Navajo County Arizona

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022



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Board of Supervisors



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Navajo County, Arizona Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Prepared by Navajo County Finance

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Introductory Section



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Navajo County Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2022

Table of Contents	<u>Page</u>
Introductory Section	
Table of Contents Letter of Transmittal Organizational Chart Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	i V xi xii
Financial Section	
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Statements Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	19 20
Fund Statements Governmental Funds Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	21 22 23 24
Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	25 26
Notes to Financial Statements Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Note 2 – Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability Note 3 – Deposits and Investments Note 4 – Due From Other Governments Note 5 – Capital Assets Note 5 – Capital Assets Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities Note 7 – Risk Management Note 8 – Fund Balance Classifications of the Governmental Funds Note 9 – Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits Note 10 – Interfund Balances and Activity Note 11 – County Treasurer's Investment Pool	27 34 38 39 40 43 44 45 62 63

Navajo County Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2022

Table of Contents	<u>Page</u>
Other Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedules	
General Fund	67
Public Works/HURF Fund	69
Jail District Fund	70
American Rescue Plan Act Fund	71
Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules	72
Pension Plan Schedules	
Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability—	
Cost-Sharing Pension Plans	74
Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related	
Ratios–Agent Pension Plans	76
Schedule of County Pension Contributions	79
Notes to Pension Plan Schedules	81
Supplementary Information	
List of Nonmajor Governmental Funds	85
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	87
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	92
Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Special Revenue – Administration	97
Special Revenue – County Attorney	98
Special Revenue – Courts	99
Special Revenue – Environmental and Conservation	100
Special Revenue – Flood Control District	101
Special Revenue – Library District	102
Special Revenue – Probation	103
Special Revenue – Public Defense	104
Special Revenue – Public Health	105
Special Revenue – Recreation District	106
Special Revenue – Sheriff's Office	107
Special Revenue – Special Districts	108
Special Revenue – Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA)	109
Debt Service – General Government	110
Debt Service – Special Districts	111
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Private Purpose Trust Funds	115
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Private Purpose Trust Funds	116
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Custodial Funds	117
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Custodial Funds	118

Navajo County Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2022

Table of Contents	<u>Page</u>
Statistical Section	
Listing of Statistical Information	121
Financial Trends	
Net Position by Component	123
Changes in Net Position	124
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	126
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	128
Revenue Capacity	
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	130
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	131
Principal Property Taxpayers	132
Property Tax Levies and Collections	133
Debt Capacity	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	134
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt	135
Pledged Revenue Coverage	136
Legal Debt Margin Information	137
General Fund Historical and Estimated Excise Tax, State Shared and Vehicle	
License Tax Revenues	138
Demographic and Economic Information	
Demographic and Economic Statistics	139
Employment by Sector	140
Operating Information	
Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Function	141
Operating Indicators by Function	142
Capital Asset Statistics by Function	144

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NAVAJO COUNTY

Administration

Bryan Layton Assistant County Manager **Glenn Kephart** County Manager

Jayson Vowell Finance Director

We are Navajo County

February 23, 2023

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors and Citizens of Navajo County, Arizona:

We are pleased to provide you with the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for fiscal year 2022. The ACFR provides in-depth information regarding the County's financial position. Navajo County presents the ACFR prepared in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited by the Arizona Auditor General using generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Navajo County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, County management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed the anticipated benefits, the objective of this framework is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The Arizona Auditor General has audited the County's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements for fiscal year 2022 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Based upon the audit, the independent auditor concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the County's financial statements for fiscal year 2022 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The Independent Auditors' Report is presented at the beginning of the Financial Section of this report.

This report is prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, in conformity with standards of financial reporting established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), and using the guidelines established by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada. GAAP requires that management provide an overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements called the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A immediately follows the Independent Auditors' Report in the Financial Section of this report.

NAVAJO COUNTY PROFILE

Navajo County was formed on March 21, 1895 and encompasses 9,953 square miles. The county seat is Holbrook, in central Navajo County, and the 2022 population of the County was estimated to be 108,147. Navajo County's diversity is evident not only in its population, but also in its landscapes. Northern Navajo County is home to the Navajo and Hopi Tribes, and is known for its spectacular buttes, canyons, clean air, diversity of plants and wildlife, and areas of beauty and solitude. Central Navajo County is home to rural communities such as Winslow, Holbrook, Snowflake and Taylor where country charm and rich pioneer history contribute to the performing arts, schools, parks, and many community celebrations. Southern Navajo County is home to the White Mountain Apache Tribe and the communities of Show Low and Pinetop-Lakeside where forests of Ponderosa Pine offer a variety of outdoor recreational activities, including hiking, hunting, fishing, and snow skiing with casino gaming and fine dining amenities.

Navajo County's government consists of an elected Board of Supervisors. There are five districts with one supervisor representing each district. As required by statute, the Board of Supervisors is responsible for the overall management and approval of the departmental budgets and county tax rates. The Board appoints a County Manager and each department is managed by an elected official, appointed official, or a department director. Elected offices are statutorily mandated and include the assessor, clerk of the superior court, constables, county attorney, sheriff, recorder, superintendent of schools, treasurer, and the judiciary. Navajo County provides a full range of services, including law enforcement and public safety, judicial and detention services, health services, highway construction and maintenance, education, and library services.

The financial reporting entity includes all the funds of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the County's operations. Additional information on Navajo County's blended component units can be found in the notes to the financial statements Note 1.

The Board of Supervisors and the County Manager use the financial policies and budget management policies to guide the overall development of the budget. On an annual basis, beginning in January, the finance department, under the County Manager's direction, meets with each elected official and department director to outline the Board's adopted budget priorities. Each department must provide revenue and expenditure estimates for the remainder of the current fiscal year and planned revenues

and expenditures for the following year. The budget team uses these estimates to help update the 5-year financial plan. The Board of Supervisors must adopt the final budget on or before the third Monday in August. The tax rate and levy must also be set on or before the third Monday in August.

FACTORS AFFECTING NAVAJO COUNTY'S FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the County operates.

Local Economy – The major economic activities within Navajo County include tourism, utilities, construction, timber production, and ranching. Some of the major employers in the County include Arizona Public Service (utilities), Burlington Northern/Santa Fe (railway), Summit Healthcare (medical facility), Northland Pioneer College (post-secondary education), and the Fort Apache Timber Company (timber processing).

The local and State economy are dependent on visitors to the State, which adds to the County's largest source of revenue, sales tax. Tourism is aided by Route 66, one of the original highways and most famous roads in the United States, which runs across most of the County as well as U.S. Interstate 40. Visitors frequent the many attractions within the County, including Monument Valley, the Petrified Forest National Park, the Painted Desert, Homolovi State Park, Sunrise Park Resort, and Fool Hollow Lake Recreation area along with many other outdoor activities. The local communities offer celebrations including Fourth of July and Pioneer Days which include parades, softball tournaments, celebration runs, rodeo events, and fireworks. Other events that draw visitors to the area include triathlons, bicycle races, harvest festivals, balloon festivals, western reenactments, and holiday light displays.

Although new residential permits decreased by 10.4 percent from the previous year, the construction industry continues to be strong as the permits increased by 50.7 percent and 37.6 percent in fiscal years 2021 and 2022, respectively, compared to those issued in fiscal year 2020. According to Redfin.com, in October 2022, Navajo County home prices were constant with a 0.7 percent increase compared to last year, selling for a median price of \$430,000. Partially due to the COVID-19 pandemic and the ability to work remotely, many people are looking to relocate to rural communities like those found within the County causing demand for homes to increase. Due to relocations and the demand for homes, the County's population has increased year over year seeing a modest increase with per capita income increasing by 8.2 percent between fiscal year 2021 and fiscal year 2022.

Ranching continues to be an important aspect of the local economy. Cattle comprise the major livestock population, followed by sheep and pigs. Horses and horse-related events are popular activities in the western-oriented lifestyle of County residents. Along with the many rodeos, the Navajo County Fair continues to offer livestock events along with many other entertainment and show exhibits.

The Navajo Generating Station and related Kayenta Mine located in the County were closed in December 2019 in settlement of an environmental lawsuit with the United States Environmental

Protection Agency (EPA). These closures have not had an adverse impact on the County's total collections of sales and property taxes versus preclosing levels. In addition, the EPA settlement calls for the Cholla Power Plant, also located in the County, to completely close by 2025, or possibly sooner. While the closure of the Cholla Power Plant is not expected to have an impact on sales tax collections, the County estimates that such closure will cause an approximately \$750,000 reduction in property tax collections beginning in fiscal year 2026. The County determined that the resulting revenue losses from the closures, together with earlier reductions incurred during the most recent national recession, would require significant staff terminations and service reductions. In order to offset the effects of the revenue loss, the County proposed and secured voter approval in August 2019 for the formation of a Jail District in the County. The newly formed Jail District levies an additional separate excise tax in support of public safety expenses, which reduces the amount of General Fund monies budgeted towards those expenses. The County believes this will help the County balance its budget and maintain its services. Should the Jail District excise tax not offset the revenue losses from the closures and/or increase the primary property tax rate to maintain its revenues and balance its budget.

Financial Outlook - Over the past decade, Navajo County has redefined and restructured itself as an organization to meet the financial challenges of the Great Recession, closure of power plants, and increasing pension costs. Restructuring included many efficiencies and reductions in administrative overhead costs, cost savings in healthcare, debt refinancing, as well as new innovations such as leveraging drone technology.

Arizona's economy has been following suit with the national and most other state economies. Similar to the national and state economies, Navajo County follows the pattern of moderate growth. Increased demand in the residential home market and modest growth in retail sales across the state resulted in greater sales tax revenue, both County and State shared. Also, as the State economy has improved, the State Legislature has taken back many of the cost shifts that had been imposed on counties during the recession. Removal of these cost shifts has been important because other costs outside of the County's control have increased, such as unfunded mandates and retirement costs. The County will continue their efforts to educate state legislators regarding the impact of unfunded state mandates. In fiscal year 2021, these financial improvements allowed the County to make a larger than typical investment in IT, maintain staffing levels, and address some of our capital needs.

Due to the COVID-19 public health crisis and the corresponding potential impacts on local economies, the County has received economic relief from the U.S. Treasury to support the public health response and lay the foundation for a strong and equitable economic recovery. The American Rescue Plan Act was signed into law in March 2021 and established the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds ("SLFRF") program (American Rescue Plan Act Fund). The County received over \$10.7 million in fiscal year 2021 and received another \$10.7 million at the end of fiscal year 2022. These funds may be used for lost public sector revenue, to respond to the public health and negative economic impacts of the pandemic, to provide premium pay for essential workers, and to invest in water, sewer, and broadband infrastructure.

County management has identified multiple projects that the relief funds may be used for that will benefit the region and the citizens of the County. The main project is to expand broadband capabilities as the absence of reliable broadband access is one of the key inhibitors of economic growth in the County. The County is developing an infrastructure plan for the region that will identify additional funding sources and improve the reliability and resiliency of the services. In addition to economic development, the County expects this project to improve public safety communication, healthcare telemedicine and medical workforce issues, education, and the ability for residents to work from home. This and other projects have started to be implemented in fiscal year 2022 and will continue into subsequent fiscal years.

Long-Term Financial Planning – The County's responsiveness to emerging economic challenges and its careful long-range planning have been key factors in Navajo County's fiscal health. Fiscal conservatism, a streamlined budget, and operating efficiencies have resulted in a solid financial position for the County at the close of fiscal year 2021-2022.

Relevant financial principles include the following:

- Fiscal Conservatism: Ensure the County is always in a solid financial condition; current revenues will be enough to support current operating expenditures.
- Flexibility: Ensure the County can respond to changes in the economy or new service challenges without undue amounts of financial stress.
- Adherence to the Highest Accounting and Management Practices: Comply with the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) standards for reporting, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and State of Arizona reporting requirements.
- Maintain Reserve: The County will maintain a contingency for cash liquidity purposes in the County General Fund equal to at least 10% of its annual operating budget.

Major Initiatives – During fiscal year 2021-2022 Navajo County continued to invest in basic government service programs and amenities. The planning parameters were Regional Leadership, Growth, Public Safety, Healthcare, Transportation, Jobs and Economic Development, and Accountability.

Initiatives to shape and maintain Navajo County as a sustainable community include:

- Focus on maintaining a strong credit rating in order to obtain desirable rates and terms for any necessary financing. Standard & Poor's rated the Navajo County Excise Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2021 at AA with a stable outlook.
- Cost containment and improving efficiencies continue to be a top priority to help ensure the financial well-being of the County, while maintaining an adequate level of reserves.
- Seeking support at the state and federal level for necessary approval and funding for the following:

- Expansion of broadband capabilities within the region to support economic growth, public safety communication, workforce and educational opportunities.
- For the Winslow Levee Project, to refurbish the levee system along the Little Colorado River, improving flood protection for families, businesses, and facilities located in Winslow.
- Efforts to plan and engineer ways to implement wildland fuel mitigation treatments, fire protection measures, and improve forest health for areas that are at risk from severe wildfire threats.

SIGNIFICANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

Navajo County has developed a set of fiscal management policies that guide the budget process. These policies consist of an Operating Budget Policy, Capital Budget Policy, Revenue Policy, Reserve Policy, Debt Policy, and the Budget Management Policy.

AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Navajo County, Arizona for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This was the eleventh consecutive year that Navajo County has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement Award is valid for one year. We believe our current annual comprehensive financial report will meet the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine our eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Preparation of this report was accomplished through the coordinated efforts of the finance department, assistance from elected officials and department directors and their staff, and the services provided by the Arizona Auditor General. We express appreciation to all who have contributed to this report.

We wish to thank the Navajo County Board of Supervisors for their leadership and commitment to Navajo County and our citizens.

Respectfully submitted,

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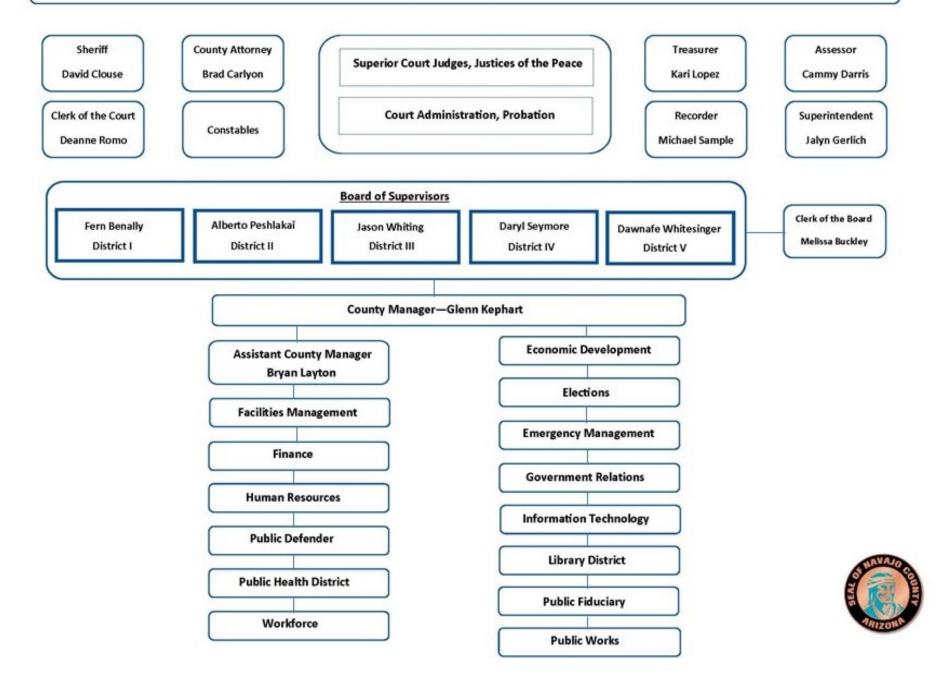
Glenn Kephart County Manager

Bryan Layton Assistant County Manager

Jayson Vowel

Jayson Vowell Finance Director

Navajo County Voters



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Navajo County Arizona

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Financial Section



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MELANIE M. CHESNEY DEPUTY AUDITOR GENERAL

Independent auditors' report

Members of the Arizona State Legislature

The Board of Supervisors of Navajo County, Arizona

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of Navajo County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Basis for opinions

We conducted our to audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the U.S. Comptroller General. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, for the year ended June 30, 2022, the County adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.



Other matters

Compliance over the use of Highway User Revenue Fund and other dedicated State transportation revenue monies

In connection with our to audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the County failed to comply with the authorized transportation purposes, insofar as they relate to accounting matters, for Highway User Revenue Fund monies it received pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2, and any other dedicated State transportation revenues it received. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the County's noncompliance with the authorized transportation purposes referred to above, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

The communication related to compliance over the use of Highway User Revenue Fund and other dedicated State transportation revenue monies in the preceding paragraph is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Arizona State Legislature, the County's Board of Supervisors and management, and other responsible parties within the County and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the audit's planned scope and timing, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required supplementary information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 15, budgetary comparison schedules on pages 67 through 73, schedule of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability—cost-sharing plans on pages 74 through 75, schedule of changes in the County's net pension liability and related ratios—agent plans on pages 76 through 78, and schedule of County pension contributions on pages 79 through 80 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is management's responsibility and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary information

Combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. Such information is management's responsibility and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. In our opinion, the accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance on the other information.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other reporting required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will issue our report on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters at a future date. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Lindsey A. Perry

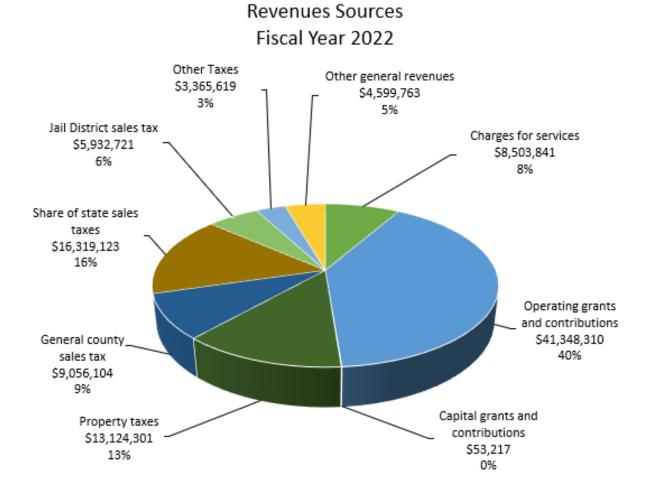
Lindsey A. Perry, CPA, CFE Auditor General

February 23, 2023

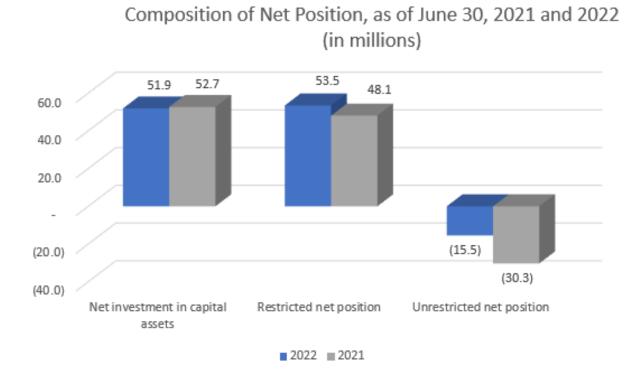
As management of Navajo County, we offer readers of Navajo County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Navajo County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Due to the ongoing public health emergency related to the COVID-19 pandemic, the County received \$21.5 million in Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund (SLFRF) funds as of June of 2022 as part of the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA). Of that amount, \$10.0 million was spent on eligible expenses by June 30, 2022, and the remainder must be spent by December 31, 2026.
- The County's primary sources of revenues are from operating grants and contributions, share of state sales taxes, property taxes, general county sales taxes, and charges for services.



• The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the current fiscal year by \$89.9 million (net position). This was an increase of \$19.4 million, or 27.5 percent when compared to the prior year's total net position of \$70.5 million. Of this amount, \$51.9 million is the net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress); \$53.5 million is restricted for specific purposes (restricted net position); and \$(15.5) million is the unrestricted net position deficit balance that is primarily a result of recognizing long-term liabilities related to pensions. The composition of the County's total net position at June 30, 2021 and 2022 is illustrated in the chart below.

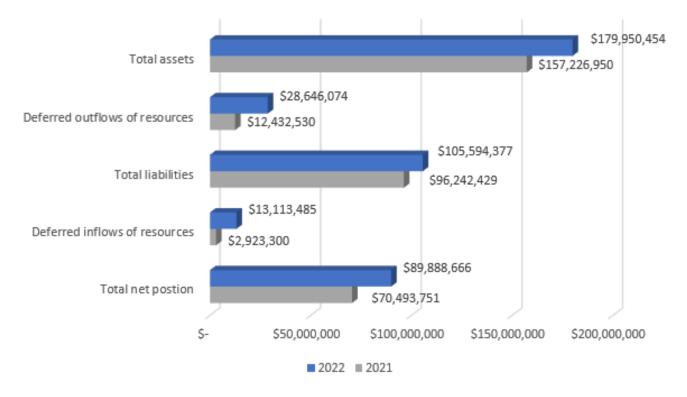


• At June 30, 2022, total assets were \$180.0 million, an increase of \$22.8 million or 14.5 percent in comparison with the prior fiscal year's balance of \$157.2 million. The majority of the increase is due to the increase in cash and investments due to economic relief from the U.S. Treasury in the American Rescue Plan Act Fund and additional state shared and county sales tax revenues in the General Fund.

At June 30, 2022, total liabilities were \$105.6 million, an increase of \$9.4 million or 9.7 percent in comparison with the prior fiscal year's balance of \$96.2 million. The majority of the increase is due to the issuance of additional pledged revenue obligations payable, offset by the decrease in pension liabilities.

The County's Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2021 and 2022 is illustrated in the chart below.

Summary of Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Total Net Postion



- At June 30, 2022, the governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$95.6 million, an increase of \$19.4 million or 25.6 percent in comparison with the prior year's combined fund balances of \$76.2 million.
- At June 30, 2022, \$49.7 million or 51.9 percent of governmental fund balances were restricted, \$31.6 million or 33.0 percent were unassigned, \$8.9 million or 9.3 percent were committed, \$5.0 million or 5.3 percent were assigned, and \$0.5 million or 0.5 percent were nonspendable. Restricted fund balances have externally imposed restrictions on their usage by creditors, such as through debt covenants, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations; or by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances are considered unrestricted. The unrestricted fund balances are available for spending at the County's discretion. The nonspendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as inventory.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements,
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances in a manner similar to a private sector business.

One of the most important questions asked about the County's finances is, "Is the County as a whole better off or worse as a result of this year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the County as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all nonfiduciary assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and liabilities, with the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. In addition to this change, other nonfinancial factors will need to be considered.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as revenues pertaining to uncollected taxes and expenses pertaining to earned but unused vacation leave.

All of the County's basic services are considered to be governmental activities, including general government, public safety, highways and streets, health and welfare, culture and recreation, education and economic opportunity, and environmental and conservation. Sales taxes, property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and user fees finance most of these activities. *The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 19 and 20 of this report.*

Fund financial statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant county funds—not the County as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Some funds are required to be established by federal or state law, contractual provisions, or by bond covenants. However, the Board of Supervisors established many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it

is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other monies. All of the County's funds can be divided into two categories: *governmental and fiduciary.*

Governmental funds—Most of the County's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources and the balances of spendable resources available at year-end. These funds are reported using an accounting method called the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for the governmental funds with similar information presented for the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Reconciliations between governmental activities, as reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, and the governmental funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are provided to facilitate this comparison.

The County maintains numerous individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Public Works/HURF Fund, Jail District Fund, and American Rescue Plan Act Fund, which are considered major funds. Data from the other governmental funds is combined into a single aggregated presentation. *The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 21 through 24 of this report.*

Fiduciary funds—Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's programs. *The fiduciary funds financial statements can be found on pages 25 and 26 of this report.*

Notes to the financial statements—The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to fully understand the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. *The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 27 through 64 of this report.*

Required supplementary information—In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, the report presents required supplementary information on the County's budgeting and budgetary control and the County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. *Required supplementary information can be found on pages 67 through 82 of this report.*

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position of the County as of June 30, 2022, compared to the prior year.

	Governmental Activities			
	2022	2021		
Current and other assets	\$ 116,761,053	\$ 93,531,094		
Net pension/OPEB asset	2,458,072	1,117,729		
Capital assets	60,731,329	62,578,127		
Total assets	179,950,454	157,226,950		
Deferred outflows of resources				
Total deferred outflows of resources	28,646,074	12,432,530		
Current and other liabilities	18,219,699	14,933,534		
Long-term liabilities	87,374,678	81,308,895		
Total liabilities	105,594,377	96,242,429		
Deferred inflows of resources				
Total deferred inflows of resources	13,113,485	2,923,300		
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets	51,907,432	52,683,191		
Restricted	53,477,095	48,074,074		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(15,495,861)	(30,263,514)		
Total net position	\$ 89,888,666	\$ 70,493,751		

Overall, total assets and deferred outflows of resources increased by \$38.9 million or 23.0 percent and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources increased by \$19.5 million or 19.7 percent in the current fiscal year. The following summarizes the significant changes in assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources compared to the prior year.

- Current and other assets increased by \$23.2 million or 24.8 percent in the current year largely due to
 increases in cash and investments of \$22.7 million. The cash and investments increase was due to the
 following: unspent grant funds of \$10.7 million received in June 2022 as part of the American Rescue
 Plan Act (ARPA); additional cash of \$2.7 million accumulated in the Insurance Trust Fund from
 conservative spending; and additional charges for services, operating grants, and county and state
 shared sales taxes revenues of \$8.9 million collected and unspent in the current year.
- The changes in deferred outflows of resources from \$12.4 million to \$28.6 million and deferred inflows of resources from \$2.9 million to \$13.1 million consist mainly of the contributions to the pension plans after the measurement date and the changes in estimates and assumptions used to calculate the net pension liabilities. Additional information can be found in Note 9 of the notes to the financial statements.
- Current and other liabilities increased by \$3.3 million or 22.0 percent in the current year largely due to
 accounts payable increases in the General Fund of \$764 thousand, the Public Works/HURF Fund of
 \$652 thousand, and the American Rescue Plan Act Fund of \$506 thousand. Specifically, the increases
 were due to the fiscal-year end cutoff for processing payments, in which invoices were recorded in the
 current fiscal year and paid in the succeeding fiscal year.

- Long-term liabilities increased by \$6.1 million or 7.5 percent as a result of issuing additional pledged revenue pension obligations of \$16.6 million, which was offset by the reduction of net pension liabilities of \$10.0 million.
- A large portion of the County's net position, \$51.9 million, reflects its investment in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and related debt. The County uses these assets to provide services to citizens and, therefore, they are not available for future spending. The County's restricted net position of \$53.5 million is subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Finally, the County's unrestricted (deficit) in net position of \$(15.5) million decreased by \$14.8 million from the prior year primarily due to increased charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and county and state shared sales taxes in excess of expenditures.

Changes in Net Position

The Statement of Activities presents information on how the County's net position changed during the most current fiscal year. The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Activities of the County for the fiscal year 2022 compared to the prior year.

		Governmental Activities			
	2022			2021	
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	8,503,841	\$	8,250,796	
Operating grants and contributions		41,348,310		34,956,205	
Capital grants and contributions		53,217		24,741	
Total program revenues		49,905,368		43,231,742	
General revenues:		· · ·			
Property taxes		13,124,301		13,223,643	
Sales taxes		14,988,825		13,708,352	
State shared revenues		19,684,742		18,732,156	
Payments in lieu of taxes		1,754,614		1,664,719	
Investment earnings		460,644		714,866	
Gain on disposal of capital assets		77,291		14,689	
Miscellaneous		2,307,214		1,891,512	
Total general revenues		52,397,631		49,949,937	
Total revenues		102,302,999		93,181,679	
Program expenses:					
Ğeneral government		26,497,535		24,839,724	
Public safety		21,839,924		19,619,517	
Highways and streets		16,552,646		13,900,151	
Health and welfare		9,689,676		9,408,467	
Culture and recreation		907,761		821,881	
Education and economic opportunity		5,604,230		6,069,282	
Environmental and conservation		1,198,343		1,066,890	
Urban redevelopment and housing		-		471,100	
Interest and fiscal charges		617,969		357,988	
Total program expenses		82,908,084		76,555,000	
Change in net position		19,394,915		16,626,679	
Net position, beginning		70,493,751		53,867,072	
Net position, ending	\$	89,888,666	\$	70,493,751	

Overall total revenues increased by \$9.1 million or 9.8 percent and total program expenses increased by \$6.4 million or 8.3 percent from the prior year. The following summarizes the significant changes in revenues and expenses compared to the prior year.

