GREENLEE COUNTY, ARIZONA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

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Independent Auditors' Report

The Auditor General of the State of Arizona

The Board of Supervisors of Greenlee County, Arizona

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of Greenlee County, Arizona (the County) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of Greenlee County as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, for the year ended June 30, 2015, the County adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 5 through 17, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules on pages 72 through 76, Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Cost-Sharing Pension Plans on pages 77 through 79, Schedule of Pension Contributions on pages 80 through 81, the Schedule of Funding Progress – Public Safety Personnel Retirement System Other Postemployment Benefits on page 82, and Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – Agent Pension Plan on page 83 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Compliance Over the Use of Highway User Revenue Fund and Other Dedicated State Transportation Revenue Monies

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the County failed to use highway user revenue fund monies received by the County pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2, and any other dedicated state transportation revenues received by the County solely for the authorized transportation purposes, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the County's noncompliance with the use of highway user revenue fund monies and other dedicated state transportation revenues, insofar as they related to accounting matters.

The communication related to compliance over the use of highway user revenue fund and other dedicated state transportation revenue monies in the preceding paragraph is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Arizona State Legislature, the Auditor General of the State of Arizona, the Board of Supervisors, management and other responsible parties within the County and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 29, 2016, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Fester & Chapman P.C.

March 29, 2016

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) (Required Supplementary Information) (This page intentionally left blank)

As management of Greenlee County, Arizona (County), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements, which begin on page 20.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$4.7 million (*net position*).
- The County's total net position decreased \$12.7 million, which represents a seventy-three percent decrease from the prior fiscal year, due to a change in accounting for pension liabilities in accordance with GASB No. 68.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$12.9 million, an increase of \$1.4 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 82 percent of this amount (\$10.5 million) is available for spending at the County's discretion (*unassigned fund balance*).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance (the total of the *assigned* and *unassigned* components of *fund balance*) for the General Fund was \$11.3 million, or approximately 92 percent of total General Fund expenditures.
- The County's total outstanding long-term debt increased by \$16.1 million during the current fiscal year primarily due to a change in accounting for pension liabilities in accordance with GASB No. 68.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) the notes to financial statements. This report also includes required supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the County's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported in the fiscal year the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

Both of the government-wide financial statements outline functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, health and welfare, culture and recreation, education, economic development, and interest on long-term debt.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 20 and 21 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The County maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, HURF, Health Services, and Flood Disaster Funds, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 22 through 28 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the County. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs.

The County maintains two different types of fiduciary funds. The Investment Trust Fund is used to account for pooled assets the County Treasurer holds and invests on behalf of other governmental entities. The Agency Fund reports resources held by the County in a custodial capacity for other parties.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 29 and 30 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's budget process and its progress in funding its obligation to provide retirement benefits to its employees. The County adopts an annual budget for all governmental funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the General and major Special Revenue Funds as required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE OVERALL FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$4.7 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following table presents a summary of the County's net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

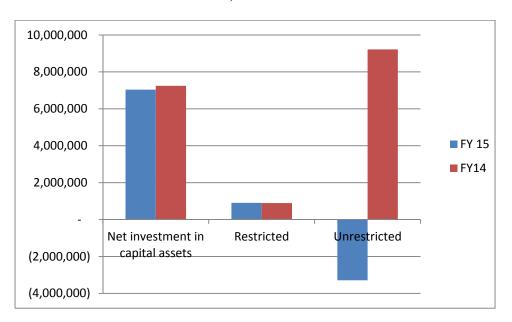
| | As of | As of |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| | June 30, 2015 | June 30, 2014 |
| Current assets | \$ 13,718,240 | \$ 12,162,703 |
| Capital assets, net | 9,078,246 | 9,383,557 |
| Total assets | 22,796,486 | 21,546,260 |
| Deferred outflow of resources – pension plan items | 3,807,204 | |
| Long-term liabilities outstanding | 19,598,363 | 3,530,618 |
| Other liabilities | 768,061 | 655,244 |
| Total liabilities | 20,366,424 | 4,185,862 |
| Deferred inflow of resources – pension plan items | 1,579,359 | |
| Net position: | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 7,039,163 | 7,249,260 |
| Restricted | 906,992 | 873,555 |
| Unrestricted | (3,288,248) | 9,237,583 |
| Total net position | \$ 4,657,907 | \$ 17,360,398 |

The largest portion of the County's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, machinery, equipment, and construction in progress), less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to its citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the County's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. These resources are restricted for the following purposes: information systems, judicial activities, law enforcement activities, jail facilities and operations, waste tire program, fair and racing program and roads and schools.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

At the end of the current fiscal year the County reported positive balances in two categories of net position. Unrestricted net position, which is normally used to meet the County's mission reported a deficit of \$3.3 million. The deficit arose because of the implementation of GASB No. 68, which required the County to record a liability for its proportionate share of the state pensions plan's unfunded liability. The County reported positive balances in all three categories of net position in the prior fiscal year.



Net Position June 30, 2015 and 2014

During the current fiscal year, net position decreased \$12.7 million from the prior fiscal year for an ending balance of \$4.7 million. This was primarily a result of a change in accounting for pension liabilities in accordance with GASB No. 68.

The County's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets. The following are significant transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

- The principal retirement of \$973,161 of capital leases.
- The inception of \$877,947 of capital leases.
- The addition of \$16.0 million of pension liability due to a change in accounting for pension liabilities in accordance with GASB No. 68.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Changes in net position. The County's total revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 were \$20.2 million. The total cost of all programs and services was \$21.0 million. The following table presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

| | Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 | Fiscal Year Ended 5 June 30, 2014 |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|
| Revenues: | | |
| Program revenues: | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 991,367 | \$ 1,023,456 |
| Operating grants and contributions | 5,364,846 | , , |
| Capital grants and contributions | | 138,275 |
| General revenues: | | , |
| Property taxes | 3,768,467 | 3,256,209 |
| County sales taxes for general purposes | 1,491,594 | 2,345,102 |
| Other taxes | 14,400 | 14,400 |
| Share of state sales taxes | 5,537,400 | 5,091,702 |
| Share of state vehicle license tax | 519,328 | 499,118 |
| Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs | 1,974,382 | 2,044,890 |
| Other | 536,876 | 376,428 |
| Total revenues | 20,198,660 | 19,759,820 |
| Expenses: | | |
| General government | 9,322,760 | 6,884,853 |
| Public safety | 5,712,039 | 5,164,846 |
| Highways and streets | 2,482,273 | 3,177,431 |
| Sanitation | 387,858 | 341,682 |
| Health and welfare | 1,939,135 | , , |
| Culture and recreation | 304,429 | |
| Education | 634,124 | |
| Economic development | 82,305 | , |
| Interest on long-term debt | 112,321 | |
| Total expenses | 20,977,244 | |
| Change in net position | (778,584 | , |
| Net position, beginning, as restated | 5,436,491 | |
| Net position, ending | \$ 4,657,907 | \$ 17,360,398 |

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following are significant transactions that have had an impact on the change in net position during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

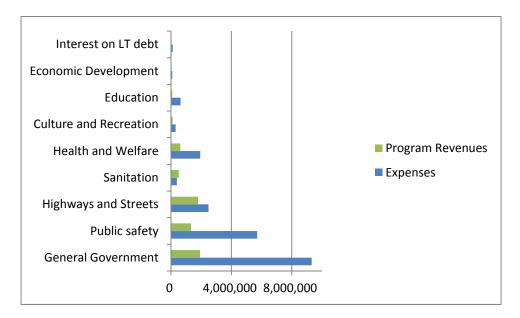
- Charges for services decreased \$32,089 primarily due to a decrease in justice court fines.
- Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$138,275 primarily due to a decrease in funding for a flood emergency that occurred in the prior year.
- Operating grants and contributions increased \$394,606 primarily due an increase in revenue due to the implementation of GASB No. 68.
- Property taxes increased by \$512,258 due to an increase in the overall property tax levy.
- County sales taxes for general purposes decreased by \$853,508 due to a major expansion of the mine in the prior year.
- State shared sales tax increased by \$445,698 due to an overall improvement in the economy.
- State shared vehicle license tax increase by \$20,210 due to an overall improvement in the economy.
- Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs decreased \$70,508 primarily due to a decrease in funding from the Department of the Interior.
- General government expenses increased \$2.4 million primarily due to pension expenses as a result of the implementation of GASB No. 68.
- Highways and streets expenses decreased \$695,158 primarily due to road repairs related to the flooding emergencies incurred in the prior year.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following table presents the cost of the County's major functional activities. The table also shows each function's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid and contributions provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the state's and County's taxpayers by each of these functions.

