# Mohave County, Arizona





Fiscal Year 2020-2021 Annual Financial Report June 30, 2021

# MOHAVE COUNTY ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021





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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

The Arizona Auditor General

The Board of Supervisors of Mohave County, Arizona

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and aggregate remaining fund information of Mohave County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of Mohave County as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, for the year ended June 30, 2021, the County adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, the County restated beginning net position/fund balances of its financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021, to correct a misstatement in its previously issued financial statements. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 7 through 24, Budgetary Comparison Schedules on pages 86 through 90, Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability – Cost-Sharing Plans on pages 92 through 94, Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios – Agent Plans on pages 95 through 98, and Schedule of County's Pension Contributions on pages 99 through 101 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Compliance over the Use of Highway User Revenue Fund and Other Dedicated State Transportation Revenue Monies

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the County failed to comply with the authorized transportation purposes, insofar as they relate to accounting matters, for highway user revenue fund monies it received pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2, and any other dedicated State transportation revenues it received. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the County's noncompliance with the authorized transportation purposes referred to above, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

The communication related to compliance over the use of highway user revenue fund and other dedicated State transportation revenue monies in the preceding paragraph is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Arizona State Legislature, the Arizona Auditor General, the Board of Supervisors, management, and other responsible parties within the County and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Fester & Chapman, PUC

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 21, 2022 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

June 21, 2022



## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) (REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION)



Our discussion and analysis of the County's financial performance provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2021. Please read the following discussion in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The County's total net position reported in the Statement of Activities increased by \$21.6 million. The increase is comprised of a \$21.9 million increase in governmental activities net position and a decrease of \$.3 million in business-type activities net position.
- Total governmental liabilities increased by \$41.9 million from the prior year primarily due to \$20.6 million in American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA) funds that were received but remained unspent at the end of the fiscal year; \$3.6 million in unearned revenue for federal emergency rental assistance grants, and a \$19 million increase in pension liabilities, offset by decreases in accounts payable and deposits held for others.
- Total governmental assets increased by \$45 million because of a \$38 million increase in cash and investments from Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES) and ARPA funding and a \$9.6 million increase in new capital assets from a library expansion project and completion of a law and justice center project.
- A major fund was established for the ARPA relief funding allocation of \$20.6 million.
- The Capital Improvement Fund balance increased \$3.7 million primarily due to \$10.5 million transferred from the General Fund offset by \$7 million in final construction expenditures for the Law and Justice Center.
- The General Fund balance increased \$10.5 million. Revenues increased \$12.7 million to a total of \$109.4 million in revenues. Revenues were offset by \$88.2 million in expenditures, a \$2.4 million increase, and a net transfer out of \$10.8 million. There was also a \$100 thousand inflow of other financing sources from sale of assets.
- Construction in progress decreased by \$25 million because of completion of the Law and Justice Center, flood control projects, landfill improvements and the Kingman library expansion.
- The total pension liability increased by \$19.6 million from the prior year, primarily due to actuarial valuation changes. The liability includes five different pension plans discussed in detail in the notes to the financial statements.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The intent of the discussion and analysis is to serve as an introduction to Mohave County's basic financial statements. Mohave County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Mohave County's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of Mohave County's assets, liabilities, deferred outflows and deferred inflows with the difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Mohave County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenue and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Mohave County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of Mohave County include general government, public safety, highways and streets, health and welfare, sanitation, culture and recreation, and education. The business-type activities of Mohave County include water utilities, recreation, and landfill operations.

The government-wide financial statements not only include Mohave County itself (the primary government) but also the legally separate Library District, Flood Control District, Television District and other County governed district(s). These districts function for all practical purposes as departments of the County, and therefore have been included as an integral part of the County. The Mohave County Television District provides and maintains communication equipment for TV signals. The Library District provides and maintains library services for County residents. The Flood Control District provides for flood control infrastructure throughout the County. And the Holiday Shores Lighting District provides street lighting for the Holiday Shores area of Bullhead City. Financial information for these blended component units is combined with the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

**Fund financial statements** are groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Mohave County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Mohave County can be divided into three categories: *governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds*.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Mohave County maintains numerous individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Road Fund, Flood Control Fund, County Capital Improvement Fund and American Rescue Plan Act Fund all of which are major governmental funds. Data from the other non-major governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation, under the heading Other Governmental Funds.

Mohave County adopts an annual appropriated budget for all its funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and the major special revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with their budgets.

**Proprietary funds** include two different types of funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Mohave County uses enterprise funds to account for its water utilities, park services, and landfill operations. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among Mohave County's various functions. Mohave County uses internal service funds to account for its fleet of vehicles, employee benefit health insurance trust, self-insurance trust, janitorial services, communication services, and management information systems. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary funds financial statements provide separate information for the water utilities, park services and the landfill operations, which are major funds of Mohave County. The internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary funds' financial statements.

**Fiduciary funds** account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support Mohave County's own programs.

**Notes to the financial statements** provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Required supplementary information** includes budgetary comparison schedules and Mohave County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other postemployment benefits to eligible employees.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At the close of the most recent fiscal year, the County's assets and deferred outflow of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflow of resources by \$331.8 million, \$21.6 million higher than the prior year.

The largest portion of Mohave County's net position, 85 percent, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment) less accumulated depreciation. Mohave County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; thus, these assets are not available for future spending. The remaining 15 percent of net position is divided into restricted and unrestricted net position. Restricted net position represents resources subject to external restrictions on how the resources may be used. At the end of the fiscal year, unrestricted net position was negative in governmental activities primarily due to the County's net pension and other postemployment benefits liability. The largest change in the net position occurred in the governmental activities. The business-type activities accounted for a small percent of the changes in the Government-wide net position. The changes are discussed separately under the following sections: Governmental activities-net position highlights,

Business-type activities-net position highlights, and Capital Assets and Debt Administration.

The explanations for the differences between the fund-based statements and the government-wide statements can be seen in the reconciliations on pages 32 and 34 of the financial statements.

Current and other assets experienced an increase of \$33.6 million from of an increase in cash and investments attributable to a \$10 million increase in program revenue primarily in operating grants and contributions; \$5 million increase in general revenue; and \$20 million in ARPA funding that was received but remained unspent at year-end; and offset mainly by a decrease in receivables.

The \$21.6 million increase in other liabilities is primarily due to ARPA funds remaining unspent at year-end.

The government-wide restricted net position decreased from the prior year by \$ 8.4 million. This decrease reflects amounts the County expended from the Federal government for the CARES Act stimulus award and a federal emergency rental assistance program grant award.

The government-wide unrestricted net position reflects a decrease of \$17 million in the negative net position. The negative fund balance is the result of adding the pension liability and related accounts. This reduction has two sources; current year pension adjustments and increased unrestricted revenues.

The increase of 3.5 percent or \$9.8 million in the net investment in capital assets can be attributed to the completion of the Law and Justice Center, the Kingman library expansion, landfill improvements, and Golden Valley Improvement District standpipe project.

#### Government-wide Net Position As of June 30,

		As Restated	Increase	%
	2021	2020	(Decrease)	Change
Current assets and other assets	\$ 202,628,858	\$163,839,337	\$ 38,789,521	23.68%
Capital assets	284,260,617	273,755,048	10,505,569	3.84%
Net pension and other postemployment				
benefits asset	1,911,246	1,826,548	84,698	4.64%
Total assets	488,800,721	439,420,933	49,379,788	11.24%
Deferred outflows related to pensions				
and other postemployment benefits	28,745,969	18,589,986	10,155,983	54.63%
Long-term liabilities outstanding	149,368,778	128,931,473	20,437,305	15.85%
Other liabilities	 34,426,757	10,885,235	23,541,522	216.27%
Total liabilities	183,795,535	139,816,708	43,978,827	31.45%
Deferred inflows related to pensions				
and other postemployment benefits	1,920,737	7,957,136	(6,036,399)	-75.86%
Net position:				
•	202 526 705	272 755 040	0.774.057	2 570/
Net investment in capital assets	283,526,705	273,755,048	9,771,657	3.57%
Restricted	60,900,696	66,084,319	(5,183,623)	-7.84%
Unrestricted	 (12,596,983)	(29,602,292)	17,005,309	-57.45%
Total net position	\$ 331,830,418	\$310,237,075	\$ 21,593,343	6.96%

#### Governmental Activities Net Position As of June 30,

		2021	As Restated 2020	Increase (Decrease)	% Change
Current assets and other assets	\$	180,904,888	\$140,560,145	\$ 40,344,743	28.70%
Capital assets Net pension and other postemployment		264,729,047	255,144,675	9,584,372	3.76%
benefits asset		1,900,115	1,822,681	77,434	4.25%
Total assets		447,534,050	397,527,501	50,006,549	12.58%
Deferred outflows related to pensions and other postemployment benefits		28,159,012	18,320,323	9,838,689	53.70%
Long-term liabilities outstanding		136,548,537	117,149,172	19,399,365	16.56%
Other liabilities		33,544,164	9,113,661	24,430,503	268.06%
Total liabilities		170,092,701	126,262,833	43,829,868	34.71%
Deferred inflows related to pensions and other postemployment benefits		1,877,506	7,775,379	(5,897,873)	-75.85%
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets		263,995,135	255,144,675	8,850,460	3.47%
Restricted		52,402,916	56,827,859	(4,424,943)	-7.79%
Unrestricted		(12,675,196)	(30,162,922)	17,487,726	-57.98%
Total net position	\$	303,722,855	\$281,809,612	\$ 21,913,243	7.78%

Governmental activities—net position highlights Cash balances increased by \$40 million. More than half of that balance was due to unspent grant revenue, mostly ARPA and COVID related. The balance was due to a booming state economy that produced increased charges for services revenue, sales tax revenue and other intergovernmental state shared revenue. Expenses increased, but only at 18% of that of revenues. Long-term liabilities: As a result of an actuarial valuation of the total pension liability performed as of June 30, 2021 and measurement date of June 30, 2020, deferred outflows related to pensions increased by \$9.8 million and deferred inflows of resources decreased by \$5.9 million. The pension liability increased by \$18.9 million, accounting for the largest portion of the increase in long-term liabilities. Capital leases and compensated absences accounted for the remaining increase in long-term liabilities outstanding. No large new debt was incurred and with payments on the remaining long-term liabilities, the total increase was \$19.4 million or 16.56 percent from the prior year. Other liabilities had a net increase of \$24.4 million due to the \$20.6 increase in unearned revenue for ARPA award and \$3.9 in unearned revenue for ERAP award and other grants, offset by decreases in deposits held for others and accounts payable. Decreases in accounts payable and in the deposits held for others reflect timing differences in payments from one year to the next. The reason for the decrease in negative unrestricted net position is the same as government-wide.

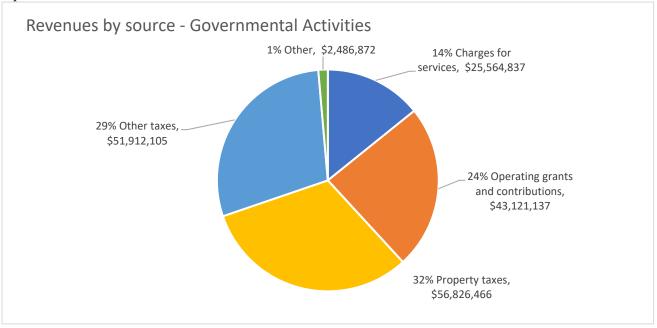
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### Governmental Activities Comparative Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30,

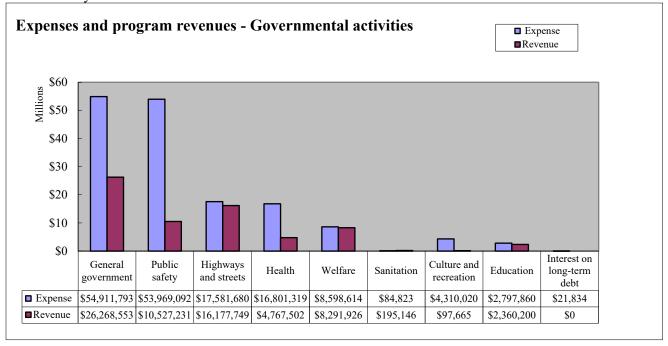
	As Restated		Δ	s Restated		Increase	%
		2021	2020		(Decrease)		Change
Revenues:							
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$	25,564,837	\$	22,368,412	\$	3,196,425	14.29%
Operating grants and contributions		43,121,137		36,803,389		6,317,748	17.17%
Total program revenues		68,685,974		59,171,801		9,514,173	16.08%
General revenues							
Property taxes		56,826,466		53,328,407		3,498,059	6.56%
Other taxes		51,912,105		47,804,926		4,107,179	8.59%
Other revenues		2,486,872		5,092,070		(2,605,198)	-51.16%
Total general revenues		111,225,443	_	106,225,403		5,000,040	4.71%
Total revenues		179,911,417	_	165,397,204		14,514,213	8.78%
Expenses:							
General government		54,911,793		58,353,487		(3,441,694)	-5.90%
Public safety		53,969,092		44,594,368		9,374,724	21.02%
Highways and streets		17,581,680		12,350,952		5,230,728	42.35%
Health		16,801,319		16,582,460		218,859	1.32%
Welfare		8,598,614		5,086,151		3,512,463	69.06%
Sanitation		84,823		46,358		38,465	82.97%
Culture and recreation		4,310,020		5,957,236		(1,647,216)	-27.65%
Education		2,797,860		2,636,480		161,380	6.12%
Interest on long-term debt		21,834	_	34,881		(13,047)	-37.40%
Total expenses		159,077,035	_	145,642,373		13,434,662	9.22%
Inc. (Dec.) in net position before transfers		20,834,382		19,754,831		1,079,551	5.46%
Transfers		1,078,861	_	225,899		852,962	377.59%
Inc. (Dec.) in net position after transfers		21,913,243		19,980,730		1,932,513	9.67%
Net position beginning of year		281,809,612	_	261,828,882		19,980,730	7.63%
Net position end of year	\$	303,722,855	\$	281,809,612	\$	21,913,243	7.78%

Governmental activities—comparative statement of activities highlights: The current year governmental activities financial statements reflect an increase in total general revenue and program revenue. The largest increase in program revenue was in operating grants and contributions mostly attributable to increased Federal awards for emergency rental assistance affiliated with Covid-19 and an increase in highway user funds. The largest increase in general revenue was due to increased collections of delinquent property tax through the tax deed sale process, and other tax receipts. Other revenue decreased by 51 percent primarily due to a \$3 million decrease in investment earnings from lower interest rates offset by an increase in miscellaneous revenue. Expenses increased 9 percent and while general government expenses decreased slightly, public safety expenses increased 21 percent accounting for a full year of prior year retention adjustments combined with a 2.5 percent increase in compensation provided to all eligible employees, and an increase in the number of public safety officers. These increases were offset somewhat by vacancy savings. Additions of pension activity and capital asset activity are also reflected in public safety and highways and streets. The increase in the welfare category corresponds with the increase in emergency rental assistance grants. The increase in sanitation reflects additional efforts in nuisance abatement. Mohave County does not have any capital project related long-term debt and the interest noted is attributable to computer and copy machine leases. The transfer in the current year reflects transfers to the General Fund from the Landfill Fund. Other increases are discussed later in a detailed discussion of the General Fund.

The chart below represents all revenues collected from governmental activities, including general revenues, as reported in the Statement of Activities.



The following graph represents the expenses and program revenue for governmental activities reported in the *Statement of Activities*. Program revenue does not include the general revenue listed on the bottom portion of the *Statement of Activities*. Total revenue generated by governmental activities (program revenue and general revenue) were \$183.5 million. General revenue of \$111.2 million are not included in this graph, though they represent 61 percent of total revenue reported for governmental activities. While this graph indicates expenses exceeded program revenue, the addition of general revenue resulted in an increase to net position of \$25.5 million for the fiscal year.



### Business-type Activities Net Position As of June 30,

					Increase	%
	2021	2020		(E	Decrease)	Change
Current assets and other assets	\$ 21,723,970	\$ 23,279,1	92	\$	(1,555,222)	-6.68%
Capital assets	19,531,570	18,610,3	73		921,197	4.95%
Net pension and other postemployment						
benefits asset	11,131	3,8	67		7,264	187.85%
Total assets	41,266,671	41,893,4	32		(626,761)	-1.50%
Deferred outflows related to pensions						
and other postemployment benefits	586,957	269,6	63		317,294	117.66%
Long-term liabilities outstanding	12,820,241	11,782,3			1,037,940	8.81%
Other liabilities	 882,593	1,771,5	74		(888,981)	-50.18%
Total liabilities	13,702,834	13,553,8	75		148,959	1.10%
Deferred inflows related to pensions						
and other postemployment benefits	43,231	181,7	57		(138, 526)	-76.21%
,						
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	19,531,570	18,610,3	73		921,197	4.95%
Restricted	8,497,780	9,256,4	60		(758,680)	-8.20%
Unrestricted	78,213	560,6			(482,417)	-86.05%
Total net position	\$ 28,107,563	\$ 28,427,4		\$	(319,900)	-1.13%
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Business-type activities—net position highlights: Deferred outflows related to pensions and deferred inflows related to pensions should be netted together for net of \$543 thousand. This is a \$456 thousand deferred outflow increase or 519 percent net increase from the prior year in net deferred inflows and outflows and represents County contributions to the pension plan for employees in the business-type funds. Long-term liabilities increased \$1 million for two primary reasons 1) \$300 thousand increase in landfill closure and post-closure costs that provide for estimated future closure costs of the Cerbat and Mohave Valley landfills; and 2) \$700 thousand increase in net pension and other postemployment benefits liability. Other liabilities decreased \$889 thousand as a result of a decrease in accounts payable claims. The decline in restricted net position was primarily due to an increase in net investment in capital assets in the landfill, water utilities, and other enterprise funds. A decrease of \$482 thousand in unrestricted net position is attributable to pension adjustments and increase in capital asset investment in the Parks Fund.

#### Business-type Activities Comparative Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30,

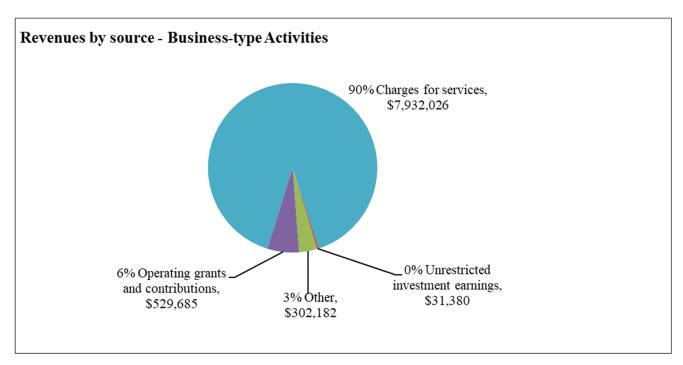
					Increase	%	
		2021	2020	(Decrease)		Change	
Revenues:					_		
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$	7,932,026	\$ 7,788,204	\$	143,822	1.85%	
Operating grants and contributions		529,685	466,974		62,711	13.43%	
Total program revenues		8,461,711	8,255,178		206,533	2.50%	
General revenues							
Other revenues		302,182	118,731		183,451	154.51%	
Unrestricted investment earnings		31,380	600,016		(568,636)	-94.77%	
Total general revenues		333,562	718,747		(385,185)	-53.59%	
Total revenues		8,795,273	8,973,925		(178,652)	-2.03%	
Expenses:		_			_		
Landfill		1,932,772	2,093,886		(161,114)	-7.69%	
Recreation		2,934,907	2,510,042		424,865	16.93%	
Water companies		3,168,633	2,410,833		757,800	31.43%	
Total expenses		8,036,312	7,014,761		1,021,551	14.56%	
Increase in net position before transfers		758,961	1,959,164		(1,200,203)	-61.26%	
Transfers		(1,078,861)	(225,899)		(852,962)	-377.59%	
Inc. (Dec.) in net position after transfers		(319,900)	1,733,265		(2,053,165)	-118.46%	
Net position beginning of year		28,427,463	26,694,198		1,733,265	6.49%	
Net position end of year	\$	28,107,563	\$ 28,427,463	\$	(319,900)	-1.13%	

Business-type activities—comparative statement of activities highlights: Analysis of revenue and expense changes— The *Business-type activities comparative statement of activities* schedule above shows a 2 percent decrease in total revenue for the year and nearly a 15 percent increase in total expenses.

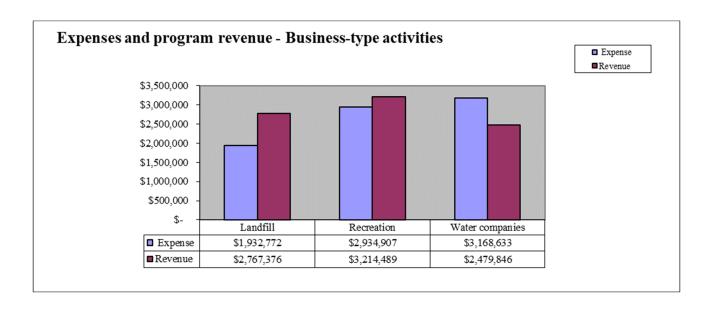
Charges for services increased in the landfill and water companies and was offset by slight decreases in the parks and other enterprise funds resulting in 2 percent increase overall. Operating grants and contributions increased mainly due to growth in State monies distributed to counties for operation of waste tire collection sites. Total general revenue experienced a net decrease of \$385 thousand resulting from a \$569 thousand decrease in investment earnings, due to a decline in funds invested and low interest rates, that was offset by a \$183 thousand increase in miscellaneous revenue, mainly from a contractual related water utilities payment.