- Program revenues increased by \$6.7 million or 15.4 percent due to an increase of \$6.4 million in operating grants and contributions. Specifically, in general government activities, the American Rescue Plan Act Fund recognized \$6.6 million in intergovernmental revenues associated with eligible expenses spent by June 30, 2022.
- General revenues increased by \$2.4 million or 4.9 percent primarily due to additional general county excise taxes, jail district sales tax and state shared revenues collected in the current fiscal year.
- Highways and streets expenses increased by \$2.7 million or 19.1 percent due to additional road projects and maintenance completed during the fiscal year in the Public Works/HURF Fund.
- Public Safety expenses increased by \$2.2 million or 11.3 percent due to the increase in medical services that were outsourced to a third-party provider in order to provide 24-hour medical coverage for prisoners which were paid out of the Jail District Fund.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

The County reported four major funds for this fiscal year: General Fund, Public Works/HURF Fund, Jail District Fund, and American Rescue Plan Act Fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$95.6 million, which is an increase of \$19.4 million or 25.6 percent in comparison with the prior year's combined fund balances of \$76.2 million. Of the total, \$36.7 million constitutes unrestricted (assigned, committed and unassigned) fund balances.

For governmental funds, overall revenues increased \$9.0 million or 9.7 percent and expenditures increased \$7.6 million or 10.0 percent. Governmental fund revenues exceeded expenditures by \$18.8 million in the current fiscal year.

The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balances of the General Fund totaled \$48.7 million. Fund balances represent 168.9 percent of total General Fund expenditures. This ratio indicates a strong fund balance position in comparison to expenditures.

The General Fund includes the operation of the County's self-insured trust fund. The County has been self-insured since fiscal year 2015. Through implementing and refining our wellness program, claims analysis, provider partnerships and employee education and resources, employees have not seen an increase in their premiums since January 2017, and the County has only seen moderate increases. The activity to administer the self-insured trust fund for the last five years and the current fiscal year is presented below.

	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022
Revenues:						
Employer contributions and						
employee premiums	\$ 5,941,050	\$ 8,088,571	\$ 7,845,063	\$ 7,826,839	\$ 9,133,561	\$ 10,393,356
Investment earnings	10,319	6,665	34,548	81,206	89,364	49,653
Miscellaneous refunds	104,167	394,432	470,385	564,708	585,606	269,415
Total revenues	6,055,536	8,489,668	8,349,996	8,472,753	9,808,531	10,712,424
Expenditures:						
General government healthcare costs	8,332,148	6,893,826	6,490,746	5,288,706	7,452,553	8,009,490
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	(2,276,612)	1,595,842	1,859,250	3,184,047	2,355,978	2,702,934
Beginning fund balances	2,649,008	372,396	1,968,238	3,827,488	7,011,535	9,367,513
Ending fund balances	\$ 372,396	\$ 1,968,238	\$ 3,827,488	\$ 7,011,535	\$ 9,367,513	\$ 12,070,447

The following provides an explanation of major fund's activities that changed significantly over the prior year:

General Fund

- Total assets increased by \$8.1 million or 18.7 percent primarily due to the increase in cash and investments, which was a result of total revenues collected over total expenditures and other financing uses.
- Total liabilities increased by \$696 thousand or 45.4 percent primarily due to the increase in accounts payable. The increase was due to the fiscal-year end cutoff for processing payments, in which invoices were recorded in the current fiscal year and paid in the succeeding fiscal year.
- Total revenues increased by \$626 thousand or 1.3 percent in the current year primarily due to an increase in county sales tax.
- Total expenditures decreased by \$3.2 million or 10.1 percent in the current year primarily due to general
 government and public safety expenditures funded by the American Rescue Plan Act Fund. These
 expenditures were allowable as part of the revenue replacement option to spend on government
 services. The county chose to allocate expenditures to both general government and public safety
 functions. The reduction was offset by an increase in health and welfare expenditures due to increased
 indigent health care costs (health insurance and health care programs for Arizona residents).

Public Works/HURF Fund

• Highways and streets expenditures increased by \$2.9 million or 27.3 percent due to the completion of additional road projects and road maintenance during the fiscal year.

Jail District Fund

• At the end of the current fiscal year, the Fund recognized \$5.9 million of excise sales tax and received \$1.2 million of maintenance of effort funding from the General Fund.

 Total expenditures increased by \$2.3 million or 50.3 percent largely due to the increase in medical services that were outsourced to a third-party provider in order to provide 24-hour medical coverage in the jail facilities.

American Rescue Plan Act Fund

The American Rescue Plan Act Fund was created to account for SLFRF funds allocated to the county to support the response to and recovery from the COVID-19 public health emergency. These resources will be used to support families and businesses struggling with public health and economic impacts; to maintain vital public services; and make investments that support long-term growth and opportunity. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Fund recognized \$10.0 million in intergovernmental revenue and \$11.2 million in expenditures.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

For the General Fund, actual revenues were less than the original and final budget amounts by \$3.9 million, while the actual expenditures were \$36.5 million less than the amount budgeted. The budget variance for revenues was largely due to the receipt of less revenues than anticipated in charges for services. The budget variance for expenditures was primarily due to conservative budgeting practices, minimal spending and contingency budget capacity held for emergency purposes only.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2022, totaled \$60.7 million (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, and machinery and equipment. The following provides the major changes in capital assets during the current fiscal year:

• Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized decreased by a net \$3.4 million (\$2.2 million of purchases and deletions and \$5.6 million in depreciation/amortization expense).

Additional information on capital assets can be found in Note 5 on page 39 of this report.

Debt Administration

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total long-term liabilities outstanding of \$87.3 million consisting of the following liabilities that were over \$1 million:

- Net pension liability \$56.0 million
- Pledged revenue obligations payable –\$24.8 million
- Unamortized premium \$1.4 million

Navajo County Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2022

- Compensated absences payable \$2.2 million
- Incurred but not reported healthcare claims payable –\$1.7 million

There were no significant changes to the County's credit ratings or debt limitations during the current fiscal year. Additional information on long-term debt can be found in Note 6 on pages 40 through 42 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The current fiscal year 2022-23 budget is based on the County's response to challenges from a variety of outside sources. As the State economy has improved, the Arizona Legislature has taken back many of the cost shifts that had been imposed on counties during the recession. Removal of these cost shifts has been important because other costs outside of the County's control have increased, such as unfunded mandates and retirement costs. Like other counties in Arizona, Navajo County has struggled to pay for required increases to the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS), Elected Officials Retirement Plan (EORP), and Corrections Officer Retirement Plan (CORP).

The County projected modest increases in revenues for fiscal year 2022-23 as the local and state economies remain on a steady growth pattern; state shared sales tax revenues is projected to increase by \$996 thousand and county sales tax is projected to increase by \$770 thousand in the General Fund. The conservative revenue analysis gives the County the ability to withstand future impacts to expenditures in the short-term. However, in the current fiscal year, revenue performance continues to exceed expectations as consumer spending remains strong in the retail and contracting categories. If revenues continue to exceed expectations throughout the remainder of the fiscal year, the County expects a current year fiscal surplus which will be available for capital or one-time funding in future years.

The fiscal year 2022-23 Adopted Budget includes a \$0.0387 decrease in the County's regular primary property tax rate; a \$0.0096 decrease in the Navajo County Flood Control District secondary property tax rate; a \$0.0108 decrease in the Navajo County Public Health Services District secondary property tax rate; a \$0.0043 decrease in the Navajo County Library District secondary property tax rate; and no change in either the Fire District Assistance and the Little Colorado River Flood Control Zone secondary property tax rates. The total property tax rate for Navajo County decreased from \$1.7372 to \$1.6738 per \$100 of net taxable value, a net decrease of \$0.0634.

Overall, the County continues to monitor the local, state and national economy in order to identify opportunities and threats to budgeted revenues. The County continues to place great emphasis on control over expenditures.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Navajo County Finance Department, P.O. Box 668, 100 East Code Talker Drive, Holbrook, AZ 86025.

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Basic Financial Statements



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Navajo County Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

		Governmental Activities
Assets	¢	102 051 751
Cash and investments	\$	103,851,751
Cash and investments held by trustee Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		2,013,014
Property taxes		437,578
Accounts receivable		76,790
Special assessments		23,008
Leases		215,665
Due from other governments		9,688,646
Prepaid items		5,684
Inventories		448,917
Net other postemployment benefits asset		2,364,073
Net pension asset		93,999
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized		6,026,602
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net		54,704,727
Total assets		179,950,454
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits		185,398
Deferred outflows related to pensions		28,460,676
Total deferred outflows of resources		28,646,074
Liabilities		
Accounts payable		4,665,321
Accrued payroll and employee benefits		989,195
Due to other governments		626,656
Interest payable Unearned revenue		428,014
Noncurrent liabilities		11,510,513
Due within one year		5,386,969
Due in more than one year		25,923,448
Net other postemployment benefit liability		73,843
Net pension liability		55,990,418
Total liabilities		105,594,377
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits		1,225,484
Deferred inflows related to pensions		11,672,179
Deferred inflows related to leases		215,822
Total deferred inflows of resources		13,113,485
Net Position		<u> </u>
Net investment in capital assets		51,907,432
Restricted for:		
Highways and streets		12,430,342
Public safety		714,997
Judicial activities		5,359,897
Education and economic opportunity		1,450,404
Law enforcement		6,242,077
Environment, library, and community services		1,361,819
Health and welfare		4,220,536
Flood control projects		8,610,302
Health insurance trust		9,459,728
Road and other capital projects		846,615
Special districts Other postemployment benefits		119,187 2,364,073
Other purposes		2,304,073
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(15,495,861)
Total net position	\$	89,888,666
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>+</u>	,,

Navajo County Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2022

Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		gram Revenue Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	F	let (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Primary government: Governmental activities: General government Public safety	\$	26,497,535 21,839,924	\$	6,528,177 1,472,456	\$	8,800,566 8,775,763	\$	11,634 41,583	\$	(11,157,158) (11,550,122)
Highways and streets Health and welfare Culture and recreation		16,552,646 9,689,676 907,761		44,625 280,752 175,081		14,888,939 2,627,282 78,432		41,000		(1,619,082) (6,781,642) (654,248)
Education and economic opportunity Environmental and conservation Interest and fiscal charges Total governmental activities	\$	5,604,230 1,198,343 617,969 82,908,084	\$	2,750	\$	5,701,539 475,789 41,348,310	\$	53,217	\$	100,059 (722,554) (617,969) (33,002,716)
		neral revenue: axes:	S:							
		Property taxes Property taxes			е				\$	8,206,553 1,954,772
		Property taxes Property taxes	s, İik	orary district	stri	ct				2,121,195 841,781
		General count Jail District sa	les	tax						9,056,104 5,932,721
	Sha	ared revenue - ared revenues	- S	tate vehicle lie	cen	se tax				16,319,123 3,365,619 1,754,614
	Payments in lieu of taxes Investment earnings Gain on sales of capital assets								460,644 77,291	
	Mis	cellaneous Total general i								2,307,214 52,397,631
		Change in net position, July	pos	sition						19,394,915 70,493,751
	Net	position, Jun	e 3(0, 2022					\$	89,888,666

Navajo County Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	 General Fund	F	^D ublic Works/ HURF Fund	 Jail District Fund		American Rescue Plan Act Fund	(Other Governmental Funds	(Total Governmental Funds
Assets										
Cash and investments Cash and investments held by trustee Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$ 44,370,461	\$	12,827,636	\$ 4,447,845	\$	20,871,770	\$	21,334,039 2,013,014	\$	103,851,751 2,013,014
Property taxes	268,602							168,976		437,578
Accounts Receivable	5,111							71,679		76,790
Special assessments								23,008		23,008
Leases	215,665									215,665
Due from:										
Other funds	1,291,676							84,175		1,375,851
Other governments	5,373,460		1,272,369	1,075,052				1,967,765		9,688,646
Prepaid items			3,410					2,274		5,684
Inventories			448,917							448,917
Total assets	\$ 51,524,975	\$	14,552,332	\$ 5,522,897	\$	20,871,770	\$	25,664,930	\$	118,136,904
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$ 1,171,356	\$	2,163,355	\$ 430,115	\$	506,100	\$	394,395	\$	4,665,321
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	783,416		72,210	48,744		1,891		82,934		989,195
Due to:	74 700		000 770	000 444				050.000		4 075 054
Other funds	74,703		332,776	309,144		50		659,228		1,375,851
Other governments	199,583		299,692	27,706		50		99,625		626,656
Pledged revenue obligations payable								1,585,000		1,585,000
Interest payable Unearned revenue						11 510 512		428,014		428,014
	 2,229,058		2,868,033	 815,709		11,510,513 12,018,554		3,249,196		11,510,513
Total liabilities	 2,229,056		2,000,033	 015,709		12,016,004	·	3,249,190		21,180,550
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	213,657							131,324		344,981
Unavailable revenue-special assessments	210,001							19,673		19,673
Unavailable revenue-intergovernmental	186,725							548,393		735,118
Deferred inflows related to leases	215,822							,		215,822
Total deferred inflows of resources	 616,204				-			699,390		1,315,594
										· · · · · ·
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable			452,327					2,274		454,601
Restricted	9,468,728		11,231,972	4,707,188				24,270,419		49,678,307
Committed						8,853,216				8,853,216
Assigned	4,160,523							887,986		5,048,509
Unassigned (Deficit)	 35,050,462							(3,444,335)		31,606,127
Total fund balances	 48,679,713		11,684,299	 4,707,188		8,853,216		21,716,344		95,640,760
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources and fund balances	\$ 51,524,975	\$	14,552,332	\$ 5,522,897	\$	20,871,770	\$	25,664,930	\$	118,136,904

Navajo County Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Fund balances—total governmental funds	\$ 95,640,760
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	60,731,329
Some receivables are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable in the funds.	1,099,772
Net Pension and OPEB assets held in trust for future benefits are not available for County operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	2,458,072
Long-term liabilities, such as net pension/OPEB liabilities and pledged revenue obligations payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(85,789,678)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore not reported in the funds.	15,748,411
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 89,888,666

Navajo County Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

Revenues: Property taxes \$ 8.104.637 \$ 9.056,104 \$ 5.932,721 \$ 4.477,711 \$ 1.2,982,348 County sales taxes 9.056,104 \$ 5.932,721 \$ 4.477,711 \$ 1.2,982,348 Licenses and permits 665,249 236,305 889,154 236,305 889,154 Intergovernmental 23,349,597 \$ 14,888,829 \$ 10,000,000 1,373,543 62,063,871 Charges for services 1,438,120 94,091 1,31,420 5,663,631 11,225 23,042,141 109,962 460,644 Contributions 1,193,232 92,598 52,013 969,371 2,307,214 101,924,034 Expenditures: Current: General government 7,187,914 2,463,043 25,552,776 96,9371 5,166,053 969,371 2,3463,043 25,552,776 Public safety 7,226,832 13,381,453 6,899,772 3,463,052 4,081,203 119,9493 1,199,493 1,199,493 1,199,493 1,199,49		General Fund	Public Works/ HURF Fund	 Jail District Fund		American Rescue Plan Act Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
County sales taxes 9,056,104 \$ 5,332,721 14,888,825 Special assessments 236,305 889,154 Licenses and permits 652,849 236,305 889,154 Fines and forfeits 23,439,597 \$ 14,888,939 \$ 10,000,000 13,735,343 62,083,879 Charges for services 4,458,120 94,091 1,311,420 5,883,811 Investment earnings 241,167 74,616 23,674 11,225 109,962 460,844 Contributions 1,193,232 92,598 52,013 969,371 2,307,214 101,924,034 Expenditures: Current: General government 7,87,919 2,463,443 25,523,776 Highways and streets 1,381,453 13,381,453 6,889,772 3,463,052 683,38 13,450,391 Education and economic oportunity 339,751 5,262,576 566,866 617,803 617,803 617,803 617,803 617,803 617,803 617,803 617,803 617,803 617,803 617,803 617,803 617,803 617,803								
Special assessments 215,463 215,463 Licenses and permits 562,849 236,305 889,154 Fines and forfelts 566,310 966,841 1,332,3251 Intergovernmental 23,439,897 \$ 14,888,939 \$ 10,000,000 13,714,420 5,863,631 Investment earnings 241,167 74,616 23,674 11,225 609,827 460,644 Contributions 1,193,232 92,598 52,013 969,371 2,307,214 Total revenues 47,712,016 15,056,153 6,102,499 10,011,225 23,042,141 10,1524,034 Expenditures: Current: General government 7,287,131 6,689,772 3,463,052 4,081,205 21,660,861 Highways and streets 1,338,1,453 6,589,772 3,463,052 4,081,205 21,660,861 Highways and streets 1,141 1,614,134 1,615,275 16,689,772 3,463,052 4,081,205 2,862,865 Culture and recreation 2,281,414 1,919,493 1,199,493 1,199,493 1,199,493		, -, -,					\$ 4,877,711	. , ,
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Fines and forfeits 566,310 966,941 1,532,251 Intergovernmental 23,495,97 1,488,939 \$ 10,000,000 13,735,333 62,063,879 Charges for services 4,458,120 94,091 11,225 109,962 460,644 Contributions 1,193,232 92,598 52,013 996,9371 2,307,214 Miscellaneous 1,193,232 92,598 52,013 996,9371 2,307,214 Total revenues 47,712,016 15,056,153 6,102,499 10,011,225 23,042,141 101,924,034 Expenditures: Current: General government 15,871,919 7,187,914 2,463,943 25,523,776 Public safety 7,226,832 6,889,772 3,463,052 4,081,205 21,660,861 Beducation and economic opportunity 339,751 5,129,114 5,468,865 9,683,695 Environmental and conservation 1,99,493 1,199,493 1,199,493 1,199,493 Debt service: Principal 1,141 1,614,734 1,615,275 Principal <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>								
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Charges for services 4.488,120 94.091 1,311,420 5,863,631 Investment earnings 241,167 74,616 23,674 11,225 109,962 460,644 Contributions 1,193,232 92,598 52,013 969,371 2,307,214 Total revenues 47,712,016 15,056,153 6,102,499 10,011,225 23,042,141 101,924,034 Expenditures: Current: General government 7,226,832 6,889,772 3,463,052 4,081,205 21,660,861 Highways and strets 13,381,453 13,381,453 556,865 9,683,695 689,772 3,463,052 4,081,205 21,660,861 Cuture and recreation 4,126,830 13,381,453 556,685 9,683,695 689,772 3,463,052 689,773 3,463,052 4,081,205 21,660,861 10,924,033 Debt service: 11,141 1,614,134 1,615,275 11,99,493 1,199,493 1,199,493 1,199,493 1,199,493 1,199,493 1,199,493 1,199,493 1,199,493 1,199,493 1,199,493 <td></td> <td> ,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td> , -</td> <td></td>		,					, -	
Investment earnings Contributions 241,167 74,616 23,674 11,225 109,962 460,640 619,625 Miscellaneous 1,193,232 92,598 52,013 969,371 2,307,214 Total revenues 47,712,016 15,056,153 6,102,499 10,011,225 23,042,141 101,924,034 Expenditures: Current: General government 15,871,919 7,187,914 2,463,943 25,523,776 Public safety 7,226,832 13,381,453 6,889,772 3,463,052 4,061,205 21,660,861 Highways and streets 13,381,453 6,889,772 3,463,052 4,061,205 21,660,861 Hulte and weffare 4,126,830 13,381,453 5,556,865 9,683,695 24,003 892,403 892,403 892,403 892,403 892,403 892,403 892,403 892,403 892,403 6,77,335 677,335 677,335 677,335 677,335 677,335 677,335 677,335 677,335 677,335 677,335 677,335 677,335 677,335 677,335 677			\$ 14,888,939		\$	10,000,000		
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Miscellaneous 1.193.232 92.598 52.013 969.371 2.307.214 Total revenues 47.712.016 15.056.153 6,102.499 10.011.225 23.042.141 101.924.034 Expenditures: Current: General government 15.871.919 7.187.914 2.463.943 25.523.776 Hughways and streets 7.268.832 6.889.772 3.463.052 4.081.205 21.660.861 Health and welfare 4.126.830 5.556.865 9.683.695 Culture and economic opportunity 339.751 5.129.114 5.468.865 9.683.695 Environmental and conservation 892.403 <	Investment earnings	241,167	74,616	23,674		11,225	109,962	460,644
Total revenues 47,712,016 15,056,153 6,102,499 10,011,225 23,042,141 101,924,034 Expenditures: Current: General government Highways and streets Highways and streets Health and welfare Education and economic opportunity Education and economic opportunity addition and economic opportunity Environmental and conservation Debt service: Principal Interest and other charges Cost of issuance Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 1,141 1,614,134 1,615,275 2,368,000 Charles Cost of issuance Cost of issuance 1,251,552 162,305 506,100 402,667 2,322,614 Other financing sources (uses): Issuance of debt Transfers in Transfers out 18,893,885 1,512,395 (78,273) (1,145,841) 338,112,677 Other financing sources (uses): Issuance of debt 18,893,885 1,512,395 (78,273) (1,145,841) 338,112,677 Other financing sources (uses): Issuance of debt 18,893,885 1,512,395 (78,273) (1,145,841) 338,112,677 Total other financing sources (uses): Issuance 13,243,758 6,889,772 11,157,066 22,703,950 83,112,677 Sale of capital assets 49,804 56,132 3,5550 109,486 16,560,000	Contributions							
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Public safety 7,226,832 6,889,772 3,463,052 4,081,205 21,660,861 Highways and streets 13,381,453 13,381,453 68,938 13,450,391 Health and welfare 4,126,830 892,403 682,938 13,450,391 Education and economic opportunity 339,751 555,685 892,403 892,403 Education and economic opportunity 339,751 5,129,114 5,468,865 555,685 Principal 1,141 1,614,134 1,615,275 11,199,493 1,199,493 Debt service: Principal 1,251,552 162,305 506,100 402,667 2,322,614 Cots of issuance 28,818,131 13,543,758 6,889,772 11,157,066 22,703,950 83,112,677 Excess (deficiency) of revenues 18,893,885 1,512,395 (787,273) (1,145,841) 338,191 18,811,357 Other financing sources (uses): Issuance of debt 16,560,000 16,560,000 16,560,000 16,560,000 16,560,000 16,560,000 16,526,563 162,256,563 123,275,273	Current:							
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Interest and other charges Cost of issuance 106 617,863 617,969 Cost of issuance 677,335 677,335 677,335 Capital Outlay 1,251,552 162,305 506,100 402,657 2,322,614 Total expenditures 28,818,131 13,543,758 6,889,772 11,157,066 22,703,950 83,112,677 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 18,893,885 1,512,395 (787,273) (1,145,841) 338,191 18,811,357 Other financing sources (uses): Issuance of debt Payment to bond refunding escrow agent Lease agreements 16,560,000 16,560,000 16,560,000 Transfers in 1,231,229 1,192,000 10,000,000 2,842,464 15,265,693 Transfers out (13,275,273) (874,833) (477,051) (943) (637,593) (15,265,693) Total other financing sources (uses) (11,918,905) (818,701) 714,949 9,999,057 2,630,143 606,543 Net change in fund balances 6,974,980 693,694 (72,324) 8,853,216 2,968,334 19,417,900 Fund bala								4 045 075
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Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 28,818,131 13,543,758 6,889,772 11,157,066 22,703,950 83,112,677 Other financing sources (uses): Issuance of debt Payment to bond refunding escrow agent Lease agreements 18,893,885 1,512,395 (787,273) (1,145,841) 338,191 18,811,357 Other financing sources (uses): Issuance of debt Payment to bond refunding escrow agent Lease agreements 75,335 16,560,000 16,560,000 Transfers in Transfers in Transfers out 75,335 1,192,000 10,000,000 2,842,464 15,265,693 Total other financing sources (uses) (13,275,273) (874,833) (477,051) (943) (637,593) (15,265,693) Net change in fund balances 6,974,980 693,694 (72,324) 8,853,216 2,968,334 19,417,900 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 41,704,733 10,941,342 4,779,512 18,748,010 76,173,597 Changes in nonspendable resources: Increase in reserve for inventories 49,263 49,263 49,263 49,263								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 18,893,885 1,512,395 (787,273) (1,145,841) 338,191 18,811,357 Other financing sources (uses): Issuance of debt Payment to bond refunding escrow agent Lease agreements 16,560,000 16,560,000 16,560,000 Lease agreements 75,335 46,642 121,977 Sale of capital assets 49,804 56,132 3,550 109,486 Transfers in 1,231,229 1,192,000 10,000,000 2,842,464 15,265,693 Total other financing sources (uses) (11,918,905) (818,701) 714,949 9,999,057 2,630,143 606,543 Net change in fund balances 6,974,980 693,694 (72,324) 8,853,216 2,968,334 19,417,900 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 41,704,733 10,941,342 4,779,512 18,748,010 76,173,597 Changes in nonspendable resources: Increase in reserve for inventories 49,263 49,263 49,263				 		,		
over expenditures 18,893,885 1,512,395 (787,273) (1,145,841) 338,191 18,811,357 Other financing sources (uses): Issuance of debt Payment to bond refunding escrow agent Lease agreements 16,560,000 16,560,000 16,560,000 Lease agreements 75,335 49,804 56,132 12,977 Sale of capital assets 49,804 56,132 3,550 109,486 Transfers in 1,231,229 1,192,000 10,000,000 2,842,464 15,265,693 Transfers out (13,275,273) (874,833) (477,051) (943) (637,593) (15,265,693) Net change in fund balances 6,974,980 693,694 (72,324) 8,853,216 2,968,334 19,417,900 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 41,704,733 10,941,342 4,779,512 18,748,010 76,173,597 Changes in nonspendable resources: Increase in reserve for inventories 49,263 49,263 49,263 49,263		28,818,131	13,543,758	 6,889,772		11,157,066	22,703,950	83,112,677
Issuance of debt 16,560,000 16,560,000 Payment to bond refunding escrow agent (16,184,920) (16,184,920) Lease agreements 75,335 49,804 56,132 Transfers in 1,231,229 1,192,000 10,000,000 2,842,464 15,265,693 Transfers out (13,275,273) (874,833) (477,051) (943) (637,593) (15,265,693) Total other financing sources (uses) (11,918,905) (818,701) 714,949 9,999,057 2,630,143 606,543 Net change in fund balances 6,974,980 693,694 (72,324) 8,853,216 2,968,334 19,417,900 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 41,704,733 10,941,342 4,779,512 18,748,010 76,173,597 Changes in nonspendable resources: 49,263 49,263 49,263 49,263		18,893,885	1,512,395	 (787,273)		(1,145,841)	338,191	18,811,357
Issuance of debt 16,560,000 16,560,000 Payment to bond refunding escrow agent (16,184,920) (16,184,920) Lease agreements 75,335 49,804 56,132 Transfers in 1,231,229 1,192,000 10,000,000 2,842,464 15,265,693 Transfers out (13,275,273) (874,833) (477,051) (943) (637,593) (15,265,693) Total other financing sources (uses) (11,918,905) (818,701) 714,949 9,999,057 2,630,143 606,543 Net change in fund balances 6,974,980 693,694 (72,324) 8,853,216 2,968,334 19,417,900 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 41,704,733 10,941,342 4,779,512 18,748,010 76,173,597 Changes in nonspendable resources: 49,263 49,263 49,263 49,263	Other financing sources (uses):							
Lease agreements 75,335 46,642 121,977 Sale of capital assets 49,804 56,132 3,550 109,486 Transfers in 1,231,229 1,192,000 10,000,000 2,842,464 15,265,693 Transfers out (13,275,273) (874,833) (477,051) (943) (637,593) (15,265,693) Total other financing sources (uses) (11,918,905) (818,701) 714,949 9,999,057 2,630,143 606,543 Net change in fund balances 6,974,980 693,694 (72,324) 8,853,216 2,968,334 19,417,900 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 41,704,733 10,941,342 4,779,512 18,748,010 76,173,597 Changes in nonspendable resources: 49,263 49,263 49,263 49,263							16,560,000	16,560,000
Sale of capital assets 49,804 56,132 3,550 109,486 Transfers in 1,231,229 1,192,000 10,000,000 2,842,464 15,265,693 Transfers out (13,275,273) (874,833) (477,051) (943) (637,593) (15,265,693) Total other financing sources (uses) (11,918,905) (818,701) 714,949 9,999,057 2,630,143 606,543 Net change in fund balances 6,974,980 693,694 (72,324) 8,853,216 2,968,334 19,417,900 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 41,704,733 10,941,342 4,779,512 18,748,010 76,173,597 Changes in nonspendable resources: 49,263 49,263 49,263 49,263	Payment to bond refunding escrow agent						(16,184,920)	(16,184,920)
Transfers in Transfers out 1,231,229 (13,275,273) 1,192,000 (874,833) 10,000,000 (477,051) 2,842,464 15,265,693 (15,265,693) Total other financing sources (uses) (13,275,273) (11,918,905) (874,833) (818,701) (477,051) 714,949 (943) 9,999,057 (637,593) 2,630,143 (15,265,693) (065,543 Net change in fund balances 6,974,980 693,694 (72,324) 8,853,216 2,968,334 19,417,900 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 41,704,733 10,941,342 4,779,512 18,748,010 76,173,597 Changes in nonspendable resources: Increase in reserve for inventories 49,263 49,263 49,263	Lease agreements	75,335					46,642	121,977
Transfers in Transfers out 1,231,229 (13,275,273) 1,192,000 (874,833) 10,000,000 (477,051) 2,842,464 15,265,693 (15,265,693) Total other financing sources (uses) (13,275,273) (11,918,905) (874,833) (818,701) (477,051) 714,949 (943) 9,999,057 (637,593) 2,630,143 (15,265,693) (065,543 Net change in fund balances 6,974,980 693,694 (72,324) 8,853,216 2,968,334 19,417,900 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 41,704,733 10,941,342 4,779,512 18,748,010 76,173,597 Changes in nonspendable resources: Increase in reserve for inventories 49,263 49,263 49,263	Sale of capital assets	49,804	56,132				3,550	109,486
Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) (13,275,273) (11,918,905) (874,833) (818,701) (477,051) 714,949 (943) 9,999,057 (637,593) 2,630,143 (15,265,693) 606,543 Net change in fund balances 6,974,980 693,694 (72,324) 8,853,216 2,968,334 19,417,900 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 41,704,733 10,941,342 4,779,512 18,748,010 76,173,597 Changes in nonspendable resources: Increase in reserve for inventories 49,263 49,263 49,263		1,231,229		1,192,000		10,000,000		15,265,693
Net change in fund balances 6,974,980 693,694 (72,324) 8,853,216 2,968,334 19,417,900 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 41,704,733 10,941,342 4,779,512 18,748,010 76,173,597 Changes in nonspendable resources: Increase in reserve for inventories 49,263 49,263 49,263	Transfers out		(874,833)					
Fund balances, July 1, 2021 41,704,733 10,941,342 4,779,512 18,748,010 76,173,597 Changes in nonspendable resources: Increase in reserve for inventories 49,263 49,263 49,263	Total other financing sources (uses)	(11,918,905)	(818,701)	 714,949		9,999,057	2,630,143	606,543
Changes in nonspendable resources: Increase in reserve for inventories 49,263 49,263 49,263	Net change in fund balances	6,974,980	693,694	 (72,324)		8,853,216	2,968,334	19,417,900
Increase in reserve for inventories 49,263 49,263		41,704,733	10,941,342	4,779,512			18,748,010	76,173,597
			49,263					49,263
	Fund balances, June 30, 2022	\$ 48,679,713	\$ 11,684,299	\$ 4,707,188	\$	8,853,216	\$ 21,716,344	