| | Year Ended | June 30, 2015 | Year Ended | June 30, 2014 |
|----------------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------|
| | Total | Net (Expense)/ | Total | Net (Expense)/ |
| | Expenses | Revenue | Expenses | Revenue |
| General government | \$ 9,322,760 | \$ (7,396,884) | \$ 6,884,853 | \$ (5,903,832) |
| Public safety | 5,712,039 | (4,381,829) | 5,164,846 | (3,889,331) |
| Highways and streets | 2,482,273 | (692,379) | 3,177,431 | (966,607) |
| Sanitation | 387,858 | 125,592 | 341,682 | 175,862 |
| Health and welfare | 1,939,135 | (1,323,982) | 1,963,867 | (1,395,990) |
| Culture and recreation | 304,429 | (200,368) | 330,459 | (266,730) |
| Education | 634,124 | (556,555) | 753,443 | (237,982) |
| Economic development | 82,305 | (82,305) | 46,006 | (46,006) |
| Interest on long-term debt | 112,321 | (112,321) | 120,307 | (120,307) |
| Total | \$20,977,244 | \$ (14,621,031) | \$18,782,894 | \$(12,650,923) |

Expenses and Program Revenues



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

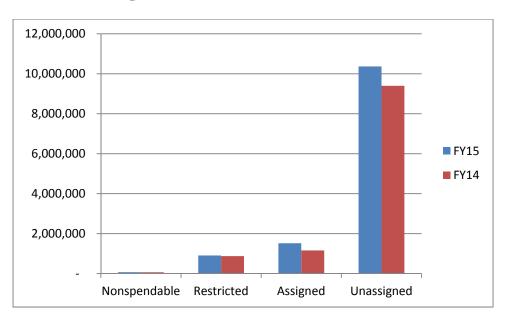
- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$21.0 million.
- Federal and state governments and charges for services subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions and other local revenues of \$6.2 million.
- Net cost of governmental activities of \$14.6 million was financed by general revenues, which are made up primarily of taxes of \$5.3 million, shared state tax revenues of \$6.1 million, and grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs of \$2.0 million.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the County's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the County itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the County's Board.

At June 30, 2015, the County's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$12.9 million, an increase of \$1.4 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 81 percent of this amount (\$10.5 million) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the County's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either nonspendable, restricted, or assigned to indicate that it is 1) not in spendable form (\$71,013), 2) restricted for particular purposes (\$906,992), or 3) assigned for particular purposes (\$1,382,940).

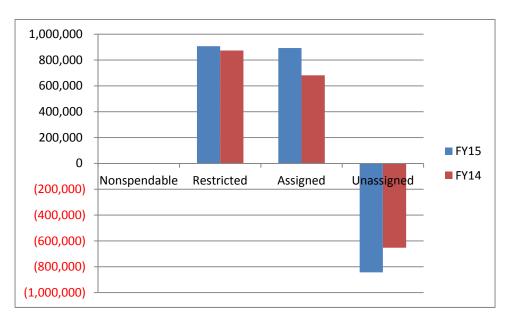


FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

Components of Fund Balance – General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$11.3 million, while total fund balance increased to \$11.9 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total General Fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 91 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents approximately 97 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the County's General Fund increased \$1.3 million during the current fiscal year. The increase was due to increases in property tax revenues and state shared sales tax revenues.



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

Components of Fund Balance Other Governmental Funds

The HURF Fund, a major fund, had a \$151,843 increase in fund balance during the current fiscal year which put the overall fund balance at \$504,367 as of the fiscal year end. The fund revenues increased by \$68,369, and expenditures increased \$114,854. The increase in fund balance can be attributed to proceeds from the sale of capital assets of \$160,000.

The Health Services Fund, another major fund, had a decrease in fund balance during the current year of \$117,818 to bring the year end fund balance to a negative \$318,858. The Health Services Fund revenues increased by \$369,098, and expenditures decreased \$168,063. The increase in revenues can be attributed to an increase in property taxes. The decrease in fund balance can be attributed to a decrease in the amount of transfers from the General fund.

The Flood Disaster Fund, another major fund, had a decrease in fund balance during the current year of \$7,719 to bring the year end fund balance to a negative \$343,733. The Flood disaster revenues decreased by \$554,812 and expenditures decreased by \$956,975. The decrease in both the revenues and expenditures was the result of flooding in the area and the state assistance related to the flood in the prior year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The significant difference between estimated revenues and expenditures and actual revenues and expenditures for the General Fund were as follows:

- Tax revenues exceeded estimates by \$303,255 due primarily to conservative estimates for County sales taxes.
- Intergovernmental revenues exceeded estimates by \$1,438,426 due primarily to conservative estimates for state shared sales taxes.
- Ground and maintenance expenditures were \$137,648 less than budgeted due primarily to anticipated capital expenditures not being incurred.
- Public safety Sheriff expenditures were \$284,670 less than budgeted primarily due to anticipated expenditures not being incurred.
- Public safety Probation expenditures were \$365,500 less than budgeted primarily due to anticipated expenditures not being incurred.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. The County's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2015 amounts to \$9.1 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery, equipment, and construction in progress. The total decrease in capital assets for the current fiscal year was approximately 3 percent.

The following schedule presents a summary of capital asset balances (net of accumulated depreciation) as of June 30, 2015 and 2014.

| | | As of | | As of | | |
|----------------------------|-----|---------------|----|---------------|--|-------------|
| | Jui | June 30, 2015 | | June 30, 2015 | | ne 30, 2014 |
| Land | \$ | 233,654 | \$ | 233,654 | | |
| Infrastructure | | 250,512 | | 259,052 | | |
| Land improvements | | 1,622,485 | | 1,878,805 | | |
| Buildings and improvements | | 1,860,811 | | 1,458,276 | | |
| Machinery and equipment | | 4,794,479 | | 4,681,103 | | |
| Construction in progress | | 316,305 | | 872,667 | | |
| Total | \$ | 9,078,246 | \$ | 9,383,557 | | |

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Heavy machinery acquired through lease purchase agreements for a total cost of \$133,200.
- Vehicles acquired through lease purchase agreements for a total cost of \$498,026.
- Total depreciation expense for the year of \$1.6 million.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 5 in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had \$2.0 million in capital lease long-term debt outstanding, \$777,370 due within one year. This represents a net decrease of \$95,214 due to the inception of \$877,947 in new leases, and the principal retirement of \$973,161.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The fiscal year 2014-15 General Fund budget was 9 percent higher than the previous year, and the total budget exceeded the previous year's budget by 19 percent. The County assessed valuation increased by \$67.4 million. The primary property tax rate increased by \$0.185 while the tax rates for the flood control district increased by \$.02 and public health services increased by \$.02. The County continued to absorb the cost shifts enacted by the legislature without a reduction in services including funding the loss to the HURF Fund due to the shift of allocations in the state shared highway user revenue fund monies. State shared sales/severance tax was above the budgeted amount due to the very strong copper market.

For fiscal year 2015-16, the County adopted a budget that reflects a 7.5 percent increase in the General Fund and a 1.0 percent overall increase. The copper market remains strong, and the recent expansion at the Morenci mine has proceeded as anticipated. This has resulted in a very low unemployment rate throughout the County. The County continues to use conservative revenue projections to ensure a sustainable budget.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the resources it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Greenlee County Government, Board of Supervisor's Office, 253 Fifth Street, Clifton, Arizona 85533.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GREENLEE COUNTY, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

| | Governmental Activities |
|---|-------------------------|
| <u>ASSETS</u> | |
| Current assets: | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 12,203,460 |
| Property taxes receivable | 22,239 |
| Accounts receivable | 191,272 |
| Due from governmental entities | 1,057,395 |
| Prepaid items and other assets | 243,874 |
| Total current assets | 13,718,240 |
| Noncurrent assets: | |
| Capital assets, non-depreciable | 549,959 |
| Capital assets, depreciable (net) | 8,528,287 |
| Total noncurrent assets | 9,078,246 |
| Total assets | 22,796,486 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | |
| Deferred outflows related to pensions | 3,807,204 |
| LIABILITIES | |
| Current liabilities: | |
| Accounts payable | 298,419 |
| Accrued payroll and employee benefits | 469,642 |
| Current portion of long-term obligations | 1,168,129 |
| Total current liabilities | 1,936,190 |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | |
| Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations | 18,430,234 |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 18,430,234 |
| Total liabilities | 20,366,424 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | |
| Deferred inflows related to pensions | 1,579,359 |
| NET POSITION | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 7,039,163 |
| Restricted for: | ,,,. |
| Information systems | 44,306 |
| Judicial activities | 588,228 |
| Law enforcement activities | 5,724 |
| Jail facilities and operations | 69,342 |
| Waste tire program | 186,066 |
| Fair and racing program | 13,302 |
| Roads and schools | 24 |
| Unrestricted | (3,288,248) |
| Total net position | \$ 4,657,907 |
| - | |

