

NAVAJO COUNTY

Arizona

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016











Board of Supervisors



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Navajo County, Arizona

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016



Prepared by Navajo County Finance Department

County Manager

James G. Jayne

Assistant County Managers

Bryan Layton Paul Watson

Finance Team

James Menlove, Finance Director Paige M. Peterson, Accounting Manager Scott Flake, Accountant Olivia M. Todd, Grants Coordinator





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James G. Jayne Bryan Layton
County Manager Assistant County Manager

December 16, 2016

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors and Citizens of Navajo County, Arizona:

We are pleased to provide you with the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for fiscal year 2016. The CAFR provides in-depth information regarding the County's financial position. Navajo County presents the CAFR prepared in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited by the Arizona Office of the Auditor General using generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Navajo County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, County management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed the anticipated benefits, the objective of this framework is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The Arizona Office of the Auditor General has audited the County's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements for fiscal year 2016 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Based upon the audit, the independent auditor concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the County's financial statements for fiscal year 2016 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The Independent Auditors' Report is presented at the beginning of the Financial Section of this report.

This report is prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, in conformity with standards of financial reporting established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), and using the guidelines established by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada. GAAP requires that management provide an overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements called the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A immediately follows the Independent Auditors' Report in the Financial Section of this report.

NAVAJO COUNTY PROFILE

Navajo County was formed on March 21, 1895, and encompasses 9,953 square miles. Navajo County's diversity is evident not only in its population, but also in its landscape. Northern Navajo County is home to the Navajo and Hopi Tribes, and is known for scenic attractions such as Monument Valley. Historic Route 66 runs through central Navajo County which is now one of the most significant transportation corridors in the United States. Holbrook, in central Navajo County, became the county seat in 1871. Southern Navajo County is home to the White Mountain Apache Tribe and resort communities with many picturesque lakes and forests.

The 2014 population of the County was estimated to be 109,185. The principal industries are tourism, coal mining, manufacturing, timber production, and ranching.

Navajo County's government consists of an elected Board of Supervisors. There are five districts with one supervisor representing each district. As required by statute, the Board of Supervisors is responsible for the overall management and approval of the departmental budgets and county tax rates. The Board appoints a County Manager and each department is managed by an elected official, appointed official, or a department director. Elected offices are statutorily mandated and include the assessor, clerk of the superior court, constables, county attorney, sheriff, recorder, superintendent of schools, treasurer, and the judiciary.

Navajo County provides a full range of services, including law enforcement and public safety, judicial and detention services, health services, highway construction and maintenance, education, and library services.

The financial reporting entity includes all the funds of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the County's operations. Additional information on Navajo County's blended component units can be found in the notes to the financial statements Note 1.

The Board of Supervisors and the County Manager use the financial policies, budget management policies and strategic plan to guide the overall development of the budget. On an

annual basis, beginning in January, the finance department, under the County Manager's direction, meets with each elected official and department director to outline the Board's adopted budget priorities. Each department must provide revenue and expenditure estimates for the remainder of the current fiscal year and planned revenues and expenditures for the following year. The budget team uses these estimates to help update the 5-year financial plan.

The Board of Supervisors must adopt the final budget on or before the third Monday in August. The tax rate and levy must also be set on or before the third Monday in August.

FACTORS AFFECTING NAVAJO COUNTY'S FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the County operates.

Local Economy – Navajo County has experienced a 10.2 percent growth in population from 2000 through 2010. The incorporated cities and towns in the southern portion of Navajo County accounted for the largest portion of the overall increase.

Communities	2000	2010	% Change
Navajo County	97,470	107,398	10.2%
Heber/Overgaard	2,722	2,822	3.7%
Holbrook	4,917	5,053	2.8%
Joseph City	N/A	1,386	N/A
Pinetop-Lakeside	3,582	4,282	19.5%
Show Low	7,695	10,660	38.5%
Snowflake	4,460	5,590	25.3%
Taylor	3,176	4,112	29.5%
Winslow	9,520	9,655	1.4%
Navajo Nation	8,394	9,368	11.6%
(Chilchinbito, Dilkon, Grease	ewood, Jeddito	, Kayenta, Oljato	o, Pinon, and Shonto)
Hopi Tribe	4,113	5,051	22.8%
(First Mesa, Hotevilla, Kykot	tsmovi, Second	Mesa, and Sho	ngopovi)
White Mountain Apache Tribe (Cibecue, East Fork, Whiter	7,431 iver)	6,516	(12.3%)

(source: The 2000 and 2010 U.S. Census—2010 is the latest census data available)

Some of the major employers in Navajo County include Arizona Public Service (utilities), Joseph City, Burlington Northern Santa Fe (railway), Winslow, Summit Healthcare (medical facility), Show Low, and Northland Pioneer College (post-secondary education), Holbrook, pork production, alternative energy, Snowflake, Fort Apache Timber Company (timber processing), White River, and tourism related business, Kayenta (Monument Valley), Hondah, Show Low, Pinetop/Lakeside, and Heber/Overgaard.

Because of the rural nature of Navajo County, the local economy continues to be impacted by the stagnant, slowly recovering state and national economies. The County's unemployment rate (9.6 percent for July 2016) has been significantly higher than the State's (5.8 percent for July 2016). To address the economic challenges, Navajo County has reduced expenses through reductions in workforce, position vacancies from attrition, decreased benefits, and reductions in operating expenses while maintaining excellent customer service.

Expenditure Limitation – In November 2006, Navajo County voters approved Proposition 400, which restated the base year expenditure limitation. The expenditure limit is a constraint on the County's annual spending that was added to the Arizona Constitution in 1980. The limit is based on the County's actual 1980 expenditures and is adjusted each year for population growth and inflation. Basically, the service levels provided in 1980, the base year, is the benchmark for spending on today's essential services. Navajo County elected officials agreed that the expenditure limit, based on 1980 service levels, was not sufficient to meet the current demand for basic public services.

Proposition 400 allowed the County to restate the base year expenditure limit, which allowed for the allocation of resources to:

- Public Safety–Increased law enforcement coverage and availability.
- Transportation–Additional investment in transportation infrastructure.
- Access to Services–Improvement of facilities and satellite office to provide more accessible government services.
- Quality Work Force–Focus on retention of staff, which reduced training and operating costs as employee turnover was reduced.

The Board of Supervisors' proactive decision making has allowed Navajo County to better plan for the County's long-term financial sustainability. Sound fiscal and budget management policies allow the County to better respond to the economic challenges that we face currently and in the future.

The recession of 2008-2009 continues to have a significant negative impact on the County. At the worst point of the recession, the County saw monthly revenues from state-shared sales tax, county sales tax, and vehicle license tax drop by as much as 27 percent, 38 percent, and 26 percent, respectively. As a rural county, the negative effects of the recession have been severe and long-lasting. Beginning in February 2011, nearly two years after the recession officially ended, the county began to see a modest economic recovery through nominal increases in sales tax revenues. In addition, assessed property values continue to decline with a corresponding negative impact on property tax revenues. It is anticipated that property values will continue to drop through fiscal year 2017.

Impact of State Economic Conditions – The downturn in the local economy corresponded to economic declines at the state and national levels. As the State of Arizona struggled to balance its budget and reduce expenses counties have been significantly impacted by the shifting of revenues away from counties while mandating that counties pay for state programs. The uncertainty of these impacts from year to year requires Navajo County to budget conservatively to allow for these cost shifts, reductions in program funding, and reduced revenue allocations.

Navajo County continues to work with state legislators, the County Supervisors Association, and the Arizona City/County Managers Association to find solutions to the state budget crisis with the least impact to counties.

Additionally, Navajo County continues to seek alternate funding sources to increase revenues. Cost analysis is ongoing, and the County is seeking to find additional ways to further reduce spending while continuing to provide for mandated functions with excellent customer service.

Economic Outlook – Though the recession formally ended on a national level in June 2009, state and local revenues continue to be repressed. Economists continue to predict that the economic recovery will be modest for years to come. Arizona was among the states hardest hit by the economic downturn. The weakness in the economy and the uncertainty of the state budget requires continual monitoring, evaluation and planning for Navajo County. We will continue to address these challenges through the strategic budget planning process in coordination with our elected officials and department directors.

SIGNIFICANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

Navajo County has developed a set of fiscal management policies that guide the budget process. These policies consist of an Operating Budget Policy, Capital Budget Policy, Revenue Policy, Reserve Policy, Debt Policy, and the Budget Management Policy.

The policies have been developed to:

- Provide accountability to the citizens and the Board of Supervisors.
- Provide guidelines for long-term financial stability, enhancing the County's ability to withstand fiscal fluctuations at the national, state, and local levels.
- Provide an overall financial picture of the County as a whole.
- Provide a basis for incorporating long-term policies into day-to-day operations.

AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Navajo County, Arizona for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This was the sixth consecutive year that Navajo County has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

The GFOA presented the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award to Navajo County for its annual budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2015. This was the seventh consecutive year that Navajo County has received this prestigious award. In order to receive this award, a government unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as a financial plan, an operations guide, and as a communications device.

A Certificate of Achievement and the Distinguished Budget Presentation Awards are valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report and budget book continue to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program and Budget Presentation Award requirements and we are submitting them to the GFOA to determine their eligibility for another certificate and award, respectively.

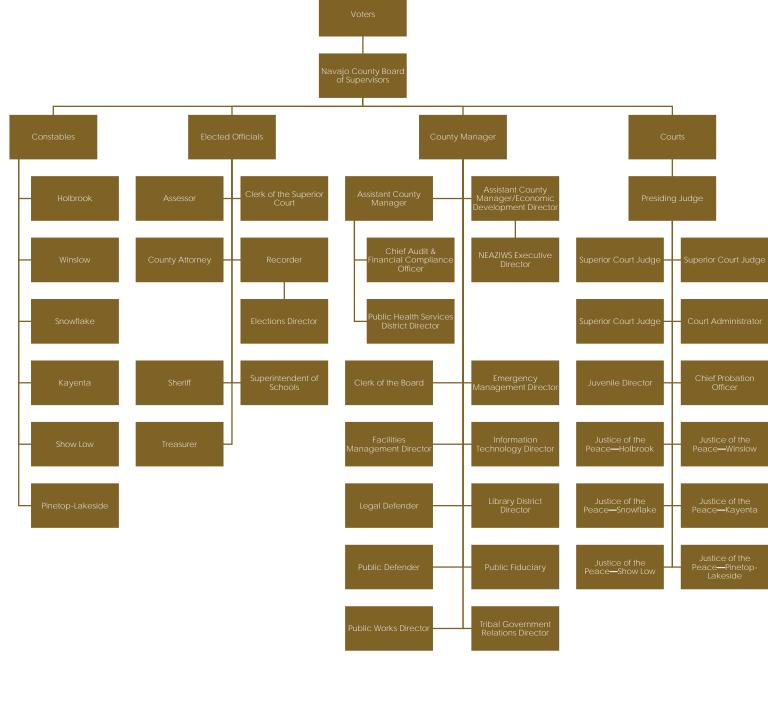
ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Preparation of this report could be accomplished only through the coordinated efforts of the finance department, the cooperative and willing assistance provided by our elected officials and department directors and their staff, and the services provided by the Arizona Office of the Auditor General. We express appreciation to all who have contributed to this report.

We wish to thank the Navajo County Board of Supervisors for their leadership and commitment to Navajo County and our citizens.

Respectfully submitted,

James G. Jayne County Manager Bryan Layton Assistant County Manager





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Navajo County Arizona

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2015

Executive Director/CEO



FINANCIAL SECTION





DEBRA K. DAVENPORT, CPA AUDITOR GENERAL

STATE OF ARIZONA OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

MELANIE M. CHESNEY DEPUTY AUDITOR GENERAL

Independent auditors' report

Members of the Arizona State Legislature

The Board of Supervisors of Navajo County, Arizona

Report on the financial statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of Navajo County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of Navajo County as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Emphasis of matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, for the year ended June 30, 2016, the County adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other matters

Required supplementary information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 12, budgetary comparison schedules on pages 62 through 68, schedule of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability—cost-sharing pension plans on page 69, schedule of changes in the County's net pension liability and related ratios—agent pension plans on pages 70 through 72, schedule of county pension contributions on pages 73 through 74, schedule of agent OPEB plans' funding progress on page 76 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and other information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules and the introductory and statistical sections listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules are management's responsibility and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Compliance over the use of highway user revenue fund and other dedicated state transportation revenue monies

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the County failed to use highway user revenue fund monies the County received pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2, and any other dedicated state transportation revenues the County received solely for the authorized transportation purposes, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the County's noncompliance with the use of highway user revenue fund monies and other dedicated state transportation revenues, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

The communication related to compliance over the use of highway user revenue fund and other dedicated state transportation revenue monies in the preceding paragraph is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Arizona State Legislature, the Board of Supervisors, management, and other responsible parties within the County and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Other reporting required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will issue our report on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters at a future date. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Debbie Davenport Auditor General

December 19, 2016



As management of Navajo County, we offer readers of Navajo County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Navajo County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the current fiscal year by \$33 million (net position). Of this amount, \$62.4 million is the net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress); \$24.2 million is restricted for specific purposes (restricted net position); and \$(53.5) million is the unrestricted net position deficit balance that is primarily a result of recognizing long-term liabilities related to pensions.
- At June 30, 2016, total assets were \$114.9 million, a decrease of \$1.9 million or 1.7 percent in comparison with the prior fiscal year's balance of \$116.8 million.
- At June 30, 2016, total liabilities were \$87.6 million, an increase of \$2.7 million or 3.2 percent in comparison with the prior fiscal year's balance of \$84.9 million.
- At June 30, 2016, the County reported total deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$10.7 million and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions of \$4.9 million.
- At June 30, 2016, the governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$32.2 million, an increase of \$599 thousand or 1.9 percent in comparison with the prior year's combined fund balances of \$31.6 million.
- At June 30, 2016, \$24.7 million or 76.9 percent of governmental fund balances were restricted, \$3.5 million or 10.9 percent were assigned, \$3.3 million or 10.3 percent were unassigned, and \$620 thousand or 1.9 percent were nonspendable. Restricted fund balances have externally imposed restrictions on their usage by creditors, such as through debt covenants, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations; or by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The assigned and unassigned fund balances are considered unrestricted. The unrestricted fund balances are available for spending at the County's discretion. However, the assigned fund balances are designated by management. The nonspendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as inventory.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements,
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances in a manner similar to a private sector business.

One of the most important questions asked about the County's finances is, "Is the County as a whole better off or worse as a result of this year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the County as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all nonfiduciary assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and liabilities, with the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. In addition to this change, other nonfinancial factors will need to be considered.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as revenues pertaining to uncollected taxes and expenses pertaining to earned but unused vacation leave.

All of the County's basic services are considered to be governmental activities, including general government, public safety, highways and streets, health and welfare, culture and recreation, education, environmental and conservation, and urban redevelopment and housing. Sales taxes, property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and user fees finance most of these activities. *The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14 and 15 of this report.*

Fund financial statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant county funds—not the County as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Some funds are required to be established by federal or state law, contractual provisions, or by bond covenants. However, the Board of Supervisors established many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other monies. All of the County's funds can be divided into two categories: *governmental and fiduciary*.

Governmental funds—Most of the County's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources and the balances of spendable resources available at year-end. These funds are reported using an accounting method called the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for the governmental funds with similar information presented for the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Reconciliations between governmental activities, as reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, and the governmental funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are provided to facilitate this comparison.

The County maintains numerous individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Public Works/HURF Fund, Flood Control District Fund, and Public Health District Fund, which are considered major funds. Data from the other governmental funds is combined into a single aggregated presentation. *The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16 through 19 of this report.*

Fiduciary funds—Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's programs. The fiduciary funds financial statements can be found on pages 20 and 21 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements—The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to fully understand the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22 through 60 of this report.

Required supplementary information—In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, the report presents required supplementary information on the County's budgeting and budgetary control and the County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 62 through 77 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position of the County as of June 30, 2016, compared to the prior year.

	Governmental Activities			
	2016 2015			
Current and other assets	\$ 36,635,516	\$ 35,819,587		
Capital assets	78,223,967	80,975,142		
Total assets	<u>114,859,483</u>	<u>116,794,729</u>		
Deferred outflows of resources Total deferred outflows of resources	10,664,977	11,664,841		
Other liabilities	3,879,451	3,453,978		
Long-term liabilities outstanding	83,705,985	81,431,785		
Total liabilities	87,585,436	84,885,763		

	Governmental Activities			
	2016	2015		
Deferred inflows of resources Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 4,891,561	\$ 7,531,749		
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets	62,361,145	63,750,745		
Restricted	24,226,548	23,521,625		
Unrestricted (deficit)	<u>(53,540,230</u>)	<u>(51,230,312</u>)		
Total net position	\$ 33,047,463	<u>\$ 36,042,058</u>		

Overall, total assets and deferred outflows of resources decreased by \$2.9 million or 2.3 percent and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources increased by \$59 thousand or 0.06 percent in the current fiscal year. The following summarizes the significant changes in assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and liabilities compared to the prior year.

- Current and other assets—the net increase of \$816 thousand was primarily due to an increase in receivables of charges for services and federal and state grants.
- Capital assets—the net decrease of \$2.8 million was due to the additions of \$2 million in capital
 assets and \$4.9 million in accumulated depreciation in the current fiscal year.
- As a result of an actuarial valuation of the total pension liability performed as of June 30, 2015 and a measurement date of June 30, 2015, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions decreased by \$1 million and \$2.6 million, respectively.
- Other liabilities—the net increase of \$425 thousand was primarily due to payroll and employee benefits accrued at the end of the fiscal year.
- Long-term liabilities—the net increase of \$2.3 million was mainly due to a net increase of \$3.9 million in net pension liability and a reduction of \$1.5 million in regularly scheduled debt service payments.

A large portion of the County's net position, \$62.4 million, reflects its investment in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and related debt. The County uses these assets to provide services to citizens and, therefore, they are not available for future spending.

The County's restricted net position of \$24.2 million is subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The County's deficit of \$53.5 million was an increase of \$2.3 million from the prior year's unrestricted deficit in net position due to the above-mentioned changes in assets and liabilities.

Changes in Net Position

The Statement of Activities presents information on how the County's net position changed during the most current fiscal year. The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Activities of the County for the fiscal year 2016 compared to the prior year.

	Governmental Activities			
	2016 2015			
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 7,882,611	\$ 6,844,292		
Operating grants and contributions	17,099,421	15,319,641		
Capital grants and contributions	<u> 11,571,167</u>	11,431,446		
Total program revenues	36,553,199	33,595,379		
General revenues:				
Property taxes	12,531,782	12,536,351		
Special assessments		507,456		
Sales taxes	6,365,510	6,674,867		
State shared revenues	13,125,229	12,964,950		
Payments in lieu of taxes	1,547,382	1,406,936		
Investment earnings	165,384	195,437		
Capital contributions	6,980			
Gain on disposal of capital assets	2,995	35,974		
Miscellaneous	<u> 1,341,167</u>	<u>1,072,052</u>		
Total general revenues	<u>35,086,429</u>	<u>35,394,023</u>		
Total revenues	<u>71,639,628</u>	68,989,402		
Program expenses:				
General government	\$29,716,664	\$31,968,411		
Public safety	17,512,220	16,655,632		
Highways and streets	12,008,267	11,190,411		
Health and welfare	8,350,410	7,956,284		
Culture and recreation	798,683	665,292		
Education and economic opportunity	5,479,786	5,669,487		
Environmental and conservation	247,622	211,478		
Urban redevelopment and housing	16,887	73,852		
Interest on long-term debt	<u>503,684</u>	<u>802,936</u>		
Total program expenses	<u>74,634,223</u>	<u>75,193,783</u>		
Change in net position	<u>(2,994,595</u>)	<u>(6,204,381</u>)		
Net position, beginning	36,042,058	42,246,439		
Net position, ending	<u>\$33,047,463</u>	<u>\$36,042,058</u>		

Overall revenues increased by \$2.7 million or 3.8 percent and program expenses decreased by \$560 thousand or 0.7 percent in the current fiscal year. The following summarizes the significant changes in revenues compared to the prior year.

- Charges for services increased by \$1 million or 15.2 percent in the current year largely due to \$317 thousand of special assessments tax was reclassified from general revenue to program revenue and an increase of \$652 thousand of employee healthcare insurance premiums collected for the County's self-insured health benefits program.
- Operating grants and contributions increased by \$1.8 million or 11.6 percent in the current year mainly due to \$1.4 million of additional funding received from federal and state governments for housing inmates and \$543 thousand of additional grants from federal, state and local governments for the Navajo County School Superintendent's Office's educational programs.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

The County reported four major funds for this fiscal year: the General Fund, Public Works/HURF Fund, Flood Control District Fund, and Public Health District Fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$32.2 million, which is an increase of \$599 thousand or 1.9 percent. Of the total, \$6.8 million constitutes unrestricted fund balances.

For governmental funds, overall revenues increased \$2.6 million or 3.6 percent and expenditures decreased \$3 million or 3.9 percent. Governmental fund revenues exceeded expenditures by \$968 thousand in the current fiscal year.

The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balances of the General Fund totaled \$7.7 million. Fund balances represent 18.3 percent of total General Fund expenditures. This ratio indicates a strong fund balance position in comparison to expenditures.

The following provides an explanation of major fund's activities that changed significantly over the prior year:

General Fund

- Accounts payable increased by \$209 thousand or 50.7% in the current year largely due to an increase of purchases near fiscal year-end.
- Accrued payroll and employee benefits increased by \$436 thousand or 46.8% in the current year largely due to additional payroll days accrued at fiscal year-end.
- Charges for services increased by \$735 thousand or 9.6 percent in the current year primarily due to an increase in employee healthcare insurance premiums collected for the County's self-insured health benefits program.
- Intergovernmental revenues increased by \$1.9 million or 11.7 percent in the current year largely
 due to additional funding of \$1.4 million received from federal and state governments for housing
 inmates and slight increases in state shared sales and vehicle license taxes and payments in lieu of
 taxes.
- Public safety expenditures increased by \$1.9 million or 17.1% in the current year largely due to the increase in jail costs to house federal and state inmates.