Navajo County

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different becasue: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of more assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives, and expectation/amountization expense. \$ 2,322,514 Market and the activities of the application expense \$ 87,602 \$ (5,737,332) (2,567,116) In the Statement of Activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the scheme in fund balance by the book value of the capital assets sales. \$ 32,177 \$ 324,549 \$ 377,766 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not opportation to EORP \$ 324,549 \$ 377,766 Collection of revenues in the governmental funds exceeded revenues reported in the statement of activities \$ 4243 \$ 4243 Special assessments \$ 4243 \$ (220,387) \$ (7,191) County persion(OPEB contributions are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Activities \$ 242,275 \$ 17,402,569 Preventy persion and OPEB expense \$ (220,387) \$ (7,4191) County persion and OPEB expense \$ (24,275,285) \$ (24,275,285) \$ (24,275,285) \$ (24,275,285) \$ (24,275,285) \$ (24,275,285) \$ (24,275,285) <t< th=""><th>Net change in fund balances—total governmental funds</th><th></th><th></th><th>\$ 19,417,900</th></t<>	Net change in fund balances—total governmental funds			\$ 19,417,900
statement of activities, the cost of those assels is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense. Capital outlay <u>5</u> , 2,322,614 347,602 Depreciation/amortization expense <u>5</u> , 2,322,614 347,602 Depreciation/amortization expense <u>5</u> , 2,327,332] (2,507,116) In the Statement of Activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental lunds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Trus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the book value of the capital assets soil. (32,195) Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Capital contributions State appropriation to ECRP <u>53,217</u> State appropriation to ECRP <u>53,217</u> State appropriation to ECRP <u>53,217</u> State appropriation to ECRP <u>53,217</u> (2010ction of revenues in the governmental funds exceeded revenues reported in the statement of activities are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of activities are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net position/CPEB liability is measured a year before the County's report date. Pension/CPEB liability is measured a year before the County's report date. Pension/CPEB liability is measured a year before the County's report date net position/CPEB liability is measured a year before the County's report date net position/CPEB liability is measured a year before the County's report date in the Statement of Activities. County pension and OPEB expense. (4.475,295) Pension and OPEB expense Pension and OPEB expense. (4.475,295) Linease agreements Linease agreements Linease agreements Linease agreements Linease agreements Pensent on the accural basis of accounting usequences are available. Increase i	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different becasue:			
Lease agreements 847.602 Depreciation/amortization expanse (5.737.332) In the Statement of Activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the book value of the capital assets sold. (32, 195) Revenues in the statement of activities, that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. (32, 195) Collection of revenues in the governmental funds exceeded revenues reported in the statement of activities 53.217 State appropriation to ECRP 324.549 Special assessments 4.243 Intergrovernmental revenues (74, 191) County pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the repaise in deferred outflows of resources in the statement of Net Position and OPEB expense (21.623.589 Pension and OPEB expense (4.715.285) (74.7191) Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but resources related to pensions opension/OPEB apprents (21.623.589 Pension and OPEB expense (4.715.285) (74.725) Pension and OPEB expense (4.747.5285)	statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense.	\$	2 322 614	
whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. (32,195) Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. 53,217 Capital contributions 53,217 State appropriation to EORP 324,549 Collection of revenues in the governmental funds exceeded revenues reported in the statement of activities 4,243 Property taxes 141,953 Special assessments 4,243 Intergovernmental revenues (220,387) County pension/OPEE contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as defered outflows of resources in the statement of Net Position because the reported not pension/OPEE listify is imeasured a year before the County's report date. Pension/OPEE expense, which is the change in differed outflows of resources in the statement of Net Position DPEB outributions 21,623,589 Pension and OPEB contributions 21,623,589 17,402,569 Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. 214,023,500 Appartment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but assess long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. 214,023,600 De	Lease agreements	Ψ	847,602	(2,567,116)
Incide terms 53,217 State appropriation to EORP 324,549 State appropriation to EORP 324,549 Collection of revenues in the governmental funds exceeded revenues reported in the statement of activities 141,953 Property taxes 141,953 Special assessments 4,243 Intergovernmental revenues (220,387) County pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Positibility is measured a year before the County's report date. Pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the County's report date. Pension/OPEB liability is measured a pension and OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability is measured a provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing det increases to continuations 21,623,589 Pension and OPEB revenue 24,275 17,402,569 Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing det increases in ong-term liabilities in the statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal payments Lease agreements 143,656 28,190 (14,789,665) Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, we spenddure are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available resources are available. 1,160 (389,416) D	whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance			(32,195)
Capital contributions 53,217 State appropriation to EORP 324,549 377,766 Collection of revenues in the governmental funds exceeded revenues reported in the statement of activities 141,953 324,549 377,766 Property taxes 141,053 4,243 (220,367) (74,191) County pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the Country's report date. Pension/OPEB liability is is reported in the statement of Activities. 21,623,589 County pension and OPEB contributions 21,623,589 14,475,295) Pension and OPEB revenue 254,275 17,402,569 Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases to grader miabilities in the Statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. 142,436 Lease agreements (123,078) 14,405 14,4056 Lease agreements (124,076) 14,4056 14,4056 14,4056 Lease agreements (124,078) 28,190 (14,789,665) 14,789,665) 14,789,665 14,506,606				
State appropriation to EORP 324,549 377,766 Collection of revenues in the governmental funds exceeded revenues reported in the statement of activities 141,953 324,549 377,766 Collection of revenues in the governmental funds exceeded revenues reported in the statement of activities 141,953 324,243 (74,191) County pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension/OPEE liability is measured a year before the County's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB is liability is measured a year before the County's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the resources related to pensions/OPEB is reported in the Statement of Activities. 21,623,589 County pension and OPEB contributions 21,623,589 17,402,569 Pension and OPEB revenue 21,623,589 17,402,569 Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases iong-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. 1,585,000 1,585,000 Lease argements (123,878) 23,190 (14,789,665) Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expenditure active labes in Case in Comments (24,81,34) (14,789,665)			53,217	
statement of activities 141.953 Special assessments 4,243 Intergovernmental revenues (220,387) County pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the County's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB isolity set pensions / PEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB isolity set. Pension/OPEB isolity is measured a year before the County's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension and OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension and OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension and OPEB expense, which is the change in the statement of Net Position. Pension and OPEB revenue 21,623,589 Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the governmental funds but the repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the repayment debt issued (123,878) Debt service - principal payments (16,560,000) (123,878) Det service - principal payments Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures in the statement of net position, leases - principal payments 28,190 (14,789,665) Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, but expendible available resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, e				377,766
statement of activities 141.953 Special assessments 4,243 Intergovernmental revenues (220,387) County pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the County's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB isolity set pensions / PEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB isolity set. Pension/OPEB isolity is measured a year before the County's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension and OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension and OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension and OPEB expense, which is the change in the statement of Net Position. Pension and OPEB revenue 21,623,589 Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the governmental funds but the repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the repayment debt issued (123,878) Debt service - principal payments (16,560,000) (123,878) Det service - principal payments Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures in the statement of net position, leases - principal payments 28,190 (14,789,665) Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, but expendible available resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, e				
Property taxes 141.953 Special assessments 4.243 Intergovernmental revenues (220.387) County pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the County's report date. Pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the County's report date. Pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the County's report date. Pension/OPEB was and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB is reported in the Statement of Activities. County pension and OPEB contributions 21.623.589 Pension and OPEB expense (4.475.295) Pension and OPEB revenue 254.275 Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Face arount of fong-term debt issued (16.560.000) Lease agreements 21.823.878) Debt service - principal payments 28.190 Leases - principal payments 28.190 Leases - principal payments 28.190 Leases or principal payments 28.190	•			
Special assessments 4.243 Intergovernmental revenues (220,387) County pension/OPEB contributions are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the County's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB is reported in the Statement of Activities. 21,623,589 County pension and OPEB corntrol butions 21,623,589 Pension and OPEB revenue 254,275 Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the repayment treduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Face amount of long-term debt issued Lease agreements (16,560,000) Leases - principal payments 1,585,000 Amortization of bond premium sequendities are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expenditives are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendiable available resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the financial resources are available. Increase in andfill closure and post-closure care costs (428,134) Noter the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenses are reported regardless of when the financial resources are available. Increase in andfill closure and post-closure care costs (428,134) Increase in andfill closure and post-closure care costs 1,150 <			141 052	
Intergovernmental revenues (220.387) (74,191) County pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension/OPEB lisibility is measured a year before the County's report date. Pension/OPEB is indeferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities. 21,623,589 County pension and OPEB contributions 21,623,589 Pension and OPEB expense (4,475,285) Pension and OPEB expense (4,475,285) Pension and OPEB expense (16,560,000) Lease solong-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of net position. (16,560,000) Lease agreements (123,878) (14,758,665) Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. (16,560,000) Lease agreements (123,878) (14,789,665) Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendeable available resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the francial resources are available. (14,789,665)				
when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the County's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB jability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities. County pension and OPEB expense Pension and OPEB revenue 254,275 17,402,569 Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Face amount of long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Face amount of long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Face amount of long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Face amount of long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			,	(74,191)
issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Face amount of long-term debt issued (123,878) Debt service - principal payments 1,585,000 Amortization of bond premium 214,056 Leases - principal payments 66,967 Financed purchases - principal payments 28,190 (14,789,665) Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are reported regardless of when the financial resources are available. Increase in compensated absences (53,966) Decrease in lBNR healthcare claim costs (13,966) Decrease in claims and judgments 91,534 Decrease in claims and judgments 91,534 Decrease in landfill closure and post-closure care costs 1,150 (389,416) Some cash outlays, such as purchases of inventories, are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when purchased. In the statement of activities, however, they are reported as expenses when consumed. Increase in inventories 49,263	when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the County's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities. County pension and OPEB contributions Pension and OPEB expense		(4,475,295)	17,402,569
expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are reported regardless of when the financial resources are available. Increase in IBNR healthcare claim costs Decrease in claims and judgments Decrease in landfill closure and post-closure care costs(428,134) (53,966) 91,534 1,150Some cash outlays, such as purchases of inventories, are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when purchased. In the statement of activities, however, they are reported as expenses when consumed. Increase in inventories(49,263	issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Face amount of long-term debt issued Lease agreements Debt service - principal payments Amortization of bond premium Leases - principal payments		(123,878) 1,585,000 214,056 66,967	(14,789,665)
Some cash outlays, such as purchases of inventories, are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when purchased. In the statement of activities, however, they are reported as expenses when consumed. Increase in inventories	expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are reported regardless of when the financial resources are available. Increase in IBNR healthcare claim costs Increase in compensated absences		(53,966)	
in the governmental funds when purchased. In the statement of activities, however, they are reported as expenses when consumed. Increase in inventories 49,263	Decrease in landfill closure and post-closure care costs		1,150	(389,416)
Increase in inventories 49,263	in the governmental funds when purchased. In the statement of activities, however,			
Change in net position of governmental activities <u>\$ 19,394,915</u>				49,263
	Change in net position of governmental activities			\$ 19,394,915

Navajo County Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2022

				Custodi	ial fun	lds
		ate-purpose		External		
<u>Assets</u>	tr	ust funds	inv	vestment pool		Other
Cash and investments	\$	1,365,404	\$	252,663,185	\$	2,110,401
Property tax receivable for other governments						2,823,685
Interest receivable				662,214		
Total assets	\$	1,365,404	\$	253,325,399	\$	4,934,086
Liabilities						
Property tax payable to other governments					\$	132,795
Total liabilities					\$	132,795
Net Position						
Restricted for:						
Pool participants			\$	253,325,399		
Individuals, organizations, and other			•	, -,		
governments	\$	1,365,404			\$	4,801,291
Total net position	\$	1,365,404	\$	253,325,399	\$	4,801,291

Navajo County Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Custodial funds			nds
	Priv	vate-purpose		External		
	t	rust funds	in۱	estment pool		Other
Additions						
Contributions from pool participants			\$	315,026,524		
Property tax collections for other governments					\$	79,621,494
Fines and fees collections for other governments						1,896,908
Fines and fees collections for victims						1,994,168
Investment earnings	\$	7,513		2,006,213		3,678
Inmate collections						1,460,358
Other		1,460,043				7,230,850
Total additions	\$	1,467,556	\$	317,032,737	\$	92,207,456
<u>Deductions</u>						
Distributions to pool participants			\$	276,477,007		
Property tax distributions to other governments					\$	79,401,518
Fines and fees distributions to other governments						1,896,596
Restitution and reimbursement payments to victims						1,614,518
Payments to inmates						1,455,546
Other	\$	1,513,721				6,973,838
Total deductions	\$	1,513,721	\$	276,477,007	\$	91,342,016
Change in net position	\$	(46,165)	\$	40,555,730	\$	865,440
Net position July 1, 2021	\$	1,411,569	\$	212,769,669	\$	3,935,851
Net position June 30, 2022	\$	1,365,404	\$	253,325,399	\$	4,801,291

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Navajo County's accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the County implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended, which establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. As a result, the County's financial statements have been modified to reflect the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that were previously classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows or outflows of resources based on the contract payment provisions.

A. Reporting Entity

The County is a general purpose local government that a separately elected board of supervisors governs. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the County (the primary government) and its component units.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are so intertwined with the County that they are in substance part of the County's operations. Therefore, data from these units is combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the County. Each blended component unit discussed below has a June 30 year-end and the County has no discretely presented component units.

The following table describes the County's component units:

Component Unit	Description; Criteria for Inclusion	Reporting Method	For Separate Financial Statements
Navajo County Flood Control District	A tax-levying district that provides flood control systems; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors and County management has operational responsibility for the component unit	Blended	Not available

Component Unit	Description; Criteria for Inclusion	Reporting Method	For Separate Financial Statements
Navajo County Jail District	A tax-levying district that provides and maintains the County jail operations; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors and County management has operational responsibility for the component unit.	Blended	Not Available
Navajo County Library District	A tax-levying district that provides and maintains library services for the County's residents; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors and County management has operational responsibility for the component unit.	Blended	Not available
Navajo County Public Health District	A tax-levying district that provides and maintains health services for the County's residents; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors and County management has operational responsibility for the component unit	Blended	Not available
White Mountain Lake Recreation District	A tax-levying district that provides and improves recreational services for the White Mountain Lake Community; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors and County management has operational responsibility for the component unit	Blended	Not available
Navajo County Special Assessment Districts	Legally separate entities that provide improvements to various properties within the County; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors and there is either a financial benefit or burden relationship between the County and the component unit	Blended	Not available

B. Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the County as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

Government-wide statements—Provide information about the primary government (the County) and its component units. The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report the overall government's financial activities, except for fiduciary activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

A statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include:

- charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided;
- operating grants and contributions; and
- capital grants and contributions.

Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including internally dedicated resources and all taxes the County levies or imposes, are reported as general revenues.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. However, charges for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated if the prices approximate their external exchange values.

Fund financial statements—Provide information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements are presented for the governmental and fiduciary fund categories. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Fiduciary funds are aggregated and reported by fund type.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Public Works/HURF Fund* is used to account for road construction and maintenance of major and nonmajor regional roads, and is funded by highway user revenues and vehicle license taxes.

The *Jail District Fund* is used to account for all financial resources of the Jail District and is funded by excise taxes, maintenance of effort payments from the County's General Fund, and federal reimbursements.

The American Rescue Plan Act Fund is used to account for monies allocated to the county for the support of urgent COVID-19 response efforts, to replace lost revenue and support for vital public services, and to address public health and economic challenges caused by the pandemic. It is funded by the U.S. Department of the Treasury's Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds.

The County also reports the following fund types:

The fiduciary funds consist of investment trust funds, which account for individual investment accounts that the County Treasurer holds in trust and invests on behalf of other governmental entities; private-purpose trust funds, which account for assets the County's Public Fiduciary holds in trust for the benefit of various parties; and custodial funds, which account for other fiduciary activities, including the pooled assets the County Treasurer holds and invests on behalf of other governmental entities that are not held in trust and the County Treasurer's receipt and distribution of taxes for other governmental entities.

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements the provider imposed have been met.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of grants and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. The County applies grant resources to such programs before using general revenues.

Governmental funds in the fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. The County considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year-end. The County's major revenue sources that are susceptible to accrual are property taxes, special assessments, intergovernmental, charges for services, and investment earnings. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and landfill closure and postclosure care costs, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they are due and payable. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of general long-term debt and acquisitions under lease contracts are reported as other financing sources.

D. Cash and Investments

All investments are stated at fair value.

E. Inventories

Inventories in the government-wide financial statements are recorded as assets when purchased and expensed when consumed. These inventories are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out method.

The County accounts for its inventories in the governmental funds using the purchase method. Inventories of the governmental funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. Amounts on hand at year-end are shown on the balance sheet as an asset for informational purposes only and as nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they do not constitute "available spendable resources." These inventories are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out method.

F. Property Tax Calendar

The County levies real and personal property taxes on or before the third Monday in August that become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May.

A lien assessed against real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost or estimated historical cost if historical records are not available. Donated assets are valued at their acquisition value.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation/amortization methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold	Depreciation/Amortization Method	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 10,000	N/A	N/A
Buildings and improvements	10,000	Straight-line	15-40 years
Machinery and equipment	5,000	Straight-line	3-15 years
Infrastructure Intangible:	10,000	Straight-line	35 years
Right-to-use lease assets	10,000	Straight-line	Varies

Intangible right-to-use lease assets are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

H. Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) assets and liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the plans' fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

I. Fund Balance Classifications

The governmental funds' fund balances are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on those resources' use. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, such as inventories, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balances are those that have externally imposed restrictions on their usage by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations.

The unrestricted fund balance category is composed of committed, assigned, and unassigned resources. Committed fund balances are self-imposed limitations that the County's Board of Supervisors approved, which is the highest level of decision-making authority within the County. Only the Board can remove or change the constraints placed on committed fund balances.

Assigned fund balances are resources constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Supervisors has authorized the County's manager to assign resources for a specific purpose.

The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not reported in the other classifications. Also, deficits in fund balances of the other governmental funds are reported as unassigned. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than the General Fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

When an expenditure is incurred that can be paid from either restricted or unrestricted fund balances, the County will use restricted fund balance first. The County will use committed amounts first when disbursing unrestricted fund balances, followed by assigned amounts, and lastly unassigned amounts.

J. Investment Earnings

Investment earnings is composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

K. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences payable consists of vacation leave and a calculated amount of sick leave employees earned based on services already rendered.

Employees may accumulate up to 280 hours of vacation depending on years of service, but they forfeit any unused vacation hours in excess of the maximum amount at calendar year-end. Upon terminating employment, the County pays all unused and unforfeited vacation benefits up to a maximum of 280 hours. Upon retirement, the County pays up to a maximum of 280 hours plus 75 percent of vacation hours earned in the employee's final year of employment. Accordingly, vacation benefits are accrued as a liability in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds' financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements by fiscal year-end.

Employees may accumulate an unlimited number of sick leave hours. Generally, sick leave benefits provide for ordinary sick pay and are cumulative but employees forfeit them upon terminating employment. However, upon retirement or death, employees who have accumulated at least 500 hours of sick leave and at least 5 continuous service years receive some benefit payments. Benefit payments vary based on the number of continuous service years but cannot exceed \$5,000. Accordingly, sick leave benefits do vest and, therefore, are accrued as a liability in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds' financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee retirements and deaths by fiscal year-end.

L. Leases

As lessee, the county recognizes lease liabilities with an initial value of \$10,000 or more. The County uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate to measure lease liabilities unless it can readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease. The County's estimated incremental borrowing rate is based on the all-in true interest cost associated with the County's most recent pledged revenue obligation issuance.

As lessor, the County recognizes lease receivables with an initial, individual value of \$10,000 or more. If there is no stated rate in the lease contract (or if the stated rate is not the rate the County charges the lessee) and the implicit rate cannot be determined, the County uses its own estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate to measure lease receivables. The County's estimated incremental borrowing rate is calculated as described above.

M. Miscellaneous Disclosures

Pursuant to A.R.S. §35-391(B), the County shall disclose in its annual financial report the amount of any reward, discount, incentive, or other financial consideration received by the governmental entity resulting from credit card payments. The County received \$49,936 in credit card rebates during fiscal year 2022.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Deficit fund balance—At June 30, 2022, the following nonmajor fund reported a deficit in fund balance:

Governmental fund Special Revenue – Workforce Innovation & Opportunity Act, \$81,976.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize the County to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's investment pool; obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or any of the senior debt of its agencies, sponsored agencies, corporations, sponsored corporations, or instrumentalities; specified state and local government bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness; interest-earning investments such as savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; specified states; specified bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness; and certain open-end and closed-end mutual funds, including exchange traded funds. In addition, the County Treasurer may invest trust funds in certain fixed income securities of corporations doing business in the United States or District of Columbia.

Credit risk

Statutes have the following requirements for credit risk:

- 1. Commercial paper must be of prime quality and be rated within the top two ratings by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 2. Specified bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars must be rated "A" or better at the time of purchase by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.
- 3. Fixed income securities must carry one of the two highest ratings by Moody's investors service and Standard and Poor's rating service. If only one of the these services rates the security, it must carry the highest rating of that service.

Custodial credit risk

Statutes require collateral for deposits at 102 percent of all deposits federal depository insurance does not cover.

Concentration of credit risk

Statutes do not include any requirements for concentration of credit risk.

Interest rate risk

Statutes require that public monies invested in securities and deposits have a maximum maturity of 5 years. The maximum maturity for investments in repurchase agreements is 180 days.

Foreign currency risk

Statutes do not allow foreign investments unless the investment is denominated in United States dollars.

Deposits—At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$17,956,680, and the bank balance was \$20,564,931. The County's formal policy is to follow collateralization requirements set forth in A.R.S. §35-323 as described above. At June 30, 2021, \$1,763,014 of the County's bank balance was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investments—The County had total investments of \$344,037,331 at June 30, 2022. The County's investments categorized within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles, were as follows:

			Fair value surement using
	Amount		uoted prices in active markets for entical assets (Level 1)
Investments by fair value level			· · ·
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 33,545,812	\$	33,545,812
U.S. agency securities	120,623,201		120,623,201
Corporate notes	82,161,970		82,161,970
Government money market mutual funds	 107,706,348		107,706,348
	\$ 344,037,331	\$	344,037,331

Investments categorized as Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those investments.

Credit risk—The County's formal policy is to limit its portfolio to investments with the top rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. As of June 30, 2022, credit risk for the County's investments was as follows:

Investment Type	Rating	Rating Agency	Amount
U.S. agency securities	Aaa	Moody's	\$ 120,623,201
Corporate notes	Aa1	Moody's	10,000,000
Corporate notes	Aa2	Moody's	29,951,290
Corporate notes	A1	Moody's	10,000,000
Corporate notes	A2	Moody's	28,182,077
Corporate notes	A3	Moody's	4,028,603
Government money market mutual funds	Unrated	Not Applicable	107,706,348
Total			\$ 310,491,519

Custodial credit risk—For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the counterparty's failure, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the outside party's possession. The County's formal policy stipulates that securities that are held in a custody or safekeeping account must be held under the name of Navajo County or Navajo County Treasurer. At June 30, 2022, the County did not have investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of credit risk—The County's formal policy stipulates that the County will diversify the investment portfolio by limiting investments to avoid over-concentration in securities from a specific issuer, excluding obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or any of the senior debt of its agencies or sponsored agencies. The County had investments at June 30, 2022, of 5 percent or more in Federal Home Loan Banks. These investments comprised 29.35 percent of the County's total investments.

Interest rate risk—The County's formal policy is to purchase a combination of short-, medium-, and long-term investments such that maturities occur evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow needed for operations. At June 30, 2022, the County had the following investments in debt securities:

Investment Type	Amount	Weighted Average Maturity (In Years)
U.S. agency securities	\$ 120,623,201	2.283
U.S. Treasury securities	33,545,812	1.158
Corporate notes	82,161,970	1.999
Government money market mutual funds	107,706,348	0.082
	\$ 344,037,331	

At June 30, 2022, \$43,979,893 of investments were in corporate notes floating rate securities and considered to be highly sensitive to interest rate changes. The total amount is non-callable. The coupon rate is tied to the Intercontinental Exchange plus a fixed basis point amount which resets quarterly. The issuer can call the security on a specified date, or if the security is not called, the interest rate is reset at a specified amount. Prevailing interest rates may increase faster than the increase in the coupon interest rate.

A reconciliation of cash, deposits, and investments to amounts shown on the Statement of Net Position follows:

Cash, deposits, and investments:

Cash, deposits, and investments	
Cash on hand	\$ 9,744
Amount of deposits	17,956,680
Amount of investments	344,037,331
Total	\$ 362,003,755

				Custodi	al fu	nds	
	G	overnmental Activities	/ate-Purpose rust Funds	 External Investment Pool		Other	Total
Statement of Net Position Cash and investments Cash and investments	\$	103,851,751	\$ 1,365,404	\$ 252,663,185	\$	2,110,401	\$ 359,990,741
held by trustee Total	\$	2,013,014 105,864,765	\$ 1,365,404	\$ 252,663,185	\$	2,110,401	\$ 2,013,014 362,003,755

Note 4 - Due From Other Governments

Amounts due from other governments at June 30, 2022, are shown as follows:

	 General Fund	н	Public Works/ IURF Fund	J	ail District Fund	Go	Other overnmenta I Funds	Total
State-shared sales tax County sales tax State-shared vehicle license tax Highway user revenue Grants and contributions from local, state	\$ 2,608,119 1,629,264 123,048	\$	136,573 1,068,124	\$	1,067,758			\$ 2,608,119 2,697,022 259,621 1,068,124
and federal governments Reimbursements for services provided for	520,699		60,208			\$	1,763,224	2,344,131
governmental units	 492,330		7,464		7,294		204,541	 711,629
	\$ 5,373,460	\$	1,272,369	\$	1,075,052	\$	1,967,765	\$ 9,688,646

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance uly 1, 2021 restated)*	Increases	D	ecreases	Jı	Balance une 30, 2022
Governmental Activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized:						
Land	\$ 5,721,386				\$	5,721,386
Construction in progress	 176,439	\$ 128,777				305,216
Total capital assets not being						
depreciated/amortized	 5,897,825	 128,777				6,026,602
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:						
Buildings and improvements	50,801,296	533,241				51,334,537
Infrastructure	77,727,474	,				77,727,474
Machinery and equipment	39,581,077	1,713,813		865,261		40,429,629
Intangibles:				·		
Right-to-use lease assets:						
Buildings and improvements	689,471	809,794				1,499,265
Machinery and equipment	 9,825	 37,808			_	47,633
Total	 168,809,143	 3,094,656		865,261		171,038,538
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:						
Buildings and improvements	26,726,715	1,356,816				28,083,531
Infrastructure	53,138,388	2,072,505				55,210,893
Machinery and equipment	31,564,442	2,198,124		833,066		32,929,500
Intangibles:	0.,00.,=	_,,		000,000		01,010,000
Right-to-use lease assets:						
Buildings and improvements		103,932				103,932
Machinery and equipment		5,955				5,955
Total	 111,429,545	 5,737,332		833,066		116,333,811
Total conital access being depresisted/						
Total capital assets being depreciated/ amortized, net	57 370 509	(2 642 676)		32,195		54 704 727
	 57,379,598	 (2,642,676)		52,195		54,704,727
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized:	\$ 63,277,423	\$ (2,513,899)	\$	32,195	\$	60,731,329

* Due to the implementation of *GASB Statement No.* 87 for leases, the County's beginning leased asset balance was restated from fiscal year 2021. There was no impact to net position.