GREENLEE COUNTY, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | | | | | | let (Expense) Revenue and |
|-------------------------------|------------------|---------------|----|---------------|----|------------------------------|
| | | | | | - | hanges in Net |
| | | Program | Re | venues | U | Position |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | Operating | | |
| | | Charges for | | Grants and | C | Governmental |
| Functions/Programs | Expenses | Services | (| Contributions | | Activities |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ 9,322,760 | \$ 267,152 | \$ | 1,658,724 | \$ | (7,396,884) |
| Public safety | 5,712,039 | 163,530 | | 1,166,680 | | (4,381,829) |
| Highways and streets | 2,482,273 | | | 1,789,894 | | (692,379) |
| Sanitation | 387,858 | 511,290 | | 2,160 | | 125,592 |
| Health and welfare | 1,939,135 | 8,334 | | 606,819 | | (1,323,982) |
| Culture and recreation | 304,429 | 41,061 | | 63,000 | | (200,368) |
| Education | 634,124 | | | 77,569 | | (556,555) |
| Economic development | 82,305 | | | | | (82,305) |
| Interest on long-term debt | 112,321 | | | | | (112,321) |
| Total governmental activities | \$ 20,977,244 | \$ 991,367 | \$ | 5,364,846 | | (14,621,031) |
| | | | _ | | | |

General revenues:

| Seneral revenues. | |
|--|--------------|
| Taxes: | |
| Property taxes, levied for general purposes | 2,569,483 |
| Property taxes, levied for public health services | 1,073,998 |
| Property taxes, levied for flood control | 124,986 |
| County sales taxes for general purposes | 1,491,594 |
| Other taxes | 14,400 |
| Share of state sales tax | 5,537,400 |
| Share of state vehicle license tax | 519,328 |
| Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs | 1,974,382 |
| Investment earnings | 21,306 |
| Miscellaneous | 515,570 |
| Total general revenues | 13,842,447 |
| Changes in net position | (778,584) |
| Net position, beginning of year, as restated | 5,436,491 |
| Net position, end of year | \$ 4,657,907 |
| | |

GREENLEE COUNTY, ARIZONA BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

| | | General | | HURF | Heal | th Services |
|---|----|---------------------|----|---------|------|-------------|
| ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 9,943,759 | \$ | 480,297 | \$ | 362,671 |
| Property taxes receivable | Ф | 9,945,739 15,620 | Ф | 480,297 | Ф | 4,579 |
| Accounts receivable | | 191,272 | | | | 4,379 |
| Due from governmental entities | | 760,292 | | 86,346 | | 91,917 |
| Due from other funds | | 1,295,481 | | 80,540 | | 91,917 |
| Prepaid items and other assets | | 243,874 | | | | |
| Total assets | \$ | 12,450,298 | \$ | 566,643 | \$ | 459,167 |
| | Ψ | 12,430,270 | Ψ | 500,045 | Ψ | 457,107 |
| LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 144,935 | \$ | 10,072 | \$ | 35,775 |
| Accrued payroll and employee benefits | φ | 317,274 | φ | 52,204 | φ | 48,342 |
| Due to other funds | | 517,274 | | 52,204 | | 689,702 |
| Total liabilities | | 462,209 | | 62,276 | | 773,819 |
| i otar habilities | | 402,207 | | 02,270 | | 775,017 |
| Deferred inflows of resources: | | | | | | |
| Unavailable revenues - property taxes | | 13,836 | | | | 4,206 |
| Unavailable revenues - other taxes | | 65,997 | | | | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | 79,833 | | | | 4,206 |
| Fund balances (deficits): | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | 71,013 | | | | |
| Restricted | | , 1,010 | | | | |
| Assigned | | 490,202 | | 504,367 | | |
| Unassigned | | 11,347,041 | | , | | (318,858) |
| Total fund balances | | 11,908,256 | | 504,367 | | (318,858) |
| | | | | | | |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources | ¢ | 12 450 200 | ¢ | 566642 | ¢ | 450 167 |
| and fund balances | \$ | 12,450,298 | \$ | 566,643 | \$ | 459,167 |

| Flood Disaster | Non-Major Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|------------------------|--|--|
| \$ | \$ 1,416,733 2,040 | \$ 12,203,460 22,239 191,272 |
| | 118,840 | 1,057,395 1,295,481 243,874 |
| \$ | \$ 1,537,613 | \$ 15,013,721 |
| \$ | \$ 107,637 51,822 | \$ |
| <u> </u> | <u>262,046</u> 421,505 | <u>1,295,481</u> 2,063,542 |
| | 1,772 | 19,814 65,997 85,811 |
| (343,733) (343,733) | 906,992 388,371 (181,027) 1,114,336 | 71,013 906,992 1,382,940 10,503,423 12,864,368 |
| \$ | \$ 1,537,613 | \$ 15,013,721 |

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GREENLEE COUNTY, ARIZONA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2015

| Fund balances - total governmental funds | | \$12,864,368 |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: | | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | | |
| Governmental capital assets | \$26,950,518 | |
| Accumulated depreciation | (17,872,272) | 9,078,246 |
| Some receivables are not available to pay for current-period | | |
| expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds. | | 85,811 |
| Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | | |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions | 3,807,204 | |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions | (1,579,359) | 2,227,845 |
| Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | | |
| Capital leases payable | (2,039,083) | |
| Net pension liability | (16,040,827) | |
| Compensated absences payable | (388,803) | |
| Landfill closure and postclosure care costs payable | (1,129,650) | (19,598,363) |
| Net position of governmental activities | | \$ 4,657,907 |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

GREENLEE COUNTY, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | General | HURF | Health Services |
|---|---------------|-------------|-----------------|
| Revenues: | | | |
| Taxes | \$ 4,049,596 | \$ | \$ 1,069,785 |
| Licenses and permits | 1,985 | | |
| Intergovernmental | 8,005,031 | 1,039,613 | 553,414 |
| Charges for services | 526,251 | | 9,586 |
| Fines and forfeits | 110,232 | | |
| Investment income | 19,270 | 216 | 218 |
| Contributions | 1,202,160 | | 390 |
| Rents | 1,228 | | |
| Miscellaneous | 322,592 | 41,919 | 14,241 |
| Total revenues | 14,238,345 | 1,081,748 | 1,647,634 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Current - | | | |
| General government | 6,138,023 | | |
| Public safety | 3,486,715 | | 114,788 |
| Highways and streets | 39,677 | 1,872,218 | |
| Sanitation | 306,997 | | |
| Health and welfare | 310,573 | | 1,593,636 |
| Culture and recreation | 71,665 | | |
| Education | 248,121 | | |
| Economic development | 81,857 | | |
| Capital outlay | 659,921 | 547,468 | 53 |
| Debt service - | | | |
| Principal retirement | 870,896 | | 102,265 |
| Interest and fiscal charges | 107,611 | | 4,710 |
| Total expenditures | 12,322,056 | 2,419,686 | 1,815,452 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | 1,916,289 | (1,337,938) | (167,818) |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | |
| Transfers in | | 995,023 | 50,000 |
| Transfers out | (1,148,195) | | |
| Capital lease agreements | 543,189 | 334,758 | |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | | 160,000 | |
| Total other financing sources (uses): | (605,006) | 1,489,781 | 50,000 |
| Changes in fund balances | 1,311,283 | 151,843 | (117,818) |
| Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year | 10,596,973 | 352,524 | (201,040) |
| Fund balances (deficits), end of year | \$ 11,908,256 | \$ 504,367 | \$ (318,858) |

| Flood Disaster | Non-Major Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| \$ | \$ 135,827 | \$ 5,255,208 |
| | , | 1,985 |
| | 2,112,049 | 11,710,107 |
| | 142,968 | 678,805 |
| | 4,539 | 114,771 |
| 51 | 1,581 | 21,336 |
| | | 1,202,550 |
| | 4,058 | 5,286 |
| | 53,146 | 431,898 |
| 51 | 2,454,168 | 19,421,946 |
| | | |
| 342 | 265,787 | 6,404,152 |
| 4,873 | 1,538,295 | 5,144,671 |
| 2,555 | 802 | 1,915,252 |
| | | 306,997 |
| | 7,500 | 1,911,709 |
| | 214,569 | 286,234 |
| | 385,285 | 633,406 |
| | 110 167 | 81,857 |
| | 118,167 | 1,325,609 |
| | | 973,161 |
| | | 112,321 |
| 7,770 | 2,530,405 | 19,095,369 |
| (7,719) | (76,237) | 326,577 |
| <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u> | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| | 403,172 | 1,448,195 |
| | (300,000) | (1,448,195) |
| | | 877,947 |
| | | 160,000 |
| | 103,172 | 1,037,947 |
| (7,719) | 26,935 | 1,364,524 |
| (336,014) | 1,087,401 | 11,499,844 |
| \$ (343,733) | \$ 1,114,336 | \$ 12,864,368 |