Public Works/HURF Fund

- Inventories decreased by \$362 thousand or 36.9% in the current year largely due to the use of materials in the current fiscal year that had previously been stockpiled for road projects.
- Accounts payable decreased by \$78 thousand or 22.3% in the current year largely due to a general reduction of purchases near fiscal year-end.
- Accrued payroll and employee benefits increased by \$55 thousand or 29.7% in the current year largely due to additional payroll days accrued at fiscal year-end.

Flood Control District Fund

 Accounts payable increased by \$19 thousand in the current year largely due to an increase of purchases near fiscal year-end.

Public Health District Fund

- Due from other governments decreased by \$116 thousand or 15.3 percent in the current year because additional federal grant reimbursements were received before fiscal year-end.
- Accrued payroll and employee benefits increased by \$14 thousand or 11.9% in the current year largely due to additional payroll days accrued at fiscal year-end.
- Due to other funds increased by \$143 thousand or 207.2% in the current year largely due to a negative cash balance at fiscal year-end.
- Health expenditures increased by \$1.1 million or 23.1 percent due to two reporting changes in the
 current year. The reclassifications of \$434 thousand indirect cost expenditures that were previously
 presented as transfers out and \$595 thousand of contributions for the Arizona Health Care Cost
 Containment System program that were previously reported in the General Fund.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

For the General Fund, actual revenues were less than the original and final budget amounts by \$1.9 million, while the actual expenditures were \$12.4 million less than the amount budgeted. The budget variance for revenues was due to the receipt of less intergovernmental revenue than anticipated. The budget variance for expenditures was primarily due to conservative budgeting practices and minimal spending due to continued poor economic conditions. The County held approximately 70 General Fund positions vacant during fiscal year 2016.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2016, totaled \$78.2 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, and machinery and equipment. The following provides the major changes in capital assets during the current fiscal year:

- Machinery and equipment increased \$1.8 million of new additions.
- Accumulated depreciation increased \$4.9 million of annual depreciation expense.

Additional information on capital assets can be found in Notes 4 and 5 on page 32 of this report.

Debt Administration

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total long-term liabilities outstanding of \$83.9 million and consists of the following:

- \$64.3 million is net pension liability which increased by \$3.9 million in the current fiscal year.
- \$15.8 million in pledged revenue obligations that financed the acquisition, construction, and improvements of county buildings and facilities and financed the construction of new facilities and the remodel of existing facilities at the Navajo County jail.
- \$1.7 million for the future payment of compensated absences for unused employee vacation and sick leave.
- \$1.2 million of incurred but not reported healthcare claims payable for the County's self-insured employee health benefits program.
- \$353 thousand of special assessment debt with governmental commitment.
- The remaining balance included \$173 thousand of capital leases payable, \$247 thousand of estimated landfill closure and post-closure care costs payable and \$70 thousand of claims and judgments payable.

There were no significant changes to the County's credit ratings or debt limitations during the current fiscal year. Additional information on long-term debt can be found in Note 6 on pages 33 through 35 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The significant downturn in the national and state economies that began the latter part of 2008 continued to affect the County in fiscal year 2016. The U.S. and State economies continued to experience a moderate recovery during 2016 and continued minimal improvement is expected in fiscal year 2017. The local economy in the County remains mainly flat. The County closely monitors revenues, expenditures and applicable economic indicators to ensure that the County remains fiscally strong. The County continues to budget conservatively for revenue estimates and other factors affecting the County.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Navajo County Finance Department, P.O. Box 668, 100 Code Talker Drive, Holbrook, AZ 86025.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Navajo County Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities	
Assets	Ф 20 070 074	
Cash and investments	\$ 30,278,371	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	502 124	
Property taxes Accounts receivable	502,134 616,885	
Special assessments	209,716	
Due from other governments	4,408,815	
Inventories	619,595	
Capital assets, not being depreciated	8,949,961	
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	69,274,006	
Total assets	\$ 114,859,483	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	Ψ,σσσ,.σσ	
Deferred outflows of Resources Deferred outflows related to pensions	¢ 10.664.077	
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 10,664,977 \$ 10,664,977	
	\$ 10,664,977	
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,177,459	
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	2,116,302	
Due to other governments	302,769	
Interest payable	132,921	
Noncurrent liabilities		
Due within 1 year	4,175,945	
Due in more than 1 year	79,680,040	
Total liabilities	\$ 87,585,436	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred inflows related to pensions	\$ 4,891,561	
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 4,891,561	
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 62,361,145	
Restricted for:	, , ,	
General government	1,671,905	
Highways and streets	8,540,131	
Public safety	7,320,593	
Judicial activities	2,946,428	
Education and economic opportunity	979,501	
Law enforcement	1,238,408	
Environment, library, and community services	339,909	
Health and welfare	954,021	
Debt service	235,652	
Unrestricted		
(Deficit)	(53,540,230)	
Total net position	\$ 33,047,463	

Navajo County Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2016

		F	Net (Expense)		
			Operating	Capital	Revenue and
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Changes in
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Net Position
Primary government:					
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 29,716,664	\$ 5,400,182	\$ 3,945,966		\$ (20,370,516)
Public safety	17,512,220	1,549,821	4,911,950		(11,050,449)
Highways and streets	12,008,267	432,421		\$ 11,571,167	(4,679)
Health and welfare	8,350,410	333,306	2,770,719		(5,246,385)
Culture and recreation	798,683	166,881	61,754		(570,048)
Education and economic opportunity	5,479,786		5,034,340		(445,446)
Environmental and conservation	247,622		364,692		117,070
Urban redevelopment and housing	16,887		10,000		(6,887)
Interest on long-term debt	503,684				(503,684)
Total governmental activities	\$ 74,634,223	\$ 7,882,611	\$ 17,099,421	\$ 11,571,167	\$ (38,081,024)
	General revenue	0.			
	Taxes:	5.			
		s, levied for gen	eral nurnose		\$ 7,811,116
	•	s, levied for gen s, levied for floo	•		1,837,233
	•		lic health district		2,056,438
	. ,	s, levied for libra			826,995
	General county s		iry district		6,365,510
	Shared revenues		ıy		10,874,837
	Shared revenues				2,250,392
	Payments in lieu		noonoo tax		1,547,382
	Investment earni				165,384
	Capital contribution	-			6,980
	Gain on sale of c				2,995
	Miscellaneous	apital accord			1,341,167
	Total general	revenues			35,086,429
	Change in net				(2,994,595)
	Net position, July	=			36,042,058
	Net position, Jun				\$ 33,047,463
	וזיכו טיסוווטוו, טעווי	C 30, 20 10			ψ 55,047,405

Navajo County Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

	General Fund	Public Works/ HURF Fund	Flood Control District Fund	Public Health District Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$ 6,960,402	\$ 7,311,741	\$ 7,152,081		\$ 8,854,147	\$ 30,278,371
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Property taxes	290,723		99,245	\$ 78,517	33,649	502,134
Accounts receivable	559,423	1,723		3,380	52,359	616,885
Special assessments					209,716	209,716
Due from:						
Other funds	441,447				129,179	570,626
Other governments	1,756,270	953,560		642,657	1,056,328	4,408,815
Inventories		619,595				619,595
Total assets	\$ 10,008,265	\$ 8,886,619	\$ 7,251,326	\$ 724,554	\$ 10,335,378	\$ 37,206,142
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 621,281	\$ 272,479	\$ 19,187	\$ 54,044	\$ 210,468	\$ 1,177,459
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	1,368,311	239,768	5,145	130,313	372,765	2,116,302
Due to:						
Other funds	3,821			211,270	355,535	570,626
Other governments	148,301	31,434	2,992	45,880	74,162	302,769
Pledged revenue obligations payable					150,000	150,000
Interest payable					132,921	132,921
Total liabilities	2,141,714	543,681	27,324	441,507	1,295,851	4,450,077
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenue–property taxes	194,917		64,922	50,018	22,282	332,139
Unavailable revenue–special assessments					182,894	182,894
Unavailable revenue-intergovernmental				43,106	30,805	73,911
Total deferred inflows of resources	194,917		64,922	93,124	235,981	588,944
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable		619,596				619,596
Restricted	1,612,513	7,723,342	7,159,080	860,897	7,376,418	24,732,250
Assigned	2,535,860	. ,0,0 .2	.,.55,550	220,00.	966,610	3,502,470
Unassigned	3,523,261			(670,974)	460,518	3,312,805
Total fund balances	7,671,634	8,342,938	7,159,080	189,923	8,803,546	32,167,121
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	.,,	2,2 .2,000	.,.30,000		2,200,0.0	<u>, </u>
resources and fund balances	\$ 10,008,265	\$ 8,886,619	\$ 7,251,326	\$ 724,554	\$ 10,335,378	\$ 37,206,142

Navajo County Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

Fund balances—total governmental funds	\$ 32,167,121
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	78,223,967
Some receivables are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.	588,944
Long-term liabilities, such as net pension liabilities and pledged revenue obligations payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(83,705,985)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported	
in the funds.	5,773,416
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 33,047,463

Navajo County Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

					Other	Total
	General	Public Works/	Flood Control	Public Health	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	HURF Fund	District Fund	District Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$ 7,810,483		\$ 1,839,674	\$ 2,065,544	\$ 826,948	\$ 12,542,649
County sales taxes	6,365,510					6,365,510
Special assessments					485,708	485,708
Licenses and permits	426,678			177,847		604,525
Fines and forfeits	744,156				748,771	1,492,927
Intergovernmental	17,990,140	\$ 11,571,167	1,424	2,918,603	9,846,774	42,328,108
Charges for services	8,407,378	93,174	10.101	155,459	1,713,275	10,369,286
Investment earnings	41,835	36,457	43,461	906	42,725	165,384
Contributions	E0E 047	70.054	070	39,962	040.074	39,962
Miscellaneous	585,647	73,054	972	41,120	640,374	1,341,167
Total revenues	42,371,827	11,773,852	1,885,531	5,399,441	14,304,575	75,735,226
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	24,362,439				3,112,770	27,475,209
Public safety	12,995,336		1,314,617		3,703,102	18,013,055
Highways and streets		9,832,498			117,162	9,949,660
Health and welfare	3,046,466			5,651,942		8,698,408
Culture and recreation					812,461	812,461
Education and economic opportunity	320,205				5,088,022	5,408,227
Environmental and conservation					266,428	266,428
Urban redevelopment and housing					16,887	16,887
Debt service:						
Principal	123,692			29,674	1,375,967	1,529,333
Interest and other charges	7,151	700 700	100 570	743	495,790	503,684
Capital outlay	1,049,060	708,736	129,579		206,316	2,093,691
Total expenditures	41,904,349	10,541,234	1,444,196	5,682,359	15,194,905	74,767,043
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	467,478	1,232,618	441,335	(282,918)	(890,330)	968,183
Other financing sources (uses):						
Sale of capital assets	2,995					2,995
Transfers in		67 610		211 175	2 500 422	
	1,429,982	67,612	(4.000.000)	211,175	2,509,423	4,218,192
Transfers out	(1,883,774)	(533,438)	(1,000,000)	(25,440)	(775,540)	(4,218,192)
Total other financing sources and uses	(450,797)	(465,826)	(1,000,000)	185,735	1,733,883	2,995
Net change in fund balances	16,681	766,792	(558,665)	(97,183)	843,553	971,178
Fund balances, July 1, 2015	7,654,953	7,937,713	7,717,745	287,106	7,970,493	31,568,010
Changes in nonspendable resources:	7,004,900	1,331,113	1,111,143	201,100	1,310,433	31,300,010
Decrease in reserve for inventories		(264 E67)				(264 E67)
		(361,567)			(40 E00)	(361,567)
Decrease in prepaid items Fund balances, June 30, 2016	¢ 7.674.624	¢ 0 242 020	¢ 7 150 000	¢ 100.022	(10,500)	(10,500)
i dila balances, bulle 50, 2010	\$ 7,671,634	\$ 8,342,938	\$ 7,159,080	\$ 189,923	\$ 8,803,546	\$ 32,167,121

Navajo County

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

Net change in fund balances—total governmental funds		\$ 971,178
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 2,093,691 (4,851,846)	(2,758,155)
Some revenues reported in the Statement of Activities do not represent the collection of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as revenues on the governmental funds Capital contributions Special assessments Intergovernmental revenues	6,980 20,420 1,193,337	1,220,737
Collection of revenues in the governmental funds exceeded revenues reported in the Statement of Activities Property taxes Intergovernmental revenues	(10,867) (218,208)	(229,075)
County pension contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension liability is measured a year before the County's report date. Pension expense, which is the change in the net pension liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, is reported in the Statement of Activities. County pension contributions Pension expense	4,240,898 (7,711,531)	(3,470,633)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Principal repaid		1,529,333
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are reported regardless of when the financial resources are available. Increase in IBNR healthcare claim costs Decrease in compensated absences Decrease in claims and judgments Decrease in landfill closure and post-closure care costs	(406,941) 467,615 52,263 1,150	114,087
Some cash outlays, such as purchases of inventories, are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when purchased. In the Statement of Activities, however, they are reported as expenses when consumed. Decrease in inventories	(361,567)	
Decrease in prepaid items	(10,500)	(372,067)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ (2,994,595)

Navajo County Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2016

Trust Funds	Age	ency Funds
\$ 166,563,114	\$	2,939,392
\$ 166,563,114	\$	2,939,392
	\$	737,492
		2,201,900
	\$	2,939,392
\$ 166,563,114		
	\$ 166,563,114	\$ 166,563,114

Navajo County Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Investment Trust Funds	
Additions:	Φ	222 024 407
Contributions from participants Net investment income	\$	223,921,107 1,224,409
Total additions		225,145,516
Deductions: Distributions to participants		208,065,138
Change in net position		17,080,378
Net position, July 1, 2015		149,482,736
Net position, June 30, 2016	\$	166,563,114

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Navajo County's accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the County implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application; GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68; and GASB Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. GASB Statement No. 72 establish standards for measuring fair value and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. GASB Statement No. 73 amended GASB Statement No. 68 requirements related to note disclosures for pension related required supplementary information and payables to defined benefit pension plans. GASB Statement No. 76 establishes the hierarchy of sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

A. Reporting Entity

The County is a general purpose local government that a separately elected board of supervisors governs. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the County (the primary government) and its component units.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are so intertwined with the County that they are in substance part of the County's operations. Therefore, data from these units is combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the County. Each blended component unit discussed below has a June 30 year-end. The County has no discretely presented component units.

The following table describes the County's component units:

Component Unit Navajo County Flood Control District	Description; Criteria for Inclusion A tax-levying district that provides flood control systems; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors and County management has operational responsibility for the component unit	Reporting Method Blended	For Separate Financial Statements Not available
	' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '		

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Navajo County Library District	A tax-levying district that provides and maintains library services for the County's residents; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors and County management has operational responsibility for the component unit	Blended	Not available
Navajo County Health District	A tax-levying district that provides and maintains health services for the County's residents; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors and County management has operational responsibility for the component unit	Blended	Not available
White Mountain Lake Recreation District	A tax-levying district that provides and improves recreational services for the White Mountain Lake Community; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors and County management has operational responsibility for the component unit	Blended	Not available
Navajo County Special Assessment Districts	Legally separate entities that provide improvements to various properties within the County; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors and there is either a financial benefit or burden relationship between the County and the component unit	Blended	Not available

B. Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the County as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

Government-wide statements—Provide information about the primary government (the County) and its component units. The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report the overall government's financial activities, except for fiduciary activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

A statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function.

- charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided;
- operating grants and contributions; and
- capital grants and contributions.

Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including internally dedicated resources and all taxes the County levies or imposes, are reported as general revenues.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. However, charges for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated if the prices approximate their external exchange values.

Fund financial statements—Provide information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements are presented for the governmental and fiduciary fund categories. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Fiduciary funds are aggregated and reported by fund type.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Public Works/HURF Fund* is used to account for road construction and maintenance of major and nonmajor regional roads, and is funded by highway user revenues and vehicle license taxes.

The *Flood Control District Fund* is used to provide flood control facilities and regulates floodplains and drainage to prevent flooding of property in Navajo County and is funded by secondary property taxes.

The Public Health District Fund is used to account for a variety of health service and education programs including Bioterrorism; Women, Infants and Children (WIC); Nutrition; Tobacco; Dental; and infectious and contagious diseases. Funding sources include a secondary property tax levy, federal and state grants, appropriations, fees and private party contributions.

The County also reports the following fund types:

The *investment trust funds* account for pooled assets the County Treasurer holds and invests on behalf of other governmental entities.

The *agency funds* account for assets the County holds as an agent for the State, various local governments, individuals, and other parties.

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The agency funds are custodial in nature and do not have a measurement focus but utilize the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities.

Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements the provider imposed have been met.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of grants and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. The County applies grant resources to such programs before using general revenues.

Governmental funds in the fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. The County considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year-end. The County's major revenue sources that are susceptible to accrual are property taxes, special assessments, intergovernmental, charges for services, and investment earnings. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and landfill closure and postclosure care costs, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they are due and payable. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease agreements are reported as other financing sources.

D. Cash and Investments

Money market investments with a remaining maturity of 1 year or less at the time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value.

E. Inventories

Inventories in the government-wide financial statements are recorded as assets when purchased and expensed when consumed. These inventories are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out method.

The County accounts for its inventories in the governmental funds using the purchase method. Inventories of the governmental funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. Amounts on hand at year-end are shown on the balance sheet as an asset for informational purposes only and as nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they do not constitute "available spendable resources." These inventories are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out method.

F. Property Tax Calendar

The County levies real and personal property taxes on or before the third Monday in August that become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May.

A lien assessed against real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost or estimated historical cost if historical records are not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value at date of acquisition.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold	Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$10,000	N/A	N/A
Buildings and improvements	10,000	Straight-line	15-40 years
Machinery and equipment	5,000	Straight-line	3-7 years
Infrastructure	10,000	Straight-line	35 years

H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position and balance sheet include separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods that will be recognized as an expense or expenditure in future periods. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to future periods and will be recognized as a revenue in future periods.

I. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension (asset and) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

J. Fund Balance Classifications

The governmental funds' fund balances are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on those resources' use. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, such as inventories, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balances are those that have externally imposed restrictions on their usage by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations.

The unrestricted fund balance category is composed of committed, assigned, and unassigned resources. Committed fund balances are self-imposed limitations that the County's Board of Supervisors approved, which is the highest level of decision-making authority within the County. Only the Board can remove or change the constraints placed on committed fund balances. The County did not commit any fund balances at June 30, 2016.

Assigned fund balances are resources constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Supervisors has authorized the county's manager to assign resources for a specific purpose.

The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not reported in the other classifications. Also, deficits in fund balances of the other governmental funds are reported as unassigned.

When an expenditure is incurred that can be paid from either restricted or unrestricted fund balances, the County will use restricted fund balance first. The County will use committed amounts first when disbursing unrestricted fund balances, followed by assigned amounts, and lastly unassigned amounts.

K. Investment Earnings

Investment earnings is composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

L. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences payable consists of vacation leave and a calculated amount of sick leave employees earned based on services already rendered.

Employees may accumulate up to 240 hours of vacation depending on years of service, but they forfeit any unused vacation hours in excess of the maximum amount at calendar year-end. Upon terminating employment, the County pays all unused and unforfeited vacation benefits up to a maximum of 240 hours. Upon retirement, the County pays up to a maximum of 240 hours plus 75 percent of vacation hours earned in the employee's final year of employment. Accordingly, vacation benefits are accrued as a liability in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds' financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements by fiscal year-end.

Employees may accumulate an unlimited number of sick leave hours. Generally, sick leave benefits provide for ordinary sick pay and are cumulative but employees forfeit them upon terminating employment. However, upon retirement or death, employees who have accumulated at least 500 hours of sick leave and at least 5 continuous service years receive some benefit payments. Benefit payments vary based on the number of continuous service years but cannot exceed \$5,000. Accordingly, sick leave benefits do vest and, therefore, are accrued as a liability in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds' financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee retirements and deaths by fiscal year-end.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize the County to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's investment pool; obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or any of the senior debt of its agencies, sponsored agencies, corporations, sponsored corporations, or instrumentalities; specified state and local government bonds, notes, and

other evidences of indebtedness; interest-earning investments such as savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; specified commercial paper issued by corporations organized and doing business in the United States; specified bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars; and certain open-end and closed-end mutual funds, including exchange traded funds. In addition, the County Treasurer may invest trust funds in certain fixed income securities of corporations doing business in the United States or District of Columbia.

Credit risk

Statutes have the following requirements for credit risk:

- 1. Commercial paper must be of prime quality and be rated within the top two ratings by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 2. Bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars must be rated "A" or better at the time of purchase by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.
- 3. Fixed income securities must carry one of the two highest ratings by Moody's investors service and Standard and Poor's rating service. If only one of the above-mentioned services rates the security, it must carry the highest rating of that service.

Custodial credit risk

Statutes require collateral for deposits at 102 percent of all deposits federal depository insurance does not cover.

Concentration of credit risk

Statutes do not include any requirements for concentration of credit risk.

Interest rate risk

Statutes require that public monies invested in securities and deposits have a maximum maturity of 5 years. The maximum maturity for investments in repurchase agreements is 180 days.

Foreign currency risk

Statutes do not allow foreign investments unless the investment is denominated in United States dollars.

Deposits—At June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$88,803,998, and the bank balance was \$90,589,478. The County's formal policy is to follow collateralization requirements set forth in A.R.S. §35-323 as described above.

Investments—The County's investments at June 30, 2016, categorized within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles, were as follows:

	Fair value measurement usi Quoted prices		
	Amount	in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)
Investments by fair value level		,	
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 41,616,251	\$41,616,251	
U.S. Treasury money market funds	10,000	10,000	
U.S. agency securities	69,340,359	<u>-</u>	\$69,340,359
-	\$110,966,610	\$41,626,251	\$69,340,359

Investments categorized as Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those investments. Investments categorized as Level 2 are valued using an automated method – IDC institutional bond pricing model.