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 799,880
Public safety	1,342,152
Highways and streets	3,274,450
Health and welfare	175,820
Culture and recreation	15,358
Education and economic opportunity	 129,672
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 5,737,332

Note 6 - Long-Term Liabilities

The following schedule details the County's long-term liability and obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Governmental activities	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2022	Due within 1 year
Pledged revenue obligations payable Unamortized premium	\$ 9,535,000 1,575,867	\$ 16,560,000	\$ 1,250,000 214.056	\$ 24,845,000 1.361.811	\$ 1,585,000 253,663
Leases payable *	699,296	121,977	64,882	756,391	78,771
Financed purchases	31,196		28,190	3,006	3,006
Other payables	2,873	1,901	2,085	2,689	2,217
Net OPEB liabilities	206,356	7,070	139,583	73,843	
Net pension liabilities	66,005,499		10,015,081	55,990,418	
Landfill closure and post-closure					
care costs payable	241,051		1,150	239,901	1,150
Compensated absences payable	2,160,272	1,593,692	1,539,726	2,214,238	1,728,499
Incurred but not reported					
healthcare claims payable	1,229,937	6,637,187	6,209,053	1,658,071	1,630,649
Claims and judgments payable	320,844	54,000	145,534	229,310	104,014
Total	\$ 82,008,191	\$ 24,975,827	\$ 19,609,340	\$ 87,374,678	\$ 5,386,969

* Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 for leases, the County's beginning liability balance was restated from fiscal year 2021. There was no impact to net position.

Pledged Revenue Refunding Obligations, Non-taxable, Series 2021— On March 25, 2021, the County issued \$9,535,000 in pledged revenue refunding obligations, Series 2021, with a premium of \$1,575,867. The net proceeds of \$10,880,265 (after payment of underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were deposited as follows: \$7,445,092 for principal and interest to the Series 2012 Trustee for deposit to the Payment Fund established pursuant to the 2012 Trust Agreement for defeasance of the Series 2012 A&B obligations (remaining \$7,560,000 paid off on April 9, 2021); and \$3,435,173 for principal and interest to the Series 2013 Trustee for deposit to the Payment Fund established pursuant to the 2013 Trust Agreement for defeasance of the Series 2013 obligations (remaining \$3,415,000 paid off on April 9, 2021). The Series 2021 obligations, which are not subject to prepayment prior to their stated payment dates, have interest rates ranging from 3% to 5%, payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1 of each year through 2032. The issuance of the refunding bonds resulted in a \$769,435 reduction in future debt service payments with an economic gain of \$726,208 based upon the present value savings.

Pledged Revenue Obligations, Taxable, Series 2021— On October 26, 2021, the County issued \$16,560,000 in pledged revenue pension obligations, taxable series 2021 with interest rates ranging from 0.357% to 3.041% and maturing from July 1, 2022 to July 1, 2038. The proceeds were used to help fund the County's unfunded pension liabilities associated with Tier 1 and Tier 2 participants in the PSPRS Sheriff and CORP-Detention plans (as described in Note 9) and to pay any related issuance costs incurred.

Pledged revenue refunding obligations outstanding at June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Description	Original Amount Issued	Maturity Ranges	Interest Rates	Outstanding Principal
Pledged Revenue Refunding Obligations, Non-taxable, Series 2021 Pledged Revenue Pension Obligations,	\$ 9,535,000	2021-2032	3.0-5.0% \$	8,285,000
Taxable, Series 2021	\$ 16,560,000	2022-2039	.357-3.041% \$	5 16,560,000 5 24,845,000

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the County's pledged revenue obligations payable at June 30, 2022:

Governmental Activities						
	Principal		Interest			
\$	1,585,000	\$	769,074			
	2,065,000		656,363			
	1,550,000		613,579			
	1,585,000		577,592			
	1,610,000		534,675			
	8,720,000		1,859,105			
	5,365,000		745,268			
	2,365,000		72,452			
\$	24,845,000	\$	5,828,108			
	•	Principal \$ 1,585,000 2,065,000 1,550,000 1,550,000 1,585,000 1,610,000 8,720,000 5,365,000 2,365,000	Principal \$ 1,585,000 \$ 2,065,000 1,550,000 1,555,000 1,585,000 1,610,000 8,720,000 5,365,000 2,365,000			

The County has pledged a portion of its general county and state sales tax revenues toward the payment of debt related to revenue obligations outstanding at June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2022 future pledged revenues through final maturity at July 1, 2038 totaled \$30,673,108, consisting of \$24,845,000 for principal and \$5,828,108 for interest. State shared revenues have averaged \$14.0 million per year over the last 5 years, whereas excise tax revenues have averaged \$8.0 million per year over the last 5 years. For the current year, state shared sales and excise tax revenues recognized by the County were \$15.8 million and \$9.1 million, respectively. In the current year, the principal and interest payments were \$1,250,000 and \$299,570, respectively.

Compensated absences—Compensated absences are paid from various funds in the same proportion that those funds pay payroll costs. During fiscal year 2022, the County paid for compensated absences as follows: 56.6 percent from the General Fund, 11.5 percent from the Public Works/HURF Fund, 9.0 percent from the Jail District Fund, 0.3 percent from the American Rescue Plan Act Fund, and 22.6 percent from the Other Governmental Funds.

Incurred but not reported healthcare claims payable—On July 1, 2014, Navajo County implemented a self-insured health benefits program as described in Note 7. The liability for medical, dental and pharmacy claims is based on the fiscal year 2021 actuarial report. Changes in incurred but not reported (IBNR) healthcare claims payable for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2022 were as follows:

		2021		2022						
IBNR healthcare claims payable beginning of year	\$	1,114,514	\$	1,229,937						
Current-year claims and changes in estimates		3,749,453		6,637,187						
Claim payments		3,634,030		6,209,053						
IBNR healthcare claims payable, end of year	\$	1,229,937	\$	1,658,071						

Line of Credit—At June 30, 2022, the County had an unused line of credit in the amount of \$5,000,000.

Leases—The County entered into certain leases that convey the control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. These are generally for real property or equipment. The following schedule details minimum payments to maturity:

	Governmental Activities						
	 Principal		Interest				
Year ending June 30							
2023	\$ 78,771	\$	6,876				
2024	60,280		7,814				
2025	50,538		8,759				
2026	48,055		9,991				
2027	36,253		9,348				
2028-2032	154,925		60,617				
2033-2037	157,824		94,487				
2038-2042	157,237		131,689				
2043	 12,508		12,358				
Total	\$ 756,391	\$	341,939				

Note 7 - Risk Management

Public entity risk pools—The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. For these risks of loss, the County joined and is covered by two public entity risk pools: the Arizona Counties Property and Casualty Pool and the Arizona Counties Workers' Compensation Pool, which are described below.

The Arizona Counties Property and Casualty Pool is a public entity risk pool currently composed of 13 member counties. The pool provides member counties catastrophic loss coverage for risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; cyber security; and natural disasters; and provides risk management services. Such coverage includes all defense costs as well as the amount of any judgment or settlement. The County is responsible for paying a premium based on its exposure in relation to the exposure of the other participants and a deductible of \$10,000 per occurrence for property claims and \$50,000 per occurrence for liability claims. The County is also responsible for any payments in excess of the maximum coverage of \$300 million per occurrence for property claims and \$15 million per occurrence for liability claims. However, lower limits apply to certain categories of losses. A county must participate in the pool at least 3 years after becoming a member; however, it may withdraw after the initial 3- year period.

The Arizona Counties Workers' Compensation Pool is a public entity risk pool currently composed of 13 member counties. The pool provides member counties with workers' compensation coverage, as law requires, and risk management services. The County is responsible for paying a premium based on an experience-rating formula that allocates pool expenditures and liabilities among the members.

The Arizona Counties Property and Casualty Pool and the Arizona Counties Workers' Compensation Pool receive independent audits annually and an audit by the Arizona Department of Insurance every 5 years. Both pools accrue liabilities for losses that have been incurred but not reported. These liabilities are determined annually based on an independent actuarial valuation. If a pool were to become insolvent, the County would be assessed an additional contribution.

Self-insured employee benefits program—On July 1, 2014, Navajo County implemented a self-insured health benefits program and currently offers two medical plan options. The uninsured risk of loss per individual is \$175,000 per plan year. Under the program, the County contracts directly with healthcare providers to deliver healthcare services to its eligible employees and their dependents. The County pays for the services using premiums it receives from employees and county contributions. Health benefits program expenditures are recorded in the General Fund and employee premiums and county contributions are recorded in the applicable governmental funds through payroll deductions and transferred to the General Fund. However, the county contributions are considered as internal activities, and therefore, are eliminated at the government-wide level of the financial statements. The liability for incurred but not reported healthcare claims payable at June 30, 2022, is actuarial valued and disclosed in Note 6.

Note 8 - Fund Balance Classifications of the Governmental Funds

The fund balance classifications of the governmental funds as of June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	General Fund	Ρι	ublic Works/ HURF Fund		Jail District Fund	R	American escue Plan Act Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total
Fund balances										
Nonspendable:										
Inventories		\$	448,917							\$ 448,917
Prepaid items			3,410					\$	2,274	 5,684
Total nonspendable			452,327						2,274	 454,601
Restricted for:										
Highways and streets			11,231,972						744,043	11,976,015
Flood control projects			11,201,072						8,562,404	8,562,404
Health									3,864,919	3,864,919
Judicial activities	\$ 9,000								5,288,002	5,297,002
Law enforcement	φ 9,000			\$	4,707,188				1,483,020	6,190,208
Education				ψ	4,707,100				1,450,404	1,450,404
Environmental and									1,430,404	1,430,404
conservation									824,937	824,937
Social services									43,396	43,396
Library									234,784	234,784
Public safety									574,871	574,871
Recreation									217,460	217,460
Special Districts									119,170	119,170
Road projects									360,341	360,341
Capital projects									486,274	486,274
Health insurance trust	9,459,728									9,459,728
Other purposes									16,394	16,394
Total restricted	9,468,728		11,231,972		4,707,188				24,270,419	 49,678,307
Assigned to: Health insurance										
reserve Economic stabilization	2,610,719									2,610,719
and development	10,721									10,721
Law enforcement	341,650									341,650
Education									298,638	298,638
Other capital projects	648,779								589,348	1,238,127
Other purposes	548,654									548,654
Total assigned	4,160,523						-		887,986	 5,048,509
Committed to:										
Other purposes							8,853,216			8,853,216
Total committed							8,853,216			 8,853,216
							0,000,210	·		 0,000,210
Unassigned (Deficit)	35,050,462								(3,444,335)	31,606,127
Total fund balances	\$ 48,679,713	\$	11,684,299	\$	4,707,188	\$	8,853,216	\$	21,716,344	\$ 95,640,760

Note 9 - Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits

The County contributes to the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS), the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) consisting of Navajo County Sheriffs and Navajo County Attorney Investigators, the Public Safety Personnel Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (PSPDCRP), the Corrections Officer Retirement Plan (CORP), the Corrections Officer Retirement Plan (CORP), the Elected Officials Retirement Plan (EORP), and the Elected Officials Defined Contribution Retirement System (EODCRS), all component units of the State of Arizona.

At June 30, 2022, the County reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for all plans to which it contributes:

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities	 overnmental Activities
Net OPEB asset	\$ 2,364,073
Net OPEB liability	73,843
Net pension asset	93,999
Net pension liability	55,990,418
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	185,398
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	28,460,676
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	1,225,484
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	11,672,179
OPEB revenue	254,275
Pension expense	4,475,295

The County's accrued payroll and employee benefits includes \$117,219 of outstanding pension and OPEB contribution amounts payable to all plans for the year ended June 30, 2022. Also, the County reported \$21,527,169 of pension contributions and \$96,420 of OPEB contributions as expenditures in the governmental funds related to all plans to which it contributes. The County's contributions were in excess of the actuarially determined contribution for pensions due to the financing of PSPRS Sheriff and CORP plans with pledged revenue debt (see Note 6).

The ASRS, PSPRS Sheriff, PSPRS Attorney Investigators, CORP, CORP AOC and EORP pension plans are described below. The PSPDCRP, EODCRS pension plans, and all OPEB plans are not described due to their relative insignificance to the County's financial statements.

A. Arizona State Retirement System

Plan description—County employees not covered by the other pension plans described below participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 2. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its website at <u>www.azasrs.gov</u>.

Benefits provided—The ASRS provides retirement and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

ASRS	Retirement Initial membership date:				
	Before July 1, 2011	On or after July 1, 2011			
Years of service and age required to receive benefit	Sum of years and age equals 80 10 years, age 62 5 years, age 50* any years, age 65	30 years, age 55 25 years, age 60 10 years, age 62 5 years, age 50* any years, age 65			
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 120 months	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 120 months			
Benefit percent per year of service *With actuarially reduced	2.1% to 2.3% d benefits.	2.1% to 2.3%			

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earnings. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost- of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the retirement benefit option chosen determines the survivor benefit. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Contributions—In accordance with State statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2022, statute required active ASRS members to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.22 percent for retirement of the members' annual covered payroll, and statute required the County to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.01 percent for retirement of the actuarially determined rate of 10.13 percent for retirement of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the County in positions that an employee who contributes to the ASRS would typically fill. The County's contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, were \$2,601,822.

During fiscal year 2022, the County paid for ASRS pension contributions as follows: 57 percent from the General Fund, 16 percent from the Public Works/HURF Fund, 3 percent from the Jail District Fund and 24 percent from other governmental funds.

Pension liability—At June 30, 2022, the County reported a net pension liability of \$24,335,772 for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total pension liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. The total liabilities as of June 30, 2021, reflect changes in actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2020, including decreasing the discount rate from 7.5 percent to 7.0 percent and changing the projected salary increases from 2.7-7.2 percent to 2.9-8.4 percent.

The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021. The County's proportion measured as of June 30, 2021, was 0.18521 percent, which was a increase of 0.01378 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

Pension expense and deferred outflows/inflows of resources—For the year ended June 30, 2022, the County recognized pension expense for ASRS of \$1,963,856. At June 30, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

ASRS	0	Deferred utflows of Resources	I	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	370,976		
Changes of assumptions or other imputs		3,167,495		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments			\$	7,710,428
Changes in proportion and differences between county				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,402,299		164,561
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,601,822		
Total	\$	7,542,592	\$	7,874,989

The \$2,601,822 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ASRS pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30	
2023	\$ 673,377
2024	749,230
2025	(1,699,754)
2026	(2,657,072)

Actuarial Assumptions—The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

ASRS	
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.0%
Projected salary increases	2.9-8.4%
Inflation	2.3%
Permanent benefit increase	Included
Mortality rates	2017 SRA Scale U-MP

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS pension plan investments was determined to be 7.0 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

ASRS Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Equity	50%	4.90%
Fixed income - credit	20%	5.20%
Fixed income - interest rate sensitive	10%	0.70%
Real estate	20%	5.70%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate—At June 30, 2021, the discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension liability was 7.0 percent, which was a decrease of 0.5 from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the ASRS net pension liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.0 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

ASRS	Current				
	1% Decrease (6.0%)	Discount Rate (7.0%)	1% Increase (8.0%)		
County's proportionate share of					
the net pension liability	\$ 38,278,130	\$ 24,335,772	\$ 12,711,702		

Pension plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

B. Public Safety Personnel Retirement System and Corrections Officer Retirement Plan

Plan descriptions—County sheriff employees and county attorney investigators who are regularly assigned hazardous duty participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS). The PSPRS administers agent and cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans. A nine-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4. Employees who were PSPRS members before July 1, 2017, participate in the agent plan, and those who became PSPRS members on or after July 1, 2017, participate in the cost-sharing plan (Tier 3 Risk Pool) which is not further disclosed because of its relative insignificance to the County's financial statements.

County detention officers and Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) probation, surveillance, and juvenile detention officers participate in the Corrections Officer Retirement Plan (CORP). The CORP administers an agent multiple- employer defined benefit pension plan for county detention officers (agent plan), which was closed to new members as of July 1, 2018, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for AOC officers (cost-sharing plan). Employees who were CORP members before July 1, 2018, participate in CORP, and AOC probation and surveillance officers who became members on or after July 1, 2018, participate in CORP. The PSPRS Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern CORP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 6.

The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for PSPRS and CORP plans. The report is available on the PSPRS website at <u>www.psprs.com</u>.

Benefits provided—The PSPRS and CORP provide retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

PSPRS	Initial membership date: On or after January 1, 2012			
	Before January 1, 2012	and before July 1, 2017		
Retirement and Disability Years of service and age required to receive benefit	20 years of service, any age 15 years of service, age 62	25 years of service or 15 years of credit service, age 52.5		
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 20 years		
Benefit percent				
Normal Retirement	50% less 2.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years OR plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited service over 20 years, not to exceed 80%	1.5% to 2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%		
Accidental disability retirement	50% or normal retirement, whichever is greater			
Catastrophic disability retirement	90% for the first 60 months then reduced to either 62.5% or normal retirement, whichever is greater			
Ordinary disability retirement	Normal retirement calculated with actual years of credited service or 20 years of credited service, whichever is greater, multiplied by years of credited service (not to exceed 20 years) divided by 20			
Survivor benefit				
Retired Members	80% to 100% of retired me	ember's pension benefit		
Active Members	80% to 100% of accidental disability retirement benefit or 100% of average monthly compensation if death was the result of injuries received on the job			

CORP	I	nitial membership date	
	Before January 1, 2012	On or after January 1, 2012 and before July 1, 2018	AOC probation and surveillance officers: On or after July 1, 2018
Retirement and Disability Years of service and age required to receive benefit	Sum of years and age equals 80 20 years, any age 10 years, age 62	25 years, age 52.5 10 years, age 62	10 years, age 52.5* 10 or more years, age 55
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 10 years	-	tive months of last 10 ars
Benefit percent			
Normal retirement	2.0% to 2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%	2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%	1.25% to 2.25% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%
Accidental disability retirement	50% or normal retirement if more than 20 years of credited service		ement if more than 25 dited service
Total and permanent disability retirement	50% or normal re	etirement if more than 25 service	years of credited
Ordinary disability retirement	2.5%	% per year of credited se	rvice
Survivor benefit			
Retired members	80% of	retired member's pension	n benefit
Active members	compensation if death there is no surviving spo		received on the job. If the beneficiary is entitled
*With actuarially red		nes the member's contrib	DULIONS.
Retirement and surv	ivor benefits are subie	ct to automatic cost-of	f-living adjustments bas

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on inflation. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

Employees covered by benefit terms—At June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the agent pension plans' benefit terms:

	PSPRS Sheriff	PSPRS Attorney Investigators	CORP
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	34	1	12
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	17		44
Active employees	26		21
Total	77	1	77

Contributions—State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS and CORP employees. In accordance with State statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS and CORP pension benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions rates for the year ended June 30, 2022, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

	Active member—pension	County—pension
PSPRS Sheriff	7.65 – 11.65%	57.24%
CORP	8.41	15.19
CORP AOC	8.41 or 10.18	35.48 or 36.30

In addition, statute required the County to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 46.38% of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the County in positions that an employee who contributes to the PSPRS would typically fill.

The County was required to contribute \$73,408 for the PSPRS Attorney Investigators pension plan based on the estimated actuarially required contribution for an inactive member.

The County's contributions to the pension plans for the year ended June 30, 2022, were:

PSPRS Sheriff	\$ 877,285
CORP	177,357
CORP AOC	592,247

During fiscal year 2022, the County paid for PSPRS and CORP pension contributions as follows: 64 percent from the General Fund, 10 percent from the Jail District Fund and 26 percent from the other governmental funds.

Additionally, the County issued pledged revenue obligations to help fund the unfunded portion of the PSPRS and CORP pension obligations as follows:

PSPRS Sheriff	\$ 14,119,432
CORP	2,065,488

These amounts were also contributed to the plans during the fiscal year. See also Note 6 for more information.

Pension liability—At June 30, 2022, the County reported the following net pension liabilities:

	Net Pension		
		Liability	
PSPRS Sheriff	\$	11,791,380	
PSPRS Attorney Investigators		462,608	
CORP		1,132,664	
CORP AOC (County's proportionate share)		4,585,636	

The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total liability used to calculate the net liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Pension actuarial assumptions—The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

PSPRS and CORP—Pension

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.3%
Wage inflation	3.5%
Price inflation	2.5%
Cost-of-living adjustment	1.75%
Mortality rates	PubS-2010 tables

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS and CORP pension plan investments was determined to be 7.3 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

PSPRS and CORP Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. public equity	24%	4.08%
International public equity	16%	5.20%
Global private equity	20%	7.67%
Other assets (capital appreciation)	7%	5.43%
Core bonds	2%	0.42%
Private credit	20%	5.74%
Diversifying strategies	10%	3.99%
Cash - Mellon	1%	-0.31%
Total	100%	

Pension discount rate—At June 30, 2021, the discount rate used to measure the PSPRS and CORP total pension liabilities was 7.3 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

PSPRS Sheriff

PSPRS Sheriff	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary et Position (b)	N	let Pension Liability (a) – (b)
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	20,085,725	\$	6,600,400	\$	13,485,325
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		302,169				302,169
Interest on the total pension liability		1,437,966				1,437,966
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the						
pension liability		26,778				26,778
Changes of assumptions or other inputs						
Contributions—employer				1,454,668		(1,454,668)
Contributions—employee				155,529		(155,529)
Net investment income				1,859,271		(1,859,271)
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(1,379,462)		(1,379,462)		
Administrative expense		. ,		(8,610)		8,610
Net changes		387,451		2,081,396		(1,693,945)
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	20,473,176	\$	8,681,796	\$	11,791,380

PSPRS Attorney Investigators	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary et Position (b)	-	let Pension .iability (a) – (b)
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	591,118	\$	71,873	\$	519,245
Changes for the year: Interest on the total pension liability Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the		41,752				41,752
pension liability		794				794
Contributions - employer				73,408		(73,408)
Net investment income				25,904		(25,904)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(38,338)		(38,338)		
Administrative expense				(129)		129
Net changes		4,208		60,845		(56,637)
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	595,326	\$	132,718	\$	462,608

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CORP	Increase (Decrease)							
		Total		Plan				
		Pension Liability		Fiduciary Net Position	Ν	et Position Liability		
		(a)		(b)		(a) – (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	5,864,876	\$	3,900,918	\$	1,963,958		
Changes for the year:								
Service cost		141,175				141,175		
Interest on the total pension liability		427,194				427,194		
Differences between expected and actual								
experience in the measurement of the								
pension liability		(41,095)				(41,095)		
Changes of assumptions or other inputs								
Contributions—employer				223,776		(223,776)		
Contributions—employee				80,074		(80,074)		
Net investment income				1,059,634		(1,059,634)		
Benefit payments, including refunds of						. ,		
employee contributions		(308,165)		(308,165)				
Administrative expense				(4,916)		4,916		
Net changes		219,109		1,050,403		(831,294)		
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	6,083,985	\$	4,951,321	\$	1,132,664		

The County's proportion of the CORP AOC net pension liability was based on the County's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating counties' actual contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021. The County's proportion measured as of June 30, 2021, was 1.2353 percent, which was an increase of 0.0929 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the County's net pension liability to changes in the discount rate—The

following table presents the County's net pension liabilities calculated using the discount rate of 7.3 percent, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.3 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.3 percent) than the current rate:

PSPRS Sheriff	1	% Decrease (6.3)%	I	Current Discount Rate (7.3)%	1% Increase (8.3)%
Net pension liability PSPRS Attorney Investigators	\$	14,454,984	\$	11,791,380	\$ 9,622,373
Net pension liability		536,838		462,608	401,420
Net pension liability CORP AOC		1,999,145		1,132,664	434,227
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability		6,205,282		4,585,636	3,258,825

Pension plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS and CORP financial reports.

Pension expense—For the year ended June 30, 2022, the County recognized the following pension expense:

		Pension Ise/(Income)
PSPRS Sheriff	\$	1.063.526
PSPRS Attorney Investigators	φ	, ,
, .		(40,772)
CORP		144,019
CORP AOC (County's proportionate share)		175,642

Pension deferred outflows/inflows of resources—At June 30, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

PSPRS Sheriff		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	450,255 220,687	\$	192,431 807,291
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	¢	<u>14,996,717</u> 15,667,659	\$	999,722
iolai	φ	13,007,039	φ	399,122

PSPRS Attorney Investigators	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		11.821
Total	\$ -	\$ 11,821

CORP	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$	48,166	\$	81,342
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		39,585		
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on pension plan investments				485,696
County contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		2,242,845		
Total	\$	2,330,596	\$	567,038

CORP AOC	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Net difference between projected and	\$ 437,660 94,047	\$ 134,458
actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share		740,304
of contributions County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	372,384 592,247	395,093
Total	\$ 1,496,338	\$ 1,269,855

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	PSPRS Sheriff	PSPRS Attorney Investigators	CORP	CORP AOC
Year ending June 30				
2023	\$ (37,235) \$	(2,571) \$	(82,992) \$	(236,267)
2024	(26,354)	(2,469)	(120,207)	89,877
2025	8,676	(2,905)	(121,047)	(28,546)
2026	(273,867)	(3,876)	(155,041)	(190,828)

C. Elected Officials Retirement Plan

Plan description—Elected officials and judges participate in the Elected Officials Retirement Plan (EORP) or ASRS. EORP administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for elected officials and judges who were members of the plan on December 31, 2013. The EORP pension plan was closed to new members as of January 1, 2014. The PSPRS Board of Trustees governs the EORP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 3. The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the EORP plans. The report is available on PSPRS's website at <u>www.psprs.com</u>.

Benefits provided—The EORP provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average yearly compensation, and service credit as follows:

EORP	Initial membership date: Before January 1, 2012	On or after January 1, 2012
Retirement and Disability	Belore January 1, 2012	On of aller January 1, 2012
Years of service and age required to receive benefit	20 years, any age 10 years, age 62 5 years, age 65 5 years, any age* any years and age if disabled	10 years, age 62 5 years, age 65 any years and age if disabled
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 10 years	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 10 years
Benefit percent		
Normal retirement	4% per year of service, not to exceed 80%	3% per year of service, not to exceed 75%

Retirement and Disability	Initial membership date: Before January 1, 2012	On or after January 1, 2012
Disability retirement	80% with 10 or more years of service 40% with 5 to 10 years of service 20% with less than 5 years of service	75% with 10 or more years of service 37.5% with 5 to 10 years of service 18.75% with less than 5 years of service
Survivor Benefit		
Retired members	75% of retired member's benefit	50% of retired member's benefit
Active members and other inactive members	75% of disability retirement benefit	50% of disability retirement benefit

* With reduced benefits of 0.25% for each month early retirement precedes the member's normal retirement age, with a maximum reduction of 30%.

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on inflation. In addition, the Legislature may enact permanent one-time benefit increases after a Joint Legislative Budget Committee analysis of the increase's effects on the plan.

Contributions—State statutes establish active member and employer contribution requirements. Statute also appropriates \$5 million annually through fiscal year 2043 for the EORP from the State of Arizona to supplement the normal cost plus an amount to amortize the unfunded accrued liability and designates a portion of certain court fees for the EORP. For the year ended June 30, 2022, statute required active EORP members to contribute 7 or 13 percent of the members' annual covered payroll and the County to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 61.43 percent of all active EORP members' annual covered payroll. Also, statute required the County to contribute 49.21 percent to EORP of the annual covered payroll of elected officials and judges who were ASRS members in addition to the County's required contributions to ASRS. The County's contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, were \$973,678.

During fiscal year 2022, the County paid for EORP pension contributions as follows: 100 percent from the General Fund.