GREENLEE COUNTY, ARIZONA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds | | \$1,364,524 |
|---|------------------------|--------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: | | |
| Governmental funds report the portion of capital outlay for capitalized assets as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as | | |
| depreciation expense. | | |
| Expenditures for capitalized assets | \$ 1,328,828 | |
| Current year depreciation | (1,603,508) | (274,680) |
| Collections of revenues in the governmental funds were less than revenues reported in the statement of acitivites. | | 643,731 |
| Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. | | |
| Debt issued or incurred | (877,947) | |
| Principal repaid | 973,161 | 95,214 |
| Loss on disposal of capital assets | | (30,631) |
| Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position. The change in the net pension liability, adjusted for deferred pension items, is reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities. Pension expense Current year pension contributions | (3,367,045) 912,435 | (2,454,610) |
| Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are reported regardless of when the financial resources are available. | (52.050) | |
| Increase in compensated absences | (52,870) | (100.100) |
| Increase in landfill closure and postclosure care costs | (69,262) | (122,132) |
| Change in net position in governmental activities | _ | \$ (778,584) |

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

GREENLEE COUNTY, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

| | Investment Trust | Agency |
|--|---------------------------|----------------------|
| ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Total assets | \$ 7,122,703 7,122,703 | \$ 7,721 \$ 7,721 |
| LIABILITIES Deposits held for others Total liabilities | | \$ 7,721 \$ 7,721 |
| NET POSITION Held in trust | \$ 7,122,703 | |

GREENLEE COUNTY, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | Investment Trust | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------|------------|--|
| Additions: | | | |
| Investment income | \$ | 7,555 | |
| Contributions from participants | - | 25,063,669 | |
| Total additions | | 25,071,224 | |
| Deductions: | | | |
| Distributions to participants | , | 23,121,346 | |
| Total deductions | | 23,121,346 | |
| Changes in net position | | 1,949,878 | |
| Net position, beginning of year | | 5,172,825 | |
| Net position, end of year | \$ | 7,122,703 | |

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Greenlee County, Arizona's accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the County implemented the provisions of GASB No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*. These statements require governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize the long-term obligation for pension benefits as a liability, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. This Statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised note disclosures and new required supplementary information.

The more significant of the County's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The County is a general-purpose local government that is governed by a separately elected board of three county supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the County (the primary government) and its component units.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are so intertwined with the County that they are in substance part of the County's operations. Therefore, data from these units is combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the County. Each blended component unit discussed below has a June 30 year-end. The County has no discretely presented component units.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following table describes the County's component units:

| Component Unit Greenlee County Flood Control District | Description; Criteria for Inclusion A tax-levying district that provides flood control systems; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as | Reporting Method Blended | For Separate Financial Statements Not available |
|---|--|--------------------------------|--|
| | the board of directors, and County management has operational responsibility for the district. | | |
| Greenlee County Public Health Services District | A tax-levying district that provides public health services; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors, and County management has operational responsibility for the district. | Blended | Not available |
| Greenlee County Municipal Property Corporation (MPC) | A nonprofit corporation that assists in the acquisition of tangible real and personal property; the County's Board of Supervisors appoints all members of the governing board, is able to impose its will on the MPC; the MPC exists only to serve the County, and County management has operational responsibility for the MPC. | Blended | Not available |

B. Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the County as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the usefulness of the information.

Government-wide statements – Provide information about the primary government (the County) and its component units. The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report the overall government's financial activities, except for fiduciary activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The County does not allocate indirect expenses to programs or functions. Program revenues include:

- charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided;
- operating grants and contributions; and
- capital grants and contributions.

Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including internally dedicated resources and all taxes the County levies and imposes, are reported as general revenues.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. However, charges for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated if the prices approximate their external exchange values.

Fund financial statements – Provide information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements are presented for the governmental and fiduciary fund categories. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds. Fiduciary funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *General Fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The *HURF Fund* accounts for the receipt and expenditure of the state-shared Highway User Revenue Fund and other assigned revenue sources for maintenance and construction of roadways.
- The *Health Services Fund* accounts for the activity of the Greenlee County Public Health Services District, including the receipt and expenditure of property taxes, public health grants, environmental safety programs, home health programs, inmate health care, animal control, and ambulance services.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

• The *Flood Disaster Fund* accounts for the receipt and expenditure of the state and federal assistance for maintenance and construction of roadways after flood disasters.

The County also reports the following fiduciary fund types:

The *Investment Trust Fund* accounts for pooled assets the County Treasurer holds and invests on behalf of other governmental entities.

The Agency Funds account for assets the County holds as an agent for other parties.

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The Agency Funds are custodial in nature and do not have a measurement focus but utilize the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements the provider imposed have been met.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of grants and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position resources available to finance the program. The County applies grant resources to such programs before using general revenues except where matching requirements exist.

Governmental funds in the fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. The County considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year-end. The County's major revenue sources that are susceptible to accrual are taxes, intergovernmental, charges for services, and investment earnings. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and landfill closure and postclosure care costs, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they are due and payable. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease agreements are reported as other financing sources.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

D. Cash and Investments

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize the County to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's investment pool; obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or any of the senior debt of its agencies, sponsored agencies, corporations, sponsored corporations, or instrumentalities; specified state and local government bonds, notes and other evidence of indebtedness; interest-earning investments such as savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; specified commercial paper issued by corporations organized and doing business in the United States, specified bonds, debentures, notes and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars; and certain open-end and closed-end mutual funds, including exchange traded funds. In addition, the County Treasurer may invest trust funds in certain fixed income securities of corporations doing business in the United States are stated at fair value.

E. Inventories

Inventories of the governmental funds and governmental activities consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are recorded as expenditures or expenses at the time of purchase; and because the amounts on hand at June 30, 2015 were immaterial, they are not included on the balance sheet or the statement of net position.

F. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

G. Property Tax Calendar

The County levies real and personal property taxes on or before the third Monday in August that become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May.

A lien assessed against real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at actual cost, or estimated historical cost if historical records are not available. Donated assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of the donation.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

| | Capit | alization | Depreciation | Estimated |
|----------------------------|-------|-----------|---------------|-------------|
| | Th | reshold | Method | Useful Life |
| Land | \$ | 5,000 | | |
| Land improvements | | 5,000 | Straight Line | 10-40 years |
| Infrastructure | | 5,000 | Straight Line | 50 years |
| Buildings and improvements | | 5,000 | Straight Line | 3-50 years |
| Machinery and equipment | | | | |
| (including intangibles) | | 5,000 | Straight Line | 3-20 years |

I. Fund Balance Classifications

The governmental fund's fund balances are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on the use of those resources. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications. The Board of Supervisors may commit fund balance for specific purposes by a formal action by resolution.

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, such as inventories, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balances are those that have externally imposed restrictions on their usage by creditors, such as through debt covenants, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations.

The unrestricted fund balance category is composed of committed, assigned, and unassigned resources. Committed fund balances are self-imposed limitations that the County's Board of Supervisors approved, which is the highest level of decision-making authority within the County. Only the Board can remove or change the constraints placed on committed fund balance by majority vote or resolution.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Assigned fund balances are resources constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Supervisors reserves the authority to make these assignments of resources based on its adopted policy.

The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not reported in the other classifications. Also, deficits in fund balances of the other governmental funds are reported as unassigned.

When an expenditure is incurred that can be paid from either restricted or unrestricted fund balances, it is the County's policy to use restricted fund balance first. For the disbursement of unrestricted fund balances, it is the County's policy to use committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and lastly unassigned amounts.

J. Investment Earnings

Investment earnings is composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

K. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of vacation leave and accrued compensatory time earned by employees based on services already rendered.

Employees may accumulate up to 160 hours of vacation depending on years of service, but any vacation hours in excess of the maximum amount that are unused at calendar year-end are forfeited. Upon terminating employment, all unused and unforfeited vacation benefits are paid to employees.