Credit risk—The County's formal policy is to limit its portfolio to investments with the top rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. As of June 30, 2016, credit risk for the County's investments was as follows:

Investment Type	Rating	Rating Agency	Amount
U.S. agency securities	AAA	Moody's	\$69,340,359
U.S. Treasury money market funds	Unrated	N/A	10,000
Total			<u>\$69,350,359</u>

Custodial credit risk—For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the counterparty's failure, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the outside party's possession. The County's formal policy stipulates that securities that are held in a custody or safekeeping account must be held under the name of Navajo County or Navajo County Treasurer. At June 30, 2016, the County had \$10,000 of U.S. Treasury money market funds that were uninsured, not registered in the County's name and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the County's name.

Concentration of credit risk—The County's formal policy stipulates that the County will diversify the investment portfolio by limiting investments to avoid over-concentration in securities from a specific issuer, excluding obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or any of the senior debt of its agencies or sponsored agencies. The County had investments at June 30, 2016, of 5 percent or more in U.S. Treasury, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Farm Credit Banks, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Federal Home Loan Bank securities. These investments were 37.55 percent, 24.46 percent, 18.10 percent, 13.55 percent, and 6.34 percent, respectively, of the County's total investments.

Interest rate risk—The County's formal policy is to purchase a combination of short-, medium-, and long-term investments such that maturities occur evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow needed for operations. At June 30, 2016, the County had the following investments in debt securities:

Investment Type	Amount	Weighted Average Maturity (In Years)
U.S. agency securities	\$ 69,340,359	1.038
U.S. Treasury securities	41,616,251	0.513
U.S. Treasury money market funds	10,000	0.003
, ,	\$110.966.610	

A reconciliation of cash, deposits, and investments to amounts shown on the Statements of Net Position follows:

Cash, deposits, and investments:

Cash on hand	\$ 10,269
Amount of deposits	88,803,998
Amount of investments	<u>110,966,610</u>
Total	\$199,780,877

	Governmental Activities	Investment Trust Funds	Agency Funds	Total
Statement of Net Position Cash and investments	<u>\$30,278,371</u>	<u>\$166,563,114</u>	<u>\$2,939,392</u>	<u>\$199,780,877</u>

Note 3 - Due From Other Governments

Amounts due from other governments at June 30, 2016, are shown as follows:

	General Fund	Public Works/ HURF Fund	Public Health District Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
State-shared sales tax	\$ 681,265				\$ 681,265
County sales tax	558,461				558,461
State-shared vehicle license tax	103,125	\$125,541			228,666
Highway user revenue Grants and contributions from		764,003			764,003
state and federal governments Reimbursements for services	373,639	49,016	\$642,657	\$ 736,312	1,801,624
provided for governmental units Timberland Acres Domestic	39,780	15,000		299,477	289,573
Water Improvement District Ioan				20,539	289,573
	<u>\$1,756,270</u>	<u>\$953,560</u>	<u>\$642,657</u>	\$1,056,328	\$4,408,815

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2015	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2016
Governmental activities:	• .			•
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 5,661,286	\$ 40,000		\$ 5,701,286
Construction in progress	3,168,157	80,518		3,248,675
Total capital assets not being				
depreciated	8,829,443	120,518		8,949,961
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	50,046,033	117,427		50,163,460
Infrastructure	77,576,025	39,580		77,615,605
Machinery and equipment	<u>29,843,364</u>	<u>1,823,146</u>	<u>\$144,379</u>	<u>31,522,131</u>
Total	<u>157,465,422</u>	<u>1,980,153</u>	<u>144,379</u>	<u> 159,301,196</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	19,230,384	1,377,206		20,607,590
Infrastructure	40,216,440	2,153,284		42,369,724
Machinery and equipment	25,872,899	<u>1,321,356</u>	<u>144,379</u>	<u>27,049,876</u>
Total	<u>85,319,723</u>	<u>4,851,846</u>	<u> 144,379</u>	90,027,190
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	72,145,699	<u>(2,871,693</u>)		<u>69,274,006</u>
Governmental activities capital				
assets, net	\$ 80,975,142	<u>\$(2,751,175</u>)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 78,223,967</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 931,090
Public safety	1,149,378
Highways and streets	2,443,069
Health and welfare	197,054
Culture and recreation	185
Education	131,070
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$4,851,846

Note 5 - Construction and Other Significant Commitments

The County had major commitments at June 30, 2016, for the rehabilitation of Woodruff/Snowflake Bridge. As of June 30, 2016, the County had spent \$97,776 on the rehabilitation of Woodruff/Snowflake Bridge and had an estimated \$1.2 million remaining to complete. This project is primarily being financed through a contractual agreement with the Arizona Department of Transportation and the remaining share of cost for the Public Works/HURF Fund is \$66,490.

Note 6 - Long-Term Liabilities

The following schedule details the County's long-term liability and obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2016:

Governmental activities	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2016	Due within 1 year
Pledged revenue obligations	#40.045.000		Φ4 00F 000	#45.040.000	¢4 400 000
payable Special assessment debt with	\$16,845,000		\$1,005,000	\$15,840,000	\$1,180,000
governmental commitment	573,542		220,967	352,575	222,575
Capital leases payable	326,188		153,366	172,822	157,473
Net pension liability	60,404,458	\$4,283,518	365,898	64,322,078	35,878
Landfill closure and post-					
closure care costs payable	247,951		1,150	246,801	1,150
Compensated absences payable	2,152,212	1,187,724	1,655,339	1,684,597	1,341,757
Incurred but not reported					
healthcare claims payable	759,809	406,941		1,166,750	1,166,750
Claims and judgments payable	122,625	50,000	102,263	70,362	70,362
Total	<u>\$81,431,785</u>	<u>\$5,928,183</u>	<u>\$3,503,983</u>	<u>\$83,855,985</u>	<u>\$4,175,945</u>

Pledged revenue and pledged revenue refunding obligations—The County has issued pledged revenue obligations that are generally callable with interest payable semiannually. The Series 2013 pledged revenue and pledged revenue refunding obligations of \$10,625,000 were issued for construction projects and refunding the Series 2008 Navajo County pledged revenue obligations. The obligations of \$10,625,000 were allocated as follows: \$1,215,000 to complete the detention facilities, \$4,550,000 to construct a public works complex in Holbrook and \$4,860,000 to refund the outstanding principal balance of \$4,780,000 relating to the Series 2008 Navajo County pledged revenue obligations. The Series 2012A pledged revenue refunding obligations of \$4,100,000 were issued to refund the outstanding principal balance of \$4,345,000 relating to the Series 2000 Jail Facility certificate of participation. The Series 2012B pledged revenue obligations of \$4,400,000 were issued to construct and remodel jail facilities.

Pledged revenue and pledged revenue refunding obligations outstanding at June 30, 2016, were as follows:

Description	Original Amount Issued	Maturity Ranges	Interest Rates	Outstanding Principal
Navajo County Pledged Revenue and				
Pledged Revenue Refunding				
Obligations, Series 2013	\$10,625,000	2017 – 2024	2.17%	\$ 7,635,000
Navajo County Pledged Revenue				
Refunding Obligations, Series 2012A	4,100,000	2017 - 2027	3.24%	3,805,000
Navajo County Pledged Revenue				
Obligations, Series 2012B	4,400,000	2017 – 2031	3.24%	4,400,000
		Total		\$15,840,000

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the County's pledged revenue obligations payable at June 30, 2016:

	Governmental Activities		
•	Principal Intere		
Year ending June 30			
2017	\$ 1,180,000	\$ 429,092	
2018	1,200,000	401,800	
2019	1,230,000	373,858	
2020	1,255,000	345,348	
2021	1,290,000	316,133	
2022-2026	5,285,000	1,169,771	
2027-2031	4,400,000	508,031	
Total	\$15,840,000	\$3,544,033	

The County has pledged a portion of its general county and state sales tax revenues toward the payment of debt related to revenue obligations outstanding at June 30, 2016. At June 30, 2016, future pledged revenues through final maturity at July 1, 2031 totaled \$19,384,033, consisting of \$15,840,000 for principal and \$3,544,033 for interest. Future principal and interest payments are expected to require approximately 7 percent of pledged sales tax revenues. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total current-year pledged revenues were \$1,461,027 and \$17,240,347, respectively.

Special assessment debt with governmental commitment—Special assessment debt is payable from assessments collected from property owners benefited by the respective improvements. The special assessment districts pledged these assessments to repay the principal amount of \$1,858,124 in special assessment debt. The proceeds were used to finance the construction or improvement of roads, water and wastewater systems, and community facilities. At June 30, 2016, future pledged revenues through final maturity at July 1, 2019, totaled \$383,502 consisting of \$352,575 for principal and \$30,927 for interest. Future principal and interest payments are expected to require 100 percent of pledged special assessment revenues. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total current year special assessment revenues were \$260,730 and \$224,359, respectively. While there is no legal obligation for the County to further secure the special assessment debt of the districts below, the County has made a moral commitment to take steps necessary to prevent default.

Special assessment debt currently outstanding for governmental activities is as follows:

Description	Original Amount Issued	Maturity Ranges	Interest Rates	Outstanding Principal
Shumway Road	\$1,150,000	2017	5.40%	\$150, 0 00
Bucking Horse	524,000	2017-2019	5.75%	189,000
Scott's Pine Tract A	<u> 184,124</u>	2017	6.17%	<u> 13,575</u>
Total	<u>\$1,858,124</u>			<u>\$352,575</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the special assessment debt with governmental commitment are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		
	Principal	Interest	
Year ending June 30			
2017	\$222,575	\$19,600	
2018	63,000	7,475	
2019	67,000	3,852	
Total	\$352,575	\$30,927	

Compensated absences—Compensated absences are paid from various funds in the same proportion that those funds pay payroll costs. During fiscal year 2016, the County paid for compensated absences as follows: 63 percent from the General Fund, 12 percent from the Public Works/HURF Fund, 8 percent from the Public Health District Fund, and 17 percent from the Other Governmental Funds.

Incurred but not reported healthcare claims payable—On July 1, 2014, Navajo County implemented a self-insured health benefits program as described in Note 7. The liability for medical, dental and pharmacy claims is based on fiscal year 2016 actuarial report. Changes in incurred but not reported (IBNR) healthcare claims payable for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2016, were as follows:

	2015	2016
IBNR healthcare claims payable beginning of year		\$ 759,809
Current-year claims and changes in estimates	\$4,758,282	5,605,979
Claim payments	3,998,473	5,199,038
IBNR healthcare claims payable, end of year	\$ 759,809	\$1,166,750

Claims and judgments payable—Claims and judgments are generally paid from the fund that accounts for the activity that gave rise to the claim. At June 30, 2016, the claims and judgments payable the total amount of \$70,362 represents the deductible reserves on reported claims.

Note 7 - Risk Management

Public entity risk pools—The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. For these risks of loss, the County joined and is covered by two public entity risk pools: the Arizona Counties Property and Casualty Pool and the Arizona Counties Workers' Compensation Pool, which are described below.

The Arizona Counties Property and Casualty Pool is a public entity risk pool currently composed of 12 member counties. The pool provides member counties catastrophic loss coverage for risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters; and provides risk management services. Such coverage includes all defense costs as well as the amount of any judgment or

settlement. The County is responsible for paying a premium based on its exposure in relation to the exposure of the other participants and a deductible of \$10,000 per occurrence for property claims and \$50,000 per occurrence for liability claims. The County is also responsible for any payments in excess of the maximum coverage of \$300 million per occurrence for property claims and \$15 million per occurrence for liability claims. However, lower limits apply to certain categories of losses. A county must participate in the pool at least 3 years after becoming a member; however, it may withdraw after the initial 3-year period.

The Arizona Counties Workers' Compensation Pool is a public entity risk pool currently composed of 12 member counties. The pool provides member counties with workers' compensation coverage, as law requires, and risk management services. The County is responsible for paying a premium based on an experience-rating formula that allocates pool expenditures and liabilities among the members.

The Arizona Counties Property and Casualty Pool and the Arizona Counties Workers' Compensation Pool receive independent audits annually and an audit by the Arizona Department of Insurance every 5 years. Both pools accrue liabilities for losses that have been incurred but not reported. These liabilities are determined annually based on an independent actuarial valuation. If a pool were to become insolvent, the County would be assessed an additional contribution.

Self-insured employee benefits program—On July 1, 2014, Navajo County implemented a self-insured health benefits program in partnership with Summit Healthcare and the Aetna Network. The program offers one comprehensive medical plan. The uninsured risk of loss per individual is \$250,000 per plan year. In addition, the County established an onsite health care facility named High Desert Health Care clinic in the County's Holbrook complex. Under the program, the County contracts directly with healthcare providers to deliver healthcare services to its eligible employees and their dependents. The County pays for the services using premiums it receives from employees and county contributions. Health benefits program expenditures are recorded in the General Fund and employee premiums and county contributions are recorded in the applicable governmental funds through payroll deductions and transferred to the General Fund. However, the county contributions are considered as internal activities, and therefore, are eliminated at the government-wide level of the financial statements. The liability for incurred but not reported healthcare claims payable at June 30, 2016, is actuarial valued and disclosed in Note 6.

Note 8 - Fund Balance Classifications of the Governmental Funds

The fund balance classifications of the governmental funds as of June 30, 2016, were as follows:

	General Fund	Public Works/ HURF Fund	Flood Control District Fund	Public Health District Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Fund balances: Nonspendable: Inventories Total nonspendable		\$ 619,596 619,596				\$ 619,596 619,596
Restricted for: Health insurance trust Highways and streets Flood control projects Health Judicial activities Law enforcement Education	\$1,612,513	7,723,342	\$7,159,080	\$860,897	\$ 543,500 2,946,428 1,238,408 979,501	1,612,513 8,266,842 7,159,080 860,897 2,946,428 1,238,408 979,501
Environmental and conservation Economic stabilization and development					695,292	695,292 103,869
Social services Library Public safety transportation					99,266 50,465 65,786	99,266 50,465 65,786
Recreation Road projects Debt service Capital projects Other purposes Total restricted	1,612,513	7,723,342	7,159,080	860,897	126,221 100,701 183,152 218,513 25,316 7,376,418	126,221 100,701 183,152 218,513 25,316 24,732,250
Assigned to: Health insurance reserve	1,036,496					1,036,496
Economic stabilization and development Judicial activities Law enforcement	400,000 9,000 395,151					400,000 9,000 395,151
Education Debt service Other capital projects Other purposes	250,000 445,213				148,937 817,673	148,937 817,673 250,000 445,213
Total assigned Unassigned	2,535,860 3,523,261			<u>(670,974</u>)	966,610 460,518	3,502,470 3,312,805
Total fund balances	<u>\$7,671,634</u>	<u>\$8,342,938</u>	<u>\$7,159,080</u>	<u>\$ 189,923</u>	<u>\$8,803,546</u>	<u>\$32,167,121</u>

Note 9 - Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits

The County contributes to the plans described below. The plans are component units of the State of Arizona.

At June 30, 2016, the County reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions for all plans to which it contributes:

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities	Governmental Activities
Net pension liabilities	\$64,322,078
Deferred outflows of resources	10,664,977
Deferred inflows of resources	4,891,561
Pension expense	7,711,531

The County's accrued payroll and employee benefits includes \$153,910 of outstanding pension contribution amounts payable to all pension plans for the year ended June 30, 2016. Also, the County reported \$4,240,898 of pension contributions as expenditures in the governmental funds related to all pension plans to which it contributes.

A. Arizona State Retirement System

Plan description—County employees not covered by the other pension plans described below participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its website at www.azasrs.gov.

Benefits provided—The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

ASRS	Retirement Initial membership date:			
	Before July 1, 2011	On or after July 1, 2011		
Years of service	Sum of years and age equals 80	30 years, age 55		
and age required	10 years, age 62	25 years, age 60		
to receive benefit	5 years, age 50*	10 years, age 62		
	any years, age 65	5 years, age 50*		
		any years, age 65		
Final average	Highest 36 consecutive months	Highest 60 consecutive		
salary is based on	of last 120 months	months of last 120 months		
Benefit percent	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%		
per year of service				

^{*} With actuarially reduced benefits.

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the retirement benefit option chosen determines the survivor benefit. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Contributions—In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2016, statute required active ASRS members to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.47 percent (11.35 percent for retirement and 0.12 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and statute required the County to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.47 percent (10.85 percent for retirement, 0.50 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.12 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll. In addition, the County was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 9.36 percent (9.17 percent for retirement, 0.13 percent for health insurance premium benefit and 0.06 percent for long-term disability) of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the County in positions that an employee who contributes to the ASRS would typically fill. The County's contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2016, were \$2,128,972. The County's OPEB contributions for the current and 2 preceding years, all of which were equal to the required contributions, were as follows:

ASRS	Health Benefit Supplement Fund	Long-Term Disability Fund
Year ended June 30		
2016	\$ 96,268	\$23,334
2015	113,693	23,124
2014	100,058	40,023

During fiscal year 2016, the County paid for ASRS pension and OPEB contributions as follows: 50 percent from the General Fund, 15 percent from the Public Works/HURF Fund, 11 percent from the Public Health District Fund, and 24 percent from other governmental funds.

Pension liability—At June 30, 2016, the County reported a liability of \$32,861,924 for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total pension liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, to the measurement date of June 30, 2015. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the

County's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2015. The County's proportion measured as of June 30, 2015, was 0.21098 percent, which was an increase of 0.001756 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

Pension expense and deferred outflows/inflows of resources—For the year ended June 30, 2016, the County recognized pension expense for ASRS of \$1,681,323. At June 30, 2016, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

ASRS	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 896,731	\$1,721,998
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,053,152
Changes in proportion and differences between county contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	749,364	762,367
County contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	2,128,972	
Total	<u>\$3,775,067</u>	<u>\$3,537,517</u>

The \$2,128,972 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions resulting from county contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ASRS pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30	
2017	\$ (769,543)
2018	(1,139,063)
2019	(743,059)
2020	760,243

Actuarial Assumptions—The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

ASRS

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2014
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	8%
Projected salary increases	3-6.75%
Inflation	3%
Permanent benefit increase	Included
Mortality rates	1994 GAM Scale BB

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS pension plan investments was determined to be 8.79 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

ASRS		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Real Rate of Return
Equity	58%	6.79%
Fixed income	25%	3.70%
Real estate	10%	4.25%
Multi-asset	5%	3.41%
Commodities	2%	3.93%
Total	<u>100%</u>	

Discount Rate—The discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension liability was 8 percent, which is less than the long-term expected rate of return of 8.79 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the ASRS net pension liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (9 percent) than the current rate:

ASRS	Current		
	1% Decrease (7%)	Discount Rate (8%)	1% Increase (9%)
County's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$43,060,350	\$32,861,924	\$25,872,659

Pension plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

B. Public Safety Personnel Retirement System and Corrections Officer Retirement Plan

Plan descriptions—County sheriff employees and county attorney investigators who are regularly assigned hazardous duty participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS). The PSPRS administers an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and an agent multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan (agent plans). A seven-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4.

County detention officers and Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) probation, surveillance, and juvenile detention officers participate in the Corrections Officer Retirement Plan (CORP). The CORP administers an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and an agent multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan for county detention officers (agent plans), and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan for AOC officers (cost-sharing plans). The PSPRS Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern CORP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 6.

The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for PSPRS and CORP plans. The report is available on the PSPRS website at www.psprs.com.

Benefits provided—The PSPRS and CORP provide retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

PSPRS	Initial membership date:		
	Before January 1, 2012	On or after January 1, 2012	
Retirement and			
Disability			
Years of service and age required to receive benefit	20 years, any age 15 years, age 62	25 years, age 52.5	
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 20 years	

PSPRS	Initial mem Before January 1, 2012	bership date: On or after January 1, 2012		
Benefit percent				
Normal Retirement	50% less 2.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years OR plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited service over 20 years, not to exceed 80%	2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%		
Accidental Disabilit Retirement	sy 50% or normal retirement	ent, whichever is greater		
Catastrophic Disability Retireme		then reduced to either 62.5% t, whichever is greater		
Ordinary Disability Retirement	service or 20 years of credited multiplied by years of credit	Normal retirement calculated with actual years of credited service or 20 years of credited service, whichever is greater, multiplied by years of credited service (not to exceed 20 years) divided by 20		
Survivor Benefit				
Retired Members	80% to 100% of retired	member's pension benefit		
Active Members	100% of average monthly c	80% to 100% of accidental disability retirement benefit or 100% of average monthly compensation if death was the result of injuries received on the job		
CORP	Initial mem Before January 1, 2012	nbership date: On or after January 1, 2012		
Retirement and Disability Years of service and age required to receive benefit	Sum of years and age equals 80 20 years, any age 10 years, age 62	25 years, age 52.5 10 years, age 62		
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 10 years	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 10 years		
Benefit percent				
Normal Retirement	2.0% to 2.5% per year of cre	dited service, not to exceed 80%		
Accidental Disability Retirement	50% or normal retirement if more than 20 years of credited service	50% or normal retirement if more than 25 years of credited service		

CORP Initial membership date:

Before January 1, 2012 On or after January 1, 2012 50% or normal retirement if more than 25 years of credited service

Total and Permanent Disability

Retirement

Ordinary Disability

Retirement

2.5% per year of credited service

Survivor Benefit

Retired Members 80% of retired member's pension benefit

Active Members 40% of average monthly compensation or 100% of average monthly

compensation if death was the result of injuries received on the job. If there is no surviving spouse or eligible children, the beneficiary is

entitled to 2 times the member's contributions.