Pension liability—At June 30, 2022, the County reported a liability for its proportionate share of the EORP's net pension liability that reflected a reduction for the County's proportionate share of the State's appropriation for EORP. The amount the County recognized as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the County were as follows:

County's proportionate share of the EORP net		
pension liability	\$	13,682,358
State's proportionate share of the EORP net		
pension liability associated with the County	_	1,375,299
Total	\$	15,057,657

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's required contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' required contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021. The County's proportion measured as of June 30, 2021, was 2.24831 percent, which was an increase of 0.04464 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

Pension expense and deferred outflows/inflows of resources—For the year ended June 30, 2022, the County recognized pension expense for EORP of \$1,203,285 and revenue of \$324,549 for the County's proportionate share of the State's appropriation to EORP and the designated court fees. At June 30, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

EORP	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual		
experience		\$ 182,083
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		697,096
Changes in proportion and differences between county contributions and proportionate share		
of contributions	\$ 147,871	
County contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	 973,678	
Total	\$ 1,121,549	\$ 879,179

The \$973,678 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to EORP pensions resulting from county contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to EORP pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30	
2023	\$(177,331)
2024	(145,160)
2025	(171,446)
2026	(237,371)

Actuarial assumptions—The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

EORP

Actuarial valuation data	June 30, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.3%
Wage inflation	3.75%
Price inflation	2.5%
Cost-of-living adjustment	1.75%
Mortality rates	PubG-2010 tables

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on EORP pension plan investments was determined to be 7.3 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

EORP	Target	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
U.S. public equity	24%	4.08%
International public equity	16%	5.20%
Global private equity	20%	7.67%
Other assets (capital appreciation)	7%	5.43%
Core bonds	2%	0.42%
Private credit	20%	5.74%
Diversifying strategies	10%	3.99%
Cash - Mellon	1%	-0.31%
Total	100%	

Discount rate—At June 30 2021, the discount rate used to measure the EORP total pension liability was 7.3 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, employer contributions will be made at the actuarially determined rates, and State contributions will be made as currently required by statute. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the EORP net pension liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.3 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.3 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.3 percent) than the current rate:

EORP	Current							
	1% Decrease (6.3%)	Discount Rate (7.3%)	1% Increase (8.3%)					
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 15,722,096	\$ 13,682,358	\$ 11,931,787					

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position—Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued EORP financial report.

Note 10 - Interfund Balances and Activity

Interfund receivables and payables—Interfund balances at June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Payable to											
	Other											
		General	Gov	vernmental								
		Fund	Funds			Total						
Payable from												
General Fund			\$	74,703	\$	74,703						
Public Works/HURF Fund	\$	332,776				332,776						
Jail District Fund		309,144				309,144						
Other Governmental Funds		649,756		9,472		659,228						
Total	\$	1,291,676	\$	84,175	\$	1,375,851						

The interfund balances resulted from time lags between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. All interfund balances are expected to be paid in one year.

Interfund transfers—Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Transfers to								
	General Fund	Jail District Fund	American Rescue Plan Act Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total				
Transfers from General Fund Public Works/HURF Fund Jail District Fund American Rescue Plan Act Fund	\$ 422,606 389,114 943	\$ 1,192,000	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 2,083,273 452,227 87,937	\$ 13,275,273 874,833 477,051 943				
Other Governmental Funds Total	\$ 418,566 1,231,229	\$ 1,192,000	\$ 10,000,000	219,027 \$ 2,842,464	637,593 \$ 15,265,693				

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments are due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. During the current fiscal year there was a significant, non-routine transfer from the General Fund to the American Rescue Plan Act Fund in the amount of \$10 million for the purpose of funding county-wide improvements and community partnerships in support of COVID-19 response efforts.

Note 11 - County Treasurer's Investment Pool

Arizona Revised Statutes require community colleges, school districts, and other local governments to deposit certain public monies with the County Treasurer. The Treasurer has a fiduciary responsibility to administer those and the County's monies under her stewardship. The Treasurer invests, on a pool basis, all idle monies not specifically invested for a fund or program. In addition, the Treasurer determines the fair value of those pooled investments annually at June 30.

The County Treasurer's investment pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company, and there is no regulatory oversight of its operations. The pool's structure does not provide for shares, and the County has not provided or obtained any legally binding guarantees to support the value of the participants' investments.

The Treasurer allocates interest earnings to each of the pool's participants.

The deposits and investments the County holds are included in the County Treasurer's investment pool, except for \$9,744 in cash on hand, \$2,013,014 in cash with trustee, and \$1,417,660 in deposits. Therefore, the deposit and investment risks of the Treasurer's investment pool are substantially the same as the County's deposit and investment risks. See Note 3 for disclosure of the County's deposit and investment risks.

Details of each major investment classification follow:

		Interest		
Investment Type	Principal	Rates	Maturities	Amount
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 34,200,000	0.13% - 2.50%	07/23 – 05/24	\$ 33,545,812
U.S. agency securities	127,000,000	0.32% - 2.00%	07/22 – 09/25	120,623,201
Corporate notes	84,100,000	Variable	06/23 – 06/25	82,161,970
Government money market funds	107,706,348	N/A	N/A	107,706,348

A condensed statement of the investment pool's net position and changes in net position follows:

Statement of fiduciary net position	
Assets	\$ 358,563,337
Net position	\$ 358,563,337
Net position held for: Internal participants External participants Total net position	\$ 105,900,152 252,663,185 \$ 358,563,337

Statement of	changes in	fiduciary	net position
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			* * * * *

Total additions	\$ 418,166,148
Total deductions	355,338,712
Net increase	62,827,436
Net position:	
July 1, 2021	295,735,901
June 30, 2022	\$ 358,563,337

Required Supplementary Information



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Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022

D	 Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual Amounts	 Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Property taxes County sales taxes Licenses and permits Fines and forfeits Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 8,498,025 7,940,000 689,300 508,500 22,278,385 11,014,873 235,095 448,150 51,612,328	\$ 8,498,025 7,940,000 689,300 508,500 22,278,385 11,014,873 235,095 448,150 51,612,328	\$ 8,104,637 9,056,104 652,849 566,310 23,439,597 4,458,120 241,167 1,193,232 47,712,016	\$ (393,388) 1,116,104 (36,451) 57,810 1,161,212 (6,556,753) 6,072 745,082 (3,900,312)
Expenditures: General government: Board of				
Supervisors/Administration	3,117,900	3,117,900	994,647	2,123,253
Facilities Management	2,057,336	2,057,336	1,307,412	749,924
Elections	735,947	735,947	288,127	447,820
Contracts	1,345,500	1,345,500	799,320	546,180
State Cost Shifts	168,000	168,000	95,100	72,900
Planning and Zoning	850,616	850,616	547,954	302,662
Recorder	359,633	359,633	218,168	141,465
Voter Registration	198,820	198,820	134,901	63,919
Assessor	1,668,516	1,668,516	1,033,890	634,626
Information Technology	1,266,274	1,266,274	789,881	476,393
Treasurer	634,454	634,454	378,492	255,962
Personnel Commission	11,100	11,100	4,882	6,218
Fleet Management	50,000	50,000	5,542	44,458
County-wide	18,735,764	13,735,764	4,852,713	8,883,051
County Attorney	3,046,150	3,046,150	2,036,633	1,009,517
Superior Court	1,858,135	1,858,135	1,188,846	669,289
Public Defender	1,003,597	1,003,597	654,234	349,363
Clerk of Court	1,595,133	1,595,133	1,004,038	591,095
Holbrook Justice Court	426,484	426,484	272,898	153,586
Winslow Justice Court	439,218	439,218	275,141	164,077
Snowflake Justice Court	435,141	435,141	281,273	153,868
Show Low Justice Court	428,294	428,294	279,608	148,686
Pinetop Justice Court	427,896	427,896	268,509	159,387
Kayenta Justice Court	 157,627	 157,627	 154,642	 2,985
Total general government	 41,017,535	 36,017,535	 17,866,851	 18,150,684

(Continued)

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Continued)

	 Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	
Public safety Kayenta Constable	\$ 40,239	\$	40,239	\$	39,732	\$	507
Pinetop Constable	79,574		79,574		78,100		1,474
Snowflake Constable	68,681		68,681		54,414		14,267
Holbrook Constable Winslow Constable	62,850 67,581		62,850 67,581		62,487 65,781		363 1,800
Show Low Constable	79,874		79,874		79,921		(47)
Juvenile Dentention	1,276,280		1,276,280		634,509		641,771
Probation	1,126,128		1,126,128		685,474		440,654
Jail Operations	650,814		650,814		691,659		(40,845)
Sheriff	8,413,313		8,413,313		4,834,755		3,578,558
Total public safety	 11,865,334		11,865,334		7,226,832		4,638,502
Health and welfare							
Public Fiduciary	517,876		517,876		505,919		11,957
Indigent Health	 3,206,350		3,206,350		3,620,911		(414,561)
Total health and welfare	 3,724,226		3,724,226		4,126,830		(402,604)
Education							
School Superintendent	 382,095		382,095		339,751		42,344
Capital outlay	4,052,450		4,052,450		1,251,552		2,800,898
Contingency	 13,315,075		11,315,075				11,315,075
Total expenditures	 74,356,715		67,356,715		30,811,816		36,544,899
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ (22,744,387)	<u>\$</u>	(15,744,387)	<u>\$</u>	16,900,200	<u>\$</u>	32,644,587
Other financing sources (uses):							
Lease agreements					75,335		75,335
Sale of capital assets			0 700 005		49,804		49,804
Transfers in	3,793,685		3,793,685		3,224,914		(568,771)
Transfers out Total other financing sources	 (4,170,866)		(4,170,866)		(13,275,273)		(9,104,407)
(uses)	 (377,181)		(377,181)		(9,925,220)		(9,548,039)
Net change in fund balances	(23,121,568)		(16,121,568)		6,974,980		23,096,548
Fund balances, July 1, 2021	 41,704,733		41,704,733		41,704,733		
Fund balances, June 30, 2022	\$ 18,583,165	\$	25,583,165	\$	48,679,713	\$	23,096,548

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Public Works/HURF Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget		5			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues:		0		0				0	
Intergovernmental	\$	13,335,754	\$	13,335,754	\$	14,888,939	\$	1,553,185	
Investment earnings		150,931		150,931		74,616		(76,315)	
Miscellaneous		69,162		69,162		92,598		23,436	
Total revenues		13,555,847		13,555,847		15,056,153		1,500,306	
Expenditures:									
Highways and streets		14,707,051		14,707,051		12,113,816		2,593,235	
Capital Outlay		8,239,017		8,239,017		162,305		8,076,712	
Total expenditures		22,946,068	. <u> </u>	22,946,068		12,276,121		10,669,947	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures		(9,390,221)		(9,390,221)		2,780,032		12,170,253	
Other financing sources (uses):									
Sale of capital assets						56,132		56,132	
Transfers out		(1,757,710)		(1,757,710)		(2,142,470)		(384,760)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,757,710)		(1,757,710)		(2,086,338)		(328,628)	
Net change in fund balances		(11,147,931)		(11,147,931)		693,694		11,841,625	
Fund balances, July 1, 2021		10,941,342		10,941,342		10,941,342			
Decrease in reserve for inventories						49,263		49,263	
Fund balances, June 30, 2022	\$	(206,589)	\$	(206,589)	\$	11,684,299	\$	11,890,888	

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Jail District Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget		0			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues:								
County sales taxes	\$	5,300,000	\$	5,300,000	\$	5,932,721	\$	632,721
Intergovernmental		10,000		10,000		04.004		(10,000)
Charges for services		60,000		60,000		94,091		34,091
Investment earnings Miscellaneous		35,000		35,000		23,674		(11,326)
		25,000		25,000		52,013		27,013
Total revenues		5,430,000		5,430,000		6,102,499		672,499
Expenditures:								
Jail Operations		10,687,084		10,687,084		6,889,772		3,797,312
Capital Outlay		1,000		1,000		0,000,112		1,000
Total expenditures		10,688,084		10,688,084		6,889,772		3,798,312
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(5,258,084)		(5,258,084)		(787,273)		4,470,811
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		1,192,000		1,192,000		1,192,000		
Transfers out						(477,051)		(477,051)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,192,000		1,192,000		714,949		(477,051)
Net change in fund balances		(4,066,084)		(4,066,084)		(72,324)		3,993,760
Fund balances, July 1, 2021 Decrease in reserve for inventories		4,779,512		4,779,512		4,779,512		
Fund balances, June 30, 2022	\$	713,428	\$	713,428	\$	4,707,188	\$	3,993,760

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule American Rescue Plan Act Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		/ariance with Final Budget
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	10,750,000	\$	10,750,000	\$	10,000,000	\$	(750,000)
Investment earnings				10 770 000		11,225		11,225
Total revenues		10,750,000		10,750,000		10,011,225		(738,775)
Expenditures:								
General government:								
Board of Supervisors/Administration				1,428,631		1,428,631		
Facilities Management				640,322		640,322		
Elections				141,114		141,114		
Contracts				391,477		391,477		
Planning and Zoning				268,368		268,368		
Recorder				106,851		106,851		
Voter Registration				66,070		66,070		
Assessor				506,361		506,361		
Information Technology				386,854		386,854		
Treasurer				185,372		185,372		
County-wide		21,125,000						
County Attorney				997,467		997,467		
Superior Court				582,252		582,252		
Public Defender				320,420		320,420		
Clerk of Court				491,741		491,741		
Holbrook Justice Court				133,655		133,655		
Winslow Justice Court				134,754		134,754		
Snowflake Justice Court				137,757		137,757		
Show Low Justice Court				136,942		136,942		
Pinetop Justice Court		04 405 000		131,506		131,506		
Total general government		21,125,000		7,187,914		7,187,914		
Public safety:								
Juvenile Dentention				311,477		311,477		
Probation				336,496		336,496		
Jail Operations				182,709		182,709		
Sheriff				2,632,370		2,632,370		
Total public safety				3,463,052		3,463,052		
Capital Outlay				474,034		506,100		(32,066)
Total expenditures		21,125,000		11,125,000		11,157,066		(32,066)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(10,375,000)		(375,000)		(1,145,841)		(770,841)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in						10,000,000		10,000,000
Transfers out		(375,000)		(375,000)		(943)		374,057
Total other financing sources (uses)		(375,000)		(375,000)		9,999,057		10,374,057
ũ (,		· · · ·		· · · ·		· · · ·		
Net change in fund balances		(10,750,000)		(750,000)		8,853,216		9,603,216
Fund balances, July 1, 2021								
Decrease in reserve for inventories	<u>~</u>	(40.750.000)	<u>~</u>	(750.000)	<u>~</u>	0.050.040	<u>r</u>	0.000.040
Fund balances, June 30, 2022	\$	(10,750,000)	\$	(750,000)	\$	8,853,216	\$	9,603,216

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules June 30, 2022

Note 1 - Budgeting and Budgetary Control

A.R.S. requires the County to prepare and adopt a balanced budget annually for each governmental fund. The Board of Supervisors must approve such operating budgets on or before the third Monday in July to allow sufficient time for the legal announcements and hearings required for the adoption of the property tax levy on the third Monday in August. A.R.S. prohibits expenditures or liabilities in excess of the amounts budgeted.

The County prepares its budget on the same modified accrual basis of accounting used to record actual revenues and expenditures. In addition, the County budgets its expenditures by function.

The County has adopted budgets in accordance with A.R.S. requirements for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Project Funds, and Debt Service Funds, with the exception of the County School Superintendent's (CSS) Special Revenue Fund. In accordance with A.R.S. §15-301(C), the CSS is designated as a local education agency (LEA). Expenditures for the LEA for an accommodation school, juvenile detention education, special education services, and unorganized territory transportation are not included in the adopted budget of the County's Board of Supervisors.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level. In certain instances, transfers of appropriations between departments or from the contingency account to a department may be made upon the Board of Supervisors' approval. With the exception of the General Fund, each fund includes only one department. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Board of Supervisors elected to appropriate transfers from the contingency account and between departments.

Note 2 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The County's budget is prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, except for the indirect costs were budgeted in transfers in and out.

The following schedule reconciles the excess/(deficiency) of revenues over expenditures from the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the budgetary comparison schedules:

Excess/(deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	C	General Fund	Public Works/ IURF Fund
from the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Indirect costs budgeted in transfers in/(out)	\$	18,893,885 (1,993,685)	\$ 1,512,395 1,267,637
Excess of revenues over expenditures from the Budgetary comparison schedules	\$	16,900,200	\$ 2,780,032

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules June 30, 2022

Note 3 - Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2022, expenditures exceeded final budget amounts at the department level (the legal level of budgetary control) as follows:

Fund/Department	Excess
General Fund	
Show Low Constable	\$ 47
Indigent Health	414,561

The excesses were primarily the result of unexpected expenditures or expenditures made as a result of unanticipated revenues, or both. When departments exceed their annual budget, the County closely monitors departmental spending and discusses the overage with the departments in subsequent budget meetings with the County Manager and Finance.

Specifically, the County experienced higher than anticipated costs in the Show Low Constable Office and Indigent Health Department. The Show Low Constable Office provides the public with a service of process issued through the Justice Courts. During the fiscal year, the constable experienced higher than projected fuel charges. The Indigent Health Department accounts for the County's portion of costs associated with both the Arizona Long-Term Care System (ALTCS) and the Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System (AHCCCS). During the fiscal year, the County experienced higher than projected costs associated with these systems.

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Cost-Sharing Pension Plans June 30, 2022

Arizona State Retirement System

Arizona State Retirement System									
			Rep	orting fiscal year	(measurement	date)			
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014 through
	(2021)	(2020)	(2019)	(2018)	(2017)	(2016)	(2015)	(2014)	2013
County's proportion of the net pension liability County's proportionate share of the net pension	0.19%	0.17%	0.17%	0.19%	0.20%	0.21%	0.21%	0.21%	Information not
liability	\$ 24,335,772	\$ 29,702,865	\$ 25,433,978	\$ 26,385,347	\$ 31,575,151	\$ 33,707,260	\$ 32,861,924	\$ 30,957,928	available
County's covered payroll	\$ 19,434,644	\$ 18,732,704	\$ 18,383,928	\$ 18,654,163	\$ 20,130,088	\$ 19,429,032	\$ 19,400,464	\$ 18,778,977	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of	125.22%	158.56%	138.35%	141.44%	156.86%	173.49%	169.39%	164.85%	
the total pension liability	78.58%	69.33%	73.24%	73.40%	69.92%	67.06%	68.35%	69.49%	
Corrections Officer Retirement Plan— Administrative Office of the Courts	2022	2021	2020	Reporting fis	<u>cal year (measu</u> 2018	rement date) 2017	2016	2015	2014 through
	(2021)	(2020)	(2019)	(2018)	(2017)	(2016)	(2015)	(2014)	2014 through 2013
	(2021)	(2020)	(2019)	(2010)	(2017)	(2010)	(2013)	(2014)	2013
County's proportion of the net pension liability County's proportionate share of the net pension	1.24%	1.14%	1.11%	1.17%	1.62%	1.74%	1.69%	1.74%	Information not
liability	\$ 4,585,636	\$ 5,456,853	\$ 4,673,477	\$ 4,207,648	\$ 6,507,694	\$ 4,896,487	\$ 4,108,278	\$ 3,902,859	available
County's covered payroll County's proportionate share of the net pension	\$ 1,453,650	\$ 1,371,917	\$ 1,335,653	\$ 1,378,621	\$ 1,941,447	\$ 1,891,207	\$ 1,879,552	\$ 1,854,011	
liability as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of	315.46%	397.75%	349.90%	305.21%	335.20%	258.91%	218.58%	210.51%	
the total pension liability	62.53%	50.07%	51.99%	53.72%	49.21%	54.81%	57.89%	58.59%	

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Cost-Sharing Pension Plans June 30, 2022

Elected Officials Retirement Plan

				Reporting fis	cal year (measu	rement date)			
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014 through
	(2021)	(2020)	(2019)	(2018)	(2017)	(2016)	(2015)	(2014)	2013
County's proportion of the net pension liability County's proportionate share of the net pension	2.25%	2.20%	2.19%	2.01%	1.87%	1.87%	1.82%	1.84%	Information not
liability	\$ 13,682,358	\$ 14,873,919	\$ 14,526,649	\$ 12,680,743	\$ 22,771,521	\$ 17,665,320	\$ 14,226,251	\$ 12,307,206	available
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the County	1,375,299	1,413,648	1,365,355	2,172,763	4,726,116	3,647,430	4,435,153	3,773,504	
Total	\$ 15,057,657	\$ 16,287,567	\$ 15,892,004	\$ 14,853,506	\$ 27,497,637	\$ 21,312,750	\$ 18,661,404	\$ 16,080,710	
County's covered payroll County's proportionate share of the net pension	\$ 1,661,892	\$ 1,754,008	\$ 1,757,585	\$ 1,840,513	\$ 1,668,147	\$ 1,532,182	\$ 1,551,376	\$ 1,704,339	
liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	823.30%	848.00%	826.51%	688.98%	1365.08%	1152.95%	917.01%	722.11%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	36.28%	29.80%	30.14%	30.36%	19.66%	23.42%	28.32%	31.91%	

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Agent Pension Plans June 30, 2022

PSPRS Sheriff	Reporting fiscal year (measurement date)																
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	2014 through
		(2021)		(2020)		(2019)		(2018)		(2017)		(2016)		(2015)		(2014)	2013
Total pension liability																	
Service cost	\$	302,169	\$	374,653	\$	426,220	\$	383,988	\$	499,570	\$	468,580	\$	397,350	\$	426,843	Information
Interest on the total pension liability		1,437,966		1,426,339		1,331,926		1,289,848		1,260,137		1,327,262		1,309,258		1,092,844	not
Changes of benefit terms										304,021		(615,741)				586,447	available
Differences between expected and actual																	
experience in the measurement of the		00 770		(004 750)				(40.000)		(704.040)		(777 000)		(077 454)		(000 750)	
pension liability		26,778		(234,756)		860,339		(19,932)		(794,648)		(777,000)		(377,151)		(668,752)	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs						331,691				607,986		641,504				2,472,745	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,379,462)		(1,289,493)		(1,427,957)		(1,211,042)		(1,170,410)		(1,161,727)		(1,109,711)		(1 167 226)	
Net change in total pension liability		387,451		276,743	·	1,522,219		442,862		706,656		(117,122)	· —	219,746		(1,167,336) 2,742,791	
Total pension liability—beginning		20,085,725		19,808,982		18,286,763		17,843,901		17,137,245		17,254,367		17,034,621		14,291,830	
Total pension liability—ending (a)	\$	20,473,176	\$	20,085,725	\$	19,808,982	\$	18,286,763	\$	17,843,901	\$	17,137,245	\$	17,254,367	\$	17,034,621	
, , , ,	Ψ	20, 110, 110	Ψ	20,000,120	<u></u>	10,000,002	—	10,200,700	Ψ	11,010,001		11,101,210	÷	11,201,001	—	11,001,021	
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions—employer	¢	1,454,668	\$	1,347,673	\$	1,203,208	¢	785,359	\$	1,047,332	\$	1,205,254	¢	790,385	¢	691,037	
Contributions—employee	Ψ	155,529	ψ	153,158	ψ	198,531	Ψ	215,008	ψ	262,773	Ψ	295,080	Ψ	261,993	Ψ	233,105	
Net investment income		1,859,271		82,461		326,870		381,885		633,913		31,020		191,904		675,189	
Benefit payments, including refunds of		1,000,211		02,101		020,070		001,000		000,010		01,020		101,001		010,100	
employee contributions		(1,379,462)		(1,289,493)		(1,427,957)		(1,211,042)		(1,170,410)		(1,161,727)		(1,109,711)		(1,167,336)	
Administrative expense		(8,610)		(6,722)		(6,666)		(6,512)		(6,009)		(4,864)		(5,044)		(5,438)	
Other changes		-		-		(12,693)		(64,550)		(324,969)		(215,557)		(114,224)		(8,622)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		2,081,396		287,077		281,293		100,148		442,630		149,206		15,303		417,935	
Plan fiduciary net position—beginning		6,600,400		6,313,323		6,032,030		5,932,062		5,489,432		5,340,226		5,324,923		4,906,988	
Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b)	\$	8,681,796	\$	6,600,400	\$	6,313,323	\$	6,032,210	\$	5,932,062	\$	5,489,432	\$	5,340,226	\$	5,324,923	
County's net pension liability—ending (a)-(b)	\$	11,791,380	\$	13,485,325	\$	13,495,659	\$	12,254,553	\$	11,911,839	\$	11,647,813	\$	11,914,141	\$	11,709,698	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of																	
the total pension liability		42.41%		32.86%		31.87%		32.99%		33.24%		32.03%		30.95%		31.26%	
Covered payroll	\$	2,848,062	\$	2,565,258	\$	2,542,322	\$	2,402,346	\$	2,475,549	\$	2,464,986	\$	2,365,037	\$	2,242,753	
County's not ponsion lighility as a percentage																	
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		414.01%		525.69%		530.84%		510.11%		481.18%		472.53%		503.76%		522.11%	
or covered payroli		414.01%		525.09%		550.64%		510.11%		401.10%		412.33%		505.70%		522.11%	

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Agent Pension Plans June 30, 2022

PSPRS Attorney Investigators	Reporting fiscal year (measure																
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	2014 through
		(2021)		(2020)		(2019)		(2018)		(2017)		(2016)		(2015)		(2014)	2013
Total pension liability Service cost	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	Information
Interest on the total pension liability	Ψ	41,752	Ψ	41,397	Ψ	40,883	Ψ	40,340	Ψ	38,673	Ψ	44,961	Ψ	40,906	Ψ	30,804	not
Changes of benefit terms		11,702		11,001		10,000		10,010		10,560		(78,488)		10,000		28,416	available
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the												(,					
pension liability		794		1,435		928		4,599		325		(13,833)		6,616		1,839	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments, including refunds of						10,018				16,836		25,702		(392,840)		535,143	
employee contributions		(38,338)		(37,587)		(36,849)		(38,355)		(35,451)		(35,451)		(35,451)		(34,741)	
Net change in total pension liability		4,208		5,245		14,980		6,584		30,943		(57,109)		(380,769)		561,461	
Total pension liability—beginning		591,118		585,873		570,893		564,309		533,366		590,475		971,244		409,783	
Total pension liability—ending (a)	\$	595,326	\$	591,118	\$	585,873	\$	570,893	\$	564,309	\$	533,366	\$	590,475	\$	971,244	
Plan fiduciary net position																	
Contributions—employer	\$	73,408	\$	-	\$	75,959	\$	72,028	\$	38,721	\$	65,456	\$	20,181	\$	-	
Contributions—employee																	
Net investment income		25,904		1,650		6,765		6,364		8,673		390		744		6,765	
Benefit payments, including refunds of																	
employee contributions		(38,338)		(37,587)		(36,849)		(38,355)		(35,451)		(35,451)		(35,451)		(34,741)	
Administrative expense		(129)		(135)		(1,118)		(797)		(477)		(456)		(308)		(54)	
Other changes		-		-				1		1		(1)		(37)			
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		60,845		(36,072)		44,757		39,241		11,467		29,938		(14,871)		(28,030)	
Plan fiduciary net position—beginning		71,873		107,945		101,909		62,668		51,201		21,263		36,134		64,164	
Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b)	\$	132,718	\$	71,873	\$	146,666	\$	101,909	\$	62,668	\$	51,201	\$	21,263	\$	36,134	
County's net pension liability—ending (a)-(b)	\$	462,608	\$	519,245	\$	439,207	\$	468,984	\$	501,641	\$	482,165	\$	569,212	\$	935,110	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of																	
the total pension liability		22.29%		12.16%		25.03%		17.85%		11.11%		9.60%		3.60%		3.72%	
Covered payroll	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
County's net pension liability as a percentage		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	
of covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Agent Pension Plans June 30, 2022

CORP	Reporting fiscal year (measurement date)																
		2022 (2021)		2021 (2020)		2020 (2019)		2019 (2018)		2018 (2017)		2017 (2016)		2016 (2015)		2015 (2014)	2014 through 2013
Total pension liability		(2021)		(2020)		(2019)		(2010)	·	(2017)		(2010)		(2013)		(2014)	2013
Service cost	\$	141,175	\$	196,443	\$	250,314	\$	288,583	\$	243,603	\$	226,516	\$	229,853	\$	262,381	Information
Interest on the total pension liability		427,194		400,261		380,744		388,051		321,690		307,215		301,883		298,329	not
Changes of benefit terms								(221,437)		693,192		9,571				35,245	available
Differences between expected and actual																	
experience in the measurement of the																	
pension liability		(41,095)		144,499		(18,530)		(259,089)		(89,958)		(31,895)		(93,870)		(414,141)	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs						158,339				107,452		160,139				240,204	
Benefit payments, including refunds of		(000 405)		(005 004)		(400,404)		(000,000)		(040.450)		(000 705)		(445 300)		(075 400)	
employee contributions		(308,165)		(325,831)		(432,464)		(369,299)		(318,158)		(290,765)		(445,789)		(275,163)	
Net change in total pension liability		219,109		415,372		338,403		(173,191)		957,821		380,781		(7,923)		146,855	
Total pension liability—beginning Total pension liability—ending (a)	¢	5,864,876 6,083,985	\$	5,449,504 5,864,876	\$	5,111,101 5,449,504	\$	5,284,292 5,111,101	\$	4,326,471 5,284,292	\$	3,945,690 4,326,471	\$	3,953,613 3,945,690	\$	3,806,758 3,953,613	
	φ	0,003,903	φ	5,004,070	φ	5,449,504	φ	5,111,101	φ	5,204,292	φ	4,320,471	φ	3,943,090	φ	3,953,013	
Plan fiduciary net position	•		•			.=	•		•		•		•		•		
Contributions—employer	\$	223,776	\$	134,522	\$	174,388	\$	147,102	\$	139,477	\$	137,367	\$	123,062	\$	142,344	
Contributions—employee		80,074		84,963		112,339		134,290		139,124		130,513		137,233		141,818	
Net investment income		1,059,634		111,991		208,336		253,700		392,801		19,994		120,952		417,329	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(308,165)		(325,831)		(432,464)		(260,200)		(318,158)		(290,765)		(445,789)		(275 162)	
Administrative expense		(308,105) (4,916)		(323,831) (4,334)		(432,404) (4,418)		(369,299) (4,538)		(318,138) (3,836)		(290,705) (3,227)		(445,769) (3,354)		(275,163) (3,281)	
Other changes		(4,910)		(18,201)		(13,107)		(4,338) 12,725		(3,830) 62,915		(10,869)		9,359		(82,179)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,050,403		(16,890)		45,074		173,980		412,323		(16,987)		(58,537)		340,868	
Plan fiduciary net position—beginning		3,900,918		3,917,808		3,872,734		3,698,754		3,286,431		3,303,418		3,361,955		3,021,087	
Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b)	\$	4,951,321	\$	3,900,918	\$	3,917,808	\$	3,872,734	\$	3,698,754	\$	3,286,431	\$	3,303,418	\$	3,361,955	
	-	.,	Ŧ	0,000,010	-	0,011,000		0,0.2,.0.	÷	0,000,101	÷	0,200,101	÷	0,000,110	-	0,001,000	
County's net pension liability—ending (a)-(b)	\$	1,132,664	\$	1,963,958	\$	1,531,696	\$	1,238,367	\$	1,585,538	\$	1,040,040	\$	642,272	\$	591,658	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of																	
the total pension liability		81.38%		66.51%		71.89%		75.77%		70.00%		75.96%		83.72%		85.04%	
Covered payroll	\$	1,628,357	\$	1,469,236	\$	1,532,926	\$	1,508,678	\$	1,668,947	\$	1,572,955	\$	1,632,100	\$	1,726,328	
County's net pension liability as a percentage																	
of covered payroll		69.56%		133.67%		99.92%		82.08%		95.00%		66.12%		39.35%		34.27%	