Employees may accumulate compensatory time up to 240 hours for Sheriff deputies and jailors and up to 120 hours for other employees and is payable at termination. An eligible employee who had 120 hours, 240 hours for Sheriff deputies and jailors, of compensatory time accrued is not eligible to accrue any additional compensatory time and is to be paid for future authorized overtime worked. If compensatory time is accrued, it cannot be converted back to pay except as provided in the termination policy or with the approval of the Board of Supervisors.

Accordingly, vacation benefits and compensatory time are accrued as a liability in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds' financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements by fiscal year end.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Employees may accumulate up to 1,920 hours of sick leave depending on years of service, but any sick leave hours in excess of the maximum amount that are unused at calendar yearend are forfeited. Generally, sick leave benefits provide for ordinary sick pay and are cumulative but are forfeited upon termination of employment. Because sick leave benefits do not vest with employees, a liability for sick leave benefits is not accrued in the financial statements.

L. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

M. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and balance sheet may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period so will not be recognized as an expense/expenditure until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheet may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until that time.

N. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Deficit Fund Balances – At June 30, 2015, the following non-major and major funds reported deficits in fund balance:

| Fund | | Deficit | | |
|--------------------------------------|----|---------|--|--|
| Non-Major Governmental Funds: | | | | |
| State Crime Victim Compensation | \$ | 401 | | |
| Casa Special Advocate Program | | 2,828 | | |
| ACJC-State Victim Assistance | | 9,292 | | |
| Victim's Rights and Assistance | | 2,600 | | |
| Sheriff's ACJC Drug Grant | | 7,798 | | |
| Sheriff USFS Patrol | | 7,082 | | |
| BJA – Bullet Proof Vests | | 18,289 | | |
| Stone Garden - Personnel | | 11,166 | | |
| Drug Gang & Violent Crime | | 5,815 | | |
| Greenlee Graham Field Trainer | | 9,462 | | |
| Fair Fund | | 56,233 | | |
| Homeland Security SACCNET | | 691 | | |
| Drug enforcement | | 8,841 | | |
| Probation General Fund | | 38,395 | | |
| State AID Enhancement | | 5,429 | | |
| Juvenile Standard Probation | | 2,660 | | |
| Diversion Consequences | | 421 | | |
| Adult Int Probation Supervision | | 6,327 | | |
| JTSF | | 402 | | |
| Judicial Collection Enhancement Fund | | 7,904 | | |
| Major Funds: | | | | |
| Health Services | | 318,858 | | |
| Flood Disaster | | 343,733 | | |

These deficits resulted from operations during the year, but are expected to be corrected through normal operations or transfers from the General Fund in future years.

Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations – For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, expenditures exceeded final budget amounts in the General fund at the department level (the legal level of budgetary control) as follows:

| Department |] | Excess |
|-------------------------|----|--------|
| Justice of the Peace #2 | \$ | 6,560 |
| Recorder | | 1,451 |
| Emergency Services | | 40 |
| County library | | 207 |
| Health & Welfare – | | 16,273 |
| AHCCS/ALTCS Payments | | |
| Fund | | |
| Flood disaster | \$ | 7,770 |

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

The County will more closely monitor expenditures to ensure the appropriated budget is not exceeded. The excesses were primarily the result of unexpected expenditures and expenditures made as a result of unanticipated revenue, or both; however, the County's total expenditures on a budgetary basis did not exceed budgeted appropriations. The County uses conservative budgeting practices and encourages departments to stay within their adopted budget amounts. Each year, the County bases the adopted budget amounts on these conservative current and budget year projections and past historical trends. Any excesses of appropriations are discussed with department heads to determine whether or not adjustments will be made in future budgets. In addition, the County requires all budgeted capital expenditures to be brought back to the Board for approval regardless of whether they were included in the budget or not. This allows the County to continually review the availability of funds for all purchases throughout the year.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Credit Risk

Statutes have the following requirements for credit risk:

- 1. Commercial paper must be of prime quality and be rated within the top two ratings by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 2. Bonds, debentures, notes and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in the United States dollars must be rated "A" or better, at the time of purchase by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.
- 3. Fixed income securities must carry one of the two highest ratings by Moody's investors service and Standard and Poor's rating service. If only one of the above-mentioned services rates the security, it must carry the highest rating of that service.

Custodial Credit Risk

Statutes require collateral for deposits at 102 percent of all deposits not covered by federal depository insurance.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Statutes do not include any requirements for concentration of credit risk.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Interest Rate Risk

Statutes require that public monies invested in securities and deposits have a maximum maturity of five years. The maximum maturity for investments in repurchase agreements is 180 days.

Foreign Currency Risk

Statutes do not allow foreign investments, unless the investment is denominated in United States dollars.

Deposits – At June 30, 2015, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$18,714,400 and the bank balance was \$15,728,770. The County does not have a formal policy regarding custodial credit risk.

Statutes require a pooled collateral program for public deposits and a Statewide Collateral Pool Administrator (Administrator) in the State Treasurer's office. The purpose of the pooled collateral program is to ensure that governmental entities' public deposits placed in participating depositories are secured with collateral of 102 percent of the public deposits, less any applicable deposit insurance. An eligible depository may not retain or accept any public deposit unless it has deposited the required collateral with a qualified escrow agent or the Administrator. The Administrator manages the pooled collateral program, including reporting on each depository's compliance with the program.

A reconciliation of cash and deposits to amounts shown on the Statements of Net Position follows:

| Cash and Deposits | |
|----------------------------|---------------|
| Cash on hand | \$ 619,484 |
| Amount of deposits | 18,714,400 |
| Total | \$ 19,333,884 |
| | |
| Statements of Net Position | |
| Government activities | \$12,203,460 |
| Investment Trust Fund | 7,122,703 |
| Agency Funds | 7,721 |
| Total | \$19,333,884 |
| | |

NOTE 4 – RECEIVABLES

Amounts due from other governments at June 30, 2015, as reported in the Statement of Net Position, include \$78,406 in Highway User Revenues, \$22,173 in state shared auto lieu taxes, \$102,269 in County sales tax, \$542,694 in state shared sales tax and \$219,776 in grants and assistance.

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows.

| | Balance | | | Balance |
|---|--------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|
| Governmental Activities | July 1, 2014 | Increases | Decreases | June 30, 2015 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 233,654 | \$ | \$ | \$ 233,654 |
| Construction in progress | 872,667 | 124,505 | (680,867) | 316,305 |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated | 1,106,321 | 124,505 | (680,867) | 549,959 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land improvements | 5,346,184 | | (8,434) | 5,337,750 |
| Infrastructure | 262,266 | | | 262,266 |
| Buildings and improvements | 8,044,438 | 693,354 | (3,675) | 8,734,117 |
| Machinery and equipment | 11,776,983 | 1,191,836 | (902,393) | 12,066,426 |
| Total | 25,429,871 | 1,885,190 | (914,502) | 26,400,559 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | |
| Land improvements | (3,467,379) | (256,320) | 8,434 | (3,715,265) |
| Infrastructure | (3,214) | (8,540) | | (11,754) |
| Buildings and improvements | (6,586,162) | (287,205) | 61 | (6,873,306) |
| Machinery and equipment | (7,095,880) | (1,051,443) | 875,376 | (7,271,947) |
| Total | (17,152,635) | (1,603,508) | 883,871 | (17,872,272) |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net | 8,277,236 | 281,682 | (30,631) | 8,528,287 |
| Governmental activities capital assets, net | \$ 9,383,557 | \$ 406,187 | \$ (711,498) | \$ 9,078,246 |

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

| Governmental activities: | | |
|--|-----|----------|
| General government | \$ | 643,931 |
| Public safety | | 369,615 |
| Highways and streets | | 539,595 |
| Sanitation | | 7,421 |
| Health and welfare | | 22,051 |
| Culture and recreation | | 20,447 |
| Economic development | | 448 |
| Total governmental activities depreciation expense | \$1 | ,603,508 |

NOTE 6 – LINE OF CREDIT

The County maintains a revolving line of credit with Zions First National Bank to cover cash flow needs. This line of credit has a \$2,500,000 limit with interest payable at the same time as principal, which is contingent on the County's receipt of "nonrestricted operating revenues" as defined by A.R.S. §11-604.01. The credit line is secured by "nonrestricted operating revenues" received by the County Treasurer. Any unpaid principal and interest became due on the maturity date of June 30, 2015. The interest rate is at a rate per annum equal to sixty percent of the bank's prime rate provided that in no event shall the interest rate exceed ten percent per annum. The schedule presented below is a summation of the activity related to the line of credit during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

| | Beginning | | Principal | Ending | Interest |
|-------------------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|---------|-----------|
| | Balance | Drawdowns | Payments | Balance | Payments |
| Governmental activities | \$ | \$ 229,917 | \$ 229,917 | \$ | \$ 323 |
| Investment Trust Fund | | 3,998,118 | 3,998,118 | | 9,999 |
| Total | \$ | \$ 4,228,035 | \$ 4,228,035 | \$ | \$ 10,322 |