The net increase in expenses is a result of increases in recreation due to the need for additional personnel arising from an influx in visitors to the area combined with an increase in supply costs; the water companies expenses reflect an increase in personnel services, supply costs, professional services and repair and maintenance. The increases were offset slightly by a decrease in landfill expenses primarily in professional services. Transfers out increased by \$853 thousand due to a transfer from the Landfill Fund to the General Fund.

The chart below represents all revenues collected from business-type activities, including general revenues, as reported in the Statement of Activities.



The graph below represents the expenses and program revenues for business-type activities as reported in the Statement of Activities. Please note that program revenue does not include the general revenues on the bottom portion of the statement.



#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

Mohave County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements and generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Governmental funds—The focus of Mohave County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable sources. Such information is useful in assessing Mohave County's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Mohave County's governmental funds reported a combined increase in ending fund balances from the prior year. Fund balances for the Road Fund, Flood Control Fund, County and Capital Improvement Fund are nonspendable, restricted, or committed and can only be used for specific purposes. The Other Governmental Funds have all the same types of fund balances listed above, and in addition, have unrestricted fund balances. The American Rescue Plan Act Fund has only unrestricted fund balances, per the Federal grant guidelines. This is a new Federal grant. The first installment was received at end of the current year and this, and future funding, must be obligated by December 31, 2024 and spent by December 31, 2025. The performance period is March 2021 to December 2025.

#### Comparative Balance Sheet Governmental Funds As of June 30,

	General Fund	Road Fund	Flood Control Fund		unty Capital nprovement Fund	Res	merican scue Plan ct Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
2020, as restated											
Assets	\$51,124,562	\$ 17,737,849	\$ 9,413,983	S	10,545,195		-	\$	27,398,418	S	116,220,007
Liabilities	3,551,770	801,467	769,716		1,566,511		-		2,238,969		8,928,433
Deferred inflows	2,157,613		659,278				-		879,399	_	3,696,290
Fund balance	45,415,179	16,936,382	7,984,989		8,978,684		-		24,280,050		103,595,284
2021											
Assets	61,563,016	19,108,733	8,563,717		12,845,528	\$ 20	,690,323		33,797,870		156,569,187
Liabilities	3,857,425	2,049,976	114,090		134,031	20	,606,836		6,228,472		32,990,830
Deferred inflows	1,818,820	75,554	465,406		-				1,166,288		3,526,068
Fund balance	55,886,771	16,983,203	7,984,221		12,711,497		83,487		26,403,110		120,052,289
Increase (decrease)											
Assets	10,438,454	1,370,884	(850,266)		2,300,333	20	,690,323		6,399,452		40,349,180
Liabilities	305,655	1,248,509	(655,626)		(1,432,480)	20	,606,836		3,989,503		24,062,397
Deferred inflows	(338,793)	75,554	(193,872)		-		_		286,889		(170,222)
Fund balance	\$10,471,592	\$ 46,821	\$ (768)	\$	3,732,813	S	83,487	\$	2,123,060	S	16,457,005
% change											
Assets	20.42%	7.73%	-9.03%		21.81%		100%		23.36%		34.72%
Liabilities	8.61%	155.78%	-85.18%		-191%		100%		178.18%		269.50%
Deferred inflows	-15.70%	-	-29.41%		-		-		32.62%		-4.61%
Fund balance	23.06%	0.28%	-0.01%		41.57%		_		8.74%		15.89%

Significant changes reflected in the schedule above will follow:

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Mohave County. At the end of the fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$55.9 million. As a measure of liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total expenditures. The unassigned balance is 63 percent of expenditures. Almost \$9 million serves as the General Fund contingency and more than \$16 million is being considered for projects and future public safety needs. The deferred inflows represent deferred property tax collections and deferred intergovernmental income in 2021. The \$8.6 million increase in assets is due primarily to the net of increased cash of \$12.7 million in revenue growth and a \$3.6 million decrease in monies due from other governments as well as a decrease in property tax receivables. The liabilities decreased by \$1.5 million due to a \$2 million decrease in deposits held for others offset by increases in accounts payable and accrued payroll and employee benefits.

The Road Fund's fund balance is restricted for road maintenance and other approved highway user funds projects with the exception of amounts tied up in inventories and prepaid expenses, designated as nonspendable. The current year road project expenses slightly exceeded current year road revenue but was offset by sale of retired capital assets. The \$1 million increase in liabilities is a timing difference in payments of routine road department expenses and due to this timing difference, there was a corresponding increase in cash and assets. Total fund balances remained the same at \$16.9 million.

The Flood Control Fund total fund balance remained \$7.9 million in 2021. Assets decreased by \$850 thousand due to decreases in cash and property taxes receivable. The 85 percent decrease in liabilities was due to a reduction in accounts payable obligations.

The County Capital Improvement Fund received a \$10.5 million transfer from the General fund resulting in an overall increase in cash assets and fund balance from the prior year. There was a \$1.4 million decrease in accounts payable due with final construction payments for the Law and Justice Center made prior to the end of the fiscal year. The remaining \$12.7 million fund balance is committed for capital projects such as a Legal Services Center, Kingman Animal Shelter, a court remodel project and Sheriff substation projects.

The American Rescue Plan Act Fund was established as a major fund due to the \$20.6 million receipt in relief funding related to the pandemic. The funding was received in advance and accounts for the unearned revenue liability.

The Other Governmental Fund assets increased nearly \$6.3 million due to growth in grant revenue. The increase in liabilities reflects unearned revenue from grants received and not spent by year-end.

### Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30,

	General Fund		Road Fund	C	Flood Control Fund		unty Capital aprovement Fund	Re	merican scue Plan ct Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
2020, as restated													
Revenues	\$ 96,683,521	S	18,402,497		3,773,015	\$	4,791,631		-		32,162,614		160,813,278
Expenditures	85,825,096		17,559,617	10	),771,150		14,134,339		-		33,254,621		161,544,823
Other financing sources (uses)	(292,450)		10,374		(601 145)						1.061.635		170 414
Net change in	(292,430)	_	10,374		(601,145)	_				_	1,001,033	_	178,414
fund balance	10,565,975		853,254	(2	2,599,280)		(9,342,708)		_		(30,372)		(553,131)
			_										_
2021													
Revenues	109,427,372		20,593,717		,024,292		202,707	S	83,487		35,935,093		175,266,668
Expenditures	88,246,256		20,609,511	8	3,332,732		6,969,894		-		35,756,174		159,914,567
Other financing													
sources (uses)	(10,709,524)	_	19,292		(666,856)		10,500,000			_	1,944,141		1,087,053
Net change in	6 10 171 500		2 407		24.705		2 722 012		02.407		2 122 000		16 120 151
fund balance	\$10,471,592	\$	3,497	\$	24,705	_\$	3,732,813	\$	83,487	\$	2,123,060	2	16,439,154
Increase (decrease)													
Revenues	12,743,851		2,191,220		251,277		(4,588,924)		83,487		3,772,479		14,453,390
Expenditures	2,421,160		3,049,894	(2	2,438,418)		(7,164,445)		-		2,501,553		(1,630,256)
Other financing													
sources (uses)	(10,417,074)		8,918		(65,711)		10,500,000		-		882,506		908,639
04 -1													
% change Revenues	13.18%		11.91%		2.86%		-95.77%		100.00%		11.73%		8.99%
Expenditures	2.82%		17.37%		-22.64%		-50.69%		0.00%		7.52%		-1.01%
Other financing	2.02/0		17.5770		-22.07/0		-30.0376		0.0076		1.32/0		-1.01/0
sources (uses)	3562.00%		85.96%		10.93%		100.00%		0.00%		83.13%		509.29%

Significant changes reflected in the schedule above will be discussed here, with the exception of the General Fund, which will be discussed separately under the heading General Fund budgetary highlights:

#### Governmental revenues and expenditures:

**The Road Fund** experienced a 12 percent increase in intergovernmental revenue, and a 17 percent increase in expenditures. The expenditure increase was primarily a result of increases in capital expenditures for road machinery and motor vehicle purchases, and an increase in road repair materials and supplies.

**Flood Control Fund** decrease in expenses is due to a timing difference of remitting a revenue sharing payment to Lake Havasu City during the prior year. The prior fiscal year included 2 revenue sharing payments representing 2019 and 2020. Fiscal year 2021 reflects only the current year remittance resulting in the variance decrease.

County Capital Improvement Fund revenue decreased \$4.6 million due to sunsetting of the quarter cent sales tax midyear 2020, and a decrease in investment earnings. Expenditures included \$7 million for completion of the Law and Justice Center, compared with more than \$14.1 million spent on the project the prior year. Other financing sources increased \$10.5 million (100 percent) noted as a transfer from the General Fund for additional projects including a Legal Services Center, Kingman Animal Shelter, a court remodel project and Sheriff substation projects.

The Other Governmental Funds revenue increased \$4 million in 2021. Most of the increase was due to increased grants, for COVID 19. The balance of the increase was of a variety of onetime revenues, such as auction proceeds and donations, offset by decreases in investment earnings. The investment earnings were down due to a lower ratio of investments to cash, as well as, a decrease in the unrealized market adjustment. The other governmental funds \$2.5 million increase in expense reflects a timing difference in spending the prior year's revenue, which included COVID-19 grants received late in the year and Antiracketeering money, as well as, salary increases which included a 2.5 percent market adjustment.

#### **Proprietary funds**

Reports for Mohave County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

**Statement of Net Position—Business-type Activities**— Net position for the enterprise funds decreased 1 percent or \$320 thousand compared to the prior year. The Parks Fund reported a \$312 thousand increase in net position and all other funds reflected a decrease in net position. The decreases in the Landfill fund and G.V.I.D were the result of depreciation and operating transfers out to other funds. The decrease in the Other enterprise funds was from depreciation.

Statement of Net Position—Governmental Activities-Internal Service Funds— Net position for the internal service funds increased by \$61 thousand over the prior year. A 14 percent or \$757 thousand increase in capital assets was due to vehicle replacements. The current liabilities increased \$810 thousand due to increases in accounts payable, capital leases payable, and claims and judgements payable. Noncurrent liabilities also increased \$691 thousand, or 20 percent, primarily due to net pension and other postemployment liabilities.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position—Business-type Activities— The only difference between this statement and the *Statement of Activities-Business type*, discussed previously, is the presentation. The expenses are more detailed on this statement and the revenues are shown as operating or non-operating. Total operating expense increased \$1 million or 15 percent and reflects an increase in the Landfill Fund repairs and maintenance for operation of the Mohave Valley gas remediation system and increases in the Water Utilities Funds for professional services and repairs and maintenance for water system repairs. Investment earnings were down \$569 thousand or 95 percent across all enterprise funds.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position—Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds- The income before transfers increased from the prior year by 5 percent. Total operating expense rose by \$2.9 million or 13 percent and reflects increases in personnel services, professional services, insurance claims, and depreciation expense. The majority of the increase in expenses were from an increase in medical insurance claims.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

#### Variances between Original Budget and Final Revised Budget

**Revenues**: There were no significant changes between the original and revised budget. The largest variance was a result of a net increase of \$109 thousand from unbudgeted contributions.

**Expenditures**: Differences between the original and revised budget resulted primarily from slight variances in line items throughout the year. There was an overall budget increase of \$94 thousand allowing for expenditure from unbudgeted contributions. Budgeted expenditures increased \$8.5 million compared to 2020, to account for additional personnel and grant related expenditures.

#### Variances between Final Revised Budget and Actual Revenues or Expenditures

Revenues: Growth was seen in most areas with the exception of investment earnings and fines and forfeits. General Fund revenue was greater than the amount budgeted by \$4.7 million, or 3.9 percent. State shared sales tax revenue was \$6.9 million more than the budget and auto in-lieu tax was higher by \$1.9 million. Charges for services were up \$1.6 million primarily from Recorder and Treasurer fees sourced to increased real estate activity throughout the County. The County experienced an influx of new residents and visitors to the area resulting in new construction and an expanding real estate market. There were a few exceptions to revenue increases. One exception was reduced contract billing affiliated with the Adult Detention Center. Another exception was a reduction in fines and forfeiture revenue caused by delays in Court proceedings as a result of Covid-19 restrictions. Investment earnings were down due to changes in the investment market, lower returns and a negative unrealized market adjustment.

**Expenditures**: Actual expenditures were less than budgeted by \$17.5 million primarily because the County did not need to spend contingency funds that are annually reserved for unknown or unanticipated events combined with supply chain issues. Of that amount, \$1.7 million was invested in public safety expenditures, \$0.9 million was budgeted in general administration for potential outflows, and \$8.7 million was unused contingency. The other \$6.2 million was spread throughout other general fund departments. The *Discussion and Analysis of Governmental Activities* provides a comparison of actual expenditures between fiscal year 2020 and 2021 on a government-wide basis. Similar to other agencies, the County also experienced challenges retaining and recruiting qualified employees; and while taking strides to become more competitive, many positions remained vacant resulting in unspent salary budgets in most departments.

Actual expenditures increased from the prior year by \$2.4 million primarily for compensation with public safety costs accounting for \$1.3 million. General governmental expenditures increased by \$1.2 million and participation in Arizona Health Cost Containment System costs decreased \$175 thousand as a result of Federal relief funds passed through the State to the County.

**Transfers:** Operating transfers to other funds were \$13.5 million this year, a \$6.3 million increase over the prior year. This includes \$10.5 million transferred to the Capital Projects Fund to complete ongoing capital projects.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

Capital assets— Mohave County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2021, is \$284 million net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, water systems, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. Capital assets not being depreciated in the governmental activities decreased due to completion of the construction of the Law and Justice Center and completion of the Kingman Library expansion construction project. The business-type activities capital assets not being depreciated decreased due to completion of landfill improvements, various flood control projects and a water utilities standpipe project. These reductions resulted in corresponding increases in capital assets being depreciated. Total capital assets being depreciated increased by \$34.8 million. There were increases in both Governmental activities and Business-type activities. See the table below:

### Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation As of June 30,

			Increase	%
	2021	2020	(Decrease)	Change
Governmental activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 30,172,430	\$ 53,202,446	\$(23,030,016)	-43.29%
Capital assets, being depreciated	234,556,617	201,942,229	32,614,388	16.15%
Total governmental capital assets	264,729,047	255,144,675	9,584,372	3.76%
Business-type activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated	2,195,145	3,539,431	(1,344,286)	-37.98%
Capital assets, being depreciated	17,336,425	15,070,942	2,265,483	15.03%
Total business-type capital assets	19,531,570	18,610,373	921,197	4.95%
Total governmental and business-type activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated	32,367,575	56,741,877	(24,374,302)	-42.96%
Capital assets, being depreciated	251,893,042	217,013,171	34,879,871	16.07%
Total capital assets	\$ 284,260,617	\$ 273,755,048	\$ 10,505,569	3.84%

#### Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The County expended \$3.3 million to replace 74 aged fleet vehicles with 33 sourced from the Vehicle Use Fund, 27 from the Road Fund, 7 from business-type funds, and 7 from other governmental funds.
- The Road fund purchased 21 pieces of heavy equipment totaling \$2.4 million including 1 loader, 1 tractor truck, 4 dump trucks, 3 water trucks, 1 service truck, 1 equipment rack, 4 road brooms, 2 crack sealers, 3 belly dump trailers, 1 roller.
- Landfill projects totaled \$1.7 million.
- Final construction expenditures for the Law and Justice Center totaled \$7.7 million this fiscal year.
- Final construction work on the Kingman Library expansion project totaled \$2 million this fiscal year.
- The Bison channel construction totaled \$1.5 million.
- The Park fund spent \$760 thousand on improvements to Davis Camp and Hualapai Mountain Park.
- Donated roads to the County were valued at \$1 million.
- Road improvements on Apache and Vanderslice roads totaled \$1.3 million.
- Improvements to water infrastructure wells 3 and 8 totaled \$527 thousand.

**Long-term liabilities**— At the end of the fiscal year, Mohave County had total long-term liabilities outstanding of \$149 million. Mohave County's long-term liabilities are comprised of actuarial calculated net pension and other postemployment benefits liabilities, claims and judgments payable, estimated landfill closure and post closure care costs, capital leases payable, and liabilities for compensated absences. The major change in liabilities was a combined increase of \$19.6 million in pension liabilities in the governmental and business-type activities arising from actuarial valuation changes.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 6 percent of its total secondary assessed valuation without taxpayer approval, and up to 15 percent with the approval of a majority of taxpayers. The debt limitation for Mohave County for fiscal year 2021 was \$120.6 million (6 percent of \$2.01 billion secondary assessed value). Mohave County does not have any outstanding general obligation debt and does not have forecasted plans to issue any. Note 9 contains additional information on Mohave County's long-term liabilities.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

Population in Mohave County and Arizona continues to grow at a modest rate and is projected to grow steadily over the next several years. Arizona's job creation and population rate have grown at a faster rate than the nation and many other states and the economic benefit of this modest growth is projected to continue through the next few years (U.S. Census Bureau, U.S. Joint Economic Committee). Property market values have risen in Arizona and Mohave County. Effective in fiscal year 2016, and going forward, growth in net assessed valuations for property tax purposes is restricted on most property types to the lesser of the full cash value or 5 percent.

The average unemployment rate for Mohave County in 2021 was 8.0 percent, a decrease of 0.17 percent from the prior year average. At June 30, the unemployment rate was 6.1 percent, 1.6 percent higher than the State's 4.5 percent rate at June 30. Mohave County economic activity continues to remain strong and is moving in a positive trajectory with robust new investment in the area allowing the County to remain on track in recovery from the effects of the pandemic.

Each year during the budget planning process, the Financial Services Department evaluates the U.S. and Arizona coincident index and other economic indicators along with reviewing economic momentum information and State estimates provided by the office of the Arizona Joint Legislative Budget Committee, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and other sources. Also, considered in overall budget development are the status of the U.S. federal budget and anticipated changes, State budget impacts, and local economic conditions specific to Mohave County such as net assessed property valuations and changes from prior years, local community sales tax revenue and year-over-year changes, local employment, tourism, fuel sales, building permit data and other types of information. In summary, all of these factors were considered in preparing and developing Mohave County's budget for the 2022 fiscal year.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Mohave County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Mohave County Finance PO Box 7000 Kingman, AZ 86402-7000

### BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



#### MOHAVE COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	Primary Government						
		Governmental	]	Business-Type			
		Activities		Activities		Total	
ASSETS:							
Cash and investments	\$	163,745,093	\$	20,358,141	\$	184,103,234	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):							
Property taxes		3,025,808		-		3,025,808	
Accounts		1,262,809		425,380		1,688,189	
Accrued interest		18,240		2,721		20,961	
Due from other governments		10,384,205		137,975		10,522,180	
Inventory		385,188		126,881		512,069	
Prepaid items		461,378		12,759		474,137	
Cash and investments held by trustee		669,861		-		669,861	
Restricted cash		-		668,428		668,428	
Internal balances		8,315		(8,315)		-	
Restricted assets – HUD properties		943,991		-		943,991	
Capital assets, not being depreciated		30,172,430		2,195,145		32,367,575	
Capital assets, being depreciated, net		234,556,617		17,336,425		251,893,042	
Net pension and other postemployment benefits asset		1,900,115		11,131		1,911,246	
Total assets		447,534,050		41,266,671		488,800,721	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Deferred outflows related to pensions and other postemployment							
benefits		28,159,012		586,957		28,745,969	
Total deferred outflows of resources		28,159,012		586,957		28,745,969	
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts payable		4,601,897		529,047		5,130,944	
Accrued payroll and employee benefits		2,627,631		89,539		2,717,170	
Due to other governments		708,623		6,568		725,191	
Deposits held for others		866,184		112,571		978,755	
Unearned revenue		24,729,830		144,868		24,874,698	
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Due within one year		8,446,031		117,108		8,563,139	
Due in more than one year		128,102,505		12,703,133		140,805,638	
Total liabilities		170,092,701		13,702,834		183,795,535	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Deferred inflows related to pensions and other postemployment							
benefits		1,877,506		43,231		1,920,737	
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,877,506		43,231		1,920,737	
NET POSITION:							
Net investment in capital assets		263,995,135		19,531,570		283,526,705	
Restricted for:							
General government		7,972,391		-		7,972,391	
Public safety		12,812,039		-		12,812,039	
Highways and streets		16,859,564		-		16,859,564	
Health		2,693,051		-		2,693,051	
Welfare		2,543,406		-		2,543,406	
Sanitation		413,659		7,829,352		8,243,011	
Culture and recreation		7,071,202		-		7,071,202	
Education		634,218		-		634,218	
Capital projects		-		668,428		668,428	
Other systemeses		1 402 207				1 402 206	
Other purposes		1,403,386		70 212		1,403,386	
Unrestricted (deficit)	•	(12,675,196) 303,722,855	•	78,213 28,107,563	¢	(12,596,983)	
Total net position	D	303,722,833	<u>\$</u>	20,107,303	\$	331,830,418	