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. In addition, from and after December 31, 2015, the Legislature may enact permanent one-time benefit increases after a Joint Legislative Budget Committee analysis of the increase's effects on the plan. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

Employees covered by benefit terms—At June 30, 2016, the following employees were covered by the agent pension plans' benefit terms:

	PSPRS Sheriff	PSPRS Attorney Investigators	CORP
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Inactive employees entitled to but	29	1	10
not yet receiving benefits	23		28
Active employees	<u>46</u>	_	<u>45</u>
Total	<u>98</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>83</u>

Contributions and annual OPEB cost—State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS and CORP employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS and CORP pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions rates for the year ended June 30, 2016, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

	PSPRS Sheriff	CORP	CORP
Active members—Pension	11.65%	8.41%	8.41%
County			
Pension	47.62%	8.84%	19.10%
Health insurance premium benefit	0%	0%	0.85%

The County was required to contribute \$35,878 for the PSPRS Attorney Investigators Pension Plan based on the estimated actuarially required contribution for an inactive member.

In addition, statute required the County to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 28.62 percent for the PSPRS of annual covered payroll of a retired member who worked for the County in a position that an employee who contributes to the PSPRS would typically fill.

For the agent plans, the County's contributions to the pension plan and annual OPEB cost and contributions for the health insurance premium benefit for the year ended June 30, 2016, were:

PSPRS Sheriff		PSPRS Attorney CORP Investigators Detention	
Pension Contributions made	\$1,214,475	\$35,878	\$138,748
Health Insurance Premium Benefit	. , ,	, ,	,
Annual OPEB cost	\$0	\$0	\$0
Contributions made	\$0	\$0	\$0

Contributions to the CORP AOC pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2016, were \$367,198. The County's contributions for the current and 2 preceding years for the CORP AOC OPEB, all of which were equal to the required contributions, were as follows:

CORP AOC	
	Health Insurance Fund
Year ended June 30	
2016	\$16,341
2015	23,306
2014	20,950

During fiscal year 2016, the County paid for PSPRS and CORP pension and OPEB contributions as follows: 83 percent from the General Fund and 17 percent from the other governmental funds.

Pension liability—At June 30, 2016, the County reported the following net pension liabilities:

	Net Pension Liability
PSPRS Sheriff	\$11,914,141
PSPRS Attorney Investigators	569,212
CORP	642,272
CORP AOC (County's proportionate share)	4,108,278

The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

In May 2016 voters approved Proposition 124 that authorized certain statutory adjustments to PSPRS' automatic cost-of-living adjustments. The statutory adjustments change the basis for future cost-of-living adjustments from excess investment earnings to the change in the consumer price index, limited to a maximum annual increase of 2 percent. The change in the County's net pension liability as a result of the statutory adjustments is not known.

Pension actuarial assumptions—The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

PSPRS and CORP—Pension

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Investment rate of return 7.85%

Projected salary increases 4.0%–8.0% for PSPRS and 4.0%–7.25% for CORP

Inflation 4.0%
Permanent benefit increase Included

Mortality rates RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105% for both

males and females)

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2011.

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS and CORP pension plan investments was determined to be 7.85 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

PSPRS and CORP		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Geometric Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Short term investments	2%	0.75%
Absolute return	5%	4.11%
Risk parity	4%	5.13%
Fixed income	7%	2.92%
Real assets	8%	4.77%
GTAA	10%	4.38%
Private equity	11%	9.50%
Real estate	10%	4.48%
Credit opportunities	13%	7.08%
Non-U.S. equity	14%	8.25%
U.S. equity	<u>16%</u>	6.23%
Total	<u>100%</u>	

Pension discount rates—The discount rate used to measure the PSPRS and CORP total pension liabilities was 7.85 percent, which was an increase of 3.56 percent for the PSPRS Attorney Investigators plan from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2014. The discount rate for the PSPRS Sheriff, CORP, and CORP AOC plans did not change from the prior year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

PSPRS Sheriff	lr	ncrease (Decrease	e)
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) – (b)
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$17,034,621	\$5,324,923	\$11,709,698
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	397,350		397,350
Interest on the total pension liability	1,309,258		1,309,258
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the			
pension liability	(377,151)		(377,151)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs			
Contributions—employer		790,385	(790,385)
Contributions—employee		261,993	(261,993)
Net investment income		191,904	(191,904)
Benefit payments, including refunds of			,
employee contributions	(1,109,711)	(1,109,711)	
Administrative expense	,	(5,044)	5,044
Other changes		(114,224)	114,224
Net changes	219,746	15,303	204,443
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$17,254,367	\$5,340,226	\$11,914,141

PSPRS Attorney Investigators	I	e)	
	Total	Plan	
	Pension Liability (a)	Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) – (b)
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$ 971,244	\$ 36,134	\$ 935,110
Changes for the year:			
Interest on the total pension liability	40,906		40,906
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the			
pension liability	6,616		6,616
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(392,840)		(392,840)
Contributions—employer Contributions—employee		20,181	(20,181)
Net investment income		744	(744)
Benefit payments, including refunds of			
employee contributions	(35,451)	(35,451)	
Administrative expense		(308)	308
Other changes	 _	(37)	37
Net changes	(380,769)	(14,871)	(365,898)
Balances at June 30, 2016	<u>\$ 590,475</u>	<u>\$ 21,263</u>	<u>\$ 569,212</u>

CORP	lr	ncrease (Decrease)
_	Total	Plan	
	Pension Liability (a)	Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) – (b)
Balances at June 30, 2015	<u>\$3,953,613</u>	<u>\$3,361,955</u>	<u>\$591,658</u>
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	229,853		229,853
Interest on the total pension liability	301,883		301,883
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the			
pension liability	(93,870)		(93,870)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs			
Contributions—employer		123,062	(123,062)
Contributions—employee		137,233	(137,233)
Net investment income		120,952	(120,952)
Benefit payments, including refunds of			
employee contributions	(445,789)	(445,789)	
Administrative expense		(3,354)	3,354
Other changes		9,359	<u>(9,359</u>)
Net changes	(7,923)	<u>(58,537</u>)	<u>50,614</u>
Balances at June 30, 2016	<u>\$3,945,690</u>	<u>\$3,303,418</u>	<u>\$642,272</u>

The County's proportion of the CORP AOC net pension liability was based on the County's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating counties' actual contributions for the year ended June 30, 2015. The County's proportion measured as of June 30, 2015, was 1.689882 percent, which was a decrease of 0.049414 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

Sensitivity of the County's net pension liability to changes in the discount rate— The following table presents the County's net pension liabilities calculated using the discount rates noted above, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
PSPRS Sheriff			
Rate	6.85%	7.85%	8.85%
Net pension liability	\$13,908,285	\$11,914,141	\$10,252,088
PSPRS Attorney Investigators			
Rate	6.85%	7.85%	8.85%
Net pension liability	\$649,770	\$569,212	\$503,740
CORP			
Rate	6.85%	7.85%	8.85%
Net pension liability	\$1,132,846	\$642,272	\$236,334
CORP AOC			
Rate	6.85%	7.85%	8.85%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$5,371,595	\$4,108,278	\$3,056,875
the het behaloff liability	φυ,υ <i>1</i> 1,υθυ	φ 4 , 100,270	φ3,030,673

Pension plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS and CORP financial reports.

Pension expense—For the year ended June 30, 2016, the County recognized the following pension expense:

	Pension Expense
PSPRS Sheriff	\$1,406,634
PSPRS Attorney Investigators	(317,886)
CORP	72,652
CORP AOC (County's proportionate share)	529,831

Pension deferred outflows/inflows of resources—At June 30, 2016, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

PSPRS Sheriff	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual		\$716,295
experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	\$1,525,733	φ/10,295
investments	6,438	
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	_1,214,475 \$2,746,646	<u>\$716,295</u>
PSPRS Attorney Investigators	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments County contributions subsequent to the		\$509
measurement date Total	\$35,878 \$35,878	<u>\$509</u>

CORP Detention	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	¢440.500	\$332,944
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	\$149,500	
investments County contributions subsequent to the	4,824	
measurement date Total	_138,748 <u>\$293,072</u>	\$332,944
CORP AOC	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and	¢140 601	¢ 22.400
actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	\$140,691 435,454	\$ 23,188
investments	22,588	
Changes in proportion and differences between county contributions and proportionate share of contributions County contributions subsequent to the		77,691
measurement date Total	367,198 \$965,931	\$100.879

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from county contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	PSPRS		
PSPRS Sheriff	Attorney Investigators	CORP Detention	CORP AOC
\$259,491	\$(268)	\$(58,975)	\$130,399
259,491	(268)	(58,975)	130,399
259,492	(269)	(58,977)	130,399
47,103	296	(1,228)	115,215
(9,701)	-	(465)	(8,558)
	\$259,491 259,491 259,492 47,103	PSPRS Sheriff Attorney Investigators \$259,491 \$(268) 259,491 (268) 259,492 (269) 47,103 296	PSPRS Sheriff Attorney Investigators CORP Detention \$259,491 \$(268) \$(58,975) 259,491 (268) (58,975) 259,492 (269) (58,977) 47,103 296 (1,228)

Agent plan OPEB actuarial assumptions—The health insurance premium benefit contribution requirements for the year ended June 30, 2016, were established by the

June 30, 2014, actuarial valuations, and those actuarial valuations were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the reported amounts' value and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the plans' funded status and the annual required contributions are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made. The required schedule of funding progress for the health insurance premium benefit presented as required supplementary information provides multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of the plans' assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Projections of benefits are based on (1) the plans as the County and plans' members understand them and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date, and (2) the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the County and plans' members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. The significant actuarial methods and assumptions used are the same for all PSPRS and CORP plans and related benefits (unless noted), and the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to establish the fiscal year 2016 contribution requirements:

PSPRS and CORP—OPEB Contribution Requirements

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2014 Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percent closed for unfunded actuarial accrued

liability, open for excess

Remaining amortization period 22 years for unfunded actuarial accrued liability, 20

years for excess

Asset valuation method 7-year smoothed market value; 20% corridor

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.85%

Projected salary increases 4 %–8% for PSPRS and 4%–7.25% for CORP

Wage growth 4% for PSPRS and CORP

Agent plan OPEB trend information—Annual OPEB cost information for the health insurance premium benefit for the current and 2 preceding years follows for each of the agent plans:

Year Ended June 30 PSPRS Sheriff	Annual OPEB Cost	Annual Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2016	\$ 0	0%	\$0
2015	31,455	100	0
2014	24,895	100	0

Year Ended June 30 PSPRS Attorney Investigators	Annual OPEB Cost		Percentage of Annual Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2016	\$	0	0%	\$0
2015		0	0	0
2014		0	0	0
CORP				
2016	\$	0	0%	\$0
2015	14,	,526	100	0
2014	14,	,501	100	0

Agent plan OPEB funded status—The health insurance premium benefit plans' funded status as of the most recent valuation date, June 30, 2016, along with the actuarial assumptions and methods used in those valuations follow.

PSPRS			
PSPRS	Attorney	CORP	
Sheriff	Investigators	Detention	
\$ 628,925	\$ 6,059	\$ 348,466	
338,940	34,136	125,473	
(289,985)	28,077	(222,993)	
185.56%	17.80%	277.72%	
2,452,015	0	1,576,314	
(11.8)%	0%	(14.1)%	
	Sheriff \$ 628,925 338,940 (289,985) 185.56% 2,452,015	PSPRS Attorney Investigators \$ 628,925 \$ 6,059 \$ 34,136 (289,985) 28,077 185.56% 17.80% 2,452,015 0	

The actuarial methods and assumptions used are the same for all the PSPRS and CORP health insurance premium benefit plans (unless noted), and for the most recent valuation date are as follows:

PSPRS and CORP—OPEB Funded Status

Wage growth

PSPRS and CORP—OPEB runded Status		
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2016	
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	
Amortization method	Level percent closed for unfunded actuarial accrued	
	liability, open for excess	
Remaining amortization period	20 years for unfunded actuarial accrued liability, 20	
	years for excess	
Asset valuation method	7-year smoothed market value; 80%/120% market corridor	
Actuarial assumptions:		
Investment rate of return	7.50%	
Projected salary increases	4%–8% for PSPRS and 4%–7.25% for CORP	

4% for PSPRS and CORP

C. Elected Officials Retirement Plan

Plan description—Elected officials and judges participate in the Elected Officials Retirement Plan (EORP), ASRS, or the Elected Officials Defined Contribution Retirement System (EODCRS). EORP administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan for elected officials and judges who were members of the plan on December 31, 2013. This plan was closed to new members as of January 1, 2014. The PSPRS Board of Trustees governs the EORP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 3. The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information for the EORP plans. The report is available on PSPRS's website at www.psprs.com.

Benefits provided—The EORP provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average yearly compensation, and service credit as follows:

EORP	Initial membership date:		
	Before January 1, 2012	On or after January 1, 2012	
Retirement and Disability	• /	•	
Years of service	20 years, any age	10 years, age 62	
and age required	10 years, age 62	5 years, age 65	
to receive benefit	5 years, age 65	any years and age if disabled	
	5 years, any age*		
	any years and age if disabled		
Final average	Highest 36 consecutive	Highest 60 consecutive	
salary is based on	months of last 10 years	months of last 10 years	
Benefit percent	,	•	
Normal Retirement	4% per year of service,	3% per year of service,	
	not to exceed 80%	not to exceed 75%	
Disability	80% with 10 or more years of	75% with 10 or more years of	
Retirement	service	service	
	40% with 5 to 10 years of service	37.5% with 5 to 10 years of	
	20% with less than 5 years of	service	
	service	18.75% with less than 5 years of	
	331 1103	service	
Survivor Benefit		331 1133	
Retired Members	75% of retired member's benefit	50% of retired member's benefit	
Active Members	75% of disability retirement	50% of disability retirement	
and Other	benefit	benefit	
Inactive Members	25.1611	23.1011	

^{*} With reduced benefits of 0.25% for each month early retirement precedes the member's normal retirement age, with a maximum reduction of 30%.

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. In addition, from and after December 31, 2015, the Legislature may enact permanent one-time benefit increases after a Joint Legislative Budget Committee analysis of the increase's effects on the plan.

Contributions—State statutes establish active member and employer contribution requirements. Statute also appropriates \$5 million annually through fiscal year 2043 for the EORP from the State of Arizona to supplement the normal cost plus an amount to amortize the unfunded accrued liability and designates a portion of certain court fees for the EORP. For the year ended June 30, 2016, statute required active EORP members to contribute 13 percent of the members' annual covered payroll and the County to contribute 23.5 percent of active EORP members' annual covered payroll. Also, statute required the County to contribute 12.15 percent to EORP of the annual covered payroll of elected officials and judges who were ASRS members and 17.50 percent to EORP of the annual covered payroll of elected officials and judges who were EODCRS members, in addition to the County's required contributions to ASRS and EODCRS for these elected officials and judges. The County's contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2016, were \$355,627. No OPEB contributions were required or made for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2016. The County's OPEB contributions for the current and 2 preceding years, all of which were equal to the required contributions, were as follows:

	Health Ir	RP suranc nd	e
Year ended June 30			
2016	\$	0	
2015		0	
2014	26,	588	

During fiscal year 2016, the County paid for EORP pension contributions as follows: 100 percent from the General Fund.

Pension liability—At June 30, 2016, the County reported a liability for its proportionate share of the EORP's net pension liability that reflected a reduction for the County's proportionate share of the State's appropriation for EORP. The amount the County recognized as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the County were as follows:

County's proportionate share of the EORP	
net pension liability	\$14,226,251
State's proportionate share of the EORP net	
pension liability associated with the County	4,435,153
Total	\$18,661,404

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' actual contributions for the year ended June 30, 2015. The County's proportion measured as of June 30, 2015, was 1.8204910 percent, which was a decrease of 0.0148386 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

Pension expense and deferred outflows/inflows of resources—For the year ended June 30, 2016, the County recognized pension expense for EORP of \$4,338,977 and revenue of \$1,193,337 for the County's proportionate share of the State's appropriation to EORP and the designated court fees. At June 30, 2016, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

EORP	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 22,749	\$158,389
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	2,383,725	Ψ130,303
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	86,282	
Changes in proportion and differences between county contributions and	00,202	
proportionate share of contributions		45,028
County contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	355,627	
Total	<u>\$2,848,383</u>	<u>\$203,417</u>

The \$355,627 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to EORP pensions resulting from county contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to EORP pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30	
2017	\$1,932,722
2018	284,543
2019	7,105
2020	64,969

Actuarial assumptions—The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

EORP

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2015 Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Investment rate of return 7.85%
Projected salary increases 4.25%
Inflation 4.0%
Permanent benefit increase Included

Mortality rates RP-2000 mortality table projected to 2025 with projection

scale AA

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2011.

The long-term expected rate of return on EORP pension plan investments was determined to be 7.85 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

EORP	Target	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Short term investments	2%	0.75%
Absolute return	5%	4.11%
Risk parity	4%	5.13%
Fixed income	7%	2.92%
Real assets	8%	4.77%
GTAA	10%	4.38%
Private equity	11%	9.50%
Real estate	10%	4.48%
Credit opportunities	13%	7.08%
Non-U.S. equity	14%	8.25%
U.S. equity	<u>16%</u>	6.23%
Total	<u>100%</u>	

Discount rate—At June 30 2015, the discount rate used to measure the EORP total pension liability was 4.86 percent, which was a decrease of 0.81 from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2014. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, employer contributions will be made at the statutorily set rates, and state contributions will be made as currently required by statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, to determine the total pension liability for the plan, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan

investments of 7.85 percent was applied to periods of projected benefit payments through the year ended June 30, 2028. A municipal bond rate of 3.80 percent obtained from the 20-year Bond Buyer Index, as published by the Federal Reserve as of June 30, 2015, was applied to periods of projected benefit payments after June 30, 2028.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the EORP net pension liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.86 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.86 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (5.86 percent) than the current rate:

EORP	Current			
	1% Decrease (3.86%)	Discount Rate (4.86%)	1% Increase (5.86%)	
County's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability	\$16,561,150	\$14,226,251	\$12,262,722	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position—Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued EORP financial report.

EODCRS plan—Elected officials and judges that are not members of EORP or ASRS participate in the EODCRS and the Elected Officials Defined Contribution Retirement System Disability Program (EODCDP). The EODCRS is a defined contribution pension plan. The EODCDP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit disability (OPEB) plan for EODCRS members. The PSPRS Board of Trustees governs the EODCRS and EODCDP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 3.1 and 3.2. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, are established by state statute.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, active EODCRS members were required by statute to contribute 8 percent of the members' annual covered payroll, and the County was required by statute to contribute 6 percent of active members' annual covered payroll to an individual employee account. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and the County's contributions to the individual employee account and the earnings on those contributions. In addition, statute required active EODCRS members and the County to each contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 0.125 percent of the members' annual covered payroll to the EODCDP plan. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the County recognized pension expense of \$17,721. The County's OPEB contributions for the current and 2 preceding years, all of which were equal to the required contributions, were as follows:

	EODCDP Disability Fund
Year ended June 30	
2016	\$367
2015	88
2014	0

Note 10 - Interfund Balances and Activity

Interfund receivables and payables—Interfund balances at June 30, 2016, were as follows:

	Payable To			
	Other			
	General	Governmental		
Payable from	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>	
General Fund		\$ 3,821	\$ 3,821	
Public Health District Fund	\$211,270		211,270	
Other Governmental Funds	230,177	<u>125,358</u>	<u>355,535</u>	
Total	<u>\$441,447</u>	<u>\$129,179</u>	<u>\$570,626</u>	

The interfund balances resulted from time lags between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. All interfund balances are expected to be paid in one year.

Interfund transfers—Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2016, were as follows:

			Transfers to		
Transfer from	General Fund	Public Works/HURF Funds	Public Health District Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
General Fund		\$28,733	\$211,175	\$1,643,866	\$1,883,774
Public Works/HURF Fund	\$ 23,040			510,398	553,438
Flood Control District Fund	1,000,000				1,000,000
Public Health District Fund	25,440				25,440
Other Governmental Funds Total	381,502 \$1,429,982	38,879 \$67,612	<u>\$211,175</u>	355,159 \$2,509,423	775,540 \$4,218,192

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments are due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Note 11 - County Treasurer's Investment Pool

Arizona Revised Statutes require community colleges, school districts, and other local governments to deposit certain public monies with the County Treasurer. The Treasurer has a fiduciary responsibility to administer those and the County's monies under his stewardship. The Treasurer invests, on a pool basis, all idle monies not specifically

invested for a fund or program. In addition, the Treasurer determines the fair value of those pooled investments annually at June 30.

The County Treasurer's investment pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company, and there is no regulatory oversight of its operations. The pool's structure does not provide for shares, and the County has not provided or obtained any legally binding guarantees to support the value of the participants' investments.

The Treasurer allocates interest earnings to each of the pool's participants.

The deposits and investments the County holds are included in the County Treasurer's investment pool, except for \$905,381 in deposits. Therefore, the deposit and investment risks of the Treasurer's investment pool are substantially the same as the County's deposit and investment risks. See Note 2 for disclosure of the County's deposit and investment risks.

