied for secondary property taxes, exceed the amounts established by statute. The budget must contain the estimated cost of all operating, capital outlay, and debt service expenditures. The District budgets all General Fund expenditures in total because many costs are paid through the agreement with Cochise County Community College.



DEBRA K. DAVENPORT, CPA AUDITOR GENERAL

STATE OF ARIZONA OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

MELANIE M. CHESNEY DEPUTY AUDITOR GENERAL

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Basic Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Members of the Arizona State Legislature

The Governing Board of Santa Cruz County Provisional Community College District

We have audited, in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and General Fund of Santa Cruz County Provisional Community College District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 20, 2015.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's basic financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's basic financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Debbie Davenport Auditor General

February 20, 2015



(Santa Cruz Community College)

Financial Statements and Report on Internal Control and on Compliance
Year Ended June 30, 2014