#### MOHAVE COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions			
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 54,911,793	\$	19,305,752	\$	6,962,801		
Public safety	53,969,092		3,900,649		6,626,583		
Highways and streets	17,581,680		141,958		16,035,791		
Health	16,801,319		1,613,290		3,154,212		
Welfare	8,598,614		301,236		7,990,691		
Sanitation	84,823		195,146		-		
Culture and recreation	4,310,020		22,251		75,414		
Education	2,797,860		84,555		2,275,645		
Interest on long-term debt	 21,834				-		
Total governmental activities	 159,077,035		25,564,837		43,121,137		
Business-Type activities:							
Landfill	1,932,772		2,237,691		529,685		
Recreation	2,934,907		3,214,489		-		
Water companies	 3,168,633		2,479,846				
Total business-type activities	 8,036,312		7,932,026		529,685		
Total primary government	\$ 167,113,347	\$	33,496,863	\$	43,650,822		

#### General revenues:

#### Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for flood control Property taxes, levied for debt service Share of state sales taxes Special county sales tax for capital projects Shared revenue – state vehicle license tax Federal in-lieu tax Local in-lieu tax Utilities franchise tax Misc. State revenue County equalization revenue Investment earnings Miscellaneous Rent Gain (loss) on sale / trade of capital assets

Transfers Total general revenues Change in net position Net position, July 1, 2020, as restated Net position, June 30, 2021

#### MOHAVE COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONCLUDED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Changes in Net Position				
Primary Government				
(	Governmental	Business-Type		
Activities		Activities	Total	
	Activities	Activities		Total
\$	(28,643,240)	-	\$	(28,643,240)
	(43,441,860)	-		(43,441,860)
	(1,403,931)	-		(1,403,931)
	(12,033,817)	=		(12,033,817)
	(306,687)	-		(306,687)
	110,323	-		110,323
	(4,212,355)	-		(4,212,355)
	(437,660)	-		(437,660)
	(21,834)			(21,834)
-	(90,391,061)			(90,391,061)
	_	\$ 834,604		834,604
	_	279,582		279,582
	_	(688,787)		(688,787)
		425,399		425,399
	(90,391,061)	425,399		(89,965,662)
	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			(00 10 00 10 00 1
	47,879,922	-		47,879,922
	8,946,026	-		8,946,026
	518	-		518
	32,400,243	-		32,400,243
	47,869	-		47,869
	15,015,605	-		15,015,605
	3,863,220	100,000		3,963,220
	41,262	-		41,262
	543,906	-		543,906
	973,925	-		973,925
	174,408	21 200		174,408
	483,428 1,016,277	31,380 168,807		514,808 1,185,084
	409,354	100,007		409,354
	(570,520)	33,375		(537,145)
	1,078,861	(1,078,861)		(557,145)
_	112,304,304	(745,299)	_	111,559,005
	21,913,243	(319,900)		21,593,343
	281,809,612	28,427,463		310,237,075
\$	303,722,855	\$ 28,107,563	\$	331,830,418
Ψ	505,144,055	<u>v 20,107,303</u>	Ψ	JJ1,0J0, <del>1</del> 10



# MOHAVE COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

		General		Road		Flood Control		ounty Capital mprovement	Ar	nerican Rescue Plan Act	C	Other Sovernmental	(	Total Governmental
		Fund		Fund		Fund	11	Fund		Fund		Funds	•	Funds
ASSETS:														
Cash and investments	\$	53,196,730	\$	16,949,022	\$	7,856,832	\$	12,836,214	\$	20,690,323	\$	30,001,195	\$	141,530,316
Receivables: (net of allowances for uncollectibles):		, ,		, ,		, ,		, ,		, ,		, ,		, ,
Property taxes		2,036,317		-		571,800		-		-		417,691		3,025,808
Accounts		555,795		3,700		-		-		-		455,700		1,015,195
Accrued interest		6,654		2,284		1,500		1,724		-		3,559		15,721
Due from other governments		5,600,860		1,954,534		8,254		7,590		-		2,720,330		10,291,568
Due from other funds		127,650		-		8,341		-		-		95,193		231,184
Inventories		-		198,039		104,037		-		-		-		302,076
Prepaid items		39,010		1,154		12,953						104,202		157,319
Total assets	\$	61,563,016	\$	19,108,733	\$	8,563,717	\$	12,845,528	\$	20,690,323	\$	33,797,870	\$	156,569,187
Liabilities:														
Accounts payable	\$	1,384,513	\$	1,730,890	\$	69,260	\$	99,466		-	\$	666,325	\$	3,950,454
Accrued payroll and employee benefits		1,684,468		247,016		44,336		-		-		538,517		2,514,337
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-		-		718,623		718,623
Due to other funds		4,321		72,070		494		34,414		-		106,792		218,091
Deposits held for others		784,123		-		-		151		-		77,579		861,853
Unearned revenue				-						20,606,836		4,120,636		24,727,472
Total liabilities		3,857,425		2,049,976	_	114,090		134,031	_	20,606,836		6,228,472		32,990,830
Deferred inflows of resources:														
Unavailable revenue – property taxes		1,601,353		-		465,406		-		-		358,430		2,425,189
Unavailable revenue – intergovernmental		217,467		75,554				-		-		807,858		1,100,879
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,818,820		75,554		465,406						1,166,288		3,526,068
Fund balances:														
Nonspendable		39,010		199,193		116,990		-		-		104,202		459,395
Restricted		824		16,784,010		7,867,231		-		-		24,009,091		48,661,156
Committed		101,281		-		-		12,711,497		-		1,316,557		14,129,335
Unassigned		55,745,656								83,487		973,260		56,802,403
Total fund balances		55,886,771		16,983,203		7,984,221		12,711,497	_	83,487		26,403,110		120,052,289
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources	ф	(1.5(2.01)	ф	10 100 733	Φ	0.562.515	Φ	10.045.500	Φ	20 (00 222	Ф	<b>#22 707 67</b>	Φ	Φ156 560 10 <b>5</b>
and fund balances	2	61,563,016	<u> </u>	19,108,733	7	8,563,717	<u> </u>	12,845,528	<u>3</u>	20,690,323	<u>3</u>	\$33,797,870	\$	\$156,569,187

# MOHAVE COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

Fund balances – total governmental funds		\$	120,052,289
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital and restricted assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			259,462,010
Some receivables are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.			
Property taxes receivable Grant receivables	\$ 2,425,189 1,100,879		3,526,068
Long-term liabilities, such as net pension/OPEB liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as a liability in the funds.		(	(123,352,811)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			25,537,461
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, automotive maintenance and operation, information systems, and telecommunications to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are			
included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.			22,670,816
Some long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Capital leases payable  Compensated absences	 (304,521) (5,753,221)		(6,057,742)
Net pension assets held in trust for future benefits are not available for county operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Net pension assets held in trust			1,884,764
Net position of governmental activities		\$	303,722,855

# 

		General Fund		Road Fund		Flood Control Fund		County Capital Improvement Fund	Ar	merican Rescue Plan Act Fund		Other Governmental Funds	G	Total Jovernmental Funds
REVENUES:	Φ	12 (11 220			Φ	0.046.026	ф	47.060			Φ	6.052.017	Ф	70 400 141
Taxes	\$	42,641,230		-	\$	8,946,026	\$	47,868		-	\$	6,853,017	\$	58,488,141
Special assessments		-	Ф	- 40 (10		2.550		-		-		7,942		7,942
Licenses and permits		2,293,544	\$	49,610		3,550		-		-		720,886		3,067,590
Intergovernmental		52,730,378		20,140,196		34		-		-		21,192,485		94,063,093
Charges for services		9,549,489		92,003		37,050		-		-		5,083,297		14,761,839
Fines and forfeits		1,215,412		345		21 207		- (2.004	Φ	- 02 407		1,404,115		2,619,872
Investment earnings		170,368		53,131		31,287		62,094	\$	83,487		34,583		434,950
Rents		160.220		77,046		-		92,745		-		239,562		409,353
Contributions		160,328		-		-		-		-		271,959		432,287
Miscellaneous		666,623		181,385		6,346	_		_	- 02.40=	_	127,247		981,601
Total revenues		109,427,372		20,593,716		9,024,293	_	202,707		83,487		35,935,093		175,266,668
EXPENDITURES:														
Current:														
General government		44,391,632		-		-		-		-		4,118,609		48,510,241
Public safety		32,406,496		-		8,332,733		-		-		8,758,659		49,497,888
Highways and streets		-		20,609,511		-		-		-		-		20,609,511
Sanitation		-		-		-		-		-		84,823		84,823
Health		10,570,967		-		-		-		-		6,327,250		16,898,217
Welfare		_		-		-		-		-		8,255,887		8,255,887
Culture and recreation		20,252		-		-		-		-		5,799,652		5,819,904
Education		419,179		_		_		_		_		2,376,273		2,795,452
Capital outlay		323,722		-		-		6,969,894		-		6,394		7,300,010
Debt service:		,-								-		- ,		.,,-
Principal retirement		99,548		_		_		_		_		27,583		127,131
Interest and fiscal charges		14,460		-		-		-		-		1,044		15,504
Total expenditures		88,246,256		20,609,511		8,332,733	_	6,969,894		_		35,756,174		159,914,568
Excess/(Deficiency) of revenues over				- , ,-		-,,	_	- / /						,- ,-
(under) expenditures		21,181,116		(15,795)		691,560	_	(6,767,187)	_	83,487		178,919	_	15,352,100
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):														
Transfers in		2,654,862		-		-		10,500,000		-		3,725,349		16,880,211
Transfers out		(13,465,029)		-		(666,856)		-		-		(1,782,108)		(15,913,993)
Sale of capital assets		100,643		19,292			_	_		_		900		120,835
Total other financing sources (uses)		(10,709,524)		19,292		(666,856)	_	10,500,000		_		1,944,141		1,087,053
Net change in fund balances		10,471,592		3,497		24,704		3,732,813		83,487		2,123,060		16,439,153
Fund balances, July 1, 2020, as restated		45,415,179		16,936,382		7,984,989		8,978,684		-		24,280,050		103,595,284
Changes in nonspendable resources:														
Increase (decrease) in inventories				43,324		(25,472)	_							17,852
Fund balances, June 30, 2021	\$	55,886,771	\$	16,983,203	\$	\$7,984,221	\$	\$12,711,497	\$	\$83,487	\$	\$26,403,110	\$	\$120,052,289

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

### MOHAVE COUNTY

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net change in f	fund balances -	total governmental	funds
-----------------	-----------------	--------------------	-------

\$ 16,439,153

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

 Capital outlay
 \$ 19,112,405

 Depreciation expense
 (9,777,484)
 9,334,921

In the Statement of Activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the book value of the capital assets sold.

(781,648)

County pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the County's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities.

County pension/OPEB contributions 10,573,728
Pension/OPEB expense (13,831,021) (3,257,293)

Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

Capital lease-principal repaid 127,131

Under the modified accrual basis accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when the financial resources are available.

Increase in compensated absences (44,604)

Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

16,577

Some cash outlays, such as the purchase of supply inventories, are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds when purchased. In the Statement of Activities, however, they are reported as expenses when consumed.

Decrease in supply inventory.

Decrease in supply inventory 17,852

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities such as technology, maintenance and insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities in the Statement of Activities.

61,154

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 21,913,243

# MOHAVE COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

# Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Landfill Fund		G.V.I.D. Fund		Parks Fund	Ent	other erprise unds	Total	4	overnmental Activities - Internal ervice Funds
ASSETS:										
Current assets:										
Cash and investments	\$ 17,590,310	) \$	227,906	\$	1,499,789	\$ 1	,040,136	\$ 20,358,141	\$	22,214,777
Cash and investments held by trustee	-		-		-		-	-		669,861
Receivables (net of allowances for										
uncollectibles):										
Accounts	207,739	)	77,547		50		140,044	425,380		247,614
Accrued interest	2,288	3	96		160		177	2,721		2,519
Due from other governments	137,97	5	-		-		-	137,975		92,637
Inventory	-		58,955		2,999		64,927	126,881		83,112
Prepaid items	2,719	<u> </u>	8,182		1,858		-	 12,759		304,059
Total current assets	17,941,03	<u> </u>	372,686		1,504,856	1	,245,284	 21,063,857		23,614,579
Noncurrent assets:										
Restricted cash	-		210,055		-		458,373	668,428		-
Net other postemployment benefits										
asset	2,71	l	1,465		4,915		2,040	11,131		15,351
Capital assets:										
Land	438,549	)	40,388		1,481,772		-	1,960,709		-
Infrastructure, net	1,740,990	)	4,349,450		2,600,089	5	,456,771	14,147,300		-
Buildings, net	-		35,113		991,421		-	1,026,534		-
Equipment, net	421,508	3	861,850		594,357		284,876	2,162,591		6,211,028
Construction in progress	234,430	<u> </u>					-	 234,436		
Total noncurrent assets	2,838,194	<u> </u>	5,498,321		5,672,554	6	,202,060	 20,211,129		6,226,379
Total assets	20,779,225	5	5,871,007	_	7,177,410	7	,447,344	 41,274,986		29,840,958
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred outflows related to pensions										
and other postemployment benefits	143,719	)	77,899		257,966		107.373	586,957		803,662
Total deferred outflows of resources	143,719		77,899		257,966		107,373	 586,957		803,662
			,		/		,	/ /-	-	

# MOHAVE COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

# (CONCLUDED)

	Landfill Fund	G.V.I.D. Fund	Parks Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
LIABILITIES:						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 102,188				\$ 529,047	
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	28,349	10,721	35,480	14,989	89,539	113,294
Due to other funds	257	908	4,724	2,426	8,315	4,778
Due to other governments	-	5,606	-	962	6,568	-
Deposits held for others	-	77,571	-	35,000	112,571	4,331
Unearned revenue	-	37,828	-	107,040	144,868	2,358
Current portion of:						
Compensated absences	12,472	11,092	64,551	28,723	117,108	300,540
Capital leases payable	-	-	-	-	-	320,046
Claims and judgments payable						2,358,949
Total current liabilities	143,536	176,272	210,182	478,026	1,008,016	3,755,739
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Compensated absences payable	50,968	2,773	16,138	7,182	77,061	75,137
Landfill closure and postclosure care	,	_,,,,	,	,,	,,,,,,	, , , , , , ,
costs payable	9,917,175	_	_	_	9,917,175	_
Capital leases payable	-	_	_	_	-	347,616
Net pension liabilities	659,887	356,491	1,196,249	496,270	2,708,897	3,735,695
Total noncurrent liabilities	10,628,030	359,264	1,212,387	503,452	12,703,133	4,158,448
Total liabilities	10,771,566	535,536	1,422,569	981,478	13,711,149	7,914,187
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflow related to pensions and						
other postemployment benefits	10,531	5,689	19,091	7,920	43,231	59,617
Total deferred inflows of resources	10,531	5,689	19,091	7,920	43,231	59,617
NET POSITION:						
Net investment in capital assets	2,835,483	5,286,801	5,667,639	5,741,647	19,531,570	6,211,028
Restricted for:	_,,,,,,,,	-,,	-,,	2,1 12,0 11	, ,- , -	-,,
Capital projects	_	210,055	_	458,373	668,428	_
Sanitation	7,829,352	-	_	-	7,829,352	_
Unrestricted	(523,988)	(89,175)	326,077	365,299	78,213	16,459,788
Total net position	\$ 10,140,847	\$ 5,407,681	\$ \$5,993,716	\$ \$6,565,319	\$ 28,107,563	\$ 22,670,816

# MOHAVE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

# Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds

			LII	terprise Funds	•				
	Landfill Fund	G.V.I.D. Fund		Parks Fund		Other Enterprise Funds	Total		overnmental Activities Internal ervice Funds
Operating revenues:									
Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 2,237,691	\$ 919,892 30,144	\$	2,822,251 2,315	\$	1,952,192 136,348	\$ 7,932,026 168,807	\$	24,518,565 34,676
Total operating revenues	2,237,691	950,036		2,824,566		2,088,540	8,100,833		24,553,241
Operating expenses:									
Personnel services	685,165	396,692		1,244,849		549,640	2,876,346		3,662,423
Supplies	33,208	65,312		319,824		45,547	463,891		626,019
Professional services	359,324	126,760		151,433		93,704	731,221		2,615,287
Communications	8,047	23,062		19,665		9,754	60,528		737,018
Insurance	-	12,156		34,793		82,934	129,883		959,707
Landfill closure and postclosure care		12,100		5 .,,,,		02,50	12,,000		,,,,,,,
costs	314,965	_		_		_	314,965		_
Insurance claims	-	_		_		_	-		12,193,614
Lawsuit judgments	_	_		_		_	_		20,653
Repairs and maintenance	89,875	146,746		56,806		85,429	378,856		59,009
Public utility service	148,010	115,199		352,091		671,717	1,287,017		-
Rents and leases	6,914	11,412		11,312		10,178	39,816		1,328,155
Depreciation	146,094	325,162		307,403		603,981	1,382,640		1,544,242
Other	141,170	70,412		115,130		44,437	371,149		991,046
Total operating expenses	1,932,772	 1,292,913	_	2,613,306		2,197,321	8,036,312		24,737,173
Operating (loss) income	304,919	(342,877)		211,260	_	(108,781)	64,521	_	(183,932)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):									
Investment earnings (loss)	31,354	145		(2,195)		2,076	31,380		48,479
Interest expense	-	_		-		<b>-</b> ´	- ′		(6,330)
Federal in-lieu taxes	-	_		100,000		-	100,000		-
Grants	529,685	-		<u>-</u>		-	529,685		-
Gain on disposal of assets	-	22,047		3,245		8,083	33,375		90,293
Total nonoperating revenues	561,039	22,192		101,050		10,159	694,440		132,442
Income (loss) before									
contributions and transfers	865,958	(320,685)		312,310		(98,622)	758,961		(51,490)
Transfers in	-	- ′		<u>-</u>		-	-		372,392
Transfers out	(1,020,000)	(58,861)		-		-	(1,078,861)		(259,748)
Increase (decrease) in net position	(154,042)	(379,546)		312,310		(98,622)	(319,900)		61,154
Total net position - beginning	10,294,889	5,787,227	_	5,681,406		6,663,941	 28,427,463		20,609,662
Total net position - ending	<u>\$ 10,140,847</u>	\$ 5,407,681	\$	5,993,716	\$	6,565,319	\$ 28,107,563	\$	\$22,670,816

# MOHAVE COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

# Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Landfill Fund		G.V.I.D. Fund		Parks Fund		Other Enterprise Funds		Total		overnmental Activities Internal ervice Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:											
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 2,247,796	\$	\$970,124	\$	2,824,529	\$	2,311,339	\$	8,353,788	\$	974,323
Receipts from interfund services											
provided	-		- (400 (00)		- (4.407.045)		-		-		23,393,573
Payments to suppliers	(1,149,017)		(480,623)		(1,185,817)		(1,288,844)		(4,104,301)	(	(18,754,731)
Payments for employee wages and	(540.012)		(204.704)		(1,000,000)		(417.700)		(2.270, (70)		(2,002,422)
benefits	(548,213)		(304,794)		(1,008,969)		(417,702)		(2,279,678)		(3,092,433)
Payments for interfund services used	(92,250)		(122,295)		(245,674)		(143,576)	_	(603,795)	_	(902,726)
Net cash provided by operating activities	450 216		(2.412		204.060		461 217		1 266 014		1 (10 00)
	458,316	_	62,412	_	384,069	_	461,217	_	1,366,014	_	1,618,006
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:											
Payment on advance to other fund	68,743		-		-		-		68,743		-
Transfer from other funds	-		-		-		-		-		372,392
Transfer to other funds	(1,020,000)		(58,861)		-		-		(1,078,861)		(259,749)
Subsidy from non-capital grant	498,105	_			100,000			_	598,105		
Net cash (used) provided by											
noncapital financing activities	(453,152)		(58,861)		100,000				(412,013)		112,643
Cash flows from capital and related											
financing activities:											
Purchases of capital assets	(418,826)		(613,671)		(890,811)		(402,621)		(2,325,929)		(1,775,342)
Principal paid on capital debt	-		-		-		-		-		(343,050)
Interest paid on capital debt	-		30,260		-		-		-		(6,330)
Proceeds from sales of capital assets				_	11,597		13,609	_	55,466		223,813
Net cash used for capital and											
related financing activities	(418,826)		(583,411)		(879,214)		(389,012)	_	(2,270,463)	_	(1,900,909)
Cash flows from investing activities:											
Interest and dividends received	45,751	_	1,102	_	(899)		3,045	_	48,999	_	65,646
Net cash provided (used) by											
investing activities	45,751		1,102		(899)		3,045	_	48,999		65,646
Net increase (decrease) in cash											
and cash equivalents	(367,911)		(578,758)		(396,044)		75,250		(1,267,463)		(104,612)
and oash equivatents	(307,511)		(370,730)		(370,017)		75,250		(1,207,103)		(101,012)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2020	17,958,221		1,016,719	_	1,895,833		1,423,259	_	22,294,032	_	22,989,252
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2021	<u>\$ 17,590,310</u>	\$	\$437,961	\$	1,499,789	\$	\$1,498,509	\$	21,026,569	\$	22,884,638

