

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

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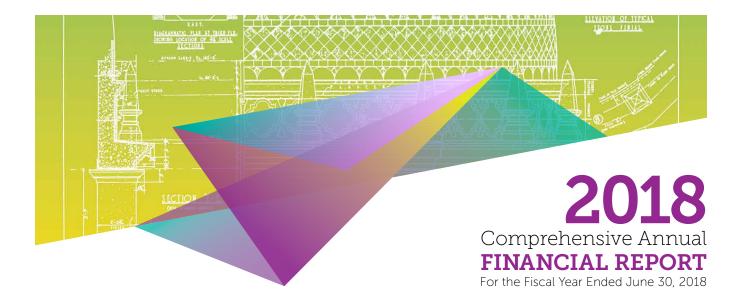
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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

- Letter of Transmittal
- Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting
- Organizational Chart

FINANCIAL SECTION
STATISTICAL SECTION



INTRODUCTORY SECTION

The purpose of the Introductory Section in a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) is to familiarize readers with the organizational structure of the government, the nature and scope of the services it provides, and the specifics of its legal operating environment.



COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR'S OFFICE

PIMA COUNTY GOVERNMENTAL CENTER 130 W. CONGRESS, FLOOR 10, TUCSON, AZ 85701-1317 (520) 724-8661 FAX (520) 724-8171

C.H. HUCKELBERRY County Administrator

December 19, 2018

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors and Citizens of Pima County, Arizona:

We are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Pima County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This report presents comprehensive financial and operating information about the County's activities for the fiscal year.

We believe that the financial information, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designed to openly disclose the financial position and results of operations of the County as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the County's financial affairs have been included. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. The State of Arizona Office of the Auditor General is required to audit financial transactions and accounts kept by counties. The Auditor General has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the Pima County financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018. The Auditor General's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Pima County Profile

Covering an area of approximately 9,200 square miles, Pima County is one of the oldest continuously inhabited areas of the United States. It is situated in the southern part of Arizona with a portion of its southern boundary bordering Mexico. Created in 1864, Pima County includes a large portion of southern Arizona acquired from Mexico by the Gadsden Purchase of 1854. Pima County has purchased thousands of acres of open space and ranches to preserve and protect the stunning landscapes and historic and cultural sites. The County's population has grown from 395 in 1820 to an estimated population of 1,033,781 in 2018, according to the Arizona Department of Administration, Office of Employment and Population Statistics. The County has a vibrant multicultural diversity. A major commercial and academic hub, Pima County is home to Tucson, the second largest city in Arizona. Although the County has five incorporated cities and towns, more than a third of the population lives outside of any incorporated cities or towns.

A five-member Board of Supervisors is responsible for implementing the County's governmental and administrative affairs. Each member is elected from a designated district to serve a four-year term. The chairman is selected by the Board from among its members. The Board is responsible for establishing the policies of the County, which provide guidance to the various County constitutional officers and departments. The Board has the legal authority and responsibility to establish spending limits and approve the budgets of all County departments, and also sets the amount of taxes to be levied. The Board appoints a County Administrator who is responsible for the general administrative and overall operations of the various departments of the County. The County has several other elected officials including the Assessor, County Attorney, Recorder, Sheriff, Clerk of the Superior Court, the Constables, Superintendent of Schools, Treasurer, and Judges for the Superior Courts, Juvenile Courts, and Justice Courts.

Pima County includes in its financial statements all funds, agencies, boards, commissions, and authorities for which the Pima County Board of Supervisors is financially accountable. As the primary government, Pima County is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or a potential exists for that organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, Pima County. Additionally, the County may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the County.

Pima County offers a wide variety of governmental services that are organized into the following functional areas:

- General Government Services primarily provides internal administrative and support services to County
 departments directly serving the public. The departments comprising this function include the Assessor;
 Board of Supervisors; Clerk of the Board; County Administrator; Elections; Facilities Management; Finance
 and Risk Management; Fleet Services; General Government Services Administration; Human Resources;
 Information Technology; Non Departmental; Office of Emergency Management & Homeland Security;
 Procurement; Recorder; Treasurer and Wireless Integrated Network.
- Community Resources provides educational, cultural, social, economic development and recreational programs to the public. The departments in this functional area are Attractions and Tourism; Communications Office; Community and Economic Development Administration; Community Development and Neighborhood Conservation; Community Services, Employment and Training; County Free Library; Grants Management and Innovation; Kino Sports Complex; Rocking K South Community Facilities District; School Superintendent; and the Stadium District.
- Justice and Law Enforcement provides public safety, felony and misdemeanor investigation and prosecution, and services for victims, witnesses, and those needing fiduciary assistance. Services are also provided in the areas of indigent defense, civil representation, correctional housing, and juvenile detention. The departments within this area are the Clerk of the Superior Court; Constables; County Attorney; Justice Courts; Juvenile Court; Public Defense Services; Sheriff; and Superior Court.
- *Health Services* provides various public health, sanitation, and animal control services, as well as medical assistance to indigents. The component departments are Behavioral Health; Health; Medical Examiner; and Pima Animal Care Center.
- Public Works provides construction, operations, and maintenance services related to the County's infrastructure and related planning and environmental issues. The departments within this area are Capital Projects; Development Services; Environmental Quality; Natural Resources, Parks and Recreation; Office of Sustainability and Conservation; Public Works Administration; Regional Flood Control District; Regional Wastewater Reclamation; and Transportation.

Pima County is responsible for reporting the financial activities of its component units. These units are either discretely presented or blended. Although they are separate legal entities, blended component units are substantially a part of the County's financial activities and are combined with data for the County.

The County's component units include the following:

- The Pima County Stadium District, the Regional Flood Control District, the Library District, the Rocking K South Community Facilities District, and the Street Lighting Districts are reported as blended component units in special revenue funds in the accompanying financial statements.
- The Southwestern Fair Commission is reported as a separate component unit (discrete presentation) in the accompanying financial statements.

Additional information on the legally separate entities and the blended component units can be found in the notes to the financial statements (see Note 1).

The County also has various independently governed school districts, irrigation districts, fire districts, a health district (Ajo-Lukeville), and other entities for which the County is not financially accountable. These entities include the Industrial Development Authority, Pima Association of Governments, Pima Council on Aging, the Workforce Investment Board, Regional Transportation Authority, and Sun Corridor, Inc. The financial statements of such districts and entities are not included in the accompanying financial statements except to reflect amounts held in a fiduciary capacity by the County Treasurer.

Following receipt of the County Administrator's Recommended Budget and public discussion of the Recommended Budget, the Board of Supervisors historically adopts a budget in June. A budget must be adopted on or before the first Monday in August. The Adopted Budget sets a ceiling on expenditures that may be incurred for the County as a whole. This annual budget serves as the foundation for Pima County's financial planning and control. Pima County has implemented a program-oriented presentation of its budget. All departments are budgeted on a cost unit/object line item basis. Departments may modify line item amounts within their own budgets provided the total program budgeted amount remains unchanged. Changes to the adopted budget that require a transfer between funds are evaluated by the County Administrator prior to recommendation of approval to the Board of Supervisors. Should the County Administrator recommend the change to the Board of Supervisors, the recommendation will be considered at a regularly scheduled, open meeting of the Board.

On an annual basis, the County Administrator's office prepares a five-year Capital Improvement Plan and a one-year Capital Improvement Budget.

Economic Outlook

Pima County's major employers are the University of Arizona, Raytheon Missile Systems, State of Arizona, and Davis-Monthan Air Force Base. Major manufacturers include Ventana Medical Systems, IBM, Caterpillar, and several aerospace and aircraft companies including Raytheon Missile Systems, Bombardier Aerospace, Sargent Aerospace and Defense, and Honeywell Aerospace. Employment by industry is led by government; educational and health services; trade, transportation and utilities; professional and business services; and leisure and hospitality. The Pima County unemployment rate has continually declined on an annual basis to 4.5% in 2017, after reaching a peak of 9.3% in 2010. The decline in Pima County's unemployment rate has been slightly less than the decrease in the national unemployment rate, which was 9.6% in 2010 and has fallen to 4.4% in 2017. Nearly half of Pima County's population is in the prime working age range of 18 to 54.

A sunny, mild, dry climate with an average temperature of 71°F and a unique desert location help promote travel and tourism as a major industry in Pima County. Spending by visitors generates sales in lodging, food services, recreation, transportation, and retail businesses. These sales support jobs for Pima County residents and contribute tax revenues to local and state governments. According to recent research data released by the Arizona Office of Tourism, Pima County direct travel spending generated approximately \$2.90 billion (12.8% of Arizona direct travel spending) in 2017. This direct travel spending generated 25,500 direct jobs, \$756 million in direct earnings and \$201 million in local and state tax revenues. Unlike other industries, taxes generated by travel industry spending are paid by visitors rather than residents. These visitors bring new money into Pima County's economy and generate revenue in the County. Some of the best world-class attractions in Arizona are found in Pima County, such as the Arizona-Sonora

Desert Museum and the Pima Air and Space Museum. There are several signature events that draw many tourists to the area and have a significant economic impact on the County, including the following:

- The area's largest annual event is the two-week Tucson Gem, Mineral and Fossil Showcase, the largest event of its kind in the world, which attracts an estimated 50,000 people to Tucson and has an estimated economic impact of \$120 million in direct spending and nearly \$11 million in sales, bed, and rental car tax revenues.
- The annual El Tour de Tucson is Southern Arizona's largest bicycling event, attracting more than 9,000 cyclists and 30,000 spectators. El Tour's annual economic impact is estimated to be \$17 to \$25 million on ride weekend alone and \$65 to \$175 million year-round.

Please refer to the MD&A beginning on page 15 for additional information regarding the County's economic outlook.

Long-term Financial Planning

Pima Prospers is Pima County's ten-year comprehensive plan establishing a vision and overarching principles for the County in areas such as land use, physical infrastructure, human infrastructure, and economic development. The County's annual budget, capital improvement plan, and debt management strategies are aligned with this comprehensive plan. Pima Prospers, including the planning for its financial impacts, can be found at www.pimaprospers.com.

Pima County's Economic Development Plan is a shorter term plan focusing on the County's future actions to help create new jobs, protect our existing jobs, improve transportation, promote tourism, and enhance relationships with our economic partners. Regional infrastructure investment is a significant component of the County's Economic Development Plan. Some of these economic development projects and financing can be seen in the Capital Improvement Plan and Debt Management sections below.

Capital Improvement Plan

The Adopted Budget for fiscal year 2018-2019 includes \$208.1 million for its Capital Improvement Plan (CIP). Under this plan, four departments comprise 92% of the total CIP budget as follows:

- Transportation, with a budget of \$87.3 million
- Regional Wastewater Reclamation, with a budget of \$41.4 million
- Facilities Management, with a budget of \$43.2 million
- Regional Flood Control District, with a budget of \$19.4 million

Transportation - The Department of Transportation projects are funded by highway user revenues, vehicle license tax revenues and from funding received from the Pima County Regional Transportation Authority, a taxing entity distinct from Pima County. Transportation has four major projects included in the fiscal year 2018-2019 budget:

- Local Roads Pavement Repair & Rehabilitation is budgeted for \$8.7 million
- Valencia Road/Wade Road to Ajo Highway is budgeted for \$12.8 million
- Broadway Blvd., Euclid to Country Club is budgeted for \$12.0 million
- Valencia Road/Houghton to Old Spanish Trail is budgeted for \$12.0 million

Regional Wastewater Reclamation – The Regional Wastewater Reclamation Department (RWRD) projects are predominantly funded by Sewer Revenue Obligations. RWRD has a total fiscal year 2018-2019 budget of \$41.4 million with the following major projects included:

- Minor Rehabilitation Projects are budgeted for \$10.0 million
- Old Nogales Augmentation project is budgeted for \$6.8 million
- Tres Rios WRF Biogas Cleaning and Utilization project is budgeted for \$5.3 million
- Tres Rios WRF Nutrient Recovery project is budgeted for \$4.4 million

Facilities Management – Facilities Management has active projects with a total budget of \$43.2 million. Two of the major projects included in the fiscal year 2018-2019 are the following:

- Historic Courthouse Renovations & Tenant Improvements is budgeted for \$15.6 million
- West Congress Building Exterior Façade project is budgeted for \$4.2 million

Regional Flood Control District – The Regional Flood Control District has active projects with a total budget of \$19.4 million. Major projects include:

- El Corazon de los Tres Rios del Norte is budgeted for \$3.7 million
- Urban Drainage is budgeted for \$2.0 million
- Santa Cruz River Maintenance is budgeted for \$2.0 million

Debt Management

Bond ratings for Pima County, given by Fitch and Standard & Poor's, range from AA- to AAA. Pima County maintains a sound financial profile, with healthy operating reserves while its debt burden is manageable and debt repayment is rapid.

Pima County continues to utilize debt authorized by Pima County voters in elections from 1997, 2004 and 2014. At June 30, 2018, \$62.4 million from the November 4, 1997 election for Street and Highway Revenue is the only authorization that remains unissued. The County issues Certificates of Participation for building construction and Sewer Revenue Obligations to fund the construction and improvement of the County's wastewater conveyance systems and treatment facilities.

Bond sales and debt issuances anticipated for fiscal year 2018-2019 include \$25 million of Sewer Obligations, \$35 million of Certificates of Participation, and \$25 million of Street and Highway Revenue bonds.

The County's conservative debt management principles play a critical role in the decision regarding when to issue new debt. The County has set an aggressive debt repayment schedule, with 100 percent retired at or before 15 years.

The state constitution sets a cap on general obligation debt at 15 percent of the County's net secondary assessed valuation. In fiscal year 2017-2018, the constitutional debt limit was \$1.3 billion. The actual bonded indebtedness was \$276 million, far below the constitutional debt limit.

Please refer to the MD&A beginning on page 15 and Note 7 beginning on page 66 for specific details on debt issuances, defeasances, and refundings

Expenditure Limitation

Pima County, like all counties and cities in Arizona, is subject to numerous budgetary and related legal requirements. Article 9, Section 20, of the Arizona Constitution sets limits on the County's legal budget capacity. In general, the Board of Supervisors, as the governing body of the County, cannot authorize expenditures from local revenues in

excess of the expenditure limitation determined annually for Pima County by the Arizona Economic Estimates Commission. The expenditure limitation is determined each year by adjusting the amount of actual payments of local revenues received by the County during fiscal year 1979-1980 to reflect inflation and subsequent population growth for the County. Not subject to this limitation are items such as bond proceeds, related debt service, interest earnings, special voter approved districts, certain highway user revenue funds, federal grant and aid funds, monies received pursuant to intergovernmental agreements, and state grants which are to be used for specific purposes. As in previous years, the County's expenditures for fiscal year 2017-2018 are expected to be under the limit of \$559.4 million.

Single Audit

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the County is required to ensure adequate internal controls are in place to comply with applicable laws and regulations related to administration of these programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management of Pima County. An important part of management's periodic evaluation is having the County's federal financial assistance programs audited annually under the federal Single Audit Act.

As a part of the County's Single Audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal financial assistance programs and whether the County has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

A complete Single Audit report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 can be found at:

http://www.pima.gov/finance/reports.shtml

The Single Audit for Pima County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 was not complete at the time of publication of this CAFR.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, Pima County continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Pima County, Arizona, for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Pima County has received this prestigious award for thirty-one years from fiscal years ended June 30, 1984 through 2017, except for fiscal years ended June 30, 1990 and June 30, 1999, due to missing the filing deadline. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the County had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable program requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Pima County also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its fiscal year 2017-2018 budget document. This was the twentieth consecutive year that Pima County has achieved this award. To qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, Pima County's budget had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

Acknowledgments

The preparation of this report could not have been possible without the skill, effort, and dedication of the entire staff of the County's Finance and Risk Management Department. We wish to thank all government departments for their assistance in providing the data necessary to prepare this report. Credit is also due to the Board of Supervisors for its unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Pima County's finances.
Respectfully submitted,
C. H. Huckelberry County Administrator
Tom Burke Deputy County Administrator
Michelle Campagne Director, Finance and Risk Management



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Pima County Arizona

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

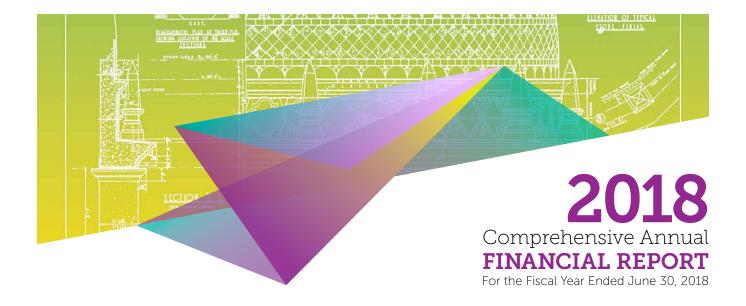
June 30, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

FINANCIAL SECTION

- Independent Auditors' Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information Other than Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Combining Statements and Other Schedules

STATISTICAL SECTION



FINANCIAL SECTION

The Financial Section contains government-wide, combined, combining, and individual fund financial statements and schedules, which present a financial "overview" of Pima County.



MELANIE M. CHESNEY
DEPUTY AUDITOR GENERAL

JOSEPH D. MOORE
DEPUTY AUDITOR GENERAL

Independent auditors' report

Members of the Arizona State Legislature

The Board of Supervisors of Pima County, Arizona

Report on the financial statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of Pima County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of certain departments, one major fund, and the discretely presented component unit, which account for the following percentages of the assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, revenues, and expenses or expenditures of the opinion units affected.

	Assets and deferred	Liabilities and deferred	_	Expenses/
Opinion unit/department	outflows	inflows	Revenues	expenditures
Government-wide statements				
Governmental activities:				
Stadium District	1.51%	0.43%	1.13%	1.06%
School Reserve Fund	0.04%	0.14%	0.21%	0.25%
Wireless Integrated Network	0.09%	0.02%	0.34%	0.32%
Self-Insurance Trust	3.05%	2.47%	2.03%	1.84%
Health Benefit Trust	1.55%	0.38%	7.58%	7.32%
Business-type activities:				
Regional Wastewater Reclamation Department	98.10%	98.94%	94.20%	94.69%
Development Services	0.41%	0.96%	4.56%	3.47%
Discretely presented component unit:				
Southwestern Fair Commission	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Fund statements				
Major enterprise fund:				
Regional Wastewater Reclamation Department	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Opinion unit/department	Assets and deferred outflows	Liabilities and deferred inflows	Revenues	Expenses/ expenditures
Aggregate remaining fund information:				
Stadium District	0.11%	2.20%	0.31%	0.34%
School Reserve Fund	0.11%	0.26%	0.07%	0.10%
Wireless Integrated Network	0.38%	0.13%	0.13%	0.11%
Development Services	0.95%	3.28%	0.37%	0.26%
Self-Insurance Trust	12.84%	19.94%	0.77%	0.66%
Health Benefit Trust	6.51%	3.08%	2.88%	2.62%

Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for those entities, are based solely on the other auditors' reports. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of Pima County as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Other matters

Required supplementary information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 15 through 33, budgetary comparison schedules on pages 99 and 100, schedule of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability—cost-sharing plans on page 101, schedule of changes in the County's net pension liability and related ratios—agent plans on pages 102 and 103, and schedule of county pension contributions on page 104, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and other information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules and the introductory and statistical sections listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules are management's responsibility and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Compliance over the use of highway user revenue fund and other dedicated state transportation revenue monies

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the County failed to comply with the authorized transportation purposes, insofar as they relate to accounting matters, for highway user revenue fund monies it received pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2, and any other dedicated state transportation revenues it received. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the County's noncompliance with the authorized transportation purposes referred to above, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

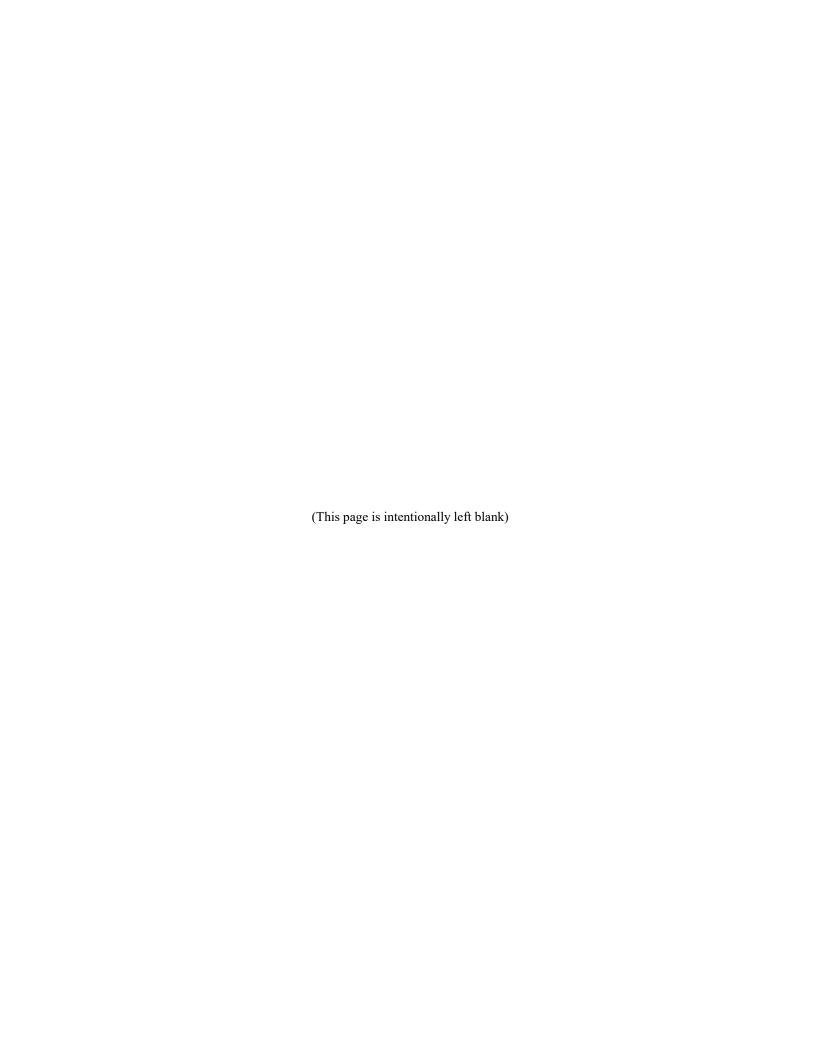
The communication related to compliance over the use of highway user revenue fund and other dedicated state transportation revenue monies in the preceding paragraph is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Arizona State Legislature, the Board of Supervisors, management, and other responsible parties within the County and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

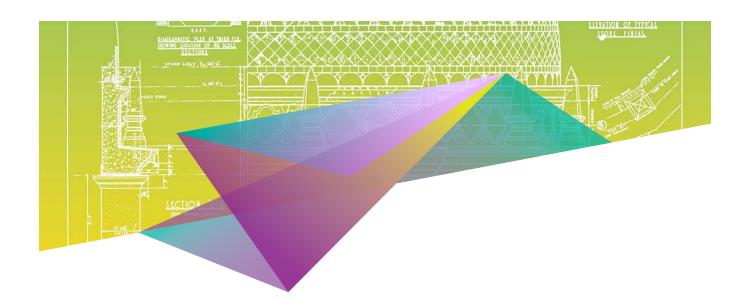
Other reporting required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we will issue our report on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters at a future date. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Lindsey Perry, CPA, CFE Auditor General

December 19, 2018







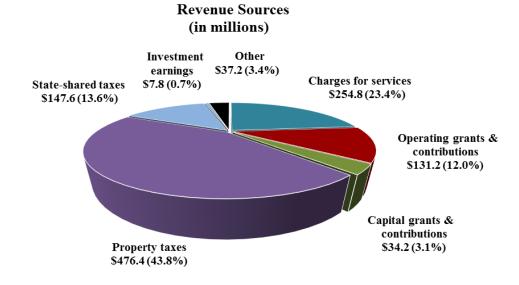
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Pima County, Arizona Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

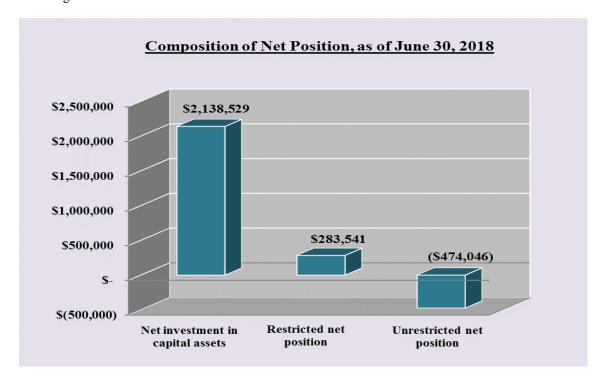
Our discussion and analysis of the County's financial performance provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2018. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter, which begins on page 1 and the County's basic financial statements, which begin on page 35. All dollar amounts are expressed in thousands (000's) unless otherwise noted.

Financial Highlights

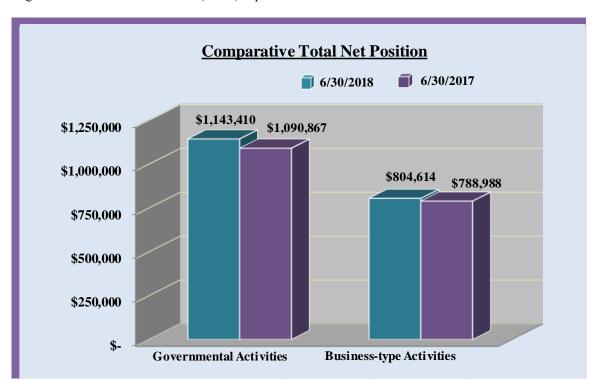
- The County restated the prior year's total net position to \$1,879,855 due to a change in accounting principle and a correction of a misstatement. The change in accounting principle was due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB), as amended by GASB Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017. This resulted in a \$58 increase in total net position. The correction of a misstatement was due to land, infrastructure, and other improvements assets that were contributed to other governments in prior years, which resulted in a \$23,568 decrease in governmental activities net position. For additional information refer to page 55, Note 2, Change in Accounting Principle and Correction of a Misstatement Prior Period Adjustment. The comparisons to prior year financials within this discussion and analysis will be based on these restated amounts.
- The County's total net position increased \$68,169; an increase of \$18,550 when compared to the prior year's restated change in net position of \$49,619; primarily due to property tax revenues of \$20,089 from a Board of Supervisors approved property tax specific to transportation that was in place only for fiscal year 2018.
- During the current year, the County issued \$11,000 in Transportation Revenue Bonds to fund various street and highways improvements and \$38,205 in Sewer Revenue Obligations to finance the construction, expansion, and improvement of sewer treatment facilities and conveyance systems. In addition, the County issued \$62,660 in Certificates of Participation for various road improvements and other capital projects.
- The County's primary sources of revenue come from property taxes, charges for services, state shared taxes, and grants and contributions as displayed below:



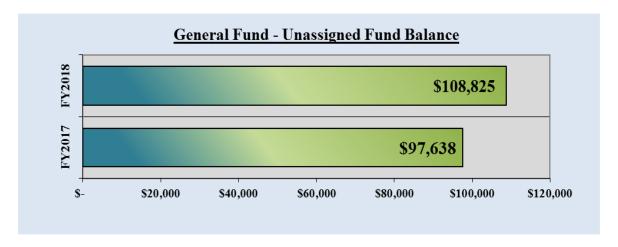
• The composition of the County's total net position at June 30, 2018, \$1,948,024, is illustrated in the following chart.



• Governmental Activities total net position at June 30, 2018, is \$1,143,410, representing an increase of \$52,543 (4.8%) from the prior fiscal year's restated net position, primarily due to increases of \$23,361 in property taxes revenues, \$7,952 in State-shared tax revenues, and \$5,247 in net transfers. Business-type Activities total net position of \$804,614, increased by \$15,626 (2.0%) in the current fiscal year, primarily due to an increase of \$6,693 in charges for services revenues and a decrease of \$6,846 in Regional Wastewater Reclamation (RWR) expenses.



• The current fiscal year's General Fund unassigned fund balance of \$108,825 is an increase of \$11,187 (11.5%) from \$97,638 in the prior fiscal year. The unassigned fund balance comprises 95.9% of the total fund balance of \$113,492. Refer to the analysis of the General Fund provided on page 27 for additional details about the fund's financial activities during the year.



Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components: (1) Government-wide Statements, (2) Fund Statements, and (3) Notes to the Financial Statements. Required supplementary information is included in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of County finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all County assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation or sick leave).

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) in contrast to other functions that are intended to recover all or a portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, health, welfare, culture and recreation, and education and economic opportunity. The business-type activities of the County include: Regional Wastewater Reclamation, Development Services, and the County's downtown parking garages.

The Southwestern Fair Commission is presented as a discretely presented component unit and is included in the basic financial statements. The Commission, which operates the County Fairgrounds and annual Pima County Fair, is a legally separate entity for which the County is financially accountable.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 35-37.

Fund financial statements are groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance with applicable state statutes and Federal Office of Management and Budget budgeting guidelines. All of the funds can be divided into three categories: (1) *governmental funds*, (2) *proprietary funds*, and (3) *fiduciary funds*.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains sixteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the General, Capital Projects, and Debt Service funds, which are reported as major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 38-41. The combining statements for non-major governmental funds can be found on pages 108-111.

Proprietary funds are maintained in two ways. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for sewer systems maintenance and operation, real estate-related development services, and parking garage operations. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for employee health and health related benefits, risk management, automotive fleet maintenance and operations, telecommunications, wireless, and information technology network infrastructure. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, all of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of these services have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The RWR Enterprise Fund is considered to be a major fund of the County. Data from the other enterprise funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Similarly, the County's internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary funds financial statements. Individual fund data for the other enterprise and internal service funds are provided in the form of combining statements.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 42-45. The combining statements for other enterprise and internal service funds can be found on pages 129-136.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's programs.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 46-47.

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found on pages **48-97**.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI) is presented concerning the County's General Fund budgetary schedule and the schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability for Cost Sharing Plans, the Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios for Agent Pension Plans, and the Schedule of County Pension Contributions. Required supplementary information can be found on pages **99-105**.

Combining Statements and Other Schedules referred to earlier provide information for non-major governmental, enterprise, internal service, and fiduciary funds and are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 108-140.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position over time. An analysis of the results of operations is also useful. The schedule below identifies variances in the results of operations.

Schedule of Results of Operations and Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017							
	2018	2017 (as restated)	Variance				
Charges for services	\$ 254,803	\$ 247,714	\$ 7,089				
Operating grants and contributions	131,222	130,049	1,173				
Capital grants and contributions	34,196	42,621	(8,425)				
Total program revenues	420,221	420,384	(163)				
Total general revenues and transfers	668,992	636,106	32,886				
Total program and general revenues	1,089,213	1,056,490	32,723				
Total expenses	1,021,044	1,006,871	14,173				
Change in net position	\$ 68,169	\$ 49,619	\$ 18,550				

Total general revenues and transfers increased by \$32,886, mainly due to a \$23,361 increase in property tax revenues and a \$7,952 increase in State-shared tax revenues within governmental activities. Total expenses increased by \$14,173, primarily due to increases of \$19,483 and \$4,554 in general government and welfare expenses, respectively, within governmental activities, partially offset by a \$4,017 decrease in interest on long-term debt within governmental activities and a \$7,432 decrease in total business-type activities expenses. These variances resulted in an \$18,550 increase in the change in net position, to \$68,169.

An explanation of each of these changes is discussed further in the following governmental and business-type activities sections.

The graph presented below illustrates at a summary level the changes in the elements of the Statement of Net Position for the County at June 30, 2018, and June 30, 2017.



A general discussion of significant variances between fiscal years follows. For a more detailed discussion, please see the governmental activities and business-type activities sections immediately following this section.

The total of County assets at June 30, 2018, was \$3,968,621, an increase of \$90,461 (2.3%) from the prior year, while total liabilities increased by \$3,623 (0.2%) from the prior year, ending at a balance of \$2,121,070. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits decreased by \$39,156, and deferred outflows of resources related to deferred charges on refunding decreased by \$6,405, for a total decrease in deferred outflows of resources of \$45,561 (23.3%). Deferred inflows of resources decreased \$26,892 (35.2%) from the prior year, ending at a balance of \$49,458.

The result of these changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources was an increase in net position of \$68,169 (3.6%), to \$1,948,024 in the current fiscal year, from \$1,879,855 in the prior fiscal year.

The largest portion of the County's net position is reflected in its net investment in capital assets (i.e., land, buildings, infrastructure, and equipment) less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. At June 30, 2018, net investment in capital assets totaled \$2,138,529, an increase of \$78,322 (3.8%) from the prior year, due to the increase of \$46,072 (3.3%) for governmental activities and the increase of \$32,250 (4.9%) in net investment in capital assets for business-type activities. The County uses a portion of these capital assets to provide services to its citizens, with the other portion available to its citizens for use; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Resources subject to external restrictions on how they may be used comprise the restricted net position of \$283,541, which is an increase of \$34,751 (14.0%) from the prior year and represents approximately 14.6% of total net position.

The following schedule presents, on a comparative basis, both governmental activities and business-type activities within the Statement of Net Position.

Schedule of Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position At June 30, 2018 and 2017									
	Gov	ernmental Activ	vities	Busine	ess-type Activ	ities		Total	
	FY2018	FY2017 (as restated)	Variance	FY2018	FY2017 (as restated)	Variance	FY2018	FY2017 (as restated)	Variance
Current and other assets Capital assets (net): Land, buildings, equipment,	\$ 621,056	\$ 503,733	\$ 117,323	\$ 195,914	\$ 196,947	\$ (1,033)	\$ 816,970	\$ 700,680	\$ 116,290
infrastructure & other assets	1,918,766	1,946,587	(27,821)	1,232,885	1,230,893	1,992	3,151,651	3,177,480	(25,829)
Total assets	2,539,822	2,450,320	89,502	1,428,799	1,427,840	959	3,968,621	3,878,160	90,461
Deferred outflows of resources Pension and OPEB Deferred charges on refunding Total deferred outflows of resources	121,311 8,003 129,314	157,382 10,808 168,190	(36,071) (2,805) (38,876)	5,086 15,531 20,617	8,171 19,131 27,302	(3,085) (3,600) (6,685)	126,397 23,534 149,931	165,553 29,939 195,492	(39,156) (6,405) (45,561)
Current and other liabilities	69,707	61,383	8,324	23,534	10,499	13,035	93,241	71,882	21,359
Long-term liabilities	1,410,156	1,396,643	13,513	617,673	648,922	(31,249)	2,027,829	2,045,565	(17,736)
Total liabilities	1,479,863	1,458,026	21,837	641,207	659,421	(18,214)	2,121,070	2,117,447	3,623
Deferred inflows of resources Pension and OPEB Total deferred inflows of resources	45,863 45,863	69,617 69,617	(23,754) (23,754)	3,595 3,595	6,733 6,733	(3,138)	49,458 49,458	76,350 76,350	(26,892) (26,892)
Net position: Net investment in capital assets	1,452,111	1,406,039	46,072	686,418	654,168	32,250	2,138,529	2,060,207	78,322
Restricted	221,652	189,208	32,444	61,889	59,582	2,307	283,541	248,790	34,751
Unrestricted (deficit)	(530,353)	(504,380)	(25,973)	56,307	75,238	(18,931)	(474,046)	(429,142)	(44,904)
Total net position	\$ 1,143,410	\$ 1,090,867	\$ 52,543	\$ 804,614	\$ 788,988	\$ 15,626	\$1,948,024	\$1,879,855	\$ 68,169

Analysis of Net Position for Governmental Activities

The current and other assets total of \$621,056 in the current fiscal year is an increase of \$117,323 (23.3%) over the prior year total of \$503,733. This increase is primarily due to an increase of \$100,014 in the cash and cash equivalents mainly from the \$51,826 increase in the Capital Projects Fund from unspent bond and COPs proceeds, a \$23,147 increase in Other Governmental Funds primarily from new property tax revenues in the Transportation Fund, and a \$13,882 increase in the General Fund from excess revenues over expenditures in the prior and current year.

Total liabilities increased \$21,837 (1.5%) to \$1,479,863 due to a \$13,513 increase in long-term liabilities and an \$8,324 increase in current and other liabilities. The increase in long-term liabilities is due to the \$42,680 increase in the pension and OPEB liabilities resulting from the changes in actuarial estimates related to the net pension and OPEB liabilities for the various retirement plans that the County contributes to for its employees. These increases were partially offset by a net \$27,530 decrease in outstanding debt associated with general obligation bonds, transportation revenue bonds, and COPs due to current year payments on these debts, in addition to a \$1,519 decrease in the installment note payable for a land purchase in prior years.

The deferred outflows decrease of \$38,876 (23.1%) from the prior year total of \$168,190, is mainly due to the decrease of \$36,071 (22.9%) in pension and OPEB. Similarly, the decrease of \$23,754 (34.1%) in deferred inflows of resources is due to the deferred inflows in pensions and OPEB. These variances in deferred outflows and deferred inflows are due to changes in actuarial estimates related to the net pension and OPEB liabilities mentioned above. These changes resulted in an overall increase of \$52,543 (4.8%) in the current year's governmental activities total net position of \$1,143,410.

Analysis of Net Position for Business-type Activities

Total assets of \$1,428,799 in the current fiscal year increased slightly by \$959 (0.1%) from the prior year total of \$1,427,840, resulting from a \$1,992 (0.2%) increase in capital assets and a \$1,033 (0.5%) decrease in current and other assets. The increase was the result of an \$8,040 increase in restricted cash and cash equivalents in RWR, a \$2,662 increase in RWR capital assets from the completion of projects in the current year, and a \$1,757 increase in cash and cash equivalents in the Other Enterprise Funds, primarily from the increased cash position in the Development Services Fund. This was offset primarily by an \$11,124 decrease in cash and cash equivalents in the RWR fund resulting from the cash in-substance defeasance of Sewer Revenue Bonds series 2008 for \$16,320.

Total liabilities decreased \$18,214 (2.8%) in the current year to \$641,207, primarily due to a decrease of \$17,407 in total liabilities of the RWR fund as a result of the cash in-substance defeasance of Sewer Revenue Bonds Series 2008 for \$16,320 mentioned above.

