

A REPORT to the **arizona legislature**

Financial Audit Division

Financial Statement Audit

Pima County Development Services Enterprise Fund June 30, 2003



Debra K. Davenport Auditor General The **Auditor General** is appointed by the Joint Legislative Audit Committee, a bipartisan committee composed of five senators and five representatives. Her mission is to provide independent and impartial information and specific recommendations to improve the operations of state and local government entities. To this end, she provides financial audits and accounting services to the State and political subdivisions, investigates possible misuse of public monies, and conducts performance audits of school districts, state agencies, and the programs they administer.



Copies of the Auditor General's reports are free. You may request them by contacting us at:

Office of the Auditor General 2910 N. 44th Street, Suite 410 • Phoenix, AZ 85018 • (602) 553-0333

Additionally, many of our reports can be found in electronic format at: **www.auditorgen.state.az.us**

Pima County Development Services Enterprise Fund Report on Audit of Financial Statements June 30, 2003

Table of Contents	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Statement of Net Assets	2
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets	3
Statement of Cash Flows	4
Notes to Financial Statements	6



STATE OF ARIZONA OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

DEBRA K. DAVENPORT, CPA AUDITOR GENERAL WILLIAM THOMSON DEPUTY AUDITOR GENERAL

Independent Auditors' Report

Members of the Arizona State Legislature

The Board of Supervisors of Pima County, Arizona

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Pima County Development Services Enterprise Fund as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, the Pima County Development Services Enterprise Fund's financial statements are intended to present the financial position, and the changes in financial position and cash flows, of only that portion of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pima County that is attributable to the Pima County Development Services Enterprise Fund. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Pima County as of June 30, 2003, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Pima County Development Services Enterprise Fund as of June 30, 2003, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Debbie Davenport Auditor General

December 1, 2003

Pima County Development Services Enterprise Fund Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2003

Assets

Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Interest receivable Prepaid expenses	\$6,157,167 20,612 15,562 15,517
Total current assets	6,208,858
Noncurrent assets: Equipment Less accumulated depreciation	742,173 (447,987)
Total noncurrent assets	294,186
Total assets	6,503,044
Liabilities	
Current liabilities: Accrued employee compensation Accounts payable Due to other Pima County funds Total current liabilities	804,000 88,963 <u>1,446</u> 894,409
Net Assets	
Invested in capital assets Unrestricted	294,186 _ <u>5,314,449</u>
Total net assets	<u>\$5,608,635</u>

Pima County Development Services Enterprise Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Year Ended June 30, 2003

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$8,464,173
Other	167,526
Total operating revenues	8,631,699
Operating expenses:	
Employee compensation	6,298,994
Operating supplies and services	730,875
Utilities	96,354
Repairs and maintenance	96,914
General and administrative	849,639
Consultants and professional services	204,898
Depreciation	102,185
Total operating expenses	8,379,859
Operating income	251,840
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Interest income	97,904
Loss on disposal of equipment	<u> (6,373</u>)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	91,531
Income before extraordinary item	343,371
Extraordinary item—loss from State Treasurer's Local	
Government Investment Pool	<u>(222,266</u>)
Increase in net assets	121,105
Net assets, July 1, 2002	5,487,530
Net assets, June 30, 2003	<u>\$5,608,635</u>

Pima County Development Services Enterprise Fund Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2003

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Receipts from customers for goods and services	\$ 8,464,712
Receipts from other Pima County funds for reimbursement of personal	
services	626,709
Receipts from miscellaneous operations	147,699
Payments to employees	(5,848,878)
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(752,632)
Payments to other Pima County funds for goods and services	(2,334,222)
Net cash provided by operating activities	303,388
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	
Loan payments to other Pima County funds	<u>(8,894</u>)
Cash used for noncapital financing activities	(8,894)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Purchases of capital assets	(70,623)
Cash used for capital and related financing activities	(70,623)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest received on investments	104,546
Loss from State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool	<u>(222,266</u>)
Net cash used for investing activities	<u>(117,720</u>)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	106,151
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2002	6,051,016
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2003	<u>\$ 6,157,167</u>
	(continued)
	(001.0.00)

Pima County Development Services Enterprise Fund Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income	\$	251,840
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation		102,185
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease (increase) in assets:		
Accounts receivable		(19,827)
Due from other governments		540
Prepaid expenses		(15,490)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		
Accrued employee compensation		63,239
Accounts payable		<u>(79,099</u>)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$</u>	303,388

Noncash investing, capital, and noncapital financing activities:

During the year ended June 30, 2003, the Development Services Enterprise Fund disposed of equipment with an original cost of \$145,954 and accumulated depreciation of \$139,581 for a loss on disposal of equipment of \$6,373.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Pima County Development Services Enterprise Fund conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). A summary of the Fund's more significant accounting policies follows.

A. Reporting Entity

The Fund is accounted for as an enterprise fund of Pima County, Arizona, and is responsible for issuing zoning permits and enforcing and administering building and zoning codes and land development ordinances in Pima County. The financial statements present only the financial position, changes in financial position, and cash flows of the Development Services Enterprise Fund. The Fund's management has the day-to-day financial accountability for the Fund and is directed by an administrator appointed by the Pima County Board of Supervisors. However, ultimate financial accountability for the Fund remains with Pima County.

B. Fund Accounting

The Fund's accounts are maintained in accordance with the principles of fund accounting to ensure that limitations and restrictions on the Fund's available resources are observed. The principles of fund accounting require that resources be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into funds in accordance with the activities or objectives specified for those resources. A fund is considered a separate accounting entity, and its operations are accounted for in a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, net assets, revenues, and expenses.