# MOHAVE COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

# (CONCLUDED)

### Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds

			Enterprise Funds	5		
	Landfill Fund	G.V.I.D. Fund	Parks Funds	Other Enterprise Funds	Total	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation of operating (loss) income						
to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Operating (loss) income	\$ 304,919	\$ (342,877)	\$ 211,260	\$ (108,781)	\$ 64,521	\$ (183,932)
Adjustments to reconcile operating	, , , ,	(- ))	, , , , ,	* (,,	- /-	, ( ) )
(loss) income to net cash provided by						
operating activities:						
Depreciation expense	146,094	325,162	307,403	603,981	1,382,640	1,544,242
Landfill closure and postclosure	1.0,0>.	520,102	507,.05	005,701	1,502,0.0	1,0,2 .2
care costs	314,965	_	_	_	314,965	_
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of	31 1,503				31 1,503	
resources, liabilities, and deferred						
inflows of resources:						
Receivables	10,104	5,847	(36)	186,553	202,466	698,417
Due from other funds	43	957	(30)	33	1,033	(6,156)
Due from other governments	-	-	_	18,879	18,879	(49,321)
Inventories	_	17,489	(2,205)	(1,206)	14,078	(25,992)
Prepaid items	(2,719)	(8,183)	17	(1,200)	(10,885)	(74,984)
Net OPEB asset	(1,771)	(973)	(3,199)	(1,321)	(7,264)	
Deferred outflows of resources	(1,771)	(515)	(3,177)	(1,321)	(7,201)	(5,511)
related to pensions and OPEB	(78,075)	(42,684)	(138,753)	(57,782)	(317,294)	(424,145)
Accounts payable	(388,189)	7,317	(247,359)	(306,377)	(934,608)	233,248
Due to other funds	257	- 7,517	4,724	2,426	7,407	4,780
Due to other governments		(725)	- 1,721	718	(7)	- 1,700
Accrued payroll and employee		(723)		710	(,)	
benefits	13,531	1,399	(2,837)	1,926	14,019	15,445
Compensated absences payable	4,545	2,780	17,252	10,894	35,471	30,919
Net Pension and OPEB Liability	168,284	99,370	299,357	120,493	687,504	698,527
Unearned revenue	-	6,074	-	16,650	22,724	530
Deposits held for others	_	8,892	-	<u>-</u>	8,892	132
Claims and judgments payable	_	-	-	_	-	(130,725)
Deferred inflow of resources						, , ,
related to pensions and OPEB	(33,672)	(17,431)	(61,555)	(25,868)	(138,526)	(213,476)
Total adjustments	153,398	405,290	172,809	569,998	1,301,495	1,801,937
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 458,316	\$ 62,412	\$ 384,069	\$ 461,217	\$ 1,366,014	\$ 1,618,006
Cash and investments:						
Unrestricted cash and investments	¢ 17.500.210	¢ 227.006	¢ 1.400.790	¢ 1.040.126	¢ 20.250.141	¢ 22.004.620
	\$ 17,590,310	\$ 227,906	\$ 1,499,789	\$ 1,040,136	\$ 20,358,141	\$ 22,884,638
Restricted cash		210,055		458,373	668,428	
Total cash and investments at June 30, 2021	\$ 17,590,310	\$ 437,961	\$ 1,499,789	\$ 1,498,509	\$ 21,026,569	\$ 22,884,638
	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·			· <del></del>

Noncash investing, capital and noncapital financing activities during the year ended June 30, 2021:

The internal Service Funds obtained computer equipment financed by a capital lease in the amount of \$619,714

# MOHAVE COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

				Custodial							
	Pri	vate-purpose		External		_					
		Trust		Investment							
		Funds		Pool		Other					
ASSETS:											
Cash and investments	\$	3,440,121	\$	106,756,673	\$	7,494,385					
Taxes receivable for other governments		-		-		7,900,147					
Accrued interest receivable						12,378					
Total assets		3,440,121		106,756,673		15,406,910					
LIABILITIES:											
Due to others				2,927,897		84,585					
Total liabilities				2,927,897		84,585					
NET POSITION:											
Restricted for:											
Pool participants		-	\$	103,828,776	\$	8,813,331					
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$	3,440,121	_			6,508,994					
Total Net Position	\$	3,440,121	\$	103,828,776	\$	15,322,325					

# MOHAVE COUNTY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Custodi	al funds
	Private-purpose Trust Funds	External Investment Pool	Other
ADDITIONS: Contributions from pool participants Property tax collections for governments Collections for individuals Investment earnings: Interest and dividend income	\$ 9,053,863 4,005	\$ 315,996,773 - - 1,026,291	\$ 93,083,989 26,155,029 (71,721)
Net decrease in fair value of investments Net investment earnings	4,005	(858,855) 167,436	(71,721)
Inmate collections Other Total additions	- - 9,057,868	316,164,209	1,641,637 3,871,591 124,768,407
DEDUCTIONS: Distributions to pool participants Beneficiary payments to individuals Property tax distributions to other governments Payments to inmates Other	(9,377,384) - - -	(322,271,153)	- (85,183,842) (1,623,326) (26,768,321)
Total deductions	(9,377,384)	(322,271,153)	(113,575,489)
Change in fiduciary net position	(319,516)	(6,106,944)	11,105,036
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	3,759,637	109,935,720	4,217,289
Net position, end of year	\$ 3,440,121	\$ 103,828,776	<u>\$ 15,322,325</u>

### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Mohave County's accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The accompanying financial statements of Mohave County, Arizona (the County) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, which establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes. As a result, the County's fiduciary fund financial statements have been modified to reflect the implementation of this new guidance, including reclassifying activities previously reported in agency funds to custodial or governmental funds, as applicable.

A summary of the County's more significant accounting policies follows:

### A. Financial Reporting Entity

Mohave County is a general purpose local government that a separately elected board of supervisors governs. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the County (the primary government) and its component units.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are so intertwined with the County that they are in substance part of the County's operations. Therefore, data from these units is combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County. The County has no discretely presented component units. Each blended component unit discussed in the table has a June 30 year-end.

The following table describes the County's component units:

Descriptions with his few in alreian	Reporting	For separate financial
		statements
A tax-levying district that provides flood control systems; the	Blended	Not available
County Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors		
and has operational responsibility for the district. There is		
also a financial benefit between the County and the component unit.		
services for county residents; the County Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors and has operational responsibility for the district. There is also a		Not available
	County Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors and has operational responsibility for the district. There is also a financial benefit between the County and the component unit.  A tax-levying district that provides and maintains library services for county residents; the County Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors and has	Description; criteria for inclusion  A tax-levying district that provides flood control systems; the County Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors and has operational responsibility for the district. There is also a financial benefit between the County and the component unit.  A tax-levying district that provides and maintains library Blended services for county residents; the County Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors and has operational responsibility for the district. There is also a

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Mohave County Television District	A tax-levying district that provides and maintains communication equipment resources to provide television signals to residents; the County Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors and has operational responsibility for the district. There is also a financial benefit between the County and the component unit.		Not available
	County and the component unit.		East compands
		Reporting	For separate financial
Component unit	Description; criteria for inclusion	<u>method</u>	statements
Mohave County	A tax-levying district that provides street lighting for the	Blended	Not available
Holiday Shores	Holiday Shores area of Bullhead City in Mohave County; the		
Light District	County Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors		
	and has operational responsibility for the district.		

Related organization—The Industrial Development Authority of Mohave County (Authority) is a legally separate entity that was created to assist in the financing of commercial and industrial enterprises; affordable housing; healthcare facilities; and various facilities. The Authority fulfills its function through the issuance of tax-exempt or taxable revenue bonds. The County's Board of Supervisors appoints the Authority's Board of Directors. The Authority's operations are completely separate from the County, and the County is not financially accountable for the Authority. Therefore, the Authority's financial activities have not been included in the accompanying financial statements.

### **B.** Basis of presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the County as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

Government-wide statements—provide information about the primary government (the County) and its component units. The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report the overall government's financial activities, except for fiduciary activities. They also distinguish between the County's governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties. A statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities and segment of its business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include:

- charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided;
- operating grants and contributions; and
- capital grants and contributions, including special assessments

Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including internally dedicated resources and all taxes the County levies or imposes, are reported as general revenues.

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. However, charges for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated if the prices approximate their external exchange values.

Fund financial statements—provide information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements are presented for the governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary fund categories. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Fiduciary funds are aggregated and reported by fund type.

Proprietary fund revenues and expenses are classified as either operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from transactions associated with the fund's principal activity. Accordingly, revenues, such as user charges and insurance premiums, in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values are operating revenues. Other revenues, such as noncapital grants, result from transactions in which the parties do not exchange equal values and are considered nonoperating revenues along with investment earnings and revenues ancillary activities generate. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. Other expenses, such as interest expense, are considered nonoperating expenses.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Road Fund* accounts for all taxes on gas and auto license fees collected for building and maintaining county roads.

The *Flood Control Fund* accounts for all monies collected from local taxpayers in the form of a levy on real property. These funds are used in planning, engineering, constructing, repairing, and maintaining flood control channels in Mohave County.

The *County Capital Improvement Fund* accounts for a ¼ cent sales tax collected to provide for major capital improvements of the County.

The American Rescue Plan Act Fund accounts for funding from the Federal government, in the form of a grant, to support the growth of the American economy and infrastructure.

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

The *Landfill Fund* accounts for the operations of two landfills located in Mohave County.

The *Golden Valley Improvement District Fund (GVID)* accounts for the operations of a water company located in Golden Valley.

The *Parks Fund* accounts for the operations of two revenue generating parks and several other nonrevenue parks located throughout Mohave County.

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The County also reports the following fund types:

The *Internal Service Funds* account for automotive maintenance and operation, insurance, computer services, janitorial services, and telecommunications services provided to the County's departments or to other governments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

The **Fiduciary funds** consist of the following type of funds:

The *Private Purpose Trust Funds* account for assets the County holds in trust for the public fiduciary clients and courts.

The *Custodial Funds* account for other fiduciary activities, including pooled assets the County Treasurer holds and invests on behalf of other governmental entities that are not held in a trust and the County Treasurer's receipt and distribution of taxes for other governmental entities. Also, assets are held for future distribution of anti-racketeering funds to various other governmental entities, and deposits are held for other individuals and inmate funds.

### C. Basis of accounting

The government-wide, proprietary fund and fiduciary financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements the provider imposed have been met.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of grants and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. The County applies grant resources to such programs before using general revenues except where matching requirements exist.

Governmental funds in the fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. The County considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year-end. The County's major revenue sources that are susceptible to accrual are property taxes, special assessments, intergovernmental, charges for services, and investment earnings. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and landfill closure and postclosure care costs, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they are due and payable. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease agreements are reported as other financing sources.

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### D. Cash and Investments

For the statement of cash flows, the County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, cash and investments held by the County Treasurer, investments in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool, and only those highly liquid investments with a maturity of 3 months or less when purchased.

All investments are stated at fair value.

### E. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories in the government-wide and the proprietary funds' financial statements are recorded as assets when purchased and expensed when consumed. These inventories are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out method.

The County accounts for its inventories in the governmental funds using the purchase method. Inventories of the governmental funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. Amounts on hand at year-end are shown on the balance sheet as an asset for informational purposes only and as nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they do not constitute "available spendable resources." These inventories are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out method.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. They are also reflected as nonspendable fund balance in the fund financial statements.

### F. Property tax calendar

The County levies real and personal property taxes on or before the third Monday in August that become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May. A lien assessed against real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy.

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### G. Capital assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost, (or estimated historical cost if historical records are not available). Certain infrastructure costs were estimated by calculating the current replacement cost of a similar asset and deflating this cost through the use of price-level indexes. Donated assets are reported at acquisition value. Certain types of road improvements are expensed rather than capitalized. The improvement types that are expensed are millings and soil stabilization.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

	Capitalization threshold	Depreciation method	Estimated useful life
Land	All		
Construction in progress	\$5,000		
Buildings	\$5,000	Straight-line	20-50 years
Equipment	\$5,000	Straight-line	3-20 years
Infrastructure and			
improvements other than			
buildings	\$5,000	Straight-line	10-50 years
Utility systems	\$5,000	Straight-line	10-50 years
Intangibles	\$5,000	Straight-line	7-15 years

### H. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources

The statement of net position and balance sheet include separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods that will be recognized as an expense or expenditure in future periods. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to future periods and will be recognized as a revenue in future periods.

### I. Postemployment benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) assets and liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### J. Fund balance classifications

The governmental funds' fund balances are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on those resources' use. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, such as inventories, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balances are those that have externally imposed restrictions on their usage by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations.

The unrestricted fund balance category is composed of committed, assigned, and unassigned resources. Committed fund balances are self-imposed limitations that the County's Board of Supervisors approved, which is the highest level of decision-making authority within the County. Only the Board can remove or change the constraints placed on committed fund balances.

Assigned fund balances are resources constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed. The County does not have any assigned fund balances.

The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not reported in the other classifications. Also, deficits in fund balances of the other governmental funds are reported as unassigned.

When an expenditure is incurred that can be paid from either restricted or unrestricted fund balances, the County will use restricted fund balance first. The County will use committed amounts first when disbursing unrestricted fund balances, followed by unassigned amounts.

## K. Investment earnings

Investment earnings is composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

### L. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences payable consists of vacation leave and a calculated amount of sick leave employees earned based on services already rendered. The County uses personal time off, which is a combination of vacation and sick leave, for compensating employees. Personal time off benefits do not vest with employees until they have satisfactorily completed their probationary period. Public Safety employees and those employees covered under the Judicial Merit System have a 1-year probationary period. All other employees have a 6-month probationary period.

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Effective April 4, 2016, the Board of Supervisors approved changes to the paid time off (PTO) policy modifying the accrual rates and maximum payout schedules for employees hired after January 23, 2016. The following table summarizes the maximum carryover and payouts at separation of employment. Any unused PTO is forfeited. Benefits are accrued as a liability in the government-wide and proprietary funds' financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds' financial statements only if they have matured; for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements by fiscal year-end.

		Maximum payout at
	Maximum carryover at	separation of
	December 31	employment
Hired before January 23, 2016	900	400
At-will employees - hired before	900	600
January 23, 2016		
All hired after January 23, 2016	300	300

# NOTE 2 – CORRECTION OF A MISSTATEMENT/CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

Net position and fund balance as of July 1, 2020, have been restated as follows for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* and for correction of an error in recording fiduciary activities on the Statement of activities and Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental.

						Custodia	l funds
	Governmental activities	Other governmental funds	Investment trust funds	Agency	Private- purpose trust funds	External investment pools	Other
Net position/fund balance as previously reported at June 30, 2020	\$285,013,870	\$27,484,308	\$113,639,052	\$ -			
Prior period adjustment— implementation of GASB 84:							
Reclassification of investment pools			(113,639,052)		\$3,615,450	\$109,935,720	\$87,882
Reclassification of agency fund - Liabilities				(1,069,336)	144,187		925,149
Correction of error Governmental funds							
to Custodial Other	(3,204,258)	(3,204,258)					3,204,258
Net position/fund balance as restated, July 1, 2020	\$ 281,809,612	\$ 24,280,050	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,759,637	\$ 109,935,720	\$ 4,217,289

# NOTE 3 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Deficit fund balances or net position—At June 30, 2021, the following nonmajor funds reported deficit fund balances:

Fund	 Deficit
Governmental funds:	
Senior Programs	\$ 75,113
Proprietary funds:	
Janitorial	273,684

Senior Programs had a deficit fund balance due to timing differences of reimbursements from federal grants.

The Janitorial fund deficit is due to the pension liability.

### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize the County to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's investment pool; obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or any of the senior debt of its agencies, sponsored agencies, corporations, sponsored corporations, or instrumentalities; specified state and local government bonds, notes and other evidences of indebtedness; interest-earning investments such as savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; specified commercial paper issued by corporations organized and doing business in the United States; specified bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars; and certain open-end and closed-end mutual funds, including exchange traded funds. In addition, the County Treasurer may invest trust funds in certain fixed income securities of corporations doing business in the United States or District of Columbia.

**Credit risk**—Statutes have the following requirements for credit risk:

- 1. Commercial paper must be of prime quality and be rated within the top two ratings by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 2. Specified bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars must be rated "A" or better, at the time of purchase, by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.
- 3. Fixed income securities must carry one of the two highest ratings by Moody's investors service and Standard and Poor's rating service. If only one of the above-mentioned services rates the security, it must carry the highest rating of that service.

Custodial credit risk—Statutes require collateral for deposits at 102 percent of all deposits federal depository insurance does not cover. The Arizona State Treasurer's office administers a Statewide Pooled Collateral Program. The County's deposits are covered under the Statewide Pooled Collateral program.

Concentration of credit risk—Statutes do not include any requirements for concentration of credit risk.

**Interest rate risk**—Statutes require that public monies invested in securities and deposits have a maximum maturity of 5 years. The maximum maturity for investments in repurchase agreements is 180 days.

# **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**Foreign currency risk**—Statutes do not allow foreign investments unless the investment is denominated in United States dollars.

### A. Deposits

As of June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$5,799,396 and the bank balance was \$14,501,043. There was cash on hand of \$13,570. It is the County's policy to collateralize all deposits not covered by depository insurance.

### B. Investments

The County's investments at June 30, 2021, categorized within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles, were as follows:

	Fair value measurement using					
			Q	uoted prices	,	Significant
			in active			other
				narkets for	•	observable
		Amount	identical assets (Level 1)			inputs (Level 2)
Investments by fair value level		_		_		_
U.S. Treasury notes	\$	85,432,245	\$	85,432,245		
U.S. agency securities		36,345,497			\$	36,345,497
Corporate bonds		35,000				35,000
Total investments by fair value level	\$	121,812,742	\$	85,432,245	\$	36,380,497
External investment pools measured at fair value						
State Treasurer's investment pools	_	175,506,994				
Total investment pools measured at fair value	\$	297,319,736				

Investments categorized as Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those investments. The investments categorized at Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a conservative methodology based on multiple criteria, including asset class and observability of price. Inputs are observable but do not solely rely on quoted market prices to establish fair value. Investments in the State Treasurer's investment pools are valued at the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares the County held. The fair value of a participant's position in the pools approximates the value of that participant's pool shares. The State Board of Investment provides oversight for the State Treasurer's investment pools.

Credit risk—It is the County's investment policy to invest to preserve the principal value of the portfolio. This is to be accomplished through limiting the types of securities purchased, the percent of the portfolio of each type of security, and the length of time they can be held. Investments allowed are obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or any of the senior debt of its agencies, sponsored agencies, corporations, sponsored corporations, or instrumentalities. The County can also invest in certificates of deposits, commercial paper, obligations of Arizona state and local governments, repurchase agreements, money market mutual funds, and corporate bonds, debentures, or notes issued by United States companies with AA or greater ratings by Standard & Poor's or Moody's rating services.

# **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)**

Investment Type	Rating	Rating Agency	 Amount
U.S. agency securities	AAA	Moody's	\$ 36,345,497
Corporate bonds	Unrated	Not applicable	35,000
State Treasurer's Investment Pool 7	Unrated	Not applicable	175,506,994
			\$ 211,887,491

Custodial credit risk—for an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the counterparty's failure, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County's formal policy for custodial credit risk states that an independent third-party custodian, selected by the Mohave County Treasurer, will hold the securities in the County's name.

Concentration of credit risk—The County's formal investment policy requires at least 10 percent of the overall portfolio to be invested in highly liquid accounts such as local government pools, money market funds, or overnight repurchase agreements to ensure the ability to meet ongoing obligations. It also limits the total amount of corporate securities to 20 percent of the total portfolio, with not more than 5 percent invested in any single corporation. Corporate bonds represented less than 1 percent of the total portfolio at June 30, 2021. All other securities are structured with varying maturity dates, not to exceed 5 years, and in various types of investments described under credit risk. The County had investments at June 30, 2021, of 5 percent or more in Federal National Mortgage Association. These investments were 5.01 percent of the County's total investments.

**Interest rate risk**—The County's formal policy with respect to interest rate risk minimizes the risk by structuring the portfolio into two accounts to meet cash needs. The return on investment is secondary to safety and liquidity. One account consists of highly liquid securities with maturities of 120 days or less. The second account has maturities of greater than 120 days. Both accounts will have active secondary markets.

At June 30, 2021, the County had the following investments in debt securities:

	Investment maturities					
			Less than			1 to 5
Investment type		Amount 1 year		years		
State Treasurer's Investment Pool 7	\$	175,506,994	\$	175,506,994	\$	-
U.S. Treasury notes		85,432,245		27,937,802		57,494,443
U.S. Agency securities		36,345,497		27,163,887		9,181,610
Corporate bonds		35,000		35,000		<u> </u>
Total	\$	297,319,736	\$	230,643,683	\$	66,676,053

# **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)**

A reconciliation of cash, deposits, and investments to amounts shown on the statements of net position follows:

### Cash, deposits, and investments:

<u>Amount</u>
\$ 13,570
5,799,396
 297,319,736
\$ 303,132,702
\$ <u>\$</u>

Statements of net position:

Custodial funds

	Governmental activities	Business-type activities	Private- purpose trust funds	External investment pools	Other	Total
Statement of net position: Cash and investments	\$ 163,745,093	\$ 20,358,141	\$ 3,440,121	\$ 106,756,673	\$ 7,494,385	\$ 301,794,413
Cash and investments held by trustee(s) Restricted cash	669,861	668,428	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	669,861 668,428
Total	\$ 164,414,954	\$ 21,026,569	\$ 3,440,121	\$ 106,756,673	\$ 7,494,385.	\$ 303,132,702

### **NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE**

Property taxes receivable consist of uncollected real and personal property taxes as determined from the records of the County Treasurer's Office and at June 30, 2021, were as follows:

					Other	Total
	General		Flood control	(	Governmental	Governmental
	 Fund	Fund		Funds		Funds
Fiscal year 2020	\$ 1,056,708	\$	261,675	\$	184,560	\$ 1,502,943
Fiscal year 2019	99,370		23,668		15,884	138,922
Prior	 880,239		286,457		217,247	 1,383,943
Total receivable	\$ 2,036,317	\$	571,800	\$	417,691	\$ 3,025,808

The portion of property taxes receivable, not collected within 60 days after June 30, 2021, has been deferred, and consequently is not included in current-year revenues on the fund statements. For the government-wide statements, the entire receivable balance has been recognized as revenue. The total receivable amount is considered collectable, as the property can be sold for non-payment of taxes.

# NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

Governmental activities:	July 1, 2020	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 28,773,446	\$ 6,651	\$ -	\$ 28,780,097
Construction in progress	24,429,000	6,028	(23,042,695)	1,392,333
Total capital assets not being depreciated	53,202,446	12,679	(23,042,695)	30,172,430
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	158,695,513	30,250,051	(319,748)	188,625,816
Infrastructure and improvements other than	, ,	, ,	( , , ,	, ,
buildings	179,750,096	6,998,835	-	186,748,931
Intangibles	64,501		(64,501)	-
Equipment	57,658,590		<u>(4,172,525)</u>	61,088,462
Total	396,168,700		(4,556,774)	436,463,209
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	57,515,485	4,914,584	(136,125)	62,293,944
Infrastructure and improvements other than				
buildings	103,993,269	· · ·	-	106,556,854
Intangibles	64,500	-	(64,500)	-
Equipment	32,653,217	3,843,557	(3,440,980)	33,055,794
Total accumulated depreciation	194,226,471	11,321,726	(3,641,605)	201,906,592
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	201,942,229	33,529,557	(915,169)	234,556,617
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 255,144,675	\$ 33,542,236	\$ (23,957,864)	<u>\$ 264,729,047</u>
Business-type activities:	July 1, 2020	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated:	<i>vary</i> 1, 2020	Increases	Beereases	vane 20, 2021
Land	\$ 1,960,709			\$ 1,960,709
Construction in progress	1,578,722		\$ (1,702,426)	234,436
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,539,431		(1,702,426)	2,195,145
Total capital assets not being acpreciated	3,337,431	330,140	(1,702,420)	2,173,143
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	2,401,667		-	2,401,667
Utility systems	29,701,157		-	32,491,594
Equipment	3,048,734		(226,852)	3,707,589
Total capital assets being depreciated	35,151,558	3,676,144	(226,852)	38,600,850
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	1,308,904	66,229	-	1,375,133
Utility systems	17,299,234		-	18,344,294
Equipment	1,472,478		(198,831)	1,544,998
Total accumulated depreciation	20,080,616		(198,831)	21,264,425
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	15,070,942	2,293,504	(28,021)	17,336,425
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 18,610,373</u>	\$ 2,651,644	<u>\$ (1,730,447)</u>	<u>\$ 19,531,570</u>

# **NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)**

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	1,476,914
Public safety		4,252,476
Highways and streets		3,540,068
Health		82,542
Welfare		56,786
Culture and recreation		367,408
Education		1,290
Internal service funds	_	1,544,242
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	<u>\$</u>	11,321,726
Business-Type activities:		
Landfill	\$	146,094
Recreation		325,136
Water companies		911,410
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$	1,382,640

# NOTE 7 - CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

The County had eight major contractual commitments at June 30, 2021, as follows.

					Total			
	Funding	$E_{z}$	Expenditures		contractual		Remaining	
Contractual commitments	source	to date		commitment		cc	mmitment	
Prison health care								
07/01/20 - 06/30/22	Tax Revenues	\$	3,650,320	\$	6,415,320	\$	2,765,000	
Alamo Road Low Water Crossing								
06/07/21 - 06/06/22	HURF				310,779		310,779	
Heavy equipment								
10/05/20 - 10/04/21	HURF				131,671		131,671	
Production and stockpiling of								
gravel								
02/01/21 - 01/31/22	HURF		399,630		509,776		110,146	
Well Design and Replacement								
01/19/21 - 02/17/22	User Fees		279,009		687,423		400,414	
Apache Road Surface Roadway								
03/15/21 - 03/14/22	HURF				750,482		750,482	
Prisoner transport bus								
01/18/21 - 01/18/22 -	Tax Revenue				270,503		270,503	
Vehicles -62 total								
10/20/20 - 03/21/22	Multiple		1,093,601		3,705,873		2,612,272	
Total		\$	5,422,560	\$	12,781,827	\$	7,351,267	

### **NOTE 8 - RESTRICTED ASSETS**

As of June 30, 2021, the County had restricted assets as follows:

Governmental activities assets:

HUD properties			U.S. Housing and Urban Development (HUD) rehabilitated homes restricted for sale to qualified
Total governmental activities	<u>\$</u> <u>\$</u>	943,991 943,991	buyers.
Business-type activities assets: Restricted cash	\$	458,373	I-40 Replacement fund collections, restricted for future repairs of infrastructure by agreement with customer.
Restricted cash		210,055	GVID water corridor collections restricted for future infrastructure repairs by agreement with customers.
Total business-type activities	\$	668,428	

# **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

The following schedule details the County's long-term liability and obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Balance July 1, 2020	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2021	Due within 1 year
Governmental activities: Net pension and other postemployment benefits liability	\$ 108,152,651	\$ 18,935,855	_	\$ 127,088,506	
Capital leases payable	792,650	649,714	\$ (470,181)	972,183	- ,
Compensated absences payable	6,053,376	75,522	-	6,128,898	5,638,586
Claims and judgments payable	2,150,495	208,454	<u>-</u>	2,358,949	2,358,949
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	<u>\$117,149,172</u>	<u>\$ 19,869,545</u>	<u>\$ (470,181)</u>	<u>\$ 136,548,536</u>	\$ 8,446,031
<b>Business-type activities:</b>					
Landfill closure and postclosure care costs payable	\$ 9,602,210	\$ 314,965	\$ -	\$ 9,917,175	-
Net pension and other postemployment benefits liability	2,021,393	687,504	-	2,708,897	-
Compensated absences payable	158,698	35,471		194,169	<u>\$ 117,108</u>
Total business-type activities long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 11,782,301</u>	\$ 1,037,940	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 12,820,241</u>	<u>\$ 117,108</u>

Capital leases—The County has acquired copiers and computers under the provisions of various long-term lease agreements classified as capital leases for accounting purposes because they provide for a bargain purchase option or a transfer of ownership by the end of the lease term.

### NOTE 9 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The following assets were acquired through capital leases:

	Go	vernmental
	8	ectivities
Machinery & equipment-copiers	\$	363,659
Machinery & equipment-computers		665,029
Total capital assets		1,028,688
Less: accumulated depreciation		(294,776)
Carrying value	\$	733,912

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the County's capital leases payable at June 30, 2021:

Year ending June 30:	vernmental activities
2022	\$ 461,348
2023	345,425
2024	185,090
Total minimum lease payments	 991,863
Less amount representing interest	 (19,680)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	
	\$ 972,183

The present value of net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2021, of \$972,183 exceeds the total capital assets of \$733,912 because a significant portion of the assets acquired through capital leases were for computer equipment that fell below the County's capitalization threshold.

**Landfill closure and postclosure care costs**— The County owns two landfill sites. Cerbat is 160-acres and Mohave Valley is 320 acres. Both are operated by independent contractors under contract with the County and began operations in January 1989. The County operates its landfills on a cell basis. The County owns additional unused parcels of land adjacent to the existing landfill sites that will be used, as needed, to open additional cells.

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its Cerbat and Mohave Valley landfill sites when they stop accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the sites for 30 years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will not be paid until near or after the date that the landfills stop accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs in each period that the County operates the landfills. These costs will be paid from the enterprise fund. The amount of cost recognized each year is based on landfill capacity used at the end of each fiscal year. The \$9,917,175 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2021, represents the cumulative amount reported to date at the Cerbat and Mohave Valley landfills. The calculation is based on the use of 99 percent of Cells 1-5 and 12 percent of Cell 6 at Cerbat landfill; and 94 percent of the estimated capacity at Mohave Valley landfill. The County will recognize the remaining estimated costs of closure and postclosure care costs of \$1,003,427 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled.

# NOTE 9 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in fiscal year 2021 for existing open cells. The actual costs may be higher because of inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The County expanded the Cerbat Cell #6 in fiscal year 2020. The existing open cells at the Cerbat landfill are expected to reach capacity at the end 2033. The existing open cells at the Mohave landfill are expected to reach capacity by the end of 2023. The County expects to reach capacity of the landfills' unopened cells in the years 2065 and 2066, respectively. The landfills are expected to have in excess of 50 years remaining, considering unopened cells. According to state and federal laws and regulations, the County must comply with the local government financial test requirements that ensure that the County can meet the costs of landfill closure, postclosure, and corrective action when needed. The County is in compliance with these requirements.

**Insurance Internal Service Funds**— The County established two internal service funds, Employee Benefits Trust (EBT) and Self-Insured Trust (SIR). The EBT fund accounts for employee health benefits through a combination of self-insured and commercial insurance. The SIR fund provides property, casualty, and general liability coverage up to \$75,000 per claim (increased from \$50,000), and also accounts for premium payments to the Arizona Counties Workers' Compensation Pool for workers' compensation coverage.

The SIR fund accounts for the risk financing of certain benefits and losses through combinations of cost-reimbursement, self-insurance for losses up to certain limits, participation in public entity risk pools, and the purchase of insurance for losses above the limits. Settled claims have not exceeded risk pool coverage or the purchased commercial insurance in any of the past 6 fiscal years. The EBT Fund accounts for the financing of the uninsured risk of loss for certain health benefits (comprehensive major medical, prescriptions, dental, life, and accidental death and dismemberment) to eligible employees and their dependents. The County is self-insured up to certain limits, with commercial insurance to cover losses above the limits. The life insurance is 100 percent commercial insurance. Under the health insurance program, the employees have a preferred provider organization program. The County is fully self-insured for dental, which is administered by Delta Dental. Settled medical and dental claims have not exceeded available self-insurance funds, or the purchased commercial insurance, in any of the past 6 fiscal years.

Compensated absences and insurance claims— Compensated absences are paid from various funds in the same proportion that those funds pay payroll costs. Insurance claims are paid from the internal service funds. During fiscal year 2021, the County's liability for compensated absences is allocated as follows: 63 percent to the general fund, 13 percent to other major funds, and 24 percent to other nonmajor funds.

The County paid for health insurance claims through the EBT Fund. The claims paid from the EBT Fund were medical claims funded through payroll deductions and contributions from county funds. The self-insured trust fund was funded \$1.6 million; \$1.257 million (70.3 percent) by the general fund, \$363 thousand (20.3 percent) by the road fund, \$30.6 thousand (1.7 percent) by the flood control fund, \$25.4 thousand (1.4 percent) by internal service funds, \$55 thousand (3.1 percent) by enterprise funds, and \$57.6 thousand (3.2 percent) by other governmental funds this past year to cover insurance expense and possible settlements.

# NOTE 9 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The insurance claims payable liability of the SIR and EBT Funds totaling \$2,358,949 included in the balance below at June 30, 2021, is the estimated ultimate cost of settling claims that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported. This estimate is based on actuarial estimates provided by the County's healthcare administrator (based on claims received subsequent to June 30, 2021) and Arizona Counties Property and Casualty Pool (based on expected outcomes of outstanding lawsuits and incurred but not reported occurrences). Changes in the funds' claims payable for the years ended June 30, 2020, and 2021, were as follows:

	 2020	2021
Claims payable, beginning of year	\$ 2,104,379	\$ 2,150,495
Claims incurred and changes in estimates	10,616,421	12,431,324
Claims paid	 (10,570,305)	 (12,222,870)
Claims payable, end of year	\$ 2,150,495	\$ 2,358,949

### NOTE 10 - FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The fund balance classifications of the governmental funds as of June 30, 2021, were as follows:

			Flood Control	County Capital Improvement	American Rescue Plan	Other Governmental	
Fund balances:	General Fund	Road Fund	Fund	Fund	Act Fund	Fund	Total
Nonspendable:							
Inventories	-	\$ 198,039	\$ 104,037	-	-	-	\$ 302,076
Prepaid items	\$ 39,010	1,154	12,953			<u>\$ 104,202</u>	157,319
Total nonspendable	39,010	199,193	116,990			104,202	459,395
Restricted for:							
Government services	824	-	-	-	-	7,675,815	7,676,639
Public safety	-	-	7,867,231	-	-	4,433,267	12,300,498
Highways and streets	-	16,784,010	-	-	-	-	16,784,010
Health	-	-	-	-	-	1,946,048	1,946,048
Welfare	-	-	-	-	-	2,532,808	2,532,808
Education	-	-	-	-	-	630,097	630,097
Culture and recreation		-	-	-	-	6,791,056	6,791,056
Total restricted	824	16,784,010	7,867,231			24,009,091	48,661,156
Committed to:							
Culture and recreation	101,281	-	-	-	-	-	101,281
Sanitation	-	-	-	-	-	413,659	413,659
Capital projects				12,711,497		902,898	13,614,395
Total committed	101,281			12,711,497		1,316,557	14,129,335
Unassigned:	55,745,656				\$ 83,487	973,260	56,802,403
Total fund balances	\$ 55,886,771	<u>\$ 16,983,203</u>	<u>\$ 7,984,221</u>	<u>\$ 12,711,497</u>	\$ 83,487	\$ 26,403,110	<u>\$ 120,052,289</u>

### **NOTE 11 – RISK MANAGEMENT**

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. For these risks of loss, the County joined and is covered by two public entity risk pools: the Arizona Counties Property and Casualty Pool and the Arizona Counties Workers' Compensation Pool, which are described below.

The Arizona Counties Property and Casualty Pool is a public entity risk pool currently composed of 13 member counties. The pool provides member counties catastrophic loss coverage for risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; cyber security; and natural disasters; and provides risk management services. Such coverage includes all defense costs as well as the amount of any judgment or settlement. The County is responsible for paying a premium, based on its exposure in relation to the exposure of the other participants, and a deductible ranging from \$10,000 to \$500,000 per occurrence for property claims and \$75,000 per occurrence for liability claims. The County is also responsible for any payments, in excess of the maximum coverage of \$300 million per occurrence for property claims and \$15 million per occurrence for liability claims. However, lower limits apply to certain categories of losses. A county must participate in the pool at least 3 years after becoming a member; however, it may withdraw after the initial 3-year period.

The Arizona Counties Workers' Compensation Pool is a public entity risk pool currently composed of 13 member counties. The pool provides member counties with workers' compensation coverage, as law requires, and risk management services. The County is responsible for paying a premium, based on an experience-rating formula that allocates pool expenditures and liabilities among the members.

The Arizona Counties Property and Casualty Pool and the Arizona Counties Workers' Compensation Pool receive independent audits annually and an audit by the Arizona Department of Insurance every 5 years. Both pools accrue liabilities for losses that have been incurred but not reported. These liabilities are determined annually based on an independent actuarial valuation. If a pool were to become insolvent, the County would be assessed an additional contribution.

### NOTE 12 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The County contributes to the plans described below. The plans are component units of the State of Arizona. At June 30, 2021, the County reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for all plans to which it contributes:

Statement of net position and	G	overnmental	E	Business-type	
statement of activities		activities		activities	 Total
 Net pension and OPEB assets	\$	(1,900,115)	\$	(11,131)	\$ (1,911,246)
Net pension and OPEB liabilities		127,088,506		2,708,897	129,797,403
Deferred outflows of resources					
related to pensions and OPEB		28,159,012		586,957	28,745,969
Deferred inflows of resources					
related to pensions and OPEB		1,877,506		43,231	1,920,737
Pension and OPEB expense		14,341,507		454,341	14,795,848

# NOTE 12 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

The County's accrued payroll and employee benefits includes \$347,863 of outstanding pension and OPEB contribution amounts payable to all plans for the year ended June 30, 2021. Also, the County reported \$10,573,727 of pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures in the governmental funds related to all plans to which it contributes.

# A. Arizona State Retirement System

**Plan Description** - County employees not covered by the other pension plans described below participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its website at www.azasrs.gov.

**Benefits Provided** - The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms.

Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

Retirement

ACDC	Initial membership date:						
ASRS	initiai membersiip date.						
_	Before July 1, 2011	On or after July 1, 2011					
Years of service	Sum of years and age equals 80	30 years, age 55					
and age required	10 years, age 62	25 years, age 60					
receive benefit	5 years, age 50*	10 years, age 62					
	Any years, age 65	5 years, age 50*					
		Any years, age 65					
Final average salary is	Highest 36 consecutive months	Highest 60 consecutive months					
based on	of last 120 months	of last 120 months					
Benefit percent per year of							
service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%					
*With actuarially reduced benefit	ts.						

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earnings. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the retirement benefit option chosen determines the survivor benefit. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

# NOTE 12 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. For members with 10 or more years of service, benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents. For members with 5 to 9 years of service, the benefits are the same dollar amounts as above multiplied by a vesting fraction based on completed years of service.

Active members are eligible for a monthly long-term disability benefit equal to two-thirds of monthly earnings. Members receiving benefits continue to earn service credit up to their normal retirement dates. Members with long-term disability commencement dates after June 30, 1999, are limited to 30 years of service or the service on record as of the effective disability date if their service is greater than 30 years.

Contributions In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2021, active ASRS members were required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.22 percent (12.04 percent for retirement and 0.18 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and statute required the County to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.22 percent (11.65 percent for retirement, 0.39 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.18 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll. In addition, the County was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 10.21 percent (10.14 percent for retirement, and 0.07 percent for long-term disability) of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the County in positions that an employee who contributes to the ASRS would typically fill. The County's contributions to the pension, health insurance premium benefits and long-term disability plans for the year end June 30, 2021, were \$4,913,473, \$164,485, and \$75,916, respectively.

During fiscal year 2021, the County paid for ASRS pension and OPEB contributions as follows: 54 percent from the General Fund, 28 percent from the Other Major Funds, and 18 percent from the Other Funds.

**Liability** - At June 30, 2021, the County reported the following asset and liabilities for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension/OPEB asset or liability.

	Net Pension/OPEI				
ASRS	(Asset) Liability				
Pension	\$	62,278,444			
Health Insurance Premium Benefit		(257,031)			
Long-term Disability		274,018			

The net asset and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2020. The total liability used to calculate the net asset or net liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

# NOTE 12 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

The County's proportion of the net asset or net liability was based on the County's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020. The County's proportions measured as of June 30, 2020, and the change from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2019, were:

		Increase
	Proportion June	(decrease) from
ASRS	30, 2020	June 30, 2019
Pension	0.35944%	0.01197
Health Insurance Premium Benefit	0.36304%	0.01145
Long-term Disability	0.36121%	0.01146

**Expense** — For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized the following pension and OPEB expense.

	Pension/OPEB		
ASRS		Expense	
Pension	\$	5,932,288	
Health Insurance Premium Benefit		80,908	
Long-term Disability		87,007	

**Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources** — At June 30, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

Health Insurance Premium

			Health Insura	ince Premium			
	Pen	sion	Benefit		Long-term Disability		
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	
ASRS	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 563,416	•		\$ 506,463	\$ 23,846	\$ 7,056	
Changes of assumptions	\$ 303,410	Φ -		\$ 500,405	\$ 23,640	\$ 7,030	
or other inputs	-	-	\$ 142,496	-	29,524		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan					20.4.50		
investments Changes in proportion	6,006,829	-	262,989	-	30,169	-	
and differences between County contributions and							
proportionate share of contributions County contributions	1,179,573	480,124	5	1,646	5,618	2,967	
subsequent to the							
measurement date	4,913,473		164,485		75,916	<u> </u>	
Total	<u>\$12,663,291</u>	<u>\$ 480,124</u>	<u>\$ 569,975</u>	\$ 508,109	<u>\$ 165,073</u>	<u>\$ 10,023</u>	

# NOTE 12 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions and OPEB resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expense as follows:

			Health Insurance		Long-term	
Year ending June 30,	Pension		Premium Benefit		Disability	
2022	\$	838,405	\$	(55,014)	\$	12,887
2023		2,400,674		626		17,783
2024		2,172,734		12,795		18,681
2025		1,857,881		(14,373)		16,816
2026		-		(46,653)		9,002
Thereafter		_		<u>-                                    </u>		3,965
Totals	\$	7,269,694	\$	(102,619)	\$	79,134

Actuarial Assumptions - The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

### **ASRS**

June 30, 2019 Actuarial valuation date Actuarial roll forward date June 20, 2020 Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Investment rate of return 7.5%

Projected salary increases 2.7-7.2% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB

Inflation 2.3%

Permanent benefit increase Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB

2017 SRA Scale U-MP for pensions and health insurance premium benefit Mortality rates

Recovery rates 2012 GLDT for long-term disability

Healthcare cost trend rate Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS plan investments was determined to be 7.5 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

ASRS	Target	Long-term expected geometric
Asset Class	allocation	real rate of return
Equity	50%	6.39%
Fixed income - credit	20%	5.44%
Fixed income - interest rate sensitive	10%	0.22%
Real estate	20%	5.85%
Total	100%	_
=		

# NOTE 12 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

**Discount Rate** - The discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension/OPEB liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the ASRS net pension/OPEB (asset) liability to changes in the discount rate - The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB (asset) liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.5 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

Cumont

	Current			
ASRS	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
County's proportionate share of the	(6.5%)	(7.5%)	(8.5%)	
Net pension liability	\$ 85,164,927	\$ 62,278,444	\$ 43,146,520	
Net insurance premium benefit liability (asset)	337,252	(257,031)	(762,787)	
Net long-term disability liability	299,183	274,018	204,263	

**Plan Fiduciary Net Position** - Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

### **B. Public Safety Personnel Retirement System**

Plan Descriptions - The Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) administers agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plans that cover public safety personnel who are regularly assigned hazardous duty as employees of the State of Arizona or participating political subdivisions. Employees who became members on or after July 1, 2017, may participate in the Public Safety Personnel Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (PSPDCRP). The PSPRS, acting as a common investment and administrative agent, is governed by a nine-member board, known as Board of Trustees, and the participating local boards according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4. Employees who were PSPRS members before July 1, 2017, participate in the agent plans, and those who became PSPRS members on or after July 1, 2017, participate in the cost-sharing plans (PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool) which are not further disclosed because of their insignificance to the County's financial statements.