Current year's total deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, \$5,086, decreased by \$3,085 (37.8%) from the prior year, while deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB decreased by \$3,138 (46.6%) to \$3,595 this year. These decreases are primarily due to changes in actuarial estimates related to the net pension liability for the Arizona State Retirement System plan to which the County contributes for its employees within the business-type activities.

The changes in total assets, liabilities, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources resulted in a total net position increase of \$15,626 (2%), which ended at a balance of \$804,614.

Governmental Activities

The following table shows details of the changes in net position for governmental activities:

Governmental Activities Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

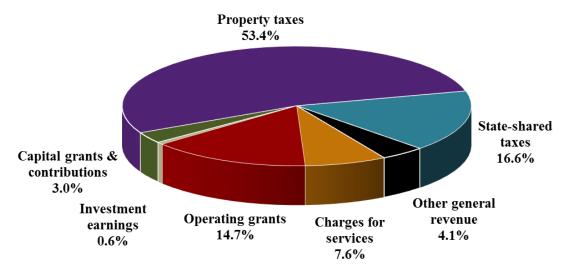
					<u>Variance</u>			
	FY2	2018	FY2017 (as restated)		A	mount	Percer	
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	67,380	\$	66,984	\$	396	0.6	
Operating grants and contributions	1	131,222		130,049		1,173	0.9	
Capital grants and contributions		26,842		37,502		(10,660)	-28.4	
Total program revenues	2	225,444		234,535		(9,091)	-3.9	
General revenues:								
Property taxes	4	176,365		453,004		23,361	5.2	
State-shared taxes	1	147,635		139,683		7,952	5.7	
Investment earnings		5,549		3,297		2,252	68.3	
Other general revenues		36,452		37,260		(808)	-2.2	
Total general revenues		666,001		633,244		32,757	5.2	
Total revenues	8	391,445		867,779		23,666	2.7	
Expenses:								
General government	2	279,678		260,195		19,483	7.5	
Public safety	2	214,460		214,648		(188)	-0.1	
Highways and streets	1	110,159		110,454		(295)	-0.3	
Sanitation		2,683		5,195		(2,512)	-48.4	
Health		38,186		39,454		(1,268)	-3.2	
Welfare		94,567		90,013		4,554	5.1	
Culture and recreation		65,827		68,350		(2,523)	-3.7	
Education and economic opportunity		43,492		36,663		6,829	18.6	
Amortization		(7,806)		(9,348)		1,542	-16.5	
Interest on long-term debt		23,049		27,066		(4,017)	-14.8	
Total expenses	8	364,295		842,690		21,605	2.6	
Excess before transfers		27,150		25,089		2,061	8.2	
Transfers in		25,393		20,146		5,247	26.0	
Change in net position		52,543		45,235		7,308	16.2	
Beginning net position as restated *	1,0	90,867		1,045,632		45,235	4.3	
Ending net position	\$ 1,1	143,410	\$	1,090,867	\$	52,543	4.8	

Revenues

Total revenues of \$891,445 increased \$23,666 (2.7%) from the prior year, primarily due to an increase of \$23,361 in property taxes that mainly resulted from the previously mentioned transportation property tax, and an increase of \$7,952 in State-shared taxes mainly attributable to a \$6,780 increase in the unrestricted share of state sales tax. These increases were offset by a decrease of \$10,660 in capital grants and contributions, resulting from decreased Regional Transportation Sales Tax Roadway funding in the current year.

The chart below presents general and program revenues, as a percentage to total revenues. The amount provided from each revenue source for governmental activities, as a percentage to total revenue for governmental activities, has not changed significantly from the prior fiscal year. Property taxes, state-shared taxes, and operating grants account for approximately 84.7% of the County's revenues.

General and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



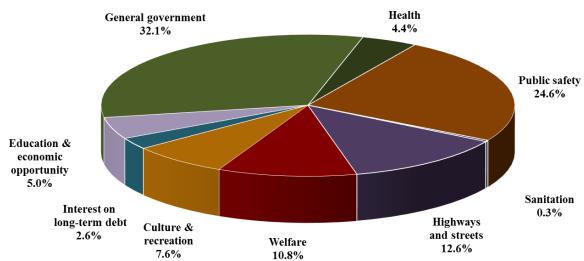
Expenses

Total expenses increased \$21,605 (2.6%) from the prior year, primarily due to an increase of \$19,483 (7.5%) in general government expenses, an increase of \$6,829 (18.6%) in education and economic opportunity expenses and a decrease of \$4,017 (14.8%) in interest on long-term debt. The explanations for these increases and decreases are as follows:

- The general government increase is due in part to an \$11,736 increase in expenses from the internal service funds, specifically \$6,522 in the Self-Insurance Trust fund and \$3,326 in the Other Internal Services fund for Information Technology. The increase in the Self-Insurance Trust fund was primarily due to the change in actuarial estimates for future losses and the increase in the Other Internal Services fund was mainly due to purchases of computer hardware and new software licenses. In addition, there was also a \$7,418 increase in expenses as a result of the increase in the share of the County's total net pension liability attributed to general government.
- The increase in education and economic opportunities is mainly due to a \$1,813 increase in expenditures for the Low Income Housing Energy Assistance Federal grant program, \$1,056 for the Workforce Investment and Opportunity Act Federal grant program, and a collection of increases in other Federal grant programs.
- The decrease in long-term debt is due to lower interest expenses, primarily due to debt refundings completed in the prior year and a reduction of \$48,772 in total outstanding general obligation bonds for the current year. The lower interest costs are a direct result of the significant decrease in the outstanding liability from these bonds. Please refer to Note 7 on page 66 for additional information on long-term liabilities.

The following chart presents expenses by function as a percentage to total expenses, excluding amortizations. The amount of each expense by function as a percentage to total expenses, excluding amortizations, has not changed significantly from the prior fiscal year. General government and public safety account for over half of the County's total expenses.





Business-type Activities

Business-type activities, which are composed exclusively of enterprise funds, are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The following schedule shows changes in the net position for business-type activities.

Business-type Activities Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2018, and 2017

			<u>Varia</u>	<u>nce</u>
	FY2018	FY2017 (as restated)	Amount	Percent
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 187,423	\$ 180,730	\$ 6,693	3.7%
Capital grants and contributions	7,354	5,119	2,235	43.7%
Total program revenues	194,777	185,849	8,928	4.8%
General revenues:				
Investment earnings	2,228	1,512	716	47.4%
Other general revenues	763	1,350	(587)	-43.5%
Total general revenues	2,991	2,862	129	4.5%
Total revenues	197,768	188,711	9,057	4.8%
Expenses:				
Regional Wastewater Reclamation	148,405	155,251	(6,846)	-4.4%
Development Services	5,523	6,090	(567)	-9.3%
Parking Garages	2,821	2,840	(19)	-0.7%
Total expenses	156,749	164,181	(7,432)	-4.5%
Excess before transfers	41,019	24,530	16,489	67.2%
Transfers out	(25,393)	(20,146)	(5,247)	26.0%
Change in net position	15,626	4,384	11,242	256.4%
Beginning net position, as restated *	788,988	784,604	4,384	0.6%
	\$ 804,614	\$ 788,988	\$ 15,626	2.0%

Revenues

Total revenues for business-type activities increased \$9,057 (4.8%), mainly due to an increase of \$5,281 in charges for services in the RWR fund, resulting from a Board of Supervisors approved rate increase of 3% effective June 1, 2017, and an increase of \$2,235 (43.7%) in capital grants and contributions of public sewer facilities constructed by developers and accepted by the County in the RWR fund for continuous maintenance and operations.

Expenses

Total expenses for the business-type activities decreased by \$7,432 (4.5%), primarily due to an overall decrease of \$6,846 (4.4%) in the RWR fund. This decrease was mostly due to a \$6,065 drop in nonoperating expenses, including a decrease of \$3,266 in losses from asset retirements, \$1,506 from lower debt issuance costs, and \$1,569 in interest expense savings.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements and generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Governmental Funds

The County's general government functions are accounted for in the General, Capital Projects, Debt Service, and Special Revenue funds. Included in these funds are special districts governed by the Board of Supervisors (i.e. Flood Control, Library, Stadium, and Rocking K South Community Facilities Districts) acting as the Board of Directors for each district. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County.

Property tax revenues for the General Fund increased \$368 (0.1%), reflecting the net impact of higher property valuations and a lower property tax rate. Intergovernmental revenues increased \$3,512 (2.3%), primarily due to increases in the State-shared sales tax and State-shared vehicle license tax associated with a continued gradual recovery in the local economy. Charges for services decreased \$5,758 (12.2%), mostly from a decrease in revenues received for administrative overhead cost recovery from other County funds due to lower central administrative support costs in the current year. Overall, revenues for the General Fund decreased by \$3,180 (0.6%) and totaled \$554,810 for the current year.

General fund expenditures totaled \$501,674, a decrease of \$3,350 (0.7%) from the prior year, primarily due to:

- A decrease of \$1,150 in general government expenditures, primarily from Elections activities due to the November 2017 election being all mail-in instead of polling sites.
- A decrease of \$5,863 in debt service principal payments, due to the final payment of \$5,758 towards the Stardust land purchase in the prior year.
- An increase of \$5,209 in Arizona Long Term Care System (ALTCS) mandated payments from prior year.

Transfers out totaled \$46,084, an increase of \$8,061 (21.2%) over the prior year, primarily due to the \$9,030 transfers to Capital Projects Fund related to the Historic Courthouse projects and a \$331 transfer to Capital Projects Fund related to the Silverbell Archaeology project.

Transfers in decreased \$2,018 (31.5%) from last year's total of \$6,411, mainly due to rent revenues from external tenants moving to the Other Special Revenue fund in the current fiscal year.

The \$3,180 decrease in revenues, the \$3,350 decrease in expenditures, and a total net increase of \$10,068 in other financing uses, yielded a decrease of \$9,898 in net change in fund balance, which ended the year at \$113,492.

Budget and Actual Comparison for the General Fund

Overall, actual revenues were higher than budgeted revenues by \$4,757 primarily due to the higher than budgeted State-shared tax revenue collections mentioned above and actual expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures by \$74,561. Actual expenditures for the General Fund were less than budgeted, primarily because the County did not need to spend \$50,319 of the amount budgeted for contingencies within General government — County Administration.

No variances between the budget and actual amounts at the departmental level were significant enough to affect the County's ability to provide future services.

Capital Projects Fund

The County's Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted or assigned for capital outlays to acquire or construct capital assets.

Total revenues of \$19,767 for the Capital Projects Fund represent a decrease of \$7,573 (27.7%) from the prior year, primarily due to a decrease in Intergovernmental revenues from the State for the Sunset Road project which was received in the prior year.

Total capital outlay expenditures of \$78,370 in the current year is an increase of \$4,448 (6.0%) over the prior year, primarily due to \$2,100 in expenditures related to the Tangerine Road widening project, and \$1,900 in expenditures related to pavement preservation projects 2018.

The Capital Projects fund's other financing sources of \$73,660 represents the current year's issuance of \$11,000 of Street and Highway Revenue Bonds Series 2018 to finance a variety of transportation projects, the issuance of \$23,265 of Certificates of Participation (COPs) Series 2018A to finance the costs to renovate, construct, and equip the Historic Courthouse facility and \$39,395 of COPs Series 2018B to finance various road improvement and other capital projects.

Transfers out totaled \$571, a decrease of \$6,931 (92.4%) from the prior year, mainly due to the decrease of \$7,060 in certificates of participation funding that was transferred to the RWR fund in the prior year for improvements to the sewer conveyance system.

Transfers in totaled \$35,063, an increase of \$16,199 (85.9%) over the prior year's total of \$18,864. The increase is primarily due to a \$10,249 increase of transfers from the General Fund for various projects and a \$7,530 increase of transfers from the Other Special Revenue fund for facility renewal projects.

The above detailed financial activities yielded an increase of \$49,944 in the Capital Projects fund's net change in fund balance, which ended the year at \$146,381.

Debt Service Fund

This major fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal and interest of long-term debt.

Revenues for the Debt Service Fund increased \$1,533 primarily as a result of higher property valuations, while the secondary property tax rate remained the same as the prior year.

Expenditures for the Debt Service Fund decreased \$2,558 primarily due to a decrease in interest payments of \$3,221 as a result of debt refundings in the prior year, offset by an increase in principal payments of \$1,310.

Premiums on bonds and COPs decreased to \$2,621 as the premiums consisted of \$1,684, and \$937 from the issuance of Transportation revenue bonds (HURF) Series 2018, and COPS Series 2018A respectively. Only \$2,226 of this total pertained to the Debt Service Fund, while the remaining \$395 pertained to the Capital Projects Fund.

The \$1,533 increase in revenues, the \$2,558 decrease in expenditures and an increase of \$1,315 in other financing sources yielded an increase in fund balance of \$5,406 in net change in fund balance, which ended the year at \$5,004.

Major Proprietary Fund

The County's Regional Wastewater Reclamation Enterprise (RWR) Fund is a major enterprise fund.

Significant changes in the Fund's net position during the fiscal year include an increase in the sewer utility service and sewer connection revenues of \$5,281, and a decrease in non-operating expenses of \$6,065.

The increase in the sewer utility service and sewer connection revenues is primarily due to the Board of Supervisors approved 3% rate increase going into effect on June 1, 2017.

The decrease in non-operating expenses is mainly associated with interest savings from the in-substance defeasance of Sewer Revenue Bonds Series 2008, and a reduction in losses from asset retirements compared to the prior year.

The net position increased by \$13,827 in the current fiscal year, resulting in a total net position of \$783,829 at fiscal year-end.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets consists of land, buildings and improvements, sewage conveyance systems, infrastructure, equipment, and construction in progress.

Capital assets for the governmental and business-type activities are presented below to illustrate changes from the prior year:

Governmental and Business-type Activities Capital Assets As of June 30, 2018 and 2017									
	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities							Total	
	FY2018	FY2017	Variance	FY2018	FY2017	Variance	FY2018	FY2017	Variance
Land	\$ 537,388	\$ 532,583	\$ 4,805	\$ 15,472	\$ 14,998	\$ 474	\$ 552,860	\$ 547,581	\$ 5,279
Construction in progress	42,895	57,280	(14,385)	74,158	70,705	3,453	117,053	127,985	(10,932)
Buildings and improvements	597,429	590,068	7,361	551,802	577,434	(25,632)	1,149,231	1,167,502	(18,271)
Infrastructure	635,594	659,237	(23,643)				635,594	659,237	(23,643)
Sewage conveyance systems				505,220	477,212	28,008	505,220	477,212	28,008
Equipment	105,460	107,419	(1,959)	86,233	90,544	(4,311)	191,693	197,963	(6,270)
Total	\$1,918,766	\$1,946,587	\$ (27,821)	\$1,232,885	\$1,230,893	\$ 1,992	\$3,151,651	\$3,177,480	\$ (25,829)

The County's capital assets total is \$3,151,651 in the current year, a decrease of approximately 0.8% or \$25,829 from the prior year's total of \$3,177,480. Significant changes in capital assets of Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities are discussed in further detail in the following sections.

Governmental Activities

The current year's total assets of \$1,918,766 is a net decrease of \$27,821 from the prior year. Total assets of \$1,946,587 for the prior year includes a restatement removing \$23,568 (1.2%) of land, infrastructure and other improvements assets contributed to other governments. The net decrease of \$14,385 in construction in progress is due to decreases in capital outlays as projects reach conclusion and are capitalized, and offset by increases in capital expenses in new and continuing projects.

Some of the more significant projects capitalized in the fiscal year include:

- The new Pima Animal Care Center project totaling \$19,560.
- The Sunset Road bridge and roadway improvements from Silverbell Road to I-10 project totaling \$15,304.
- The Pantano Wash bank protection project from Ft. Lowell Park to Tanque Verde Road totaling \$7,622.
- The Tangerine Road widening project totaling \$2,890.

Business-type Activities

Capital assets of business-type activities increased \$1,992 (0.2%), due to increases of \$28,008 (5.9%) in sewage conveyance systems, \$3,453 (4.9%) in construction in progress, and \$474 (3.2%) in land, partially offset by decreases of \$25,632 (4.4%) in buildings and improvements and \$4,311 (4.8%) in equipment, resulting from the factors detailed below.

Capital assets for the RWR fund increased by \$2,662 (0.22%) over the prior year, mainly due to an increase of \$28,008 (5.9%) in sewage conveyance systems and an increase of \$3,453 (4.9%) in construction in progress. The increase in sewage conveyance systems is primarily due to the major projects that are completed and capitalized in the current year. Major completed conveyance systems include sewer system rehabilitation and North Rillito interceptor rehabilitation projects.

These increases are offset by a decrease of \$25,632 (4.4%) in buildings and improvements is primarily due to the large volume of projects that were completed and capitalized in the prior year, resulting in higher depreciation expense in the current year.

Additional information regarding capital assets activity can be found in Note 5 of the financial statements, Capital Assets, on pages **62-63**.

Long-term Debt

Significant, comparative long-term debt entered into during the last two fiscal years is presented below:

Long-Term Debt Issued Within Fiscal Year							
For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017							
		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>			
Bonds issued (at face value):							
General Obligation			\$	147,750			
Street and Highway Revenue	\$	11,000		28,315			
Sewer System Revenue Obligations		38,205		256,595			
Certificates of Participation (COPs)		62,660					
Capital leases							
Installment note payable				1,700			
Total	\$	111,865	\$	434,360			

During the year, the County issued Street and Highway Revenue Bonds Series 2018 for \$11,000 to finance various street and highway improvements.

The County also issued Sewer Revenue Obligations Series 2018 for \$38,205 to expand and improve the County's sewer treatment facilities and conveyance systems.

In addition, the County issued Certificates of Participation (COPs) Series 2018A for \$23,265 to finance the costs to renovate, construct and equip the Historic Courthouse facility. The County also issued Certificates of Participation (COPs) Series 2018B for \$39,395 for various road improvements and other capital projects.

The most recent ratings for Pima County's bonds, COPs, and obligations are:

Credit Ratings							
Standard & Poor's Fitch Ratings							
	Rating	Date	Rating	Date			
Certificates of Participation (COPs)	AA-	March-2018	AA	March-2018			
General Obligation Bonds	AA	March-2018	AAA	March-2018			
Street and Highway Revenue Bonds	AA	March-2018	AA	March-2018			
Sewer Revenue Bonds	AA	March-2018	AA	March-2018			
Sewer Revenue Obligations	AA	March-2018	AA-	March-2018			

Pima County's efforts in maintaining a strong budget reserve over the past several years has contributed, in part, to the County earning a General Obligation Bond Rating of AAA from Fitch Ratings, a national bond ratings company that rates Pima County debt issuances. The AA ratings for the Certificates of Participation (COPs), Street and Highway Revenue bonds, and Sewer Revenue bonds also reflect the County's ability to maintain a sound financial profile.

The State of Arizona Constitution limits the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 6.0% of its net assessed valuation without voter approval. However, Pima County has voter approval for general obligation debt up to 15.0%. The County's outstanding general obligation bonds amount of \$275,990 at the end of the current fiscal year is significantly below the current debt limitation of \$1,276,349.

Additional information regarding the County's debt can be found in Note 7 of the financial statements, Long-term Liabilities, on pages **66-76**.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The current fiscal year 2018-19 budget is based largely on the County's response to a set of unique challenges from a variety of outside sources. Primary among these is the decision by the Arizona Legislature to balance the State Budget by continuing to transfer \$85 million of fiscal year 2018-19 state costs to Pima County. These additional costs imposed by the state continue to cause significant uncertainties in the development of the County budget and impact all of Pima County's existing service priorities and programs, including law enforcement, healthcare and economic development. Recognizing this, the budget that was adopted by the Board of Supervisors for fiscal year 2018-19 is primarily a "maintenance of effort" budget, which will sustain the County's existing service priorities. The following discussion identifies other significant activities that are expected to impact the County in fiscal year 2018-19.

State Budget Cost Shifts

In attempts to balance the State Budget, the Governor and Legislature continue to transfer significant amounts of state costs to the 15 counties throughout the state. The total of these cost transfers to Pima County is \$85 million for fiscal year 2018-19, or nearly 26% of Pima County's primary property tax levy.

Property Taxes

In fiscal year 2017-18 the Board of Supervisors enacted a new \$0.2500 Transportation primary property road tax. The proceeds of this tax were used exclusively for preservation and repair of local streets and roads.

In the fiscal year 2018-19 Adopted Budget, the Board of Supervisors repealed the Transportation property road tax rate by \$0.2500. In addition, the budget includes an additional \$0.1400 decrease in the County's regular primary property tax rate for General Government, a \$0.0200 increase in the Regional Flood Control District secondary property tax rate, a \$0.0100 increase in the Library District's secondary tax rate, and a \$0.0100 decrease in the Debt Service secondary property tax rate from the fiscal year 2017-18 rate. The total property tax rate for Pima County (excluding the State mandated Fire District Assistance Tax) decreased from \$5.9784 to \$5.6084 per \$100 of net taxable value, a net decrease of \$0.3700.

State Shared Revenues

State shared sales tax revenue is projected to increase by \$5.8 million in fiscal year 2018-19. This increase reflects a gradual recovery in the local economy and continued statewide economic growth.

Employee Benefits Costs

Over the years, Pima County has continued to change and upgrade its benefits package for employees. Over time, the cost to provide these benefits has steadily increased. As a comparison, the actual cost to the County for employee benefits in fiscal year 2003-04 totaled \$65 million whereas the budgeted benefit costs in fiscal year 2018-19 totals over \$151 million; resulting in an increase that is more than double the fiscal year 2003-04 amount. A significant portion of this increase is due to higher cost of Public Safety and other retirement contributions plus other benefit costs. Fiscal Year 2018-19 aggregate benefits will increase by \$1.9 million over fiscal year 2017-18. The County will have to absorb these increases in the face of other budgetary challenges.

Employee Medical Insurance Benefits Costs

Prior to fiscal year 2013-14, Pima County purchased medical insurance for its employees from an independent provider. Over the five years prior to fiscal year 2013-14, the County's employee medical insurance premiums increased by an average of 15 to 20 percent yearly. In order to control the rate of increase of employee medical insurance costs, the County moved to a self-insured medical plan run by a third-party administrator starting in fiscal year 2013-14. Under this new model, year-to-year medical insurance costs have increased in the range of 5 to 7 percent annually. For fiscal year 2018-19 both employer and employee medical premium costs will decrease by 5.68 percent from fiscal year 2017-18. It is anticipated that the rate of medical cost increases will continue the trend of being better controlled in future fiscal years.

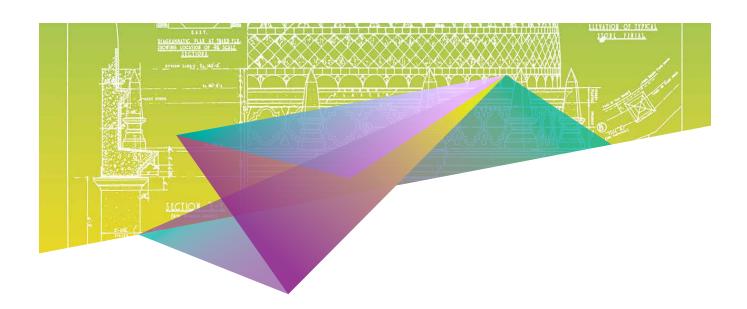
Rainy Day Funds

Maintaining a budget reserve has given the County a favorable bond rating, which in turn has yielded substantial savings from lower interest payments on County debt. The reserve has also enabled the County to minimize the negative fiscal impacts of a variety of unforeseen events over which the County has had little or no control. The General Fund Reserve for fiscal year 2018-19 totals \$40.3 million. This reserve represents 7.3% of projected revenues for fiscal year 2018-19. The reserve is in the middle of the range of reserves recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association. If this reserve is not spent, it will represent the base ending fund balance for fiscal year 2018-19.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances. Any questions concerning the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance and Risk Management Department, 130 W. Congress, 6th Floor, Tucson, AZ, 85701.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

	P					
	Governmental	rimary Governme Business-type		Component Unit		
	Activities	Activities	Total	SW Fair Commission		
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 524,595	\$ 85,363		\$ 1,705		
Property taxes receivable (net)	11,776		11,776			
Interest receivable	649	221	870			
Internal balances	87	(87)				
Due from other governments	50,691	3	50,694			
Accounts receivable (net)	7,140	17,403	24,543			
Inventories	2,500	2,691	5,191	36		
Prepaids	16,310	424	16,734	75		
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	1,129	89,750	90,879	1,000		
Loans receivable	2,886		2,886			
Net other postemployment benefits asset	3,293	146	3,439			
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	537,388	15,472	552,860			
Construction in progress	42,895	74,158	117,053			
Capital assets being depreciated (net):						
Buildings and improvements	597,429	551,802	1,149,231	5,150		
Sewage conveyance system		505,220	505,220			
Equipment	105,460	86,233	191,693	358		
Infrastructure	635,594		635,594			
Total assets	2,539,822	1,428,799	3,968,621	8,324		
Deferred outflows of resources						
Pension and other postemployment benefits	121 211	5,086	126,397			
1 1 1	121,311	,				
Deferred charge on debt refunding Total deferred outflows of resources	8,003 129,314	15,531 20,617	23,534 149,931			
Total deferred outflows of resources	129,514	20,617	149,931			
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	53,616	18,468	72,084	301		
Interest payable	12		12			
Contract retentions	901		901			
Employee compensation	8,410	667	9,077			
Due to other governments	171	3,742	3,913			
Deposits and rebates	1,307		1,307	50		
Unearned revenue	5,290	657	5,947	9		
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year	168,020	59,743	227,763			
Due in more than one year	1,242,136	557,930	1,800,066	28		
Total liabilities	1,479,863	641,207	2,121,070	388		
Deferred inflows of resources						
Pension and other postemployment benefits	45,863	3,595	49,458			
Total deferred inflows of resources	45,863	3,595	49,458			
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	1 452 111	606 110	2 129 520	5,508		
Restricted for:	1,452,111	686,418	2,138,529	3,300		
Facilities, justice, library, community	(0.626		(9.(2(
development, and tax stabilization	68,636		68,636			
Highways and streets	28,365	40.051	28,365			
Debt service	00.610	40,271	40,271			
Capital projects	80,619	2,267	82,886			
Regional wastewater	44.022	19,351	19,351			
Healthcare	44,032	56.305	44,032	0.400		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(530,353)		(474,046)			
Total net position	\$ 1,143,410	\$ 804,614	\$ 1,948,024	\$ 7,936		

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

(in thousands)

		į	Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs	1	Expenses		Charges for Services	(Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	279,678	\$	27,713	\$	27,474	\$	408
Public safety		214,460		13,737		5,836		1,207
Highways and streets		110,159		8,356		61,884		23,094
Sanitation		2,683				1,267		
Health		38,186		13,727		10,292		137
Welfare		94,567				234		
Culture and recreation		65,827		3,266		985		947
Education and economic opportunity		43,492		581		23,250		1,049
Amortization - unallocated		(7,806)						
Interest on long-term debt		23,049						
Total governmental activities		864,295		67,380		131,222		26,842
Business-type activities:								
Regional Wastewater Reclamation		148,405		176,108				7,354
Development Services		5,523		8,791				
Parking Garages		2,821		2,524				
Total business-type activities		156,749		187,423				7,354
Total primary government	\$	1,021,044	\$	254,803	\$	131,222	\$	34,196
Component unit:								
Southwestern Fair Commission		7,281		7,474		120		
Total component unit	\$	7,281	\$	7,474	\$	120	-	
							•	

General revenues:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for regional flood control district

Property taxes, levied for library district

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Property taxes, levied for transportation

Hotel/motel taxes, levied for sports facility and tourism

Other taxes, levied for stadium district

Unrestricted share of state sales tax

Unrestricted share of state vehicle license tax

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Interest and penalties on delinquent taxes

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position at beginning of year, as restated

Net position at end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	P	rim	ary Government			
Go	vernmental	В	usiness-type		Component Unit	
	Activities		Activities	Total	SW Fair Commission	Functions/Programs
						Primary government:
						Governmental activities:
\$	(224,083)		\$	(224,083)		General government
	(193,680)			(193,680)		Public safety
	(16,825)			(16,825)		Highways and streets
	(1,416)			(1,416)		Sanitation
	(14,030)			(14,030)		Health
	(94,333)			(94,333)		Welfare
	(60,629)			(60,629)		Culture and recreation
	(18,612)			(18,612)		Education and economic opportunity
	7,806			7,806		Amortization - unallocated
	(23,049)			(23,049)		Interest on long-term debt
	(638,851)			(638,851)	-	Total governmental activities
						Business-type activities:
		\$	35,057	35,057		Regional Wastewater Reclamation
			3,268	3,268		Development Services
			(297)	(297)		Parking Garages
			38,028	38,028	-	Total business-type activities
	(638,851)		38,028	(600,823)	-	Total primary government
						Component unit:
					313	Southwestern Fair Commission
					\$ 313	Total component unit
						General revenues:
	337,010			337,010		Property taxes, levied for general purposes
	22,832			22,832		Property taxes, levied for regional flood control district
	40,429			40,429		Property taxes, levied for library district
	56,005			56,005		Property taxes, levied for debt service
	20,089			20,089		Property taxes, levied for transportation
	6,569			6,569		Hotel/motel taxes, levied for sports facility and tourism
	1,612			1,612		Other taxes, levied for stadium district
	118,702			118,702		Unrestricted share of state sales tax
	28,933			28,933		Unrestricted share of state vehicle license tax
	4,733			4,733		Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs
	5,157			5,157		
			2 22 9		20	Interest and penalties on delinquent taxes
	5,549		2,228	7,777	20	Investment earnings
	18,381		763	19,144	148	Miscellaneous
	25,393		(25,393)	669,002	1/0	Transfers Total concret revenues and transfers
	691,394 52,543		(22,402)	668,992	168 481	Total general revenues and transfers
			15,626	68,169		Change in net position
¢	1,090,867	¢.	788,988	1,879,855	7,455	Net position at beginning of year, as restated
\$	1,143,410	\$	804,614 \$	1,948,024	\$ 7,936	Net position at end of year

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

Assets	G	eneral	Capi	tal Projects	Debt	t Service_	Gov	Other rernmental Funds	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
1155005										
Cash and cash equivalents Property taxes receivable (net) Interest receivable	\$	110,655 8,354 208	\$	158,595 83	\$	4,545 1,388 111	\$	97,751 2,034 169	\$	371,546 11,776 571
Due from other funds		6,834		185				511		7,530
Due from other governments		21,471		13,298				15,916		50,685
Accounts receivable		1,715		76				4,965		6,756
Inventory		4.550						1,564		1,564
Prepaid expenditures		4,550						1,067		5,617
Loan receivable		1,291		1.004				1,595		2,886
Restricted cash and cash equivalents			-	1,084	-		-	45		1,129
Total assets	\$	155,078	\$	173,321	\$	6,044	\$	125,617	\$	460,060
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances										
** 1900										
Liabilities	•	12.520	¢.	22.921			e	0.692	6	46.044
Accounts payable	\$	13,530	\$	22,831			\$	9,683	\$	46,044
Interest payable Contract retentions				901				12		12 901
Employee compensation		6,071		901				2,116		8,187
Due to other funds		344						6,992		7,336
Due to other governments		7		1				163		171
Deposits and rebates		218		1,084				5		1,307
Unearned revenue		450		1,001				4,838		5,288
Total liabilities		20,620		24,817				23,809		69,246
Deferred inflows of resources										
Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental		13,028		2,067				6,156		21,251
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		6,264			\$	1,040		1,509		8,813
Unavailable revenue - other		1,674		56				1,514		3,244
Total deferred inflows of resources		20,966		2,123		1,040		9,179		33,308
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		41,586		26,940		1,040		32,988		102,554
Fund balances		1566						2 676		7 242
Nonspendable Portrioted		4,566		126 990				2,676		7,242 227,813
Restricted Committed				136,889				90,924 1,972		1,972
Assigned		101		9,492		5,004		4,747		19,344
Unassigned		108,825		9,492		3,004		(7,690)		101,135
Total fund balances		113,492		146,381		5,004		92,629		357,506
T-4-1 lightilising defense 1 in Green Comment					-	<u> </u>				
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	155,078	\$	173,321	\$	6,044	\$	125,617	\$	460,060

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

Fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 357,506
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Governmental capital assets	\$ 3,061,499	
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,195,492)	1,866,007
Some liabilities, such as pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liabilities and		
bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are		
not reported in the governmental funds.		
Bonds payable	(373,690)	
Certificates of participation payable	(166,617)	
Notes and leases payable	(2,116)	
Pollution remediation	(236)	
Landfill closure liability	(9,978)	
Net pension/OPEB liability	(771,955)	
Compensated absences liability	(32,775)	(1,357,367)
Net OPEB assets held in trust for future benefits are not available resources		
for county operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Net OPEB asset		3,249
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB and deferred charges		
on debt refunding are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported		
in the governmental funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB	117,814	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB	(44,790)	
Deferred outflows for bond refunding	8,003	81,027
Some receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures		
and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds.		33,308
and, meretore, are reported as unavariable revenue in the governmental funds.		33,306
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain		
activities to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities,		
and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in		
governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		159,680
Net position of governmental activities	-	\$ 1,143,410
1 8	=	,,

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	General	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	0 242.026		D 56.004	02.102	f 401 222
Property taxes	\$ 342,036		\$ 56,004	\$ 83,182	\$ 481,222
Licenses and permits	3,281	A 11.010	12	6,625	9,906
Intergovernmental	157,776	\$ 11,010	13	133,869	302,668
Charges for services	41,314	7,046		15,557	63,917
Fines and forfeits	3,532			3,994	7,526
Investment earnings	1,203	1,347	477	995	4,022
Miscellaneous	5,668	364		13,909	19,941
Total revenues	554,810	19,767	56,494	258,131	889,202
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	223,344			34,167	257,511
Public safety	146,832			25,864	172,696
Highways and streets				42,038	42,038
Sanitation	1,214			1,100	2,314
Health	3,763			35,419	39,182
Welfare	94,594				94,594
Culture and recreation	17,973			44,097	62,070
Education and economic opportunity	12,893			27,209	40,102
Capital outlay		78,370			78,370
Debt Service - principal	952		96,005	617	97,574
- interest	109		20,133	2	20,244
- miscellaneous			729		729
Total expenditures	501,674	78,370	116,867	210,513	907,424
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	53,136	(58,603)	(60,373)	47,618	(18,222)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Premium on bonds		395	2,226		2,621
Face amount of long-term debt issued		73,660			73,660
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	11			555	566
Transfers in	4,393	35,063	60,024	22,330	121,810
Transfers (out)	(46,084)	(571)		(47,869)	(94,524)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(41,680)	108,547	62,250	(24,984)	104,133
Net change in fund balances	11,456	49,944	1,877	22,634	85,911
Fund balances at beginning of year	102,036	96,437	3,127	69,995	271,595
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 113,492	\$ 146,381	\$ 5,004	\$ 92,629	\$ 357,506

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 (in thousands)

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 85,911
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Expenditures for capital assets \$ 49,9 Less current year depreciation (76,3)	
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of the principal of debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	
Face amount of long-term debt issued (73,6 Premium on bonds (2.6	,
Premium on bonds (2,6 Debt service - principal payments 97,5	
Amortization of premiums/discounts 7,8	06
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding (2,8)	<u>05)</u> 26,294
Some revenues reported in the Statement of Activities do not represent the collection of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.	
Donations of capital assets 11,0	51
Intergovernmental 5,1	
	00 14 16,941
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
e ,	95) 91)
	60
Net book value of capital asset disposals (15,6)	
Judgments and claims 6,4	10 (9,124)
County pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the County's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB is reported in the Statement of Activities.	
Pension/OPEB contributions 52,0 Pension/OPEB expense (104,2)	
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The incorporation of the external activities of these funds, and the elimination of profit/loss generated by primary government	
customers results in net revenue (expense) for governmental activities.	11,115
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 52,543

Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds June 30, 2018

(in thousands)

Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Regional Wastewater Reclamation	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 78,192	\$ 7,171	\$ 85,363	\$ 153,049
Restricted cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable	35,396 209	12	35,396 221	78
Due from other funds	209	23	23	78
Due from other governments	3	23	3	6
Accounts receivable	17,262	141	17,403	384
Inventory	2,691		2,691	936
Prepaid expense	415	9	424	10,693
Total current assets	134,168	7,356	141,524	165,146
Noncurrent assets:	54.254		54.254	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	54,354 127	19	54,354	44
Net other postemployment benefits asset Capital assets:	127	19	146	44
Land	13,704	1,768	15,472	449
Buildings and improvements	742,791	27,608	770,399	21,880
Sewage conveyance system	839,257	,	839,257	,
Equipment	152,987	2,374	155,361	64,085
Less accumulated depreciation	(609,667)	(12,095)	(621,762)	(34,252)
Construction in progress	74,158		74,158	597
Total capital assets (net)	1,213,230	19,655	1,232,885	52,759
Total noncurrent assets	1,267,711	19,674	1,287,385	52,803
Total assets	1,401,879	27,030	1,428,909	217,949
Deferred outflows of resources				
Pension/OPEB	4,413	673	5,086	3,497
Deferred charge on refunding	15,531	073	15,531	3,771
Total deferred outflows of resources	19,944	673	20,617	3,497
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	18,070	398	18,468	7,572
Employee compensation	565	102	667	223
Due to other funds	110 3,690	52	110 3,742	107
Due to other governments Unearned revenue	651	6	657	2
Current compensated absences	1,747	268	2,015	546
Current sewer revenue bonds and obligations payable	57,171	200	57,171	2.0
Current portion of wastewater loans payable	557		557	
Current portion reported but unpaid losses				4,502
Current portion incurred but not reported losses				6,050
Total current liabilities	82,561	826	83,387	19,002
Noncurrent liabilities:	1.026	114	1 140	257
Compensated absences payable	1,026 763	114	1,140 763	257
Contracts and notes payable Sewer revenue bonds and obligations payable	511,400		511,400	
Wastewater loans payable	2,998		2,998	
Reported but unpaid losses	_,-,		-,	17,275
Incurred but not reported losses				11,730
Net pension/OPEB liability	36,126	5,503	41,629	12,429
Total noncurrent liabilities	552,313	5,617	557,930	41,691
Total liabilities	634,874	6,443	641,317	60,693
Deferred inflows of resources	2 120	47.5	2.505	1.072
Pension/OPEB Total deferred inflows of resources	3,120	475 475	3,595	1,073
Total deletted lilliows of resources	3,120	4/3	3,393	1,073
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	666,763	19,655	686,418	52,759
Restricted for:	,	*	*	,
Debt service	40,271		40,271	
Capital projects	2,267		2,267	
Healthcare				35,458
Regional wastewater reclamation	19,351		19,351	
Unrestricted	55,177	1,130	56,307	71,463
Total net position	\$ 783,829	\$ 20,785	\$ 804,614	\$ 159,680