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Schedule of County Pension Contributions June 30, 2022

Arizona State Retirement System					Reporting	g fiscal year		
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017 2016	2015	2014 2013
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 2,601,822	\$ 2,264,136	\$ 2,136,505	\$ 2,052,532	2 \$ 2,028,064	\$ 2,171,922 \$ 2,128,97	2 \$ 2,098,505 \$ 2	2,009,012 Information
County's contributions in relation to the	0 004 000	0.004.400	0 400 505		0 000 004	0.474.000 0.400.07		not
statutorily required contribution County's contribution deficiency (excess)	2,601,822 \$-	, , , , ,	,,		,,	2,171,922 2,128,97 \$ - \$	2 <u>2,098,505</u> 2 -\$-\$	2,009,012 available
County 5 contribution denotency (exects)	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	ψ	ψ	Ψ	φ - ψ	
County's covered payroll	\$ 21,745,722	\$ 19,434,644	\$ 18,732,704	\$ 18,383,928	8 \$ 18,654,163	\$ 20,130,088 \$ 19,429,03	2 \$ 19,400,464 \$ 18	3,778,977
County's contributions as a percentage of								
covered payroll	11.96%	b 11.65%	5 11.419	6 11.169	6 10.87%	5 10.79% 10.96	% 10.82%	10.70%
Corrections Officer Retirement								
Plan—Administrative Office of the								
Courts					Reporting	g fiscal year		
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017 2016	2015	2014 2013
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 592,247							2014 2013 267,905 Information
County's contributions in relation to the	¢ 001,211	¢,200	¢,000	¢,		¢ 010,000 ¢ 001,10		not
statutorily required contribution	592,247	488,203	414,800	417,492	2 294,854	379,356 367,19	8 279,677	267,905 available
County's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	• \$	- \$ -	\$ - \$	- <u>\$</u>	-
County's covered payroll	\$ 1,630,693	\$ 1,453,850	\$ 1,371,917	\$ 1,335,653	3 \$ 1,378,621	\$ 1,941,447 \$ 1,891,20	7 \$ 1,879,552 \$ 1	1,854,011
County's contributions as a percentage of								
covered payroll	36.32%	33.58%	30.24%	6 31.269	6 21.39%	5 19.54% 19.42 19.54	% 14.88%	14.45%
Elected Officials Retirement Plan					Reporting	g fiscal year		
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017 2016	2015	2014 2013

		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	2013
Statutorily required contribution County's contributions in relation to the	\$	973,678	\$	1,020,900	\$	1,005,663	\$	1,012,544	\$	370,491	\$	363,340	\$	355,627	\$	364,573	\$	394,725	Information not
statutorily required contribution		973,678		1,020,900		1,005,663		915,902		34,325		363,340		355,627		364,573		394,725	available
County's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	96,642	\$	336,166	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
County's covored payrell	¢	1 705 463	¢	1 661 802	¢	1 754 008	¢	1 757 585	¢	1 8/0 513	¢	1 669 147	¢	1 532 182	¢	1 551 376	¢	1 704 330	
County's covered payroll	\$	1,705,463	\$	1,661,892	\$	1,754,008	\$	1,757,585	\$	1,840,513	\$	1,668,147	\$	1,532,182	\$	1,551,376	\$	1,704,339	

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Schedule of County Pension Contributions June 30, 2022

PSPRS Sheriff					Reporting	g fiscal year				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Actuarially determined contribution County's contributions in relation to the	\$ 877,285	\$ 1,517,162	2 \$ 1,369,16	8 \$ 1,187,010) \$ 1,039,891	\$ 1,091,146	\$ 1,214,475	\$ 784,719 \$	692,113	Information not
actuarially determined contribution	14,996,717	1,517,162	2 1,369,16	8 1,187,010	780,780	1,091,146	1,214,475	784,719	692,113	available
County's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$(14,119,432))\$	- \$	- \$	- \$ 259,111	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	\$\$; -	
County's covered payroll	\$ 2,680,883	\$ 2,848,062	2 \$ 2,565,25	8 \$ 2,542,322	2 \$ 2,402,346	\$ 2,475,549	\$ 2,464,986	\$ 2,365,037 \$	5 2,242,753	
County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	559.39%	53.279	% 53.37	% 46.699	% 32.50%	44.08%	49.27%	33.18%	30.86%	

PSPRS Attorney Investigators	 Reporting fiscal year																
	 2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	 2014	2013
Actuarially determined contribution County's contributions in relation to the	\$ 36,122	\$	37,286	\$	37,382	\$	37,238	\$	33,307	\$	38,721	\$	35,878	\$	49,759	\$ -	Information not
actuarially determined contribution	 36,122		37,286		37,382		37,238		33,307		38,721		35,878		49,759	 -	available
County's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	
County's covered payroll	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	
County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	

CORP					Reporting	fiso	cal year				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018		2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 177,357	\$ 270,796	\$ 134,564	\$ 182,970	\$ 151,162	\$	144,735	\$ 138,748	\$ 123,060	\$ 146,738	Information
County's contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	2,242,845	270,796	134,564	182,970	151,162		144,735	138,748	123,060	146,738	not available
County's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (2,065,488)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
County's covered payroll	\$ 1,418,696	\$ 1,628,357	\$ 1,469,236	\$ 1,532,926	\$ 1,508,678	\$	1,668,947	\$ 1,572,955	\$ 1,632,100	\$ 1,726,328	
County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	158.09%	16.63%	9.16%	11.94%	10.02%		8.67%	8.82%	7.54%	8.50%	

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension Plan Schedules June 30, 2022

Note 1 - Actuarially Determined Contribution Rates

Actuarial determined contribution rates for PSPRS and CORP are calculated as of June 30 2 years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period as of the 2020 actuarial	Entry age normal Level percent-of-pay, closed
valuation Asset valuation method Actuarial assumptions:	17 years 7-year smoothed market value; 80%/120% market corridor
Investment rate of return	In the 2019 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.4% to 7.3%. In the 2017 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.5% to 7.4%. In the 2016 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.85% to 7.5%. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 8.0% to 7.85%.
Projected salary increases	In the 2017 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 4.0%–8.0% to 3.5%–7.5% for PSPRS and from 4.0%–7.25% to 3.5%–6.5% for CORP. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 4.5%–8.5% to 4.0%–8.0% for PSPRS and from 4.5%–7.75% to 4.0%–7.25% for CORP. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 5.0%–9.0% to 4.5%–8.5% for PSPRS
Wage growth	and from 5.0%–8.25% to 4.5%–7.75% for CORP. In the 2017 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4% to 3.5% for PSPRS and CORP. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0% for PSPRS and CORP. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 5.0% to 4.5% for PSPRS and CORP.
Retirement age	Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2011.
Mortality	In the 2019 actuarial valuation, changed to PubS-2010 tables. In the 2017 actuarial valuation, changed to RP-2014 tables, with 75% of MP-2016 fully generational projection scales. RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105% for both males and females)

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension Plan Schedules June 30, 2022

Note 2 - Factors that affect trends

Arizona courts have ruled that provisions of a 2011 law that changed the mechanism for funding permanent pension benefit increases and increased employee pension contribution rates were unconstitutional or a breach of contract because those provisions apply to individuals who were members as of the law's effective date. As a result, the PSPRS, CORP, CORP-AOC, and EORP changed benefit terms to reflect the prior mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases for those members and revised actuarial assumptions to explicitly value future permanent benefit increases. PSPRS and EORP also reduced those members' employee contribution rates. These changes are reflected in the plans' pension liabilities for fiscal year 2015 (measurement date 2014) for members who were retired as of the law's effective date and fiscal year 2018 (measurement date 2017) for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. These changes also increased the PSPRS-, CORP-, and CORP-AOC-required pension contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes increased the PSPRS-, CORP-, and CORP-AOC-required contributions beginning in fiscal year 2019 for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. EORP-required contributions are not based on actuarial valuations, and therefore, these changes did not affect them. Also, the County refunded excess employee contributions to PSPRS and EORP members. PSPRS and EORP allowed the County to reduce its actual employer contributions for the refund amounts. As a result, the County's pension contributions were less than the actuarially or statutorily determined contributions for 2018 for both PSPRS and EORP and 2019 for only EORP.

The fiscal year 2019 (measurement date 2018) pension liabilities for EORP and CORP reflect the replacement of the permanent benefit increase (PBI) for retirees based on investment returns with a cost of living adjustment based on inflation. Also, the EORP liability and required pension contributions for fiscal year 2019 reflect a statutory change that requires the employer contribution rate to be actuarially determined. This change increased the discount rate used to calculate the liability thereby reducing the total pension liability.

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

Nonmajor Governmental Funds



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Navajo County Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

Special Revenue Funds

Administration	Accounts for administration of a variety of programs including the Assessor, Recorder and Treasurer surcharges, election services and certain emergency service functions. Funding sources include service related surcharges, federal and state grant funds, fees and local government contributions.
County Attorney	Accounts for various programs administered by the County Attorney including Victim's Rights, Assistance and Restitution, Child Support Enforcement, Anti-Racketeering, High-Intensity Drug Trafficking Area and Bad Check Enforcement. Funding sources include statutory fees and other surcharges related to criminal prosecution, federal and state grants and other user fees.
Courts	Accounts for the processing of criminal cases as well as court enhancement and record retention improvement funds. Funding sources include statutory fees and other surcharges related to the courts.
Environmental and Conservation	Accounts for forest health and energy conservation programs. Funding is provided by federal grants.
Flood Control District	Accounts for flood control facilities and regulates floodplains and drainage to prevent flooding of property in Navajo County. Funding is provided by secondary property taxes.
Library District	Accounts for support services and materials provided to the County's community libraries. Funding sources include federal and state grants and a secondary property tax levy.
Probation	Accounts for Adult and Juvenile Probation programs and services provided in coordination with the State's Superior Court System. Funding sources include state grants and fees paid by probationers.
Public Defense	Accounts for the public defense of criminal cases including public defense enhancement funds. Funding sources include statutory fees and other surcharges related to public defense.
Public Health	Accounts for a variety of health service and education programs including Bio- Terrorism, Women, Infants and Children (WIC), Nutrition, Tobacco, Dental and infectious and contagious diseases. Funding sources include a secondary property tax levy, federal and state grants, appropriations, fees and private party contributions.
Recreation District	Accounts for operating costs of the White Mountain Lake Recreation District. Funding sources are fees and secondary property taxes assessed the benefiting property owners within the district boundaries.

Navajo County Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

Sheriff's Office	Accounts for various jail and law enforcement programs including Jail Enhancement, Drug Enforcement, Anti-Racketerring, High-Intensity Drug Trafficking Area and Boating Safety. Funding sources include federal and state grants.
Special Districts	Accounts for operating costs for the Silver Creek, Bucking Horse, Victory Heights, Hilltop Drive, Mountain View and North Whistle Stop Loop County Road Improvement Districts. Funding sources are secondary property taxes assessed the benefiting property owners within the district boundaries.
Superintendent of Schools	Accounts for educational services and programs including the Navajo County Accommodation District, juvenile detention Hope School, Special Services Consortium and unorganized school district territory. Funding sources include federal and state grants and charges for services from local school districts.
Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA)	Accounts for administration of the federal Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) program. Funding is from federal grants.

Debt Service Funds

General Government Accounts for the accumulation of resources for payment of principal and interest on the 2021 Series, Nont-taxable Pledged Revenue Refunding Obligations and the 2021 Series, Taxable Pledged Revenue Pension Obligations.

Special Districts

Accounts for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal and interest on bonds and other debt instruments of the Sutter Drive, Scott's Pine Tract A, Shumway Road and Bucking Horse Improvement Districts. Funding sources are secondary property taxes assessed the benefiting property owners within the district boundaries.

			Special	Reven	ue	
	Ad	ministration	 County Attorney		Courts	nvironmental Conservation
Assets Cash and investments Cash and investments held by trustee Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	495,864	\$ 2,629,322	\$	1,941,456	\$ 821,670
Property taxes Accounts receivable Special assessments Due from:			1,246			
Other funds Other governments		10,770 201,636	27,125 96,129		43,794 25,985	6,000
Prepaid items Total assets	\$	708,270	\$ 2,753,822	\$	2,011,235	\$ 827,670
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll and employee benefits Due to:	\$	2,097 3,031	\$ 16,743 9,895	\$	104 5,823	\$ 2,668
Other funds Other governments Pledged revenue obligations payable Interest payable		655	1,945 5,008		551 1,328	65
Total liabilities		5,783	 33,591		7,806	 2,733
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue-property taxes Unavailable revenue-special assessments						
Unavailable revenue-intergovernmental Total deferred inflows of resources		140,126 140,126	 41,895 41,895		<u>21,000</u> 21,000	
Fund balances		,	 ,		,	
Nonspendable Restricted Assigned		881,582	2,992,377		2,016,895	824,937
Unassigned (Deficit) Total fund balances		(319,221) 562,361	 (314,041) 2,678,336		(34,466) 1,982,429	 824,937
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	708,270	\$ 2,753,822	\$	2,011,235	\$ 827,670

	Special Revenue										
	F	Flood Control District		Library District		Probation					
Assets Cash and investments Cash and investments held by trustee Receivables (net of allowance for	\$	8,606,483	\$	263,139	\$	654,752					
uncollectibles): Property taxes Accounts receivable Special assessments Due from:		64,126		29,696							
Other funds						541					
Other governments				526		15,191					
Prepaid items Total assets	\$	<u>24</u> 8,670,633	\$	293,361	\$	670,484					
	Ψ	0,070,033	Ψ	293,301	Ψ	070,404					
Liabilities											
Accounts payable	\$	54,059	\$	17,438	\$	130,414					
Accrued payroll and employee benefits Due to:		4,151		3,878		20,012					
Other funds		1,015		15,044		142					
Other governments Pledged revenue obligations payable Interest payable		1,106		103		7,556					
Total liabilities		60,331		36,463		158,124					
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue-property taxes Unavailable revenue-special assessments		47,874		23,586							
Unavailable revenue-intergovernmental											
Total deferred inflows of resources		47,874		23,586							
Fund balances Nonspendable Restricted Assigned		24 8,562,404		234,784		572,464					
Unassigned (Deficit)				(1,472)		(60,104)					
Total fund balances		8,562,428		233,312		512,360					
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	8,670,633	\$	293,361	\$	670,484					

				Special	Reven	ue		
	_	Public Defense		Public Health	_	Recreation District	_	Sheriff's Office
Assets Cash and investments Cash and investments held by trustee Receivables (net of allowance for	\$	276,371	\$	1,089,138	\$	214,631	\$	1,145,229
uncollectibles): Property taxes Accounts receivable Special assessments Due from:				75,154 60,342		20,485		
Other funds Other governments Prepaid items	_	2,715		821,299 2,250				1,945 399,619
Total assets	\$	279,086	\$	2,048,183	\$	235,116	\$	1,546,793
Liabilities	•		•				•	
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and employee benefits Due to:	\$	356	\$	107,047 18,186			\$	28,790 9,414
Other funds Other governments Pledged revenue obligations payable Interest payable				252,007 6,200				23,732
Total liabilities		356		383,440				61,936
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue-property taxes Unavailable revenue-special				59,864				
assessments Unavailable revenue-intergovernmental				293,503	\$	17,656		51,869
Total deferred inflows of resources				353,367		17,656		51,869
Fund balances Nonspendable Restricted Assigned		278,730		2,250 3,848,753		217,460		1,483,020
Unassigned (Deficit)		070 700		(2,539,627)		047.400		(50,032)
Total fund balances Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	278,730 279,086	\$	1,311,376 2,048,183	\$	217,460 235,116	\$	1,432,988 1,546,793
	<u> </u>	- 1	<u> </u>	, -,	<u> </u>	-, -	<u> </u>	, -, -,

				Debt Service				
A 4-		Special Districts		perintendent of Schools		Workforce Innovation & pportunity Act	General Government	
Assets Cash and investments Cash and investments held by trustee Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Property taxes	\$	744,954	\$	1,740,011	\$	2,501	\$	589,348 2,013,014
Accounts receivable Special assessments Due from: Other funds		2,506		10,091				
Other governments						398,665		
Prepaid items Total assets	\$	747,460	\$	1,750,102	\$	401,166	\$	2,602,362
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll and employee benefits Due to:	\$	1,417	\$	1,060	\$	35,930 4,816		
Other funds Other governments Pledged revenue obligations payable Interest payable						388,524 53,872	\$	1,585,000 428,014
Total liabilities		1,417		1,060		483,142		2,013,014
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue-property taxes Unavailable revenue-special								
assessments Unavailable revenue-intergovernmental		2,000						
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,000			. <u> </u>			
Fund balances Nonspendable Restricted Assigned		744,043		1,450,404 298,638		43,396		589,348
Unassigned (Deficit)				-		(125,372)		
Total fund balances Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		744,043		1,749,042		(81,976)		589,348
resources and fund balances	\$	747,460	\$	1,750,102	\$	401,166	\$	2,602,362

	D	ebt Service		
		Special Districts		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets Cash and investments Cash and investments held by trustee Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	119,170	\$	21,334,039 2,013,014
Property taxes Accounts receivable Special assessments Due from:		17		168,976 71,679 23,008
Other funds Other governments Prepaid items Total assets	\$	110 197	\$	84,175 1,967,765 2,274 25,664,930
Total assets	<u>⊅</u>	119,187	<u> </u>	25,004,930
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll and employee benefits Due to:			\$	394,395 82,934
Other funds Other governments Pledged revenue obligations payable				659,228 99,625 1,585,000
Interest payable Total liabilities				<u>428,014</u> 3,249,196
Deferred Inflows of Resources				101 004
Unavailable revenue-property taxes Unavailable revenue-special assessments	\$	17		131,324 19,673
Unavailable revenue-intergovernmental Total deferred inflows of resources		17		548,393 699,390
Fund balances Nonspendable				2,274
Restricted Assigned Unassigned (Deficit)		119,170		24,270,419 887,986 (3,444,335)
Total fund balances		119,170	_	21,716,344
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	119,187	\$	25,664,930

	Special Revenue										
	Administration	County Attorney	Courts	Environmental and Conservation							
Revenues: Property taxes Special assessments											
Licenses and permits Fines and forfeits Intergovernmental	\$ 480,449	\$	\$	\$ 292,000							
Charges for services Investment earnings	168,989 6,106	134,535 11,826	571,138 9,593	4,127							
Contributions Miscellaneous	600,000 <u>48,148</u>	3,209 122,272	70,852	000 107							
Total revenues	1,303,692	1,404,907	1,273,840	296,127							
Expenditures: Current:											
General government Public Safety Highways and streets	111,961 187,332	1,391,041 53,184	889,976 270,009								
Health and welfare Culture and recreation	252,483										
Education and economic opportunity Environmental and conservation Debt Service: Principal	23,320 92,069			236,347							
Interest and other charges Cost of issuance											
Capital Outlay Total expenditures	<u>29,250</u> 696,415	<u>41,370</u> 1,485,595	<u> </u>	236,347							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	607,277	(80,688)	99,747	59,780							
Other financing sources (uses): Issuance of debt Payment to bond refunding escrow agent Lease agreements											
Sale of capital assets Transfers in	(112 662)	231,556	232,795	(1 500)							
Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	(113,663) (113,663)	(14,793) 216,763	(128,136) 104,659	(1,523) (1,523)							
Net change in fund balances	493,614	136,075	204,406	58,257							
Fund balances, July 1, 2021	68,747	2,542,261	1,778,023	766,680							
Fund balances, June 30, 2022	\$ 562,361	\$ 2,678,336	\$ 1,982,429	\$ 824,937							

	Special Revenue									
	F	lood Control District		Library District	Probation					
Revenues: Property taxes Special assessments Licenses and permits	\$	1,955,383	\$	830,148						
Fines and forfeits Intergovernmental Charges for services		88,884		80,001	\$	1,915,673 358,968				
Investment earnings Contributions Miscellaneous		45,139		1,427 682		3,529				
Total revenues		2,089,406		912,258		2,278,170				
Expenditures: Current: General government Public Safety Highways and streets Health and welfare Culture and recreation Education and economic opportunity Environmental and conservation Debt Service: Principal Interest and other charges Cost of issuance Capital Outlay		871,077		739,092		2,306,762				
Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues		871,077		739,092		2,306,762				
over expenditures		1,218,329		173,166		(28,592)				
Other financing sources (uses): Issuance of debt Payment to bond refunding escrow agent Lease agreements Sale of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)		<u>(3,118)</u> (3,118)		(20,047) (20,047)		3,669 (35,453) (31,784)				
Net change in fund balances		1,215,211		153,119		(60,376)				
Fund balances, July 1, 2021		7,347,217		80,193		572,736				
Fund balances, June 30, 2022	\$	8,562,428	\$	233,312	\$	512,360				

	Special Revenue											
		Public Defense		Public Health		Recreation District		Sheriff's Office				
Revenues: Property taxes Special assessments Licenses and permits			\$	2,092,180 236,305	\$	169,152						
Fines and forfeits Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$	26,372		65 2,562,510 42,667			\$	583,419 1,637,262 35,123				
Investment earnings Contributions		1,476		14,225 16,416		1,136		5,046				
Miscellaneous Total revenues		27,848		181,726 5,146,094		1,050 171,338		37,251 2,298,101				
Expenditures: Current:												
General government Public Safety Highways and streets		70,965						1,263,918				
Health and welfare Culture and recreation Education and economic opportunity Environmental and conservation Debt Service:				5,304,382		153,311						
Principal		1,335 134		11,694 421				16,105 444				
Interest and other charges Cost of issuance		154										
Capital Outlay Total expenditures		72,434		9,294 5,325,791		153,311		308,635 1,589,102				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(44,586)		(179,697)		18,027		708,999				
Other financing sources (uses): Issuance of debt Payment to bond refunding escrow agent												
Lease agreements Sale of capital assets				46,642				3,550				
Transfers in Transfers out		62,978		109,820 (303,601)				(5,223)				
Total other financing sources (uses)		62,978		(147,139)				(1,673)				
Net change in fund balances		18,392		(326,836)		18,027		707,326				
Fund balances, July 1, 2021		260,338		1,638,212		199,433		725,662				
Fund balances, June 30, 2022	\$	278,730	\$	1,311,376	\$	217,460	\$	1,432,988				

	Special Revenue						Debt Service		
		Special Districts	Sup	erintendent of Schools		Workforce Innovation & Opportunity Act		General Government	
Revenues:									
Property taxes									
Special assessments	\$	46,311							
Licenses and permits									
Fines and forfeits									
Intergovernmental			\$	3,648,773	\$	1,631,554			
Charges for services									
Investment earnings		1,178		4,156			\$	308	
Contributions									
Miscellaneous		25,357		482,033					
Total revenues		72,846		4,134,962		1,631,554		308	
Expenditures: Current:									
General government									
Public Safety									
Highways and streets		68,938							
Health and welfare									
Culture and recreation									
Education and economic opportunity				3,658,894		1,446,900			
Environmental and conservation									
Debt Service:									
Principal								1,585,000	
Interest and other charges								616,864	
Cost of issuance								677,335	
Capital Outlay									
Total expenditures		68,938		3,658,894		1,446,900		2,879,199	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		3,908		476,068		184,654		(2,878,891)	
over experiatures		3,900		470,000		104,004		(2,070,091)	
Other financing sources (uses):								40 500 000	
Issuance of debt Payment to bond refunding escrow								16,560,000	
agent								(16,184,920)	
Lease agreements									
Sale of capital assets									
Transfers in								2,201,646	
Transfers out						(12,036)			
Total other financing sources (uses)						(12,036)	_	2,576,726	
Net change in fund balances		3,908		476,068		172,618		(302,165)	
Fund balances, July 1, 2021		740,135		1,272,974		(254,594)		891,513	
Fund balances, June 30, 2022	\$	744,043	\$	1,749,042	\$	(81,976)	\$	589,348	
	<u>*</u>	1,0 10	<u>Ψ</u>	1,1 10,012	Ψ	(01,010)	<u>Ψ</u>		

	[Debt Service		
				Total
				Nonmajor
		Special		Governmental
_		Districts		Funds
Revenues:			¢	4 077 744
Property taxes			\$	4,877,711
Special assessments				215,463
Licenses and permits Fines and forfeits				236,305
				966,941
Intergovernmental				13,735,343 1,311,420
Charges for services Investment earnings	\$	690		109,962
Contributions	φ	090		619,625
Miscellaneous				969,371
Total revenues		690		23,042,141
Total revenues		030		23,042,141
Expenditures:				
Ċurrent:				
General government				2,463,943
Public Safety				4,081,205
Highways and streets				68,938
Health and welfare				5,556,865
Culture and recreation				892,403
Education and economic opportunity				5,129,114
Environmental and conservation				1,199,493
Debt Service:				
Principal				1,614,134
Interest and other charges				617,863
Cost of issuance				677,335
Capital Outlay				402,657
Total expenditures				22,703,950
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		690		228 101
over expenditures		090		338,191
Other financing sources (uses):				
Issuance of debt				16,560,000
Payment to bond refunding escrow				-,
agent				(16,184,920)
Lease agreements				46,642
Sale of capital assets				3,550
Transfers in				2,842,464
Transfers out				(637,593)
Total other financing sources (uses)				2,630,143
Net change in fund balances		690		2,968,334
		000		_,,
Fund balances, July 1, 2021		118,480		18,748,010
Fund balances, June 30, 2022	\$	119,170	\$	21,716,344

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue - Administration Year Ended June 30, 2022

Devenues		Original Budget		0			 Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment earnings Contributions	\$	2,619,319 157,000 8,400	\$	2,619,319 157,000 8,400	\$ 480,449 168,989 6,106 600,000	\$	(2,138,870) 11,989 (2,294) 600,000			
Miscellaneous Total revenues		1,000,000 3,784,719		1,000,000 3,784,719	 <u>48,148</u> 1,303,692		(951,852) (2,481,027)			
Expenditures: General government Public safety Health and welfare Education and economic		4,478,087 20,000		4,478,087 20,000	111,961 187,332 252,483		4,366,126 (167,332) (252,483)			
opportunity Environmental and conservation Capital Outlay Total expenditures		<u>335,071</u> 4,833,158		<u>335,071</u> 4,833,158	 23,320 92,069 29,250 696,415		(23,320) (92,069) <u>305,821</u> 4,136,743			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(1,048,439)		(1,048,439)	 607,277		1,655,716			
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)		(15,961) (15,961)		(15,961) (15,961)	 (113,663) (113,663)		<u>(97,702)</u> (97,702)			
Net change in fund balances		(1,064,400)		(1,064,400)	493,614		1,558,014			
Fund balances, July 1, 2021 Fund balances, June 30, 2022	\$	68,747 (995,653)	\$	68,747 (995,653)	\$ 68,747 562,361	\$	1,558,014			

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue - County Attorney Year Ended June 30, 2022