County detention officers and Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) probation, surveillance, and juvenile detention officers participate in the Corrections Officer Retirement Plan (CORP) or the Public Safety Personnel Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (PSPDCRP). The CORP administers an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and an agent multiple-employer defined benefit health

#### NOTE 12 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan for county detention officers (agent plans), which were closed to new members as of July 1, 2018, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan for AOC officers (cost-sharing plans). Employees who were CORP members before July, 1 2018, participate in CORP, and AOC probation and surveillance officers who became members on or after July 1, 2018, participate in CORP or PSPDCRP. Detention officers who became members on or after July 1, 2018, participate in PSPDCRP. The PSPRS Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern CORP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 6.

The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that included their financial statements and required supplementary information for the PSPRS plan. The report is available on the PSPRS website at www.psprs.com.

**Benefits Provided** - The PSPRS and CORP provide retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

<u>PSPRS</u>	Initial membershi	p date:			
	Before January 1, 2012	On or after January 1, 2012 and before July 1, 2017			
Retirement and Disability:					
Years of service and age required to receive benefit	20 years of service, any age 15 years of service, age 62	25 years of service or 15 years of credited service, age 52.5			
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 months consecutive of last 20 years	Highest 60 months consecutive of last 20 years			
Benefit percent: Normal Retirement	50% less 2.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years OR plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited service over 20 years, not to exceed 80%	1.5% to 2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%			
Accidental Disability Retirement Catastrophic Disability Retirement	50% or normal retirement, whichever is greater  90% for the first 60 months then reduced to either 62.5% or normal retirement, whichever is greater				
Ordinary Disability Retirement Survivor Benefit: Retired Members	Normal retirement calculated with actual years of credited service or 20 years of credited service, whichever is greater, multiplied by years of credited service (not to exceed 20 years) divided by 20 80% to 100% of retired member's pension benefit				
Active Members	80% to 100% of accidental disability retirement benefit or 100% of average monthly compensation if death was the result of injuries received on the job				

#### NOTE 12 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

CORP		Initial membership date:	
	Before January 1, 2012	On or after January 1, 2012 and before July 1, 2018	AOC probation and surveillance officers: On or after July 1, 2018
Retirement and disability			
Years of service and age required to receive benefit	Sum of years and age equals 80 20 years, any age 10 years, age 62	25 years, age 52.5 10 years, age 62	10 years, age 52.5* 10 or more years, age 55
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 10 years	Highest 60 consecutive mo	onths of last 10 years
Benefit percent			
Normal retirement	2.0% to 2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%	2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%	1.25% to 2.25% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%
Accidental disability retirement	50% or normal retirement if more than 20 years of credited service	50% or normal retirement if more than	an 25 years of credited service
Total and permanent disability retirement	50% or normal	retirement if more than 25 years of creditor	ed service
Ordinary disability retirement		2.5% per year of credited service	
Survivor benefit			
Retired members	80	% of retired member's pension benefit	
Active members		ion or 100% of average monthly compens is no surviving spouse or eligible childrentimes the member's contributions.	

<sup>\*</sup> With actuarially reduced benefits.

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on inflation. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. Benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents

#### NOTE 12 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

**Employees Covered by Benefit Terms** - At June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the agent plans' benefit terms:

_	PSPRS Sheriff		CORP I	Detention
<u>-</u>	Pension	Health	Pension	Health
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	54	59	19	19
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	29	6	91	0
Active employees	59	54	60	60
Total	142	119	170	79

**Contributions** - State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS and CORP employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS and CORP pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2021, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

			County-health
	Active member		insurance
	pension	County-pension	premium benefits
PSPRS Sheriff	7.65% - 11.65%	54.67%	0%
CORP Detention	8.41%	6.82%	0%
CORP AOC	8.41%	33.58%	0.53%

In addition, statute required the County to contribute at the actuarially determined rate indicated below of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the County in positions that an employee who contributes to the PSPRS or CORP would typically fill and employees participating in the PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool and PSPDCRP members in addition to the County's required contributions to the PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool and PSPDCRP.

		Health Insurance
	Pension	Premium Benefit
PSPRS Sheriff	42.73%	- %
CORP Detention	6.00%	- %
CORP AOC	27.84%	0.21%

#### NOTE 12 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

The County's contributions to the plans for the year ended June 30, 2021, were:

		Health	Insurance
	 Pension	Premi	um Benefit
PSPRS Sheriff	\$ 2,787,673		-
CORP Detention	287,043		-
CORP AOC	1,297,947	\$	20,486

During fiscal year 2021, the County paid for PSPRS and CORP pension and OPEB contributions as follows: 80 percent from the General Fund, and 20% from the Other Funds.

**Liability** - At June 30, 2021, the County reported the following assets and liabilities:

	Net Pension	n Net OPEB	
	(Asset) Liabil	lity (Asset) Liabilit	ty
PSPRS Sheriff	\$ 28,643,8	864 \$ (772,15	0)
CORP Detention	1,555,8	828 (529,53	4)
CORP AOC (County's proportionate share)	14,382,4	427 119,89	92

The net assets and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total liability used to calculate the net asset or liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

**Actuarial Assumptions** - The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

#### **PSPRS and CORP**

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.3%
Wage inflation	3.5% for pension/not applicable for OPEB
Price inflation	2.5% for pension/not applicable for OPEB
Cost-of-living adjustment	1.75% for pension/not applicable for OPEB
Mortality rates	PubS – 2010 tables.
Healthcare cost trend rate	Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2017.

#### NOTE 12 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS and CORP plans investments was determined to be 7.3 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Geometric
115500 01455		Real Rate of Return
U.S. public equity	23%	4.93%
International public equity	15%	6.09%
Global private equity	18%	8.42%
Other assets (capital appreciation)	7%	5.61%
Core bonds	2%	.22%
Private credit	22%	5.31%
Diversifying strategies	12%	3.22%
Private equity	12%	8.40%
Cash - Mellon	1%	-0.60%
Total	100%	

**Discount Rates** - At June 30, 2020, the discount rate used to measure the PSPRS and CORP total pension/OPEB liabilities was 7.3 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

### NOTE 12 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

**Changes in the Net Pension/OPEB Liability** - Changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are as follows for the year ended June 30, 2021:

PSPRS - Sheriff:	Pension Increase (Decrease)			Health Insurance Premium Benefit Increase (Decrease)		
	Total	Plan	Net Pension	Total	Plan	Net OPEB
	Position	Fiduciary Net	(Asset)	OPEB	Fiduciary Net	(Asset)
	Liability	Position	Liability	Liability	Position	Liability
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	(a)	(b)	(a) – (b)
Balances at June 30, 2020	49,329,822	\$ 23,636,860	\$ 25,692,962	\$ 674,399	\$ 1,508,632	\$ (834,233)
Adjustment to the beginning of						
the year:		(15,800)	15,800		-	-
Service cost	732,194	-	732,194	20,115	-	20,115
Interest on the total liability	3,541,781	-	3,541,781	50,210	-	50,210
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	9,198	-	9,198
Differences between						
expected and actual						
experience in the						
measurement of the						
liability	1,910,084	-	1,910,084	-	-	-
Changes of assumptions or						
other inputs	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions—employer	-	2,602,728	(2,602,728)	-	-	-
Contributions—employee	-	370,865	(370,865)	-	-	-
Net investment income	-	299,816	(299,816)	-	18,984	(18,984)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee						
contributions	(3,088,939)	(3,088,939)	-	(31,995)	(31,995)	-
Administrative expense	-	(24,452)	24,452	-	(1,544)	1,544
Other changes		<u>-</u>		_	-	-
Net changes	3,095,120	160,018	2,935,102	47,528	(14,555)	62,083
Balances at June 30, 2021	<u>\$ 52,424,942</u>	<u>\$ 23,781,078</u>	<u>\$ 28,643,864</u>	\$ 721,927	\$ 1,508,632	\$ (772,150)

NOTE 12 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

		Pension		Health Insura	nce Premium B	enefit Increase
<b>CORP - Detention</b>	Increase (Decrease)			(Decrease)		
	Total	Plan	Net Pension	Total	Plan	Net Pension
	Position	Fiduciary	(Asset)	OPEB	Fiduciary	(Asset)
	Liability	Net Position	Liability	Liability	Net Position	Liability
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$ 8,678,060	\$ 8,343,314	\$ 334,746	\$ 175,627	\$ 713,042	\$ (537,415)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	414,356	_	414,356	9,359	-	9,359
Interest on the total liability	648,230	-	648,230	13,335	-	13,335
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	_	_	-
Differences between						
expected and actual						
experience in the						
measurement of the						
pension liability	782,236	-	782,236	4,224	-	4,224
Changes of assumptions or						
other inputs	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions—employer	-	181,055	(181,055)	-	-	-
Contributions—employee	-	220,355	(220,355)	-	-	-
Net investment income	-	232,485	(232,485)	-	19,803	(19,803)
Benefit payments, including						
refunds of employee						
contributions	(425,110)	(425,110)	-	(4,635)	(4,635)	-
Administrative expense	-	(8,998)	8,998	-	(766)	766
Other changes		(1,157)	1,157			
Net changes	1,419,712	198,630	1,221,082	(22,283)	14,402	7,881
Balances at June 30, 2021	<u>\$ 10,097,772</u>	<u>\$ 8,541,944</u>	<u>\$ 1,555,828</u>	<u>\$ 197,910</u>	<u>\$ 727,444</u>	<u>\$ (529,534)</u>

The County's proportion of the CORP AOC net pension and OPEB liabilities was based on the County's actual contributions to the plans relative to the total of all participating counties' actual contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020. The County's proportion measured as of June 30, 2020, and the change from its proportions measured as of June 20, 2019, were:

	Proportion	Increase
CORP AOC	June 30, 2020	(decrease) from
	%	June 30, 2019
Pension	3.010974%	(0.076204)
Health insurance premium benefit	3.044476%	(0.033502)

#### NOTE 12 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the County's Net Pension/OPEB (Asset) Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the County's net pension/OPEB (assets) liabilities calculated using the discount rates noted above, as well as what the County's net pension/OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

		1% Decrease (6.3%)	D	Current iscount Rate (7.3%)		1% Increase (8.3%)
PSPRS Sheriff				_		
Net pension liability	\$	35,521,641	\$	28,643,864	\$	23,034,785
Net OPEB (asset) liability		(684,603)		(772,150)		(845,272)
CORP Detention						
Net pension liability		3,023,892		1,555,828		373,420
Net OPEB (asset) liability		(502,909)		(529,534)		(551,708)
CORP AOC						
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability		18,270,308		14,382,427		11,206,514
County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability		174,298		119,892		73,995
Net OPEB (asset) liability CORP Detention Net pension liability Net OPEB (asset) liability CORP AOC County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	y	(684,603) 3,023,892 (502,909) 18,270,308	Ą	(772,150) 1,555,828 (529,534) 14,382,427	Ą	(845,272) 373,420 (551,708) 11,206,514

**Plan Fiduciary Net Position** - Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS and CORP financial reports.

**Expense** - For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized the following pension and OPEB expense:

	Pens	Pension Expense		EB Expense
PSPRS Sheriff	\$	4,138,229	\$	(60,790)
CORP Detention		517,978		(41,822)
CORP AOC		2,203,112		(4.327)

**Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources** - At June 30, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

			Health Insura	ince Premium		
PSPRS	Pen	sion	Ber	Benefit		
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred		
	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of		
	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual						
experience	\$1,674,079	\$ -	\$ 7,360	\$ 101,196		
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	719,782	-	5,340	8,276		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments  County contributions subsequent to the	1,302,002	-	80,478			
measurement date	2,787,673					
Total	\$ 6,483,536	\$ -	\$ 93,178	\$ 109,472		

### NOTE 12 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

			Health Insura	ance Premium	
<b>CORP</b> - Detention	Pen	sion	Benefit		
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	¢ (70 (17	\$ 334,290	¢ 2.619	¢ 92.027	
•	\$ 679,617	\$ 334,290	- )		
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Net difference between projected and actual	178,777		2,496	14,232	
earnings on pension plan investments	340,237		28,881		
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	287,043		20,486		
Total	<u>\$ 1,485,674</u>	<u>\$ 334,290</u>	<u>\$ 55,481</u>	<u>\$ 97,169</u>	
			Health Insura	nce Premium	
CORP - AOC	Pen	sion	Ber	nefit	
CORP - AOC					
CORP - AOC	Pensis Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of	Ber Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of	
CORP - AOC	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	
Differences between expected and actual	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 1,498,021	Deferred Inflows of	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 58,452	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Net difference between projected and actual	Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 1,498,021 462,525	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 1,498,021	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 58,452	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences	Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 1,498,021 462,525	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 3,553	Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 58,452	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between County contribution and proportionate share of contributions	Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 1,498,021 462,525	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 3,553	Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 58,452	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between County contribution and proportionate share of contributions County contributions subsequent to the	Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 1,498,021 462,525 623,482	Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 171,078	Deferred Outflows of Resources  \$ 3,553 15,658	Deferred Inflows of Resources  \$ 58,452 25,858	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between County contribution and proportionate share of contributions	Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 1,498,021 462,525 623,482	Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 171,078	Deferred Outflows of Resources  \$ 3,553 15,658	Deferred Inflows of Resources  \$ 58,452 25,858	

#### NOTE 12 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase in the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

	PSPRS	Sheriff	CORP D	Detention	CORP	-AOC
Year Ending June 30,	Pension	Health	Pension	Health	Pension	Health
2022	\$ 1,360,530	\$ (23,755)	\$ 209,315	\$ (13,431)	\$ 915,472	\$ (23,914)
2023	1,200,401	(10,247)	294,581	(8,350)	893,967	(16,246)
2024	851,048	(2,116)	287,917	(8,563)	753,541	(3,837)
2025	283,884	19,824	72,528	(11,195)	389,232	(5,945)
2026				(11,715)		(420)
Thereafter				(8,920)		
	\$ 3,695,863	\$ (16,294)	\$ 864,341	\$ (62,174)	\$ 2,952,212	\$ (50,362)

**PSPDCRP Plan**—County sheriff employees, County detention officers and AOC probation, surveillance, and juvenile detention officers who are not members of PSPRS or CORP participate in the PSPDCRP. The PSPDCRP is a defined contribution pension plan. The PSPRS Board of Trustees governs the PSPDCRP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4.1. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, are established by State statute.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, active PSPDCRP members were required by statute to contribute at least 9 percent (County sheriff employees) or 5 percent (County detention officers and AOC probation, surveillance, and juvenile detention officers) of the members' annual covered payroll, and the County was required by statute to contribute 9 percent or 5 percent, respectively, of active members' annual covered payroll to an individual employee account. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and the earnings of those contributions. Employees vest in a portion of the County's contributions each year as set forth in statute. The plan retains nonvested County contributions when forfeited because of employment terminations. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$24,490.

#### C. Elected Officials Retirement Plan

Plan description—Elected officials and judges participate in the Elected Officials Retirement Plan (EORP), ASRS, or the Elected Officials Defined Contribution Retirement System (EODCRS). EORP administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan for elected officials and judges who were members of the plan on December 31, 2013. The EORP pension and OPEB plans were closed to new members as of January 1, 2014. The PSPRS Board of Trustees governs the EORP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 3. The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the EORP plans. The report is available on PSPRS's website at www.psprs.com.

**Benefits provided**—The EORP provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average yearly compensation, and service credit as follows:

#### NOTE 12 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

EORP	Initial membership date:				
	Before January 1, 2012	On or after January 1, 2012			
Retirement and disability					
Years of service and age required to	20 years, any age	10 years, age 62			
receive benefit	10 years, age 62	5 years, age 65			
	5 years, age 65	any years and age if disabled			
	5 years, any age*				
	any years and age if disabled				
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 10 years	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 10 years			
Benefit percent					
Normal retirement	4% per year of service, not to exceed 80%	3% per year of service, not to exceed 75%			
Disability retirement	80% with 10 or more years of service 40% with 5 to 10 years of service 20% with less than 5 years of service	75% with 10 or more years of service 37.5% with 5 to 10 years of service 18.75% with less than 5 years of service			
Survivor benefit	•				
Retired members	75% of retired member's benefit	50% of retired member's benefit			
Active members and other inactive members	75% of disability retirement benefit	50% of disability retirement benefit			

<sup>\*</sup>With reduced benefits of 0.25% for each month early retirement precedes the member's normal retirement age, with a maximum reduction of 30%.

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on inflation. In addition, the Legislature may enact permanent one-time benefit increases after a Joint Legislative Budget Committee analysis of the increase's effects on the plan. Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. For members with 8 or more years of service, benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents. For members with 5 to 7 years of service, the benefits are the same dollar amounts as above multiplied by a vesting fraction based on completed years of service.

Contributions— State statutes establish active member and employer contribution requirements. Statute also appropriates \$5 million annually through fiscal year 2043 for the EORP from the State of Arizona to supplement the normal cost plus an amount to amortize the unfunded accrued liability and designates a portion of certain court fees for the EORP. For the year ended June 30, 2021, statute required active EORP members to contribute 7 or 13 percent of the member's annual covered payroll and the County to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 61.43 percent of all active EORP members' annual covered payroll. Also, statute required the County to contribute 49.39 percent to EORP of the annual covered payroll of elected officials and judges who were ASRS members and 55.43 percent to EORP of the annual covered payroll of elected officials and judges who were EODCRS members, in addition to the County's required contributions to ASRS and EODCRS for these elected officials and judges. The County made \$1,567,920 in contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### NOTE 12 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

The health insurance premium benefit plan was 100% funded and required no contribution. During fiscal year 2021, the County paid for EORP pension contributions as follows: 95 percent from the General Fund, and 5 percent from other funds.

**Liability**—At June 30, 2021, the County reported a liability for its proportionate share of the EORP's net pension liability that reflected a reduction for the County's proportionate share of the State's appropriation for EORP. The amount the County recognized as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the County were as follows:

County's proportionate share of the EORP net pension liability	\$ 22,542,930
State's proportionate share of the EORP net pension liability	
associated with the County	2,142,526
Total	\$ 24,685,456

The County also reported an asset of \$352,530 for its proportionate share of the EORP's net OPEB asset. The net asset and net liability were measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total liability used to calculate the net asset or net liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's required contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' required contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020. The County's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the County's present value of benefits relative to the total of all participating employers' present value of benefits for the year ended June 30, 2020. The County's proportion measured as of June 30, 2020, and the change from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2019, were:

EORP	Proportion	Increase (decrease)
	June 30, 2020	from
_	%	June 30, 2019
Pension	3.339882 %	(0.193593)
Health insurance premium benefit	3.691217 %	0.038757

**Expense**— For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized pension and OPEB expense for EORP of \$1,899,268 and \$(20,400) respectively, and revenue of \$(186,799) for the County's proportionate share of the State's appropriation to EORP and the designated court fees.