See accompanying notes to financial statements

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 (in thousands)

Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Enterprise Funds								
		Regional Wastewater Reclamation		Other Enterprise Funds		Total nterprise Funds	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds		
Operating revenues:	<u> </u>			_			· ·	_	
Charges for services	\$	162,420	\$	11,315	\$	173,735	\$	129,654	
Other		718		45		763		2,762	
Total operating revenues		163,138		11,360		174,498		132,416	
Operating expenses:									
Employee compensation		28,287		4,011		32,298		12,736	
Operating supplies and services		8,035		133		8,168		10,149	
Utilities		6,219				6,219			
Sludge and refuse disposal		1,787				1,787			
Repair and maintenance		6,906		225		7,131		1,837	
Incurred losses								60,031	
Insurance premiums								9,936	
General and administrative		14,318		2,926		17,244		13,756	
Consultants and professional services		11,758		258		12,016		6,822	
Depreciation		53,399		791		54,190		5,989	
Total operating expenses		130,709		8,344		139,053		121,256	
Operating income		32,429		3,016		35,445		11,160	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):									
Investment earnings		2,107		121		2,228		1,517	
Sewer connection fees		13,688				13,688			
Interest expense		(16,177)				(16,177)			
Debt issuance cost		(438)				(438)			
Loss on disposal of capital assets		(805)				(805)		56	
Loss on debt defeasance		(276)				(276)			
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(1,901)		121		(1,780)		1,573	
Income before contributions and transfers		30,528		3,137		33,665		12,733	
Capital contributions		7,354				7,354		275	
Transfers in		14		97		111		568	
Transfers (out)		(24,069)		(1,435)		(25,504)		(2,461)	
Change in net position		13,827		1,799		15,626		11,115	
Net position at beginning of year, as restated		770,002		18,986		788,988		148,565	
Net position at end of year	\$	783,829	\$	20,785	\$	804,614	\$	159,680	

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

(in thousands)

Business-Type Activities

	Enterprise Funds					Governmental		
		legional		Other		Total		ctivities-
		astewater	Enterprise		Enterprise		Internal Service	
Cook flows from an austing activities	Rec	clamation		Funds	Funds		Funds	
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from other funds for goods and services provided							\$	129,654
Cash received from customers for goods and services provided	\$	162,570	\$	11,383	\$	173,953	φ	129,034
Cash received from miscellaneous operations	Φ	718	φ	11,363	φ	718		2,486
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(29,611)		(1,764)		(31,375)		(36,098)
Cash payments to other funds for goods and services		(15,214)		(1,704) $(1,719)$		(16,933)		(5,329)
Cash payments for incurred losses		(13,214)		(1,/1))		(10,755)		(60,145)
Cash payments to employees for services		(30,630)		(4,823)		(35,453)		(11,968)
Cash payments to employees for services		(30,030)	-	(4,023)		(33,433)		(11,700)
Net cash provided by operating activities		87,833		3,077		90,910		18,600
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:								
Cash transfers in from other funds		14		97		111		568
Cash transfers out to other funds		(24,069)		(1,435)		(25,504)		(2,362)
Loans with other funds		85		26		111		4
Net cash used for noncapital financing activities		(23,970)		(1,312)		(25,282)		(1,790)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:								
Principal paid on bonds and loans		(61,284)				(61,284)		
Interest paid on bonds and loans		(24,290)				(24,290)		
Proceeds from issuance of sewer revenue obligations, including premium		44,977				44,977		
Sewer connection fees		13,351				13,351		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		8				8		151
Purchase and construction of capital assets		(41,438)		(121)		(41,559)		(8,964)
Loss on debt defeasance		(276)				(276)		
						//a a==\		
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(68,952)		(121)		(69,073)		(8,813)
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Interest received on cash and investments		2,005		113		2,118		1,478
Net cash provided by investing activities		2,005		113		2,118		1,478

(continued)

Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year

Cash and cash equivalents at end of year

(3,084)

171,026

167,942

1,757

5,414

7,171

(1,327)

176,440

175,113

9,475

143,574

153,049

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

(in thousands)

(continued)

(continued)	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds							ernmental	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities		Regional Wastewater Reclamation		Other Enterprise Funds		Total Enterprise Funds		Activities- Internal Service Funds	
Operating income	\$	32,429	\$	3,016	\$	35,445	\$	11,160	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:									
Depreciation and amortization		53,399		791		54,190		5,989	
Changes in assets and deferred outflows of resources: Decrease (increase) in assets:									
Accounts receivable		150		12		162		(275)	
Due from other governments				6		6		(1)	
Inventory and other assets		(78)				(78)		(207)	
Prepaid expense		(237)		(2)		(239)		64	
Net OPEB asset		(127)		(19)		(146)		(44)	
Increase in deferred outflows of resources:									
Pension/OPEB plans		2,590		494		3,084		2,582	
Changes in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources: Increase (decrease) in liabilities:									
Accounts payable		826		108		934		1,216	
Due to other governments		3,687		(47)		3,640			
Reported but unpaid losses Incurred but not reported losses								(1,509) 1,395	
Net Pension/OPEB liability		(2,029)		(861)		(2,890)		(932)	
Other liabilities		(127)		67		(60)		108	
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources:									
Pension/OPEB plans		(2,650)		(488)		(3,138)		(946)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	87,833	\$	3,077	\$	90,910	\$	18,600	

Noncash investing, capital, and noncapital financing activities during the year ended June 30, 2018:

Regional Wastewater Reclamation Enterprise Fund received developer-built conveyance systems with an estimated fair value of \$7,134. The Fund also received a donated sewer easement with an estimated fair value of \$220. These contributions were recorded as an increase in capital assets and capital contributions.

Regional Wastewater Reclamation Enterprise Fund disposed of capital assets with a net book value of \$814.

Internal Service Funds sold capital assets with a net book value of \$95, received capital contributions with a value of \$19 from General Government, received a transfer of capital assets with a net book value of \$132 from General Government and received a donation of capital assets with a net book value of \$35.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2018

	In	vestment Trust Funds	Agency Funds		
Assets	_		_		
Cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable	\$	172,239 192	\$	85,309	
Due from other governments		172		1,611	
Total assets		172,431		86,920	
<u>Liabilities</u> Employee compensation				2,869	
Due to other governments				56,613	
Deposits and rebates				27,438	
Total liabilities			\$	86,920	
Net position					
Held in trust for pool participants	\$	172,431			

172,431

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 (in thousands)

34
34
68
68
302
88
88
886)
17

Net position held in trust June 30, 2018

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pima County's accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, as amended by GASB Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017. GASB Statement No. 75 established standards for measuring and recognizing net assets or liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses/expenditures related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB) provided through defined benefit OPEB plans. In addition, Statement No. 75 requires disclosure of information related to OPEB. The County also implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues. GASB Statement No. 86 established requirements for increased consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt. Statement No. 86 also requires an additional disclosure for all in-substance defeasance transactions.

A. Reporting Entity

The County is a general purpose local government that is governed by a separately elected board of supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the County (the primary government) and its component units.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are so intertwined with the County that they are in substance part of the County's operations. Therefore, data from these units is combined with data of the County. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the County. Each blended and discretely presented component unit discussed below has a June 30 year-end.

The following describes the County's component units:

The Pima County Stadium District, a legally separate entity, was created in 1991 when the Board of Supervisors adopted a resolution to create the Stadium District to manage Kino Sports Complex. The District is a tax-levying, public improvement district and political taxing subdivision of the state of Arizona. The Stadium District, in conjunction with Pima County government, maintains the fiscal resources of the entire complex including facilities, grounds, personnel and the various services provided at the venue. Kino Sports Complex, which covers 155 acres, is the largest professional sports and entertainment venue of its kind in Pima County. The facility hosts youth athletics, amateur and professional sports, concerts and community events on its fields. The County Board of Supervisors serves as the Board of Directors and has operational responsibility for the District. Acting in the capacity of the Board of Directors, the Pima County Board of Supervisors is able to impose its will on the District. The Board of Directors levies the car rental surcharge rates and the recreation vehicle (RV) park tax for the District. The District is reported as a special revenue fund (blended component unit) in these financial statements. Complete financial statements for the District can be obtained from the Pima County Department of Finance and Risk Management located at 130 West Congress Street, Tucson, Arizona 85701.

The Pima County Library District was established in 1986 when legislation allowed full taxing authority and the ability to enter into agreements with other jurisdictions for the provision of library services. The Library District provides and maintains library services for the County's residents. The Pima County Board of Supervisors is the Board of Directors and has operational responsibility for the District. The Library District is reported as a special revenue fund (blended component unit) in these financial statements. Separate financial statements for the District are not available.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The Pima County Regional Flood Control District was established in 1978. The District is responsible for floodplain management activities for the unincorporated areas of Pima County (except national forests, parks, monuments and Native American Nations), the City of South Tucson, and the Town of Sahuarita. The Pima County Board of Supervisors is the Board of Directors and has operational responsibility for the Flood Control District. The Regional Flood Control District is reported as a special revenue fund (blended component unit) in these financial statements. Separate financial statements for the District are not available.

The Pima County Street Lighting Districts (SLDs) operate and maintain street lighting for specific regions in areas outside local city jurisdictions. The Pima County Board of Supervisors serves as the Board of Directors and has operational responsibility for the Districts. SLDs are reported as a special revenue fund in these financial statements and meet substantively the same criteria as blended component units. Separate financial statements for the SLDs are not available.

The Rocking K South Community Facilities District is a legally separate entity that is utilized to finance the design and construction of arterial and collector roadways, public sewer transmission mains, public regional parks and any other public infrastructure required for the planned Rocking K South community. The Pima County Board of Supervisors serves as its Board of Directors and has operational responsibility for the District. The Rocking K South Community Facilities District is reported as a special revenue fund (blended component unit) in these financial statements. Separate financial statements for the District are not available.

The Southwestern Fair Commission, Inc. (SFC) is a nonprofit corporation which manages and maintains the fairgrounds owned by the County and conducts annual fair and other events at the fairgrounds. The Commission's members are appointed and can be removed at any time by the Pima County Board of Supervisors. Based on these factors, and because SFC does not provide services entirely, or almost entirely to the County, but rather to the general citizenry, SFC is reported as a separate component unit (discrete presentation) in these financial statements. Complete financial statements for SFC can be obtained from the Pima County Department of Finance and Risk Management located at 130 West Congress Street, Tucson, Arizona 85701.

Related Organization:

The Industrial Authority of Pima County (Authority) is a legally separate entity that was created to promote economic development and the development of affordable housing. The Authority fulfills its function through the issuance of tax-exempt bonds. The County Board of Supervisors appoints the Authority's Board of Directors. The Authority's operations are completely separate from the County and the County is not financially accountable for the Authority. Therefore, the financial activities of the Authority have not been included in the accompanying financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the County as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

Government-wide statements - Provide information about the primary government (the County) and its component units. The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report the overall government's financial activities except for fiduciary activities. The statements also distinguish between the

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

governmental and business-type activities of the County and between the County and its discretely presented component units. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

A statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities and segment of its business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The County does not allocate indirect expenses to programs or functions. Program revenues include:

- charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided;
- operating grants and contributions; and
- capital grants and contributions, including special assessments.

Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including internally dedicated resources and all taxes the County levies or imposes, are reported as general revenues.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. However, charges for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated if the prices approximate their external exchange values.

Fund financial statements - Provide information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements are presented for the governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary fund categories. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Fiduciary funds are aggregated and reported by fund type.

Proprietary fund revenues and expenses are classified as either operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from transactions associated with the fund's principal activity. Accordingly, revenues, such as user charges, in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values, are operating revenues. Other revenues result from transactions in which the parties do not exchange equal values and are considered nonoperating revenues such as connection fees, intergovernmental revenues, along with investment earnings and revenues ancillary activities generate. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. Other expenses, such as interest expense, are considered nonoperating expenses.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund revenues are primarily from property taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, other than those financed by proprietary funds. Capital Projects Fund revenues and other financing sources are primarily from intergovernmental, face amount of long-term debt and transfers in.

The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest. Revenues and other financing sources are primarily from property taxes, proceeds from refunding debt, and transfers in.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Regional Wastewater Reclamation (RWR) accounts for the management and operation of wastewater treatment and water pollution control programs. Revenues are primarily from charges for services and connection fees.

The County also reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds account for fleet maintenance and operation, insurance, and telecommunications services provided to the County's departments or to other governments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Investment Trust Funds account for pooled assets and individual investment accounts the County Treasurer holds and invests on behalf of other governmental entities.

Agency Funds account for assets the County holds as an agent for the State, cities, towns, and other parties.

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The agency funds are custodial in nature and do not have a measurement focus but utilize the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements the provider imposed have been met.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of grants and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. The County applies grant resources to such programs before using general revenues.

Governmental funds in the fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. The County recognizes property taxes to be available if collected within 30 days. In addition, other taxes that are reported as intergovernmental revenues, i.e. state shared sales tax, highway user revenues and vehicle license tax, recreational vehicle taxes, car rental surcharges, and hotel excise taxes are also recognized if collected within 30 days. Grant funded intergovernmental revenues are considered available if collected within 60 days after fiscal year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, pension/OPEB, landfill closure and postclosure care costs, and pollution remediation obligations, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they are due and payable. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease agreements are reported as other financing sources.

D. Cash and Investments

For the statement of cash flows, the County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, cash and investments held by the County Treasurer, investments in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool, and only those highly liquid investments with a maturity of 3 months or less when purchased. All investments are stated at fair value.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. Inventories and Prepaids

Inventories in the government-wide and proprietary funds' financial statements are recorded as assets when purchased and expensed when consumed.

The County accounts for its inventories in the Wireless Integrated Network Fund using the purchase method. Inventories of the Wireless Integrated Network Fund consist of spare parts for the fixed network equipment held for consumption and are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. These inventories are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out method or average cost method.

Inventories of the Transportation Fund are recorded as assets when purchased and expensed when used. They are valued at lower of cost or market, cost being determined using the moving average method.

Inventories of RWR, an enterprise fund, are valued at lower of cost or market, cost being determined using the moving average method.

Inventories of Internal Service Funds are valued at lower of cost or market, cost being determined using the moving average method.

Prepaid expenses/expenditures are accounted for using the consumption method, except for the School Reserve Fund reported as an Other Governmental Fund, which uses the purchase method.

F. Property Tax Calendar

The County levies real and personal property taxes on or before the third Monday in August that become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May. A lien assessed against real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost or estimated historical cost if historical records are not available. Donated assets are reported at acquisition value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold	Depreciation <u>Method</u>	Estimated <u>Useful Life</u>
Land	All	N/A	N/A
Land improvements			
(Reported in buildings and improvements)	All	Straight Line	20 - 30 Years
Buildings and improvements	\$100	Straight Line	10 - 50 Years
Equipment	\$5	Straight Line	4 - 25 Years
Infrastructure/Sewer conveyance systems	\$100	Straight Line	10 - 50 Years
Intangible (Reported in land and infrastructure)	\$100	Straight Line	Varies
Software (Reported in equipment)	\$5,000	Straight Line	Varies

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Discretely presented component unit:

The Southwestern Fair Commission, Inc. capital assets are reported at actual cost. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful life, which range from 3 to 40 years.

H. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position and balance sheet include separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods that will be recognized as an expense or expenditure in future periods. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to future periods and will be recognized as a revenue in future periods.

I. Postemployment benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) assets and liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the plans' fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

J. Fund Balance Classifications

The governmental funds' fund balances are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on those resources' use. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, such as inventories, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balances are those that have externally imposed restrictions on their usage by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations.

The unrestricted fund balance category is composed of committed, assigned, and unassigned resources. Committed fund balances are self-imposed limitations that the County's Board of Supervisors, the highest level of decision-making authority within the County, approved by formal action (ordinance). Only the Board can remove or change the constraints placed on committed fund balances. This approval must be given at a regular supervisory meeting by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

Assigned fund balances are resources constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Supervisors has authorized the County Administrator to make assignments of resources for a specific purpose. Modifications or rescissions of the constraints can also be removed by the same action that limited the funds.

The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not reported in the other classifications. Also, deficits in fund balances of the other governmental funds are reported as unassigned.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

When an expenditure is incurred that can be paid from either restricted or unrestricted fund balances, it is the County's policy to use restricted fund balance first. For the disbursement of unrestricted fund balances, the County will use committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and lastly unassigned amounts.

K. Investment Earnings

Investment earnings are composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

L. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences payable consist of annual leave and a calculated amount of sick leave earned by employees based on services already rendered.

Employees may accumulate up to 240 hours of annual leave depending upon years of service, but they forfeit any annual leave hours in excess of the maximum amount that are unused at year-end. Upon termination of employment, all unused and unforfeited annual leave benefits are paid to employees. Accordingly, annual leave benefits are accrued as a liability in the government-wide and proprietary funds' financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds' financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements by fiscal year-end.

Employees may accumulate up to 1,920 hours of sick leave. Generally, sick leave benefits provide for ordinary sick pay and are cumulative but most employees forfeit them upon terminating employment. However, employees who have accumulated greater than 240 hours of sick leave and are eligible to retire will receive some benefits. Employees who are eligible to retire from County service into the Arizona State Retirement System, Public Safety Personnel Retirement System, or Corrections Officer Retirement Plan may request sick leave to be converted to annual leave on a predetermined conversion basis. An estimate of those retirement payouts is accrued as a liability in the government-wide and proprietary funds' financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds' financial statements under Employee Compensation only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements by fiscal year-end.

Note 2: Change in Accounting Principle and Correction of a Misstatement – Prior Period Adjustment

Net position as of July 1, 2017, has been restated as follows for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* (OPEB), as amended by GASB Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*. In addition, governmental activities net position at July 1, 2017, has been restated for land, infrastructure, and other improvements assets that were contributed to other governments in prior years, but were still reported in the County's asset amounts in error.

			(in thousands)		
	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	type Enterprise		Internal Service Funds
Net Position as previously reported at June 30, 2017	\$ 1,114,384	\$ 788,981	\$ 769,996	\$ 18,985	\$ 148,564
Prior period adjustment					
Implementation of GASB 75:					
Net OPEB asset (measurement date as of June 30, 2016)	1,131				
Net OPEB liability (measurement date as of June 30, 2016)	(2,755)	(177)	(152)	(25)	(54)
Deferred outflows-county contributions made during fiscal year 2017	1,675	184	158	26	55
Other:					
Cost of land, infrastructure & other improvements contributed to other government	ats (43,391)				
Accumulated depreciation	19,823				
Total prior period adjustment	(23,517)	7	6	1	1
Net position as restated, July 1, 2017	\$ 1,090,867	\$ 788,988	\$ 770,002	\$ 18,986	\$ 148,565

Note 3: Cash and Investments

Primary Government

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize the County to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's investment pool; obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or any of the senior debt of its agencies, sponsored agencies, corporations, sponsored corporations, or instrumentalities; specified state and local government bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness; interest-earning investments such as savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; specified commercial paper issued by corporations organized and doing business in the United States; specified bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars; and certain open-end and closed-end mutual funds, including exchange traded funds. In addition, the County Treasurer may invest trust funds in certain fixed income securities of corporations doing business in the United States or District of Columbia.

Credit risk—The State statutes have the following requirements for credit risk:

- 1. Commercial paper must be of prime quality and be rated within the top two ratings by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 2. Specified bonds, debentures, notes and other evidence of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars must be rated "A" or better by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies at the time of purchase.
- 3. Fixed income securities must carry one of the two highest ratings by Moody's Investors Service and Standard and Poor's rating service. If only one of the above-mentioned services rates the security, it must carry the highest rating of that service.

Custodial credit risk—Statutes require a pooled collateral program for public deposits and a Statewide Collateral Pool Administrator (Administrator) in the State Treasurer's Office. The purpose of the pooled collateral program is to ensure that governmental entities' public deposits placed in participating depositories are secured with collateral of 102 percent of the public deposits, less any applicable deposit insurance. An eligible depository may not retain or accept any public deposit unless it has deposited the required collateral with a qualified escrow agent or the Administrator. The Administrator manages the pooled collateral program, including reporting on each depository's compliance with the program.

Concentration of credit risk—Statutes do not include any requirements for concentration of credit risk.

Interest rate risk—Statutes require that public monies invested in securities and deposits have a maximum maturity of 5 years. Investments in repurchase agreements must have a maximum maturity of 180 days.

Foreign currency risk—Statutes do not allow foreign investments unless the investment is denominated in United States dollars.

Deposits—At June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$92,007, and the bank balance was \$101,395.

Note 3: Cash and Investments (continued)

Custodial credit risk—Custodial credit risk is the risk that the County will not be able to recover its deposits if a financial institution fails. The County does not have a formal policy with respect to custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2018, \$4,266 of the County's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investments—At June 30, 2018, the County's investments consisted of \$375,880 invested in marketable securities and \$490,451 invested in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. Cash from the County and from externally legally separate governments are pooled to purchase the investments in marketable securities and the State Treasurer's Pool. The State Board of Investment provides oversight for the State Treasurer's pools. The fair value of a participant's position in the pool approximates the value of that participant's pool shares and the participant's shares are not identified with specific investments.

Credit risk—Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The County does not have a formal investment policy with respect to credit risk.

At June 30, 2018, credit risk for the County's investments was as follows:

			Star	Standard & Poor's/Moody's Rating				
Investment Type	Fair Value	Not Rated	AAA/Aaa	AA/Aa	A/A	BBB/Baa		
Corporate bonds	\$ 139,875		\$ 9,982	\$ 18,953	\$ 103,446	\$ 7,494		
Federal agency securities	201,651			201,651				
Money market mutual fund	34,354		34,354					
State Treasurer's Pool 5	239,852		239,852					
State Treasurer's Pool 500	167,017	\$ 167,017						
State Treasurer's Pool 7	83,582	83,582						
Total	\$ 866,331	\$ 250,599	\$ 284,188	\$ 220,604	\$ 103,446	\$ 7,494		

Custodial credit risk—For an investment, custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of the counterparty's failure, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County has no formal policy with respect to custodial credit risk. Of the County's \$866,331 of investments, \$341,526, consisting of the corporate bonds and federal agency securities, are uninsured and held by a counterparty in the County's name in book entry form.

Concentration of credit risk—The County has no formal policy with respect to limiting the amount the Treasurer may invest in any one issuer. The County had investments at June 30, 2018 of 5% or more in Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation and Federal Home Loan Bank. These investments were 10% and 8%, respectively, of the County's total investments.

Note 3: Cash and Investments (continued)

Interest rate risk—Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect an investment's fair value. The County does not have a formal investment policy with respect to interest rate risk.

As of June 30, 2018, the County had the following investments:

Investment Type	Amount	Weighted Average Maturity
		(Years)
State Treasurer Investment Pool 5	\$ 239,852	0.08
State Treasurer Investment Pool 500	167,017	3.19
State Treasurer Investment Pool 7	83,582	0.09
Corporate bonds	139,875	0.77
Federal Farm Credit Bank	29,851	1.51
Federal Home Loan Bank	67,586	1.66
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	89,861	3.13
Federal National Mortgage Association	14,353	1.34
Money market mutual fund	34,354	0.07
-	\$ 866,331	

A reconciliation of cash, deposits, and investments to amounts shown on the Statements of Net Position follows:

Cash, deposits and investments:		Cash on <u>Hand</u> \$ 47	Amount of Deposits \$ 92,007	Investn		i.	\$ <u>Tota</u> 958,	_
Statement of Net Position	(Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type Activities		Investment Trust Funds	Agency <u>Funds</u>		<u>Totals</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	524,595	\$ 85,363	\$	172,239	\$ 85,309	\$	867,506
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		1,129	89,750					90,879
Total	\$	525,724	\$ 175,113	\$	172,239	\$ 85,309	\$	958,385

Note 3: Cash and Investments (continued)

County Treasurer's Investment Pool—Arizona Revised Statutes require community colleges, school districts, and other local governments to deposit certain public monies with the County Treasurer. The County Treasurer has a fiduciary responsibility to administer those and the County monies under her stewardship. The County Treasurer invests, on a pool basis, all monies not specifically invested for a fund or program. In addition, the County Treasurer determines the fair value of those pooled investments annually at June 30. The County Treasurer's Investment Pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company and there is no regulatory oversight of its operations. The structure of the Pool does not provide for shares and the County has not provided or obtained any legally binding guarantees to support the value of the participants' investments. The County Treasurer allocates interest earnings to each of the Pool's participants. Substantially all deposits and investments of the County's primary government are included in the County Treasurer's investment pool. Therefore, the deposit and investment risks of the Treasurer's investment pool are substantially the same as the County's deposit and investment risks disclosed above.

The Pool's assets consist of the following:

	<u>Principal</u>		Rates	Maturities	<u>F</u>	<u>air Value</u>
Corporate bonds	\$	139,538	1.00-5.13%	07/18-03/20	\$	139,875
Federal Farm Credit Bank		30,000	1.20-2.70%	12/18-12/20		29,851
Federal Home Loan Bank		68,000	0.88-2.38%	11/18-02/22		67,586
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation		90,000	1.10-3.75%	02/19-03/23		89,861
Federal National Mortgage Association		14,496	1.13-1.95%	10/18-11/20		14,353
State Treasurer Investment Pool 5		144,030	N/A	N/A		144,030
Deposits		54,126	N/A	N/A		54,126
Interest receivable		192	N/A	N/A		192
Total assets					\$	539,874

A condensed statement of the investment pool's net position and changes in net position follows:

Statement of Net Position Assets held in trust for:		
		166015
Internal participants	\$	466,945
External participants		72,929
Total assets		539,874
Total liabilities		
Total net position held in trust	\$	539,874
Statement of Changes in Net Position		
Total additions	\$	5,757,192
Total deductions	(5,749,812)
Net increase		7,380
Net position held in trust:		
July 1, 2017		532,494
June 30, 2018	\$	539,874

Note 3: Cash and Investments (continued)

Fair Value Measurement—The County's investments at June 30, 2018, categorized within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles, were as follows:

Fair value measurement using

		active	ed prices in markets for tical assets		Significant other observable inputs		
Investment by fair value level	<u>Amount</u>	<u>(</u>	Level 1)	9	<u>(Level 2)</u>		
Corporate bonds	139,875	\$	106,933	\$	32,942		
Federal Farm Credit Bank	29,851				29,851		
Federal Home Loan Bank	67,586		27,894		39,692		
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	89,861		5,103		84,758		
Federal National Mortgage Association	14,353				14,353		
Money market mutual fund	34,354		34,354				
Total investments by fair value level	\$ 375,880	\$	174,284	\$	201,596		
External investment pools measured at fair value State Treasurer's investment pools	490.451						

External investment pools measured at fair value State Treasurer's investment pools	490,451
Total investments measured at fair value	\$ 866,331

The investments categorized as Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those investments.

The investments categorized as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted for those investments in markets that are not active.

Investments in the State Treasurer's investment pool are valued at the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares the County held. The fair value of a participant's position in the pools approximates the value of that participant's pool shares. The State Board of Investment provides oversight for the State Treasurer's investment pools.

Note 4: Fund Balance Classification of the Governmental Funds

The table below details the fund balance categories and classifications:

Fund Balance:	General Fund		tal Projects Fund	t Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds			Total	
Nons pendable:									
Inventory					\$	1,564	\$	1,564	
Prepaid expenditures	\$ 4,550				•	1,067	•	5,617	
Loan receivable	16					,		16	
Permanent fund principal						45		45	
Total nonspendable	4,566					2,676		7,242	
Restricted for:							'		
Community and economic development		\$	1,029			1,795		2,824	
Flood Control District		•	10,049			9,119		19,168	
Health			,			7,871		7,871	
Judicial activities						21,025		21,025	
Law enforcement						4,693		4,693	
Library District			1,012			14,494		15,506	
Municipal facilities			19,971					19,971	
Parks and recreation			295			997		1,292	
Pima animal care			1,869			1,926		3,795	
Sanitation			918			1,710		2,628	
School reserve						256		256	
Sports promotion (Stadium)			1,124					1,124	
Streets and highways			99,405			26,293		125,698	
Other purposes			1,217			745		1,962	
Total restricted			136,889			90,924		227,813	
Committed to:									
Parks and recreation						1,520		1,520	
School reserve						239		239	
Sports promotion (Stadium)						213		213	
Total committed				 		1,972		1,972	
Assigned to:									
Community and economic development						558		558	
Debt service reserve				\$ 5,004				5,004	
Judicial activities						93		93	
Health						1,474		1,474	
Law enforcement	99							99	
Municipal facilities			9,031			255		9,286	
Parks and recreation	2					1,977		1,979	
Other purposes			461	 		390		851	
Total assigned	 101		9,492	 5,004		4,747		19,344	
Unassigned:	108,825			 		(7,690)		101,135	
Total Fund Balance	\$ 113,492	\$	146,381	\$ 5,004	\$	92,629	\$	357,506	

Note 5: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Balance 7/1/2017*		I	ncreases	D	Decreases		Balance June 30, 2018
Governmental activities:	<u> </u>			_				_
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	532,583	\$	9,834	\$	(5,029)	\$	537,388
Construction in progress		57,280		78,837		(93,222)		42,895
Total capital assets not being depreciated		589,863		88,671		(98,251)		580,283
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements		874,573		33,436		(768)		907,241
Infrastructure		1,424,175		26,444		(15,867)		1,434,752
Equipment		223,249		17,179		(14,194)		226,234
Total capital assets being depreciated		2,521,997		77,059	'	(30,829)		2,568,227
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		(284,505)		(25,602)		295		(309,812)
Infrastructure		(764,938)		(40,323)		6,103		(799,158)
Equipment		(115,830)		(16,399)		11,455		(120,774)
Total accumulated depreciation		(1,165,273)		(82,324)	'	17,853		(1,229,744)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		1,356,724		(5,265)		(12,976)		1,338,483
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	1,946,587	\$	83,406	\$	(111,227)	\$	1,918,766

^{*}Beginning balances were restated to remove land, infrastructure, and other improvements that were contributed to other governments in a prior year (see Note 2).

	Balance 7/1/2017		I	ncreases	Decreases		Balance une 30, 2018
Business-type activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	14,998	\$	474			\$ 15,472
Construction in progress		70,705		49,396	\$	(45,943)	 74,158
Total capital assets not being depreciated		85,703		49,870		(45,943)	 89,630
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements		768,844		1,630		(75)	770,399
Sewage conveyance systems		798,450		44,705		(3,898)	839,257
Equipment		149,785		6,734		(1,158)	155,361
Total capital assets being depreciated		1,717,079		53,069		(5,131)	1,765,017
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements		(191,410)		(27,262)		75	(218,597)
Sewage conveyance systems		(321,238)		(16,163)		3,364	(334,037)
Equipment		(59,241)		(10,765)		878	(69,128)
Total accumulated depreciation		(571,889)		(54,190)		4,317	 (621,762)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		1,145,190		(1,121)		(814)	1,143,255
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	1,230,893	\$	48,749	\$	(46,757)	\$ 1,232,885

Note 5: Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 17,709
Public safety	12,806
Highways and streets	36,953
Sanitation	415
Health	430
Welfare	16
Culture and recreation	7,173
Education and economic opportunity	833
Internal service funds	 5,989
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 82,324
Business-type activities:	
Parking Garages	\$ 791
Regional Wastewater Reclamation Department	 53,399
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$ 54,190

Discretely presented component units: Southwestern Fair Commission (SFC):	lance 1, 2017	Inc	ereases	Deci	Decreases		Balance une 30, 2018
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Construction in progress	\$ 9			\$	(9)		
Total capital assets not being depreciated	9				(9)		
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment Total capital assets being depreciated	 9,290 2,658 11,948	\$	843 130 973		(76) (155) (231)	\$	10,057 2,633 12,690
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements	(4,502)		(481)		76		(4,907)
Equipment	(2,321)		(109)		155		(2,275)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,823)		(590)		231		(7,182)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	 5,125		383				5,508
SFC capital assets, net	\$ 5,134	\$	383	\$	(9)	\$	5,508

Note 6: Claims, Judgments and Risk Management

Self-Insurance Trust Fund (SIT Fund)

The SIT Fund, an internal service fund, accounts for the financing of the insured risk of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; medical malpractice; environmental claims; and natural disasters. The SIT Fund is liable for any single general or automobile liability claim up to \$2,500 per occurrence, any workers' compensation claim up to \$1,000 per occurrence, and any single medical malpractice claim up to \$1,000 per occurrence. The County purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of the self-insurance retention provided by the SIT Fund. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the last three fiscal years. Any current unemployment claims and environmental claims are self-funded.

All of the County's departments participate in the SIT Fund. Charges are based on actuarial estimates, loss history, and other factors as appropriate to determine amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims.

At June 30, 2018, claims liabilities for each insurable category are as follows:

Auto liability	\$ 191
General liability	15,467
Workers' compensation	17,789
Medical malpractice	110
Environmental liability	 1,500
	\$ 35,057

The above amounts, excluding the environmental liability, are reported at their present value using an expected future investment yield assumption of 2 percent.

Changes in the unpaid claims liability reported in the SIT Fund are as follows:

		Current-Year		
		Claims and		
	Balance	Changes in	Claims	Balance
Year	July 1	Estimates	Payments	June 30
2016-17	\$ 41,124	\$ 626	\$ (6,279)	\$ 35,471
2017-18	35,471	7,139	(7,553)	35,057

Health Benefits Trust Fund (HBT Fund)

The HBT Fund, an internal service fund, accounts for the financing of the County's self-insured medical/pharmacy plan for employees and their dependents. The HBT Fund is responsible for collecting employer and employee premiums through payroll deductions and reimbursing Aetna, acting as a third-party administrator, for the payment of claims.

The plan consists of two options, a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP) with a Health Savings Account (HSA), or an HDHP without an HSA. The County purchases commercial stop-loss insurance coverage for claims in excess of coverage provided by the HBT Fund.

Note 6: Claims, Judgments and Risk Management (continued)

Claim liabilities are computed using a combination of two actuarial methods: the completion factor approach and the exposure approach. Accrued actuarial liabilities for the HBT Fund at June 30, 2018, are primarily for the HDHP plans and include an actuarially estimated residual liability related to the former PPO plan. The liability amounts for each plan option are as follows:

High-Deductible Health Plan:	
Medical	\$ 3,112
Pharmacy	1,378
Preferred Provider Organization Plan:	
Medical	5
Pharmacy	5
	\$ 4,500

Changes in the unpaid claims liabilities reported in the HBT Fund are as follows:

			Cur	rrent-Year				
			Cl	aims and				
Balance Changes in Claims Balance								alance
Year		July 1 Estimates				ayments	J	une 30
2016-17	\$	4,600	\$	51,353	\$	(51,753)	\$	4,200
2017-18		4,200		52,892		(52,592)		4,500

Litigation

Pima County is a defendant in a number of court actions. In the opinion of County management, the final disposition of these actions, if unfavorable, will not have a material effect upon the County's financial statements.

Pollution Remediation

The County has estimated and reported an environmental liability of \$236 in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities (in noncurrent liabilities). Remediation efforts are currently underway at one County site: El Camino del Cerro.

Remediation efforts continue at the El Camino del Cerro site which is approximately bordered by the Santa Cruz River on the west, Interstate 10 on the east and El Camino del Cerro Road on the south. The groundwater contamination is suggested to resonate from the municipal and solid waste landfill operated on the site from 1973 to 1977.

The estimated liability was calculated based upon the expected future outlays associated with the estimate of one pump-and-treat system for one year. There is potential for changes due to increased costs associated with sewage disposal costs, construction costs for extraction and injection wells, and/or changes in the estimated extent of contamination.

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities

The following schedule details the County's long-term liability and obligation activities for the year ended June 30, 2018.

	Balance July 1, 2017		Ac	lditions	Reductions		Balance June 30, 2018			
Governmental activities:										
General obligation bonds Unamortized premium/discount	\$	321,285 15,669			\$	45,295 3,477	\$	275,990 12,192	\$	48,655 2,955
Total general obligation bonds		336,954				48,772		288,182		51,610
Transportation revenue bonds		84,435	\$	11,000		15,105		80,330		14,820
Unamortized premium/discount		5,254		1,684		1,760		5,178		1,542
Total transportation revenue bonds		89,689		12,684		16,865		85,508		16,362
Certificates of participation		134,205		62,660		35,605		161,260		64,875
Unamortized premium/discount		6,989		937		2,569		5,357		1,915
Total certificates of participation		141,194		63,597		38,174		166,617		66,790
Capital lease payable		88				50		38		38
Installment note payable		3,597				1,519		2,078		1,511
Net pension/OPEB liabilities (Note 10) *		741,704		42,680				784,384		
Reported but unpaid losses (Note 6)		23,286		221		1,730		21,777		4,502
Incurred but not reported losses (Note 6)		16,385		2,740		1,345		17,780		6,050
Landfill closure and post-closure care costs (Note 8)		9,787		191				9,978		
Pollution remediation (Note 6)		596				360		236		
Compensated absences payable		33,363		754		539		33,578		21,157
Total governmental activities										
long-term liabilities	\$	1,396,643	\$	122,867	\$	109,354	\$	1,410,156	\$	168,020

^{*} There was a restatement of net position as a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 (see Note 2).