Details of each major investment classification follow:

		Interest		
Investment Type	Principal	Rates	Maturities	Amount
U.S. agency securities	\$69,000,000	.5 % - 1.50%	01/17 - 08/19	\$69,340,359
U.S. Treasury securities	41,500,000	.50%88%	08/16 - 10/18	41,616,251
U.S. Treasury money				
market funds	10,000	.02%	N/A	10,000

A condensed statement of the investment pool's net position and changes in net position follows:

Statement of Net Position Assets Liabilities Net position	\$198,865,227 2,071,035 \$196,794,192
Net position held in trust for:	
Internal participants	\$ 30,231,078
External participants	166,563,114
Total net position held in trust	\$196,794,192
Statement of Changes in Net Position	
Total additions	\$292,868,443
Total deductions	275,440,654
Net increase	17,427,789
Net position held in trust:	
July 1, 2015	179,366,403
June 30, 2016	<u>\$196,794,192</u>



OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Navajo County, Arizona Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:	A 7.750.407	* 7 040 400	4 54.050
Property taxes	\$ 7,759,427	\$ 7,810,483	\$ 51,056
County sales taxes	6,800,000	6,365,510	(434,490)
Licenses and permits	425,543	426,678	1,135
Fines and forfeits	782,000	744,156	(37,844)
Intergovernmental	20,243,643	17,990,140	(2,253,503)
Charges for services	7,781,486	8,407,378	625,892
Investment earnings	65,375	41,835	(23,540)
Miscellaneous	400,930	585,647	184,717
Total revenues	44,258,404	42,371,827	(1,886,577)
Expenditures:			
General government			
Board of Supervisors/Administration	4,125,765	1,101,410	3,024,355
Facilities Management	2,081,489	1,859,795	221,694
Elections	687,308	426,555	260,753
Planning and Zoning	446,267	379,835	66,432
Recorder	289,937	209,783	80,154
Voter Registration	349,586	151,521	198,065
Assessor	1,460,988	1,230,986	230,002
Information Technology	1,051,527	995,436	56,091
Treasurer	482,071	479,251	2,820
Personnel Commission	12,200	4,092	8,108
Fleet Management	50,000	7,647	42,353
County-wide	8,349,458	8,328,249	21,209
Legal Defender	317,195	308,197	8,998
County Attorney	2,393,319	2,186,406	206,913
Superior Court	2,859,155	2,941,650	(82,495)
Public Defender	996,552	549,721	446,831
Clerk of Court	1,469,358	1,203,868	265,490
Holbrook Justice Court	348,193	351,849	(3,656)
Winslow Justice Court	347,912	341,666	6,246
Snowflake Justice Court	400,943	388,119	12,824
Show Low Justice Court	276,436	280,632	(4,196)
Pinetop Justice Court	357,837	357,027	810

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016 (Continued)

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	
Kayenta Justice Court	\$ 122,658	\$ 106,067	\$ 16,591	
Kayenta Constable	22,802	20,814	1,988	
Pinetop Constable	73,454	70,390	3,064	
Snowflake Constable	59,692	57,019	2,673	
Holbrook Constable	42,226	40,790	1,436	
Winslow Constable	40,741	36,628	4,113	
Show Low Constable	67,537	65,416	2,121	
Non-capitalized capital outlay	12,463	12,463	_	
Total general government	29,595,069	24,493,282	5,101,787	
Public safety				
Juvenile Detention	1,372,205	1,063,731	308,474	
Juvenile Probation	521,241	413,690	107,551	
Adult Probation	607,243	561,213	46,030	
Jail Operations	5,460,595	5,003,790	456,805	
Sheriff	6,509,598	5,944,535	565,063	
Non-capitalized capital outlay	8,377	8,377	_	
Total public safety	14,479,259	12,995,336	1,483,923	
Health and welfare				
Public Fiduciary	491,584	476,614	14,970	
Indigent Health	2,835,100	2,569,852	265,248	
Total health and welfare	3,326,684	3,046,466	280,218	
Education				
School Superintendent	349,041	320,205	28,836	
Capital outlay	2,083,660	1,049,060	1,034,600	
Contingency	4,500,000		4,500,000	
Total expenditures	54,333,713	41,904,349	12,429,364	
			(Continued)	

See accompanying note to budgetary comparison schedules.

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016 (Continued)

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ (10,075,309)	\$ 467,478	\$ 10,542,787
Other financing sources (uses): Sale of capital assets	40.400	2,995	2,995
Transfers in Transfers out	48,480	1,429,982 (1,883,774)	1,381,502 (1,883,774)
Total other financing sources and uses	48,480	(450,797)	(499,277)
Net change in fund balances	(10,026,829)	16,681	10,043,510
Fund balances, July 1, 2015	10,026,829	7,654,953	(2,371,876)
Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$ -	\$ 7,671,634	\$ 7,671,634

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Public Works/HURF Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original and		
	Final Budgeted	Actual	Variance with
	Amounts	Amounts	Final Budget
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 10,368,499	\$ 11,571,167	\$ 1,202,668
Charges for services	25,000	93,174	68,174
Investment earnings	40,558	36,457	(4,101)
Miscellaneous	14,014	73,054	59,040
Total revenues	10,448,071	11,773,852	1,325,781
Expenditures:			
Highways and streets	15,488,008	10,541,234	4,946,774
Total expenditures	15,488,008	10,541,234	4,946,774
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures	(5,039,937)	1,232,618	6,272,555
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in		67,612	67,612
Transfers out	(533,438)	(533,438)	
Total other financing sources and uses	(533,438)	(465,826)	67,612
Net change in fund balances	(5,573,375)	766,792	6,340,167
Fund balances, July 1, 2015	5,573,375	7,937,713	2,364,338
Decrease in reserve for inventories		(361,567)	(361,567)
Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$ -	\$ 8,342,938	\$ 8,342,938

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Flood Control District Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

_	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues: Property taxes	\$ 1,805,470	\$ 1,839,674	\$ 34,204	
Intergovernmental	Ψ 1,000,110	1,424	1,424	
Investment earnings	47,870	43,461	(4,409)	
Miscellaneous		972	972	
Total revenues	1,853,340	1,885,531	32,191	
Expenditures:				
Public safety	8,248,203	1,444,196	6,804,007	
Total expenditures	8,248,203	1,444,196	6,804,007	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(6,394,863)	441,335	6,836,198	
Other financing uses:				
Transfers out		(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	
Total other financing uses		(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	
Net change in fund balances	(6,394,863)	(558,665)	5,836,198	
Fund balances, July 1, 2015	6,394,863	7,717,745	1,322,882	
Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$ -	\$ 7,159,080	\$ 7,159,080	

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Public Health District Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original and Final Budgeted Actual			Ma	Variance with		
	Amounts			Actual		Final Budget	
Revenues:	-	7 11110 01110				na. Baaget	
Property taxes	\$	2,081,926	\$	2,065,544	\$	(16,382)	
Licenses and permits		65,000		177,847		112,847	
Intergovernmental		5,377,588		2,918,603		(2,458,985)	
Charges for services		156,750		155,459		(1,291)	
Investment earnings		50,464		906		(49,558)	
Contributions		35,900		39,962		4,062	
Miscellaneous		230,617		41,120		(189,497)	
Total revenues		7,998,245		5,399,441		(2,598,804)	
Expenditures:							
Health and welfare		7,774,031		5,682,359		2,091,672	
Total expenditures		7,774,031		5,682,359		2,091,672	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures		224,214		(282,918)		(507,132)	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in				211,175		211,175	
Transfers out		(25,440)		(25,440)		-	
Total other financing sources		<u> </u>		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>			
and uses		(25,440)		185,735		211,175	
Net change in fund balances		198,774		(97,183)		(295,957)	
Fund balances, July 1, 2015		(198,774)		287,106		485,880	
Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$	-	\$	189,923	\$	189,923	

See accompanying note to budgetary comparison schedules.

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules June 30, 2016

Note 1 - Budgeting and Budgetary Control

A.R.S. requires the County to prepare and adopt a balanced budget annually for each governmental fund. The Board of Supervisors must approve such operating budgets on or before the third Monday in July to allow sufficient time for the legal announcements and hearings required for the adoption of the property tax levy on the third Monday in August. A.R.S. prohibits expenditures or liabilities in excess of the amounts budgeted.

Essentially, the County prepares its budget on the same modified accrual basis of accounting used to record actual revenues and expenditures. In addition, the County budgets its expenditures by function.

The County has adopted budgets in accordance with A.R.S. requirements for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Project Funds, and Debt Service Funds, with the exception of the County School Superintendent's (CSS) Special Revenue Fund. In accordance with A.R.S. § 15-301(C), the CSS is designated as a local education agency (LEA). Expenditures for the LEA for an accommodation school, juvenile detention education, special education services, and unorganized territory transportation are not included in the adopted budget of the County's Board of Supervisors.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level. In certain instances, transfers of appropriations between departments or from the contingency account to a department may be made upon the Board of Supervisors' approval. With the exception of the General Fund, each fund includes only one department.

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Cost-Sharing Pension Plans June 30, 2016

Reporting Fiscal Year

Arizona State Retirement System	Reporting Fiscal Year			
Anzona State Retirement System	(Measurement Date)			
	2016	2015	2014 through	
	(2015)	(2014)	2007	
County's proportion of the net pension liability	0.21%	0.21%	Information	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 32,861,924	\$30,957,928	not available	
County's covered payroll	\$ 19,400,464	\$18,778,977		
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability				
as a percentage of its covered payroll	169.39%	164.85%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total				
pension liability	68.35%	69.49%		
Corrections Officer Retirement Plan—Administrative	Re	porting Fiscal Y	′ear	
Office of the Courts		easurement Da		
	2016	2015	2014 through	
	(2015)	(2014)	2007	
County's proportion of the net pension liability	1.69%	1.74%	Information	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,108,278	\$ 3,902,859	not available	
County's covered payroll	\$ 1,879,552	\$ 1,854,011		
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability				
as a percentage of its covered payroll	218.58%	210.51%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total				
pension liability	57.89%	58.59%		
·				
Elected Officials Retirement Plan	Re	porting Fiscal Y	′ear	
Elected Officials Retifement Flan	(Measurement Date)			
	2016	2015	2014 through	
	(2015)	(2014)	2007	
County's proportion of the net pension liability	1.82%	1.84%	Information	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 14,226,251	\$12,307,206	not available	
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability				
associated with the County	4,435,153	3,773,504	•	
Total	\$ 18,661,404	\$16,080,710 \$ 1,704,339		
County's covered payroll	\$ 1,551,376	\$ 1,704,339	•	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability				
as a percentage of its covered payroll	917.01%	722.11%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total				
pension liability	28.32%	31.91%		

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Agent Pension Plans June 30, 2016

PSPRS Sheriff	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)
	2016 2015 2014 through
	(2015) (2014) 2007
Total pension liability Service cost Interest on the total pension liability Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual	Information \$ 397,350 \$ 426,843 not available 1,309,258 1,092,844 586,447
experience in the measurement of the pension liability Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments, including refunds of employee	(377,151) (668,752) 2,472,745
contributions	(1,109,711) (1,167,336)
Net change in total pension liability	219,746 2,742,791
Total pension liability—beginning	17,034,621 14,291,830
Total pension liability—ending (a)	<u>\$ 17,254,367 </u>
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions—employer	\$ 790,385 \$ 691,037
Contributions—employee	261,993 233,105
Net investment income	191,904 675,189
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Other changes	(1,109,711) (1,167,336) (5,044) (5,438) (114,224) (8,622)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	15,303 417,935
Plan fiduciary net position—beginning	5,324,923 4,906,988
Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b)	\$ 5,340,226 \$ 5,324,923
County's net pension liability—ending (a) – (b)	\$ 11,914,141 \$ 11,709,698
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	30.95% 31.26%
Covered payroll	\$ 2,365,037 \$ 2,242,753
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	503.76% 522.11%

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Agent Pension Plans June 30, 2016

PSPRS Attorney Investigators	Reporting Fiscal Year		
,	(Measurement Date)		
	2016	2015	2014 through
	(2015)	(2014)	2007
Total pension liability Service cost Interest on the total pension liability	\$ - 40,906	\$ - 30,804	Information not available
Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the pension	2.242	28,416	
liability Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments, including refunds of employee	6,616 (392,840)	1,839 535,143	
contributions	(35,451)	(34,741)	
Net change in total pension liability	(380,769) 971,244	561,461	
Total pension liability—beginning Total pension liability—ending (a)	\$590,475	409,783 \$971,244	
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions—employer Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Other changes Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position—beginning Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b)	\$ 20,181 744 (35,451) (308) (37) (14,871) 36,134 \$ 21,263	\$ 6,765 (34,741) (54) - (28,030) 64,164 \$ 36,134	
County's net pension liability—ending (a) – (b)	\$569,212	\$935,110	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability Covered payroll	3.60% \$ -	3.72% \$ -	
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Agent Pension Plans June 30, 2016

CORP Detention	Reporting Fiscal Year			
	(Measurement Date)			
	2016 2015 2014 through			
	(2015) (2014) 2007			
Total pension liability Service cost	Information			
Interest on the total pension liability	301,883 298,329			
Changes of benefit terms	35,245			
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the				
pension liability	(93,870) (414,141)			
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments, including refunds of	240,204			
employee contributions	(445,789) (275,163)			
Net change in total pension liability	(7,923) 146,855			
Total pension liability—beginning	3,953,613 3,806,758			
Total pension liability—ending (a)	\$ 3,945,690 \$ 3,953,613			
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions—employer	\$ 123,062 \$ 142,344			
Contributions—employee	137,233 141,818			
Net investment income	120,952 417,329			
Benefit payments, including refunds of				
employee contributions	(445,789) (275,163)			
Administrative expense	(3,354) (3,281)			
Other changes	9,359 (82,179)			
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(58,537) 340,868			
Plan fiduciary net position—beginning	3,361,955 3,021,087			
Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b)	\$ 3,303,418 \$ 3,361,955			
County's net pension liability—ending (a) – (b)	\$ 642,272 \$ 591,658			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	83.72% 85.04%			
Covered payroll	\$ 1,632,100 \$ 1,726,328			
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	39.35% 34.27%			

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Schedule of County Pension Contributions June 30, 2016

Arizona State Retirement System

	Reporting Fiscal Year			
	2016	2015	2014	2013-2007
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 2,128,972	\$ 2,098,505	\$ 2,009,012	Information
County's contributions in relation to the				not available
statutorily required contribution	2,128,972	2,098,505	2,009,012	_
County's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	_
County's covered payroll	\$19,429,032	\$19,400,464	\$ 18,778,977	=
County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.96%	10.82%	10.70%	

Corrections Officer Retirement Plan—Administrative Office of the Courts

Statutorily required contribution
County's contributions in relation to the
statutorily required contribution
County's contribution deficiency (excess)
County's covered payroll
County's contributions as a percentage
of covered payroll

Reporting Fiscal Year						
	2016		2015		2014	2013-2007
\$	367,198	\$	279,677	\$	267,905	Information not available
	367,198		279,677		267,905	_
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	_
\$	1,891,207	\$	1,879,552	\$	1,854,011	-
	19.42%		14.88%		14.45%	

Elected Officials Retirement Plan

	Reporting Fiscal Year						
	2016			2015		2014	2013-2007
Statutorily required contribution	\$	355,627	\$	364,573	\$	394,725	Information
County's contributions in relation to the							not available
statutorily required contribution		355,627		364,573		394,725	_
County's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	_
County's covered payroll	\$	1,532,182	\$	1,551,376	\$	1,704,339	=
County's contributions as a percentage							
of covered payroll		23.21%		23.50%		23.16%	

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Schedule of County Pension Contributions June 30, 2016

PSPRS Sheriff

Actuarially determined contribution
County's contributions in relation to the
actuarially determined contribution
County's contribution deficiency (excess)
County's covered payroll
County's contributions as a percentage
of covered payroll

Reporting Fiscal Year										
2016		2015		2014	2013-2007					
\$ 1,214,475	\$	784,719	\$	692,113	Information not available					
1,214,475		784,719		692,113	_					
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	_					
\$ 2,464,986	\$ 2	2,365,037	\$ 2	2,242,753	_					
49.27%		33.18%		30.86%						

PSPRS Attorney Investigators

Actuarially determined contribution
County's contributions in relation to the
actuarially determined contribution
County's contribution deficiency (excess)
County's covered payroll
County's contributions as a percentage
of covered payroll

Reporting Fiscal Year											
2016		2015		2014		2013-2007					
\$ 35,878	\$	49,759	\$		-	Information					
						not available					
35,878		49,759			-						
\$ -	\$	-	\$		-	-					
\$ -	\$	-	\$		-	3					
0.00%		0.00%		0.00%							

CORP Detention

Actuarially determined contribution
County's contributions in relation to the
actuarially determined contribution
County's contribution deficiency (excess)
County's covered payroll
County's contributions as a percentage
of covered payroll

	Reporting Fiscal Year										
	2016		2015		2014	2013-2007					
\$	138,748	\$	123,060	\$	146,738	Information					
						not available					
	138,748		123,060		146,738	_					
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	_					
\$ ^	1,572,955	\$ ^	1,632,100	\$	1,726,328	3					
	8.82%		7.54%		8.50%						

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension Plan Schedules June 30, 2016

Note 1 - Change in accounting principle

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the County implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues. The statement changed the measure of payroll that is required to be presented in required supplementary information from covered-employee payroll to covered payroll. Accordingly, payroll amounts presented in the pension plan schedules and related ratios for prior periods have been restated.

Note 2 - Actuarially Determined Contribution Rates

Actuarial determined contribution rates for PSPRS and CORP are calculated as of June 30 two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
-----------------------	------------------

Amortization method Level percent closed for unfunded actuarial accrued

Remaining amortization period

as of the 2014 actuarial

valuation

Asset valuation method Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return

Projected salary increases

Wage growth

Retirement age

Mortality

liability, open for excess

22 years for unfunded actuarial accrued liability, 20 years

for excess

7-year smoothed market value; 80%/120% market corridor

In the 2013 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return

was decreased from 8.0% to 7.85%

In the 2014 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases

were decreased from 4.5%-8.5% to 4.0%-8.0% for PSPRS and from 4.5%-7.75% to 4.0%-7.25% for CORP. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 5.0%-9.0% to 4.5%-8.5% for PSPRS and

from 5.0%-8.25% to 4.5%-7.75% for CORP. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, wage growth was

decreased from 4.5% to 4.0% for PSPRS and CORP. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased

from 5.0% to 4.5% for PSPRS and CORP.

Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type

of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period July 1, 2006 -

June 30, 2011.

RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105% for both males

and females)

Navajo County Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Agent OPEB Plans' Funding Progress June 30, 2016

Health insurance premium benefit

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial value of assets	Actuarial accrued liability (b)	Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) (funding excess)	Funded ratio	Annual covered payroll (c)	UAAL (funding excess) as a percentage of covered payroll ((b) - (a)/c)
	()	()	() ()	() ()	()	(() ())
PSPRS Sheriff						
6/30/16	\$628,925	\$338,940	\$ (289,985)		\$2,452,015	(11.8)%
6/30/15	602,123	351,023	(251,100)	171.53	2,324,267	(10.8)
6/30/14	553,923	293,122	(260,801)	188.97	2,080,280	(12.5)
PSPRS Attorney Investigators						
6/30/16	\$ 6,059	\$ 34,136	\$ 28,077	17.80%	\$ -	0%
6/30/15	7,274	18,907	. ,	38.47%	-	0
6/30/14	7,930	, -	(7,930)		-	0
CORP						
6/30/16	\$348,466	\$125,473	\$ (222,993)	277.72%	\$1,576,314	(14.1)%
6/30/15	329,954	129,078	(200,876)	255.62	1,493,854	(13.4)
6/30/14	302,076	138,877	(163,199)	217.51	1,618,686	(10.1)



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Navajo County, Arizona Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Navajo County Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30. 2016

Special Revenue Funds

AdministrationAccounts for administration of a variety of programs including the Assessor,Recorder and Treasurer surcharges, election services and certain emergency

and state grant funds, fees and local government contributions.

County Attorney Accounts for various programs administered by the County Attorney including

Victim's Rights, Assistance and Restitution, Child Support Enforcement, Anti-Racketeering, High-Intensity Drug Trafficking Area and Bad Check Enforcement. Funding sources include statutory fees and other surcharges related to criminal

service functions. Funding sources include service related surcharges, federal

prosecution, federal and state grants and other user fees.

Courts Accounts for the processing of criminal cases as well as court enhancement and

record retention improvement funds. Funding sources include statutory fees and

other surcharges related to the courts.

Environmental and Conservation Accounts for forest health and energy conservation programs. Funding is

provided by federal grants.

Housing Accounts for housing and community development programs. Funding is

provided by federal Community Development Block Grants.

Library District Accounts for support services and materials provided to the County's community

libraries. Funding sources include federal and state grants and a secondary

property tax levy.

Probation Accounts for Adult and Juvenile Probation programs and services provided in

coordination with the State's Superior Court System. Funding sources include

state grants and fees paid by probationers.

 Public Defense
 Accounts for the public defense of criminal cases including public defense

enhancement funds. Funding sources include statutory fees and other

surcharges related to public defense.

Recreation District Accounts for operating costs of the White Mountain Lake Recreation District.

Funding sources are fees and secondary property taxes assessed the benefiting

property owners within the district boundaries.

Sheriff's Office Accounts for various jail and law enforcement programs including Jail

Enhancement, Drug Enforcement, Anti-Racketeering, High-Intensity Drug Trafficking Area and Boating Safety. Funding sources include federal and state

grants.

Special Districts Accounts for operating costs for the Silver Creek, Bucking Horse, Victory Heights,

Hilltop Drive, Mountain View and North Whistle Stop Loop County Road

Improvement Districts. Funding sources are secondary property taxes assessed

the benefiting property owners within the district boundaries.

Navajo County Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30. 2016

Superintendent of Schools

Accounts for educational services and programs including the Navajo County Accommodation District, juvenile detention Hope School, Special Services Consortium and unorganized school district territory. Funding sources include federal and state grants and charges for services from local school districts.

Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA)

Accounts for administration of the federal Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) program. Funding is from federal grants.

Capital Projects Funds

Public Works Construction

Accounts for construction of the public works complex in Holbrook and it is funded through pledged revenue obligations.

Detention Facility Construction

Accounts for construction of medical, kitchen and laundry detention facilities and remodeling the existing county jail and it is funded through pledged revenue obligations.

Debt Service Funds

General Government

Accounts for the accumulation of resources for payment of principal and interest on the 2012 and 2013 Series Pledged Revenue Obligations for construction of the Public Works Complex in Holbrook and construction and remodel of jail facilities.

Special Districts

Accounts for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal and interest on bonds and other debt instruments of the Sutter Drive, Scott's Pine Tract A, Shumway Road and Bucking Horse Improvement Districts. Funding sources are secondary property taxes assessed the benefiting property owners within the district boundaries.