**Deferred outflows/inflows of resources**— At June 30, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

#### NOTE 12 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

<b>EORP</b>				nsurance
	Pen	sion	premiur	n benefit
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred
	outflows of	inflows of	outflows of	inflows of
	resources	resources	resources	resources
Differences between expected and actual experience		\$ 18,502	\$ 5,791	\$ 14,650
Changes of assumptions or other inputs			407	
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on plan investments	\$ 434,422		40,017	
Change in proportion and differences				
between county contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions	640,087			7,078
County contributions, subsequent to				
the measurement date	1,567,920			
Total	\$ 2,642,429	\$ 18,502	<u>\$ 46,215</u>	<u>\$ 21,728</u>

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to EORP pensions and OPEB resulting from county contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net asset or reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to EORP pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses, as follows:

Year ending June 30	Pension	Health insurance premium benefit
2022	\$ 681,087	\$ (1,221)
2023	140,011	4,183
2024	136,979	12,626
2025	 97,930	8,899
Total	\$ 1,056,007	<u>\$ 24,487</u>

**Actuarial assumptions**—The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

|--|

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.3%
Wage inflation	3.75% for pension/not applicable for OPEB
Price inflation	2.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Cost-of-living adjustment	1.75% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Mortality rates	PubG-2010 tables
Healthcare cost trend rate	Not applicable

#### NOTE 12 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on EORP plan investments was determined to be 7.3 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

#### **EORP**

	Target	Long-term expected geometric real rate of
Asset class	allocation	return
Asset class	anocation	Tetam
U.S. public equity	23%	4.93%
International public equity	15%	6.09%
Global private equity	18%	8.42%
Other assets (capital appreciation)	7%	5.61%
Core bonds	2%	.22%
Private credit	22%	5.31%
Diversifying strategies	12%	3.22%
Cash - Mellon	1%	-0.60%
Total	100%	

**Discount rates**— At June 30, 2020, the discount rate used to measure the EORP total pension liability and total OPEB liability was 7.3 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, employer contributions will be made actuarially determined rates, and State contributions will be made as currently required by statute. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the EORP net pension/OPEB (asset) liability to changes in the discount rate— The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB (asset) liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.3, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.3 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.3 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
EORP	(6.3%)	(7.3%)	(8.3%)
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 25,716,790	\$ 22,542,930	\$ 19,829,187
County's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	(311,840)	(352,530)	(388,041)

#### NOTE 12 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

**Plan fiduciary net position**—Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued EORP financial report.

**EODCRS Plan**—Elected officials and judges who are not members of EORP or ASRS participate in the EODCRS and the Elected Officials Defined Contribution Retirement System Disability Program (EODCDP). The EODCRS is a defined contribution pension plan. The EODCDP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit disability (OPEB) plan for EODCRS members. The PSPRS Board of Trustees governs the EODCRS and EODCDP according to the provision of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 3.1 and 3.2. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, are established by state statute. The EODCDP is not further disclosed because of its relative insignificance to the County's financial statements.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, active EODCRS members were required by statute to contribute 8 percent of the members' annual covered payroll, and the County was required by statue to contribute 6 percent of the active members' annual covered payroll to an individual employee account. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and the County's contributions to the individual employee account and the earnings on those contributions. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$1,567,920.

#### NOTE 13 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

Interfund receivable and payables - Interfund balances as of June 30, 2021, were as follows:

		Payable from		
	General fund	Flood control fund	Other governmental funds	Total
Payable to				
General fund			\$ 4,321	\$ 4,321
Road fund	\$ 63,729	\$ 8,341		72,070
Flood control fund	494			494
City capital improvement fund	34,414			34,414
Other governmental funds	15,920		90,872	106,792
Landfill fund	257			257
GVID fund	908			908
Parks fund	4,724			4,724
Other Enterprise funds	2,426			2,426
Internal service funds	4,778			4,778
Total	\$ 127,650	\$ 8,341	\$ 95,193	\$ 231,184

The interfund receivables and payables result from year-end accruals and adjustments. Cash will be transferred within the first few months of the next fiscal year for these transactions

#### NOTE 13-INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY (CONTINUED)

**Interfund transfers**—Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021, were as follows:

	Transfer to									
		General County fund capital fund		govern	Other governmental funds		Total	1		
Transfer from										
General fund			\$ 10,500,000	\$ 2,592	2,637	\$ 372,392	2 \$ 13,465	5,029		
Flood control fund	\$	405,256		261	1,600		666	5,856		
Other governmental funds		1,249,606		532	2,503		1,782	2,108		
Landfill		1,000,000		20	0,000		1,020	),000		
GVID				58	3,861		58	3,861		
Internal service funds				259	9,748		259	9,748		
Total	\$	2,654,862	\$ 10,500,000	\$ 3,725	5,349	\$ 372,392	2 \$ 17,252	2,602		

The general fund transfers monies to other funds to provide support for such items as matching funds for grants or to make up the shortfall of grant-funded programs that the County feels are important. Other funds also transfer monies to reimburse for shared expenses and to cover matching grants.

#### NOTE 14 - COUNTY TREASURER'S INVESTMENT POOL

Arizona Revised Statutes require community colleges, school districts, and other local governments to deposit certain public monies with the County Treasurer. The Treasurer has a fiduciary responsibility to administer those and the County's monies under her stewardship. The Treasurer invests, on a pool basis, all idle monies not specifically invested for a fund or program. In addition, the Treasurer determines the fair value of those pooled investments annually at June 30.

The County Treasurer's investment pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company, and there is no regulatory oversight of its operations. The pool's structure does not provide for shares, and the County has not provided or obtained any legally binding guarantees to support the value of the participants' investments. The Treasurer allocates interest earnings to each of the pool's participants.

The deposits and investments held by the County are included in the County Treasurer's investment pool, except for \$5,112,127 of deposits held by other county departments and \$669,861 of deposits held by trustees in the County's name. Therefore, the deposit and investment risks of the Treasurer's investment pool are substantially the same as the County's deposit and investment risks. See Note 4 for disclosure of the County's deposit and investment risks.

#### NOTE 14 – COUNTY TREASURER'S INVESTMENT POOL (CONTINUED)

Details of each major investment classification follow:

Investment type	Principal	Interest rate(s)	Maturities	Amount
U.S. agency securities	\$ 36,201,128	.250-2.25%	7/21-7/22	\$ 36,345,497
U.S. Treasury notes	84,411,784	1.25-2.875%	7/21-11/23	85,432,245
Corporate bonds	2,671,146	N/A	N/A	35,000
State Treasurer's Investment Pool	175,506,994	None stated	N/A	175,506,994
	\$ 298,791,052			<u>\$ 297,319,736</u>

A condensed statement of the investment pool's net position and changes in net position follows:

Statement of fiduciary net position	
Assets	\$ 297,384,053
Net position	\$ 297,384,053
Net position held for:	
Internal participants	\$ 184,106,008
External participants	113,278,045
Total net position	\$ 297,384,053
Statement of changes in fiduciary net position	
Total additions	\$ 530,481,103
Total deductions	(489,719,962)
Net increase	40,761,141
Net position:	
July 1, 2020	256,622,912
June 30, 2021	

#### **NOTE 15 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT**

Subsequent to June 30, 2021, Mohave County received notice from the State of Arizona that the State will receive a settlement from Johnson & Johnson as part of a class action opiate litigation. Mohave County's share of the settlement is expected to be \$5,880,990 and will be received during fiscal year 2022-2023.

In the prior year's subsequent event note, it was disclosed that the Arizona court found in favor of TransWestern pipeline and that the balance owed was paid on November 19, 2020. Subsequent to that date, the State of AZ decided to reimburse all the local governments for the payouts they made, due to the fact that the taxes were centrally assessed by the State. The reimbursement was received after June 30, 2021 and accrued to these financials. The resulting net effect on Mohave County's financials was zero, for this fiscal year.

#### **NOTE 16 – CONTINGENT LIABILITY**

There is a lawsuit that is still outstanding. The payout is estimated at \$2.47 million statewide, and .5 million for Mohave County and its blended component units, if the plaintiffs prevail. It has been outstanding for several years. The tax court found in favor of the plaintiff; however, the case is now in the appeals process. At the date of this report, there has been no decision from the appellate court. No accrual was done for this contingent liability pending the outcome of the appeal.

#### NOTE 17 - CREDIT CARD PAYMENTS BY GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

A.R.S. §35-391 requires the annual financial report to disclose the amount of any reward, discount, incentive, or other financial consideration received resulting from the use of credit card payments by governmental entities. During fiscal year 2021, \$82,570 in rebates were received from the use of credit card payments by the County.

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### OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# MOHAVE COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	V	ariance with
		Original		Final		Amounts	I	Final Budget
REVENUES:		_		_		_		_
Taxes	\$	42,450,839	\$	42,450,839	\$	42,641,230	\$	190,391
Licenses and permits		1,452,566		1,452,566		2,293,544		840,978
Intergovernmental		48,519,762		48,847,515		52,730,378		3,882,863
Charges for services		9,386,140		9,388,274		9,549,489		161,215
Fines and forfeits		1,414,627		1,414,627		1,215,412		(199,215)
Investment earnings		531,337		531,337		170,368		(360,969)
Contributions		80,665		109,891		160,328		50,437
Miscellaneous		813,300		563,300		666,623		103,323
Total revenues		104,649,236	_	104,758,349		109,427,372		4,669,023
EXPENDITURES:								
General government:								
Assessor		3,911,303		3,896,306		3,770,613		125,693
County attorney		4,940,800		4,940,800		4,606,744		334,056
County manager		401,588		401,588		329,759		71,829
Clerk of board		314,174		314,174		262,987		51,187
Community services department		404,562		404,562		388,339		16,223
General administration		2,754,118		2,742,343		1,838,463		903,880
Clerk of superior court		2,680,764		2,680,764		2,373,937		306,827
Constables		543,793		546,756		535,688		11,068
Contingency		8,837,834		8,703,229		-		8,703,229
Economic development department		641,040		641,040		299,911		341,129
Elections		811,904		826,509		766,572		59,937
Finance		1,266,215		1,266,215		1,229,034		37,181
Facilities maintenance		3,053,729		3,053,729		2,793,590		260,139
Justice courts		3,665,466		3,670,819		3,514,966		155,853
Juvenile detention		1,475,002		1,461,404		1,424,868		36,536
Human resources		424,374		424,374		390,336		34,038
Planning & zoning department		2,281,825		2,281,825		1,767,830		513,995
Public fiduciary		581,987		601,987		584,543		17,444
Public defender		6,934,413		6,934,413		6,265,251		669,162
Public legal defender		1,219,994		1,219,994		1,040,673		179,321
Building inspector		2,070,783		2,070,783		1,594,323		476,460
Procurement		469,758		469,758		458,626		11,132
Recorder		886,921		835,444		753,691		81,753
Superior courts		4,579,335		4,579,335		4,201,660		377,675
Treasurer		2,189,888		2,189,888		1,631,620		558,268
Voter registration		590,619		819,849		470,475		349,374
Supervisory districts		1,273,485		1,279,078	_	1,097,130		181,948
Total general government		59,205,674	_	59,256,966	_	44,391,632	_	14,865,334

# MOHAVE COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
(Continued)				
Expenditures:				
Public safety:	Ф 1 022 012	Ф 1 022 012	Φ 750.607	Ф 202.215
Adult detention center maintenance	\$ 1,033,912			
Animal control	1,136,212	1,162,640	1,131,547	31,093
Jail	13,254,533	13,254,533	12,088,779	842,031
Medical examiner	701,740	701,740	701,740	-
Probation	2,089,780	2,103,378	2,103,378	- 505 ((2
Sheriff	15,889,496	15,892,294	15,306,631	585,663
Total public safety	34,105,673	34,148,497	32,406,496	1,742,001
Health: A.H.C.C.C.S.	11,277,400	11,277,400	10,570,967	706,433
Culture and recreation:				
Fairgrounds	126,299	126,299	20,252	106,047
				<u> </u>
Education:				
School superintendent	461,272	461,272	419,179	42,093
•				
Capital outlay	509,917	509,917	323,722	186,195
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	-	99,548	(99,548))
Interest and fiscal charges			14,460	(14,460)
Total debt service			114,008	(114,008)
Total expenditures	105,686,235	105,780,351	88,246,256	17,534,095
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	(1,036,999)	(1,022,002)	21,181,116	22,303,762
OTHER EDIANORIC COURCES				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
(USES):	2 070 461	2.070.461	2 (54 0 (2	(224 500)
Transfers in	2,979,461	2,979,461	2,654,862	(324,599)
Transfers out	(13,856,274)	(13,871,271)	(13,465,029)	406,242
Proceeds of sale of County property			100,643	100,643
Total other financing sources	(10.07(.012)	(10.001.010)	(10.700.524)	102.207
(uses)	(10,876,813)	(10,891,810)	(10,709,524)	182,286
Net changes in fund balance	(11,913,812)	(11,913,812)	10,471,592	22,385,404
Fund balances, July 1, 2020	38,485,504	38,485,504	45,415,179	6,929,675
Fund balances, Juny 1, 2020 Fund balances, June 30, 2021	\$ 26,571,692	\$ 26,571,692	\$ 55,886,771	
1 and varances, June 30, 2021	<u>v 40,3/1,094</u>	<u>\$ 40,371,094</u>	<u>υ 33,000,7/1</u>	<u>\$ 29,315,079</u>

#### MOHAVE COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - ROAD FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Buc	lge	t	Actual		Va	riance with
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES:								
Licenses and permits	\$	45,000	\$	45,000	\$	49,610	\$	4,610
Intergovernmental		18,506,000		18,506,000		20,140,196		1,634,196
Charges for services		45,500		45,500		92,003		46,453
Fines and forfeits		500		500		345		(155)
Investment earnings		300,000		300,000		53,131		(246,869)
Rents		75,965		75,965		77,046		1,081
Miscellaneous		401,534		401,534		181,385		(220,149)
Total revenues		19,374,549		19,374,549		20,593,716		1,219,167
EXPENDITURES:								
Highway and streets	_	35,630,757		35,630,757		20,609,511		15,021,246
Total expenditures		35,630,757		35,630,757		20,609,511		15,021,246
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	_(	16,256,208)	_(	16,256,208)		(15,795)		16,240,413
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:								
Proceeds of sale of County property						19,292		19,292
Total other financing sources						19,292		19,292
Net changes in fund balances	(	16,256,208)	(	16,256,208)		3,497		16,259,705
Fund balances, July 1, 2020		16,256,208		16,256,208		16,936,382		680,174
Increase in reserve for inventory		-		-		43,324		43,324
Fund balances, June 30, 2021	\$		\$		\$	16,983,203	\$	16,983,203

# MOHAVE COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – FLOOD CONTROL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Buc	lge	t	Actual		Va	riance with
	Original		Final		Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$ 8,662,111	\$	8,662,111	\$	8,946,026	\$	283,915
Licenses and permits	3,000		3,000		3,550		550
Intergovernmental	-		-		34		34
Charges for services	12,500		12,500		37,050		24,550
Investment earnings	100,000		100,000		31,287		(68,713)
Miscellaneous	20,000		20,000		6,346		(13,654)
Total revenues	 8,797,611		8,797,611		9,024,293		226,682
EXPENDITURES:	1.565.004		1.7.667.004		0.000.500		<b>-</b> 222 <b>-</b> 222
Public safety	 15,665,324		15,665,324		8,332,733		7,332,592
Total expenditures	 15,665,324	_	15,665,324		8,332,733		7,332,592
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	(6.06= =1.0)		(6.065.51.0)		604 760		o
(under) expenditures	 (6,867,713)		(6,867,713)		691,560		7,559,274
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:							
Transfers in	1,599		1,599		_		(1,599)
Transfers out	(727,142)		(727,142)		(666,856)		60,286
Total other financing sources	 (725,543)		(725,543)		(666,856)		58,687
8	 <u> </u>		<u> </u>		(,,		
Net changes in fund balances	(7,593,256)		(7,593,256)		24,704		7,617,961
Fund balances, July 1, 2020	7,593,256		7,593,256		7,984,989		391,733
Decrease in reserve for inventory	 	_			(25,472)		(25,472)
Fund balances, June 30, 2021	\$ -	\$	-	\$	7,984,221	\$	7,984,221

# MOHAVE COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – AMERICAN RESUCE PLAN ACT FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Вι	ıdget			Actual	Variance with	
	C	Original		Final	Amounts		Final Budget	
REVENUES:								
Investment earnings	\$	-	\$	-	\$	83,487	\$	83,487
Total revenues		-		_		83,487		83,487
EXPENDITURES:								
General government		-		-				-
Total expenditures		-		-		-		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		_				83,487		83,487
Net changes in fund balances		-		-		83,487		83,487
Fund balances, July 1, 2020		_		_		_		_
Fund balances, June 30, 2021	\$	-	\$	-	\$	83,487	\$	83,487

## MOHAVE COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1 BUDGETING AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

A.R.S. requires the County to prepare and adopt a balanced budget annually for each governmental fund. The Board of Supervisors must approve such operating budgets on or before the third Monday in July to allow sufficient time for the legal announcements and hearings required for the adoption of the property tax levy on the third Monday in August. A.R.S. prohibits expenditures or liabilities in excess of the amounts budgeted.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level. In certain instances, transfers of appropriations between departments or from the contingency account to a department may be made upon the Board of Supervisors' approval. With the exception of the general fund, each fund includes only one department.

#### NOTE 2 BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The County's budget is prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. There are no differences between the budget and the annual financial report based on the basis of accounting used.

#### NOTE 3 AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT FUND

The American rescue plan act did not have a fiscal year 2021-22 budget. Notification of the award came late in the year. The investment earnings reflected on the budgetary comparison schedule were accrued at the end of the year and no expenditures were expected to be incurred during this fiscal year, so no budget was added. There were no expenditures until well into the fiscal year 2022-23.

# MOHAVE COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION/OPEB LIABILITY COST-SHARING PLANS

JUNE 30, 2021

			JOI 12 30,	2021					
	Reporting Fiscal Year								
-							nent Date)		
	2021	2020	2019	2018		2017	2016	2015	2014 through
ASRS – Pension	(2020)	(2019)	(2018)	(2017)		(2016)	(2015)	(2014)	2012
County's proportion of the net pension									Information
liability	.36%	0.36%	0.36%	0.35%		0.37%	0.38%	0.39%	
County's proportionate share of the net									not available
pension liability	\$ 62,278,444	\$ 50,560,928		\$ 55,221,074	\$	59,477,988		57,859,101	
County's covered payroll	\$ 39,618,550	\$ 36,706,673	\$ 35,556,097	\$ 34,720,762	\$	34,138,216	\$ 35,153,250 \$	35,362,673	
County's proportionate share of the net									
pension liability as a percentage of its									
covered payroll	157.20%	137.73%	140.36%	159.04%		174.23%	168.57%	163.62%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage									
of the total pension liability	69.33%	73.24%	73.40%	69.92%		67.06%	68.35%	69.49%	
		2021	2020	2019		2018	2017 through		
ASRS - Health Insurance Premium Benefit		(2020)	(2019)	(2018)		(2017)	2012		
County's proportion of the net OPEB (asset)		(.36%)	(0.36%)	(0.36%)		(0.36%)	Information		
County's proportionate share of the net OPE	B (asset)	\$ (257, 031)	\$ (97,163)	,		(194,329)	not available		
County's covered payroll		\$ 39,618,550	\$ 36,706,673	\$ 35,556,097	\$	34,720,762			
County's proportionate share of the net Ol									
(asset) as a percentage of its covered pays		(0.65) %	(0.24) %	(0.36) %		(0.56) %			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of	fthe								
total OPEB liability		104.33%	101.62%	102.20 %		103.57%			
		2021	2020	2019		2018	2017 through		
ASRS - Long-term Disability		(2020)	(2019)	(2018)		(2017)	2012		
County's proportion of the net OPEB liabili	•	0.36%	0.36%	0.36%		0.35%			
County's proportionate share of the net OPI	EB liability	\$ 274,018	\$ 227,843	\$ 187,260	\$	128,581	not available		
County's covered payroll		\$ 39,618,550	\$36,706,673	\$ 35,556,097	\$	34,720,762			
County's proportionate share of the net OPI	EB liability								
as a percentage of its covered payroll		.69%	0.62%	0.53%		0.37%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	of the total								
OPEB liability		68.01%	72.85%	77.83%		84.44%			

# MOHAVE COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION/OPEB LIABILITY COST-SHARING PLANS

JUNE 30, 2021

Reporting Fiscal Year

	(Measurement Date)									
CORP AOC - Pension	2021 (2020)	2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	20 (20			2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)	2015 (2014)	2014 through 2012
County's proportion of the net pension liability	3.01 %	2.93%	2.97%	2.7	1%	2	2.67%	2.65%	2.71%	Information
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$14,382,427	\$ 12,382,985	\$10,709,213	\$10,884	4,138 \$		7,523,107	\$6,438,542	\$6,077,411	not available
County's covered payroll County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its	\$3,673,246	\$ 3,612,401	\$3,449,848	\$3,042	2,429 \$		2,936,852	\$2,943,898	\$ 2,914,858	
covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total	391.57 %	342.79%	310.43%	357.	75%		256.16%	218.71%	208.50%	
pension liability	50.07%	51.99%	53.72%	49.2	21%	5	4.81%	57.89%	58.59%	
	_									
CORP AOC - Health Insuran Premium Benefit	<u>ice</u>	2021 (2020)	2020 (2019)		2019 (2018)		2018 (2017)	2017 throug 2012	gh	
County's proportion of the OPEB liability	net	3.01 %	2.95%		2.99%		2.72%	Informatio	n	
County's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	the	\$119,892	\$ 109,109	\$	153,649	\$	160,270	not availab	le	
County's covered payroll		\$3,673,246	\$ 3,612,401	\$	3,449,848	\$	3,042,429			
County's proportionate share o net OPEB liability as a percer				Φ		Φ	, ,			
of its covered payroll  Plan fiduciary net position  percentage of the total O		3.26 %	3.03%		4.45%		5.27%	0		
liability		75.08%	75.64%		67.75%		62.21%	ó		

# MOHAVE COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION/OPEB LIABILITY COST-SHARING PLANS JUNE 30, 2021

Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 through **EORP** - Pension (2020)(2019)(2018)(2017)(2016)(2015)(2014)2012 County's proportion of the net Information pension liability 3.40 % 3.15% 3.42% 2.62% 2.51% 2.37% 2.53% County's proportionate share of the not available net pension liability \$ 20,865,471 21,581,830 \$ 31,957,961 \$ 23,741,585 \$ 16,967,857 \$ 22,542,930 18,541,752 \$ State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the County 1,961,138 3,697,907 6,632,705 4,899,011 5,780,547 5,202,503 2,142,510 Total \$ 24,685,440 \$ 22,826,609 25,279,737 38,590,666 28,640,596 \$ 24,322,299 22,170,360 County's covered payroll 2,157,272 \$ 2,553,611 \$ 2,437,576 2,311,048 \$ 2,180,142 \$ 1,753,759 \$ 2,366,603 County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll 882.79 % 855.99% 933.85% 1,465.87% 1,353.75% 859.50% 716.97% Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 29.80% 30.14% 30.36% 19.66% 23.42% 28.32% 31.91% EORP - Health Insurance Premium 2019 2017 through 2021 2020 2018 2012 Benefit (2020)(2019)(2018)(2017)County's proportion of the net OPEB (asset) 3.69 % (3.65)%3.51 % 3.32 % Information County's proportionate share of the net not available OPEB (asset) \$ (352,530) \$ (357,737) \$ (362,754) \$ (302,772) County's covered payroll \$ 2,553,611 \$ 2,437,576 \$ 2,311,048 \$ 2,180,142 County's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) as a

See accompanying notes to pension plan schedule.