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

		Balance uly 1, 2017		Balance July 1, 2017		Additions		ductions	Balance e 30, 2018	 e within l year
Business-type activities:										
Sewer revenue bonds	\$	20,505			\$	17,645	\$ 2,860	\$ 1,395		
Unamortized premium/discount		30				27	3	3		
Total revenue bonds payable		20,535				17,672	2,863	1,398		
Sewer revenue obligations		513,430	\$	38,205		42,565	509,070	44,585		
Unamortized premium/discount		61,056		7,210		11,628	56,638	11,188		
Total revenue obligations payable		574,486		45,415		54,193	565,708	55,773		
Regional Wastewater Reclamation										
Loan payable		4,630				1,075	3,555	557		
Total loan payable		4,630				1,075	3,555	557		
Net pension and other postemployment										
benefits liability (Note 10) *		44,520				2,891	41,629			
Contracts and notes		1,564		1,420		2,221	763			
Compensated absences payable		3,187		45		77	3,155	2,015		
Total business-type activities										
long-term liabilities	\$	648,922	\$	46,880	\$	78,129	\$ 617,673	\$ 59,743		

^{*} There was a restatement of net position as a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 (see Note 2).

The County's debt consists of various issues of general obligation bonds, transportation revenue bonds, certificates of participation, and sewer revenue bonds, loan, and obligations that are generally callable with interest payable semiannually. Bond proceeds primarily pay for acquiring or constructing capital facilities. Bonds have also been issued to advance-refund previously issued bonds. The County repays general obligation bonds from voter-approved property taxes. Transportation revenue bonds are repaid from net highway user revenues in the Transportation fund. Certificates of participation are repaid from General fund and other various funds' revenues. Sewer revenue bonds, obligations, and loan are repaid from the charges for services in the Regional Wastewater Reclamation fund.

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS OUTSTANDING

Governmental Activities

(Payments made from property tax revenues of the Debt Service Fund)

General obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2018, consisted of the outstanding general obligation bonds presented below.

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

The following table presents amounts outstanding by issue.

	Issue	Interest			Out	standing
<u>Is sue</u>	Amount	Rates	Maturities	Call Date	<u>June</u>	30, 2018
Series of 2008	\$ 100,000	4.00%	2019	July 1, 2018	\$	7,500
Series of 2009	75,000	3.75 - 4.00%	2019-20	July 1, 2019		6,000
Series of 2009A	90,000	3.50%	2019-21	July 1, 2019		19,195
Series of 2011	75,000	3.00 - 5.00%	2019-22	July 1, 2021		14,360
Series of 2012A	60,000	3.00 - 4.00%	2019-27	July 1, 2022		32,880
Series of 2013A	50,000	2.00 - 4.00%	2019-28	July 1, 2023		35,175
Series of 2013B Refunding	38,575	3.00%	2019-20			10,400
Series of 2014	10,000	1.50 - 5.00%	2019-28	July 1, 2023		7,390
Series of 2015	15,000	2.25 - 4.00%	2019-29	July 1, 2025		9,690
Series of 2016 Refunding	122,070	2.00 - 4.00%	2019-26			114,005
Series of 2017	25,680	1.83%	2019-21			19,395
G.O. bonds outstanding						275,990
Plus unamortized premium/	discount:					12,192
		Total G.O. bond	s outstanding		\$	288,182

The following schedule details general obligation bond debt service requirements to maturity at June 30, 2018.

Year Ending June 3	<u> 30,</u>	<u>I</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Ir</u>	<u>iteres t</u>
2019		\$	48,655	\$	9,471
2020			52,425		8,093
2021			40,945		6,647
2022			40,350		5,173
2023			28,810		3,561
2024-2028			63,820		6,170
2029			985		30
Т	Total	\$	275,990	\$	39,145

During fiscal year 2016-17, the County issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 to defease certain General Obligation Bonds by placing the proceeds of the new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for future debt service payments of the defeased debts. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the County's financial statements. At June 30, 2018, \$22,185 of General Obligation Bonds Series 2009, \$21,600 of Series 2009A, and \$17,380 of Series 2011 were considered defeased.

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

TRANSPORTATION BONDS PAYABLE

Governmental Activities

(Payments made from street and highway revenues)

Pima County transportation revenue bonds were issued to provide monies to construct improvements to the County's streets and highways. Of the total amount originally authorized, \$62,375 from the November 4, 1997 bond election remains unissued.

On April 12, 2018, the County issued Transportation Bonds, Series 2018 for \$11,000 to finance various street and highway improvements within the County.

The following table presents amounts outstanding by issue.

	Issue	Issue Interest			Outstanding		
<u>Is s ue</u>	Amount	Rates	Maturities	Call Date	June 30, 2018		
Series of 2008	\$ 25,000	4.25%	2019	July 1, 2018	\$ 2,600		
Series of 2009	15,000	4.00%	2019-20	July 1, 2019	3,445		
Series of 2009 Refunding	8,420	4.00%	2019-20	July 1, 2019	1,610		
Series of 2012	18,425	3.00 - 4.00%	2019-27	July 1, 2022	12,275		
Series of 2014	16,000	3.00 - 5.00%	2019-28	July 1, 2023	12,500		
Series of 2015 Refunding	13,685	5.00%	2019-20		10,250		
Series of 2016 Refunding	28,315	1.75 - 5.00%	2019-24		26,650		
Series of 2018	11,000	2.00 - 5.00%	2019-33	July 1, 2028	11,000		
Transportation bonds outstand	80,330						
Plus unamortized premium/disc	5,178						
Total transportation bonds outstanding							

The following schedule details transportation bond debt service requirements to maturity at June 30, 2018.

Year Ending June 30,	<u>P</u> 1	<u>rincipal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2019	\$	14,820	\$ 3,354
2020		14,405	2,749
2021		11,200	2,079
2022		10,605	1,544
2023		6,095	1,027
2024-2028		19,040	2,776
2029-2033		4,165	 645
Total	\$	80,330	\$ 14,174

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

Pima County has pledged future street and highway revenues, to repay \$80,330 in transportation revenue bonds issued between 2008 and 2018. Proceeds from the bonds provide financing for construction of various highways and streets within Pima County. The bonds are payable from transportation revenues and are payable through 2033. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$94,504. It is expected that approximately 10 percent of total future revenues will be used to pay annual principal and interest on the bonds. Prior year street and highway revenues are required to be greater than two times the maximum annual debt service payment. Principal and interest paid for bonds in the current year, and total current year street and highway revenues were \$18,703 and \$61,552, respectively.

During fiscal year 2016-17, the County issued Transportation Bonds, Series 2016 to defease certain Transportation Bonds by placing the proceeds of the new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for future debt service payments of the refunded debt. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the County's financial statements. At June 30, 2018, \$11,385 of Transportation Bonds Series 2009 were considered defeased.

CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION

Governmental Activities

(Payments made from General Fund revenues)

Certificates of Participation represent proportionate interests in semiannual lease payments. The County's obligation to make lease payments is subject to annual appropriations being made by the County for that purpose.

On April 4, 2018, the County issued Certificates of Participation Series 2018A for \$23,265 to finance the costs to renovate, construct and equip the Historic Courthouse facility of the County. The County also issued Certificates of Participation Series 2018B for \$39,395 for various road improvements and other capital projects in the county.

The following schedule details outstanding Certificates of Participation payable at June 30, 2018.

	Issue	Interest			Out	tstanding
<u>Issue</u>	Amount	Rates	Maturities	Call Date	<u>June</u>	e 30, 2018
Series of 2010	\$ 20,000	4.13%	2019		\$	2,625
Series of 2013A	80,175	5.00%	2019-23			13,150
Series of 2014	52,160	5.00%	2019-29	December 1, 2023		42,315
Series of 2015	57,025	5.00%	2019			12,025
Series of 2016A	19,110	5.00%	2019			5,610
Series of 2016A Refunding	9,640	5.00%	2019-22			9,135
Series of 2016B	15,185	1.73 - 4.04%	2019-31	June 1, 2026		13,740
Series of 2018A	23,265	3.00 - 5.00%	2019-21			23,265
Taxable Series 2018B	39,395	2.35 - 2.70%	2019-21			39,395
Certificates of participation	n outstanding					161,260
Plus unamortized premium	/discount:					5,357
	Total certifica	ates of participati	ion outstandin	g	\$	166,617
Taxable Series 2018B Certificates of participation	39,395 n outstanding /discount:	2.35 - 2.70%	2019-21	g	\$	39,395 161,260 5,357

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the County's Certificates of Participation payable at June 30, 2018.

Year Ending June 30	•]	<u>Principal</u>]	<u>Interes t</u>
2019		\$	64,875	\$	5,678
2020			21,960		3,845
2021			22,080		2,924
2022			9,995		2,203
2023			7,370		1,792
2024-2028			26,410		5,148
2029-2031			8,570		345
То	tal	\$	161,260	\$	21,935

On February 4, 2010, the County issued Certificates of Participation Series 2010 for \$20,000 to finance the replacement computer enterprise system composed of servers and other hardware, computer terminals, software and system training. The new enterprise system will serve the County with finance, budget, procurement, human resources, and material management systems.

On May 22, 2013, the County issued Certificates of Participation Series 2013A for \$80,175. The County intends to use \$60,000 of the proceeds from that issue for projects related to its sewer system. Although no sewer revenues are pledged for the repayment of the Certificates, the County intends to transfer available cash from the Regional Wastewater Reclamation Fund to repay that portion of the proceeds actually used for sewer projects.

On February 12, 2014, the County issued Certificates of Participation Series 2014 for \$52,160 to finance the costs of completing the Public Service Center and Office Tower. The County may also use a portion of the funds for other capital projects.

On April 15, 2015, the County issued Certificates of Participation Series 2015 for \$57,025 to expand and improve the County's existing sewer system facilities. The County may also use a portion of the funds for other capital projects.

On April 14, 2016, the County issued Certificates of Participation Series 2016A for \$28,750, \$9,640 to refund a portion of Certificates of Participation Series 2007A, and \$19,110 of the proceeds to expand and improve the County's existing sewer system facilities. Although no specific sewer revenues are pledged for the repayment of the Certificates, the County anticipates using available cash from the Regional Wastewater Reclamation Fund to repay that portion of the proceeds actually used for sewer projects. In addition, the County issued Certificates of Participation Series 2016B for \$15,185 to develop, design, and construct a manufacturing and administrative headquarters to be used by World View Enterprises, Inc., which will lease the facility from the County over a 20-year period.

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

INSTALLMENT NOTE PAYABLE

Governmental Activities

In prior years, the County acquired Painted Hills property under contract agreements at a total purchase price of \$7,500 and acquired the open space generally in the area of Greasewood Road and West 36th Street under contract agreements at a total purchase price of \$2,075. The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the County's installment note payable at June 30, 2018.

	Land			
Year Ending June 30,	Pr	<u>incipal</u>	<u>Inte</u>	erest
2019	\$	1,511	\$	54
2020		567		
Total	\$	2,078	\$	54

CAPITAL LEASE

Governmental Activities

In prior years, the County acquired computer network storage arrays under a long-term capital lease agreement. The carrying value of assets acquired through capital lease consists of \$82 of equipment.

The debt service requirement to maturity for the County's capital lease payable at June 30, 2018 was \$38, payable in fiscal year 2019.

SEWER REVENUE BONDS, OBLIGATIONS AND LOAN

Business-type Activities

(Payments made from user charges received in the RWR)

Pima County sewer revenue bonds, as presented below, were issued to provide monies to construct improvements to the County's Regional Wastewater Reclamation system.

	Issue	Interest			Outs	tanding
<u>Is s ue</u>	Amount	Rates	Maturities	Call Date	June 3	30,2018
Series of 2009	\$ 18,940	3.75%	2019-20	July 1, 2019	\$	2,860
Sewer revenue bonds outstan	ding					2,860
Plus unamortized premium/discount:						
Total sewer revenue bonds outstanding						2,863

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

The following schedule details sewer revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity at June 30, 2018.

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Pr</u>	<u>incipal</u>	<u>Int</u>	<u>erest</u>
2019	\$	1,395	\$	107
2020		1,465		55
Total	\$	2,860	\$	162

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the County defeased \$16,320 of Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2008 with existing resources to reduce the debt service costs and help eliminate the need for future sewer rate increases. Accordingly, the related liabilities are not included in the County's financial statements. The County placed \$16,637 of existing cash in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for the future debt service payments of \$16,646 on the defeased debt.

On June 17, 2010, Pima County issued Sewer Revenue Obligations Series 2010 for \$165,000 primarily to pay a portion of the capital project costs associated with the construction, expansion and improvement of sewer treatment facilities and conveyance systems for the county-wide sewer system, including the Agua Nueva (previously known as Roger Road) and Tres Rios (previously known as Ina Road) Wastewater Reclamation Facilities.

In December 2011, the County issued Sewer Revenue Obligations Series 2011B for \$189,160 to provide additional funding for the construction and improvements of the County's wastewater conveyance systems and treatment facilities.

In December 2012, the County issued Sewer Revenue Obligations Series 2012A for \$128,795. The net proceeds of the issuance were used primarily to pay a portion of the costs of the construction, expansion and improvement of sewer treatment facilities and conveyance systems for the System, including the Agua Nueva and Tres Rios Wastewater Reclamation Facilities.

In February 2014, the County issued Sewer Revenue Obligations Series 2014 for \$48,500. The net proceeds of the issuance were used primarily to pay a portion of the costs of the construction, expansion and improvement of sewer treatment facilities and conveyance systems.

In February 2017, the County issued Sewer Revenue Obligations Series 2017 for \$45,000. The net proceeds of the issuance were used primarily to pay a portion of the costs of the construction, expansion and improvement of sewer treatment facilities and conveyance systems.

In April 2018, the County issued Sewer Revenue Obligations Series 2018 for \$38,205. The net proceeds of the issuance were used primarily to pay a portion of the costs of the construction, expansion and improvement of sewer treatment facilities and conveyance systems.

In prior years, the County defeased certain Sewer Revenue Bonds and Sewer Revenue Obligations by placing the proceeds of Sewer Revenue Refunding Obligations Series 2016 in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the defeased debts. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for these defeased bonds and obligations are not included in the County's financial statements. At June 30, 2018, \$6,725 of Sewer Revenue Bonds Series 2009, \$85,495 of Sewer Revenue Obligations Series 2010, and \$71,000 of Sewer Revenue Obligations Series 2011B were considered defeased.

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

The following table presents amounts outstanding for sewer revenue obligations by issue.

	Issue	Interest			Out	standing
<u>Issue</u>	Amount	Rates	Maturities	Call Date	<u>June</u>	30,2018
Series of 2010	\$ 165,000	3.75 - 5.00%	2019-21	July 1, 2020	\$	43,830
Series of 2011B	189,160	5.00%	2019-22	July 1, 2021		48,920
Series of 2012A	128,795	2.00 - 5.00%	2019-27	July 1, 2022		88,550
Series of 2014	48,500	5.00%	2019-28	July 1, 2023		37,740
Series 2016 Refunding	211,595	5.00%	2019-26			209,500
Series 2017	45,000	2.77%	2019-31			42,325
Series 2018	38,205	5.00%	2026-33	July 1, 2028		38,205
Sewer revenue obligation	ns outstanding					509,070
Plus unamortized premiu	m/discount:					56,638
Total sewer revenue obligations outstanding					\$	565,708

The following schedule details sewer revenue obligation debt service requirements to maturity at June 30, 2018.

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2019	\$ 44,585	\$ 24,281
2020	54,565	22,116
2021	57,600	19,516
2022	59,840	16,781
2023	62,805	13,936
2024-2028	192,940	29,709
2029-2033	36,735	4,587
Total	\$ 509,070	\$ 130,926

In October 2009, the County entered into a loan agreement for the funding of construction of wastewater treatment facilities. Interest is payable semiannually and is calculated based on the principal amount of the loan outstanding during such period.

The following table presents the loan payable outstanding amount.

	Issue	Interest		Out	standing
Issue	Amount	Rate	Maturities	June	30, 2018
2009 Loan payable	\$ 8,002	0.96%	2019-24	\$	3,555
		Total loan	payable	\$	3,555

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

The following schedule details loan payable debt service requirements to maturity at June 30, 2018.

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Pr</u>	<u>incipal</u>	<u>Int</u>	<u>erest</u>
2019	\$	557	\$	88
2020		571		74
2021		585		60
2022		599		45
2023		614		31
2024		629		15
Total	\$	3,555	\$	313

Pima County has pledged future user charges, net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$2,860 in sewer revenue bonds issued in 2009, \$509,070 in sewer revenue obligations issued between 2010 and 2018, and \$3,555 in sewer revenue loan issued in 2009. Proceeds from the bonds, obligations and loan provided financing for construction of various treatment facilities and sewer infrastructure within Pima County. The bonds, obligations and loan are payable from total customer net revenues and are payable through fiscal year 2033. It is expected that approximately 74 percent of total customer net revenues will be used to pay annual principal and interest payments on the bonds and obligations and approximately 2 percent of total customer net revenues will be used to pay annual principal and interest on the loan. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds, obligations and loan are \$3,022, \$639,996 and \$3,868, respectively. Principal and interest paid in the current year on the bonds and obligations, and on the loan, and total customer net revenues were \$69,160 \$1,232, and \$101,622, respectively.

All sewer revenue bonds were issued and the loan agreements were executed with a first lien on the pledge of the RWR net revenues and have restrictive covenants, primarily related to minimum utility rates and limitations on future bond issues. The bond covenants also require the RWR to either maintain a surety bond guaranteeing the payment of annual debt service or to maintain in the Bond Reserve Account monies in amounts set by each debt issue. At June 30, 2018 the RWR met the requirements of the debt covenants. The County is also authorized to issue for the RWR additional parity bonds or revenue obligations if certain conditions are met, primarily that net revenues for parity bonds and pledged revenues for revenue obligations for the fiscal year immediately preceding issuance of the new debt exceed 120 percent of the maximum annual debt service requirements immediately after such issuance.

CONTRACTS AND NOTES

Business-type Activities

(Payments made from restricted assets in the RWR)

Contracts and notes consist of contract retentions for several construction projects. Generally, interest is not accrued and the timing of payments is based on completion of the related construction projects.

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

County General Obligation Bonds

General obligation debt may not exceed 6 percent of the value of the County's taxable property as of the latest assessment. However, with voter approval, debt may be incurred up to 15 percent of the value of taxable property. Pima County has received voter approval for all general obligation debt. The legal debt margin at June 30, 2018, is as follows:

Net assessed valuation		\$ 8,508,990
Debt limit (15% of net assessed valuation):		\$ 1,276,349
Less amount of debt applicable to debt limit:		
General obligation bonds outstanding	\$ 275,990	
Less fund balance in debt service fund available for payment of general	(2.011)	272 070
obligation bond principal	 (2,911)	 273,079
Legal debt margin available		\$ 1,003,270

NOTE 8: Landfill Liabilities

Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs:

State and Federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its solid waste landfill sites when these sites stop accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the sites for thirty years after their closure. Although closure and post-closure care costs will not be paid until near or after the date the landfills stop accepting waste, the County records a portion of these closure and post-closure care costs as a long-term liability in each period, based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$9,978 reported as landfill closure and post-closure care long-term liability within the governmental activities represents the cumulative amount reported to date, based on the percentage used of each landfill's total estimated capacity. The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and post-closure care of \$4,175 as the remaining estimated capacities are used. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018; actual costs may change due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

		Estimated
	Capacity Used	Remaining
Landfill Site	June 30, 2018	Service Life
Ajo	75%	35 Years
Sahuarita*	59%	25 Years
Tangerine	100%	Closed

^{*}The Sahuarita Landfill stopped accepting waste from the public in February 2016 but remains open for internal County waste disposal needs.

The County plans to fund the estimated closure and post-closure care costs with General Fund monies.

According to State and Federal laws and regulations, the County must comply with the local government financial test requirements that ensure the County can meet the costs of landfill closure, post-closure, and corrective action when needed. The County is in compliance with these requirements. The Ina Road Landfill facility is closed to municipal solid waste and only receives green waste and construction debris. It is not subject to the closure and post-closure cost requirements referred to above. Pima County estimates that it will cost approximately \$11,608 when closure occurs and plans to fund the costs with General Fund monies. At this time, there is no closure date available.

On June 1, 2013 Tucson Recycling and Waste Services was contracted to operate the remaining open landfill and transfer stations on behalf of Pima County in an agency capacity. The closure and post closure costs remain the liability of Pima County.

Note 9: Operating Leases

The County leases land, buildings, parking spaces, machinery, and office equipment under the provisions of various long-term lease agreements classified as operating leases for accounting purposes. Rental expenditures under the terms of the operating leases were \$10,018 for the year ended June 30, 2018. These operating leases have remaining lease terms from one to thirty-seven years. Also, they provide renewal options and are contingent on budgetary appropriations each fiscal year. The future estimated maximum rental payments under these operating leases as of June 30, 2018, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	
Year ending June 30				
2019	\$	15,505	\$	200
2020		4,596		200
2021		1,178		200
2022		831		200
2023		337		200
2024-28		126		1,000
2029-33		42		1,000
2034-38				1,000
2039-43				1,000
2044-48				1,000
2049-53				1,000
2054-55				350
Total maximum lease payments	\$	22,615	\$	7,350

Note 10 - Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits

The County contributes to the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS), the Corrections Officer Retirement Plan (CORP), the Corrections Officer Retirement Plan – Administrative Office of the Courts (CORP AOC), the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS), consisting of Pima County Sheriffs and Pima County - County Attorney Investigators, and the Elected Officials Retirement Plan (EORP), all component units of the State of Arizona.

At June 30, 2018, the County reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for all plans to which it contributes:

Statement of net position and statement of ativities	(Governmental activities	Business-type activities	Total
Net OPEB asset	\$	3,293	\$ 146	\$ 3,439
Net pension and OPEB liability		784,384	41,629	826,013
Deferred outflows of resources				
related to pensions and OPEB		121,311	5,086	126,397
Deferred inflows of resources				
related to pensions and OPEB		45,863	3,595	49,458
Pension and OPEB expense		107,019	(106)	106,913

The County's accrued payroll and employee benefits includes \$3,227 of outstanding pension and OPEB contribution amounts payable to all plans for the year ended June 30, 2018. Also, the County reported \$52,045 of pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures in the governmental funds related to all plans to which it contributes.

The ASRS, CORP, CORP AOC, PSPRS - Pima County Sheriffs, and EORP pension plans are described below. The PSPRS, Pima County - County Attorney Investigators pension plan and all (OPEB) plans are not described due to their relative insignificance to the County's financial statements.

A. Arizona State Retirement System

Plan description—County employees not covered by the other pension plans described below participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Arizona State Retirement System board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its website at www.azasrs.gov.

Note 10 - Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

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Benefits provided—The ASRS provides retirement and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

Datinament

ASRS	Retirement						
	Initial membership date:						
	Before July 1, 2011	On or after July 1, 2011					
Years of service and	Sum of years and age equals 80	30 years, age 55					
age required to receive	10 years, age 62	25 years, age 60					
benefit	5 years, age 50*	10 years, age 62					
	any years, age 65	5 years, age 50*					
		any years, age 65					
Final average salary is	Highest 36 consecutive months	Highest 60 consecutive months					
based on	of last 120 months	of last 120 months					
Benefit percent per year of service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%					

^{*}With actuarially reduced benefits.

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the retirement benefit option chosen determines the survivor benefit. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Contributions— In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2018, statute required active ASRS members to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.34 percent for retirement of the members' annual covered payroll, and statute required the County to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 10.9 percent for retirement of the active members' annual covered payroll. In addition, the County was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 9.26 percent for retirement of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the County in positions that an employee who contributes to the ASRS would typically fill. The County's contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2018, were \$25,552.

During fiscal year 2018, the County paid for ASRS pension contributions as follows: 60 percent from the General Fund, 9 percent from major funds, and 31 percent from other funds.

Liability—At June 30, 2018, the County reported the following liability for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension liability.

ASRS Net pension liability
Pension \$375,197

Note 10 - Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total liability used to calculate the net liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, to the measurement date of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2017, reflects a change in actuarial assumption related to changes in loads for future potential permanent benefit increases.

The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2017. The County's proportions measured as of June 30, 2017, and the change from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2016, were:

ASRS	Proportion	Increase (decrease) from
	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
	%	
Pension	2.41	(0.03)

The net pension liability measured as of June 30, 2018, will reflect changes of actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016. The change in the County's net liability as a result of these changes is not known.

Expense—For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County recognized the following pension expense.

ASRS	Pension expense
Pension	\$4,958

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources— At June 30, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

ASRS	 ed outflows of esources	 d inflows of ources
Differences between expected and actual experience		\$ 11,250
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$ 16,296	11,219
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	2,693	
Changes in proportion and differences between county contributions and proportionate share of contributions	24	8,455
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	25,552	
Total	\$ 44,565	\$ 30,924

The \$25,552 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as expense as follows:

Note 10 - Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Year ending June 30	
2019	\$ (20,999)
2020	13,402
2021	4,316
2022	(8,630)

Actuarial assumptions—The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

ASRS	
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2016
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	8%
Projected salary increases	3–6.75%
Inflation	3%
Permanent benefit increase	Included
Mortality rates	1994 GAM Scale BB

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS pension plan investments was determined to be 8.70 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

ASRS		Long-term expected
A anat alam	Target	arithmetic real
Asset class	allocation	rate of return
Equity	58%	6.73%
Fixed income	25%	3.70%
Real estate	10%	4.25%
Multi-asset	5%	3.41%
Commodities	2%	3.84%
Total	<u>100%</u>	

Discount rate— The discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension liability was 8 percent, which is less than the long-term expected rate of return of 8.70 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 10 - Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the ASRS net pension liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (9 percent) than the current rate:

ASRS	1	% Decrease (7%)	Cı	rrent discount rate (8%)	1	1% Increase (9%)
County's proportionate share of the net						
pension liability	\$	481,572	\$	375,197	\$	286,313

Pension plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

B. Public Safety Personnel Retirement System and Corrections Officer Retirement Plan

Plan descriptions—County sheriff employees who are regularly assigned hazardous duty participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS). The PSPRS administers an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. A nine-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4.

County detention officers and Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) probation, surveillance, and juvenile detention officers participate in the Corrections Officer Retirement Plan (CORP). The CORP administers an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for county detention officers and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for AOC officers. The PSPRS Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern CORP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 6.

The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for PSPRS and CORP plans. The report is available on the PSPRS website at www.psprs.com.

Benefits provided—The PSPRS and CORP provide retirement and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

PSPRS	Initial membership date:			
	Before January 1, 2012 On or after January 1, 20 before July 1, 2017			
Retirement Years of service and age required to receive benefit	20 years of service, any age 15 years of service, age 62	25 years of service or 15 years of credited service, age 52.5		
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 20 years		

Note 10 - Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

PSPRS	Initial membership date:			
	Before January 1, 2012	On or after January 1, 2012 and before July 1, 2017		
Benefit percent				
Normal retirement	50% less 2.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years OR plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited service over 20 years, not to exceed 80%	1.5% to 2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%		
Accidental disability retirement	50% or normal retirem	ent, whichever is greater		
Catastrophic disability retirement	90% for the first 60 months then reduced to either 62.5% or normal retirement, whichever is greater			
Ordinary disability retirement	years of credited service, whichever	actual years of credited service or 20 ver is greater, multiplied by years of ceed 20 years) divided by 20		
Survivor Benefit				
Retired members	80% to 100% of retired	member's pension benefit		
Active members		retirement benefit or 100% of average he result of injuries received on the job		

CORP	Initial membership date:			
	Before January 1, 2012	On or after January 1, 2012		
Retirement Years of service and age required to receive benefit	Sum of years and age equals 80 20 years, any age 10 years, age 62	25 years, age 52.5 10 years, age 62		
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 10 years	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 10 years		
Benefit percent				
Normal retirement	2.0% to 2.5% per year of ci	redited service, not to exceed 80%		
Accidental disability retirement	50% or normal retirement if more than 20 years of credited service	50% or normal retirement if more than 25 years of credited service		
Total and permanent disability retirement	50% or normal retirement if m	nore than 25 years of credited service		

Note 10 - Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

CORP	Initial membership date:		
	Before January 1, 2012	On or after January 1, 2012	
Ordinary disability retirement	2.5% per year	of credited service	
Survivor benefit			
Retired members	80% of retired me	ember's pension benefit	
Active members	compensation if death was the re there is no surviving spouse or	ensation or 100% of average monthly esult of injuries received on the job. If religible children, the beneficiary is e member's contributions.	

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments. The adjustments are based on inflation for PSPRS and excess investment earnings for CORP. In addition, the Legislature may enact permanent one-time benefit increases after a Joint Legislative Budget Committee analysis of the increase's effects on the plan. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

Employees covered by benefit terms—At June 30, 2018, the following employees were covered by the agent pension plans' benefit terms:

	PSPRS	CORP
	Sheriff	Detention
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	394	198
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	115	143
Active employees	462	487
Total	971	828

Contributions—State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS and CORP employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS and CORP pension. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions rates for the year ended June 30, 2018, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

Active member—							
	pension	County—pension					
PSPRS Sheriff	7.65% - 11.65%	63.07%					
CORP Detention	8.41%	24.86%					
CORP AOC	8.41%	22.51%					

In addition, statute required the County to contribute at the actuarially determined rate indicated below of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the County in positions that an employee who contributes to the PSPRS or CORP would typically fill.

Note 10 - Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

	Pension
PSPRS Sheriff	46.18%
CORP Detention	18.15%
CORP AOC	15.27%

The County's contributions to the plans for the ended June 30, 2018, were:

	Pension
PSPRS Sheriff	\$18,771
CORP Detention	5,155
CORP AOC	3,003

During fiscal year 2018, the County paid for PSPRS and CORP pension contributions as follows: 94 percent from the General Fund and 6 percent from other non-major funds.

Liability —At June 30, 2018, the County reported the following liabilities:

	Net pension		
	liability		
PSPRS Sheriff	\$	231,783	
CORP Detention		76,705	
CORP AOC (County's proportionate share)		47,929	

The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total liability used to calculate the net liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total liabilities as of June 30, 2017, reflect changes of actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016, including decreasing the investment rate of return from 7.5 percent to 7.4 percent, decreasing the wage inflation from 4 percent to 3.5 percent, and updating mortality, withdrawal, disability, and retirement assumptions. The total pension liabilities for CORP and CORP AOC also reflect changes of benefit terms for a court decision that increased cost-of-living adjustments for retirees who became members before July 20, 2011. The total pension liabilities for PSPRS also reflect changes of benefit terms for legislation that changed benefit eligibility and multipliers for employees who became members on or after January 1, 2012, and before July 1, 2017, and a court decision that decreased the contribution rates for employees who became members before July 20, 2011. The court decision will also affect the PSPRS net pension liabilities measured as of June 30, 2018, because of refunds of excess member contributions. The change in the County's PSPRS net pension liabilities as a result of the refunds is not known.

Actuarial assumptions—The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

Note 10 - Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

PSPRS and CORP—Pension

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2017
Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Investment rate of return7.4%Wage inflation3.5%Price Inflation2.5%Permanent benefit increaseIncluded

Mortality rates RP-2014 tables using MP-2016 improvement scale with

adjustments to match current experience.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS and CORP plan investments was determined to be 7.4 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

PSPRS and CORP Asset class	Target allocation	Long-term expected geometric real rate of return
Short term investments	2%	0.25%
Short term investments	270	0.2370
Absolute return	2%	3.75%
Risk parity	4%	5.00%
Fixed income	5%	1.25%
Real assets	9%	4.52%
GTAA	10%	3.96%
Private credit	12%	6.75%
Real estate	10%	3.75%
Credit opportunities	16%	5.83%
Non-U.S. equity	14%	8.70%
U.S. equity	<u> 16%</u>	7.60%
Total	<u>100%</u>	

Discount rates— At June 30, 2017, the discount rate used to measure the PSPRS and CORP total pension liabilities was 7.4 percent, which was a decrease of 0.1 from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 10 - Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Changes in the net pension liability PSPRS – Sheriff

PSPRS – Sheriff	Increase (decrease)						
		Total pension liability (a)		Plan fiduciary net position (b)		t pension ity / (asset) a) – (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$	355,423	\$	136,979	\$	218,444	
Changes for the year:		_	'			_	
Service cost		8,078				8,078	
Interest on the total pension liability		26,186				26,186	
Changes of benefit terms		4,033				4,033	
Differences between expected and		(1,177)				(1,177)	
actual experience in the measurement of the pension liability							
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		12,797				12,797	
Contributions—employer				16,871		(16,871)	
Contributions—employee				3,900		(3,900)	
Net investment income				16,189		(16,189)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(20,634)		(20,634)			
Administrative expense				(144)		144	
Other changes				(238)		238	
Net changes		29,283		15,944		13,339	
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	384,706	\$	152,923	\$	231,783	

CORP – Detention	Increase (decrease)						
		Total pension liability (a)		Plan fiduciary net position (b)		Net pension liability / (asset) (a) – (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$	109,504	\$	49,774	\$	59,730	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		3,235				3,235	
Interest on the total pension liability		8,091				8,091	
Changes of benefit terms		15,675				15,675	
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the pension liability		(1,044)				(1,044)	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		3,566				3,566	
Contributions—employer				4,871		(4,871)	
Contributions—employee				1,814		(1,814)	
Net investment income				5,953		(5,953)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(6,489)		(6,489)			
Administrative expense				(52)		52	
Other changes				(38)		38	
Net changes		23,034		6,059		16,975	
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	132,538	\$	55,833	\$	76,705	

Note 10 - Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

The County's proportion of the CORP AOC net pension liability was based on the County's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating counties' actual contributions for the year ended June 30, 2017. The County's proportion measured as of June 30, 2017, and the change from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2016, were:

CORP AOC	Proportion	Increase (decrease) from		
	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016		
	%			
Pension	11.95	(0.47)		

Sensitivity of the County's net pension liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the County's net pension liabilities calculated using the discount rate of 7.4 percent, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.4 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.4 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.4%)		Current discount Rate (7.4%)		1% Increase (8.4%)	
PSPRS Sheriff Net pension liability	\$	281,801	\$	231,783	\$	190,732
CORP Detention Net pension liability	\$	96,171	\$	76,705	\$	61,009
CORP AOC County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	61,954	\$	47,929	\$	36,587

Plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS and CORP financial reports.

Pension expense—For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County recognized the following pension expense:

	P	ension
	E	xpense
PSPRS Sheriff	\$	33,082
CORP Detention		23,940
CORP AOC (County's proportionate share)		18,812

Pension deferred outflows/inflows of resources—At June 30, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Note 10 - Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

PSPRS – Sheriff	Deferred outflows of resources			ed inflows sources
Differences between expected and actual experience			\$	8,223
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$	29,163		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		2,153		
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		18,771		
Total	\$	50,087	\$	8,223
CORP - Detention		ed outflows sources	Deferred inflows of resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience			\$	3,391
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$	8,387		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		668		
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		5,155		
Total	\$	14,210	\$	3,391
CORP – AOC		ed outflows esources		ed inflows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	439	\$	1,646
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		4,654		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		571		
Changes in proportion and differences between county contributions and proportionate share of contributions		21		917
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,003		
Total	\$	8,688	\$	2,563

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from county contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SPRS Sheriff	CORP Detention		CORP AOC	
Year ending June 30					
2019	\$ 8,577	\$	2,400	\$	1,526
2020	9,188		2,024		1,411
2021	3,307		936		452
2022	1,521		233		(267)
2023	500		71		
	\$ 23,093	\$	5,664	\$	3,122

Note 10 - Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

C. Elected Officials Retirement Plan

Plan description— Elected officials and judges participate in the Elected Officials Retirement Plan (EORP). EORP administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for elected officials and judges who were members of the plan on December 31, 2013. This EORP pension plan was closed to new members as of January 1, 2014. The PSPRS Board of Trustees governs the EORP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 3. The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the EORP plans. The report is available on PSPRS's website at www.psprs.com.

Benefits provided—The EORP provides retirement and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement, disability and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average yearly compensation, and service credit as follows:

EORP	Initial membership date:		
-	Before January 1, 2012	On or after January 1, 2012	
Retirement and Disability			
Years of service	20 years, any age	10 years, age 62	
and age required	10 years, age 62	5 years, age 65	
to receive benefit	5 years, age 65 5 years, any age* any years and age if disabled	any years and age if disabled	
Final average	Highest 36 consecutive	Highest 60 consecutive	
salary is based on	months of last 10 years	months of last 10 years	
Benefit percent			
Normal Retirement	4% per year of service, not to exceed 80%	3% per year of service, not to exceed 75%	
Disability Retirement	80% with 10 or more years of service 40% with 5 to 10 years of service 20% with less than 5 years of service	75% with 10 or more years of service 37.5% with 5 to 10 years of service 18.75% with less than 5 years of service	
Survivor Benefit			
Retired Members	75% of retired member's benefit	50% of retired member's benefit	
Active Members and Other Inactive Members	75% of disability retirement benefit	50% of disability retirement benefit	

^{*} With reduced benefits of 0.25% for each month early retirement precedes the member's normal retirement age, with a maximum reduction of 30%.

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. In addition, the Legislature may enact permanent one-time benefit increases after a Joint Legislative Budget Committee analysis of the increase's effects on the plan.

Note 10 - Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Contributions—State statutes establish active member and employer contribution requirements. Statute also appropriates \$5 million annually through fiscal year 2043 for the EORP from the State of Arizona to supplement the normal cost plus an amount to amortize the unfunded accrued liability and designates a portion of certain court fees for the EORP. For the year ended June 30, 2018, statute required active EORP members to contribute 7 or 13 percent of the members' annual covered payroll and the County to contribute 23.5 percent of all active EORP members' annual covered payroll. Also, statute required the County to contribute 12.16 percent to EORP of the annual covered payroll of elected officials and judges who were ASRS members, in addition to the County's required contributions to ASRS for these elected officials and judges. In addition, statute required the County to contribute 23.5 percent of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the County in positions that an employee who contributes to the EORP would typically fill. The County's contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2018, was \$1,508.

During fiscal year 2018, the County paid for EORP pension contributions entirely from the General Fund.

Liability—At June 30, 2018, the County reported a liability for its proportionate share of the EORP's net pension liability that reflected a reduction for the County's proportionate share of the State's appropriation for EORP. The amount the County recognized as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the County were as follows:

County's proportionate share of the EORP net pension liability	\$ 90,478
State's proportionate share of the EORP net pension liability associated with the County	29,292
Total	\$ 119,770

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total liability used to calculate the net liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total liability as of June 30, 2017, reflects changes of actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016, including decreasing the investment rate of return from 7.5 percent to 7.4 percent, decreasing the wage inflation from 4 percent to 3.5 percent, and updating mortality, withdrawal, disability, and retirement assumptions. The total pension liability also reflects changes-of-benefit terms for a court decision that increased cost-of-living adjustments for retirees and decreased the contribution rates for employees who became members before July 20, 2011. The court decision will also affect the net pension liability measured as of June 30, 2018, because of refunds of excess member contributions. The change in the County's net pension liability as a result of the refunds is not known.