	Special Revenue									
			Co	County				Environmental		
	Adr	ninistration	Atte	orney	Courts		and Conservation			
Assets										
Cash and investments	\$	626,211	\$ 1,2	253,041	\$ 1	,422,177	\$	707,645		
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):										
Property taxes										
Accounts receivable		668		1,995						
Special assessments										
Due from: Other funds				69,556		2,233				
Other governments				52,037		2,233 80				
Total assets	\$	626,879	_	76,629	\$ 1	,424,490	\$	707,645		
		020,0.0	 	. 0,020		,, .ee	<u> </u>	,		
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	15,890	\$	6,195	\$	6,079	\$	11,499		
Accrued payroll and employee benefits Due to:		93,945		77,056		41,224		8,029		
Other funds		13,162		90,290		72,166				
Other governments		626		8,469		420		467		
Pledged revenue obligations payable										
Interest payable										
Total liabilities		123,623	1	82,010		119,889		19,995		
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenue–property taxes										
Unavailable revenue–special assessments										
Unavailable revenue-intergovernmental										
Total deferred inflows of resources	-									
Fund balances										
Restricted		596,636	1,3	56,983	1	,409,552		695,292		
Assigned										
Unassigned		(93,380)	_	(62,364)		(104,951)		(7,642)		
Total fund balances(deficits)		503,256	1,2	94,619	1	,304,601		687,650		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	626,879	<u>\$</u> 1,4	76,629	<u>\$</u> 1	,424,490	\$	707,645		

	Special Revenue							
	Housing		Library District		Probation		Public Defense	
Assets Cash and investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):			\$	63,463	\$	645,230	\$	182,973
Property taxes Accounts receivable Special assessments Due from:				33,649				
Other funds								
Other governments Total assets	\$ \$	2,000 2,000	\$	97,112	\$	645,230	\$	182,973
Liabilities								
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and employee benefits Due to:	\$	2,000	\$	4,502 9,676	\$	15,715 102,381	\$	2,744 334
Other funds Other governments Pledged revenue obligations payable Interest payable		18,393		13,382		15,249		2
Total liabilities		20,393		27,560		133,345		3,080
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue–property taxes Unavailable revenue–special assessments				22,282				
Unavailable revenue–intergovernmental Total deferred inflows of resources				22,282				
Fund balances Restricted				50,465		595,421		179,893
Assigned Unassigned		(18,393)		(3,195)		(83,536)		
Total fund balances(deficits)		(18,393)		47,270		511,885		179,893
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	2,000	\$	97,112	\$	645,230	\$	182,973

	Special Revenue							
		ecreation District		Sheriff's Office	Special Districts		Superintendent of Schools	
Assets Cash and investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	120,377	\$	425,650	\$	517,190	\$	1,685,447
Property taxes Accounts receivable Special assessments Due from:		439 48,189		9,743		7,336		39,514
Other funds				57,390				
Other governments			_	194,851	_	20,540	_	459,009
Total assets	\$	169,005	\$	687,634	\$	545,066	\$	2,183,970
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$	745	\$	44,523	\$	428	\$	64,396
Accrued payroll and employee benefits Due to: Other funds	Ψ	364	Ψ	19,464	Ψ	420	Ψ	04,000
Other funds Other governments Pledged revenue obligations payable Interest payable				35,258				
Total liabilities		1,109		99,245		428		64,396
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue–property taxes Unavailable revenue–special assessments Unavailable revenue–intergovernmental		41,675		30,805		6,268		
Total deferred inflows of resources		41,675		30,805		6,268		
Fund balances Restricted Assigned		126,221		642,987		543,500		979,501 148,937
Unassigned		126,221		(85,403)		(5,130)		991,136
Total fund balances(deficits) Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	169,005	\$	557,584 687,634	\$	538,370 545,066	\$	2,119,574 2,183,970
103001003 and fully palations	φ	109,000	φ	001,004	φ	J 4 J,000	φ	۷, ۱۵۵,۶۲۵

	Workfor	al Revenue ce Innovation portunity Act	Capital Projects Public Works Construction		
Assets Cash and investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Property taxes Accounts receivable Special assessments Due from: Other funds			\$	34,400	
Other governments	\$	227,811			
Total assets	\$	227,811	\$	34,400	
Liabilities			<u> </u>		
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and employee benefits Due to:	\$	1,352 20,292	\$	34,400	
Other funds Other governments Pledged revenue obligations payable Interest payable		161,524 289			
Total liabilities		183,457		34,400	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue–property taxes Unavailable revenue–special assessments Unavailable revenue–intergovernmental Total deferred inflows of resources					
Fund balances Restricted Assigned		99,266			
Unassigned		(54,912)			
Total fund balances(deficits)		44,354		-	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	227,811	\$	34,400	

	Debt Service							
	General	Special	Nonmajor Governmental					
	Government	Districts	Funds					
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$ 1,100,594	\$ 69,749	\$ 8,854,147					
Receivables (net of allowance for								
uncollectibles):								
Property taxes			33,649					
Accounts receivable			52,359					
Special assessments		154,191	209,716					
Due from:								
Other funds			129,179					
Other governments			1,056,328					
Total assets	\$ 1,100,594	\$ 223,940	\$10,335,378					
Liabilities								
Accounts payable			\$ 210,468					
Accrued payroll and employee benefits			372,765					
Due to:								
Other funds			355,535					
Other governments			74,162					
Pledged revenue obligations payable	\$ 150,000		150,000					
Interest payable	132,921		132,921					
Total liabilities	282,921		1,295,851					
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue–property taxes		A 404.054	22,282					
Unavailable revenue–special assessments		\$ 134,951	182,894					
Unavailable revenue–intergovernmental		404.054	30,805					
Total deferred inflows of resources		134,951	235,981					
Fund halanasa								
Fund balances Restricted		100,701	7 276 440					
Assigned	817,673	100,701	7,376,418 966,610					
Unassigned	617,073	(11,712)	460,518					
Total fund balances(deficits)	817,673	88,989	8,803,546					
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources	017,073	00,000	0,000,040					
and fund balances	\$ 1,100,594	\$ 223,940	\$10,335,378					

	Special Revenue							
			County			Env	rironmental	
	Adr	ministration	Attorney	Courts		and C	Conservation	
Revenues:								
Property taxes								
Special assessments								
Fines and forfeits			\$ 430,846	\$	56,722			
Intergovernmental	\$	133,762	1,199,764		330,566	\$	364,692	
Charges for services		106,753	49,128		670,416			
Investment earnings (loss)		3,187	6,646		7,119		2,982	
Miscellaneous		152,060	5,346		1,340			
Total revenues		395,762	1,691,730		1,066,163		367,674	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		130,641	1,981,629		940,960			
Public safety		433,367	.,00.,020		0.0,000			
Highways and streets		,						
Culture and recreation								
Education and economic opportunity		53,644						
Environmental and conservation		, -					266,428	
Urban redevelopment and housing							,	
Debt Service:								
Principal								
Interest and other charges								
Capital outlay			2,588		6,872			
Total expenditures		617,652	1,984,217		947,832		266,428	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(221,890)	(292,487)		118,331		101,246	
Other financing courses (uppe):								
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in		175,057	203,919		35,269			
Transfers out		(1,241)	(107,614)		(121,773)			
Total other financing sources and uses		173,816	96,305		(86,504)			
Total other illianding sources and uses		173,010	90,303		(00,304)			
Net change in fund balances		(48,074)	(196,182)		31,827		101,246	
Fund balances (deficits), July 1, 2015		551,330	1,490,801		1,272,774		586,404	
Change in nonspendable resources		•			•		•	
Decrease in prepaid items								
Fund halanage (definite) June 20, 2046	φ.	E02 256	e 1 204 640	φ.		Φ.	607.650	
Fund balances (deficits), June 30, 2016	\$	503,256	\$ 1,294,619	Ф	1,304,601	\$	687,650	

	Special Revenue					
		Library		Public		
	Housing	District	Probation	Defense		
Revenues:						
Property taxes		\$ 826,948				
Special assessments						
Fines and forfeits						
Intergovernmental	\$ 10,000	61,755	\$ 1,970,097	\$ 18,212		
Charges for services			338,467			
Investment earnings (loss)		709	3,371	831		
Miscellaneous		119	100	600		
Total revenues	10,000	889,531	2,312,035	19,643		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government				59,540		
Public safety			2,364,406			
Highways and streets						
Culture and recreation		654,985				
Education and economic opportunity						
Environmental and conservation						
Urban redevelopment and housing	16,887					
Debt Service:						
Principal						
Interest and other charges						
Capital outlay			5,206			
Total expenditures	16,887	654,985	2,369,612	59,540		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	(6,887)	234,546	(57,577)	(39,897)		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in			12,639	74,320		
Transfers out	(6,200)	(200,000)	(492)			
Total other financing sources and uses	(6,200)	(200,000)	12,147	74,320		
Net change in fund balances	(13,087)	34,546	(45,430)	34,423		
Fund balances (deficits), July 1, 2015 Change in nonspendable resources Decrease in prepaid items	(5,306)	12,724	557,315	145,470		
Fund balances (deficits), June 30, 2016	\$ (18,393)	\$ 47,270	\$ 511,885	\$ 179,893		

	Special Revenue							
	Dogranting		Sheriff's Office		Special		Superintendent of Schools	
Revenues:		ecreation		Office		Districts		or Schools
Property taxes								
Special assessments	\$	169,187			\$	92,162		
Fines and forfeits	*	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	\$	261,203	*	,		
Intergovernmental			•	813,054			\$	4,011,417
Charges for services				548,511				
Investment earnings (loss)		741		588		2,426		8,319
Miscellaneous		1,047		30,844		69,184		379,459
Total revenues		170,975		1,654,200		163,772		4,399,195
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government								
Public safety				905,329				
Highways and streets				,		117,162		
Culture and recreation		157,476				,		
Education and economic opportunity		ŕ						4,055,352
Environmental and conservation								
Urban redevelopment and housing								
Debt Service:								
Principal								
Interest and other charges								
Capital outlay				125,789				10,892
Total expenditures		157,476		1,031,118		117,162		4,066,244
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		13,499		623,082		46,610		332,951
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in				60,633				
Transfers out				(123,300)		(55,818)		
Total other financing sources and uses				(62,667)		(55,818)		
Net change in fund balances		13,499		560,415		(9,208)		332,951
Fund balances (deficits), July 1, 2015		112,722		7,669		547,578		1,786,623
Change in nonspendable resources		,		,		,		, ,,,
Decrease in prepaid items				(10,500)				
Fund balances (deficits), June 30, 2016	\$	126,221	\$	557,584	\$	538,370	\$	2,119,574

	ial Revenue	Capital	l Projects			
		rce Innovation portunity Act	olic Works nstruction	Detention Facility Construction		
Revenues: Property taxes Special assessments Fines and forfeits Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$	933,455				
Investment earnings (loss) Miscellaneous			\$ 668			
Total revenues		933,455	668			
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Highways and streets Culture and recreation Education and economic opportunity Environmental and conservation Urban redevelopment and housing Debt Service: Principal Interest and other charges Capital outlay Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		979,026 979,026 (45,571)	\$ 54,969 54,969 (54,301)			
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out			(105,994)		303,487	
Total other financing sources and uses		-	(105,994)		303,487	
Net change in fund balances		(45,571)	(160,295)		303,487	
Fund balances (deficits), July 1, 2015 Change in nonspendable resources Decrease in prepaid items		89,925	160,295		(303,487)	
Fund balances (deficits), June 30, 2016	\$	44,354	\$ 	\$		

	Debt Service					
		General	Special		Nonmajor Governmental	
B	Government			Districts	Funds	
Revenues:					æ	006.040
Property taxes Special assessments			\$	224 250	\$	826,948
Fines and forfeits			Φ	224,359		485,708 748,771
Intergovernmental						9,846,774
Charges for services						1,713,275
Investment earnings (loss)	\$	4,023		1,115		42,725
Miscellaneous	Ψ	4,023		275		640,374
Total revenues		4,023		225,749		14,304,575
Total revenues	-	7,020		220,140		14,004,070
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government						3,112,770
Public safety						3,703,102
Highways and streets						117,162
Culture and recreation						812,461
Education and economic opportunity						5,088,022
Environmental and conservation						266,428
Urban redevelopment and housing						16,887
Debt Service:						
Principal		1,155,000		220,967		1,375,967
Interest and other charges		456,027		39,763		495,790
Capital outlay						206,316
Total expenditures		1,611,027		260,730		15,194,905
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		(1,607,004)		(34,981)		(890,330)
Other financina course (uses)						
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in		1,644,099				2 500 422
Transfers out		(53,108)				2,509,423 (775,540)
Total other financing sources and uses	-	1,590,991		-		1,733,883
Total other illianding sources and uses		1,590,991				1,733,003
Net change in fund balances		(16,013)		(34,981)		843,553
Fund balances (deficits), July 1, 2015 Change in nonspendable resources		833,686		123,970		7,970,493
Decrease in prepaid items						(10,500)
Fund balances (deficits), June 30, 2016	\$	817,673	\$	88,989	\$	8,803,546

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue - Administration Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts		-	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$	2,065,600	\$	133,762	\$	(1,931,838)	
Charges for services		106,500		106,753		253	
Investment earnings		1,500		3,187		1,687	
Miscellaneous		620,000		152,060		(467,940)	
Total revenues		2,793,600		395,762		(2,397,838)	
Expenditures:							
General government		1,789,572		130,641		1,658,931	
Public safety		1,269,900		433,367		836,533	
Education and economic opportunity		113,100		53,644		59,456	
Total expenditures		3,172,572		617,652		2,554,920	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures		(378,972)		(221,890)		157,082	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in				175,057		175,057	
Transfers out				(1,241)		(1,241)	
Total other financing sources and uses		-		173,816		173,816	
Net change in fund balances		(378,972)		(48,074)		330,898	
Fund balances, July 1, 2015		378,972		551,330		172,358	
Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$		\$	503,256	\$	503,256	

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue - County Attorney Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts		 Actual Amounts	ariance with inal Budget
Revenues:				
Fines and forfeits	\$	570,000	\$ 430,846	\$ (139,154)
Intergovernmental		1,802,262	1,199,764	(602,498)
Charges for services		29,925	49,128	19,203
Investment earnings		6,075	6,646	571
Miscellaneous		133,100	5,346	 (127,754)
Total revenues		2,541,362	1,691,730	(849,632)
Expenditures:				
General government		4,104,694	1,984,217	2,120,477
Total expenditures		4,104,694	1,984,217	2,120,477
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures		(1,563,332)	(292,487)	 1,270,845
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in		45,381	203,919	158,538
Transfers out		(15,000)	(107,614)	(92,614)
Total other financing sources and uses		30,381	96,305	65,924
Net change in fund balances		(1,532,951)	(196,182)	1,336,769
Fund balances (deficits), July 1, 2015		1,532,951	1,490,801	(42,150)
Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$	_	\$ 1,294,619	\$ 1,294,619

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue - Courts Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts		ariance with nal Budget
Revenues:						
Fines and forfeits Intergovernmental	\$	55,800 325,766	\$	56,722 330,566	\$	922 4,800
Charges for services		730,580		670,416		(60,164)
Investment earnings		36,938		7,119		(29,819)
Miscellaneous				1,340		1,340
Total revenues		1,149,084		1,066,163		(82,921)
Expenditures:						
General government		2,212,784		947,832		1,264,952
Total expenditures		2,212,784 947,832		947,832		1,264,952
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		(1,063,700)		118,331		1,182,031
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in				35,269		35,269
Transfers out		(126,091)		(121,773)		4,318
Total other financing sources and uses		(126,091)		(86,504)		39,587
Net change in fund balances		(1,189,791)		31,827		1,221,618
Fund balances, July 1, 2015		1,189,791		1,272,774		82,983
Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$	-	\$ 1,304,601			1,304,601

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue - Environmental and Conservation Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original and			
	Final Budgeted	Actual	Variance with	
	Amounts	Amounts	Final Budget	
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 509,000	\$ 364,692	\$ (144,308)	
Investment earnings	1,000	2,982	1,982	
Miscellaneous	107,642		(107,642)	
Total revenues	617,642	367,674	(249,968)	
Expenditures:				
Environmental and conservation	1,212,720	266,428	946,292	
Total expenditures	1,212,720	266,428	946,292	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(595,078)	101,246	696,324	
Net change in fund balances	(595,078)	101,246	696,324	
Fund balances (deficits), July 1, 2015	595,078	586,404	(8,674)	
Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$ -	\$ 687,650	\$ 687,650	

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue - Library District Year Ended June 30, 2016

		iginal and	Actual) / a mi a ma a sociéta	
	Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	832,702	\$	826,948	\$	(5,754)
Intergovernmental		154,637		61,755		(92,882)
Investment earnings				709		709
Miscellaneous		15,641		119		(15,522)
Total revenues		1,002,980		889,531		(113,449)
Expenditures:						
Culture and recreation		599,145		654,985		(55,840)
Total expenditures		599,145		654,985		(55,840)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		403,835		234,546		(169,289)
Other financing uses:						
Transfers out				(200,000)		(200,000)
Total other financing sources and uses				(200,000)		(200,000)
Net change in fund balances		403,835		34,546		(369,289)
Fund balances (deficits), July 1, 2015		(403,835)		12,724		416,559
Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$	-	\$	47,270	\$	47,270

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue - Probation Year Ended June 30, 2016

		riginal and al Budgeted Amounts	 Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$	2,191,154	\$ 1,970,097	\$	(221,057)
Charges for services		341,076	338,467		(2,609)
Investment earnings		3,668	3,371		(297)
Miscellaneous		100	 100		
Total revenues		2,535,998	 2,312,035		(223,963)
Expenditures:					
Public safety		3,198,091	2,369,612		828,479
Total expenditures		3,198,091	2,369,612		828,479
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures		(662,093)	(57,577)		604,516
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in			12,639		12,639
Transfers out			(492)		(492)
Total other financing sources and uses			12,147		12,147
Net change in fund balances		(662,093)	(45,430)		616,663
Fund balances (deficits), July 1, 2015		662,093	557,315		(104,778)
Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$	-	\$ 511,885	\$	511,885

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue - Public Defense Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	26,823	\$	18,212	\$	(8,611)
Investment earnings		300		831		531
Miscellaneous		250		600		350
Total revenues		27,373		19,643		(7,730)
Expenditures:						
General government		242,513		59,540		(182,973)
Total expenditures		242,513		59,540		(182,973)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		(215,140)		(39,897)		175,243
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in		80,710		74,320		(6,390)
Total other financing sources		80,710		74,320		(6,390)
Net change in fund balances		(134,430)		34,423		168,853
Fund balances, July 1, 2015		134,430		145,470		11,040
Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$	_	\$	179,893	\$	179,893

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue - Recreation District Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues:						
Special assessments Investment earnings	\$	164,500 500	\$	169,187 741	\$	4,687 241
Miscellaneous				1,047		1,047
Total revenues		165,000		170,975		5,975
Expenditures:						
Culture and recreation		265,000		157,476		107,524
Total expenditures		265,000		157,476		107,524
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		(100,000)		13,499		113,499
Net change in fund balances		(100,000)		13,499		113,499
Fund balances, July 1, 2015		100,000		112,722		12,722
Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$	-	\$	126,221	\$	126,221

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue - Sheriff's Office Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Fina	riginal and al Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues:					
Fines and forfeits	\$	124,600	\$ 261,203	\$	136,603
Intergovernmental		871,381	813,054		(58,327)
Charges for services		498,330	548,511		50,181
Investment earnings		33,034	588		(32,446)
Miscellaneous		159,878	30,844		(129,034)
Total revenues		1,687,223	1,654,200		(33,023)
Expenditures:					
Public safety		1,711,095	1,031,118		679,977
Total expenditures		1,711,095	1,031,118		679,977
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures		(23,872)	623,082		646,954
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in		15,000	60,633		45,633
Transfers out			(123,300)		(123,300)
Total other financing sources and uses		15,000	(62,667)		(77,667)
Net change in fund balances		(8,872)	560,415		569,287
Fund balances (deficits), July 1, 2015		8,872	7,669		(1,203)
Change in nonspendable resources					
Decrease in prepaid items			(10,500)		(10,500)
Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$		\$ 557,584	\$	557,584
·			+ 00.,00.		,

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue - Special Districts Year Ended June 30, 2016