(15.70)%

177.16%

(14.68) %

169.72%

(13.89)%

164.84%

percentage of its covered payroll

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB

liability

(13.81) %

169.89%

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S NET PENSION/OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)

### AND RELATED RATIOS – AGENT PLANS

JUNE 30, 2021

Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)

DCDDC Chariff	2021	2020 (2019)		2019 (2018)		2018 (2017)		2017		2016 (2015)		2015	2014 through 2012
PSPRS – Sheriff	(2020)	(2019)		(2018)		(2017)		(2016)		(2013)		(2014)	2012
Total pension liability:	A 722 104	0.44.246	Ф	700 207	Φ	066.017	Ф	720.110	Ф	056.120	Ф	0.41.053	T. C
Service cost	\$ 732,194	\$ 844,346	\$	788,297	\$	966,017	\$	738,110	\$	856,128	\$	841,853	Information
Interest on the total pension liability	3,541,781	3,402,084		3,214,798		3,003,684		2,932,447		2,908,448		2,507,303	not available
Changes of benefit terms	-	-		-		425,471		1,255,658		-		743,169	
Differences between expected and actual													
experience in the measurement of the	1 010 004	46.700		490 574		207 100		(5(0,079)		(707 (97)		(02( (02)	
pension liability	1.910,084	46,799		480,574		396,188		(569,078)		(797,687)		(926,693)	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	-	1,015,153		-		1,538,482		1,409,917		-		3,668,599	
Benefit payments, including refunds of	(2,000,020)	(2.216.642)		(2.500.212)		(2.104.457)		(2.271.240)		(1.022.002)		(1.520.402)	
employee contributions	(3,088,939)	(2,216,642)		(2,589,312)	_	(3,104,457)	_	(3,271,340)		(1,932,983)		(1,529,492)	
Net change in total pension liability	3,095,120	3,091,740		1,894,357		3,225,385		2,495,714		1,033,906		5,304,739	
Total pension liability—beginning	49,329,822	46,238,082	_	44,343,725	_	41,118,340	_	38,622,626	_	37,588,720	_	32,283,981	
Total pension liability—ending (a)	<u>\$52,424,942</u>	<u>\$ 49,329,822</u>	\$	46,238,082	\$	44,343,725	\$	41,118,340	<u>\$</u>	38,622,626	<u>\$</u>	37,588,720	
Plan fiduciary net position:													
Contributions—employer	\$ 2,602,728	\$ 3,186,768	\$	2,809,701	\$	1,836,800	\$	1,623,099	\$	1,232,825	\$	1,174,898	
Contributions—employee	370,865	355,252		399,901		504,665		510,843		476,318		485,480	
Net investment income	299,816	1,166,370		1,334,686		2,131,234		110,794		708,906		2,343,758	
Benefit payments, including refunds of													
employee contributions	(3,088,939)	2,216,642		(2,589,312)		(3,104,457)		(3,271,340)		(1,932,983)		(1,529,492)	
Hall/Parker settlement	-	-		(535,232)				-		-		-	
Administrative expense	(24,452)	(21,271)		(21,014)		(19,258)		(16,343)		(17,672)		(18,876)	
Other changes	(15,800)			246	_	(155,786)		(68,502)		10,751		(180,019)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	144,214	2,470,477		1,398,976		1,193,198		(1,111,449)		478,145		2,275,749	
Plan fiduciary net position—beginning	23,636,860	21,166,383		19,767,702		18,574,504		19,685,953		19,207,808		16,932,059	
Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b)	\$ 23,871,078	\$ 23,636,860	\$	21,166,678	\$	19,767,702	\$	18,574,504	\$	19,685,953	\$	19,207,808	
County's net pension liability (asset)—													
ending (a) $-$ (b)	\$28,643,864	\$25,692,962	¢	25,071,404	¢	24,576,023	¢	22,543,836	¢	18,936,673	Ф	18,380,912	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of	\$40,043,004	\$45,094,904	Ф	23,071,404	Ф	24,370,023	Ф	44,545,650	Ф	10,730,073	Ф	10,300,912	
the total pension liability	45 260/	47.92%		45 700/		11 500/		45 170/		50.070/		51 100/	
	45.36%		¢	45.78%	¢	44.58%	¢	45.17%	¢	50.97%	Ф	51.10%	
Covered payroll	\$4,891,043	\$4,357,353	Þ	4,414,050	Þ	4,241,502	Э	4,188,771	Э	4,310,395	Э	4,486,194	
County's net pension liability (asset) as a													
percentage of													
covered payroll	585.64%	589.65%		567.99%		579.42%		538.20%		439.33%		409.72%	

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S NET PENSION/OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS - AGENT PLANS

JUNE 30, 2021

Reporting Fiscal Year
(Measurement Date)

_	(Measurement Date)									
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017 through					
PSPRS - Sheriff OPEB	(2020)	(2019)	(2018)	(2017)	2012					
Total OPEB liability:										
Service cost	\$ 20,115	\$ 15,957 \$	16,755	\$ 19,767	Information					
Interest on the total OPEB liability	50,210	56,203	54,751	54,418	not available					
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	6,427						
Differences between expected and actual experience in the										
measurement of the OPEB liability	9,198	(137,378)	(34,511)	(13,127)						
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	-	8,899	-	(28,604)						
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee										
contributions	(31,995)	(25,646)	(24,275)	(21,852)						
Net change in total OPEB liability	47,528	(81,965)	12,720	17,029						
Total OPEB liability—beginning	674,399	756,364	743,644	726,615						
Total OPEB liability—ending (a)	<u>\$ 721,927</u>	<u>\$ 674,399</u> <u>\$</u>	756,364	<u>\$ 743,644</u>						
Plan fiduciary net position:										
Contributions—employer	\$ -	\$ - \$	(295)	\$ -						
Contributions—employee	-	-	-	-						
Net investment income	18,984	78,333	96,159	147,573						
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee	(31,995)		(24,275)	(21,852)						
contributions		(25,646)								
Administrative expense	(1,544)	(1,352)	(1.464)	(1,306)						
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	-	51,335	70,125	124,415						
Plan fiduciary net position—beginning	<u>1,508,632</u>	1,457,297	1,386,877	1,262,462						
Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b)	<u>\$ 1,494,077</u>	<u>\$1,508,632</u> \$	1,457,002	<u>\$ 1,386,877</u>						
County's net OPEB (asset) liability—ending (a) – (b)	\$ (772,150)	\$ (834,233) \$	(700,638)	\$ (643,233)						
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB										
liability	206.96%	223.70%	192.63%	186.50%						
Covered payroll	\$4,891,043	\$ 4,357,353 \$	4,414,050	\$ 4,341,502						
County's net OPEB (asset) liability as a percentage of										
covered payroll	(15.79) %	(19.15) %	(15.87) %	(14.82) %						

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S NET PENSION/OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)

## AND RELATED RATIOS - AGENT PLANS JUNE 30, 2021

							Re	eport	ting Fiscal Yea	ar (M	easurement Da	ate)		
	2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	2014 through
CORP - Detention	(2020)		(2019)		(2018)		(2017)		(2016)		(2015)		(2014)	2012
Total pension liability:														
Service cost	\$ 414,356	\$	526,994	\$	614,868	\$	513,320	\$	522,178	\$	527,226	\$	535,075	Information
Interest on the total pension liability	648,230		588,077		592,728		498,282		502,287		476,424		404,294	not available
Changes of benefit terms	-		-		(271,185)		1,002,759		23,016		-		52,115	
Differences between expected and actual					( , ,,		,,		- ,				- , -	
experience in the measurement of the														
pension liability	782,235		185,879		(589,476)		(132,391)		(441,945)		(255,141)		(44,513)	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	-		219,311		-		149,218		238,838		-		309,034	
Benefit payments, including refunds of														
employee contributions	(425,110)	_	(524,394)		(734,302)		(697,451)		(492,035)		(341,013)		(325,442)	
Net change in total pension liability	1,419,712		995,867		(387,367)		1,333,737		352,339		407,496		930,563	
Total pension liability—beginning	8,678,060	_	7,682,193		8,069,560		6,735,823		6,383,484		5,975,988		5,045,425	
Total pension liability—ending (a)	<u>\$ 10,097,772</u>	\$	8,678,060	\$	7,682,193	<u> </u>	\$ 8,069,560	\$	6,735,823	\$	6,383,484	\$	5,975,988	
Plan fiduciary net position:														
Contributions—employer	\$ 181,055	\$	192,899	\$	228,873	\$	222,521	\$	277,167	\$	265,631	\$	288,751	
Contributions—employee	220,355	•	243,273	-	300,474	•	311,185	*	331,483	*	330,465	-	328,515	
Net investment income	232,485		432,909		534,696		828,794		42,247		243,014		776,232	
Benefit payments, including refunds of	- ,		- %		,				, .		- /-		, -	
employee contributions	(425,110)		(524,394)		(734,302)		(697,451)		(492,035)		(341,013)		(325,442)	
Administrative expense	(8,998)		(8,426)		(8,789)		(7,650)		(6,374)		(6,374)		-	
Other changes	(1,157)		-		(158)		(47)		(66,110)		(82,072)		(439,949)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	198,630		336,261		320,794		657,352		86,378		409,651		628,107	
Plan fiduciary net position—beginning	8,343,314	_	8,007,053		7,686,259		7,028,907		6,942,529		6,532,878		5,904,771	
Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b)	\$ 8,541,944	\$	8,343,314	\$	8,007,053	\$	7,686,259	\$	7,028,907	\$	6,942,529	\$	6,532,878	
County's net pension liability (asset)—														
ending $(a) - (b)$	\$ 1,555,828		\$334,746	\$	(324,860)	\$	383,301	\$	(293,084)	\$	(559,045)	\$	(556,890)	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of	. , , ,		, -	•	( , , , , ,	•	, ,		( , , , ,	•	, , ,		· / · /	
the total pension liability	84.59 %		96.14 %		104.23 %		95.25 %		104.35 %		108.76 %		109.32 %	
Covered payroll	\$4,313,915	\$	3,370,075	\$	3,582,040	\$	3,697,257	\$	3,910,641	\$	3,910,769	\$	4,107,411	
County's net pension liability (asset) as a														
percentage of covered payroll	36.07 %		9.93 %		(9.07) %		10.37 %		(7.49) %		(14.30) %		(13.56) %	

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S NET PENSION/OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)

#### AND RELATED RATIOS - AGENT PLANS JUNE 30, 2021

Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2017 through 2021 2020 2019 2018 **CORP** - Detention OPEB (2019)(2018)(2020)(2017)2012 Total OPEB liability: Service cost \$ 9,359 \$11,648 \$ 11,232 \$ Information 12,131 Interest on the total OPEB liability 17,538 17,154 19,090 not available 13,335 Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the OPEB liability 4,224 (18,058)(79,515)(23,009)Changes of assumptions or other inputs 3,329 (28,276)Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions (7,301)(4,635)(5,440)(7,012)22,283 Net change in total OPEB liability (52,440)(1,635)(22,414)Total OPEB liability—beginning 252,116 175,627 228,067 229,702 Total OPEB liability—ending (a) 175,627 \$ 228,067 \$ 727,444 229,702 Plan fiduciary net position: Contributions—employer \$ -\$ \$ Contributions—employee 19,803 Net investment income 37,085 46,261 68,817 Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions (5,440)(7,012)(4,635)(7,301)Administrative expense (766)(662)(700)(602)Other changes Net change in plan fiduciary net position 14,402 30,983 38,549 60,914 Plan fiduciary net position—beginning 713,042 682,059 643,510 582,596 Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b) 727,444 713,042 \$ 682,059 643,510 County's net OPEB (asset) liability—ending (a) – (b) \$ (529,534) \$ (537,415) \$ (453,992) \$ (413,808)Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability 367.56 % 406.00% 299.06% 280.15% Covered payroll \$4,313,915 \$ 3.370,075 \$ 3,582,040 \$ 3,697,257 County's net OPEB (asset) liability as a percentage of covered

(12.28) %

(15.95)%

(12.67) %

(11.19)%

payroll

# MOHAVE COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS JUNE 30, 2021

			Reporting Fiscal Year							
ASRS- Pension	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013 through 2012	
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 4,913,473	\$ 4,536,324	\$4,103,806	\$3,876,705	\$3,742,898	\$3,771,411	\$3,828,189	\$3,771,598	Information not available	
County's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	4,913,473	4,536,324	4,103,806	<u>3,876,705</u>	3,742,898	<u>3,771,411</u>	3,828,189	<u>3,771,598</u>		
County's contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>		
County's covered payroll County's contributions as a	\$ 42,175,732	\$ 39,618,550	\$ 36,706,673	\$ 35,556,097	\$34,720,762	\$34,138,216	\$35,153,250	\$35,362,373		
percentage of covered payroll	11.65 %	11.45 %	11.18 %	10.90 %	10.78 %	11.05 %	10.89 %	10.67 %		

<sup>\*</sup> No disclosure was provided on OPEB information as it was considered insignificant to the financial statements.

		Reporting Fiscal Year								
CORP AOC - Pension	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013 through 2012	
Statutorily required contribution County's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$ 1,297,947	\$ 1,128,054	\$ 1,191,370	\$ 776,560	\$ 609,950	\$ 564,751	\$ 438,052	\$ 421,197	Information not available	
	1,297,947	1,128,054	<u>1,191,370</u>	776,560	609,950	<u>564,751</u>	438,052	<u>421,197</u>		
County's contribution deficiency										
(excess)	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -		
County's covered payroll	3,865,239	\$3,673,246	\$3,612,401	\$3,449,848	\$3,042,429	\$2,936,852	\$2,943,898	\$2,914,858		
County's contributions as a percentage										
of covered payroll	33.58 %	30.71 %	32.98 %	22.51 %	20.05 %	19.23 %	14.88 %	14.45 %		

<sup>\*</sup> No disclosure was provided on OPEB information as it was considered insignificant to the financial statements.

# MOHAVE COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS JUNE 30, 2021

Reporting Fiscal Year 2013 through **EORP- Pension** 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2012 512,333 \$ 421.134 \$ Statutorily required contribution \$ 1,568,683 \$ 1,627,129 \$ 543,096 506,959 \$ 539,153 \$1,567,920 Information not available County's contributions in relation to the statutorily required 1,567,920 1,568,683 1,499,109 512,333 421,134 539,153 contribution 506,959 County's contribution deficiency (excess) County's covered payroll \$ 2,552,368 \$2,553,611 \$2,437,576 \$2,311,048 \$ 2,180,142 \$ 1,753,759 \$ 2,157,272 \$ 2,366,603 County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll 61.43 % 61.43 % 61.50 % 23.50 % 24.01 % 23.50 % 22.78 %

<sup>\*</sup> No disclosure was provided on OPEB information as it was considered insignificant to the financial statements.

		Reporting Fiscal Year							
PSPRS - Sheriff	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013 through 2012
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 2,787,673	\$ 2,673,933 \$	2,283,253 \$	2,296,189	\$ 1,862,504	\$1,623,099	\$ 1,232,773	\$1,174,898	Information
County's contributions in relation to the actuarially	2 707 (72	2 (52 022	2 202 252	2 207 100	1.062.504	1 (22 000	1 222 552	1 174 000	not available
determined contribution County's contribution	2,787,673	2,673,933	2,283,253	2,296,189	1,862,504	1,623,099	1,232,773	1,174,898	
deficiency (excess) County's covered payroll	\$ - \$ 5,108,435	\$\frac{\$\ -\\ \$4,891,043} \\$	- 4,357,353 \$	4,414,050	\$ - \$ 4,341,502	\$\frac{\$-}{\$4,188,771}	\$ - 4,310,395	\$ - \$4,486,194	
County's contributions as a percentage of covered									
payroll	54.57 %	54.67 %	52.40 %	52.02 %	42.90 %	38.75 %	28.60 %	26.19 %	

<sup>\*</sup> No disclosure was provided on OPEB information as it was considered insignificant to the financial statements.

# MOHAVE COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS JUNE 30, 2021

Reporting Fiscal Year 2013 through **CORP** - Detention 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2012 Actuarially determined Information contribution \$ 294,209 225,795 \$ 229,251 \$ 221,835 \$ 277,167 \$ 265,631 \$287,043 \$288,751 County's contributions in relation not available to the actuarially determined contribution 287,043 294,209 225,795 229,251 221,835 277,167 265,631 288,751 County's contribution deficiency (excess) \$4,313,915 \$3,370,075 3,582,040 \$ 3,697,257 \$ 3,910,641 \$ 3,910,769 County's covered payroll \$ 3,552,512 County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll 8.08 % 7.03% 6.82% 6.70% 6.40% 6.00% 7.09% 6.79%

<sup>\*</sup> No disclosure was provided on OPEB information as it was considered insignificant to the financial statements.

#### MOHAVE COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO THE COUNTY'S PENSION/OPEB PLAN SCHEDULES JUNE 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1 – ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTION RATES

Actuarially determined contribution rates for PSPRS and CORP are calculated as of June 30 two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percent-of-pay, closed

Remaining amortization period as 17 years

of the 2019 actuarial valuation

Asset valuation method 7-year smoothed market; 80%/120% market corridor

Actuarial assumptions:

In the 2017 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was

decreased from 7.5% to 7.4%. In the 2016 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decrease from 7.85% to 7.5%. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from

8.0% to 7.85%

Projected salary increases In the 2017 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were

decreased from 4.0%-8.0% to 3.5%-7.5% for PSPRS and from 4.0%-7.25% to 3.5%-6.5% for CORP. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 4.5%-8.5% to 4.0%-8.0% for PSPRS and from 4.5%-7.75% to 4.0%-7.25% for CORP. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 5.0%-9.0% to 4.5%-8.5% for PSPRS and from

5.0%-8.25% to 4.5%-7.75% for CORP.

Wage growth In the 2017 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4% to

3.5% for PSPRS and CORP. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0% for PSPRS and CORP. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 5.0% to 4.5%

for PSPRS and CORP.

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type of eligibility

condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience

study of the period July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2011.

Mortality In the 2017 actuarial valuation, changed to RP-2014 tables, with 75% of

MP-2016 fully generational projection scales. RP-2000 mortality table

(adjusted by 105% for both males and females)

## MOHAVE COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO THE COUNTY'S PENSION/OPEB PLAN SCHEDULES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### NOTE 2 - FACTORS THAT AFFECT TRENDS

Arizona courts have ruled that provisions of a 2011 law that changed the mechanism for funding permanent pension benefit increases and increased employee pension contribution rates were unconstitutional or a breach of contract because those provisions apply to individuals who were members as of the law's effective date. As a result, the PSPRS, CORP, CORP-AOC, and EORP changed benefit terms to reflect the prior mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases for those members and revised actuarial assumptions to explicitly value future permanent benefit increases. PSPRS and EORP also reduced those members' employee contribution rates. These changes are reflected in the plans' pension liabilities for fiscal year 2015 (measurement date 2014) for members who were retired as of the law's effective date and fiscal year 2018 (measurement date 2017) for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. These changes also increased the PSPRS-, CORP-, and CORP-AOC required pension contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes increased the PSPRS-, CORP-, and CORP-AOC required contributions beginning in fiscal year 2019 for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. EORP-required contributions are based on actuarial valuation and therefore, these changes did not affect them. Also, the County refunded excess employee contributions to PSPRS and EORP members. PSPRS and EORP allowed the County to reduce its actual employer contributions for the refund amounts. As a result, the County's pension contributions were less than the actuarially or statutorily determined contributions for 2018 and 2019 for the EORP contributions. The County elected not to use the available credits for the PSPRS and made the required contributions.

The fiscal year 2019 (measurement date 2018) pension liabilities for EORP and CORP reflect the replacement of the permanent benefit increase (PBI) for retirees based on investment returns with a cost of living adjustment based on inflation. Also, the EORP liability and required pension contributions for fiscal year 2019 reflect a statutory change that requires the employer contribution rate to be actuarially determined. This change increased the discount rate used to calculate the liability thereby reducing the total pension liability.