The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's actual contributions to the pension plan relative to the total of all participating employers' actual contributions for the year ended June 30, 2017. The County's proportion measured as of June 30, 2017, and the change from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2016, were:

EORP	Proportion	Increase (decrease) from
	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
	%	
Pension	7.42	(0.48)

Note 10 - Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Expense—For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County recognized pension expense for EORP of \$24,557 and revenue of \$4,111 for the County's proportionate share of the State's appropriation to EORP and the designated court fees.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources—At June 30, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

EORP	d Outflows esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience		\$	784	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$ 3,532			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	555			
Changes in proportion and differences between county contributions and proportionate share of contributions	931		340	
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,508			
Total	\$ 6,526	\$	1,124	

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to EORP pensions resulting from county contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to EORP pensions will be recognized as expenses as follows:

Year ending June 30	
2019	\$ 3,152
2020	774
2021	147
2022	(179)

Actuarial assumptions—The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

EORP

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.4%
Wage inflation	3.5%
Price inflation	2.5%
Permanent benefit increase	Included
Mortality rates	RP-2014 tables using MP-2016 improvement scale with adjustments to
	match current experience.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016.

Note 10 - Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on EORP plan investments was determined to be 7.4 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

EORP		
Asset class	Target allocation	Long-term expected geometric real rate of return
Short-term investments	2%	0.25%
Absolute return	2%	3.75%
Risk parity	4%	5.00%
Fixed income	5%	1.25%
Real assets	9%	4.52%
GTAA	10%	3.96%
Private credit	12%	6.75%
Real estate	10%	3.75%
Credit opportunities	16%	5.83%
Non-U.S. equity	14%	8.70%
U.S. equity	<u>16%</u>	7.60%
Total	<u>100%</u>	

Discount rates—At June 30, 2017, the discount rates used to measure the EORP total pension liability was 3.91 percent, which was an increase of 0.23 from the discount rates used as of June 30, 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, employer contributions will be made at the statutorily set rates, and state contributions will be made as currently required by statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, to determine the total pension liability for the plan, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.4 percent was applied to periods of projected benefit payments through the year ended June 30, 2026. A municipal bond rate of 3.56 percent obtained from the Fidelity 20-year Municipal GO AA Index as of June 30, 2017, was applied to periods of projected benefit payments after June 30, 2026.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the EORP net pension liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rates noted above, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

EORP	1% Decre (2.91%	 Current Discount Rate (3.91%)	1% Increase (4.91%)			
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 106,87	\$ 90,478	\$	77,102		

Plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued EORP financial report.

Note 11: Due from Other Governments

Governmental activities:

	 General Fund	Capital Projects Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Internal Service Funds		Gov	Total ernmental ctivities
Federal government:									
Grants and contributions	\$ 57			\$	3,964			\$	4,021
State of Arizona:									
Taxes and shared revenues	20,132	\$	4,888		5,457				30,477
Grants and contributions					5,461				5,461
Cities:									
Reimbursement for services	1,177		8,227		1,016	\$	4		10,424
Other governments:									
Reimbursement for services	 105		183		18		2		308
Total due from other governments fund based statements	\$ 21,471	\$	13,298	\$	15,916	\$	6	\$	50,691

Note 12: Interfund Transactions

A. Interfund Assets/Liabilities

Due from / Due to Other Funds are used to record loans or unpaid operating transfers between funds.

Amounts recorded as due to:

				· Janieri	Rejut	27.39%	steredet Beeldrich	jutë
	Gener	× 	Other	<i>/</i>	Beijos	<i>y</i>	Internati	Zatal
General		\$	6,828	\$	6		\$	
Capital Projects			120		65			185
Other Governmental	\$ 344		32		28	\$	107	511
Other Enterprise			12		11			23
Total	\$ 344	\$	6,992	\$	110	\$	107 \$	7,553

B. Transfers

Amounts recorded as due from:

Transfers are used to record transactions between individual funds to subsidize their operations and fund debt service payments and capital construction projects.

Amounts recorded as transfers out:

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		 Çızıtızı	<u> </u>	Çağita		Other	<i>y</i>	Reginn		Other		Interna	× 	Zatal
ii.	General		\$	16	\$	3,357		236		750	\$	34	\$	4,393
Amounts recorded as transfers in:	Capital Projects	\$ 10,896				24,102				15		50		35,063
ıs traı	Debt Service	14,104		395		19,075		23,553		654		2,243		60,024
ded a	Other Governmental	20,516		160		1,335		183		2		134		22,330
recoi	Regional Wastewater Reclamation									14				14
ounts	Other Enterprise							97						97
Αm	Internal Service	 568												568
	Total	\$ 46,084	\$	571	\$	47,869	\$	24,069	\$	1,435	\$	2,461	\$	122,489

The table above does not include transfers of capital assets from the proprietary funds to the governmental activities because these are not reported in the governmental funds.

Note 13: Construction and Other Significant Commitments

At June 30, 2018, Pima County had the following major contractual commitments:

Community Services

The Community Services Department had contractual commitments related to service contracts of \$16,259. Funding for these expenditures will be provided from reimbursements on intergovernmental grant awards, including federal and state entities.

Facilities Management

The Facilities Management Department had construction contractual commitments of \$12,028 and other contractual commitments related to service contracts of \$9,998. Funding for these expenditures will be provided from general fund revenues and general obligation bonds.

General Government

The Office of Medical Services had commitments related to service contracts of \$32,292. Funding for these expenditures will be provided from general fund revenues.

Natural Resources, Parks and Recreation

The Natural Resources, Parks and Recreation Department had construction contractual commitments of \$6,292 and other contractual commitments related to service contracts of \$3,032. Funding for these expenditures will be provided from general fund revenues.

Regional Wastewater Reclamation

The Regional Wastewater Reclamation enterprise fund had construction contractual commitments of \$24,682 and other contractual commitments related to services of \$23,585. Funding for these expenses will be primarily from the Sewer Revenue Obligations and sewer user fees.

Transportation

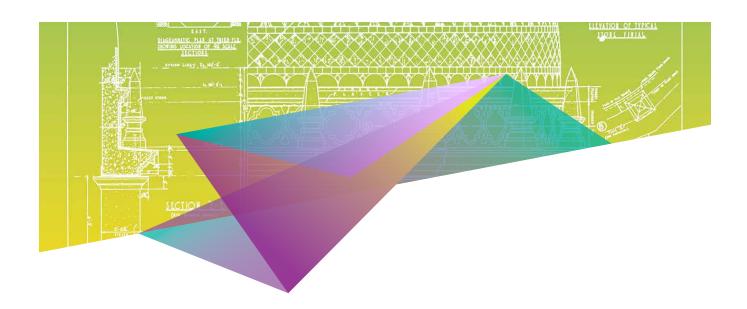
The Transportation Department had construction commitments of \$95,090 and other contractual commitments related to services of \$2,085. Funding for these expenditures will be primarily provided from Transportation Revenue bonds, federal grants funding and state Highway User Tax Revenue, which is the primary source of revenue for the Transportation Department.

Note 14: Deficit Fund Balances/Net Position

At June 30, 2018, the following nonmajor funds reported deficits in fund balance or net position:

Fund	Deficit
Governmental Funds:	
Other Grants	\$ 3,447
Stadium District	3,487
Proprietary funds:	
Development Services	\$ 175

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other Than Management's Discussion & Analysis

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with		
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget		
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$ 342,308	\$ 342,308	\$ 342,036	\$ (272)		
Licenses and permits	3,425	3,425	3,281	(144)		
Intergovernmental	155,290	155,290	157,776	2,486		
Charges for services	41,167	41,167	41,314	147		
Fines and forfeits	3,738	3,738	3,532	(206)		
Investment earnings	563	563	1,203	640		
Miscellaneous	3,562	3,562	5,668	2,106		
Total revenues	550,053	550,053	554,810	4,757		
Expenditures:						
General government						
Assessor	8,722	8,722	7,556	1,166		
Board of Supervisors	2,406	2,406	2,080	326		
Clerk of Superior Court	10,857	10,857	10,702	155		
Constables	1,335	1,335	1,330	5		
County Administration	112,359	112,359	54,497	57,862		
County Attorney	23,485	23,485	23,502	(17)		
Justice Courts	8,411	8,411	8,354	57		
Juvenile Courts	23,545	23,545	23,148	397		
Justice & Law Enforcement	32,449	32,449	31,229	1,220		
Public Works (Facilities Management)	25,572	25,572	23,540	2,032		
Recorder	2,899	2,899	3,278	(379)		
Superior Court	30,231	30,231	30,360			
•				(129)		
Superior Court Mandated Services	1,764	1,764	1,723	41		
Treasurer	2,589	2,589	2,045	544		
Public safety						
Sheriff	151,949	151,949	146,457	5,492		
Office of Emergency Management & Homeland Security	454	454	375	79		
Sanitation						
Environmental Quality	1,361	1,361	1,214	147		
Health						
Forensic Science Center	3,847	3,847	3,763	84		
Welfare						
County Admin - Welfare	57,227	57,227	58,583	(1,356)		
Office of Medical Services	40,816	40,816	36,011	4,805		
Culture and recreation						
Public Works (Parks and Recreation)	18,561	18,561	17,973	588		
Education and economic opportunity	<i>,</i>	,	,			
Community & Economic Development	12,622	12,622	11,281	1,341		
School Superintendent	1,713	1,713	1,612	101		
Debt Service - principal	952	952	952			
- interest	109	109	109			
Total expenditures	576,235	576,235	501,674	74,561		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(26,182)	(26,182)	53,136	79,318		
	(20,102)	(20,102)	23,130	,,,,,,,,		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets			11	11		
Transfers in	4,381	4,381	4,393	12		
Transfers (out)	(45,194)	(45,194)	(46,084)	(890)		
Total other financing uses	(40,813)	(40,813)	(41,680)	(867)		
Net change in fund balances	(66,995)	(66,995)	11,456	78,451		
Fund balances at beginning of year	66,995	66,995	102,036	35,041		
Fund balances at end of year	\$	\$	\$ 113,492	\$ 113,492		

Notes to Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund June 30, 2018 (in thousands)

Note 1- Budgeting and Budgetary Control

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) requires the County to prepare and adopt a balanced budget annually for each governmental fund. The Board of Supervisors must approve such operating budgets on or before the third Monday in July to allow sufficient time for the legal announcements and hearings required for the adoption of the property tax levy on the third Monday in August. A.R.S. prohibits expenditures or liabilities in excess of the amounts budgeted.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level. In certain instances, transfers of appropriations between departments or from the contingency account to a department may be made upon the Board of Supervisors' approval. With the exception of the General Fund, Other Special Revenue, and Other Special Revenue – Grants, each fund includes only one department.

Note 2 – Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2018, expenditures for the following departments in the General Fund exceeded final budget amounts at the department level (the legal level of budgetary control) as follows:

Function/Department	E	excess
General government:		
County Attorney	\$	17
Recorder		379
Superior Court		129
Total general government:		525
Welfare:		
County Admin - Welfare		1,356
Total welfare	\$	1,356

These expenditures were funded by greater than anticipated revenues and unspent appropriations.

Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Cost-Sharing Pension Plans June 30, 2018

Arizona State Retirement System			eporting Fiscal Measurement D		
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014 thru
	(2017)	(2016)	(2015)	(2014)	2009
County's proportion of the net pension liability	2.41%	2.44%	2.51%	2.56%	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 375,197	\$ 393,174	\$ 391,629	\$ 379,139	
County's covered payroll	\$ 235,375	\$ 228,129	\$ 231,570	\$ 229,907	Information
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its		, ,			not available
covered payroll	159.40%	172.35%	169.12%	164.91%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	69.92%	67.06%	68.35%	69.49%	
Corrections Officer Retirement Plan—Administrative Office of the Courts		מ	eporting Fiscal	Vaan	
Corrections Officer Retirement Plan—Administrative Office of the Courts			Measurement D		
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014 thru
	(2017)	(2016)	(2015)	(2014)	2009
County's proportion of the net pension liability	11.95%	12.42%	12.45%	12.43%	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 47,929	\$ 35,046	\$ 30,274	\$ 27,888	
County's covered payroll	\$ 13,400	\$ 13,681	\$ 13,857	\$ 13,114	Information
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its					not available
covered payroll	357.68%	256.17%	218.47%	212.66%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	49.21%	54.81%	57.89%	58.59%	
Elected Officials Retirement Plan		R	eporting Fiscal	Year	
Elected Chickes Retirement Fight			Measurement D		
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014 thru
	(2017)	(2016)	(2015)	(2014)	2009
County's proportion of the net pension liability	7.42%	7.90%	7.55%	7.64%	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 90,478	\$ 74,615	\$ 59,037	\$ 51,259	
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the County	29,292	15,406	18,405	15,717	
Total	\$ 119,770	\$ 90,021	\$ 77,442	\$ 66,976	Information
County's covered payroll	\$ 7,050	\$ 6,617	\$ 6,391	\$ 6,932	not available
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its					
covered payroll	1283.38%	1127.63%	923.75%	739.45%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	19.66%	23.42%	28.32%	31.91%	

Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Agent Pension Plans June 30, 2018

(in thousands)

Public Safety Personnel Retirement System - Sheriff

Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)

			(Measurement D	ate)	
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014 thru
Total pension liability	(2017)	(2016)	(2015)	(2014)	2009
Service cost	\$ 8,078	\$ 6,068	\$ 6,421	\$ 6,346	
Interest on the total pension liability	26,186	25,444	24,997	21,060	
Changes of benefit terms	4,033	9,540		7,336	
Differences between expected and actual experience in the					
measurement of the pension liability	(1,177)	(7,713)	(4,579)	(462)	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	12,797	12,356		34,338	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(20,634)	(22,727)	(19,209)	(17,811)	
Net change in total pension liability	29,283	22,968	7,630	50,807	
Total pension liability - beginning	355,423	332,455	324,825	274,018	
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 384,706	\$ 355,423	\$ 332,455	\$ 324,825	
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$ 16,871	\$ 15,122	\$ 11,490	\$ 10,627	Information not
Contributions - employee	3,900	\$ 3,877	3,505	3,415	available
Net investment income	16,189	808	5,053	17,221	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(20,634)	\$ (22,727)	(19,209)	(17,811)	
Administrative expense	(144)	(117)	(124)	(139)	
Other changes	(238)	(397)	(148)	(92)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	15,944	(3,434)	567	13,221	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	136,979	140,413	139,846	126,625	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 152,923	\$ 136,979	\$ 140,413	\$ 139,846	
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 231,783	\$ 218,444	\$ 192,042	\$ 184,979	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liablity	39.75%	38.54%	42.24%	43.05%	
Covered payroll	\$ 32,156	\$ 30,384	\$ 31,515	\$ 31,543	
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	720.81%	718.94%	609.37%	586.43%	

Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Agent Pension Plans June 30, 2018

Corrections Officer Retirement Plan - Detention			Reporting Fiscal (Measurement I		
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014 thru
Total pension liability	(2017)	(2016)	(2015)	(2014)	2009
Service cost	\$ 3,235	\$ 2,893	\$ 2,798	\$ 2,852	
Interest on the total pension liability	8,091	7,911	7,751	6,623	
Changes of benefit terms	15,675	181		1,459	
Differences between expected and actual experience in the					
measurement of the pension liability	(1,044)	(1,930)	(2,557)	(609)	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	3,566	4,125		10,555	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(6,489)	(6,013)	(5,988)	(6,975)	
Net change in total pension liability	23,034	7,167	2,004	13,905	
Total pension liability - beginning	109,504	102,337	100,333	86,428	
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 132,538	\$ 109,504	\$ 102,337	\$ 100,333	
Plan fiduciary net position					Information not
Contributions - employer	\$ 4,871	\$ 4,634	\$ 3,441	\$ 2,970	available
Contributions - employee	1,814	1,730	1,737	1,686	avanable
Net investment income	5,953	302	1,765	6,030	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(6,489)	(6,013)	(5,988)	(6,975)	
Administrative expense	(52)	(43)	(44)	(48)	
Other changes	(38)	(38)	(69)	11_	
Net change in plan ficuciary net position	6,059	572	842	3,674	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	49,774	49,202	48,360	44,686	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 55,833	\$ 49,774	\$ 49,202	\$ 48,360	
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 76,705	\$ 59,730	\$ 53,135	\$ 51,973	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	42.13%	45.45%	48.08%	48.20%	
Covered payroll	\$ 21,574	\$ 20,263	\$ 20,816	\$ 20,051	
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	355.55%	294.77%	255.26%	259.20%	

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Schedule of County Pension Contributions

June 30, 2018

Arizona State Retirement System			Reporting F	iscal Year		
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013 thru 2009
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 25,552	\$ 25,320	\$ 24,752	\$ 25,218	\$ 24,600	
County's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	25,552	25,320	24,752	25,218	24,600	Information
County's contribution deficiency (excess) County's covered payroll	\$ 233,929	\$ 235,375	\$ 228,129	\$ 231,570	\$ 229,907	not available
County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.92%	10.76%	10.85%	10.89%	10.70%	
Corrections Officer Retirement Plan - Administrative Office of the Courts			Reporting F	iscal Year		
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013 thru 2009
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 3,003	\$ 2,691	\$ 2,613	\$ 2,062	\$ 1,933	
County's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution County's contribution deficiency (excess)	3,003	2,691	2,613	2,062	1,933	Information
County's covered payroll	\$ 13,346	\$ 13,400	\$ 13,681	\$ 13,857	\$ 13,114	not available
County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	22.50%	20.08%	19.10%	14.88%	14.74%	
Fig. 10% (1 p.)			n	. 137		
Elected Officials Retirement Plan			Reporting F			2013 thru
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2008
Statutorily required contribution County's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$ 1,508 460	\$ 1,566	\$ 1,555	\$ 1,502	\$ 1,629 1,629	
County's contribution deficiency (excess)	1,048	1,566	1,555	1,502	1,029	Information
County's covered payroll	\$ 6,984	\$ 7,050	\$ 6,617	\$ 6,391	\$ 6,932	not available
County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	6.59%	22.21%	23.50%	23.50%	23.50%	
Public Safety Personnel Retirement System - Sheriff			Reporting F	iscal Vear		
1 done Surety 1 ersonner rectrement System Sherm	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013 thru
						2009
Actuarially determined contribution County's contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 18,771 14,407	\$ 16,861 16,861	\$ 15,119 15,119	\$ 11,490 11,490	\$ 10,627 10,627	
County's contributions in relation to the actual any determined contribution County's contribution deficiency (excess)	4,364	10,801	13,119	11,490	10,627	Information
County's covered payroll	\$ 29,261	\$ 32,156	\$ 30,384	\$ 31,515	\$ 31,543	not available
County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	49.24%	52.44%	49.76%	36.46%	33.69%	
Corrections Officer Retirement Plan - Detention			Reporting F	iscal Vear		
Confections officer remember 1 min Detention	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013 thru
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 5,155	\$ 4,872	\$ 4,618	\$ 3,441	\$ 2,970	2009
County's contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	5,155 5,155	4,872	4,618	3,441	2,970	
County's contribution deficiency (excess)	-		- 1,010	-	-	 Information not available
County's covered payroll	\$ 20,738	\$ 21,574	\$ 20,263	\$ 20,816	\$ 20,051	- not avanable
County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	24.86%	22.58%	22.79%	16.53%	14.81%	

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Notes to Pension Plan Schedules June 30, 2018

(in thousands)

Note 1 - Actuarially Determined Contribution Rates

Actuarial determined contribution rates for PSPRS and CORP are calculated as of June 30 two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Amortization method Level percent-of-pay, closed

Remaining amortization period as of

the 2016 actuarial valuation

Asset valuation method 7-year smoothed market value; 80% / 120% market corridor

for excess

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return PSPRS members with initial membership date before July 1,

2017, and CORP members with initial membership date before July 1, 2018: In the 2016 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.85% to 7.5%. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 8.0% to 7.85%. PSPRS members

21 years for unfunded actuarial accrued liability, 20 years

with initial membership on or after July 1, 2017: 7%

Projected salary increases In the 2014 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases

were decreased from 4.5%-8.5% to 4.0%-8.0% for PSPRS and from 4.5%-7.75% to 4.0%-7.25% for CORP. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 5.0%-9.0% to 4.5%-8.5% for PSPRS and

from 5.0%-8.25% to 4.5%-7.75% for CORP.

Wage growth In the 2014 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased

from 4.5% to 4.0% for PSPRS and CORP. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 5.0%

to 4.5% for PSPRS and CORP.

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type of

eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period July 1, 2006 -

June 30, 2011.

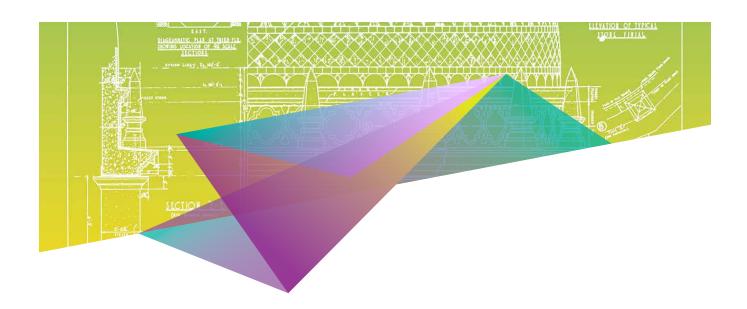
Mortality RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105% for both males

and females)

Note 2 – Factors that affect trends

Arizona courts have ruled that provisions of a 2011 law that changed the mechanism for funding permanent pension benefit increases and increased employee pension contribution rates were unconstitutional or a breach of contract because those provisions apply to individuals who were members as of the law's effective date. As a result, the PSPRS, CORP, CORP, AOC, and EORP changed benefit terms to reflect the prior mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases for those members and revised actuarial assumptions to explicitly value future permanent benefit increases. PSPRS and EORP also reduced those members' employee contribution rates. These changes are reflected in the plans' pension liabilities for fiscal year 2015 (measurement date 2014) for members who were retired as of the law's effective date and fiscal year 2018 (measurement date 2017) for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. These changes also increased the PSPRS, CORP, and CORP-AOC required pension contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes will increase the PSPRS, CORP, and CORP-AOC required contributions beginning in fiscal year 2019 for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. EORP required contributions are not based on actuarial valuations, and therefore, these changes did not affect them. Also, the County refunded excess employee contributions to PSPRS and EORP members. PSPRS and EORP allowed the County to reduce its actual employer contributions for the refund amounts. As a result, the County's pension contributions were less than the actuarially or statutorily determined contributions for 2018.

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COMBINING STATEMENTS AND OTHER SCHEDULES

Other (Nonmajor) Governmental Funds

OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (NONMAJOR)

Transportation Fund — to account for administrative and operating costs, as well as resources transferred to the Capital Projects Fund for construction of highways and streets. Financing is provided primarily from the County share of gasoline and vehicle license taxes collected by the State.

 ${f Health \, Fund}$ — to account for resources used to finance activities involved in the conservation and improvement of public health and animal care. Major sources of funding include Federal and State grants, charges for services provided, and operating transfers from the General Fund.

Regional Flood Control District Fund — to account for amounts expended to protect persons and property from floodwaters. Revenues are provided by secondary taxes on real property and government grants. The Regional Flood Control District is a blended component unit of Pima County.

Other Special Revenue Fund — to account for resources specifically identified to be expended for the various other programs of the County. These include various probation programs, consumer protection programs, family support, antiracketeering programs, law library, etc. Revenues are provided by fines, intergovernmental revenues, fees and forfeitures, and charges for services.

Other Special Revenue Grants Fund — to account for Federal and State grants received by the County not required to be accounted for in a separate fund. Each grant has a specific project objective and the grant funds must be used for a stated purpose.

Wireless Integrated Network Fund — to account for the design, procurement and deployment of a regional public safety voice communications network to serve public and non-profit entities responsible for providing public safety and emergency management services to the Pima County populace.

School Reserve Fund — to account for Federal and State grants received by the Superintendent of Schools. Each grant has a specific project objective and the grant funds must be used for a stated purpose.

Environmental Quality Fund — to account for resources specifically identified to be expended for protection of water, air, and land from pollutants. Revenues are provided by fines, fees and forfeitures, licenses, permits, and Federal and State grants.

Waste Tire Fund — to account for the state shared revenue tax for the tire recycling program.

Library District Fund — to account for the resources used for management and operation of the Library District. Revenues are provided primarily by secondary taxes on real property. The Library District is a blended component unit of Pima County.

Stadium District Fund — to account for resources specifically identified to be expended for the Stadium District. Revenues are provided by the car rental, hotel/motel bed and recreation vehicle park taxes, and charges for services provided. The Stadium District is a blended component unit of Pima County.

Street Lighting District (SLDs) Fund — to account for financial activity related to street lighting in unincorporated Pima County. The SLDs are a blended component unit of Pima County.

Rocking K South CFD Fund — to account for the purchase of eligible infrastructure of the Rocking K South master plan development through the issuance of bonds, and to fund the operation, maintenance and administration of the District through the levy of ad valorem tax on property in the District.

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Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

						Special Rev	venue Fui	nds				
					Re	egional	rende i di	Ido			W	ireless
						d Control				Other	Int	egrated
	Tran	sportation	F	Iealth	I	District		Other		Grants	No	etwork
Assets												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	22,748	\$	8,502	\$	9,555	\$	33,823			\$	2,245
Property taxes receivable (net)		524				506						
Interest receivable		44		14		13		57				5
Due from other funds				1		7		101	\$	89		1
Due from other governments		4,816		968		11		88		9,072		31
Accounts receivable		198		114		14		2,154		1,628		
Inventory		1,443										121
Prepaid expenditures		26		48		22		211		249		15
Loan receivable		1,581						14				
Restricted cash equivalents												
Total assets	\$	31,380	\$	9,647	\$	10,128	\$	36,448	\$	11,038	\$	2,418
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	962	\$	770	\$	455	\$	1,922	\$	3,594	\$	7
Interest payable	Ψ	,02		,,,	Ψ	100	Ψ	1,722	Ψ	6	Ψ	,
Employee compensation		455		300		145		401		299		16
Due to other funds		10						1		3,329		
Due to other governments		2		2				2		1		91
Deposits and rebates		2		-		2		1		-		,,
Unearned revenue		1,584				3		1,293		1,751		135
		-,,,,,,						-,		-,,,,,		
Total liabilities		3,015		1,072		605		3,620		8,980		249
Deferred inflows of resources												
Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental		19		587		11		7		5,069		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		400		367		357		,		3,007		
Unavailable revenue - other		184		5		14		687		436		
Chavanasie revenue Chief		101						007		150		
Total deferred inflows of resources		603		592		382		694		5,505		
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		3,618		1,664		987		4,314		14,485		249
Fund balances												
Nonspendable		1,469		48		22		211		249		136
Restricted		26,293		7,935		9,119		27,130				2,033
Committed		-,		.,		- /		1,520				,
Assigned								3,273				
Unassigned										(3,696)		
Total fund balances (deficit)		27,762		7,983	-	9,141		32,134		(3,447)		2,169
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	31,380	\$	9,647	\$	10,128	\$	36,448	\$	11,038	\$	2,418
and fully buildings	Ψ	51,500	Ψ	,,UT /	Ψ	10,120	Ψ	20,110	Ψ	11,030	Ψ	2,710

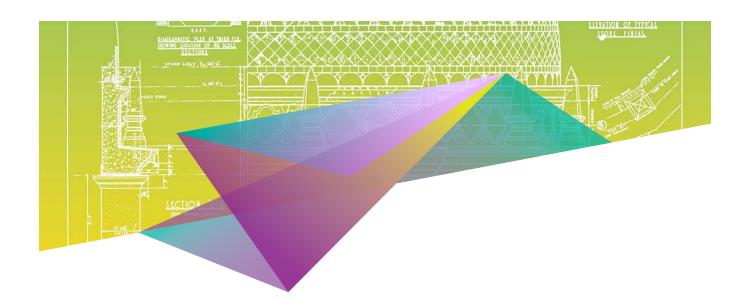
 chool	Env	ironmental		Waste	evenue Funds Library	· ·	tadium	Straat	Lighting	Pool	king K	Total Other vernmental
eserve		Quality		Tire	District		District		stricts		h CFD	Funds
\$ 254 337 107	\$	3,239 5 6 231 6	\$	1,683 3 297	\$ 15,610 1,003 28 452 488 45	s	306 296 67 2	\$	71	\$	21	\$ 97,751 2,034 169 511 15,916 4,965 1,564 1,067 1,595 45
\$ 698	\$	3,487	\$	1,983	\$ 17,626	\$	671	\$	72	\$	21	\$ 125,617
\$ 85 80	\$	37 43 25	s	273	\$ 1,282 336 64 44	s	295 6 41 3,627 1	\$	1	\$		\$ 9,683 12 2,116 6,992 163 5 4,838
165		105		273	 1,726		3,998		1			 23,809
 330 330 495		40 40 145		273	 19 752 102 873 2,599		114 46 160 4,158					 6,156 1,509 1,514 9,179
256 239 (292)		6 1,862 1,474		1,710	533 14,494		2 213 (3,702)		71		21	2,676 90,924 1,972 4,747 (7,690)
 203		3,342		1,710	 15,027		(3,487)		71_		21	 92,629
\$ 698	\$	3,487	\$	1,983	\$ 17,626	\$	671	\$	72	\$	21	\$ 125,617

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

			Special 1	Revenue Funds		
	Transportation	Health	Regional Flood Control District	Other	Other Grants	Wireless Integrated Network
Revenues:	Transportation		District		Grand	
Property taxes	\$ 19,689		\$ 22,907			
Licenses and permits	1,128	\$ 2,895	1	\$ 1		
Intergovernmental	61,923	4,881	79	22,107	\$ 40,144	
Charges for services	168	2,444	461	7,963		\$ 2,997
Fines and forfeits	5	63	2	3,416		
Investment earnings	173	83	104	386	22	31
Miscellaneous	207	708	92	8,826	3,410	70
Total revenues	83,293	11,074	23,646	42,699	43,576	3,098
Expenditures:						
General government				28,101	5,872	
Public safety			15,237	2,984	4,919	2,724
Highways and streets	41,801				237	
Sanitation						
Health		21,804		33	10,558	
Culture and recreation				827	155	
Education and economic opportunity				3,001	21,876	
Debt service - principal				617		
- interest				2		
Total expenditures	41,801	21,804	15,237	35,565	43,617	2,724
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	41,492	(10,730)	8,409	7,134	(41)	374
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	33		1	520		
Transfers in	121	12,972	7	1,757	2,085	7
Transfers (out)	(19,063)	(1,491)	(8,748)	(9,417)	(2,557)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(18,909)	11,481	(8,740)	(7,140)	(472)	7
Net change in fund balances	22,583	751	(331)	(6)	(513)	381
Fund balances at beginning of year	5,179	7,232	9,472	32,140	(2,934)	1,788
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 27,762	\$ 7,983	\$ 9,141	\$ 32,134	\$ (3,447)	\$ 2,169

Special Revenue Funds													Total Other	
	chool	Environmen Quality	al	Waste Tire		Library District		adium istrict		Lighting tricts		Rocking K Go South CFD		ernmental Funds
\$	1,706		\$ 1 8 8 35	1,267	\$	40,437 161 282 500 140 575 42,095	\$	1,601 1,241 2 7	\$	1 150			\$	83,182 6,625 133,869 15,557 3,994 995 13,909
	2,324	3,02	24	1,100		37,708		5,407		194	\$	8		34,167 25,864 42,038 1,100 35,419 44,097 27,209 617 2
	2,324	3,02	24	1,100		37,708		5,407		194		8		210,513
	(618)	(30	<u></u>	185		4,387		(2,556)		(44)		(8)		47,618
		70)9			(3,728)		1 4,642 (2,865)				30		555 22,330 (47,869)
		70)9			(3,728)		1,778				30		(24,984)
	(618)	34	13	185		659		(778)		(44)		22		22,634
	821	2,99	99	1,525		14,368		(2,709)		115		(1)		69,995
\$	203	\$ 3,34	12\$	1,710	\$	15,027	\$	(3,487)	\$	71	\$	21	\$	92,629

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COMBINING STATEMENTS AND OTHER SCHEDULES

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual – Other Governmental Funds

Exhibit C - 3

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 (in thousands)

	 Budget	 Actual	 /ariance
Revenues:	 	<u>.</u>	
Intergovernmental	\$ 16,325	\$ 11,010	\$ (5,315)
Charges for services	3,552	7,046	3,494
Investment earnings	382	1,347	965
Miscellaneous	 305	 364	 59
Total revenues	20,564	19,767	(797)
Expenditures:			
Capital outlay	131,288	78,370	52,918
Total expenditures	131,288	78,370	52,918
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	 (110,724)	 (58,603)	 52,121
Other financing sources (uses):			
Premium on bonds		395	395
Face amount of long-term debt issued	70,000	73,660	3,660
Transfers in	42,221	35,063	(7,158)
Transfers (out)	 (160)	 (571)	 (411)
Total other financing sources	112,061	108,547	(3,514)
Net change in fund balance	1,337	49,944	48,607
Fund balance at beginning of year	37,445	 96,437	 58,992
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 38,782	\$ 146,381	\$ 107,599

Exhibit C - 4

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	1	Budget		Actual	V	ariance
Revenues:			·			
Property taxes	\$	55,923	\$	56,004	\$	81
Intergovernmental				13		13
Investment earnings		215		477		262
Total revenues		56,138		56,494		356
Expenditures:						
Debt service - principal		113,005		96,005		17,000
- interest		21,768		20,133		1,635
- miscellaneous		17		729		(712)
Total expenditures		134,790		116,867		17,923
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(78,652)		(60,373)		18,279
Other financing sources (uses):						
Premium on bonds				2,226		2,226
Transfers in		81,112		60,024		(21,088)
Total other financing sources		81,112		62,250		(18,862)
Net change in fund balance		2,460		1,877		(583)
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,262		3,127		865
Fund balance at end of year	\$	4,722	\$	5,004	\$	282

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Transportation - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

]	Budget	Actual	V	ariance
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$	19,527	\$ 19,689	\$	162
Licenses and permits		1,151	1,128		(23)
Intergovernmental		60,451	61,923		1,472
Charges for services		205	168		(37)
Fines and forfeits			5		5
Investment earnings			173		173
Miscellaneous		208	207		(1)
Total revenues		81,542	83,293		1,751
Expenditures:					
Highways and streets		43,494	41,801		1,693
Total expenditures		43,494	41,801		1,693
Excess of revenues over expenditures		38,048	 41,492		3,444
Other financing sources (uses):					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets			33		33
Transfers in		122	121		(1)
Transfers (out)		(39,343)	(19,063)		20,280
Total other financing uses		(39,221)	(18,909)		20,312
Net change in fund balance		(1,173)	22,583		23,756
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,513	5,179		2,666
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,340	\$ 27,762	\$	26,422

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Health - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:						
Licenses and permits	\$	2,277	\$	2,895	\$	618
Intergovernmental		5,212		4,881		(331)
Charges for services		2,870		2,444		(426)
Fines and forfeits		73		63		(10)
Investment earnings		4		83		79
Miscellaneous		691		708		17
Total revenues		11,127		11,074		(53)
Expenditures:						
Health		25,322		21,804		3,518
Total expenditures		25,322		21,804		3,518
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(14,195)		(10,730)		3,465
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		12,482		12,972		490
Transfers (out)		(2,314)		(1,491)		823
Total other financing sources		10,168		11,481		1,313
Net change in fund balance		(4,027)		751		4,778
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,870		7,232		3,362
Fund balance at end of year	\$	(157)	\$	7,983	\$	8,140

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Regional Flood Control District - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	22,916	\$ 22,907	\$	(9)	
Licenses and permits		1	1			
Intergovernmental		50	79		29	
Charges for services		1,070	461		(609)	
Fines and forfeits			2		2	
Investment earnings		45	104		59	
Miscellaneous		74	 92		18	
Total revenues		24,156	23,646		(510)	
Expenditures:						
Flood control		17,389	 15,237		2,152	
Total expenditures		17,389	15,237		2,152	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		6,767	 8,409		1,642	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets			1		1	
Transfers in			7		7	
Transfers (out)		(8,804)	 (8,748)		56	
Total other financing uses		(8,804)	(8,740)		64	
Net change in fund balance		(2,037)	(331)		1,706	
Fund balance at beginning of year		6,891	 9,472		2,581	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	4,854	\$ 9,141	\$	4,287	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Other - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:						_
Licenses and permits			\$	1	\$	1
Intergovernmental	\$	24,451		22,107		(2,344)
Charges for services		7,963		7,963		
Fines and forfeits		3,089		3,416		327
Investment earnings		157		386		229
Miscellaneous		7,462		8,826		1,364
Total revenues		43,122		42,699		(423)
Expenditures:						
General government		42,739		28,101		14,638
Public safety		5,462		2,984		2,478
Health		65		33		32
Culture and recreation		1,872		827		1,045
Education and economic opportunity		3,283		3,001		282
Debt service - principal		616		617		(1)
- interest		2		2		
Total expenditures		54,039		35,565		18,474
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures		(10,917)		7,134		18,051
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets				520		520
Transfers in		1,513		1,757		244
Transfers (out)		(9,200)		(9,417)		(217)
Total other financing uses		(7,687)		(7,140)		547
Net change in fund balance		(18,604)		(6)		18,598
Fund balance at beginning of year		19,308		32,140		12,832
Fund balance at end of year	\$	704	\$	32,134	\$	31,430