Revenues: Special assessments \$ 63,400 \$ 92,162 \$ 28,762 Investment earnings 100 2,426 2,326 Miscellaneous 133,900 69,184 (64,716) Total revenues 197,400 163,772 (33,628) Expenditures: Highways and streets 737,000 117,162 619,838 Total expenditures 737,000 117,162 619,838 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (539,600) 46,610 586,210 Other financing uses: (55,818) (55,818) (55,818) Total financing uses (539,600) (9,208) 530,392 Fund balances, July 1, 2015 539,600 547,578 7,978 Fund balances, June 30, 2016 539,600 547,578 7,978 Fund balances, June 30, 2016 539,600 547,578 538,370		Original and Final Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts		iance with al Budget	
Investment earnings 100 2,426 2,326 Miscellaneous 133,900 69,184 (64,716) Total revenues 197,400 163,772 (33,628) Expenditures: Highways and streets 737,000 117,162 619,838 Total expenditures 737,000 117,162 619,838 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (539,600) 46,610 586,210 Other financing uses: (55,818) (55,818) (55,818) Total financing uses (539,600) (9,208) 530,392 Fund balances, July 1, 2015 539,600 547,578 7,978	Revenues:							
Miscellaneous 133,900 69,184 (64,716) Total revenues 197,400 163,772 (33,628) Expenditures: Highways and streets 737,000 117,162 619,838 Total expenditures 737,000 117,162 619,838 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (539,600) 46,610 586,210 Other financing uses: (55,818) (55,818) (55,818) Total financing uses (55,818) (55,818) (55,818) Net change in fund balances (539,600) (9,208) 530,392 Fund balances, July 1, 2015 539,600 547,578 7,978	•	\$	•	\$		\$	28,762	
Total revenues 197,400 163,772 (33,628) Expenditures: Highways and streets 737,000 117,162 619,838 Total expenditures 737,000 117,162 619,838 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (539,600) 46,610 586,210 Other financing uses: (55,818) (55,818) (55,818) Total financing uses (55,818) (55,818) (55,818) Net change in fund balances (539,600) (9,208) 530,392 Fund balances, July 1, 2015 539,600 547,578 7,978	Investment earnings		100		2,426		2,326	
Expenditures: Highways and streets Total expenditures Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures Other financing uses: Transfers out Total financing uses Net change in fund balances Fund balances, July 1, 2015 Total finances Total finances (539,600) Total finances Total finan	Miscellaneous		133,900		69,184		(64,716)	
Highways and streets 737,000 117,162 619,838 Total expenditures 737,000 117,162 619,838 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (539,600) 46,610 586,210 Other financing uses: (55,818) (55,818) Transfers out Total financing uses (55,818) (55,818) Net change in fund balances (539,600) (9,208) 530,392 Fund balances, July 1, 2015 539,600 547,578 7,978	Total revenues		197,400		163,772		(33,628)	
Total expenditures 737,000 117,162 619,838 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (539,600) 46,610 586,210 Other financing uses: (55,818) (55,818) (55,818) Total financing uses (55,818) (55,818) (55,818) Net change in fund balances (539,600) (9,208) 530,392 Fund balances, July 1, 2015 539,600 547,578 7,978	Expenditures:							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (539,600) 46,610 586,210 Other financing uses: Transfers out (55,818) (55,818) Total financing uses (55,818) (55,818) Net change in fund balances (539,600) (9,208) 530,392 Fund balances, July 1, 2015 539,600 547,578 7,978	Highways and streets		737,000		117,162		619,838	
over expenditures (539,600) 46,610 586,210 Other financing uses: Transfers out (55,818) (55,818) (55,818) (55,818) Total financing uses (55,818) <td rowspa<="" td=""><td>Total expenditures</td><td></td><td>737,000</td><td colspan="3">117,162</td><td>619,838</td></td>	<td>Total expenditures</td> <td></td> <td>737,000</td> <td colspan="3">117,162</td> <td>619,838</td>	Total expenditures		737,000	117,162			619,838
Other financing uses: Transfers out (55,818) (55,818) Total financing uses (55,818) (55,818) Net change in fund balances (539,600) (9,208) 530,392 Fund balances, July 1, 2015 539,600 547,578 7,978	Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
Transfers out (55,818) (55,818) Total financing uses (55,818) (55,818) Net change in fund balances (539,600) (9,208) 530,392 Fund balances, July 1, 2015 539,600 547,578 7,978	over expenditures		(539,600)		46,610		586,210	
Total financing uses (55,818) (55,818) Net change in fund balances (539,600) (9,208) 530,392 Fund balances, July 1, 2015 539,600 547,578 7,978	Other financing uses:							
Total financing uses (55,818) (55,818) Net change in fund balances (539,600) (9,208) 530,392 Fund balances, July 1, 2015 539,600 547,578 7,978	Transfers out				(55,818)		(55,818)	
Fund balances, July 1, 2015 539,600 547,578 7,978	Total financing uses				(55,818)		(55,818)	
	Net change in fund balances		(539,600)		(9,208)		530,392	
Fund balances, June 30, 2016 \$ - \$ 538,370 \$ 538,370	Fund balances, July 1, 2015		539,600		547,578		7,978	
	Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$	-	\$	\$ 538,370 \$ 5			

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue - Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Intergovernmental Total revenues	\$ 1,416,404	\$ 933,455	\$ (482,949)
	1,416,404	933,455	(482,949)
Expenditures: Education and economic opportunity Total expenditures	1,418,224	979,026	439,198
	1,418,224	979,026	299,835
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,820)	(45,571)	(43,751)
Net change in fund balances	(1,820)	(45,571)	(43,751)
Fund balances, July 1, 2015	1,820	\$ 89,925	88,105
Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$ -	\$ 44,354	\$ 44,354

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Capital Projects - Public Works Construction Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original and Final Budgeted Actual Amounts Amounts			Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues:			_			
Investment earnings Total revenues			\$	668 668	\$	668 668
Expenditures:						
Capital outlay	\$	147,346		54,969		92,377
Total expenditures		147,346		54,969		92,377
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		(147,346)		(54,301)		93,045
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers out			(1	105,994)		(105,994)
Total other financing sources and uses			(*	105,994)		(105,994)
Net change in fund balances		(147,346)	(*	160,295)		(12,949)
Fund balances, July 1, 2015		147,346	,	160,295		12,949
Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Debt Service - General Government Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Investment earnings		\$ 4,023	\$ 4,023
Total revenues		4,023	4,023
Expenditures:			
Debt Service			
General government	\$ 2,708,928	1,611,027	1,097,901
Total expenditures	2,708,928	1,611,027	1,097,901
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures	(2,708,928)	(1,607,004)	1,101,924
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in	510,399	1,644,099	1,133,700
Transfers out		(53,108)	(53,108)
Total other financing sources and uses	510,399	1,590,991	1,080,592
Net change in fund balances	(2,198,529)	(16,013)	2,182,516
Fund balances (deficits), July 1, 2015	2,198,529	833,686	(1,364,843)
Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$ -	\$ 817,673	\$ 817,673

Navajo County Budgetary Comparison Schedule Debt Service - Special Districts Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance wit Final Budge	
Revenues:					
Special assessments	\$	235,700	\$ 224,359	\$	(11,341)
Investments earnings			1,115		1,115
Miscellaneous			275		275
Total revenues		235,700	225,749		(9,951)
Expenditures:					
Debt Service					
Highways and streets		345,300	260,730		84,570
Total expenditures		345,300	260,730		84,570
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures		(109,600)	(34,981)		74,619
Net change in fund balances		(109,600)	(34,981)		74,619
Fund balances, July 1, 2015		109,600	123,970		14,370
Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$	-	\$ 88,989	\$	88,989



Navajo County, Arizona Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016



AGENCY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Navajo County, Arizona Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Navajo County Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions	Deductions	Balance July 1, 2016
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 2,967,759	\$ 14,643,180	<u>\$ 14,671,547</u>	\$ 2,939,392
Total Assets	\$ 2,967,759	\$ 14,643,180	\$ 14,671,547	\$ 2,939,392
Liabilities Due to other governments Deposits held for other parties	\$ 777,724 2,190,035	\$ 13,149,625 1,493,555	\$ 13,189,857 1,481,690	\$ 737,492 2,201,900
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,967,759	\$ 14,643,180	\$ 14,671,547	\$ 2,939,392



STATISTICAL SECTION

Navajo County, Arizona Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Navajo County Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year							
	200	7		2008		2009		2010
Expenses:					_		_	
General government		15,840	\$	20,503,496	\$	19,392,043	\$	22,647,297
Public safety		34,493		17,570,231		19,182,119		17,566,896
Highways and streets		90,269		12,960,992		14,058,305		13,057,318
Health and welfare		74,590		6,809,907		7,219,915		9,366,578
Culture and recreation		54,419		472,151		510,035		747,065
Education and economic opportunity		35,689		7,119,026		5,723,104		6,307,885
Environmental and conservation	1	18,880		234,078		231,225		237,032
Urban redevelopment and housing				5,000				307,208
Interest on long-term debt		79,518		349,677		594,260		677,253
Total governmental activities expenses	57,18	33,698		66,024,558		66,911,006	_	70,914,532
Program Revenues:								
Charges for services:								
General government	4,88	32,461		3,746,695		3,473,303		3,531,064
Public Safety	2,91	10,947		541,256		765,083		517,702
Highway and streets	11	15,198		83,076				39,249
Health and welfare	ç	95,930		77,965		122,462		215,494
Culture and recreation								
Operating grants and contributions:								
General government	2,24	11,225		1,851,358		3,719,202		1,735,327
Public Safety	3,06	32,299		3,063,868		3,599,091		3,290,457
Highway and streets	18	34,839						
Health and welfare	2,22	27,071		1,751,447		2,199,624		1,803,890
Culture and recreation	3	38,313		38,102		64,885		122,207
Education and economic opportunity	4,94	14,866		7,186,346		5,512,115		6,086,494
Environmental and conservation				162,086		205,884		195,574
Urban redevelopment and housing								305,647
Capital grants and contributions:								
General government								
Public Safety								
Highway and streets	12,95	6,489		12,361,020		12,393,158		15,637,667
Total governmental activities program revenues	33,65	59,638		30,863,219		32,054,807		33,480,772
Net (Expense) Revenue	\$ (23,52	24,060)	\$	(35,161,339)	\$	(34,856,199)	\$	(37,433,760)
General Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$ 8,63	36,394	\$	9,707,389	\$	10,933,578	\$	12,494,737
Special assessments (see Note)	, ,,,,	,	•	-,,	*	, ,	•	,,
General county sales tax	6.77	78,153		7,083,165		6,330,588		5,480,598
State shared revenues		21,307		13,302,354		12,017,517		10,728,725
Payment in lieu of taxes	. 0,02	,00.		.0,002,00.		,,		. 0,. 20,. 20
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific								
programs	1.43	33,848		3,922,712		6,444,858		4,902,289
Investment earnings		33,012		1,624,746		750,742		322,748
Capital contributions	.,	,0,0.2		.,02.,		. 55,		022,: :0
Gain on disposal of capital assets	10	04,656		11,971		23,895		115,237
Miscellaneous		16,509		1,207,819		1,466,751		1,273,310
Transfers	1,01	. 5,550		.,_0.,0.0		.,		(380,236)
Total general revenues and transfers	33,22	23,879	-	36,860,156		37,967,929		34,937,408
Change in net position - governmental activities		99,819	\$	1,698,817	\$	3,111,730	\$	(2,496,352)
2go govorimonar adavidos	Ψ 3,03	70,010	Ψ	1,000,017	Ψ	3,111,730	Ψ	(2,700,002)

Note: The County reclassified special assessments revenue from general revenue to program revenue beginning in FY 2016.

Navajo County Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal	l Year

					FISC	ıı Ye					
	2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016
•	00 000 700	•	04 007 500	•	00 044 570	•	00 040 040	•	04 000 444	•	00 740 004
\$	22,396,786	\$	21,607,586	\$	20,944,578	\$	22,213,348	\$	31,968,411	\$	29,716,664
	16,191,164		18,238,891		19,123,378		16,995,243		16,655,632		17,512,220
	14,480,464		8,023,409		10,935,566		9,534,493		11,190,411		12,008,267
	7,129,008		5,909,936		7,734,191		8,039,343		7,956,284		8,350,410
	814,786		966,000		788,127		694,108		665,292		798,683
	5,710,417		6,164,792		5,498,285		6,190,399		5,669,487		5,479,786
	196,504		16,352		303,402		329,829		211,478		247,622
	35,558		784		42,701		365,994		73,852		16,887
	625,962		721,020		527,044		487,808		802,936		503,684
	67,580,649		61,648,770		65,897,272		64,850,565		75,193,783		74,634,223
	3,465,053		3,326,109		3,649,106		3,537,721		5,079,224		5,400,182
	672,441		982,588		1,146,080		919,746		1,390,048		1,549,821
	98,695		334,513		12,171		252,982		100,758		432,421
	194,090		163,957		243,393		329,602		274,262		333,306
			155,895								166,881
	2,584,222		2,215,242		1,966,176		2,700,852		3,613,033		3,945,966
	2,916,270		3,252,479		4,500,832		3,976,671		3,715,424		4,911,950
	,,,,,,		-,,		,,,,,,,,		-,,		-,,		1,011,000
	2,280,437		1,819,214		2,500,943		2,820,717		2,898,998		2,770,719
	137,643		152,083		129,282		149,666		128,945		61,754
	3,665,344		4,654,668		4,327,485		5,266,695		4,488,394		5,034,340
	429,653		59,097		301,660		534,722		411,987		364,692
	63,162				40,823		376,628		62,860		10,000
			000 000								
			220,229								
	40 470 700		5,000		0.000.547		0.505.055		44 404 440		44 574 407
	13,170,789		9,578,324		9,690,517		9,565,055		11,431,446		11,571,167
_	29,677,799		26,919,398	_	28,508,468	_	30,431,057	_	33,595,379	_	36,553,199
\$	(37,902,850)	\$	(34,729,372)	\$	(37,388,804)	\$	(34,419,508)	\$	(41,598,404)	\$	(38,081,024)
\$	12,866,253	\$	12,087,700	\$	11,924,765	\$	11,704,948	\$	12,536,351	\$	12,531,782
	•				502,434		542,526		507,456		
	5,889,027		6,246,077		6,239,089		6,667,433		6,674,867		6,365,510
	11,405,376		11,475,113		12,024,496		12,773,729		12,964,950		13,125,229
					1,430,914		1,538,954		1,406,936		1,547,382
	4,489,096		3,175,428								
	254,483		202,500		(109,711)		453,017		195,437		165,384
	204,400		202,000		(103,711)		700,017		100,407		6,980
	5,957		13,116		52,473		96,640		35,974		2,995
	1,822,741		1,170,658		892,976		1,455,607		1,072,052		1,341,167
	1,022,141		1,170,000		002,910		1,400,007		1,012,002		1,0-11,107
	36,732,933		34,370,592		32,957,436		35,232,854		35,394,023	_	35,086,429
\$	(1,169,917)	\$	(358,780)	\$	(4,431,368)	\$	813,346	\$	(6,204,381)	\$	(2,994,595)

Navajo County Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year 2007 2010 2008 2009 General fund \$ Reserved 3,957,781 2,883,159 325,096 16,110,913 10,939,695 7,416,990 Unreserved 7,550,215 Assigned* Unassigned Total general fund \$ 16,110,913 \$ 14,897,476 \$ 10,433,374 \$ 7,742,086 All other governmental funds Reserved \$ 397,700 500,703 679,641 \$ 528,878 Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue funds 21,439,571 26,620,823 25,962,952 31,118,113 Debt service funds 1,995,785 1,777,950 1,824,003 1,924,862 Capital projects funds 4,791,323 24,543 76,332 Nonspendable* Restricted Assigned Unassigned \$ 28,624,379 \$ 28,924,019 \$ 28,466,596 \$ 33,648,185 Total all other governmental funds

(Continued)

^{*} Due to the implementation of GASB Statement no. 54 in FY 2011, categories regarding fund balance have been redefined. See Notes for Financial Statements Note 8 for details.

Navajo County Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
\$	\$	\$	\$ 437,220	\$ 1,273,833	\$ 1,612,513
3,182,499 3,349,495 \$ 6,531,994	2,533,698 3,939,417 \$ 6,473,115	2,021,131 3,849,238 \$ 5,870,369	2,331,597 3,482,808 \$ 6,251,625	2,836,408 3,544,712 \$ 7,654,953	2,535,860 3,523,261 \$ 7,671,634
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
543,055 28,973,243 1,231,112 (270,933) \$ 30,476,477	920,545 25,792,646 1,529,453 (39,006) \$ 28,203,638	1,034,772 26,621,136 2,064,946 (13) \$ 29,720,841	1,114,772 26,720,572 3,288,638 (1,048,472) \$ 30,075,510	991,663 22,055,581 2,552,485 (1,686,672) \$ 23,913,057	619,596 23,119,737 966,610 (210,456) \$ 24,495,487

Navajo County Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year					
	2007	2008	2009	2010		
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$ 8,673,499	\$ 9,581,813	\$ 10,780,692	\$ 12,294,308		
County sales taxes	070.000	0.40,000	540,004	040.000		
Licenses and permits	879,866	643,032	513,081	619,663		
Fines and forfeits	1,646,183	1,290,001	1,563,382	1,336,602		
Intergovernmental	47,350,129	50,665,504	52,104,688 2,284,384	49,652,453		
Charges for services Investment earnings	5,478,487 1,727,733	2,515,958 1,624,746	2,264,364 750,741	2,347,245 322,747		
Special assessments	1,727,733	1,024,740	356,318	133,181		
Rents and royalties			330,310	133,101		
Contributions	38,281	56,956	25,916	31,141		
Miscellaneous	990,990	1,222,929	1,466,751	1,273,311		
Total revenues	66,785,168	67,600,939	69,845,953	68,010,651		
Total Teverides	00,705,100	07,000,939	09,040,900	00,010,031		
Expenditures:						
General government	19,975,143	22,871,415	22,160,207	21,661,752		
Public safety	13,759,567	17,525,292	18,403,733	16,838,127		
Highways and streets	10,681,812	14,792,747	17,778,854	10,087,829		
Health and welfare	6,270,192	6,813,069	7,074,321	9,306,800		
Culture and recreation	562,599	471,342	501,738	740,591		
Education and economic opportunity	4,896,105	7,119,291	5,515,147	6,139,063		
Environmental and conservation	19,424	234,078	231,225	237,032		
Urban redevelopment and housing		5,000		307,208		
Debt service:	404.000	202 472	407 704	050 440		
Principal	421,836 470,548	303,173	487,701	858,416		
Interest and other charges Bond Issuance Costs	179,518	349,677	594,260	677,253		
Capital outlay	1,990,735	6,238,140	3,030,157	81,675		
Total expenditures	58,756,931	76,723,224	75,777,343	66,935,746		
rotal experiancies	30,730,331	10,120,224	10,111,040	00,000,140		
Excess(deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures	8,028,237	(9,122,285)	(5,931,390)	1,074,905		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Revenue bonds issued		6,600,000				
Payment to bond refunding escrow agent		0,000,000				
Capital lease agreements		77,845	6,846			
Special assessment bonds issued		,	,			
Sale of capital assets	104,656	11,971	23,895	115,237		
Transfers in	3,903,479	1,845,732	2,304,012	8,048,481		
Transfers out	(3,653,479)	(1,845,732)	(2,304,012)	(6,789,602)		
Total other financing sources and uses	354,656	6,689,816	30,741	1,374,116		
Net change in fund balances	\$ 8,382,893	\$ (2,432,469)	\$ (5,900,649)	\$ 2,449,021		
D 11 - 51 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1						
Ratio of total debt service expenditures to non-capital expenditures	1.06%	0.93%	1.49%	2.30%		
non-capital expenditules	1.00 %	0.93 %	1.4370	2.30 //		

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(Continued)

Navajo County Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year								
2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016			
* 40.040.500	* 40.000.070	A 40.050.040	A. 44.000.540	4. 40.505.000	A 40.540.040			
\$ 12,612,528	\$ 12,092,878	\$ 12,058,648	\$ 11,699,519	\$ 12,565,289	\$ 12,542,649			
500.057	007.400	100.054	6,667,433	6,674,867	6,365,510			
529,657	397,490	469,651	606,269	522,919	604,525			
1,317,038	1,228,579	1,539,663	1,247,497	1,789,993	1,492,927			
46,350,655	42,113,926	43,050,561	39,645,165	40,045,748	42,328,108			
2,583,583	2,934,743	3,041,435	3,241,520	9,698,659	10,369,286			
254,483	202,499	(109,710)	453,017 548,763	195,437	165,384			
198,817	642,688	502,434	518,762	491,734	485,708			
30,333	50,540	64,512	42,650	43,061	39,962			
1,822,741	1,170,659	892,976	1,455,607	1,072,052	1,341,167			
65,699,835	60,834,002	61,510,170	65,577,439	73,099,759	75,735,226			
	00,001,002	01,010,110	00,011,100	10,000,100	10,100,220			
21,894,300	20,650,249	20,746,489	21,296,099	27,228,792	27,475,209			
17,020,246	17,394,177	17,515,389	17,165,782	16,762,711	18,013,055			
15,462,752	9,452,610	9,583,999	8,446,932	10,245,789	9,949,660			
7,138,323	7,507,775	7,987,610	7,909,342	8,323,596	8,698,408			
808,312	962,712	785,901	691,882	702,563	812,461			
5,674,996	6,019,533	5,326,169	6,146,055	5,491,323	5,408,227			
196,504	16,352	303,402	347,079	223,528	266,428			
35,558	784	42,701	365,994	73,852	16,887			
040 040	046 246	676 770	004 600	2 727 044	1 F20 222			
919,249	946,316	676,779	821,698	2,737,814	1,529,333			
625,962	721,020	527,044 115,200	461,413	802,936	503,684			
074 570	207.204	115,290	75,464	F 007 040	0.000.004			
274,573	327,361	1,469,268	7,613,324	5,207,816	2,093,691			
70,050,775	63,998,889	65,080,041	71,341,064	77,800,720	74,767,043			
(4,350,940)	(3,164,887)	(3,569,871)	(5,763,625)	(4,700,961)	968,183			
,	, , ,	(, , , ,	, , ,	, , ,				
		8,500,000	10,625,000					
40.040	0=1.000	(4,345,000)	(4,806,395)					
18,913	354,826	146,994	488,368					
5,957	68,446	78,863	98,822	64,945	2,995			
6,600,855	10,017,167	10,157,899	7,753,432	5,625,009	4,218,192			
(6,600,855)	(10,017,167)	(10,157,899)	(7,753,432)	(5,625,009)	(4,218,192)			
24,870 (4,226,070)	423,272	4,380,857	6,405,795	64,945	2,995			
\$ (4,326,070)	\$ (2,741,615)	\$ 810,986	\$ 642,170	\$ (4,636,016)	\$ 971,178			
2.21%	2.62%	1.89%	2.13%	4.88%	2.80%			
2.2170	2.0270	1.5570	2.1070	1.5070	2.5070			

Navajo County Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Year		
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Governmental activities:					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 55,332,385	\$ 61,704,323	\$ 73,728,006	\$ 66,038,408	\$ 70,264,651
Restricted	21,309,950	24,374,755	19,040,878	23,034,928	27,364,617
Unrestricted	22,441,546	16,119,289	15,007,820	16,207,016	6,481,167
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 99,083,881	\$ 102,198,367	\$ 107,776,704	\$ 105,280,352	\$ 104,110,435
			Fiscal Year		
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Governmental activities:					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 64,205,881	\$ 58,803,447	\$ 65,059,354	\$ 63,750,745	\$ 62,361,145
Restricted	25,830,803	25,924,806	24,056,612	23,521,625	24,226,548
Unrestricted (deficit)	7,151,635	8,028,698	4,454,331	(51,230,312)	(53,540,230)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 97,188,319	\$ 92,756,951	\$ 93,570,297	\$ 36,042,058	\$ 33,047,463

^{*} Capital assets were restated for fiscal year 2012 due to certain road projects such as chip seals, slurry seals, and overlays being reclassified from capitalized road improvements to road maintenance projects expensed in the year completed.