The Fund's financial transactions are recorded and reported as an enterprise fund because its operations are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, in which the intent of the Board of Supervisors is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied, and determines when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. The financial statements of the Fund are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized at

the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. When both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available to finance fund expenses, restricted resources are used before unrestricted resources. Interfund transactions that would be treated as revenues or expenses if they involved parties external to Pima County are recorded in the appropriate revenue or expense accounts.

The Fund follows those Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989; Accounting Principles Board Opinions; and Accounting Research Bulletins, unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements.

D. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements include a statement of net assets; a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net assets; and a statement of cash flows.

A statement of net assets provides information about the assets, liabilities, and net assets of the Fund at the end of the year. Assets and liabilities are classified as either current or noncurrent. Net assets are classified according to external restrictions or availability of assets to satisfy the Fund's obligations. Invested in capital assets represents the value of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Restricted net assets represent grants, contracts, and other resources that have been externally restricted for specific purposes. Unrestricted net assets include all other net assets, including those that have been designated by management to be used for other than general operating purposes.

A statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net assets provides information about the Fund's financial activities during the year. Revenues and expenses are classified as either operating or nonoperating, and all changes in net assets are reported. Generally, charges for services and other fees generated for issuing zoning permits and enforcing building, zoning, and land development rules and regulations are considered to be operating revenues. Other revenues, such as interest income, are not generated from operations and are considered to be nonoperating revenues.

A statement of cash flows provides information about the Fund's sources and uses of cash and cash equivalents during the year. Increases and decreases in cash and cash equivalents are classified as either operating, noncapital financing, capital financing, or investing.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and cash and investments held by the Pima County Treasurer. All investments are stated at fair value.

F. Capital Equipment

Capital equipment is recorded at actual cost. Donated equipment is reported at estimated fair value at the time received. The Fund capitalizes equipment valued at \$5,000 and above. Depreciation of such assets is charged as an expense against operations. These assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives range from 4 to 16 years.

G. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of annual leave and a calculated amount of sick leave earned by employees based on services already rendered. Employees may accumulate up to 240 hours of annual leave, but must forfeit any annual leave hours in excess of the maximum that are unused at the end of the payroll period in which the employee's anniversary date falls. Upon termination, all unused and unforfeited annual leave benefits are paid to employees. Accordingly, annual leave benefits are accrued as a liability in the financial statements. Employees may accumulate an unlimited number of sick leave hours. Generally, sick leave benefits provide for ordinary sick pay and are cumulative, but do not vest with employees and, therefore, are not accrued in the financial statements. However, for employees who retire with 20 years or more of continuous service or who have a combined total of age and years of service equal to 80 points, and who retire from service into the Arizona State Retirement System, sick leave benefits do vest and, therefore, are accrued.

Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of \$600 of cash on hand and \$6,156,567 of cash on deposit with the County Treasurer and are available on demand. The Treasurer pools these deposits with other County monies for investment. The Fund's deposits are included in the Treasurer's investment pool but are not identified with specific investments and, therefore, are not subject to custodial credit risk.

Note 3 - Capital Asset Activity

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2003, was as follows:

	July 1, 2002			June 30, 2003
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Equipment	\$ 817,504	\$ 70,623	\$(145,954)	\$ 742,173
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(485,383</u>)	(102,185)	139,581	(447,987)
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 332,121</u>			<u>\$ 294,186</u>

Note 4 - Related Party Transactions

Administrative and Fiscal Services—For the year ended June 30, 2003, the Fund incurred expenses from Pima County for a variety of administrative and fiscal services totaling \$1,803,439. Of that amount, \$386,877 was for temporary or part-time staffing, \$217,921 was for motor pool charges, \$590,306 was for the allocation of overhead, \$185,740 was for supplies, \$75,055 was for self-insurance premiums, and \$347,540 was for other miscellaneous charges. In addition, the Fund provided personal services to other Pima County departments totaling \$626,709. Those departments reimbursed the Fund for these services and the reimbursements were recorded as reductions to expenses.

Public Works Center—The Fund occupies a portion of the Public Works Center and pays rent equivalent to its pro rata share of the building expenses incurred by the Pima County Facilities Management Department. For the year ended June 30, 2003, rent expense for the Fund totaled \$530,783.

Note 5 - Risk Management

The Fund is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Fund is a participant in Pima County's self-insurance program, and in the opinion of the Fund's management, that program would cover any unfavorable outcomes from these risks. Accordingly, the Fund has no risk of loss beyond adjustments to future years' premium payments to Pima County's self-insurance program. All estimated losses for unsettled claims and actions of Pima County are determined on an actuarial basis and are included in the *Pima County Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

Note 6 - Retirement Plan

Plan Description—The Fund contributes to a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Arizona State Retirement System. Benefits are established by state statute and generally provide retirement, death, long-term disability, survivor, and health insurance premium benefits. The System is governed by the Arizona State Retirement System Board according to the provisions of Arizona Revised Statutes Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 2.

The System issues a comprehensive annual financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The most recent report may be obtained by writing the System, 3300 North Central Avenue, P.O. Box 33910, Phoenix, AZ 85067-3910 or by calling (602) 240-2000 or (800) 621-3778.

Funding Policy—The Arizona State Legislature establishes and may amend active plan members' and the Fund's contribution rates. For the year ended June 30, 2003, active plan members and the Fund were each required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 2.49 percent (2.00 percent retirement and 0.49 percent long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll. The Fund's contributions to the System for the years ended June 30, 2003, 2002, and 2001, were \$141,685, \$128,607, and \$126,084, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for the year.