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Other Grants - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Revenues: Intergovernmental \$ 60.484 \$ 40.144 \$ (20.340) Investment earnings 2 2 22 20. Miscellancous 3.656 3.410 (246) Total revenues 64.142 43.576 (20.566) Expenditures:		Budget		Actual		Variance	
Investment earnings	Revenues:						
Miscellaneous 3,656 3,410 (246) Total revenues 64,142 43,576 (20,566) Expenditures: County Administration 1,236 727 509 Clerk of the Court 7 (7) (7) Community Development 7,547 4,034 3,513 Community & Economic Development 6625 179 446 Community & Economic Development 6625 179 446 Community Services 19,253 17,662 1,591 County Attorney 5,673 2,848 2,825 Elections 96 (96) Environmental Quality 1,289 928 361 Finance 6,025 58 5,967 Flood Control 107 79 28 Health 12,290 9,240 3,050 Justice Court 1,150 1,140 10 Natural Resources, Parks and Recreation 382 155 227 Office of Emergency Management 1,925 <td>Intergovernmental</td> <td>\$</td> <td>60,484</td> <td>\$</td> <td>40,144</td> <td>\$</td> <td>(20,340)</td>	Intergovernmental	\$	60,484	\$	40,144	\$	(20,340)
Expenditures: County Administration 1,236 727 509 Clerk of the Court 7 (7) Community Development 7,547 4,034 3,513 Community & Economic Development 625 179 446 Community & Economic Development 625 179 446 Community Services 19,253 17,662 1,591 County Attorney 5,673 2,848 2,825 Elections 96 (96) Environmental Quality 1,289 928 361 Finance 6,025 58 5,967 Flood Control 107 79 28 Health 12,290 9,240 3,050 Justice Court 15 4 11 Juvenile Court 1,150 1,140 10 Natural Resources, Parks and Recreation 382 155 227 Office of Emergency Management 1,925 1,313 612 Pima Animal Care 867 390 477 Public Works Administration 145 (145) Recorder 1 (11) Sheriff 5,887 3,527 2,360 Superior Court 669 847 (178) Transportation 322 237 85 Total expenditures 65,262 43,617 21,645 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 3,213 2,085 (1,128) Transfers fout (10,698 (2,557) 8,141 Total other financing uses (7,485) (472) 7,013 Net change in fund balance (8,605) (513) 8,092 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,807 (2,934) (4,741)					22		20
Expenditures: County Administration 1,236 727 509 Clerk of the Court 7 7 (7) Community Development 7,547 4,034 3,513 Community Economic Development 625 179 446 Community Services 19,253 17,662 1,591 County Attorney 5,673 2,848 2,825 Elections 96 (96) Environmental Quality 1,289 928 361 Finance 6,025 58 5,967 Flood Control 107 79 28 Health 12,290 9,240 3,050 Justice Court 1,15 4 11 Juvenile Court 1,150 1,140 10 Natural Resources, Parks and Recreation 382 155 227 Office of Emergency Management 1,925 1,313 612 Pima Animal Care 867 390 477 Public Works Administration 145 (145) Recorder 1 (1) Sheriff 5,887 3,527 2,360 Superior Court 669 847 (178) Transportation 322 237 85 Total expenditures 65,262 43,617 21,645 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (out) (1,120) (41) 1,079 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (out) (1,120) (41) 1,079 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (out) (1,0698) (2,557) 8,141 Total other financing uses (7,485) (472) 7,013 Net change in fund balance (8,605) (513) 8,092 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,807 (2,934) (4,741)							
County Administration 1,236 727 509 Clerk of the Court 7 (7) Community Development 7,547 4,034 3,513 Community & Economic Development 625 179 446 Community Services 19,253 17,662 1,591 County Attorney 5,673 2,848 2,825 Elections 96 (96) Environmental Quality 1,289 928 361 Finance 6,025 58 5,967 Flood Control 107 79 28 Health 12,290 9,240 3,050 Justice Court 15 4 11 Juvenile Court 1,150 1,140 10 Natural Resources, Parks and Recreation 382 155 227 Office of Emergency Management 1,925 1,313 612 Pima Animal Care 867 390 477 Public Works Administration 145 (145) Recorder 1 <td>Total revenues</td> <td></td> <td>64,142</td> <td></td> <td>43,576</td> <td></td> <td>(20,566)</td>	Total revenues		64,142		43,576		(20,566)
Clerk of the Court 7 (7) Community Development 7,547 4,034 3,513 Community & Economic Development 625 1,79 446 Community Services 19,253 17,662 1,591 County Attorney 5,673 2,848 2,825 Elections 96 (96) Environmental Quality 1,289 928 361 Finance 6,025 58 5,967 Flood Control 107 79 28 Health 12,290 9,240 3,050 Justice Court 1,150 1,140 10 Natural Resources, Parks and Recreation 382 155 227 Office of Emergency Management 1,925 1,313 612 Pima Animal Care 867 390 477 Public Works Administration 145 (145) Recorder 1 (1) Superior Court 669 847 (178) Transportation 322 237	Expenditures:						
Community Development 7,547 4,034 3,513 Community & Economic Development 625 1.79 446 Community Services 19,253 17,662 1,591 County Attorney 5,673 2,848 2,825 Elections 96 (96) Environmental Quality 1,289 928 361 Finance 6,025 58 5,967 Flood Control 107 79 28 Health 12,290 9,240 3,050 Justice Court 15 4 11 Juvenile Court 1,150 1,140 10 Natural Resources, Parks and Recreation 382 155 227 Office of Emergency Management 1,925 1,313 612 Pima Animal Care 867 390 477 Public Works Administration 145 (145) Recorder 1 (1) Sheriff 5,887 3,527 2,360 Superior Court 669 <	County Administration		1,236		727		509
Community & Economic Development 625 179 446 Community Services 19,253 17,662 1,591 County Attorney 5,673 2,848 2,825 Elections 96 (96) Environmental Quality 1,289 928 361 Finance 6,025 58 5,967 Flood Control 107 79 28 Health 12,290 9,240 3,050 Justice Court 15 4 11 Juvenile Court 1,150 1,140 10 Natural Resources, Parks and Recreation 382 155 227 Office of Emergency Management 1,925 1,313 612 Pima Animal Care 867 390 477 Public Works Administration 145 (145) Recorder 1 (1) Superior Court 669 847 178 Transportation 322 237 85 Total expenditures (1,20) (41)	Clerk of the Court				7		(7)
Community Services 19,253 17,662 1,591 County Attorney 5,673 2,848 2,825 Elections 96 (96) Environmental Quality 1,289 928 361 Finance 6,025 58 5,967 Flood Control 107 79 28 Health 12,290 9,240 3,050 Justice Court 15 4 11 Juvenile Court 1,150 1,140 10 Natural Resources, Parks and Recreation 382 155 227 Office of Emergency Management 1,925 1,313 612 Pima Animal Care 867 390 477 Public Works Administration 145 (145) Recorder 1 (1) Sheriff 5,887 3,527 2,360 Superior Court 669 847 (178) Transportation 322 237 85 Total expenditures (1,120) (41 <td< td=""><td>Community Development</td><td></td><td>7,547</td><td></td><td>4,034</td><td></td><td>3,513</td></td<>	Community Development		7,547		4,034		3,513
County Attorney 5,673 2,848 2,825 Elections 96 (96) Environmental Quality 1,289 928 361 Finance 6,025 58 5,967 Flood Control 107 79 28 Health 12,290 9,240 3,050 Justice Court 15 4 11 Juvenile Court 1,150 1,140 10 Natural Resources, Parks and Recreation 382 155 227 Office of Emergency Management 1,925 1,313 612 Pima Animal Care 867 390 477 Public Works Administration 145 (145) Recorder 1 (1 (1) Superior Court 669 847 (178) Transportation 322 237 85 Total expenditures 65,262 43,617 21,645 Deficiency of revenues under expenditures (1,120) (41) 1,079 Other financing sources (Community & Economic Development		625		179		446
Elections 96 (96) Environmental Quality 1,289 928 361 Finance 6,025 58 5,967 Flood Control 107 79 28 Health 12,290 9,240 3,050 Justice Court 15 4 11 Juvenile Court 1,150 1,140 10 Natural Resources, Parks and Recreation 382 155 227 Office of Emergency Management 1,925 1,313 612 Pima Animal Care 867 390 477 Public Works Administration 145 (145) Recorder 1 (1) Sheriff 5,887 3,527 2,360 Superior Court 669 847 (178) Transportation 322 237 85 Total expenditures (1,120) (41) 1,079 Other financing sources (uses): 1 (1,120) (41) 1,079 Other financing sources (uses): <	Community Services		19,253		17,662		1,591
Environmental Quality 1,289 928 361 Finance 6,025 58 5,967 Flood Control 107 79 28 Health 12,290 9,240 3,050 Justice Court 15 4 11 Juvenile Court 1,150 1,140 10 Natural Resources, Parks and Recreation 382 155 227 Office of Emergency Management 1,925 1,313 612 Pima Animal Care 867 390 477 Public Works Administration 145 (145) Recorder 1 (1) Sheriff 5,887 3,527 2,360 Superior Court 669 847 (178) Transportation 322 237 85 Total expenditures (5,262 43,617 21,645 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (out) (1,120) (41) 1,079 Other financing uses (7,485) (472) 7,013	County Attorney		5,673		2,848		2,825
Finance 6,025 58 5,967 Flood Control 107 79 28 Health 12,290 9,240 3,050 Justice Court 15 4 11 Juvenile Court 1,150 1,140 10 Natural Resources, Parks and Recreation 382 155 227 Office of Emergency Management 1,925 1,313 612 Pima Animal Care 867 390 477 Public Works Administration 145 (145) Recorder 1 (1) Sheriff 5,887 3,527 2,360 Superior Court 669 847 (178) Transportation 322 237 85 Total expenditures 65,262 43,617 21,645 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (out) (1,120) (41) 1,079 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (out) (10,698) (2,557) 8,141 Total other financing uses (7,485) <	Elections				96		(96)
Flood Control 107 79 28 Health 12,290 9,240 3,050 Justice Court 15 4 11 Juvenile Court 1,150 1,140 10 Natural Resources, Parks and Recreation 382 155 227 Office of Emergency Management 1,925 1,313 612 Pima Animal Care 867 390 477 Public Works Administration 145 (145) Recorder 1 (1) Sheriff 5,887 3,527 2,360 Superior Court 669 847 (178) Transportation 322 237 85 Total expenditures 65,262 43,617 21,645 Deficiency of revenues under expenditures (1,120) (41) 1,079 Other financing sources (uses): 1 3,213 2,085 (1,128) Transfers in 3,213 2,085 (1,128) Transfers (out) (10,698) (2,557) 8,141	Environmental Quality		1,289		928		361
Health 12,290 9,240 3,050 Justice Court 15 4 11 Juvenile Court 1,150 1,140 10 Natural Resources, Parks and Recreation 382 155 227 Office of Emergency Management 1,925 1,313 612 Pima Animal Care 867 390 477 Public Works Administration 145 (145) Recorder 1 (1) Sheriff 5,887 3,527 2,360 Superior Court 669 847 (178) Transportation 322 237 85 Total expenditures 65,262 43,617 21,645 Deficiency of revenues under expenditures (1,120) (41) 1,079 Other financing sources (uses): 17ansfers (out) (10,698) (2,557) 8,141 Total other financing uses (7,485) (472) 7,013 Net change in fund balance (8,605) (513) 8,092 Fund balance at beginning of year	Finance		6,025		58		5,967
Justice Court 15 4 11 Juvenile Court 1,150 1,140 10 Natural Resources, Parks and Recreation 382 155 227 Office of Emergency Management 1,925 1,313 612 Pima Animal Care 867 390 477 Public Works Administration 145 (145) Recorder 1 (1) Sheriff 5,887 3,527 2,360 Superior Court 669 847 (178) Transportation 322 237 85 Total expenditures 65,262 43,617 21,645 Deficiency of revenues under expenditures (1,120) (41) 1,079 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 3,213 2,085 (1,128) Transfers (out) (10,698) (2,557) 8,141 Total other financing uses (7,485) (472) 7,013 Net change in fund balance (8,605) (513) 8,092 Fund balance at beginning of year </td <td>Flood Control</td> <td></td> <td>107</td> <td></td> <td>79</td> <td></td> <td>28</td>	Flood Control		107		79		28
Juvenile Court 1,150 1,140 10 Natural Resources, Parks and Recreation 382 155 227 Office of Emergency Management 1,925 1,313 612 Pima Animal Care 867 390 477 Public Works Administration 145 (145) Recorder 1 (1) Sheriff 5,887 3,527 2,360 Superior Court 669 847 (178) Transportation 322 237 85 Total expenditures 65,262 43,617 21,645 Deficiency of revenues under expenditures (1,120) (41) 1,079 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 3,213 2,085 (1,128) Transfers (out) (10,698) (2,557) 8,141 Total other financing uses (7,485) (472) 7,013 Net change in fund balance (8,605) (513) 8,092 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,807 (2,934) (4,741)	Health		12,290		9,240		3,050
Natural Resources, Parks and Recreation 382 155 227 Office of Emergency Management 1,925 1,313 612 Pima Animal Care 867 390 477 Public Works Administration 145 (145) Recorder 1 (1) Sheriff 5,887 3,527 2,360 Superior Court 669 847 (178) Transportation 322 237 85 Total expenditures 65,262 43,617 21,645 Deficiency of revenues under expenditures (1,120) (41) 1,079 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 3,213 2,085 (1,128) Transfers (out) (10,698) (2,557) 8,141 Total other financing uses (7,485) (472) 7,013 Net change in fund balance (8,605) (513) 8,092 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,807 (2,934) (4,741)	Justice Court		15		4		11
Office of Emergency Management 1,925 1,313 612 Pima Animal Care 867 390 477 Public Works Administration 145 (145) Recorder 1 (1) Sheriff 5,887 3,527 2,360 Superior Court 669 847 (178) Transportation 322 237 85 Total expenditures 65,262 43,617 21,645 Deficiency of revenues under expenditures (1,120) (41) 1,079 Other financing sources (uses): 3,213 2,085 (1,128) Transfers in 3,213 2,085 (1,128) Transfers (out) (10,698) (2,557) 8,141 Total other financing uses (7,485) (472) 7,013 Net change in fund balance (8,605) (513) 8,092 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,807 (2,934) (4,741)	Juvenile Court		1,150		1,140		10
Pima Animal Care 867 390 477 Public Works Administration 145 (145) Recorder 1 (1) Sheriff 5,887 3,527 2,360 Superior Court 669 847 (178) Transportation 322 237 85 Total expenditures 65,262 43,617 21,645 Deficiency of revenues under expenditures (1,120) (41) 1,079 Other financing sources (uses): 3,213 2,085 (1,128) Transfers (out) (10,698) (2,557) 8,141 Total other financing uses (7,485) (472) 7,013 Net change in fund balance (8,605) (513) 8,092 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,807 (2,934) (4,741)	Natural Resources, Parks and Recreation		382		155		227
Public Works Administration 145 (145) Recorder 1 (1) Sheriff 5,887 3,527 2,360 Superior Court 669 847 (178) Transportation 322 237 85 Total expenditures 65,262 43,617 21,645 Deficiency of revenues under expenditures (1,120) (41) 1,079 Other financing sources (uses): 3,213 2,085 (1,128) Transfers in 3,213 2,085 (1,128) Transfers (out) (10,698) (2,557) 8,141 Total other financing uses (7,485) (472) 7,013 Net change in fund balance (8,605) (513) 8,092 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,807 (2,934) (4,741)	Office of Emergency Management		1,925		1,313		612
Recorder 1 (1) Sheriff 5,887 3,527 2,360 Superior Court 669 847 (178) Transportation 322 237 85 Total expenditures 65,262 43,617 21,645 Deficiency of revenues under expenditures (1,120) (41) 1,079 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 3,213 2,085 (1,128) Transfers (out) (10,698) (2,557) 8,141 Total other financing uses (7,485) (472) 7,013 Net change in fund balance (8,605) (513) 8,092 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,807 (2,934) (4,741)	Pima Animal Care		867		390		477
Sheriff 5,887 3,527 2,360 Superior Court 669 847 (178) Transportation 322 237 85 Total expenditures 65,262 43,617 21,645 Deficiency of revenues under expenditures (1,120) (41) 1,079 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 3,213 2,085 (1,128) Transfers (out) (10,698) (2,557) 8,141 Total other financing uses (7,485) (472) 7,013 Net change in fund balance (8,605) (513) 8,092 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,807 (2,934) (4,741)	Public Works Administration				145		(145)
Superior Court 669 847 (178) Transportation 322 237 85 Total expenditures 65,262 43,617 21,645 Deficiency of revenues under expenditures (1,120) (41) 1,079 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 3,213 2,085 (1,128) Transfers (out) (10,698) (2,557) 8,141 Total other financing uses (7,485) (472) 7,013 Net change in fund balance (8,605) (513) 8,092 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,807 (2,934) (4,741)	Recorder				1		(1)
Transportation 322 237 85 Total expenditures 65,262 43,617 21,645 Deficiency of revenues under expenditures (1,120) (41) 1,079 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 3,213 2,085 (1,128) Transfers (out) (10,698) (2,557) 8,141 Total other financing uses (7,485) (472) 7,013 Net change in fund balance (8,605) (513) 8,092 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,807 (2,934) (4,741)	Sheriff		5,887		3,527		2,360
Total expenditures 65,262 43,617 21,645 Deficiency of revenues under expenditures (1,120) (41) 1,079 Other financing sources (uses):	Superior Court		669		847		(178)
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures (1,120) (41) 1,079 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 3,213 2,085 (1,128) Transfers (out) (10,698) (2,557) 8,141 Total other financing uses (7,485) (472) 7,013 Net change in fund balance (8,605) (513) 8,092 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,807 (2,934) (4,741)	Transportation		322		237		85
expenditures (1,120) (41) 1,079 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 3,213 2,085 (1,128) Transfers (out) (10,698) (2,557) 8,141 Total other financing uses (7,485) (472) 7,013 Net change in fund balance (8,605) (513) 8,092 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,807 (2,934) (4,741)	Total expenditures		65,262		43,617		21,645
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 3,213 2,085 (1,128) Transfers (out) (10,698) (2,557) 8,141 Total other financing uses (7,485) (472) 7,013 Net change in fund balance (8,605) (513) 8,092 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,807 (2,934) (4,741)	Deficiency of revenues under						
Transfers in 3,213 2,085 (1,128) Transfers (out) (10,698) (2,557) 8,141 Total other financing uses (7,485) (472) 7,013 Net change in fund balance (8,605) (513) 8,092 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,807 (2,934) (4,741)	expenditures		(1,120)		(41)		1,079
Transfers (out) (10,698) (2,557) 8,141 Total other financing uses (7,485) (472) 7,013 Net change in fund balance (8,605) (513) 8,092 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,807 (2,934) (4,741)	Other financing sources (uses):						
Total other financing uses (7,485) (472) 7,013 Net change in fund balance (8,605) (513) 8,092 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,807 (2,934) (4,741)	Transfers in		3,213		2,085		(1,128)
Net change in fund balance (8,605) (513) 8,092 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,807 (2,934) (4,741)	Transfers (out)		(10,698)		(2,557)		8,141
Fund balance at beginning of year 1,807 (2,934) (4,741)	Total other financing uses		(7,485)		(472)		7,013
	Net change in fund balance		(8,605)		(513)		8,092
Fund balance at end of year \$ (6,798) \$ (3,447) \$ 3,351			1,807		(2,934)		(4,741)
	Fund balance at end of year	\$	(6,798)	\$	(3,447)	\$	3,351

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Wireless Integrated Network - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 (in thousands)

	Budget		<i>E</i>	Actual	Variance	
Revenues:	·	_	_	_	·-	
Charges for services	\$	2,931	\$	2,997	\$	66
Investment earnings		5		31		26
Miscellaneous		67		70		3
Total revenues		3,003		3,098		95
Expenditures:						
Public safety		2,884		2,724		160
Total expenditures		2,884		2,724		160
Excess of revenues over expenditures		119		374		255
Other financing sources						
Transfers in				7		7
Total other financing sources				7		7
Net change in fund balance		119		381		262
Fund balance at beginning of year		690		1,788		1,098
Fund balance at end of year	\$	809	\$	2,169	\$	1,360

Exhibit C - 11

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual School Reserve - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 (in thousands)

	E	Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:				_		_	
Intergovernmental	\$	1,961	\$	1,706	\$	(255)	
Total revenues		1,961		1,706		(255)	
Expenditures:							
School Reserve grants		1,961		2,324		(363)	
Total expenditures		1,961		2,324		(363)	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures				(618)		(618)	
Net change in fund balance				(618)		(618)	
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,178		821		(357)	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,178	\$	203	\$	(975)	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Environmental Quality - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 (in thousands)

	Budget		 Actual	Variance	
Revenues:					
Licenses and permits	\$	2,193	\$ 2,600	\$	407
Charges for services			1		1
Fines and forfeits			8		8
Investment earnings		19	35		16
Miscellaneous		31	14		(17)
Total revenues		2,243	2,658		415
Expenditures:					
Environmental Quality		3,500	 3,024		476
Total expenditures		3,500	 3,024		476
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(1,257)	 (366)		891
Other financing sources					
Transfers in		707	709		2
Total other financing sources		707	 709		2
Net change in fund balance		(550)	343		893
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,735	 2,999		264
Fund balance at end of year	\$	2,185	\$ 3,342	\$	1,157

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Waste Tire - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 (in thousands)

	E	Budget	<i>F</i>	Actual	Vai	riance
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	1,100	\$	1,267	\$	167
Investment earnings		8		18		10
Total revenues		1,108		1,285		177
Expenditures:						
Sanitation		1,308		1,100		208
Total expenditures		1,308		1,100		208
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(200)		185		385
Net change in fund balance		(200)		185		385
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,431		1,525		94
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,231	\$	1,710	\$	479

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Library District - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ending June 30, 2018 (in thousands)

]	Budget	 Actual	Variance		
Revenues:		_	<u> </u>			
Property taxes	\$	40,384	\$ 40,437	\$	53	
Intergovernmental		237	161		(76)	
Charges for services		280	282		2	
Fines and forfeits		600	500		(100)	
Investment earnings		40	140		100	
Miscellaneous		505	575		70	
Total revenues		42,046	 42,095		49	
Expenditures:						
Culture and recreation		42,234	37,708		4,526	
Total expenditures		42,234	 37,708		4,526	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(188)	4,387		4,575	
Other financing uses:						
Transfers (out)		(4,921)	(3,728)		1,193	
Total other financing uses		(4,921)	(3,728)		1,193	
Net change in fund balance		(5,109)	659		5,768	
Fund balance at beginning of year		8,309	 14,368		6,059	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	3,200	\$ 15,027	\$	11,827	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Stadium District - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	F	Budget	 Actual	Variance		
Revenues:	·	_	_			
Intergovernmental	\$	1,537	\$ 1,601	\$	64	
Charges for services		845	1,241		396	
Investment earnings		5	2		(3)	
Miscellaneous			7		7	
Total revenues		2,387	2,851		464	
Expenditures:						
Culture and recreation		5,612	5,407		205	
Total expenditures		5,612	5,407		205	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(3,225)	 (2,556)		669	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets			1		1	
Transfers in		4,820	4,642		(178)	
Transfers (out)		(2,865)	 (2,865)			
Total other financing sources		1,955	1,778		(177)	
Net change in fund balance		(1,270)	(778)		492	
Fund balance at beginning of year		(2,900)	 (2,709)		191	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	(4,170)	\$ (3,487)	\$	683	

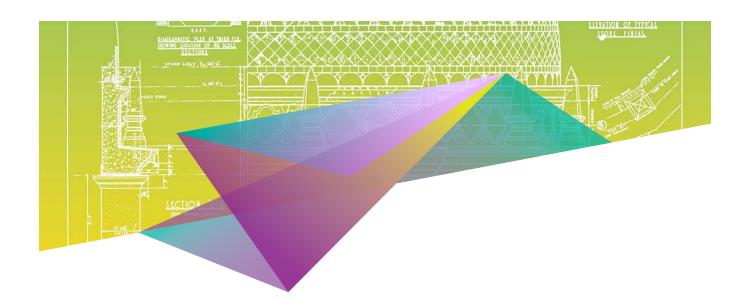
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Street Lighting Districts - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 (in thousands)

	Budget		A	ctual	Variance		
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$	149	\$	149			
Investment earnings				1_	\$	1_	
Total revenues		149		150		1	
Expenditures:							
General government		170		194		(24)	
Total expenditures		170		194		(24)	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(21)		(44)		(23)	
Net change in fund balance		(21)		(44)		(23)	
Fund balance at beginning of year				115		115	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	(21)	\$	71	\$	92	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Rocking K South CFD - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ending June 30, 2018

	Buc	lget	Ac	tual	Variance		
Revenues:							
Property taxes							
Investment earnings							
Miscellaneous							
Total revenues							
Expenditures:							
Education and economic opportunity	\$	50	\$	8	\$	42	
Total expenditures		50		8		42	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(50)		(8)		42	
Other financing sources:							
Proceeds from sale of debt		100				(100)	
Transfers in				30		30	
Total other financing sources		100		30		(70)	
Net change in fund balance		50		22		(28)	
Fund balance at beginning of year				(1)		(1)	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	50	\$	21	\$	(29)	

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COMBINING STATEMENTS AND OTHER SCHEDULES

Other (Nonmajor) Enterprise Funds

OTHER (NONMAJOR) ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Development Services — to account for the operations of providing zoning permits, enforcing ordinances in compliance with state statutes, and administering uniform building codes.

Parking Garages — to account for the management and operation of seven public parking garages located in downtown Tucson.

Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds June 30, 2018

	elopment ervices	Parking Garages	No Er	Total onmajor iterprise Funds
Assets		_		
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,202	\$ 1,969	\$	7,171
Interest receivable	9	3		12
Due from other funds	23			23
Accounts receivable	109	32		141
Prepaid expense	9			9
Total current assets	5,352	2,004		7,356
Noncurrent assets:				
Net other postemployment benefits asset:	18	1		19
Capital assets:				
Land		1,768		1,768
Buildings and improvements		27,608		27,608
Equipment	18	2,356		2,374
Less accumulated depreciation	(18)	(12,077)		(12,095)
Total capital assets (net)	<u> </u>	19,655		19,655
Total noncurrent assets	18	19,656		19,674
Total assets	5,370	21,660		27,030
Deferred outflows of resources				
Pension/OPEB	 636	 37		673
Total deferred outflows of resources	 636	 37		673
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	61	337		398
Employee compensation	97	5		102
Due to other governments		52		52
Unearned revenue		6		6
Compensated absences payable	256	 12		268
Total current liabilities	414	 412		826
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Compensated absences payable	114			114
Net Pension/OPEB liability	5,204	299		5,503
Total noncurrent liabilities	5,318	 299		5,617
Total liabilities	 5,732	 711		6,443
Deferred inflows of resources				
Pension/OPEB	 449	 26		475
Total deferred inflows of resources	 449	 26		475
Net position		40.555		10.5
Net investment in capital assets	(1==)	19,655		19,655
Unrestricted (deficit)	 (175)	 1,305		1,130
Total net position	\$ (175)	\$ 20,960	\$	20,785

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		elopment ervices		Parking Garages	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		
Operating revenues:	¢.	0.701	¢.	2.524	¢.	11 215	
Charges for services Other	\$	8,791 27	\$	2,524 18	\$	11,315 45	
Total operating revenues		8,818		2,542		11,360	
Operating expenses:							
Employee compensation		3,581		430		4,011	
Operating supplies and services		32		101		133	
Repair and maintenance		26		199		225	
General and administrative		1,695		1,231		2,926	
Consultants and professional services		189		69		258	
Depreciation				791		791	
Total operating expenses		5,523		2,821		8,344	
Operating income (loss)		3,295		(279)		3,016	
Nonoperating revenues:							
Investment earnings		100		21		121	
Total nonoperating revenues		100		21		121	
Income (loss) before transfers		3,395		(258)		3,137	
Transfers in		97				97	
Transfers (out)		(796)		(639)		(1,435)	
Change in net position		2,696		(897)		1,799	
Net position at beginning of year, as restated		(2,871)		21,857		18,986	
Net position at end of year	\$	(175)	\$	20,960	\$	20,785	

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

(in thousands)

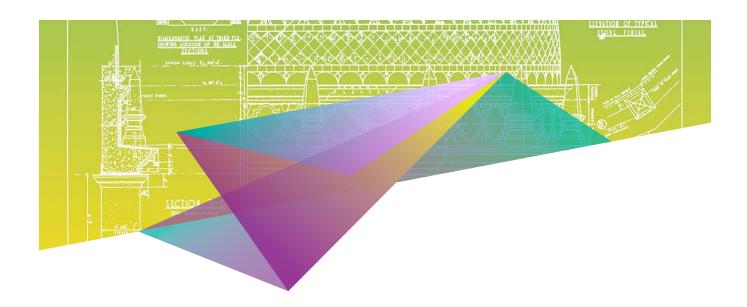
	elopment ervices	arking Sarages	No En	Total onmajor terprise Funds
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers for goods and services provided Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to other funds for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services	\$ 8,832 (378) (1,560) (4,376)	\$ 2,551 (1,386) (159) (447)	\$	11,383 (1,764) (1,719) (4,823)
Net cash provided by operating activities	 2,518	 559		3,077
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Cash transfers in from other funds Cash transfers out to other funds Loans with other funds	 97 (796) 26	 (639)		97 (1,435) 26
Net cash used for noncapital financing activities	 (673)	(639)		(1,312)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Purchase of capital assets	 	 (121)		(121)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		 (121)		(121)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received on cash and investments	 93	20		113
Net cash provided by investing activities	 93	20		113
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,938	(181)		1,757
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	 3,264	2,150		5,414
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 5,202	\$ 1,969	\$	7,171

(continued)

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 (in thousands)

(continued)

Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities	Develo Serv		rking rages	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		
Operating income (loss)	\$	3,295	\$ (279)	\$	3,016	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization			791		791	
Changes in assets and deferred outflows of resources: Decrease (increase) in assets:						
Accounts receivable		14	(2)		12	
Due from other governments			6		6	
Prepaid expense		(2)			(2)	
Net OPEB asset		(18)	(1)		(19)	
Increase in deferred outflows of resources:		` /	. ,		. ,	
Pension/OPEB plans		475	19		494	
Changes in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources: Increase (decrease) in liabilities:						
Accounts payable		6	102		108	
Due to other governments			(47)		(47)	
Net Pension/OPEB liability		(847)	(14)		(861)	
Other liabilities		61	6		67	
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources:						
Pension/OPEB plans		(466)	 (22)		(488)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	2,518	\$ 559	\$	3,077	





COMBINING STATEMENTS AND OTHER SCHEDULES

Internal Service Funds

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Self Insurance Trust Fund — to account for the risk management function of the County. The Fund provides self insurance coverage to the County for medical malpractice, workers' compensation, unemployment, general liability, environmental liability, and property damage as well as acquiring coverage for other risks.

Fleet Services — to account for the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of fleet services equipment provided to County departments.

Health Benefit Trust Fund — to account for health care and health-related benefits. The Fund is responsible for collecting employer and employee premiums through payroll deductions, and for the payment of claims. The premiums collected include amounts paid for medical, dental, vision, short-term disability and life insurance coverages.

Other Internal Service — to account for the provision of technology infrastructure, telecommunication services, and procurement of software and hardware resources utilized by County departments.

Combining Statements of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2018

		Self- Insurance Fleet Trust Services			Health Benefit Trust	I	Other internal Service	Total Internal Service Funds		
Assets										
Current assets:	¢.	70.000	¢.	20 100	\$	41.050	¢.	2.012	¢	152.040
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	79,898	\$	28,189	3	,	\$	3,912	\$	153,049
Interest receivable		33		10		27		8		78
Due from other governments		0		27		5.5		6		6
Accounts receivable		9		27		55		293		384
Inventory		705		615		12		321 9,881		936
Prepaid expense Total current assets		785 80,725		28,855		41,145		14,421		10,693
Noncurrent assets:		80,723		26,633		41,143		14,421		105,140
Net OPEB		6		13		4		21		44
Capital assets:		Ü		13		4		21		
Land		449								449
Buildings and improvements		,		21,656				224		21,880
Equipment		218		48,070				15,797		64,085
Less accumulated depreciation		(184)		(26,113)				(7,955)		(34,252)
Construction in progress		()		177				420		597
Total capital assets (net)	-	483		43,790	-			8,486	-	52,759
Total noncurrent assets		489		43,803		4		8,507		52,803
		-	-		-	-				
Total assets		81,214		72,658		41,149		22,928		217,949
Deferred outflows of resources										
Pension/OPEB		220		439		123		2,715		3,497
Total deferred outflows of resources		220		439		123		2,715		3,497
Liabilities Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable		385		1,885		152		5,150		7,572
Employee compensation		30		63		17		113		223
Due to other funds		103		03		1 /		4		107
Unearned revenue		2								2
Compensated absences		75		146		43		282		546
Reported but unpaid losses		3,834		110		668		202		4,502
Incurred but not reported losses		2,263				3,787				6,050
Total current liabilities	-	6,692		2,094	-	4,667		5,549	-	19,002
Noncurrent liabilities:	-				-	.,,				
Compensated absences payable		6		108		4		139		257
Reported but unpaid losses		17,268				7				17,275
Incurred but not reported losses		11,692				38				11,730
Net Pension/OPEB liability		1,797		3,594		1,011		6,027		12,429
Total noncurrent liabilities		30,763		3,702		1,060		6,166		41,691
Total liabilities		37,455		5,796		5,727		11,715		60,693
Deferred inflows of resources										
Pension/OPEB		155		310		87		521		1,073
Total deferred inflows of resources		155		310		87		521		1,073
Net position										
Net investment in capital assets		483		43,790				8,486		52,759
Restricted for:										
Healthcare						35,458				35,458
Unrestricted		43,341		23,201				4,921		71,463
Total net position	\$	43,824	\$	66,991	\$	35,458	\$	13,407	\$	159,680

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Self- Insurance Trust		Fleet Services		Health Benefit Trust		I	Other nternal Service	Total Internal Service Funds		
Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$	17,420	\$	21,614	\$	67,448	\$	23,172	\$	129,654	
Other	Ф	357	Φ	131	Φ	1,700	Φ	574	Ф	2,762	
Total operating revenues		17,777		21,745		69,148	-	23,746		132,416	
		,,				07,110					
Operating expenses:											
Employee compensation		1,985		3,192		916		6,643		12,736	
Operating supplies and services		213		4,928		5		5,003		10,149	
Incurred losses		7,139				52,892				60,031	
Insurance premiums		3,662		1,193		5,051		30		9,936	
General and administrative		1,480		1,645		649		9,982		13,756	
Repair and maintenance		293		1,397		147		1,837			
Consultants and professional services		899		54		3,714 2,155			6,822		
Depreciation		9		4,571				1,409		5,989	
Total operating expenses		15,680		16,980		63,227		25,369		121,256	
Operating income (loss)		2,097		4,765		5,921		(1,623)		11,160	
Nonoperating revenues											
Investment earnings		820		262		394		41		1,517	
Gain on disposal of capital assets				56						56	
Total nonoperating revenues		820		318		394		41		1,573	
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		2,917		5,083		6,315		(1,582)		12,733	
Capital contributions				143				132		275	
Transfers in								568		568	
Transfers (out)		(242)		(2,206)				(13)		(2,461)	
Change in net position		2,675		3,020		6,315		(895)		11,115	
Net position at beginning of year, as restated		41,149		63,971		29,143		14,302		148,565	
Net position at end of year	\$	43,824	\$	66,991	\$	35,458	\$	13,407	\$	159,680	

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 (in thousands)

	Self- Insurance Trust		Fleet Services		Health Benefit Trust		Other Internal Service		Total Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from other funds for goods and services provided Cash received from miscellaneous operations Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to other funds for goods and services	\$	17,420 349 (6,614) (1,450)	\$ 21,614 121 (6,371) (2,378)	\$	67,448 1,706 (9,412) (617)	\$	23,172 310 (13,701) (884)	\$	129,654 2,486 (36,098) (5,329)
Cash payments for incurred losses Cash payments to employees for services		(7,553) (2,078)	 (3,304)		(52,592) (849)		(5,737)		(60,145) (11,968)
Net cash provided by operating activities		74	9,682		5,684		3,160		18,600
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Cash transfers in from other funds Cash transfers out to other funds		(139)	(2,206)		(4)		568 (13)		568 (2,362)
Loans with other funds		3,400	 		(3,400)		4		4
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities		3,261	 (2,206)		(3,404)		559		(1,790)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Proceeds from sale of capital assets Purchase of capital assets			151 (6,590)				(2,374)		151 (8,964)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities			(6,439)				(2,374)		(8,813)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received on cash and investments		805	259		380		34		1,478
Net cash provided by investing activities		805	 259		380		34		1,478
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		4,140	1,296		2,660		1,379		9,475
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		75,758	 26,893		38,390		2,533		143,574
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	79,898	\$ 28,189	\$	41,050	\$	3,912	\$	153,049

(continued)

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 (in thousands)

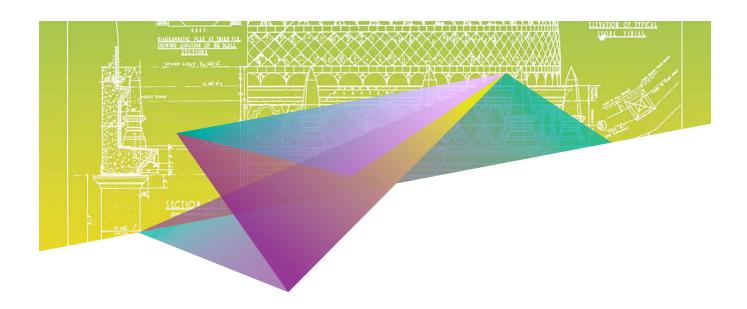
(continued)

					Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net	Self-		Health	Other	Internal
cash provided by (used for) operating activities	Insurance	Fleet	Benefit	Internal	Service
	Trust	Services	Trust	Service	Funds
Operating income (loss)	\$ 2,097	\$ 4,765	\$ 5,921	\$(1,623)	\$ 11,160
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to					
net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization	9	4,571		1,409	5,989
Changes in assets and deferred outflows of resources:					
Decrease (increase) in assets:					
Accounts receivable	(8)	(10)	6	(263)	(275)
Due from other governments				(1)	(1)
Inventory and other assets		(132)		(75)	(207)
Prepaid expense	23	(8)		49	64
Net OPEB assets	(6)	(13)	(4)	(21)	(44)
Increase in deferred outflows of resources:					
Pension/OPEB plans	126	239	50	2,167	2,582
Changes in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:					
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:					
Accounts payable	(1,540)	608	(610)	2,758	1,216
Reported but unpaid losses	(1,554)		45		(1,509)
Incurred but not reported losses	1,140		255		1,395
Net pension/OPEB liability	(90)	(100)	68	(810)	(932)
Other liabilities	7	10	8	83	108
Increase in deferred inflows of resources:					
Pension/OPEB plans	(130)	(248)	(55)	(513)	(946)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 74	\$ 9,682	\$ 5,684	\$ 3,160	\$ 18,600
. , , ,					

Noncash investing, capital, and noncapital financing activities during the year ended June 30, 2018:

Fleet Services sold capital assets with a net book value of \$95, received capital contributions with a value of \$19 from General Government and received a donation of capital assets with a net book value of \$35.