_	 Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Fines and forfeits Intergovernmental	\$ 232,024 1,140,780	\$ 232,024 1,140,780	\$ 346,374 786.691	\$	114,350 (354,089)
Charges for services	63,270	63,270	134,535		71,265
Investment earnings	5,850	5,850	11,826		5,976
Contributions Miscellaneous	210,040	210,040	3,209 122.272		3,209
Total revenues	 1,651,964	 1,651,964	 1,404,907		<u>(87,768)</u> (247,057)
Total revenues	 1,001,004	 1,001,004	 1,404,007		(2+1,001)
Expenditures:					
General government	3,959,523	3,959,523	1,391,041		2,568,482
Public safety	73,136	73,136	53,184		19,952
Capital Outlay	 250,065	 250,065	 41,370		208,695
Total expenditures	 4,282,724	 4,282,724	 1,485,595		2,797,129
Excess (deficiency) of					
revenues					
over expenditures	 (2,630,760)	 (2,630,760)	 (80,688)		2,550,072
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	251,024	251,024	231,556		(19,468)
Transfers out	 (12,600)	 (12,600)	 (14,793)		(2,193 <u>)</u>
Total other financing sources			 		(0 / 0 0 /)
(uses)	 238,424	 238,424	 216,763		(21,661)
Net change in fund balances	(2,392,336)	(2,392,336)	136,075		2,528,411
Fund balances, July 1, 2021	 2,542,261	 2,542,261	 2,542,261	_	
Fund balances, June 30, 2022	\$ 149,925	\$ 149,925	\$ 2,678,336	\$	2,528,411

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue - Courts Year Ended June 30, 2022

D	 Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Fines and forfeits Intergovernmental	\$ 46,456 705,626	\$ 46,456 705.626	\$ 37,083 585,174	\$ (9,373) (120,452)
Charges for services	581,387	581,387	571,138	(120,432) (10,249)
Investment earnings	3,350	3,350	9,593	6,243
Miscellaneous	9,000	9,000	70,852	61,852
Total revenues	 1,345,819	 1,345,819	 1,273,840	 (71,979)
Expenditures:				
General government	2,653,666	2,653,666	889,976	1,763,690
Public safety	184,206	184,206	270,009	(85,803)
Capital Outlay	 129,016	 129,016	 14,108	 114,908
Total expenditures	 2,966,888	 2,966,888	 1,174,093	 1,792,795
Excess (deficiency) of				
revenues over expenditures	(1,621,069)	(1,621,069)	99,747	1,720,816
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	407 004	407.004	000 705	(005,000)
Transfers out	467,801 (346,981)	467,801	232,795	(235,006)
Total other financing sources	 (340,901)	 (346,981)	 (128,136)	 218,845
(uses)	 120,820	 120,820	 104,659	 (16,161)
Net change in fund balances	(1,500,249)	(1,500,249)	204,406	1,704,655
Fund balances, July 1, 2021	 1,778,023	 1,778,023	 1,778,023	
Fund balances, June 30, 2022	\$ 277,774	\$ 277,774	\$ 1,982,429	\$ 1,704,655

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue - Environmental and Conservation Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Intergovernmental Investment earnings Total revenues	\$ 286,000 7,500 293,500	\$ 286,000 7,500 293,500	\$ 292,000 4,127 296,127	\$ 6,000 (3,373) 2,627
Expenditures: General government Environmental and conservation Capital Outlay Total expenditures	1,078,533 5,000 1,083,533	1,078,533 5,000 1,083,533	236,347	1,078,533 (236,347) 5,000 847,186
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures Other financing sources (uses):	(790,033)	(790,033)	59,780	849,813
Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)			(1,523)	(1,523)
Net change in fund balances	(790,033)	(790,033)	58,257	848,290
Fund balances, July 1, 2021 Fund balances, June 30, 2022	766,680 \$ (23,353)	766,680 \$ (23,353)	766,680 \$ 824,937	\$ 848,290

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue - Flood Control District Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual Amounts	/ariance with Final Budget
Revenues: Property taxes Intergovernmental Investment earnings	\$ 1,951,740 80,936	\$ 1,951,740 80,936	\$ 1,955,383 88,884 45,139	\$ 3,643 88,884 (35,797)
Total revenues Expenditures:	 2,032,676	 2,032,676	 2,089,406	 56,730
Environmental and conservation Capital Outlay Total expenditures	 1,359,605 7,271,179 8,630,784	 1,359,605 7,271,179 8,630,784	 666,634	 692,971 7,271,179 7,964,150
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (6,598,108)	 (6,598,108)	 1,422,772	 8,020,880
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out	 (404,443)	 (404,443)	 (207,561)	 196,882
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (404,443)	 (404,443)	 (207,561)	 196,882
Net change in fund balances	(7,002,551)	(7,002,551)	1,215,211	8,217,762
Fund balances, July 1, 2021 Fund balances, June 30, 2022	\$ 7,347,217 344,666	\$ 7,347,217 344,666	\$ 7,347,217 8,562,428	\$ 8,217,762

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue - Library District Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 Original Budget	_	Final Budget	 Actual Amounts	-	ariance with inal Budget
Revenues: Property taxes Intergovernmental Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 861,347 45,260 1,200 <u>19,920</u> 927,727	\$	861,347 45,260 1,200 19,920 927,727	\$ 830,148 80,001 1,427 682 912,258	\$	(31,199) 34,741 227 (19,238) (15,469)
Expenditures: Culture and recreation Capital Outlay Total expenditures	 528,492 128,100 656,592		528,492 128,100 656,592	 538,487 538,487		(9,995) <u>128,100</u> 118,105
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 271,135		271,135	 373,771		102,636
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	 (300,605) (300,605)		(300,605) (300,605)	 (220,652) (220,652)		79,953 79,953
Net change in fund balances	(29,470)		(29,470)	153,119		182,589
Fund balances, July 1, 2021 Fund balances, June 30, 2022	\$ 80,193 50,723	\$	80,193 50,723	\$ 80,193 233,312	\$	182,589

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue - Probation Year Ended June 30, 2022

_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment earnings Total revenues	\$ 2,138,005 310,500 3,835 2,452,340	\$ 2,138,005 310,500 3,835 2,452,340	\$ 1,915,673 358,968 3,529 2,278,170	\$ (222,332) 48,468 (306) (174,170)
Expenditures: Public safety Total expenditures	3,016,542 3,016,542	3,016,542 3,016,542	2,306,762 2,306,762	709,780 709,780
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(564,202)	(564,202)	(28,592)	535,610
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out	3,974	3,974	3,669 (35,453)	(305) (35,453)
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,974	3,974	(31,784)	(35,758)
Net change in fund balances	(560,228)	(560,228)	(60,376)	499,852
Fund balances, July 1, 2021 Fund balances, June 30, 2022	572,736 \$ 12,508	<u>572,736</u> <u>\$12,508</u>	572,736 \$512,360	\$ 499,852

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue - Public Defense Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Final Actual Budget Budget Amounts			Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 16,000	\$ 16,000	\$ 26,372	\$ 10,372	
Investment earnings	2,200	2,200	1,476	(724)	
Total revenues	18,200	18,200	27,848	9,648	
Expenditures:					
General government	249,957	249,957	70,965	178,992	
Principal			1,335	(1,335)	
Interest and other charges			134	(134)	
Capital Outlay	6,000	6,000		6,000	
Total expenditures	255,957	255,957	72,434	183,523	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(237,757)	(237,757)	(44,586)	193,171	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	15,765	15,765	62,978	47,213	
Total other financing sources	·	·	· · · · ·	·	
(uses)	15,765	15,765	62,978	47,213	
Net change in fund balances	(221,992)	(221,992)	18,392	240,384	
Fund balances, July 1, 2021	260,338	260,338	260,338		
Fund balances, June 30, 2022	\$ 38,346	\$ 38,346	\$ 278,730	\$ 240,384	

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue - Public Health Year Ended June 30, 2022

D		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Property taxes	\$	2,155,646	\$	2,155,646	\$	2,092,180	\$	(63,466)
Licenses and permits	φ	2,135,040 95,000	φ	2,135,040 95,000	φ	236,305	φ	141,305
Fines and forfeits		33,000		33,000		65		65
Intergovernmental		3,077,008		3,077,008		2,562,510		(514,498)
Charges for services		32,000		32,000		42,667		10,667
Investment earnings		4,650		4,650		14,225		9,575
Contributions		12,850		12,850		16,416		3,566
Miscellaneous		138,780		138,780		181,726		42,946
Total revenues		5,515,934		5,515,934		5,146,094		(369,840)
Expenditures:								
Health and welfare		6,630,992		6,630,992		4,983,382		1,647,610
Principal		0,000,002		0,000,002		11,694		(11,694)
Interest and other charges						421		(421)
Capital Outlay		530,959		530,959		9,294		521,665
Total expenditures		7,161,951		7,161,951		5,004,791		2,157,160
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		(1,646,017)		(1,646,017)		141,303		1,787,320
over expenditures		(1,040,017)		(1,040,017)		141,505		1,707,320
Other financing sources (uses):								
Lease agreements						46,642		46,642
Transfers in		838,838		838,838		109,820		(729,018)
Transfers out	. <u> </u>	(552,702)		(552,702)		(624,601)		(71,899)
Total other financing sources (uses)		286,136		286,136		(468,139)		(754,275)
Net change in fund balances		(1,359,881)		(1,359,881)		(326,836)		1,033,045
Fund balances, July 1, 2021		1,638,212		1,638,212		1,638,212		
Fund balances, June 30, 2022	\$	278,331	\$	278,331	\$	1,311,376	\$	1,033,045
, ,	-	-,	-	-,	-	,- ,	-	,,

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue - Recreation District Year Ended June 30, 2022

_	 Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual Amounts	/ariance with Final Budget
Revenues: Property taxes Special assessments	\$ 175,420	\$ 175,420	\$ 169,152	\$ (175,420) 169,152
Investment earnings	1,600	1,600	1,136	(464)
Miscellaneous	7,500	7,500	1,050	(6,450)
Total revenues	 184,520	 184,520	 171,338	 (13,182)
Expenditures:				
General government	331,520	331,520		331,520
Culture and recreation			153,311	(153,311)
Capital Outlay	3,000	3,000		3,000
Total expenditures	 334,520	 334,520	 153,311	 181,209
Net change in fund balances	(150,000)	(150,000)	18,027	168,027
Fund balances, July 1, 2021	199,433	199,433	199,433	
Fund balances, June 30, 2022	\$ 49,433	\$ 49,433	\$ 217,460	\$ 168,027

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue - Sheriff's Office Year Ended June 30, 2022

D		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:	¢	500.000	¢	500.000	¢	502 440	¢	00.440
Fines and forfeits	\$	500,000	\$	500,000	\$	583,419	\$	83,419
Intergovernmental		1,181,963		1,181,963		1,637,262		455,299
Charges for services		42,336		42,336		35,123		(7,213)
Investment earnings		3,370		3,370		5,046		1,676
Miscellaneous		53,177		53,177		37,251		(15,926)
Total revenues		1,780,846		1,780,846		2,298,101		517,255
Expenditures:								
Public safety		1,841,840		1,841,840		1,263,918		577,922
Principal		.,		.,,		16,105		(16,105)
Interest and other charges						444		(444)
Capital Outlay		460,433		460,433		308,635		151,798
Total expenditures		2,302,273		2,302,273		1,589,102		713,171
Excess (deficiency) of								
revenues								
over expenditures	_	(521,427)		(521,427)	_	708,999		1,230,426
Other financing sources (uses):								
Sale of capital assets						3,550		3,550
Transfers in		59,708		59,708		(=		(59,708)
Transfers out		(59,708)		(59,708)		(5,223)		54,485
Total other financing sources						(4.070)		(4.070)
(uses)				<u> </u>		(1,673)		(1,673)
Net change in fund balances		(521,427)		(521,427)		707,326		1,228,753
Fund balances, July 1, 2021		725,662		725,662		725,662		
Fund balances, June 30, 2022	\$	204,235	\$	204,235	\$	1,432,988	\$	1,228,753
. ,				,		. ,		

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue - Special Districts Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts	-	ariance with inal Budget
Revenues: Property taxes	\$	36,361	\$	36,361	\$		\$	(36,361)
Special assessments	φ	30,301	φ	50,501	φ	46.311	φ	46.311
Investment earnings		700		700		1,178		40,311
Miscellaneous		15,000		15,000		25,357		10,357
Total revenues		52,061		52,061		72,846		20,785
Expenditures:								
General government		631,561		631,561				631,561
Highways and streets		131,537		131,537		68,938		62,599
Principal		31,061		31,061				31,061
Total expenditures		794,159		794,159		68,938		725,221
Net change in fund balances		(742,098)		(742,098)		3,908		746,006
Fund balances, July 1, 2021		740,135		740,135		740,135		
Fund balances, June 30, 2022	\$	(1,963)	\$	(1,963)	\$	744,043	\$	746,006

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue - Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Intergovernmental Total revenues	\$2,683,269 2,683,269	\$2,683,269 2,683,269	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ (1,051,715)</u> (1,051,715)
Expenditures: Education and economic opportunity Total expenditures	2,683,269 2,683,269	<u>2,683,269</u> 2,683,269	<u>1,446,900</u> 1,446,900	<u>1,236,369</u> 1,236,369
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures			184,654	184,654
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)			(12,036)	(12,036)
Net change in fund balances			172,618	172,618
Fund balances, July 1, 2021 Fund balances, June 30, 2022	(254,594) \$ (254,594)	(254,594) \$ (254,594)	(254,594) <u>\$ (81,976)</u>	<u>\$ 172,618</u>

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Debt Service - General Government Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:				
Investment earnings	\$	\$	\$ 308	\$ 308
Total revenues			308	308
Expenditures:				
Principal	1,267,035	1,267,035	1,585,000	(317,965)
Interest and other charges	110,720	110,720	616,864	(506,144)
Cost of issuance		800,000	677,335	122,665
Total expenditures	1,377,755	2,177,755	2,879,199	(701,444)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(1,377,755)	(2,177,755)	(2,878,891)	(701,136)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Issuance of debt			16.560.000	16,560,000
Payment to bond refunding escrow			,	,,
agent		(16,200,000)	(16,184,920)	15,080
Transfers in	1,377,755	1,377,755	2,201,646	823,891
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,377,755	(14,822,245)	2,576,726	17,398,971
Net change in fund balances		(17,000,000)	(302,165)	16,697,835
Fund balances, July 1, 2021	891,513	891,513	891,513	
Fund balances, June 30, 2022	\$ 891,513	\$ (16,108,487)	\$ 589,348	\$ 16,697,835

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Debt Service - Special Districts Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Investment earnings Total revenues	\$	\$	\$ <u>690</u> 690	\$ <u>690</u> 690
Expenditures: Principal Total expenditures	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Net change in fund balances	(109,163)	(109,163)	690	109,853
Fund balances, July 1, 2021 Fund balances, June 30, 2022	<u>118,480</u> \$ 9,317	<u>118,480</u> \$ 9,317	<u>118,480</u> \$119,170	\$ 109,853

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Combining and Individual Fund Statements

Fiduciary Funds



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Navajo County, Arizona Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Private Purpose Trust Funds June 30, 2022

<u>Assets</u>	Irrevo	ocable Burial Trust	olic Fiduciary Trust Fund	Total Private Purpose Trust Funds				
Cash and investments	\$	99,541	\$ 1,265,863	\$	1,365,404			
Total assets	\$	99,541	\$ 1,265,863	\$	1,365,404			
Net Position								
Restricted for:								
Individuals, organizations, and other								
governments	\$	99,541	\$ 1,265,863	\$	1,365,404			
Total Net Position	\$	99,541	\$ 1,265,863	\$	1,365,404			

Navajo County, Arizona Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Private Purpose Trust Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Irrev	ocable Burial Trust	olic Fiduciary Trust Fund	Total Private Purpose Trust Funds			
Additions							
Investment earnings	\$	548	\$ 6,965	\$	7,513		
Other		6,985	1,453,058		1,460,043		
Total additions	\$	7,533	\$ 1,460,023	\$	1,467,556		
Deductions							
Other	\$	10,100	\$ 1,503,621	\$	1,513,721		
Total deductions	\$	10,100	\$ 1,503,621	\$	1,513,721		
Change in net position	\$	(2,567)	\$ (43,598)	\$	(46,165)		
Net position as restated, July 1, 2021	\$	102,108	\$ 1,309,461	\$	1,411,569		
Net position, June 30, 2022	\$	99,541	\$ 1,265,863	\$	1,365,404		

Navajo County Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds June 30, 2022

	External Investment Pool						Other										
	Community School College Districts District Fire Districts		re Districts	Other Governmental Total External Entities Investment Pool		Property Tax Collection		Special Purpose		Non-County External Bank Accounts			otal Other				
<u>Assets</u> Cash and investments Property tax receivable for	\$ 155,645,933	\$	75,483,435	\$	9,105,314	\$	12,428,503	\$	252,663,185	\$	132,795	\$	632,657	\$	1,344,949	\$	2,110,401
other governments Interest receivable	417,446		190,440		22,972		31,356		662,214		2,823,685					\$ \$	2,823,685 -
Total assets	\$ 156,063,379	\$	75,673,875	\$	9,128,286	\$	12,459,859	\$	253,325,399	\$	2,956,480	\$	632,657	\$	1,344,949	\$	4,934,086
Liabilities Property tax payable to other governments										\$	132,795					\$	132,795
Total liabilities		_		_		_		_		\$	132,795			_		\$	132,795
<u>Net Position</u> Restricted for: Pool Participants Individuals, organizations and	\$ 156,063,379	\$	75,673,875	\$	9,128,286	\$	12,459,859	\$	253,325,399								
other governments Total net position	\$ 156,063,379	\$	75,673,875	\$	9,128,286	\$	12,459,859	\$	253,325,399	\$ \$	2,823,685	\$ \$	632,657 632,657	\$ \$	1,344,949 1,344,949	\$ \$	4,801,291 4,801,291
		_															

Navajo County Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	External Investment Pool							Other								
	School Districts	Community College District	Fire Districts	G	Other overnmental Entities	Inv	Total External vestment Pool		operty Tax Collection	Special Purpose		Non-County External Bank Accounts		٦	Total Other	
Additions: Contributions from pool participants Property tax collections for other governments Fines and fees collections for other governments	\$ 257,075,907	\$ 35,921,897	\$ 19,971,795	\$	2,056,925	\$	315,026,524	\$	79,621,494	\$	1,896,908			\$	79,621,494	
Fines and fees collections for victims Investment earnings Inmate collections Other	1,340,888	485,804	75,908		103,613		2,006,213				3,678 3,505,572	\$	1,994,168 1,460,358 3,725,278		1,994,168 3,678 1,460,358 7,230,850	
Total additions	\$ 258,416,795	\$ 36,407,701	\$ 20,047,703	\$	2,160,538	\$	317,032,737	\$	79,621,494	\$	5,406,158	\$	7,179,804	\$	92,207,456	
Deductions: Distributions to pool participants Property tax distributions to other governments Fines and fees distributions to other	\$ 257,004,449		\$ 18,361,144	\$	1,111,414	\$	276,477,007	\$	79,401,518					\$	79,401,518	
governments Restitution and reimbursement payments to victims Payments to inmates Other										\$	1,896,596 3,384,550	\$	1,614,518 1,455,546 3,589,288	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,896,596 - 1,614,518 1,455,546 6,973,838	
Total deductions	\$ 257,004,449	\$ -	\$ 18,361,144	\$	1,111,414	\$	276,477,007	\$	79,401,518	\$	5,281,146	\$	6,659,352	\$	91,342,016	
Change in net position Net position, July 1, 2021	\$ 1,412,346 <u>\$ 154,651,033</u>	\$ 36,407,701 <u>\$ 39,266,174</u>	\$ 1,686,559 <u>\$ 7,441,727</u>	\$	1,049,124 11,410,735	\$	40,555,730 212,769,669	\$	219,976 2,603,709	\$	125,012 507,645	\$	520,452 824,497	\$	865,440 3,935,851	
Net position, June 30, 2022	\$ 156,063,379	\$ 75,673,875	\$ 9,128,286	\$	12,459,859	\$	253,325,399	\$	2,823,685	\$	632,657	\$	1,344,949	\$	4,801,291	

Statistical Section



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Navajo County Listing of Statistical Information

This part of the Navajo County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Financial Trends - Schedules on pages 123 through 129

Financial trend schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity - Schedules on pages 130 through 133

Revenue capacity schedules present information to help the reader assess the County's most significant revenue sources.

Debt Capacity - Schedules on pages 134 through 138

Debt Capacity schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt.

Demographic and Economic Information - Schedules on pages 139 through 140 Demographic and Economic information schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.

Operating Information - Schedules on pages 141 through 144

Operating information schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial report for the relevant year.

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Navajo County Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017
Governmental activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position	\$	56,759,014 25,924,806 8,028,698 90,712,518	\$	62,616,821 24,056,612 4,454,331 91,127,764	\$	60,649,846 23,521,625 (51,230,312) 32,941,159	\$	59,210,246 24,226,548 (53,540,230) 29,896,564	\$	56,729,385 27,519,091 (57,988,587) 26,259,889
rotal governmental activities het position	Ф	90,712,516	þ	91,127,704	þ	32,941,159	φ	29,090,304	þ	20,239,009
				Fiscal Year						
		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
Governmental activities: Net investment in capital assets	\$	55,036,226	\$	53,427,360	\$	53,427,360	\$	52,683,191	\$	51,907,432
Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	Ψ	29,179,272 (62,383,097)	Ψ	31,085,279 (47,979,330)	Ψ	38,510,287 (38,070,575)	Ψ	48,074,074 (30,263,514)	Ψ	53,477,095 (15,495,861)
Total governmental activities net position	\$	21,832,401	\$	36,533,309	\$	53,867,072	\$	70,493,751	\$	89,888,666

* Capital assets were restated for reclassification of capitalized feasibiliy study costs on Winslow Levee to non-capitalized expenses in fiscal year 2019.

Navajo County Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year								
		2013		2014		2015		2016	
Expenses:									
General government	\$	20,944,578	\$	22,213,348	\$	31,968,411	\$	29,716,664	
Public safety (Note 2)		19,728,986		17,393,343		17,313,998		17,562,220	
Highways and streets		10,935,566		9,534,493		11,190,411		12,008,267	
Health and welfare		7,734,191		8,039,343		7,956,284		8,350,410	
Culture and recreation		788,127		694,108		665,292		798,683	
Education and economic opportunity		5,498,285		6,190,399		5,669,487		5,479,786	
Environmental and conservation		303,402		329,829		211,478		247,622	
Urban redevelopment and housing		42,701		365,994		73,852		16,887	
Interest on long-term debt		527,044		487,808		802,936		503,684	
Total governmental activities expenses		66,502,880		65,248,665		75,852,149		74,684,223	
Program Revenues:									
Charges for services:									
General government		3,649,106		3,537,721		5,079,224		5,400,182	
Public Safety		1,146,080		919,746		1,390,048		1,549,821	
Highway and streets		12,171		252,982		100,758		432,421	
Health and welfare		243,393		329,602		274,262		333,306	
Culture and recreation		210,000		020,002		21 1,202		166,881	
Education and economic opportunity								100,001	
Operating grants and contributions:									
General government		1,966,176		2,700,852		3,613,033		3,945,966	
Public Safety		4,500,832		3,976,671		3,715,424		4,911,950	
Highway and streets		4,000,002		0,070,071		0,710,424		4,011,000	
Health and welfare		2,500,943		2,820,717		2,898,998		2,770,719	
Culture and recreation		129,282		149,666		128,945		61,754	
Education and economic opportunity		4,327,485		5,266,695		4,488,394		5,034,340	
Environmental and conservation		301,660		534,722		411,987		364,692	
Urban redevelopment and housing		40,823		376,628		62,860		10,000	
Capital grants and contributions:		40,023		370,020		02,000		10,000	
General government									
Public Safety Highway and streets		9,690,517		9,565,055		11 121 116		11 571 167	
o ,						11,431,446		11,571,167	
Total governmental activities program revenues		28,508,468		30,431,057		33,595,379		36,553,199	
Net (Expense) Revenue	\$	(37,994,412)	\$	(34,817,608)	\$	(42,256,770)	\$	(38,131,024)	
General Revenues:									
Property taxes	\$	11,924,765	\$	11,704,948	\$	12,536,351	\$	12,531,782	
Special assessments (see Note 1)		502,434		542,526		507,456			
General county sales tax		6,239,089		6,667,433		6,674,867		6,365,510	
Jail District sales tax									
State shared revenues		12,024,496		12,773,729		12,964,950		13,125,229	
Payment in lieu of taxes		1,430,914		1,538,954		1,406,936		1,547,382	
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific		, , -		, ,		, ,		,- ,	
programs									
Investment earnings		(109,711)		453,017		195,437		165,384	
Capital contributions		(100,711)		400,017		100,407		6,980	
Gain on disposal of capital assets		52,473		96,640		35.974		2,995	
Miscellaneous		892,976		1,455,607		1,072,052		1,341,167	
Transfers		002,010		1,+00,007		1,012,002		1,071,107	
Total general revenues and transfers		32,957,436		35,232,854		35,394,023		35,086,429	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,									
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$	(5,036,976)	\$	415,246	\$	(6,862,747)	\$	(3,044,595)	

Note 1: The County reclassified special assessments revenue from general revenue to program revenue beginning in FY 2016. Note 2: The County reclassified capitalized feasibility study costs on Winslow Levee to non-capitalized expenses in FY 2019.