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following schedule details the County's long-term liability and obligation activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

| | J | Balance uly 1, 2014 | Additions | R | eductions | Ju | Balance ine 30, 2015 | | ue Within One Year |
|----------------------------------|----|---------------------------------------|-----------------|----|-----------|----|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------|
| Governmental activities: | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | | | | | | |
| Capital leases payable | \$ | 2,134,297 | \$ 877,947 | \$ | 973,161 | \$ | 2,039,083 | \$ | 777,370 |
| Compensated absences payable | | 335,933 | 529,123 | | 476,253 | | 388,803 | | 387,255 |
| Landfill closure and postclosure | | | | | | | | | |
| care costs payable | | 1,060,388 | 69,262 | | | | 1,129,650 | | 3,504 |
| Net pension liability | | 12,810,859 | 3,229,968 | | | | 16,040,827 | | |
| Total governmental activities | | | | | | | | | |
| long-term liabilities | \$ | 16,341,477 | \$ 4,706,300 | \$ | 1,449,414 | \$ | 19,598,363 | \$1 | ,168,129 |

Capital Leases – The County has acquired machinery and equipment under the provisions of various long-term lease agreements classified as capital leases for accounting purposes because they provide for a bargain purchase option or a transfer of ownership by the end of the lease term.

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

| | Governmental Activities |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Asset: | |
| Machinery and equipment | \$ 5,354,450 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation | (1,700,739) |
| Carrying value | \$ 3,653,711 |

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the County's capital leases payable at June 30, 2015:

| Year Ending June 30: | Governmental Activities | | |
|---|----------------------------|-----------|--|
| 2016 | \$ | 825,978 | |
| 2017 | | 659,694 | |
| 2018 | | 550,831 | |
| 2019 | | 54,825 | |
| 2020 | | 30,262 | |
| 2021 | | 10,088 | |
| Total minimum lease payments | | 2,131,678 | |
| Less: amount representing interest | | (92,595) | |
| Present value of net minimum lease payments | \$ | 2,039,083 | |

The \$2,039,083 present value of net minimum lease payments above does not include \$77,835 of authorized lease proceeds not drawn down by the County for capital needs as of June 30, 2015. Capital lease debt service payments are paid out of the General and Health Services Funds.

Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs – State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its three landfill sites when they stop accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the sites for 30 years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will not be paid until near or after the date that the landfills stop accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs in each period that the County operates the landfills. These costs will be paid from the General Fund.

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The amount recognized each year is based on landfill capacity used at the end of each fiscal year. The \$1,129,650 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2015, represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of the estimated capacity of the landfills less expenditures already paid as follows:

| | Estimated Capacity |
|--|--------------------|
| Landfill | Used to Date |
| Blue | 100% |
| Loma Linda | 80 |
| Loma Linda Construction and Demolition | 55 |

The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and post closure care of \$466,475 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in fiscal year 2015. The County expects to close the Loma Linda Landfill in the year 2025 and the Loma Linda Construction and Demolition Landfill in the year 2025, and the actual costs may be higher because of inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The estimated remaining service life for each is 10 years. The Blue Landfill was closed in March 2006.

According to state and federal laws and regulations, the County must comply with the local government financial test requirements that ensure the County can meet the costs of landfill closure, postclosure, and corrective action when needed. The County is in compliance with these requirements.

Compensated Absences – Compensated absences are paid from various funds in the same proportion that those funds pay payroll costs. During fiscal year 2015, the County paid for compensated absences as follows: 54 percent from the General Fund, 25 percent from major funds, and 21 percent from other funds.

NOTE 8 – FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The fund balance classifications of the governmental funds as of June 30, 2015, were as follows:

| Tonows. | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|
| | General Fund | HURF Fund | Health Services Fund | Flood Disaster Fund | Non-Major Governmental Funds | Total |
| Fund balances (deficits): | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable: | | | | | | |
| Prepaid items | \$ 71,013 | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ 71,013 |
| Total nonspendable | 71,013 | | | | | 71,013 |
| | | | | | | |
| Restricted for: | | | | | | |
| Information systems | | | | | 44,306 | 44,306 |
| Judicial activities | | | | | 588,228 | 588,228 |
| Law enforcement | | | | | 5,724 | 5,724 |
| Jail facilities and | | | | | | |
| operations | | | | | 69,342 | 69,342 |
| Waste tire program | | | | | 186,066 | 186,066 |
| Fair and racing | | | | | 10.000 | 10.000 |
| program | | | | | 13,302 | 13,302 |
| Roads and schools | | | | | 24 | 24 |
| Total restricted | | | · | | 906,992 | 906,992 |
| Assigned to: | | | | | | |
| Information systems | | | | | 7,847 | 7,847 |
| Judicial activities | 141,605 | | | | 129,021 | 270,626 |
| Law enforcement | 2,280 | | | | 6,437 | 8,717 |
| Jail facilities and | 2,200 | | | | 0,437 | 0,717 |
| operations | | | | | 485 | 485 |
| Elections programs | | | | | 2,334 | 2,334 |
| Public health services | 125 | | | | 85,554 | 85,679 |
| Landfill closure/ | 125 | | | | 05,554 | 05,077 |
| development | 327,713 | | | | | 327,713 |
| Highways and streets | 527,715 | 504,367 | | | | 504,367 |
| Wellness program | 18,479 | 504,507 | | | | 18,479 |
| Airport improvements | 10,477 | | | | 39,344 | 39,344 |
| Flood control | | | | | 103,251 | 103,251 |
| Waste tire program | | | | | 13,747 | 13,747 |
| Environmental | | | | | 15,747 | 15,747 |
| programs | | | | | 351 | 351 |
| Total assigned | 490,202 | 504,367 | | | 388,371 | 1,382,940 |
| Total assigned | 490,202 | 504,507 | | | 500,571 | 1,382,940 |
| Unassigned | 11,347,041 | | (318,858) | (343,733) | (181,027) | 10,503,423 |
| Total fund balances | | | | | | |
| (deficits) | \$ 11,908,256 | \$ 504,367 | \$ (318,858) | \$ (343,733) | \$ 1,114,336 | \$ 12,864,368 |
| | | | | | | |

NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. For these risks of loss, the County joined and is covered by three public entity risk pools: the Arizona Counties Property and Casualty Pool, the Arizona Counties Workers' Compensation Pool, and the Arizona Local Government Employee Benefit Trust, are described below.

The Arizona Counties Property and Casualty Pool is a public entity risk pool currently composed of 11 member counties. The pool provides member counties catastrophic loss coverage for risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters; and provides risk management services. Such coverage includes all defense costs as well as the amount of any judgment or settlement. The County is responsible for paying a premium, based on its exposure in relation to the exposure of the other participants, and a deductible of \$7,500 per occurrence for property claims and \$1,500 per occurrence for liability claims. The County is also responsible for any payments in excess of the maximum coverage of \$300 million per occurrence for property claims and \$15 million per occurrence for liability claims. However, lower limits apply to certain categories of losses. A county must participate in the pool at least three years after becoming a member; however, it may withdraw after the initial three-year period. If the pool were to become insolvent, the County would be assessed an additional contribution.

The Arizona Counties Workers' Compensation Pool is a public entity risk pool currently composed of 11 member counties. The pool provides member counties with workers' compensation coverage, as the law requires, and risk management services. The County is responsible for paying a premium, based on an experience-rating formula that allocates pool expenditures and liabilities among the members.

The Arizona Local Government Employee Benefit Trust is a public entity risk pool currently composed of six member counties. The pool provides life, health and disability benefits for the counties' employees and their dependents. The County is responsible for paying a premium based on enrolled employees and dependents.

The Arizona Counties Property and Casualty Pool, the Arizona Local Government Employee Benefit Trust and the Arizona Counties Workers' Compensation Pool receive independent audits annually and an audit by the Arizona Department of Insurance every five years. All pools accrue liabilities for losses that have been incurred but not reported. These liabilities are determined annually based on an independent actuarial valuation. If a pool were to become insolvent, the County would be assessed an additional contribution.