Other Internal Services received a transfer of capital assets with a net book value of \$132 from General Government.





COMBINING STATEMENTS AND OTHER SCHEDULES

Fiduciary Funds

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Investment Trust Funds June 30, 2018

	 reasurer's vestment Pool	In	dividual vestment	In	Total evestment Trust Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable	\$ 72,737 192	\$	99,502	\$	172,239 192
Total assets	\$ 72,929	\$	99,502	\$	172,431
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Total liabilities					
Net position	 				
Held in trust for pool participants	\$ 72,929	\$	99,502	\$	172,431

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Investment Trust Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

			Total
	Treasurer's	Individual	Investment
	Investment	Investment	Trust
	Pool	Accounts	Funds
Additions			
Contributions from participants	\$ 1,878,025	\$ 106,809	\$ 1,984,834
Total contributions	1,878,025	106,809	1,984,834
Investment earnings	1,552	1,416	2,968
Total investment earnings	1,552	1,416	2,968
Total additions	1,879,577	108,225	1,987,802
Deductions			
Distributions to participants	1,917,416	107,272	2,024,688
Total deductions	1,917,416	107,272	2,024,688
Change in net position	(37,839)	953	(36,886)
Net position held in trust July 1, 2017	110,768	98,549	209,317
Net position held in trust June 30, 2018	\$ 72,929	\$ 99,502	\$ 172,431

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Agency Funds June 30, 2018

	'ayroll learing	easurer's learing	Other	Total
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments	\$ 2,869	\$ 4,287 1,611	\$ 78,153	\$ 85,309 1,611
Total assets	 2,869	 5,898	 78,153	 86,920
<u>Liabilities</u> Employee compensation Due to other governments Deposits and rebates	2,869	5,898	56,613 21,540	2,869 56,613 27,438
Total liabilities	\$ 2,869	\$ 5,898	\$ 78,153	\$ 86,920

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Agency Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Payroll Clearing		Balance 30/2017		Additions	D	eductions		salance 30/2018
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,237	\$	315,766	\$	314,134	\$	2,869
Total assets	<u> </u>	1,237		315,766	Ψ	314,134	Ψ ————————————————————————————————————	2,869
Liabilities								
Employee compensation		1,237		315,766		314,134		2,869
Total liabilities		1,237		315,766		314,134		2,869
Treasurer's Clearing								
Assets		2.520		1 002 120		1 001 292		4 207
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments		3,530 866		1,992,139 745		1,991,382		4,287 1,611
Total assets		4,396		1,992,884		1,991,382		5,898
Liabilities								
Due to other governments				1,421,561		1,421,561		
Deposits and rebates		4,396		571,323		569,821		5,898
Total liabilities		4,396		1,992,884		1,991,382		5,898
Other								
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents		58,835		274,695		255,377		78,153
Total assets		58,835		274,695		255,377		78,153
Liabilities								
Due to other governments		34,141		235,296		212,824		56,613
Deposits and rebates		24,694		39,399		42,553		21,540
Total liabilities		58,835		274,695		255,377		78,153
Totals - All Agency Funds								
Assets		(2, (02		2.502.600		2.560.002		05.200
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments		63,602 866		2,582,600 745		2,560,893		85,309 1,611
Total assets		64,468		2,583,345		2,560,893		86,920
Liabilities		1 007		215.766		214 124		2.060
Employee compensation Due to other governments		1,237 34,141		315,766 1,656,857		314,134 1,634,385		2,869 56,613
Deposits and rebates		29,090		610,722		612,374		27,438
Total liabilities	\$	64,468	\$	2,583,345	\$	2,560,893	\$	86,920
1 otal lidollidos	Ψ	07,700	Ψ	2,303,373	Ψ	2,500,075	Ψ	00,720

INTRODUCTORY SECTION FINANCIAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

- Financial Trends Information
- Revenue Capacity Information
- Debt Capacity Information
- Demographic and Economic Information
- Operating Information



STATISTICAL SECTION

Financial Trends – The financial trends schedules are intended to provide users with information to assist them in understanding and assessing how a government's financial position has changed over time. Financial trends information is considered to be a primary source of the historical perspective that helps users comprehend the direction in which a government's economic condition is heading. It also serves the purpose of giving users a form of information that is among their most highly valued, comparative information over time.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Net Position by Component (in thousands) (accrual basis of accounting) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2009	2010	2011	2012	Fiscal Year 2013	ar <u>2014</u>	2015	2016	2017	2018
Governmental activities	\$ 072.246	61 048 821	\$1 136 033	1 245 227	\$ 1.308.057	\$ 1.254.456	\$ 1.295.006	137,876,161	1 420 607	9 1452 111
Restricted for:		31,040,021	\$1,130,033	1,24,5,42,1	/50,005,1 ¢	05+,+56,1 6		1,2/0,/01	-, 1,	1,1
Special revenue Highways and streets	78,080 21,349	64,991 25,749	64,446 32,906	103,592 32,322	100,423 27,033	61,936 10,988	60,285 8,039	58,269 8,269	66,828 5,416	68,636 28,365
Debt service Capital projects	59,945	57,939	60,381	30,224	9,853	66,885	64,612	62,386	76,278	80,619
Healthcare		3,405	4,074	1,360	1,163	3,591	28,610	34,342	40,686	44,032
Unrestricted (deficit) Total governmental activities net position	34,850 \$ 1,211,136	149,966 \$1,350,871	164,606 \$1,462,446	157,315 \$ 1,570,040	145,618 \$ 1,592,147	84,514 \$ 1,582,370	(507,127) \$ 1,040,415	(494,395) \$ 1,045,632	(503,936) \$ 1,114,879	(530,353) \$ 1,143,410
Ducinees true antivities										
Dusiness-type activities Net investment in capital assets	539,718	550,540	575,525	564,561	531,945	586,868	592,351	636,369	654,168	686,418
Restricted for:	0			6	6		607.76	222.26	0 00	
Debt service Capital projects	819	13,454	12,567	31.680	29,100 42.841	31,615 22,720	36,683 7,980	3,440	38,247	40,2/1
Regional Wastewater	5,883	16,110	17,161	18,449	17,785	18,820	19,419	19,223	19,668	19,351
Healthcare	9,017	15,943	23,562	4			i d	00000		
Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position	\$ 604,393	\$ 637,584	\$ 686,499	\$ 703,698	\$ 723,430	\$ 777,448	\$ 743,443	\$ 784,604	\$ 788,981	\$ 804,614
-										
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	1,512,064	1,599,361	1,711,558	1,809,788	1,840,002	1,941,324	1,978,347	2,013,130	2,083,775	2,138,529
Facilities, justice, library, tax stabilization										
and community development	78,080	64,991	64,446	103,592	100,423	61,936	60,285	58,269	66,828	68,636
Highways and streets	21,349	25,749	32,906	32,322	27,033	10,988	8,039	8,269	5,416	28,365
Debt service	45,385	13,454	12,567	22,538	29,100	31,615	36,683	36,666	38,247	40,271
Capital projects	74,424	69,562	84,617	61,904	52,694	89,605	72,592	65,826	77,945	82,886
Regional Wastewater	5,883	16,110	17,161	18,449	17,785	18,820	19,419	19,223	19,668	19,351
Healthcare	9,017	19,348	27,636	1,360	1,163	3,591	28,610	34,342	40,686	44,032
Unrestricted (deficit)	69,327	179,880	198,054	223,785	247,377	201,939	(420,117)	(405,489)		
Total primary government net position	\$ 1,815,529	\$1,988,455	\$2,148,945	\$ 2,273,738	\$ 2,315,577	\$ 2,359,818	\$ 1,783,858	\$ 1,830,236	\$ 1,903,860	\$ 1,948,024

Note:

Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues, in fixeal year 2016, net position for the year ended June 30, 2015 was restated, however this change was not reflected in this schedule.

Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, in fixeal year 2015, net position for the year ended June 30, 2014 was restated, however this change was not reflected in this schedule.

Source:

Pima County Finance & Risk Management

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA
Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(in thousands)
(accrual basis of accounting)

						_	Fiscal Year	ar								
	2009	2010	2011	2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
Expenses																
Governmental activities:																
General government	\$ 212,196	\$ 218,504	\$ 218,843	\$ 223,005	S	233,984	S	230,742	s	259,734	S	267,658	S	260,251	s	279,678
Public safety	149,253	145,697	146,395	150,349		166,476		188,782		188,189		201,759		214,648		214,460
Highways and streets	79,251	169,89	73,348	69,183		80,087		93,675		85,618		102,461		86,886		110,159
Sanitation	7,434	699'9	6,208	7,224		6,409		4,252		(4,882)		3,089		5,195		2,683
Health	31,541	33,086	36,475	47,248		36,540		36,085		38,219		38,386		39,454		38,186
Welfare	115,513	87,107	90,521	94,409		95,428		93,224		93,524		88,515		90,013		94,567
Culture and recreation	60,520	61,642	67,063	61,900		65,341		63,961		62,981		65,770		68,350		65,827
Education and economic opportunity	46,770	52,023	56,626	55,126		49,924		35,756		35,051		35,833		36,658		43,492
Amortization-unallocated	(235)	428	(2,625)	805		(286)		(5,758)		(6,237)		(6,862)		(9,348)		(7,806)
Interest on long-term debt	26,780	26,403	26,078	24,776		23,915		27,994		27,696		27,464		27,066		23,049
Total governmental activities expenses	729,023	700,250	718,932	734,025		757,818		768,713		779,893		824,073		819,173		864,295
Business-type activities:																
Regional Wastewater Reclamation	105,139	110,618	113,495	117,774		144,085		145,117		184,884		155,566		155,257		148,405
Pima Health System & Services	224,959	204,619	200,305	58,773												
Development Services	6,992	7,924	6,982	6,912		7,231		96,79		888'9		6,691		6,091		5,523
Parking Garages	1,696	1,906	1,538	1,988		1,825		1,877		1,814		2,350		2,840		2,821
Total business-type activities expenses	341,786	325,067	322,320	185,447		153,141		153,790		193,586		164,607		164,188		156,749
Total primary government expenses	\$ 1,070,809	\$ 1,025,317	\$ 1,041,252	\$ 919,472	s	910,959	s	922,503	s	973,479	8	988,680	s	983,361	s	1,021,044
Program revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services																
American Journal of the Company	26.36	21.050	000 20	20 444		010 00		225 77		17077		07.140		10 22 1		2777
Public safety	10.386	10.218	9.034	12.047		10.238		14.846		12.883		12,733		13.657		13.737
Highways and streets	4.616	5.317	4.891	5.059		6.511		6.307		6.136		5.263		969'9		8,356
Sanitation	4,668	3,378	3,699	3,487		3,577		31								
Health	10,488	11,003	11,436	12,605		12,495		13,259		12,894		13,437		13,831		13,727
Welfare						320		80		200		50				
Culture and recreation	2,754	2,532	2,191	2,254		2,865		2,548		3,144		2,855		3,876		3,266
Education and economic opportunity	169	749	1,024	1,008		1,544		430		577		545		593		581
Operating grants and contributions	131,361	142,840	136,472	143,388		116,121		113,129		126,862		127,536		130,049		131,222
Capital grants and contributions	68,535	65,820	65,030	47,528		59,298		54,583		42,570		45,579		37,502		26,842
Subtotal governmental activities program revenues	tes \$ 259,782	\$ 272,907	\$ 261,579	\$ 257,820	S	241,879	s	232,568	s	233,240	S	235,147	\$	234,535	s	225,444

Source: Pima County Finance & Risk Management

(continued)

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA
Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(in thousands)
(accrual basis of accounting)

(continued)

105 102 2010 2011 2013 75 cm 105 cm 2016 2016 2016 2016 2017 2018 2018 2016 2017 2018 2016 2017 2018
2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 3 117.880 5 148.010 8 154.611 8 156.573 8 171.600 8 172.897 8 170.255 8 2.886 2.007.632 8.87.72 2.013 2.043 6.212 2.024 8.076 2.199 4.421 4.420 2.083 6.073 6.073 6.073 6.073 6.073 6.073 6.073 8.075 8.076 2.199 2.099 8.076 2.073 2.049 2.099 8.076 2.073 2.076 2.099 2.099 8.076 2.076 2.076 2.099 8.076 2.076 2.099 2.099 8.076 2.076 2.076 2.099 2.099 8.076 2.076 2.076 2.076 2.076 2.076 2.076 2.076 2.076 2.076 2.076 2.076 2.076 2.076 2.076 2.076 2.076 2.076 2.076
2011 2012 2014 2015 2016 2017 2017 2077 652 6213 87,250 5,744 6,773 6,773 6,773 8,775 </td
Fiscal Year
Fiscal Year Fiscal Year Fiscal Year 2014 2015 2016 2017 2 5 013 2014 2015 8 172,597 \$ 167,856 \$ 170,255 \$ 6 519 2,362 2,271 2,209 2,399 2,399 3,914 1,88,372 6,324 6,212 8,076 410,909 1,88,372 1,87,081 1,83,99 2,399 410,909 410,940 420,340 1,88,372 1,87,840 410,978 420,940 420,321 1,88,926 1,88,835 (515,939) (336,145) (355,159) (358,158) 1,88,926 1,88,836 (515,040) (336,145) (355,158) (358,158) 1,88,926 1,88,836 (515,040) (350,146) (355,158) (358,158) (356,177) 1,890 (510,05) (350,158) (350,158) (350,158) (350,166) 1,990 1,990 4,590 (51,040) (350,166) (350,166) (350,166) 1,990 4,190 </td
2014 2015 2016 2017 2 5 171,650 \$ 172,597 \$ 167,856 \$ 170,255 \$ 7,553 6,324 6,212 8,076 2,399 7,553 6,324 6,212 8,076 2,399 6,897 5,854 7,297 5,199 2,399 1,88,372 187,081 183,609 185,849 185,849 1,88,372 187,081 183,609 185,849 185,849 1,509 420,334 444,194 450,384 11,502 1,509 1,534 1,614 1,592 1,661 1,509 1,534 1,614 450,394 450,394 1,509 1,535 6,620,224 (562,977) 1,504 1,1,609 1,535 1,614 4,199 4,561 1,509 1,535 1,614 4,561 4,561 1,609 4,199 4,562 2,699 2,761 1,614 3,566 4,199 4,560
\$ 172.597 \$ 167.856 \$ 170.255 \$ \$ 6.324 6.212 8.076 2.399 2.
\$ 167.856 \$ 170.255 \$ \$ (5.212 2.209) \$ (5.212 8.076 2.209) \$ 2.399 \$ (5.209 2.399) \$ (5.209 2.399) \$ (5.209 2.399) \$ (5.209 2.399) \$ (5.209 2.399) \$ (5.209 2.399) \$ (5.209 2.399) \$ (5.209 2.399) \$ (5.209 2.399) \$ (5.209 2.399) \$ (5.209 2.399) \$ (5.209 2.399) \$ (5.209 2.399) \$ (5.209 2.399) \$ (5.209 2.399) \$ (5.209 2.399) \$ (5.209 2.399) \$ (5.20190) \$
\$ 170.255 \$ \$ 8.076 \$ 2.399 \$ 5.199 \$ 8.076 \$ 2.399 \$ 6.885 \$ 1.500 \$ 6.885 \$ 1.512 \$
176,108 8,791 2,524 2,524 194,777 420,221 194,777 420,221 194,777 420,221 18,735 6,569 18,381 18,381 2,5393 691,394 18,381 2,5393 691,394 18,381 2,5393 691,394 18,381 18,3

Source: Pima County Finance & Risk Management

Fund Balance - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands) (modified accrual basis of accounting) PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

	2018		4,566	101 108,825	113,492			2,676	90,924	1,972	4,747	(2,690)		000 761	150,889	9,492		5,004	244,014
	<u>2017</u>		4,318 \$	80 97,638	102,036			2,496	62,263	2,821	9,421	(2,006)			90,228	209) 	3,127	\$ 169,559
	<u>2016</u>		2,931 \$	201 77,550	80,682			2,323	57,141	6,962	3,289	(6,097)		i c	104,2/4	1,508		6,656	173,251 \$
	<u>2015</u>		4,053 \$	194 47,878	52,125			2,515	53,155	6,320	3,769	(4,770)		100	126,827	5,005	(57)	8,424	199,248 \$
	<u>2014</u>		5,278 \$	181 42,731	48,190			1,894	60,984	6,308	4,204	(6,536)			145,256	5,630	(80)	7,848	223,714 \$
Fiscal Year	<u>2013</u>		\$ 3,848 \$	158 56,526	60,532			1,939	76,570	7,746	23,784	(8,385)		i i	187,833	0,730	(83)	25,640	\$ 322,024 \$
	<u>2012</u>		\$ 2,720 333	118 77,596	80,767			1,550	105,468	10,264	16,682	(9,013)		000	127,088	+67,7	(3,553)	28,298	\$ 314,618
	2011		\$ 3,315 336	357 73,547	77,555			2,011	94,567	37,978	4,368	(9,180)	!	112 669	112,668	0,039	(791)	35,903	\$ 284,175
	<u>2010</u>		\$ 4,089	3,093	81,541			2,011	82,957	15,305	3,221	(5,793)	;	18	124,830	1,467	(227)	40,868	\$ 264,729
	2009	\$ 4,363 35,803			40,166	39,139	86,121						126,821						\$ 252,081
		General Fund Reserved Unreserved	Nonspendable ¹ Restricted Committed	Assigned Unassigned	Total General Fund	All other governmental funds Reserved	Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue funds	Nonspendable 1	Restricted	Committed	Assigned	Unassigned	Capital projects funds	Nonspendable .	Kestricted	Assigned	Unassigned	Debt service: Assigned 1	Total other governmental funds

Source: Pima County Finance & Risk Management

¹ Due to implementation of GASB 54 in FY 2009-10 categories regarding fund balances have been redefined. See Note 1, page xx for details. See Note 4, page xx for purpose details.

Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(in thousands) (modified accrual basis of accounting)

								Fiscal Year								
	50	2009	2010		2011	21	2012	2013	2014	14	2015	2	<u>2016</u>	2017		2018
Revenues																
Taxes	S	396,241 \$	423,443	43 \$	421,623	\$	407,711 \$	391,630	ss	385,829 \$	431,371	S	450,054	\$ 460	460,312 \$	481,222
Special assessments		441	. \$	536	330		245									
Licenses and permits		686'9	T,T	7,791	8,494		8,155	8,371		8,275	8,456		8,824	6	,305	906'6
Intergovernmental		292,236	296,004	104	308,219		327,939	301,223		292,082	296,628		314,918	308	308,555	302,668
Charges for services		55,346	60,376	176	54,491		56,881	53,521		57,826	60,222		62,258	99	,852	63,917
Fines and forfeits Investment earnings		6,283	8,8 9,4	8,443	0,786		10,249	9,904		8,652	9,509		8,420	ж с	5,110	7,526
Miscellaneous		22,414	17,442	142	14,162		24,796	22,182		17,464	15,680		16,835	17	17,908	19,941
Total revenues		785,285	818,647	:47	815,828		838,262	789,113		771,865	823,021		863,121	873	873,299	889,202
Expenditures																
, manage (300	171	7	223 611		020 980	230 502		202 276	156 331		755 630	040	250	113 730
General government Public safety		144.617	136.744	4 4	136.709		145.711	152,373		157.572	161,484		169,292	238 174	238,330	172.696
Highways and streets		38,132	34.274	.74	34.614		33,651	35,866		37,772	39,664		45,625	4	,523	42.038
Sanitation		999'9	5,6	5,637	5,375		6,317	5,328		2,521	2,403		2,237	2	,343	2,314
Health		31,626	32,737	13.7	36,511		46,672	35,581		35,357	37,787		38,390	39	,263	39,182
Welfare		115,481	82,089	680	90,572		94,360	95,339		93,193	93,418		88,436	68	,915	94,594
Culture and recreation		51,657	50,198	86	49,986		52,103	55,691		56,745	68,987		58,710	3	,725	62,070
Education and economic opportunity		42,299	48,402	102	50,432		47,798	44,299		34,196	34,280		35,121	35	,872	40,102
Capital outlay		146,334	162,306	90	153,203		149,612	174,976		135,746	100,788		70,473	5.	,922	78,370
Debt service - principal		100,384	8/,30/	/03	76,361		74.763	68,342		113,337	81,933		86,957	101	6/5,	4/5/9
- meres - miscellaneous		20,049	4,02	433	20,000		1,179	1,654		1,030	26,439		488	1	3,920 1,376	729
Total expenditures		926,378	892,685	.85	883,481		916,873	931,935		941,753	904,377		877,647	906	906,893	907,424
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(141,093)	(74,038)	138)	(67,653)		(78,611)	(142,822)		(169,888)	(81,356)		(14,526)	(33	(33,594)	(18,222)
Other financing sources (uses):																
Issuance of refunding debts			31,955	55			30,745	51,280		8,805	13,685		9,640	150	,385	
Premium on bonds		675	1,9	1,909	3,276		7,349	11,959		9,488	5,949		2,552	17	,661	2,621
Payments to escrow agents			(32,361)	(19)			(33,013)	(55,423)		(10,131)	(15,250)	_	(11,010)	991)	(166,816)	
Capital leases/Installment notes		928	=	1116	05		894	764		259	005,11		149 80	_	1,700	995
Face amount of long-term debt		109.400	125,000	00.	75.000		78,425	130,175		78.160	72.025		34.295	25	089	73.660
Transfers in		171,186	008'86	00	109,715		141,924	113,227		162,683	121,497		114,358	110	110,044	121,810
Transfers (out)		(166,319)	(98,355)	(55)	(105,007)		(115,914)	(122,244)		(190,140)	(148,744		(132,865)	(8)	(,640)	(94,524
Total other financing sources (uses)		115,818	128,066	991	83,043		112,348	129,769		59,464	60,781		17,208	51	51,260	104,133
Change in reserves - net		(55)			70		(27)									
Net change in fund balances	S	(25,330) \$	54,028	\$ \$20	15,460	S	33,710 \$	(13,053)	S	(110,424) \$	(20,575)	\$	2,682	\$ 17	17,666 \$	85,911
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		15.88%	15.2	15.24%	13.54%		13.35%	11.67%		16.44%	13.51%	,o	13.41%	14	14.94%	13.74%
Source: Pima County Finance & Risk Management	_															
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STATISTICAL SECTION

REVENUE CAPACITY:

The revenue capacity information is intended to assist users to understand and assess the factors affecting a government's ability to generate its own-source revenues. The presentation here is not limited to property tax revenues, but certain other revenues are presented to comply with debt disclosure requirements, e.g., hotel taxes, car rental and RV taxes, and street and highway revenues.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

Taxable Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Property Last Ten Tax Years

(in thousands)

Commercial Property	Residential Property	Vacant Land	Other	Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Limited Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Limited Value
68,203	5,853,947	525,779	37,783	8,985,712	4.5917	80,593,121	11.15%
73,320	5,889,572	536,958	39,797	8,939,647	4.6798	82,348,215	10.86%
36,692	5,332,608	500,836	39,984	8,310,120	4.8491	78,036,208	10.65%
514,310	5,036,810	472,558	50,260	8,073,938	4.8520	76,085,641	10.61%
375,969	4,701,881	429,967	51,312	7,559,129	5.1309	73,262,703	10.32%
308,924	4,752,612	407,857	49,090	7,518,482	5.7639	74,402,882	10.11%
230,175	4,952,757	385,043	52,386	7,620,361	5.9632	76,489,654	%96.6
246,501	5,172,564	345,099	52,536	7,816,700	5.8852	78,911,345	9.91%
2,323,580	5,374,744	321,022	55,611	8,074,958	6.0243	80,459,900	10.04%
316,227	5,634,554	323,278	59,834	8,333,893	5.6525	82,745,384	10.07%

Notes

legislature for individual property types. The taxable assessed value is arrived at by multiplying an assessment ratio that has varied from ten percent for residential property to twenty-five percent for commercial property. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value. Property in Pima County is assessed annually with values being set by either the County Assessor or the Arizona Department of Revenue. The values are the basis for Primary Taxes and annual changes therein are restricted by the State Constitution. Assessment ratios are set by the

Course

Pima County Finance & Risk Management

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA (per \$100 of assessed value)

ı	1		ı										
			Total	4.5917	4.6798	4.8491	4.8520	5.1309	5.7639	5.9632	5.8852	6.0243	5.6525
	Fire	District	Assistance	0.0406	0.0430	0.0418	0.0447	0.0456	0.0472	0.0467	0.0468	0.0459	0.0441
Rates	County	Library	District	0.2643	0.3100	0.3460	0.3460	0.3753	0.4353	0.5153	0.5153	0.5053	0.5153
County Direct Rates	Flood	Control	District ¹	0.2635	0.2635	0.2635	0.2635	0.2635	0.3035	0.3135	0.3335	0.3135	0.3335
C ₀		County	Secondary	0.7100	0.7500	0.7800	0.7800	0.7800	0.7000	0.7000	0.7000	0.7000	0.6900
		County	Primary	3.3133	3.3133	3.4178	3.4178	3.6665	4.2779	4.3877	4.2896	4.4596	4.0696
		Tax	Year	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018

	Saguaro Springs	Community	Facilities	District		0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	2.8000
	Gladden Farms	Phase II	Community	Facilities District		0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000
	Quail Creek	Community	Facilities	District	3.3000	3.3000	3.3000	3.3000	3.3000	3.3000	3.3000	3.3000	3.3000	3.3000
	anderbilt Farms	Community	Facilities	District	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000
Overlapping Rates	Gladden Farms V	Community	Facilities	District	2.8000	2.8000	2.8000	2.8000	2.8000	2.8000	2.8000	2.8000	2.8000	2.4400
	Mobile	Home	Relocation	District ³			0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Cortaro-	Marana	Irrigation	District ²	0000.99	0000.99	0000.99	0000.99	0000.69	0000.69	72.0000	75.0000	75.0000	78.0000
		Silverbell	Irrigation	District ²	3.0000	3.0000	3.0000	3.0000	3.0000	3.0000	3.0000	3.0000	3.0000	3.0000
	Flowing	Wells	Irrigation	District ²	19.3500	19.3500	19.3500	19.3500	19.3500	19.3500	19.3500	19.3500	19.3500	19.3500
	Central AZ	Water	Conservation	District	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1400	0.1400	0.1400	0.1400	0.1400	0.1400
		Street	Lighting	District				9.6038	10.1900	12.0787	12.3345	12.4384	12.4505	15.3127
		City	of South	Tucson	0.2035	0.1999	2.6603	2.7640	2.9776	0.2528	0.2528	0.2528	0.2487	0.2512
		City	Jo	Tucson	0.9344	0.9550	1.1621	1.2639	1.4304	1.4606	1.5960	1.5982	1.4342	1.4819
		Community	College	District	1.0770	1.0848	1.1094	1.1741	1.2933	1.3344	1.3689	1.3733	1.3890	1.3983
			Education	Assistance	0.3306	0.3564	0.4259	0.4717	0.5123	0.5089	0.5054	0.5010	0.4875	0.4741
		State	Jo	Arizona	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
			Tax	Year	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018

Notes:
Primary and secondary tax rates (per \$100 of net assessed value) are set by the County Board of Supervisors or the governing boards of other taxing jurisdictions. The Towns of Marana, Oro Valley and Sahuarita do not currently levy a property tax.
The Tucson Business Improvement District levy (on a per-business basis) is not shown.

Source: Pima County Finance & Risk Management

¹The Pima County Flood Control District tax levy applies only to real property.

 $^{^2}$ Irrigation Districts' tax rates shown are levied on a per acre basis. 3 Mobile Home Relocation levy applies only to unsecured mobile homes.

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates - School Districts

Last Ten Tax Years

(per \$100 of assessed value) PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

School District	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Tucson Unified (#1)	6.0701	6.2976	6.9480	7.3187	7.4319	7.5094	7.3425	7.1258	6.9218	6.5554
Marana Unified (#6)	4.9286	4.6995	5.2047	5.5863	6.0085	6.2288	6.3370	6.3871	6.2334	6.0840
Flowing Wells Unified (#8)	6.1239	6.0407	5.9689	5.9778	6.7146	6.6135	6.6292	6.8971	6.7539	0988.9
Amphitheater Unified (#10)	4.6112	5.0511	5.4033	5.5539	5.9226	5.8044	5.6725	5.4917	5.6311	5.4919
Sunnyside Unified (#12)	7.0899	0896.9	6.9415	6.3154	5.0003	6.0364	3.9987	5.5498	5.7009	5.6636
Tanque Verde Unified (#13)	3.1837	3.3545	3.8042	4.1538	5.0012	5.0329	5.3069	5.2329	5.7574	5.4150
Ajo Unified (#15)	4.3158	4.9069	5.6740	3.5338	3.8882	4.8452	4.5540	4.7673	4.7107	4.5585
Catalina Foothills Unified (#16)	4.9970	4.2154	4.2095	4.7472	4.8264	4.7066	4.9985	5.9893	5.6661	5.4212
Vail Elementary (#20)	5.2016	4.8839	4.6550	5.9120	7.1703	7.3000	7.0189	7.0523	7.2630	7.1643
Sahuarita Unified (#30)	5.4230	6.5753	5.4067	5.5183	6.6341	7.2885	7.2847	7.3670	9.0399	8.4240
San Fernando Elementary (#35)	4.5954	3.6883	4.8541	4.0331	5.7831	5.8244	5.9538	4.4826	4.5003	4.3145
Empire Elementary (#37)	2.9383	2.9195	2.7531	1.2484	1.1287	2.1687	1.7677	2.4363	5.4021	6.4884
Continental Elementary (#39)	1.6122	1.6945	2.0258	1.5729	1.7027	2.6146	2.6512	2.4626	2.4991	2.5037
Redington Elementary (#44)	7.6340	7.0689	6.7630	5.9198	4.8200	4.7711	4.5901	8.9614	8.6853	8.6853
Altar Valley Elementary (#51)	6.0506	6.2500	6.5675	6.4355	6.2676	6.7381	7.6184	5.9857	5.7738	5.9852
Unorganized ¹	1.3726	1.4797	1.7682	1.9585	2.1265	2.1123	2.0977	2.0793	2.0234	1.9679

Notes:

¹County Education District; Only applies to those geographical areas within Pima County not part of formal school districting.

Source: Pima County Finance & Risk Management

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA
Principal Property Taxpayers
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(in thousands)

	0000					Î			Î		0.00			6,00	
	2009		Percent of	2010		Percent of	2011		Percent of		2012	Percent of		2013	Percent of
Taxpayer	Estimated Assessed Value ¹	Rank	Total Assessed Value												
Unisource/Tucson Electric Power Co.	\$ 158,764	2	1.6%	\$ 164,363	1	1.8%	\$ 168,510	1	2.0%	\$ 179,262	1	2.2%	\$ 200,706	1	2.6%
Southwest Gas Corporation	64,775	4	0.7%	62,879	3	0.7%	64,533	3	%8.0	61,718	4	0.8%	61,669	4	%8.0
Phelps Dodge Corporation - Sierrita Mine	198,694	1	2.0%	89,289	2	1.0%	99,048	2	1.2%	142,419	2	1.7%	136,947	2	1.8%
ASARCO LLC - Mission Mine	20,042	∞	0.2%	28,878	5	0.3%	58,585	4	0.7%	83,778	3	1.0%	74,101	3	1.0%
QWEST Corporation	74,646	3	0.8%	55,076	4	0.7%	51,942	5	%9.0	53,225	5	0.7%	40,386	5	0.5%
Northwest Hospital LLC	•		0.0%	17,097	∞	0.2%	17,390	6	0.2%	17,723	∞	0.2%	16,980	7	0.2%
Sierrita Gas Pipeline LLC															
SMSJ Tucson Holdings, LLC															
DND Neffson Co. (Tucson Mall)	18,888	10	0.2%	17,715	7	0.2%	17,931	7	0.2%	17,998	7	0.2%	16,030	6	0.2%
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.										15,581	6	0.2%	16,923	~	0.2%
DDR Tucson Spectrum II, LLC															
Raytheon															
Trico Electric Co-Op Inc.	21,029	7	0.2%	21,208	9	0.3%				22,133	9	0.3%	21,713	9	0.3%
JW Marriott Starr Pass Resort															
Verizon Wireless										14,291	10	0.2%	12,884	10	0.2%
Target Corporation															
Starr Pass Resort Developments LLC	19,384	6	0.2%	16,582	10	0.2%	,		%0.0						
Arizona Portland Cement	27,561	9	0.3%	16,635	6	0.2%	21,217	9	0.3%						
ASARCO Mining	63,572	5	0.7%	ı		%0.0	16,153	10	0.5%						
Westin La Paloma							17,519	∞	0.5%						
Total Top Ten	\$ 667,355		%8.9	\$ 492,722		5.3%	\$ 532,828		6.3%	\$ 608,128	n	7.4%	\$ 598,339		7.8%
Notes: ¹ Secondary Assessed Valuation for Tax Year	ear		\$9,860,981			\$9,342,561			\$8,448,282			\$8,171,212			\$7,623,691

(continued)

Source: Pima County Assessor's Office Arizona Department of Revenue

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA
Principal Property Taxpayers
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(in thousands)

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	2014		Î	2015			2016		ĺ		2017			2018	
Taxpayer	Estimated Assessed Value ¹	Rank	Percent of Total Assessed Value												
Unisource/Tucson Electric Power Co.	\$ 201,401	-	2.5%	\$ 200,344	-	2.4%	\$ 188,366	-	2.2%	215,359	1	2.5%	217,657	_	2.4%
Southwest Gas Corporation	68,789	3	0.8%	70,297	3	0.9%	36,696	4	0.4%	75,306	3	0.9%	85,118	2	0.9%
Phelps Dodge Corporation	95,186	2	1.2%	93,847	2	1.1%	81,988	2	1.0%	84,212	2	1.0%	70,987	3	0.8%
ASARCO, LLC	55,322	4	0.7%	48,496	4	%9.0	42,290	3	0.5%	43,258	4	0.5%	40,280	4	0.4%
Qwest Corporation	38,035	5	0.5%	37,877	S	0.5%	33,114	5	0.4%	35,990	5	0.4%	34,964	5	0.4%
Northwest Hospital, LLC	16,982	∞	0.2%	17,058	7	0.2%	16,858	∞	0.5%	31,995	9	0.4%	32,521	9	0.4%
Sierrita Gas Pipeline LLC										30,769	7	0.4%	29,920	7	0.3%
SMSJ Tucson Holdings, LLC							17,471	7	0.5%	23,629	∞	0.3%	29,729	∞	0.3%
DND Neffson Co. (Tucson Mall)	16,037	6	0.2%	15,695	∞	0.2%	15,668	6	0.2%	22,561	6	0.3%	22,667	6	0.3%
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	19,366	7	0.2%	18,494	9	0.2%	18,211	9	0.2%	21,809	10	0.3%	22,472	10	0.2%
DDR Tucson Spectrum II, LLC							12,499	10	0.1%						
Raytheon Company				14,703	6	0.2%									
Trico Electric Co-Op, Inc.	21,845	9	0.3%	14,131	10	0.2%									
JW Marriott Starr Pass Resort	12,298	10	0.2%												
Verizon Wireless															
Target Corporation															
Total Top Ten	\$ 543,261		7.2%	\$ 530,942		6.7%	\$ 463,161		2.6%	\$ 584,888		%6.9	\$ 586,315		6.5%
Notes: ¹ Secondary Assessed Valuation for Tax Year			8 7,579,899			\$ 7,906,190			\$ 8,262,665			8,508,990			\$ 9,030,169
Source: Pima County Assessor's Office Arizona Department of Revenue															

Real Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

(in thousands)

	Delinquent	Taxes	Receivable ²	274	294	1,875	1,568	1,521	1,516	1,271	1,157	1,284	10,561
d to 2018 ¹	Percent of	Adjusted	Levy	99.93%	99.93%	99.53%	%65'66	%65'66	%65'66	%69.66	99.73%	99.71%	97.73%
Collected to June 30, 2018 ¹			Amount	379,040	401,662	400,273	382,141	369,401	366,797	410,241	432,430	430,628	453,822
,	Collections	in Subsequent	Years	15,416	16,679	16,295	13,041	11,845	11,459	12,543	13,676	8,982	
June 30, scal Year ¹	Percent of	Original	Levy	95.77%	95.75%	95.39%	96.19%	96.40%	96.48%	96.64%	96.58%	%19.16	97.73%
Collected to June 30, End of Tax Fiscal Year ¹			Amount	363,624	384,983	383,978	369,100	357,556	355,338	397,670	418,716	430,628	453,822
Ē	Keal Property	Tax Levy											
	Tax	Roll	Corrections	(360)	(106)	(384)							
	Original Real	Property	Tax Levy	379,674	402,062	402,532	383,709	370,922	368,313	411,484	433,549	440,894	464,383
	Secondary Property Tax	Levy for Flood Control	and Library District3	56,772	48,468	50,256	48,242	46,136	45,287	52,186	59,448	62,645	81,772
	Frimary Property Lax Levy and Secondary	Property Tax Levy for	Debt Service	322,902	353,594	352,276	335,467	324,786	323,026	359,298	374,101	378,249	382,611
		Fiscal	Year	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18

Source: Pima County Finance & Risk Management Pima County Treasurer's Office

¹ Amounts collected are on a cash basis rather than the modified accrual basis used in the financial statements.

 $^{^2\ \}mbox{Represents}$ the difference between the adjusted levy and collected to June 30, 2018.

 $^{^3}$ Fiscal Year 2017-18 includes Transporation road property.