Navajo County Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year											
 2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022	
\$ 32,717,374 18,067,230 10,710,700 8,362,293 790,379 4,297,521 303,270 165,114 461,083 75,874,964	\$	33,836,072 19,657,838 11,773,357 8,079,274 781,287 5,042,013 417,465 - - 426,770 80,014,076	\$	19,039,794 15,006,970 13,019,136 6,998,047 834,993 3,896,117 330,778 - - 388,013 59,513,848	\$	19,717,997 17,389,682 13,428,606 7,867,404 906,722 4,702,040 261,874 27,500 349,744 64,651,569	\$	24,839,724 19,619,517 13,900,151 9,408,467 821,881 6,069,282 1,066,890 471,100 357,988 76,555,000	\$	26,497,535 21,839,924 16,552,646 9,689,676 907,761 5,604,230 1,198,343 - - 617,969 82,908,084	
4,780,321 1,285,569 330,585 319,505 151,137		4,848,807 1,261,016 206,020 224,395 156,091		4,842,304 1,422,243 107,296 190,212 158,428		5,788,697 1,055,010 70,358 190,946 156,658 36,000		7,474,687 293,119 80,575 228,338 174,077		6,528,177 1,472,456 44,625 280,752 175,081 2,750	
3,794,242 4,571,216 2,901,048 68,388 3,450,856 317,752 458,825		4,230,956 5,433,481 11,947,902 2,857,321 22,532 4,262,294 430,922		2,782,852 4,269,967 13,648,124 1,717,238 73,000 3,488,160 416,520		3,155,642 4,642,893 12,669,984 6,543,708 64,161 4,207,895 398,455 48,639		3,928,599 8,072,282 14,525,824 2,649,620 41,656 4,929,666 337,458 471,100		8,800,566 8,775,763 14,888,939 2,627,282 78,432 5,701,539 475,789	
67,306 12,173,466		5,000 34,303		10,000 154,479 32,890		26,831 67,749 30,900		- 24,741 -		11,634 41,583 -	
 34,670,216		35,921,040		33,313,713		39,154,526		43,231,742		49,905,368	
\$ (41,204,748)	\$	(44,093,036)	\$	(26,200,135)	\$	(25,497,043)	\$	(33,323,258)	\$	(33,002,716)	
\$ 12,131,695 6,534,686 13,730,314 1,532,361	\$	13,004,998 7,381,671 15,105,931 1,644,973	\$	13,061,068 7,792,310 16,037,990 1,653,023	\$	13,179,014 7,597,916 2,228,059 15,984,931 1,680,097	\$	13,223,643 8,292,941 5,415,411 18,732,156 1,664,719	\$	13,124,301 9,056,104 5,932,721 19,684,742 1,754,614	
164,425 9,600		264,616 127,321		598,634 81,300		839,212 81,469		714,866 14,689		460,644 77,291	
1,666,058		1,668,273		1,572,144		1,344,682		1,891,512		2,307,214	
 35,769,139		39,197,783		40,796,469		42,935,380		49,949,937		52,397,631	
\$ (5,435,609)	\$	(4,895,253)	\$	14,596,334	\$	17,438,337	\$	16,626,679	\$	19,394,915	

Navajo County Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year								
	2013	2014	2015	2016					
General fund Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned Total general fund	\$ 2,021,131 3,849,238 \$ 5,870,369	\$ 437,220 2,331,597 3,482,808 \$ 6,251,625	<pre>\$ 1,273,833 2,836,408 3,544,712 \$ 7,654,953</pre>	 \$ 1,612,513 2,535,860 3,523,261 \$ 7,671,634 					
All other governmental funds Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total all other governmental funds	\$ 1,034,772 26,621,136 2,064,946 (13) \$ 29,720,841	\$ 1,114,772 26,720,572 3,288,638 (1,048,472) \$ 30,075,510	\$ 991,663 22,055,581 2,552,485 (1,686,672) \$ 23,913,057	\$ 619,596 23,119,737 966,610 (210,456) \$ 24,495,487					

(Continued)

Navajo County Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year												
	2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		
\$	900,000	\$	896,025	\$	851,503	\$	750,532	\$	725,625				
	,	,	926,206	,	2,767,749		5,930,737	,	8,272,190	\$	9,468,728		
	2,734,436		3,057,549		2,910,684		2,486,750		2,987,378	·	4,160,523		
	4,884,457		8,355,219		14,052,651		18,886,344		29,719,540		35,050,462		
\$	8,518,893	\$	13,234,999	\$	20,582,587	\$	28,054,363	\$	41,704,733	\$	48,679,713		
\$	919,164	\$	817,171	\$	1,189,516	\$	672,643	\$	444,347	\$	454,601		
·	24,928,694	·	26,123,297	·	25,966,488	·	30,036,815		36,584,946	·	40,209,579		
											8,853,216		
	2,182,636		898,747		1,120,057		632,097		118,675		887,986		
	(2,394,741)		(960,780)		(1,454,759)		(690,472)		(2,679,104)		(3,444,335)		
\$	25,635,753	\$	26,878,435	\$	26,821,302	\$	30,651,083	\$	34,468,864	\$	46,961,047		

Navajo County Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		Fisca	l Year	
	2013	2014	2015	2016
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 12,058,648	\$ 11,699,519	\$ 12,565,289	\$ 12,542,649
County sales taxes	400.054	6,667,433	6,674,867	6,365,510
Licenses and permits	469,651	606,269	522,919	604,525
Fines and forfeits	1,539,663	1,247,497	1,789,993	1,492,927
Intergovernmental	43,050,561	39,645,165	40,045,748	42,328,108
Charges for services	3,041,435	3,241,520	9,698,659	10,369,286
Investment earnings	(109,710)	453,017	195,437	165,384
Special assessments	502,434	518,762	491,734	485,708
Contributions	64,512	42,650	43,061	39,962
Miscellaneous	892,976	1,455,607	1,072,052	1,341,167
Total revenues	61,510,170	65,577,439	73,099,759	75,735,226
Expenditures:				
General government	20,746,489	21,296,099	27,228,792	27,475,209
Public safety	17,515,389	17,165,782	16,762,711	18,013,055
Highways and streets	9,583,999	8,446,932	10,245,789	9,949,660
Health and welfare	7,987,610	7,909,342	8,323,596	8,698,408
Culture and recreation	785,901	691,882	702,563	812,461
Education and economic opportunity	5,326,169	6,146,055	5,491,323	5,408,227
Environmental and conservation	303,402	347,079	223,528	266,428
Urban redevelopment and housing	42,701	365,994	73,852	16,887
Debt service:				
Principal	676,779	821,698	2,737,814	1,529,333
Interest and other charges	527,044	461,413	802,936	503,684
Bond Issuance Costs	115,290	75,464		
Capital outlay	1,469,268	7,613,324	5,207,816	2,093,691
Total expenditures	65,080,041	71,341,064	77,800,720	74,767,043
Excess(deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	(3,569,871)	(5,763,625)	(4,700,961)	968,183
Other financing sources (uses):				
Revenue bonds issued	8,500,000	10,625,000		
Premium on refunding bonds				
Payment to bond refunding escrow agent	(4,345,000)	(4,806,395)		
Capital lease/installment purchase agreements	146,994	488,368		
Lease agrrements				
Special assessment bonds issued				
Sale of capital assets	78,863	98,822	64,945	2,995
Transfers in	10,157,899	7,753,432	5,625,009	4,218,192
Transfers out	(10,157,899)	(7,753,432)	(5,625,009)	(4,218,192)
Total other financing sources and uses	4,380,857	6,405,795	64,945	2,995
Net change in fund balances	\$ 810,986	\$ 642,170	\$ (4,636,016)	\$ 971,178
Ratio of total debt service expenditures to				
non-capital expenditures	1.89%	2.01%	4.88%	2.80%
				(Continued)

(Continued)

Navajo County Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year												
	2017	2	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		
•	10 100 055	• • • •	050 400	•	10.055.004	•	40.004.470	•	40.075.070	•	40.000.040		
\$	12,133,955		2,959,490	\$	13,055,634	\$	13,204,479	\$	13,375,972	\$	12,982,348		
	6,534,686	(7,381,671		7,792,310		9,825,975		13,708,352		14,988,825		
	567,951		379,350		649,663		666,049		1,009,632		889,154		
	1,339,324		653,066		1,243,574		972,816		1,365,181		1,533,251		
	41,900,493		910,721		44,787,023		48,668,351		54,361,876		62,063,879		
	9,280,867		,123,924		11,407,186		12,017,625		5,627,547 714,866		5,863,631		
	164,425 488,962	12	2,076,377 264,616		598,635 341,186		839,212 228,599		266,409		460,644 215,463		
	488,902 38,784		50,624		341,180		19,013		200,409 629,400		215,405 619,625		
	1,666,057	1	,668,273		1,431,541		1,344,682		1,891,512		2,307,214		
	74,115,504		,468,112		81,342,470		87,786,801		92,950,747		101,924,034		
	74,113,304	0	7,400,112		01,342,470		07,700,001		92,930,747		101,924,034		
	29,089,321	28	8,518,557		28,044,516		26,282,745		23,232,898		25,523,776		
	17,667,900	16	6,889,504		17,768,169		18,845,097		18,369,271		21,660,861		
	9,187,604	10	,160,928		11,952,348		11,106,769		10,598,751		13,450,391		
	8,676,682	8	8,788,365		7,771,247		8,507,369		9,392,882		9,683,695		
	803,616		839,205		900,142		933,995		807,140		892,403		
	4,241,865	5	6,058,368		4,345,728		4,932,764		5,942,803		5,468,865		
	322,770		441,264		361,453		284,339		1,068,040		1,199,493		
	165,114						27,500		471,100		-		
	1,571,917	1	,314,262		1,328,794		1,298,229		1,285,182		1,615,275		
	461,083		426,770		388,013		349,744		357,988		617,969		
	,						,		230,601		677,335		
	1,608,272	2	2,651,159		1,613,870		3,521,344		3,785,024		2,322,614		
	73,796,144	75	5,088,382		74,474,280		76,089,895		75,541,680		83,112,677		
	319,360	5	5,379,730		6,868,190		11,696,906		17,409,067		18,811,357		
									9,535,000		16,560,000		
									1,575,866		-		
									(10,795,000)		(16,184,920)		
	101,341		60,715								121,977		
	14,218		127,321		87,848		85,113		14,689		109,486		
	4,699,294	5	5,882,351		3,013,881		9,144,407		7,355,356		15,265,693		
	(4,699,294)		,882,351)		(3,013,881)		(9,144,407)		(7,355,356)		(15,265,693)		
	115,559	<u> </u>	188,036		87,848	-	85,113		330,555		606,543		
\$	434,919	\$ 5	5,567,766	\$	6,956,038	\$	11,782,019	\$	17,739,622	\$	19,417,900		
	2.82%		2.40%		2.36%		2.27%		2.29%		2.76%		

Navajo County Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

		PRIMARY ASS					
							Assessed
							Value as a
	Residential		Unattached		*Total		Percentage
Fiscal	and Vacant	Commercial	Personal	Total Taxable	Direct Tax	Estimated	of Actual
Year	Property	Property	Property	Assessed Value	Rate	Actual Value	Value
2013	575,074,783	380,102,301	19,084,628	974,261,712	1.2864	8,838,891,218	11.02%
2014	513,683,811	371,638,224	18,023,142	903,345,177	1.3850	8,029,406,641	11.25%
2015	468,337,874	359,094,468	17,584,375	845,016,717	1.5615	7,573,933,720	11.16%
2016	473,702,904	344,422,319	14,676,214	832,801,437	1.5917	7,594,032,171	10.97%
2017	483,652,421	305,141,610	14,268,450	803,062,481	1.5849	7,599,284,336	10.57%
2018	503,253,916	303,982,228	13,871,612	821,107,756	1.6203	7,246,001,436	11.33%
2019	518,753,473	296,391,993	13,702,667	828,848,133	1.6223	7,391,612,457	11.21%
2020	539,795,594	297,179,363	15,665,288	852,640,245	1.5977	7,660,041,799	11.13%
2021	569,482,606	297,624,438	15,051,072	882,158,116	1.5667	8,000,295,495	11.03%
2022	595,366,397	300,496,802	15,614,890	911,478,089	1.5372	8,278,095,822	11.01%

Source: Navajo County Assessor's office

* Total Direct Tax Rate contains both primary and secondary tax rates.

Navajo County Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

County Direct Rates									
		Fire District			Public				
Fiscal		Assistance		Flood Control	Health	Total			
Year	Primary	Tax	Library District	District	District	Direct			
2013	0.6401	0.1000	0.0500	0.3000	0.1963	1.2864			
2014	0.6995	0.1000	0.0704	0.3000	0.2151	1.3850			
2015	0.8185	0.1000	0.1000	0.3000	0.2430	1.5615			
2016	0.8417	0.1000	0.1000	0.3000	0.2500	1.5917			
2017	0.8471	0.1000	0.1000	0.2878	0.2500	1.5849			
2018	0.8903	0.1000	0.0990	0.2834	0.2476	1.6203			
2019	0.8951	0.1000	0.0995	0.2788	0.2489	1.6223			
2020	0.8820	0.1000	0.0980	0.2724	0.2453	1.5977			
2021	0.8657	0.1000	0.0962	0.2640	0.2408	1.5667			
2022	0.8501	0.1000	0.0945	0.2561	0.2365	1.5372			
		C	Overlapping rates						
	_				Community				
Fiscal	School	School		Other Special	College				
Year	Equalization	Districts	Cities	Districts	District				
2013	0.4717	2.9606-8.0000	0.2789-0.9880	0.0910-3.5500	1.3515				
2014	0.5123	2.8322-8.0000	0.2789-1.1934	0.1131-3.5500	1.4769				
2015	0.5089	2.6662-8.0000	1.2831-1.2831	0.1291-3.5500	1.6610				
2016	0.5054	2.8027-7.3012	1.3646-1.3646	0.1401-3.5500	1.7423				
2017	0.5010	3.5669-7.3012	1.4021-1.4021	0.1401-3.5500	1.7884				
2018	0.4875	3.6681-8.0000	1.4231-1.4231	0.1401-3.5500	1.8067				
2019	0.4741	3.6764-7.3012	1.4123-1.4123	0.1401-3.2500	1.8164				
2020	0.4566	3.7749-8.0000	0.5115-1.3916	0.1396-3.2500	1.8164				
2021	0.4466	4.1276-7.3012	0.5022-1.3871	0.0500-3.2500	1.7827				
2022	0.4263	4.1127-7.3012	0.4866-1.3625	0.0500-3.1874	1.7505				

Source: Navajo County Assessor's Office and Navajo County Finance Department. 1) All tax rates are per \$100 assessed valuation.

1) 2) Includes both primary and secondary tax rates.

Navajo County Principal Property Taxpayers Current and Nine Years Ago

	2022				2013		
			Percentage				
			of Total				Percentage of
	Primary		Primary				Total Primary
	Assessed		Assessed	Pri	mary Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value		Value	Rank	Value
Arizona Public Service Company	\$ 103,041,873	1	11.30%	\$	136,252,482	1	13.98%
Burlington Northern/Santa Fe Railway	12,119,368	2	1.33%		6,782,129	6	0.70%
Transwestern Pipeline Co	10,018,985	3	1.10%		17,302,668	3	1.78%
El Paso Natural Gas Company	8,810,156	4	0.97%		8,087,415	5	0.83%
Navopache Electric Co-Op Inc.	7,633,052	5	0.84%		5,666,680	8	0.58%
Unisource Energy Corporation	7,049,864	6	0.77%		4,968,246	10	0.51%
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	4,971,211	7	0.55%		N/A	N/A	N/A
Smith Bagley Inc.	3,644,545	8	0.40%		5,279,667	9	0.54%
Citizens Telecomm of White Mtns	3,473,670	9	0.38%		5,833,729	7	0.60%
PFFJ Inc	2,156,113	10	0.24%		N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Principal Property Taxpayers	\$ 162,918,837	:	17.88%	\$	190,173,016		19.52%
Total Navajo County Assessed Value	\$ 911,478,089			\$	974,292,390		

Source: Navajo County Assessor's Office for 2022 and the Navajo County, June 30, 2013 Annual Financial Report.

Navajo County Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Taxes Levied		Collected within Collections Fiscal Year in					Total Collections to Date				
Fiscal	Γ:-	for the			Percentage	Subsequent				Pe	rcentage
<u>Year</u>	<u>FIS</u>	<u>scal Year (1)</u>	<u>Amount</u>		<u>of Levy</u>		<u>Years</u>		<u>Amount</u>	<u>c</u>	of Levy
2013	\$	6,178,444	\$ 6,001,505		97.14%	\$	57,562	\$	6,059,067	ç	98.07%
2014	\$	6,265,198	\$ 6,070,355		96.89%	\$	77,665	\$	6,148,020	ç	98.13%
2015	\$	6,863,137	\$ 6,652,088		96.92%	\$	91,242	\$	6,743,330	ç	98.25%
2016	\$	6,986,971	\$ 6,748,980		96.59%	\$	153,665	\$	6,902,645	ç	98.79%
2017	\$	6,793,141	\$ 6,579,938		96.86%	\$	(23,427)	\$	6,556,511	ç	96.52%
2018	\$	7,310,322	\$ 7,073,899		96.77%	\$	144,848	\$	7,218,747	ç	98.75%
2019	\$	7,419,020	\$ 7,198,951		97.03%	\$	147,966	\$	7,346,917	ę	99.03%
2020	\$	7,520,287	\$ 7,282,019		96.83%	\$	207,040	\$	7,489,059	ç	99.58%
2021	\$	7,636,843	\$ 7,545,805		98.81%	\$	(57,510)	\$	7,488,295	ç	98.05%
2022	\$	7,748,475	\$ 7,253,446		93.61%	\$	-	\$	7,253,446	ç	93.61%

Source: Taxes levied obtained by Navajo County Board of Supervisors Adopted Budget net of Assessor's corrections. Collections obtained from the Navajo County Treasurer.

Note: General Fund Levies and Collections Only.

(1) Changes to prior year Taxes Levied due to Board orders in the current fiscal year.

Navajo County Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Governmental Act					
Fiscal Year	Revenue Bonds	Unamortized Premium	Special Assessment Bonds	Leases & Financed Purchases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per Capita (1)
2013	13,665,000	-	985,235	320,638	14,970,873	0.54	141.01
2014	19,125,000	-	786,508	571,035	20,482,543	0.73	194.17
2015	16,845,000	-	573,542	326,188	17,744,730	0.61	168.13
2016	15,840,000	-	352,575	172,822	16,365,397	0.55	155.88
2017	14,660,000	-	130,000	109,821	14,899,821	0.47	141.46
2018	13,460,000	-	67,000	134,274	13,661,274	0.41	129.63
2019	12,230,000	-	-	102,480	12,332,480	0.35	116.15
2020	10,975,000	-	-	69,251	11,044,251	0.31	104.00
2021	9,535,000	1,575,867	-	34,069	11,144,936	0.27	104.35
2022	24,845,000	1,361,811	-	5,695	26,212,506	0.58	242.38

Source: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

(1) Personal income and population information can be found in the Demographic and Economic Statistics schedule.

Navajo County Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt Governmental Activities - Debt Outstanding June 30, 2022

	Net Debt Outstanding	Percent Applicable to Navajo County	Amount Applicable to Navajo County
Governmental Activities	¢ 04.045.000	400	¢ 04.045.000
Pledged revenue obligations	\$ 24,845,000	100	\$ 24,845,000
Unamortized premium	1,361,811	100	1,361,811
Financed purchases and other payables	5,695	100	5,695
Total debt	\$ 26,212,506		\$ 26,212,506

NOTE: Overlapping governments are those that coincide with the geographic boundaries of the County. All overlapping governments are 100% within the County's boundaries. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt borne by the residents and businesses of Navajo County. When considering the County's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the process should recognize the entire debt burden by the residents and businesses therein. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident of each government and therefore is responsible for the repayment of debt of each overlapping government.

SOURCE: Basic Financial Statements, Note 6

Navajo County Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Pledged Rev	venue Obligations			
					Debt Se	ervice	
			Less				
Fiscal	County	State Shared	AHCCCS/ALTCS	Net Available			Coverage
Year	Excise Tax	Sales Tax	Contributions	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Ratio
2013	6,239,089	10,087,589	3,059,882	13,266,796	380,000	253,228	20.95
2014	6,667,433	10,763,214	3,099,601	14,331,046	385,000	395,003	18.37
2015	6,674,867	10,891,962	2,847,818	14,719,011	2,280,000	732,437	4.89
2016	6,365,510	10,874,837	2,859,803	14,380,544	1,155,000	453,330	8.94
2017	6,534,686	11,362,457	2,887,718	15,009,425	1,180,000	426,662	9.34
2018	7,381,671	12,547,093	3,010,181	16,918,583	1,200,000	401,800	10.56
2019	7,792,310	13,346,165	2,910,550	18,227,925	1,230,000	373,858	11.37
2020	7,597,916	13,222,608	3,214,078	17,606,446	1,265,000	345,154	10.93
2021	8,292,941	15,272,529	3,130,868	20,434,602	1,250,000	355,154	12.73
2022	9,056,104	15,762,699	3,620,912	21,197,891	1,585,000	616,864	9.63

		essment Debt								
	Debt Service									
Fiscal				Coverage						
Year	Revenues	Principal	Interest	Ratio						
2013	248,745	187,536	74,568	0.95						
2014	251,299	198,727	54,482	0.99						
2015	231,966	212,967	43,352	0.90						
2016	224,359	220,967	39,763	0.86						
2017	226,853	222,575	19,690	0.94						
2018	118,940	63,000	7,475	1.69						
2019	82,238	67,000	3,853	1.16						
2020	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
2021	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
2022	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						

Soure: Navajo County Finance Department

Navajo County Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2022

Assessed value	\$ 911,478,089
Debt limit (15% of assessed value)	136,721,713
Debt applicable to limit:	
General obligation bonds	
Less: Amount set aside for repayment	
of general obligation debt	
Total net debt applicable to limit	
Legal debt margin	\$ 136,721,713

				Fiscal Year		
	 2013		2014	2015	2016	2017
Debt Limit	\$ 146,139,257	\$	135,502,778	\$ 126,937,062	\$ 126,455,560	\$ 126,213,566
Total net debt applicable to limit						
Legal debt margin	 146,139,257		135,502,778	 126,937,062	 126,455,560	 126,213,566
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of the debt	0%		0%	0%	0%	0%
				Fiscal Year		
	 2018		2019	2020	2021	2022
Debt Limit Total net debt applicable to limit	\$ 124,327,220	\$	124,327,220	\$ 127,896,037	\$ 132,323,717	\$ 136,721,713
Legal debt margin	 124,327,220	_	124,327,220	 127,896,037	 132,323,717	 136,721,713
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of the debt	0%		0%	0%	0%	0%

Source: The legal debt limit of Navajo County is equal to 15% of the County's net secondary assessed valuation, per the Arizona Constitution, Article 9, Section 8. Assessed valuations are provided by the Navajo County Assessor.

Navajo County General Fund Historical and Estimated Excise Tax, State Shared and Vehicle License Tax Revenues Current and Last Five Fiscal Years

	Actual							
Source	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	
County General Excise Tax Revenues	\$ 6,534,686	\$ 7,381,671	\$ 7,792,310	\$ 7,597,916	\$ 8,292,941	\$ 9,056,104	\$ 8,710,000	
Gross State Shared Revenues	11,362,457	12,547,093	13,346,165	13,222,608	15,272,529	16,040,911	15,610,000	
Less ALTCS contribution (b)	(2,588,200)	(2,721,500)	(2,668,000)	(2,981,000)	(2,881,800)	(3,337,667)	(3,292,200)	
Less AHCCCS contribution (c)	(299,518)	(288,681)	(242,550)	(233,078)	(249,068)	(283,245)	(509,700)	
Net State Shared Revenues	8,474,739	9,536,912	10,435,615	10,008,530	12,141,661	12,419,999	11,808,100	
Vehicle License Tax Revenue	2,374,347	2,547,080	2,678,078	2,762,323	\$ 3,459,627	\$ 3,365,619	\$ 3,500,000	
PILT Revenues	1,532,361	1,644,973	1,653,023	1,660,272	\$ 1,659,391	\$ 1,749,114	\$ 1,873,600	
Total Pledged Revenues	\$ 18,916,133	\$ 21,110,636	\$ 22,559,026	\$ 22,029,041	\$ 25,553,620	\$ 26,590,836	\$ 25,891,700	

Source: Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports of the County for the years indicated and the FY23 Adopted Budget.

- (a) These are "forward looking" obtained from the FY23 Adopted Budget.
- (b) Pursuant to Section 11-292, Arizona Revised Statutes, The Treasurer of the State withholds an amount of the State Shared Revenue sufficient to meet the County's portion of the non-federal costs of providing the long-term care system in the State ("ALTCS") from moneys otherwise payable to the County in accordance with the State's distribution of the State Shared Revenues. The County's contribution is based on a fixed State formula. In the event that the State Shared Revenues withheld from the County by the Treasurer of the State are insufficient to meet the funding requirement of ALTCS, the Treasurer of the State may withhold any other moneys payable to the County from an available State funding source.
- (c) Pursuant to Section 11-292, Arizona Revised Statutes, the County is also required to make annual appropriations for contributions to the Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System ("AHCCCS") fund. If the County does not make its contributions to the AHCCCS fund, which is used to offset certain indigent and related health care costs, the Treasurer of the State may withold any amounts owed, plus interest retroactive to the first date the funding was due, from the County's State Shared Revenues.

Navajo County Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Fiscal Year	Population ¹	ersonal Income ¹ (thousands of dollars)	F	Per Capita ¹ Personal Income	Unemployment ² Rate
2013	106,169	\$ 2,756,922	\$	25,967	13.1
2014	105,487	\$ 2,816,887	\$	26,704	11.2
2015	105,543	\$ 2,895,102	\$	27,431	9.6
2016	104,989	\$ 2,983,303	\$	28,415	9.4
2017	105,331	\$ 3,137,542	\$	29,787	7.6
2018	105,384	\$ 3,302,610	\$	31,339	7.6
2019	106,174	\$ 3,489,921	\$	32,870	7.9
2020	106,191	\$ 3,584,565	\$	33,756	8.5
2021	106,802	\$ 4,114,493	\$	38,524	9.9
2022	108,147	\$ 4,507,525	\$	41,680	4.9

¹ Population, personal income, and per capita personal income obtained from U.S. Bureau of Economic Analys (www.bea.gov).

² Unemployment data was obtained from- www.azeconomy.org/data/navajo-county

Navajo County Employment by Sector Current Year and Ten Years Ago

		2022		2013			
			% of Total			% of Total	
			County			County	
Employment Sector (1)	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment	
Government	9,525	1	34.79%	9,675	1	34.52%	
Trade, Transportation, Utilities	5,163	2	18.86%	5,175	2	18.47%	
Education & Health Services	4,259	3	15.56%	3,575	4	12.76%	
Leisure & Hospitality	3,986	4	14.56%	3,875	3	13.83%	
Mining & Construction	1,469	5	5.37%	1,600	5	5.71%	
Professional & Business Services	1,359	6	4.96%	1,175	6/7	4.19%	
Financial Activities	577	7	2.11%	600	9	2.14%	
Other Services	554	8	2.02%	1,050	8	3.75%	
Manufacturing	321	9	1.17%	125	10	0.44%	
Information	165	10	0.60%	1,175	6/7	4.19%	
Total for Employment Sector	27,378		100.00%	28,025		100.00%	

2022 Source: Economic & Business Research Center UofA, AZ Commerce /resources, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

2013 Source: FY12-13 Navajo County CAFR

(1) The number of employees for the ten (10) largest employers in the County is not available due to State of Arizona non-disclosure restrictions.

Navajo County Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Year		
Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General government	278	277	278	288	266
Public safety	238	236	238	235	229
Highways and streets	78	83	91	96	72
Health and welfare	73	80	81	81	80
Culture and recreation	8	4	5	4	4
Total	675	680	693	704	651
Function General government	<u>2018</u> 174	<u>2019</u> 180	<u>2020</u> 161	<u>2021</u> 203	<u>2022</u> 217
Public safety	197	188	192	169	189

Highways and streets	80	82	88	86	86
Health and welfare	54	59	61	87	71
Culture and recreation	-	-	0	0	0
Other		106	104	86	106
Total	505	615	606	631	669

Source: Navajo County Budget 2020-2021

Navajo County Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	0040	0011	0045
Function	2013	2014	2015
General Government			
Assessor	05 772	05 750	00 206
Number of parcels assessed Elections	85,773	85,752	88,306
Elections	4	3	1
Number voting	57,960	8,569	1 685
Planning & Zoning	57,900	0,009	005
Building permits issued	1,023	970	981
Public Fiduciary	1,025	970	901
Guardianships/conservatorships	109	163	160
Public Safety	109	105	100
Adult Probation			
Community service hours	40,306	36,388	33,793
Pre-sentence reports written for courts	40,300	30,388 571	828
Probationers actively supervised	1,313	1,181	1,101
Juvenile Probation	1,515	1,101	1,101
Average length of detention (days)	12	10	9
Juveniles in detention	336	355	339
Probationers	122	307	297
Community restitution hours	6,401	5,252	5,093
Sheriff	0,401	0,202	5,055
Inmate population	283	382	364
Highways & Streets	200	002	001
Public Works			
Crack sealing (miles)	59	88	102
Street resurfacing (miles)	13	12	30
Waste Tire Program		.=	
Waste tires collected	57,742	52,623	47,184
Health & Welfare		,	,
Public Health District			
Certified copies of birth or death certificates	5,031	5,353	5,341
Childhood immunization visits	2,165	1,096	1,250
Restaurant inspections and re-inspections	621	483	503
Culture & Recreation			
Library District			
Number of items circulated	425,272	378,584	368,114
Number of library cards issued (by member libraries)	5,054	14,303	13,957
Number of prints, media and electronic items	333,193	334,866	336,617
Number of items owned by Library District	28,827	34,214	32,149
Education			
School Superintendent			
Charter schools	7	6	6
Charter students	630	742	829
District students	18,495	17,090	17,575
School districts	13	11	13

Source: Navajo County departments monthly and annual performance reports

Navajo County Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
88,527	88,363	85,853	88,313	86,189	92,053	89,050
3	3	2	3	3	2	3
32,969	57,699	6,783	58,821	46,590	74,849	74,992
1,009	1,061	1,137	1,157	1,178	1,776	1,592
131	116	73	83	81	91	95
30,408 572	32,460 453	33,018 329	25,765 386	23,295 484	35,705 465	31,118 669
1,086	1,098	1,014	1,040	1,005	1,101	1,205
10	14	49	27	23	13	27
353	276	28	67 191	47	37	44
151 5,061	210 4,715	154 -	3,083	201 2,119	157 1,500	147 1,311
301	268	305	276	276	278	274
444 14	264 20	193 32	97 60	131 47	96.25 1	72.84
14	20	32	60	47	I	10.45
56,331	51,038	67,067	60,282	61,359	75,104	68,643
5,595	6,525	7,137	6,131	5,932	7,892	9,965
1,068	4,076	3,918	2,505	1,869	2,847	2,874
696	632	648	668	596	703	1,061
361,865	370,800	376,295	359,996	242,235	203,931	235,693
33,223 346,632	33,883 330,600	11,687 437,610	9,658 437,744	8,175 462,266	6,752 370,225	8,038 343,661
33,577	41,422	44,877	49,642	35,261	50,658	27,051
9	4	4	4	4	4	4
789	664	624	563	529	475	519
17,803	16,360	18,014	17,745	17,234	16,273	16,695
14	14	14	14	14	14	14

Navajo County Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year										
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Function										
General Government										
Elections										
Voting Machines	173	173	173	60	60	60	60	71	96	96
Superior Courts	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Divisions Division - Satellite	4 1	4 1	4	4 1	4	4	4	4	4	4 1
Justice Courts	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safely										
Sheriff										
Inmate beds available	442	441	438	438	438	438	438	438	438	438
Jail Facilities	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Stations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Improvement Districts	24	24	00	24	40	40	40	4.4	45	47
Flood Warning Sites Flood Control District Properties	31 12	31 13	26 13	31 14	43 13	43 13	43 12	41 14	45 14	47 15
Road Improvement Districts	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Ŭ	Ũ	Ũ	Ũ	Ŭ	Ũ	Ũ	Ũ	Ŭ	Ũ
Highways and Streets										
Public Works										
Miles of maintained roads	733.95 15	733.95 15	734.66 15	734.32 15	731.67 15	731.67 15	725.3 15	725.7 15	725.7 15	725.7 15
Bridges	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Sanitation										
Landfill/Environment										
Transfer Stations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Health										
Health Care										
Public health facilities										
Heber - Owned	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Show Low - Owned	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Snowflake - Operated	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Holbrook - Owned	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Winslow - Owned	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 0
Pinetop - Owned	I	1	I	I	0	0	0	0	0	0
Culture and Recreation										
Parks & Recreation										
County Parks (Tall Timber, Heber)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Library District Number of facilities owned	0	•	0	0	0	^	0	0	0	0
Facilities operated	0 1	0 1	0 1	0 1	1	0 1	0 1	0 1	0	0 1
Bookmobiles	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	v	U
Education										
Schools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Source: Navajo County capital asset reports.