NOTE 10 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The County purchases commercial insurance for other miscellaneous risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded this commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Greenlee County, Arizona contributes to the pension plans described below. The plans are component units of the State of Arizona.

At June 30, 2015, Greenlee County, Arizona reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions for all plans to which it contributes:

| Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities | |
|---|--------------|
| Net pension liabilities | \$16,040,827 |
| Deferred outflows of resources | \$3,807,204 |
| Deferred inflows of resources | \$1,579,359 |
| Pension expense | \$3,367,045 |

Greenlee County, Arizona reported \$912,435 of pension contributions as expenditures in the governmental funds related to all pension plans to which it contributes.

A. Arizona State Retirement System

Plan Description. Greenlee County, Arizona employees not covered by the other pension plans described after this section participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on the ASRS website at www.azasrs.gov.

NOTE 10 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Benefits Provided. The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

| | Retirement Initial Membership Date: | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | Before July 1, 2011 | On or After July 1, 2011 | |
| Years of service and | Sum of years and age equals 80 | 30 years age 55 | |
| age required to | 10 years age 62 | 25 years age 60 | |
| receive benefit | 5 years age 50* | 10 years age 62 | |
| | Any years age 65 | 5 years age 50* | |
| | | Any years age 65 | |
| | | | |
| Final average salary is | Highest 36 consecutive months | Highest 60 consecutive months | |
| based on | of last 120 months | of last 120 months | |
| | | | |
| Benefit percent per | 2.1% to 2.3% | 2.1% to 2.3% | |
| year of service | | | |
| | *With actuarially reduced benefits | | |

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earnings. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the survivor benefit is determined by the retirement benefit option chosen. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Contributions. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the current fiscal year, active ASRS members were required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.60 percent (11.48 percent for retirement and 0.12 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and Greenlee County, Arizona was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.60 percent (10.89 percent for retirement, 0.59 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.12 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll. Greenlee County, Arizona's contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2015 were \$527,038.

NOTE 10 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Greenlee County, Arizona's contributions for the current and two preceding years for the Arizona State Retirement System OPEB, all of which were equal to the required contributions, were as follows:

| | Hea | lth Benefit | Lo | ng-Term |
|----------------------|-----|-------------|----|-----------|
| | Su | pplement | Di | isability |
| | | Fund | | Fund |
| Year ending June 30: | | | | |
| 2015 | \$ | 28,259 | \$ | 5,748 |
| 2014 | | 27,042 | | 10,817 |
| 2013 | | 29,053 | | 10,727 |

Pension Liability. At June 30, 2015, Greenlee County, Arizona reported a liability of \$7.4 million for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the ASRS. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, to the measurement date of June 30, 2014. Greenlee County, Arizona's proportion of the net pension liability was based on Greenlee County, Arizona's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions. At June 30, 2014, Greenlee County, Arizona's proportion was 0.05 percent. During fiscal year 2015, The County's General Fund paid for ASRS pension and OPEB contributions.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources. For the year ended June 30, 2015, Greenlee County, Arizona recognized pension expense for ASRS of \$579,058 and reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| |] | Deferred | Deferred |
|---|----|------------|--------------|
| ASRS | 0 | utflows of | Inflows of |
| | F | Resources | Resources |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 377,201 | \$ |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on | | | |
| pension plan investments | | | 1,297,854 |
| Changes in proportion and differences between county | | | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions | | 208,521 | |
| County contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 527,038 | |
| Total | \$ | 1,112,760 | \$ 1,297,854 |
| | | | |

NOTE 10 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date as reported in the table above will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ASRS pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:

| 2016 | \$ (69,802) |
|------|----------------|
| 2017 | (69,802) |
| 2018 | (248,065) |
| 2019 | (324,463) |

Actuarial Assumptions. The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total ASRS pension liability are as follows:

| Actuarial valuation date | June 30, 2013 |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| Actuarial roll forward date | June 30, 2014 |
| Actuarial cost method | Entry age normal |
| Discount rate | 8.0% |
| Projected salary increases | 3.0-6.75% |
| Inflation | 3.0% |
| Permanent base increases | Included |
| Mortality rates | 1994 GAM Scale BB |

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ended June 30, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS pension plan investments was determined to be 8.79 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTE 10 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class of ASRS are summarized in the following table:

| | | Long-Term |
|--------------|------------|----------------|
| | Target | Expected Real |
| Asset Class | Allocation | Rate of Return |
| Equity | 63% | 7.03% |
| Fixed income | 25 | 3.20 |
| Real estate | 8 | 4.75 |
| Commodities | 4 | 4.50 |
| Total | 100% | |

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension liability was 8.0 percent, which is less than the long-term expected rate of return of 8.79 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents Greenlee County, Arizona's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.0 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

| | 1% | Current | 1% |
|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| ASRS | Decrease | Discount Rate | Increase |
| | (7.0%) | (8.0%) | (9.0%) |
| Proportionate share of the net | | | |
| pension liability | \$ 9,380,848 | \$ 7,421,858 | \$ 6,359,008 |

NOTE 10 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report. The report is available on the ASRS website at www.azasrs.gov.

B. Public Safety Personnel Retirement System and Corrections Officer Retirement Plan

Plan Descriptions. Greenlee County, Arizona Sheriff employees who are regularly assigned hazardous duty participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS). The PSPRS administers an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and an agent multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan. A sevenmember board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4.

Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) probation, surveillance, and juvenile detention officers participate in the Corrections Officer Retirement Plan (CORP). The CORP administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan (cost-sharing plans). The PSPRS Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern CORP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 6.

The PSPRS and CORP issue publicly available financial reports that include their financial statements and required supplementary information. The reports are available on the PSPRS website at www.psprs.com.

Benefits Provided. The PSPRS and CORP provide retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Certain retirement and disability benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows. See the publicly available PSPRS and CORP financial reports for additional benefits information.

NOTE 10 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

| | Retirement Initial | | |
|--|--|---|--|
| | Membership Date: | | |
| | Before January 1, 2012 | On or After January 1, 2012 | |
| Retirement and Disability: Years of service and age required to receive benefit | 20 years any age 15 years age 62 | 25 years and age 52.5 | |
| Final average salary is based on | Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years | Highest 60 consecutive months of last 20 years | |
| Normal retirement | 50% less 2.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years or plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited service over 20 years, not to exceed 80% | 2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80% | |
| Accidental disability retirement | 50% or normal retirement | nt, whichever is greater | |
| Catastrophic Disability Retirement | 90% for the first 60 months then reduced to either 62.5% or normal retirement, whichever is greater | | |
| Ordinary Disability Retirement | Normal retirement calculated with actual years of credited service or 20 years of credited service, whichever is greater, multiplied by years of credited service (not to exceed 20 years) divided by 20 | | |
| Survivor benefit: Retired members | 80 - 100% of retired member's pension benefit | | |
| Active members | 80 - 100% of accidental disability retirement benefit or 100% of average monthly compensation if death was the result of injuries received on the job | | |

Public Safety Personnel Retirement System:

NOTE 10 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Corrections Officer Retirement Plan:

| | Retirement Initial Membership Date: | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| | Before January 1, 2012 | On or After January 1, 2012 | |
| Years of service and age required to receive benefit | Sum of years and age equals 80 20 years any age 10 years age 62 | 25 years and age 52.5 10 years age 62 | |
| Final average salary is based on | Highest 36 consecutive months of last 10 years | Highest 60 consecutive months of last 10 years | |
| Normal retirement | 2.0% to 2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80% | | |
| Accidental disability retirement | 50% or normal retirement if more than 20 years of credited service | 50% of normal retirement if more than 25 years of credited service | |
| Total and Permanent Disability Retirement Ordinary Disability Retirement Survivor benefit: Retired members | 50% or normal retirement if more than 25 years of credited service 2.5% per year of credited service or normal retirement, whichever is greater 80% of retired member's pension benefit | | |
| Active members | 40% of accidental disability retirement benefit or 100% of average monthly compensation if death was the result of injuries received on the job. If there is no surviving spouse or eligible children, the beneficiary is entitled to 2 times the member's contributions. | | |

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At June 30, 2015, the following employees were covered by the agent pension plan's benefit terms:

| | PSPRS – Sheriff |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Inactive employees or beneficiaries | |
| currently receiving benefits | 4 |
| Inactive employees entitled to but | |
| not yet receiving benefits | 3 |
| Active employees | 16 |
| Total | 23 |