Assessed, Limited and Full Cash (Secondary) Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

(in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Net Assessed Value	Limited and Full Cash Value ¹	Ratio of Net Assessed to Full Cash Value
2008-09 Primary	8,230,967	73,122,499	11.26%
2008-09 Secondary	9,594,862	85,993,246	11.16%
2009-10 Primary	8,985,712	80,593,121	11.15%
2009-10 Finnary 2009-10 Secondary	9,860,981	88,095,754	11.19%
2009 To Secondary	3,000,301	00,073,731	11.1970
2010-11 Primary	8,939,647	82,348,221	10.86%
2010-11 Secondary	9,342,561	86,228,902	10.83%
-			
2011-12 Primary	8,310,120	78,036,208	10.65%
2011-12 Secondary	8,448,282	80,152,473	10.54%
2012-13 Primary	8,073,938	76,085,641	10.61%
2012-13 Secondary	8,171,212	77,731,086	10.51%
2013-14 Primary	7,559,129	73,262,703	10.32%
2013-14 Secondary	7,623,691	74,590,067	10.22%
201117 7	- - 1 0 0	- 4.400.000	10.1107
2014-15 Primary	7,518,482	74,402,882	10.11%
2014-15 Secondary	7,579,899	75,389,155	10.05%
2015-16 Primary	7,620,361	76,489,654	9.96%
•	7,906,190		9.94% 9.94%
2015-16 Secondary	7,900,190	79,550,159	9.94%
2016-17 Primary	7,816,700	78,911,345	9.91%
2016-17 Secondary	8,262,665	83,520,548	9.89%
,			
2017-18 Primary	8,074,958	80,459,900	10.04%
2017-18 Secondary	8,508,990	84,772,588	10.04%

Notes:

¹Limited value is the basis for primary taxes and annual changes therein are restricted by statute; Full Cash Value or Secondary Value approximates market value.

Source:

Pima County Finance & Risk Management

Comparative Net Valuations and Tax Rates

(per \$100 assessed value) (in thousands)

	FY	2017-18 (Tax	Year 2017)]	FY 2018-19 (Tax	Year 2018)
Jurisdiction		uation	Rate		Valuation	Rate
State of Arizona	\$ 8	,074,958	0	\$	8,333,893	0
Pima County						
General Fund - Primary	8	,074,958	4.2096		8,333,893	4.0696
Transportation - Primary	O	,071,230	0.2500		-	0.0000
Debt Service - Secondary	8	,074,958	0.7000		8,333,893	0.6900
Free Library - Secondary		,074,958	0.5053		8,333,893	0.5153
Tree Elorary - Secondary	0	,074,230	0.5055		0,333,073	0.5155
Total County - Primary	8	,074,958	4.4596			4.0696
Total County - Secondary		,	1.2053			1.2053
Grand Total			5.6649			5.2749
Education Assistance	8	,074,958	0.4875		8,333,893	0.4741
Flood Control District - Secondary	7	,373,373	0.3135		7,576,148	0.3335
Fire District Assistance - Secondary	8	,074,958	0.0459		8,333,893	0.0441
Disco Community Called District						
Prima Community College District	0	074 059	1.3890		0 222 002	1 2002
Primary	8	,074,958	1.3890		8,333,893	1.3983
Secondary Total		0	1 2000			1 2002
rotar			1.3890			1.3983
Central Arizona Water Conservation Di	strict					
Secondary		,074,958	0.1400		8,333,893	0.1400
Secondary	0	,074,236	0.1400		0,555,075	0.1400
Cities & Towns						
City of Tucson					3,414,161	
Primary	3	,326,014	0.4581		, ,	0.5311
Secondary		,326,014	0.9761			0.9508
Total		,	1.4342			1.4819
City of South Tucson						
Primary		21,944	0.2487		22,170	0.2512
Secondary		0	0		0	0
Total			0.2487			0.2512
School Districts		17.006	2.0224		10.564	1.0670
Unorganized - Primary		17,896	2.0234		18,564	1.9679
Tucson Unified (District #1)						
Primary	3	,215,768	6.3763		3,304,884	4.1022
Secondary		,215,768	0.5455		3,304,884	2.4532
Total		•	6.9218			6.5554
Source:						
Pima County Finance & Risk Manage	ement					(continued)

Comparative Net Valuations and Tax Rates

(per \$100 assessed value) (in thousands)

(continued)

	FY 2017-18 (Tax	x Year 2017)	FY 2018-19 (Tax	Year 2018)
Jurisdiction	Valuation	Rate	Valuation	Rate
Marana Unified (District #6)				
	\$ 802,297	4.3830	\$ 837,560	4.1688
Secondary	802,297	1.8504	\$ 837,560	1.9152
Total		6.2334	- -	6.0840
Flowing Wells Unified (District #8)				
Primary	191,101	4.2080	196,945	4.0835
Secondary	191,101	2.5459	196,945	2.8025
Total		6.7539	- -	6.8860
Amphitheater Unified (District #10)				
Primary	1,474,077	4.2597	1,530,659	3.8795
Secondary	1,474,077	1.3714	1,530,659	1.6124
Total		5.6311	=	5.4919
Sunnyside Unified (District #12)				
Primary	425,183	4.2045	426,220	4.2050
Secondary	425,183	1.4964	426,220	1.4586
Total		5.7009	=	5.6636
Tanque Verde Unified (District #13)				
Primary	184,252	4.2300	190,910	3.9159
Secondary	184,252	1.5274	190,910	1.4991
Total		5.7574	- -	5.4150
Ajo Unified (District #15)				
Primary	17,858	4.7107	18,120	4.5585
Secondary	17,858	0	18,120	0
Total		4.7107	=	4.5585
Catalina Foothills Unified (District #16)				
Primary	600,959	4.1180	613,624	3.9825
Secondary	600,959	1.5481	613,624	1.4387
Total		5.6661	=	5.4212
Vail Elementary (District #20)				
Primary	463,749	4.2742	492,663	4.1498
Secondary	463,749	2.9888	492,663	3.0145
Total		7.2630	=	7.1643
Source:				
Pima County Finance & Risk Manageme	ent			(continued)

Comparative Net Valuations and Tax Rates

(per \$100 assessed value) (in thousands)

(continued)

	FY 2017	7-18 (Tax Year 2017)	F	Y 2018-19 (T	ax Year 2018)
Jurisdiction	Valuation	n Rate	7	aluation	Rate
Sahuarita Unified (District #30)					
Primary	\$ 285,		\$	295,179	4.4952
Secondary	285,		_	295,179	3.9288
Total		9.0399	•		8.4240
San Fernando Elementary (District #35)					
Primary		124 4.5003		10,725	4.3145
Secondary		124 0		10,725	0
Total	,	4.5003	•	,,	4.3145
Empire Elementary (District #37)					
Primary	6.	639 5.4021		6,862	6.4884
Secondary		639 0		6,862	0
Total	-,	5.4021	•	2,000	6.4884
			=		
Continental Elementary (District #39)					
Primary	329,	030 2.0613		342,029	2.0416
Secondary	329,	030 0.4378		342,029	0.4621
Total		2.4991			2.5037
Baboquivari Unified School (District #40)				
Primary	1,	908 0		2,139	0
Secondary	1,	908 0	_	2,139	0
Total		0	•		0
Redington Elementary (District #44)					
Primary	1,	358 8.6853		1,398	8.6853
Secondary	1,	358 0		1,398	0
Total		8.6853	•		8.6853
Altar Valley Elementary (District #51)					
Primary	46.	625 4.8629		45,414	5.0640
Secondary		625 0.9109		45,414	0.9212
Total	.0,	5.7738	•	,	5.9852

Source:

Pima County Finance & Risk Management

Historical Collections - Hotel Excise Tax Car Rental Surcharge and Recreational Vehicle Tax Last Ten Fiscal Years

(in thousands)

		Car	Recreational
Fiscal	Hotel Excise	Rental	Vehicle
Year	Tax^1	Surcharges ²	Tax ^{3, 4}
2008-09	5,628	1,389	159
2009-10	5,637	1,521	181
2010-11	5,887	1,538	165
2011-12	6,626	1,464	146
2012-13	6,286	1,399	136
2013-14	6,276	1,390	122
2014-15	6,105	1,384	137
2015-16	6,534	1,468	146
2016-17	6,958	1,446	161
2017-18	6,345	1,530	71

Notes:

Source:

Pima County Finance and Risk Management Department

¹ Tax increased from 1% to 2% January 1, 1997; the additional 1% can only be used for County sports facilities. In January of 2006, the tax increased from 2% to 6%, of which only 34% can be used for sports facilities.

² Car rental surcharges increased from \$2.50 to \$3.50 per rental contract July 1, 1996. Usage is restricted to County sports facilities.

³ Recreational vehicle taxes apply at the rate of \$0.50 per vehicle per night and became effective July 1, 1997. Usage of this tax is limited to athletic activities.

⁴ Recreational vehicle taxes expired on December 31, 2017

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Streets and Highways Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands)

Fiscal		Highway User	Vehicle
Year	Amount	Revenue	License Tax
2008-09	53,907	41,210	12,697
2009-10	50,535	38,739	11,796
2010-11	50,460	38,974	11,486
2011-12	44,890	33,665	11,225
2012-13	47,449	36,860	10,589
2013-14	49,212	37,500	11,712
2014-15	53,212	40,762	12,450
2015-16	56,006	42,543	13,463
2016-17	59,443	45,356	14,087
2017-18	61,552	46,553	14,999

Source:

Pima County Finance and Risk Management Department

STATISTICAL SECTION

DEBT CAPACITY:

The debt capacity information is intended to assist users to understand and assess a government's debt burden and ability to issue debt. Debt capacity information is cited as being very useful for assessing economic condition as frequently as revenue or tax capacity. Five of the schedules presented provide ten-year comparisons.

Certain schedules, for example, leases, lease-purchase installment notes payable, and purchase agreements, are provided to comply with debt disclosure requirements.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type to Personal Income and Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

(in thousands)

			Gove	Governmental Acti	tivities				Busir	Business-Type Activities	vities	
	General	Flood	Transmortation Certificates	Certificates				Sewer	Sewer	Regional Wastewater	Contracts	Total
Fiscal	Obligation	Control	Revenue	jo	Transportation	Capital	Installment	Revenue	Revenue	Loans	and	Primary
Year	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Participation	Loans	Leases	Note Payable	Bonds	Obligations	Payable	Notes	Government
2008-09	388,032	725	139,683	74,554		21,327		183,389		64,489	6,481	878,680
2009-10	420,261		142,226	72,638		19,387		166,935	\$ 165,000	66,210	6,305	1,058,962
2010-11	455,856		131,375	48,235		17,775		184,782	176,849	27,390	4,657	1,046,919
2011-12	461,557		141,536	39,772		16,431		171,022	379,418	23,719	15,365	1,248,820
2012-13	467,368		128,604	134,494		298	\$ 605	155,514	510,975	21,169	12,645	1,431,672
2013-14	416,006		133,081	149,703			640	138,431	540,288	19,680	7,942	1,405,771
2014-15	391,298		118,770	177,771			11,912	120,361	510,763	18,145	1,098	1,350,118
2015-16	350,135		103,961	179,054		136	8,733	104,153	481,027	16,563	1,577	1,245,339
2016-17	336,954		689,68	141,194		88	3,597	20,535	574,486	4,630	1,564	1,172,737
2017-18	288,182		85,508	166,617		38	2,078	2,863	565,708	3,555	763	1,115,312
					Total		Dercentage					

	Debt	per Capita	893	1,079	1,062			1,396				
	Population	at July 1	984,274	981,168	986,081	990,380	996,046	1,007,162	1,022,079	1,016,743	1,025,044	1,033,781
Percentage	of Personal	Income	2.61%	3.13%	2.98%	3.43%	3.88%	3.70%	3.45%	3.09%	2.84%	2.58%
	Personal	Income	33,713,976									
Total	Primary	Government	878,680	1,058,962	1,046,919	1,248,820	1,431,672	1,405,771	1,350,118	1,245,339	1,172,737	1,115,312
	Fiscal	Year	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18

Details regarding outstanding debt can be found in Note 7 to the Financial Statements, pages 66-76.

Source:
Pima County Finance & Risk Management
UA Economic and Business Research Center, Eller College of Management

¹Personal income and population statistics are based on calendar year.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

(in thousands)

Net	General	Bond Debt	per Capita ²	384	417	434	443	447	408	377	339	326	276
		Population	at July 1 ¹	984,274	981,168	986,081	990,380	996,046	1,007,162	1,022,079	1,016,743	1,025,044	1,033,781
Percent Net General Bond	Debt to	Assessed	Value	3.94%	4.15%	4.58%	5.20%	5.44%	5.39%	2.08%	4.36%	4.04%	3.35%
	Secondary	Net Assessed	Value	9,594,862	9,860,981	9,342,561	8,448,282	8,171,212	7,623,691	7,579,899	7,906,190	8,262,665	8,508,990
	Net	General	Bond Debt	378,234	408,865	427,952	438,955	444,468	410,680	385,261	344,529	334,161	285,271
Debt Service	Funds	Available for	Principal	10,523	11,396	27,904	22,602	22,900	5,326	6,037	2,606	2,793	2,911
Flood Control	General	Obligation	Bond Debt	725									
	General	Obligation	Bond Debt	388,032	420,261	455,856	461,557	467,368	416,006	391,298	350,135	336,954	288,182
		Fiscal	Year	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18

Notes:

Details regarding outstanding debt can be found in Note 7 to the Financial Statements, pages 66-76.

¹Population statistics are based on calendar year.

 $^2\mbox{Debt}$ per Capita is shown in actual dollars and not in thousands.

Source:

Pima County Finance & Risk Management

UA Economic and Business Research Center, Eller College of Management

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

Ratio of Direct and Overlapping Debt to Property Values and Per Capita

Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollar amounts in thousands)

Debt per Capita ²	1,232	1,328	1,353	1,297	1,317	1,145	1,469	1,421	1,360	1,294
Population at July 1 ¹	984,274	981,168	986,081	990,380	996,046	1,007,162	1,022,079	1,016,743	1,025,044	1,033,781
Percentage of Assessed Value	12.64%	13.21%	14.29%	15.20%	16.05%	15.13%	19.81%	18.28%	16.87%	15.72%
Secondary Net Assessed Value	9,594,862	9,860,981	9,342,561	8,448,282	8,171,212	7,623,691	7,579,899	7,906,190	8,262,665	8,508,990
Total Overlapping Debt	1,213,050	1,302,802	1,335,431	1,284,219	1,311,417	1,153,220	1,501,691	1,445,104	1,393,757	1,337,556
Fiscal Year	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18

Notes

Overlapping governments are those that coincide (at least in part), with the geographic boundaries of the County. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Pima County. When considering the County's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the process imply that every taxpayer is a resident and is responsible for the repayment of debt of each overlapping government. should recognize the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses therein. However, this does not

Source.

Pima County Finance & Risk Management

UA Economic and Business Research Center, Eller College of Management

¹Population statistics are based on calendar year.

²Debt per Capita is shown in actual dollars and not in thousands.

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt Outstanding At June 30, 2018

(in thousands)

Governmental Unit	Οι	Debt utstanding	Amount verlapping
Debt repaid with property tax:			
School Districts	\$	619,165	\$ 619,165
Pima Community College	\$	1,328	\$ 1,328
City of Tucson		174,640	 174,640
Total overlapping			\$ 795,133
Debt repaid with property tax			
Direct: Pima County*	\$	288,182	\$ 288,182
Total direct repaid with property tax			\$ 288,182
Other Debt:			
Certificates of participation	\$	166,617	\$ 166,617
Installment note payable		2,078	2,078
Capital Lease Payable		38	38
Transportation bonds		85,508	 85,508
Total other debt			\$ 254,241
Total direct			\$ 542,423
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 1,337,556

Notes:

Overlapping governments are those that coincide with the geographic boundaries of the County. All overlapping governments are 100% within the County's boundaries. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt borne by the residents and businesses of Pima County. When considering the county's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the process should recognize the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses therein. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident of each government and is responsible for the repayment of debt of each overlapping government.

Source:

Pima County Finance & Risk Management City of Tucson Finance Department Pima Community College District Finance Office

^{*}Excludes improvement districts.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA (dollar amounts in thousands) Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years

2018 \$ 8,508,990		1,276,349		275,990	(2,911)	273,079	\$ 1,003,270	21.40%
2017 \$ 8,262,665		1,239,400		321,285	(2,793)	318,492	\$ 920,908	25.70%
2016 \$ 7,906,190		1,185,929		344,620	(5,606)	339,014	\$ 846,915	28.59%
2015		1,136,985		383,935	(6,037)	377,898	\$ 759,087	33.24%
2014 \$ 7,623,691		1,143,554		407,275	(5,326)	401,949	\$ 741,605	35.15%
2013 \$ 8,171,212		1,225,682		456,690	(22,900)	433,790	\$ 791,892	35.39%
2012 \$ 8,448,282		1,267,242		456,145	(22,602)	433,543	\$ 833,699	34.21%
2011 \$ 9,342,561		1,401,384		452,750	(27,904)	424,846	\$ 976,538	30.32%
2010 \$ 9,860,981		1,479,147		417,995	(11,396)	406,599	\$ 1,072,548	27.49%
2009 \$ 9,594,862		1,439,229		386,845	(10,523)	376,322	\$ 1,062,907	26.15%
Full Cash Net Assessed Value	Legal Debt Margin	Debt limit (15% of assessed value)	Debt applicable to limit:	General obligation bonds Less: Net assets reserved for	repayment of general obligation debt	Total net debt applicable to the limit	Legal debt margin	Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit.

Please see Note 7 to the Financial Statements, pages 76 for additional details on calculation of the legal debt margin for the current year.

Source: Pima County Finance & Risk Management

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

Regional Wastewater Reclamation Pledged Sewer Revenue Debt Coverage

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollar amounts in thousands)

	Coverage	Ratio ^{4,5}	1.39	2.92	2.57	2.77	3.27	3.45	3.07	2.97	2.84	2.71
		Total	23,656	26,790	34,157	42,553	58,002	67,411	71,332	68,849	74,572	69,805
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Debt Service	Interest	9,469	9,838	17,047	21,658	28,243	30,386	30,306	28,529	26,621	25,371
		Principal	14,187	16,952	17,110	20,895	29,759	37,025	41,026	40,320	47,951	44,434
	- Pledged	Revenues ³		78,326	87,834	117,962	189,426	232,395	219,052	204,292	211,831	189,041
			l	95								
Plus: Ending cash	inces of Prior iscal Year	nrestricted)		20,163	11,260	32,806	99,491	128,735	121,426	110,741	110,451	89,316
ш -	-		l	9-3								
	Available	Net Revenue	32,801	58,163	76,574	85,156	89,935	103,660	97,626	93,551	101,380	99,725
	Less: Operating											
ç	Sewer User	Revenues ¹	105,987	128,067	151,212	158,397	163,512	181,553	182,118	176,974	181,545	178,933
	Fiscal		2008-09									

¹Includes sewer connection fees.

 $^2\ensuremath{\mathrm{Excludes}}$ grants, depreciation, interest expense and amortization.

³Pledged revenues defined by BOS Resolution 2010-50.

⁴Sewer revenue debt rate covenants require minimum coverage of 120%.

⁶Debt service requirements include principal and interest payable during the Bond Fiscal Year. Per the bond resolution, Bond Fiscal Year is defined as 7/2/20XX to 7/1/20XX. $^{5}\mathrm{For}$ fiscal year 2009-2010, a new Debt Coverage calculation was implemented.

Pima County Finance & Risk Management

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

Transportation Revenue Bonds - Pledged Revenue Bond Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollar amounts in thousands)

	Coverage	Ratio	0.97	1.27	1.12	0.77	0.85	0.73	0.92	0.97	1.09	1.20
	ice ¹	Interest	6,203	5,709	5,244	5,537	4,969	5,197	4,711	4,146	3,598	3,354
	Debt Service ¹	Principal	15,145	10,530	11,015	12,055	12,425	13,685	13,210	14,585	15,105	14,820
	Available	Net Revenue	20,809	20,683	18,159	13,499	14,833	13,702	16,444	18,178	20,437	21,803
Less:	Operating	Expense	38,082	34,214	34,552	33,335	35,041	37,295	39,022	39,798	40,780	41,801
	Transportation	Revenue	58,891	54,897	52,711	46,834	49,874	50,997	55,466	57,976	61,217	63,604
	Fiscal	Year	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18

Notes

Details regarding outstanding debt can be found in Note 7 to the Financial Statements, pages 69-70.

Operating expenditures do not include interest, depreciation or amortization.

¹Debt Service requirements include principal and interest payable in the 12 months following each fiscal year.

Source:

Pima County Finance & Risk Management

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

Lease, Lease-Purchase, Installment Note Payable and Purchase Agreements

Scheduled Payments (dollar amounts in thousands)

Function/Department	FY 09-10 FY 10-11		FY 10-11	Ē	FY 11-12	FY	FY 12-13	FY 1	FY 13-14	FY 1	FY 14-15	FY	FY 15-16	FY	FY 16-17	FY	FY 17-18	FY	FY 18-19
Clerk of Superior Court - Equipment Jail¹	\$ 111	€	37	9	3,004	\$	3,427	⇔	63	€-	84	€-	96	€9	73	€-	51	⇔	38
Legal Services Building Sheriff - Equipment Solid Worte Faminment					306		160		160		160		160		160				
Sound Waste - Equipment County Administration - Culture & Recreation	\$ 3,118	95	3,041	\$	3,302	€	3,885	s	521	\$	244	÷	3,625	€	2,722	es es	\$ 3,289 \$ 3,340	\$	\$ 1,565 \$ 1,603

Source: Pima County Finance & Risk Management

¹ Funds derived from a sale/leaseback of the County's Adult Corrections Facility provided funding for construction of Kino Veteran's Memorial Sportspark & Tucson Electric Park Stadium.

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollar amounts in thousands)

Ratio of Debt Service Fiscal Total Debt Total General To General Year Principal Service Expenditures* Expenditures Interest 2008-09 96,751 121,073 780,044 24,322 15.5% 2009-10 83,565 24,097 107,662 730,379 14.7% 2010-11 72,525 23,945 96,470 730,278 13.2% 2011-12 78,390 24,762 103,152 767,261 13.4% 2012-13 67,885 23,903 91,788 756,959 12.1% 112,835 26,758 139,593 2013-14 806,007 17.3% 81,705 26,424 108,129 803,590 2014-15 13.5% 2015-16 83,765 25,515 109,280 807,174 13.5% 2016-17 94,695 23,354 118,049 832,971 14.2% 96,005 20,133 116,138 829,054 2017-18 14.0%

Source:

Pima County Finance & Risk Management

^{*}Includes General, Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds, while excluding Capital Projects Fund.

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STATISTICAL SECTION

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION:

The dual objectives of the demographic and economic information are to assist users in understanding certain aspects of the environment in which a government operates and to provide information that facilitates the comparisons of financial statement data over time and across governments.

Information of this type can help readers assess a government's condition by providing information about community expansion, average age increases or decreases and changes in personal income and unemployment. This type of data is important to readers in assessing economic condition.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Calendar		Personal	Per Capita Personal	Unemployment
Year	Population	Income	Income	Rate
2009	984,274	33,713,976	34,253	9.0%
2010	981,168	33,883,172	34,534	9.3%
2011	986,081	35,132,468	35,628	8.5%
2012	990,380	36,412,855	36,767	7.4%
2013	996,046	36,935,363	37,082	7.0%
2014	1,007,162	38,025,100	37,755	6.4%
2015	1,022,079	39,106,000	38,261	5.6%
2016	1,016,743	40,359,300	39,695	5.0%
2017	1,025,044	41,349,550	40,339	4.5%
2018	1,033,781	43,223,000	41,811	4.3%

Sources:

Arizona Department of Administration, Office of Employment & Population Statistics (for population data only) UA Economic and Business Research Center, Eller College of Management

Current Year and Nine Years Ago PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Principal Employers

		2009	4		2010	6		2011	6		2012	6		2013	ç
Employer	Employees	Rank	Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Fercent of Total County Employment
University of Arizona	10,575	2	2.2%	10,363	2	2.1%	10,481	2	2.2%	10,681	1	2.3%	10,846	_	2.4%
Raytheon	11,539	1	2.4%	12,140	-	2.5%	10,500	1	2.2%	10,500	2	2.3%	10,300	2	2.3%
Davis-Monthan AFB	7,509	4	1.5%	7,755	4	1.6%	8,462	4	1.7%	8,566	4	1.9%	9,100	3	2.0%
State of Arizona	9,329	3	1.9%	8,708	3	1.8%	8,866	3	1.8%	9,061	3	2.0%	8,807	4	1.9%
Tueson Unified School District	7,227	5	1.5%	7,012	9	1.4%	6,709	9	1.4%	6,674	9	1.5%	6,790	9	1.5%
Banner Healthcare - UMC										5,594	10	1.2%	6,009	8	1.3%
Pima County Government	6,235	∞	1.3%	6,511	7	1.3%	6,403	7	1.3%	6,170	∞	1.4%	9/0/9	6	1.3%
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	6,715	9	1.4%	7,192	2	1.5%	7,308	5	1.5%	7,300	5	1.6%	7,450	5	1.6%
City of Tucson	5,635	10	1.2%	5,399	6	1.1%	4,930	10	1.0%				4,585		
Tucson Medical Center															
U.S. Customs & Border Protection										90009	6	1.3%	6,500	7	1.4%
UA Healthcare Network							5,982	6	1.2%						
Freeport-McMoran Copper	5,987	6	1.2%										5,463	10	1.2%
Fort Huachuca	6,463	7		6,236	∞		6,225	∞		6,198	7	1.4%	6,198		
Carondelet Health Network				4,566	10	%6.0									
Total	77,214		15.9%	71,316		14.8%	75,866		15.5%	76,744			77,431		17.1%
Total Work Force			486,400			488,500			485,800			455,900			453,200
Notes:															

(continued)

¹Fort Huachuca is located in Cochise County but is listed here due to its role as a large regional employer.

Sources:

UA Economic and Business Research Center, Eller College of Management
Data obtained from www.tucson.com/star200, a website of the Arizona Daily Star. 2009-2016
Data obtained from www.phoenixrelocationguide.com. 2017

Current Year and Nine Years Ago PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Principal Employers

(continued)

		2014			2015		20	2016			2017			2018	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percent of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percent of Total County Employment	Employees Ra	Rank	Percent of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percent of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percent of Total County Employment
University of Arizona	11,047	1	2.4%	11,235	-	2.4%	11,251	1	2.4%	10,846	1	2.3%	12,531	1	2.6%
Davis-Monthan AFB	8,933	4	2.0%	8,335	4	1.8%	8,406	4	1.8%	9,100	3	1.9%	11,769	2	2.4%
Raytheon	9,933	2	2.2%	9,600	2	2.1%	009'6	2	2.1%	10,300	2	2.2%	11,471	3	2.4%
State of Arizona	9,439	3	2.1%	8,524	3	1.8%	8,580	3	1.8%	8,807	4	1.8%	8,585	4	1.8%
Tueson Unified School District	6,525	9	1.4%	7,134	2	1.5%	6,770	9	1.4%	7,688	5	1.6%	6,879	5	1.4%
Banner Healthcare - UMC	6,329	7	1.4%	6,542	7	1.4%	6,272	7	1.3%				6,476	9	1.3%
Pima County Government	7,328	5	1.6%	7,023	9	1.5%	7,023	2	1.5%	6,076	6	1.3%	5,921	7	1.2%
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	5,200	10	1.1%	5,400	10	1.2%	5,500	10	1.2%	7,450	9	1.6%	4,341	∞	%6:0
City of Tucson	4,845			4,882			4,595						4,093	6	%8.0
Tucson Medical Center													4,051	10	0.8%
U.S. Customs & Border Protection	4,135			6,470	∞	1.4%	5,739	~	1.2%	6,500	7	1.4%			
UA Healthcare Network										660'9	∞	1.3%			
Freeport-McMoran Inc.	2,600	6	1.2%	5,800	6	1.2%	5,530	6	1.2%	5,463	10	1.1%			
Fort Huachuca ¹	5,717	∞		5,314			5,477								
Total	76,051	•	16.8%	76,063		16.3%	74,671		16.0%	78,329		16.4%	76,117		15.8%
Total County Work Force			452,429			467,438			467,438	,	477,017				481,835
Notes: ¹ Fort Huachuca is located in Cochise County but is listed here due to its role as a large regional employer.	County but is lis	sted here	due to its role as	a large regiona	ıl employ	er.									

Sources:
UA Economic and Business Research Center, Eller College of Management
Data obtained from www.tucson.com/star200, a website of the Arizona Daily Star.
Data obtained from www.phoenixrelocationguide.com
Pima Association of Governments

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Population and Employment Last Ten Calendar Years

	Financial Activities	17,100	17,200	16,900	16,900	17,300	17,500	17,600	19,600	17,600	17,700
	Transportation & Utilities	28,600	57,200	58,000	58,000	59,200	009'09	009'09	60,700	59,300	61,100
EMPLOYMENT	Manufacturing	24,900	23,800	23,300	23,200	23,000	22,500	22,600	23,500	23,600	24,600
I	Construction	16,700	15,100	14,500	14,400	15,400	14,800	14,600	14,300	14,900	16,700
	Mining	1,700	1,800	1,900	2,100	2,300	2,300	2,300	2,200	1,600	1,700
	Total Unemployment Rate	%0.6	9.4%	8.5%	7.4%	7.0%	6.4%	5.6%	5.0%	4.6%	4.3%
	Civilian Labor Force	486,040	479,879	465,640	459,349	449,958	452,429	467,438	476,578	477,017	481,835
	Population	984,274	981,168	986,081	990,380	996,046	1,007,162	1,022,079	1,016,743	1,025,044	1,033,781
	Year	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018

Notes:

All Employment data presented is not seasonally adjusted. Labor Force, Unemployment and Sector Employment for 2018 represent the average through July 2018.

Sources: UA Economic and Business Research Center, Eller College of Management Arizona Department of Administration, Office of Employment & Population Statistics (for population data only)

Transportation and Real Estate PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Sales Volume (In thousands)	2,245,644	2,457,147	2,033,702	2,211,369	2,528,609	2,648,443	2,856,957	3,313,078	3,488,123	3,823,877
Real Estate	Units Sold	10,472	12,471	11,545	13,436	13,587	13,379	13,692	13,795	15,172	15,416
	Residential Bldg. Permits	2,364	2,340	2,400	2,062	3,713	2,040	3,250	2,428	2,466	4,495
	Riders Per Mile	2.46	2.22	2.18	2.15	2.16	2.06	2.06	1.84	1.71	1.55
rtation	Bus Ridership	21,648,350	20,483,709	19,746,774	19,971,230	20,352,101	19,713,449	19,657,931	15,743,501	16,388,315	15,205,419
Transportation	No. of Air Passengers	3,669,924	3,709,178	3,676,894	3,649,783	3,308,620	3,239,849	3,181,901	3,228,389	3,413,451	3,551,159
	Aircraft Movements	190,445	169,780	164,152	145,967	138,263	139,420	141,422	139,555	132,867	131,169
	Fiscal Year	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018

Note: Tucson International Airport follows the Federal fiscal calendar.

Sources: UA Economic and Business Research Center, Eller College of Management Tucson Airport Authority

Sun Tran Tucson Association of Realtors, Multiple Listing Service, Inc.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Economic Indicators by Calendar Year Last Ten Years

(dollar amounts in thousands)

		No. of Dwelling	Change in	
Fiscal	Retail	Units	Real Estate	Commercial Bank
Year	Sales ¹	Awarded ²	Sales Volume	Deposits
2009	11,583,359	3,221	-25%	10,855,000
2010	10,439,448	2,129	9%	11,134,000
2011	10,640,207	1,938	-21%	11,265,000
2012	11,440,377	2,242	8%	11,501,822
2013	12,010,672	2,841	13%	12,173,345
2014	12,317,085	3,491	5%	12,980,645
2015	12,555,553	3,250	7%	13,760,260
2016	8,443,626	2,428	14%	14,654,142
2017	8,558,572	2,466	5%	15,226,977
2018	8,851,127	4,495	9%	15,716,917

Notes:

Sources:

UA Economic and Business Research Center, Eller College of Management Tucson Association of Realtors, Multiple Listing Service, Inc. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

¹Prior to FY 2016, Retail Sales statistics were calculated in the aggregate, which included total taxable sales from the following categories: Retail, Restaurant & Bar, Food and Gasoline. As of FY 2016, only retail sales (not including food and fuel) are shown.

² Beginning with calendar year 2011, the number of dwelling units awarded includes both single family and multiple family unit structures combined.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Population Statistics June 30, 2018

ESTIMATED POPULATION BY AGE

Age Group	Population
0-4	60,955
5-9	60,650
10-14	63,533
15-19	73,544
20-24	79,533
25-29	70,602
30-34	63,214
35-39	60,944
40-44	57,784
45-49	58,661
50-54	58,188
55-59	66,190
60-64	66,316
65-69	61,287
70-74	50,398
75+	81,982
Total	1,033,781

POPULATION PROJECTIONS

	Projected
Year	_ Population
2019	1,042,648
2020	1,051,451
2025	1,093,043
2035	1,160,603
2045	1,209,547

Source:

Arizona Department of Administration, Office of Employment & Population Statistics

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Average Annual Jail Population Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Average Jail
Year	Population
2009	1,888
2010	1,724
2011	1,640
2012	1,802
2013	2,000
2014	2,061
2015	1,863
2016	1,862
2017	1,863
2018	1,868

Source:

Pima County Sheriff's Department, Corrections Bureau

STATISTICAL SECTION

OPERATING INFORMATION:

The objective of the operating information is to provide contextual information about a government's operations and resources to assist users in using financial information to understand and assess a government's economic condition. Two types of information are considered important:

- 1. Basic information about infrastructure assets, utilities, and public works; in essence, the capital resources at the government's disposal. Examples include miles of streets and sewers and wastewater treatment volume.
- 2. Descriptive service information, which would help to evaluate the size of the government. This would include types of services, the related demand and volume, and the non-financial resources employed to provide the services.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2009	<u>2010</u>	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	<u>2017</u>	2018
Governmental activities										
General government	2,684	2,870	2,850	2,473	2,321	2,805	2,832	2,753	3,164	3,011
Public safety	1,491	1,488	1,529	1,540	1,468	1,525	1,387	1,418	1,431	1,335
Highways and streets	311	264	262	274	265	258	248	253	262	229
Sanitation	34	33	23	24	3	31	33	32	35	35
Health	397	422	412	404	174	319	282	322	237	223
Welfare	29	32	27	377	397	8	7	6	22	15
Culture and recreation	480	467	461	652	331	442	434	453	526	447
Education and economic opportunity	184	174	170	133	144	112	111	116	136	130
Total governmental activities	5,610	5,750	5,734	5,877	5,103	5,500	5,334	5,356	5,813	5,425
Business-type activities										
Regional Wastewater Reclamation	507	488	481	531	413	438	387	406	474	433
Pima Health System & Services ¹	451	422	421	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Development Services	73	99	99	59	52	09	99	52	<i>L</i> 9	58
Parking Garages	3	2	2	3	3	3	S	4	4	S
Total business-type activities	1,034	978	970	593	468	501	448	462	545	496
Total	6,644	6,728	6,704	6,470	5,571	6,001	5,782	5,818	6,358	5,921

Notes:

¹ Pima Health Systems & Services was sold and the department closed.

Operating Indicators by Program Last Ten Fiscal Years PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

33,571 27,946
6,422 6,417 49,817 41,800
56,239 48,217
67.8 65.4 1,477 1,950
103,407 84,520 58,879 N/A N/A N/A
149 168 403,887 351,692 25,756 14,321
1,425,235 1,427,089 7,409,820 7,517,692 516,780 526,170
\$ 59,922,798 \$ 36,953,802 14,336,536 11,994,142 9,028,251 1,921,052 22,733,535 14,160,620
\$ 106,021,120 \$ 65,029,616

¹MGD: Millions of Gallons per Day

²Sidewinders attendance 7/08 through 9/08; beginning in fiscal year 2008-09, the team is no longer in Tucson

 $^{^3\}mathrm{For}$ fiscal year 2010-11 there were no Spring Training games in Tucson

⁴Field permit totals increased due to ActiveNet creating a permit for each field rather than lumping multiple fields together ⁵Volumes include physical and digital copies

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA
Capital Assets & Infrastructure by Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

2018 7 7 354	1,891	202 31,738	5,831 41 71 34 11	3,500	27	0 0 61,785 110
2017 7 2 344	1,866 2,505,042 \$	201	5,825 38 94 24 11	3,487	27	1 95 61,785 110
2016 7 7 362	1,870 2,340,060 \$	200	3,736 37 94 24 11	3,470 95.04	27	3 676 61,690 109
2015 7 7 371	1,854	195	3,489 38 91 21 11	3,466	27	2 389 61,014 106
2014 7 2 354	1,854	175	3,147 41 89 20 20 11	3,462	27	823 60,625 104
2013 7 7 305	1,905	13,645	3,143 40 87 18 11	3,448 97.04	26	1,416 59,802 101
201 <u>2</u> 7 7 358	1,897	13,210	3,012 40 86 11 11	3,440	26	6 595 58,386 100
2011 7 7 4 355	1,892	141 12,027	2,898 39 86 11 11	3,476 97.76	26	4 275 57,791 94
2010 7 7 4 361	1,893	140 11,966	2,881 38 38 17 17	3,472 94.26	26	9 5,390 57,516 90
2009 7 7 323	1,893	140	2,881 38 85 85 17 9	3,462 91.50	26	5 14,753 52,126 81
Program: Sheriff Stations Zone offices Patrol units	Transportation (streets and highways) Streets (miles) Pothole repair ²	Flood Control Bank protection (miles) ³ Flood plain / drainage way (acres) ⁴	Parks & Recreation Urban parks (acres) Playgrounds Baseball/softball diamonds Soccer/football fields Community centers Swimming pools / Splashpads	Wastewater Sanitary sewers (miles) Treatment capacity (MGD) ⁵	Libraries ⁶ County	Open Space Acquisitions Properties added Acres Cumulative acreage Total properties

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¹Annexation by other jurisdictions resulted in a decrease of Transportation (Streets and Highways).

²Pothole repair figures were unavailable in FY 2009-10.

³No soil cement bank protection projects in 2012 and 2013.

Acgional Flood Control District maintained acreage only.

⁵On Jan. 3, 2012 capacity was reduced when the Town of Marana obtained ownership of the Marana Wastewater Treatment Facility.

⁶On July 1, 2006, the Pima County Library District assumed control of the operations of all County libraries.

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