Navajo County Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

PRIMARY ASSESSED VALUE

					1		Assessed
							Value as a
	Residential		Unattached	Total Taxable			Percentage
Fiscal	and Vacant	Commercial	Personal	Assessed	*Total Direct	Estimated Actual	of Actual
<u>Year</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Value</u>	Tax <u>Rate</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Value</u>
2007	414,808,401	305,200,210	14,828,110	734,836,721	1.2592	6,464,822,998	11.37%
2008	480,365,541	315,601,599	16,347,131	812,314,271	1.2504	7,181,877,591	11.31%
2009	563,228,216	328,530,388	16,599,092	908,357,696	1.2238	8,083,048,537	11.24%
2010	631,550,018	345,011,622	22,964,880	999,526,520	1.2057	8,941,980,626	11.18%
**2011	683,204,674	365,730,626	20,353,287	1,069,288,587	1.2035	9,625,529,702	11.11%
2012	634,214,647	371,913,522	19,936,077	1,026,064,246	1.2447	9,350,503,687	10.97%
2013	575,074,783	380,102,301	19,084,628	974,261,712	1.2864	8,838,891,218	11.02%
2014	513,683,811	371,638,224	18,023,142	903,345,177	1.3850	8,029,406,641	11.25%
2015	468,337,874	359,094,468	17,584,375	845,016,717	1.5615	7,573,933,720	11.16%
2016	473,702,904	344,422,319	14,676,214	832,801,437	1.5917	7,591,032,171	10.97%

Source: Navajo County Assessor's office

^{*} Total Direct Tax Rate contains both primary and secondary tax rates

^{**} Revised abstract resulting from centrally assessed Transwestern lawsuit.

NAVAJO COUNTY Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

County Direct Rates

Fiscal Year	Primary	Fire District Assistance Tax	Library District	Flood Control District	Public Health District	Total Direct
2007	0.6229	0.1000	0.0400	0.3000	0.1963	1.2592
2008	0.6041	0.1000	0.0500	0.3000	0.1963	1.2504
2009	0.5775	0.1000	0.0500	0.3000	0.1963	1.2238
2010	0.5594	0.1000	0.0500	0.3000	0.1963	1.2057
2011	0.5572	0.1000	0.0500	0.3000	0.1963	1.2035
2012	0.5984	0.1000	0.0500	0.3000	0.1963	1.2447
2013	0.6401	0.1000	0.0500	0.3000	0.1963	1.2864
2014	0.6995	0.1000	0.0704	0.3000	0.2151	1.3850
2015	0.8185	0.1000	0.1000	0.3000	0.2430	1.5615
2016	0.8417	0.1000	0.1000	0.3000	0.2500	1.5917

Overlapping rates

Fiscal	School			Other Special	Community College
Year	Equalization	School Districts	Cities	Districts	District
2007	0.0000	3.7977-8.0200	0.5216-0.9134	0.0871-2.6347	1.4858
2008	0.0000	3.1373-6.7592	0.2845-0.8870	0.0864-2.7749	1.4206
2009	0.0000	3.6519-7.7773	0.2845-0.8685	0.0785-2.7512	1.3382
2010	0.3306	3.6624-8.3747	0.2789-0.8550	0.0706-2.7326	1.1352
2011	0.3564	3.0839-8.0000	0.2789-0.8567	0.0707-3.5500	1.1308
2012	0.4259	3.1634-7.3012	0.2789-0.9815	0.0835-3.5500	1.2387
2013	0.4717	2.9606-8.000	0.2789-0.9880	0.0910-3.5500	1.3515
2014	0.5123	2.8322-8.000	0.2789-1.1934	0.1131-3.550	1.4769
2015	0.5089	2.6662-8.000	1.2831-1.2831	0.1291-3.550	1.6610
2016	0.5054	2.8027-7.3012	1.3646-1.3646	0.1401-3.550	1.7423

Source: Navajo County Assessor's Office and Navajo County Finance Department.

- 1) All tax rates are per \$100 assessed valuation.
- 2) Includes both primary and secondary tax rates.

Navajo County Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Five Years Ago

		2	2016		2010				
				Percentage					
				of Total				Doroontogo of	
		Primary		Primary Assessed		Primary		Percentage of Total Primary	
Taxpayer	As	ssessed Value	Rank	Value	As	ssessed Value	Rank	Assessed Value	
Arizona Public Service Company	\$	131,274,320	1	15.76%	\$	107,346,606	1	10.75%	
PacifiCorp Electric Operations		52,277,671	2	6.28%		31,068,621	2	3.11%	
Peabody Western Coal Co.		17,334,500	3	2.08%		16,669,389	3	1.67%	
Transwestern Pipeline Co		10,415,034	4	1.25%		11,923,788	4	1.19%	
Burlington Northern/Santa Fe Railway		7,257,125	5	0.87%		4,483,725	8	0.45%	
Kinder Morgan		6,029,921	6	0.72%		9,163,477	5	0.92%	
Navopache Electric Co-Op Inc.		5,686,242	7	0.68%		3,328,331	9	0.33%	
Citizens Telecom of White Mountains		4,983,329	8	0.60%		6,231,982	7	0.62%	
Unisource Energy Corporation		4,916,132	9	0.59%		2,821,246	10	0.28%	
Smith Bagley		4,341,405	10	0.52%		N/A	N/A	N/A	
TOTALS	\$	244,515,679	 	29.35%	\$	193,037,165		19.32%	
Total 2016, Navoia County Assessed						tal 2010 Navajo			
Total 2016 Navajo County Assessed Value	\$	832,801,440				unty Assessed lue		\$ 998,764,550	

Source: Navajo County Assessor's office

Note: Information for principle property taxpayers was not available prior to fiscal year 2010; consequently, the comparison is for a 6 year period.

Navajo County Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Taxes	Collected within		Collections		
	Levied	Fiscal	Year	in	Total Collect	ions to Date
Fiscal	for the		Percentage	Subsequent	-	Percentage
<u>Year</u>	Fiscal Year (1)	<u>Amount</u>	<u>of Levy</u>	<u>Years</u>	<u>Amount</u>	of Levy
2007	\$ 4,579,640	\$ 4,401,681	96.11%	\$ 177,290	\$ 4,578,971	99.99%
2008	\$ 4,910,747	\$ 4,684,181	95.39%	\$ 225,930	\$ 4,910,111	99.99%
2009	\$ 5,247,356	\$ 5,003,706	95.36%	\$ 242,452	\$ 5,246,158	99.98%
2010	\$ 5,580,939	\$ 5,306,931	95.09%	\$ 271,364	\$ 5,578,295	99.95%
2011	\$ 5,859,345	\$ 5,569,913	95.06%	\$ 284,485	\$ 5,854,398	99.92%
2012	\$ 6,106,200	\$ 5,887,544	96.42%	\$ 212,733	\$ 6,100,277	99.90%
2013	\$ 6,180,393	\$ 6,001,505	97.11%	\$ 173,374	\$ 6,174,879	99.91%
2014	\$ 6,268,089	\$ 6,070,355	96.85%	\$ 189,878	\$ 6,260,233	99.87%
2015	\$ 6,868,032	\$ 6,652,088	96.86%	\$ 201,405	\$ 6,853,493	99.79%
2016	\$ 6,993,475	\$ 6,748,980	96.50%	\$ 0	\$ 6,748,980	96.50%

Source: Taxes levied obtained by Navajo County Board of Supervisors Adopted Budget net of Assessor's corrections. Collections obtained from the Navajo County Treasurer.

Note: General Fund Levies and Collections Only.

(1) Changes to prior year Taxes Levied due to Board orders in the current fiscal year.

Navajo County Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year	Revenue Bonds	Certificates of Participation	Special Assessment Bonds	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per Capita (1)
2007	-	5,915,000	2,950,589	18,848	8,884,437	0.37	80.04
2008	6,600,000	5,635,000	2,442,125	73,520	14,750,645	0.58	131.29
2009	6,600,000	5,340,000	1,702,213	53,687	13,695,900	0.52	121.23
2010	6,265,000	5,030,000	1,517,107	25,377	12,837,484	0.47	119.48
2011	5,915,000	4,700,000	1,309,455	12,693	11,937,148	0.43	111.38
2012	5,545,000	4,345,000	1,172,771	282,887	11,345,658	0.4	105.94
2013	13,665,000	-	985,235	320,638	14,970,873	0.52	137.73
2014	19,125,000	-	786,508	571,035	20,482,543	0.69	187.59
2015	16,845,000	-	573,542	326,188	17,744,730	N/A (2)	N/A (3)
2016	15,840,000	-	352,575	172,822	16,365,397	N/A (2)	N/A (3)

Source: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

- (2) Personal income was not available for 2015 and 2016.
- (3) Population was not available for 2015 and 2016.

⁽¹⁾ Personal income and population information can be found in the Demographic and Economic Statistics schedule.

Navajo County Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Debt 9		
Fiscal Year	County Excise Tax	State Shared Sales Tax	Net Available Revenue	Principal	Interest	_ Coverage
2014	\$ 6,667,433	\$ 10,763,214	\$ 17,430,647	\$ -	\$ 83,899	207.76
2015	6,674,867	10,891,962	17,566,829	1,985,000	324,035	7.61
2016	6,365,510	10,874,837	17,240,347	1,005,000	187,488	14.46

2012 Series Pledged Revenue Obligations

							Debt Service					
Fiscal Year	Co	ounty Excise Tax	_	tate Shared Sales Tax	N	let Available Revenue	Р	rincipal	ı	nterest	— Coverage	;
2013	\$	6,239,089	\$	10,087,589	\$	16,326,678	\$	-	\$	50,368	324.15	_
2014		6,667,433		10,763,214		17,430,647		-		186,604	93.41	
2015		6,674,867		10,891,962		17,566,829		295,000		408,402	24.97	
2016		6,365,510		10,874,837		17,240,347		150,000		265,842	41.46	

2008 Series Pledged Revenue Obligations (Refunded in August 2013)

				Debt Se		
	County Excise	State Shared	Net Available			Coverage
Fiscal Year	Tax	Sales Tax	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Ratio
2008	\$ 7,083,165	\$ 10,915,470	\$ 17,998,635	\$	\$	
2009	6,330,588	9,844,858	16,175,446		131,432	123.07
2010	5,480,598	8,732,190	14,212,788	335,000	240,573	24.69
2011	5,846,576	9,285,088	15,131,664	350,000	228,585	26.15
2012	6,200,729	9,553,213	15,753,942	370,000	215,985	26.88
2013	6,239,089	10,087,589	16,326,678	380,000	202,860	28.01
2014	6,667,433	10,763,214	17,430,647	385,000	124,500	34.21

Special Assessment Bonds

			 Debt S	<u> </u>		
Fiscal Year	D	lovopuos	 Principal		Interest	Coverage Ratio
riscal real		evenues	 Principal		Interest	Ralio
2009	\$	300,706	\$ 166,022	\$	105,882	1.11
2010		273,885	185,106		94,237	0.98
2011		241,567	207,652		83,934	0.83
2012		241,374	136,684		75,045	1.14
2013		248,745	187,536		74,568	0.95
2014		251,299	198,727		54,482	0.99
2015		231,966	212,967		43,352	0.90
2016		224,359	220,967		39,763	0.86

Source: Navajo County Finance Department

Navajo County Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2016

Assessed value \$ 843,037,068

Debt limit (15% of assessed value) 126,455,560

Debt applicable to limit:
General obligation bonds
Less: Amount set aside for repayment
of general obligation debt

Total net debt applicable to limit

Legal debt margin \$ 126,455,560

			Fiscal Year		
	 2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Debt Limit	\$ 110,225,508	\$ 121,847,141	\$ 136,253,654	\$ 149,814,683	\$ 158,850,728
Total net debt applicable to limit					
Legal debt margin	110,225,508	121,847,141	136,253,654	149,814,683	158,850,728
Total net debt applicable to the	201	20/	201	201	201
limit as a percentage of the debt	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
			Fiscal Year		
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Debt Limit Total net debt applicable to limit	\$ 153,920,569	\$ 146,139,257	\$ 135,502,778	\$ 126,937,062	\$ 126,455,560
Legal debt margin	153,920,569	146,139,257	135,502,778	126,937,062	126,455,560
Total net debt applicable to the					
limit as a percentage of the debt	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

Source: The legal debt limit of Navajo County is equal to 15% of the County's net secondary assessed valuation, per the Arizona Constitution, Article 9, Section 8. Assessed valuations are provided by the Navajo County Assessor.

Navajo County
Demographic and Economic Statistics
Last Ten Calendar Years

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	<u>Population</u>	Personal Income (thousands of <u>dollars)</u>	Pe	r Capita ersonal <u>ncome</u>	Unemployment <u>Rate</u>
2007	110,999	2,412,656	\$	21,736	6.3
2008	112,348	2,539,509	\$	22,604	9.7
2009	112,975	2,634,137	\$	23,316	14.9
2010	107,449	2,742,716	\$	25,526	16.0
2011	107,174	2,780,847	\$	25,947	15.8
2012	107,094	2,826,523	\$	26,393	15.2
2013	108,694	2,869,655	\$	26,401	13.1
2014	109,185	2,965,679	\$	27,162	11.2
2015	(1)	(1)		(1)	9.6
2016	(1)	(1)		(1)	9.4

Source: Population and Personal Income from U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis. Workforce Informer Arizona at www.laborstats.az.gov for unemployment rate.

⁽¹⁾ Information is not yet available for 2015 and 2016.

Navajo County Employment by Sector and Major Employers

Employment by Sector

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u> 2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>
Mining and Construction	2,925	2,375	1,600	1,450	1,325
Educational & Health Srvs	3,325	3,300	3,500	3,550	3,200
Financial Activities	600	525	475	400	425
Government	9,925	10,400	10,100	9,650	9,500
Leisure & Hospitality	3,475	3,475	3,150	3,500	3,625
Manufacturing	900	800	550	525	525
Information	825	1,000	1,075	1,150	1,150
Professional & Business Srvs	1,350	1,275	1,025	1,000	1,025
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	6,050	5,650	5,375	5,250	5,025
Other Services	800	850	750	700	525
				(0	Continued)

Source: Prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Arizona Department of Commerce, Strategic Investment and Research.

Figures are organized under the North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS).

Major Employers⁽¹⁾

<u>Employer</u>	Employer Type
APS, Joseph City	Electric Services
Arizona Department of Corrections	Prison

Burlington Northern Santa Fe

Cellular One

Hatch Auto Centers

Hondah Resort & Casino

Holiday Inn, Kayenta

Corrections

Line-Haul

Communications

Auto Dealer

Hospitality

Hotels and Motels

Home Depot Retail

Kayenta Boarding B.I.A. School Education Keams Canyon Indian Hospital Medical K-Mart Retail Little Colorado Medical Center Medical Navajo Government Executive Branch Government Navajo County School District Education Navajo Tribal Utility Authority, Keams Canyon Utilities Navopache Electric Cooperative, Inc. Utility Northland Pioneer College, Holbrook Colleges

NovoPower Energy Peabody Coal Co., Kayenta Coal and Mining PFFJ, Inc., Snowflake Pork Production Pinon Unified School District #4 Education Safeway. Pinetop-Lakeside Retail Summit Healthcare, Show Low Hospital Tate's Auto Center, Holbrook Auto Dealer Wal-Mart SuperCenter, Show Low Retail

Wal-Mart SuperCenter, Show Low Retail
Western Moulding Co. Inc., Snowflake Millwork
White Mountain Apache Tribe Government

Sources: Holbrook Chamber of Commerce; Navajo Nation, Navajo Nation, Division of Economic Development: Pinetop-Lakeside Chamber of Commerce: Show Low Regional Chamber of Commerce; and Snowflake/Taylor Chamber of Commerce.

Navajo County Employment by Sector and Major Employers (Continued)

Employment by Sector

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
Mining and Construction	1,600	1,600	1,625	1,725	1,525
Educational & Health Srvs	3,550	3,575	3,575	3,900	4,125
Financial Activities	575	600	700	625	650
Government	9,850	9,675	9,325	9,775	8,925
Leisure & Hospitality	3,600	3,875	3,700	3,200	3,450
Manufacturing	475	125	150	175	250
Information	1,175	1,175	1,150	1,200	1,050
Professional & Business Srvs	1,000	1,175	1,425	1,150	1,325
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	5,150	5,175	4,700	4,875	5,475
Other Services	950	1,050	925	950	975

⁽¹⁾ The number of employees for the 10 largest employers in the County is not available due to State of Arizona non-disclosure restrictions.

Navajo County Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Function Last Nine Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year

Function	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
General government	272	290	284	284	294	295
Public safety	240	260	256	248	239	243
Highways and streets	84	90	90	81	81	82
Health and welfare	62	67	66	63	65	66
Culture and recreation	3	4	4	5	6	5

Function	2013	2014	2015	2016
General government	278	277	278	288
Public safety	238	236	238	235
Highways and streets	78	83	91	96
Health and welfare	73	80	81	81
Culture and recreation	8	4	5	4
Total	675	680	693	704

Source: Navajo County Budget 2007 - 2016

Total

Navajo County Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year				
<u>Function</u>	2007	2008	2009	2010	
General Government					
Assessor					
Number of parcels assessed	83,044	84,824	85,536	85,858	
Elections					
Elections	4	5	4	4	
Number voting	43,445	23,687	51,626	21,379	
Planning & Zoning					
Building permits issued	3,789	3,085	1,837	1,285	
Public Fiduciary	2,1 2 2	5,555	1,001	-,	
Guardianships/conservatorships	99	104	103	110	
Public Safety					
Adult Probation					
Community service hours	34,370	50,415	51,910	49,198	
Pre-sentence reports written for courts	744	678	594	504	
Probationers actively supervised	868	1,036	1,009	1,008	
Juvenile Probation		,	,	•	
Average length of detention (days)	15	12	8	10	
Juveniles in detention	318	338	457	441	
Probationers	164	186	199	171	
Community restitution hours	9,170	10,504	8,740	8,939	
Sheriff					
Inmate population	385	363	363	361	
Highways & Streets					
Public Works					
Crack sealing (miles)	9	2	-	47	
Street resurfacing (miles)	33	52	42	25	
Waste Tire Program					
Waste tires collected		56,775	51,481	48,743	
Health & Welfare					
Public Health District					
Certified copies of birth or death certificates	5,311	5,685	6,811	6,913	
Childhood immunization visits	8,608	10,586	7,343	10,299	
Restaurant inspections and re-inspections	592	593	608	336	
Culture & Recreation					
Library District					
Number of items circulated	380,765	442,038	456,579	480,959	
Number of library cards issued (by member libraries)	5,835	6,079	5,985	6,206	
Number of prints, media and electronic items	241,479	262,997	287,552	310,602	
Number of items owned by Library District	15,216	16,907	19,607	21,774	
Education					
School Superintendent					
Charter schools	6	6	6	7	
Charter students	817	818	839	471	
District students	20,948	20,861	20,497	19,913	
School districts	14	14	14	14	

Source: Navajo County departments monthly and annual performance reports

(continued)

Navajo County Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fisca	l Year

2011	2012	2013	2014	2014 2015	
86,304	88,148	85,773	85,752	88,306	88,527
4	5	4	3	1	3
50,969	17,330	57,960	8,569	685	32,969
926	994	1,023	970	981	1,009
99	108	109	163	160	131
40,687	39,135	40,306	36,388	33,793	30,408
637	641	566	571	828	572
1,349	1,270	1,313	1,181	1,101	1,086
12	11	12	10	9	10
408	449	336	355	339	353
182	148	122	307	297	151
5,173	7,346	6,401	5,252	5,093	5,061
319	274	283	382	364	301
49	82	59	88	102	444
42	32	13	12	30	14
60,117	47,962	57,742	52,623	47,184	56,331
4,949	4,678	5,031	5,353	5,341	5,595
5,154	4,592	2,165	1,096	1,250	1,068
709	423	621	483	503	696
441,232	438,916	425,272	378,584	368,114	361,865
6,170	5,406	5,054	14,303	13,957	33,223
333,901	343,659	333,193	334,866	336,617	346,632
24,199	25,837	28,827	34,214	32,149	33,577
7	7	7	6	6	9
352	399	630	742	829	789
19,071	18,606	18,495	17,090	17,575	17,803
14	14	13	11	13	14

Navajo County Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Function										
General Government										
Elections										
Voting Machines	158	158	158	158	173	173	173	173	173	60
Superior Courts	100	130	130	150	175	173	173	173	173	00
Divisions	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Division - Satellite	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Justice Courts	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Guerra Gearra	· ·	· ·	· ·	· ·	· ·	· ·	· ·	· ·	· ·	· ·
Public Safely										
Sheriff										
Inmate beds available	407		433	425	426	442	442	441	438	438
Jail Facilities	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2
Stations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Improvement Districts	· ·	J	· ·	Ū	· ·	Ū	Ū	Ū	· ·	Ū
Flood Warning Sites	31	31	31	30	31	31	31	31	26	31
Flood Control District Properties	8	8	8	9	12	12	12	13	13	14
Road Improvement Districts	2	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Highways and Streets										
Public Works										
Miles of maintained roads	747.83	732.01	737.65	734.9	733.28	733.65	733.95	733.95	734.66	734.32
Bridges	14	14	14	14	14	15	15	15	15	15
Sanitation										
Landfill/Environment	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Transfer Stations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Health										
Health Care										
Public health facilities										
Heber - Owned	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Show Low - Owned	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Snowflake - Operated	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Holbrook - Owned	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Winslow - Owned	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Pinetop - Owned	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Culture and Recreation										
Parks & Recreation										
County Parks (Tall Timber, Heber)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Library District										
Number of facilities owned	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Facilities operated	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Bookmobiles	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Education										
Schools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Source: Navajo County capital asset reports.