NOTE 10 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Contributions and Annual OPEB Cost. State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS and CORP employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS and CORP pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. During fiscal year 2015, the County's General fund paid for PSPRS and CORP pension and OPEB contributions. Contributions rates for the year ended June 30, 2015, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

| | PSPRS – Sheriff | CORP AOC |
|---------------------------|-----------------|----------|
| Active members – pension | 11.05% | 8.41% |
| Greenlee County, Arizona: | | |
| Pension | 17.55 | 14.88 |
| Health insurance | 1.32 | 1.24 |

For the agent plan, the contributions to the pension plan and annual OPEB cost and contributions for the health insurance premium benefit for the year ended were:

| | I | PSPRS – Sheriff | | |
|--------------------------|----|--------------------|--|--|
| Pension: | | | | |
| Contributions made | \$ | 164,610 | | |
| Health insurance premium | | | | |
| benefit: | | | | |
| Annual OPEB cost | | 12,381 | | |
| Contributions made | | 12,381 | | |

Contributions to the CORP AOC pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2015 were \$44,681 (pension \$42,518 and health insurance premium benefit \$2,163). The County's contributions for the current and two preceding years for the CORP AOC OPEB, all of which were equal to the required contributions, were as follows:

| CORP AOC | Health Insurance Fund |
|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Year ended June 30: | |
| 2015 | \$2,163 |
| 2014 | 2,293 |
| 2013 | 1,803 |

NOTE 10 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Pension Liability. At June 30, 2015, Greenlee County, Arizona reported the following net pension liabilities:

| PSPRS – Sheriff | \$ 1,745,790 |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| CORP - AOC | 650,481 |

The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2014, reflects changes of benefit terms and actuarial assumptions for a court ruling for funding permanent benefit increases and a decrease in the wage growth assumption.

- In February 2014, the Arizona Supreme Court affirmed a Superior Court ruling that a 2011 law that changed the mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases was unconstitutional. As a result, the plans changed benefit terms to reflect the prior mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases and revised actuarial assumptions to explicitly value future permanent benefit increases.
- The wage growth actuarial assumption was decreased from 4.5 percent to 4.0 percent.

Actuarial Assumptions. The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

| | PSPRS | CORP AOC |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| Actuarial valuation date | June 30, 2014 | June 30, 2014 |
| Actuarial cost method | Entry age normal | Entry age normal |
| Discount rate | 7.85% | 7.85% |
| Projected salary increases | 4.0 - 8.0% | 4.0-7.25% |
| Inflation | 4.0% | 4.0% |
| Permanent benefit increase | Included | Included |
| Mortality rates | RP-2000 mortality table, adjusted by 105% for both males and females | RP-2000 mortality table, adjusted by 105% for both males and females |

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2011.

NOTE 10 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS and CORP pension plan investments was determined to be 7.85 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class for all pension plans are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return |
|------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Short-term investments | 2% | 3.25% |
| Absolute return | 4 | 6.75 |
| Risk parity | 4 | 6.04 |
| Fixed income | 7 | 4.75 |
| Real assets | 8 | 5.96 |
| GTAA | 10 | 5.73 |
| Private equity | 11 | 9.50 |
| Real estate | 11 | 6.50 |
| Credit opportunities | 13 | 8.00 |
| Non-U.S. equity | 14 | 8.63 |
| U.S. equity | 16 | 7.60 |
| Total | 100% | |

Pension Discount Rates. The following discount rates were used to measure the total pension liabilities:

| | PSPRS – | | |
|----------------|---------|-------|--|
| | Sheriff | CORP | |
| Discount rates | 7.85% | 7.85% | |

NOTE 10 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The projection of cash flows used to determine the PSPRS and CORP discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Agent Plans Net Pension Liability: PSPRS – Sheriff

| | Increase/Decrease | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------|-------------|--|
| | Total Pension | | | Plan Fiduciary | | Net Pension | |
| | | Liability | Net Position | | Liability | | |
| Balances at June 30, 2014 | \$ | 4,023,007 | \$ | 2,751,613 | \$ | 1,271,394 | |
| Changes for the year: | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | | 140,956 | | | | 140,956 | |
| Interest on the total pension liability | | 315,179 | | | | 315,179 | |
| Changes of benefit terms | | 100,080 | | | | 100,080 | |
| Differences between expected and actual | | | | | | | |
| experience in the measurement of the | | | | | | | |
| pension liability | | 16,756 | | | | 16,756 | |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | | 543,017 | | | | 543,017 | |
| Contributions – employer | | | | 160,337 | | (160,337) | |
| Contributions – employee | | | | 94,828 | | (94,828) | |
| Net investment income | | | | 389,564 | | (389,564) | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of | | | | | | | |
| employee contributions | | (156,937) | | (156,937) | | | |
| Administrative expense | | | | (3,137) | | 3,137 | |
| Net changes | | 959,051 | | 484,655 | | 474,396 | |
| Balances at June 30, 2015 | \$ | 4,982,058 | \$ | 3,236,268 | \$ | 1,745,790 | |

The County's proportion of the CORP AOC net pension liability as of June 30, 2013 and 2014, was based on the County's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating counties' actual contributions for the year ended June 30, 2014. The County's proportion is measured as of June 30, 2013 and 2014, was .29 percent.

NOTE 10 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents Greenlee County, Arizona's net pension liabilities calculated using the discount rates noted above, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

| | | | | Current | | 1% |
|-----------------------|----|------------|-----|-------------|-----|----------|
| | 19 | 6 Decrease | Dis | scount Rate | | Increase |
| PSPRS – Sheriff: | | | | | | |
| Rate | | 6.85% | | 7.85% | | 8.85% |
| Net pension liability | \$ | 2,361,063 | \$ | 1,745,790 | \$1 | ,232,295 |
| CORP - AOC | | | | | | |
| Rate | | 6.85% | | 7.85% | | 8.85% |
| Net pension liability | \$ | 859,604 | \$ | 650,481 | \$ | 477,342 |

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS and CORP financial reports. The reports are available on the PSPRS website at www.psprs.com.

Pension Expense. For the year ended June 30, 2015, Greenlee County, Arizona's recognized the following pension expense:

| | Pension | | |
|-----------------|---------|---------|--|
| | Expense | | |
| PSPRS – Sheriff | \$ | 290,918 | |
| CORP - AOC | \$ | 87,054 | |

Pension Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources. At June 30, 2015, Greenlee County, Arizona reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | D | eferred | Ľ | Deferred |
|---|----|-----------|----|----------|
| | Ou | tflows of | In | flows of |
| PSPRS – Sheriff: | Re | esources | R | esources |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 14,106 | \$ | |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | | 457,131 | | |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on | | | | |
| pension plan investments | | | | 127,422 |
| Contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 164,610 | | |
| Total | \$ | 635,847 | \$ | 127,422 |
| | | | | |

NOTE 10 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

| CORP: | Deferred Outflows o Resources | of Inflows of |
|--|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| Differences between expected and actual earnings | \$ 30,88 | 1 \$ |
| Net difference between projected and actual | | |
| investment earnings on pension plan investment | | 36,016 |
| Contributions subsequent to the measurement date | 42,51 | 8 |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | 95,57 | 9 |
| Total | \$ 168,97 | 8 \$ 36,016 |

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| | PSPRS – | |
|----------------------|--------------|------------|
| Year Ending June 30: | Sheriff | CORP - AOC |
| 2016 | \$ 56,680 | \$ 18,610 |
| 2017 | 56,680 | 18,610 |
| 2018 | 56,680 | 18,610 |
| 2019 | 56,680 | 18,610 |
| 2020 | 88,536 | 16,005 |
| Thereafter | 28,559 | 0 |

Agent Plan OPEB Trend Information. The table below presents the annual OPEB cost information for the health insurance premium benefit for the current and two preceding years:

| | | | Percentage of | | |
|-------------------|----|---------|---------------|-----|---------|
| | A | Annual | Annual Cost | Net | OPEB |
| Fiscal Year Ended | OP | EB Cost | Contributed | Obl | igation |
| PSPRS – Sheriff: | | | | | |
| June 30, 2015 | \$ | 12,381 | 100 | \$ | 0 |
| June 30, 2014 | | 11,028 | 100 | | 0 |
| June 30, 2013 | | 10,442 | 100 | | 0 |

NOTE 10 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Agent Plan OPEB Actuarial Assumptions. The health insurance premium benefit contribution requirements for the year ended June 30, 2015, were established by the June 30, 2013, actuarial valuations, and those actuarial valuations were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions. Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the reported amounts' value and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plans and the annual required contributions are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made. The required schedule of funding progress for the health insurance premium benefit presented as required supplementary information provides multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of the plans' assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Projections of benefits are based on (1) the plans as understood by Greenlee County, Arizona and plan's members and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date, and (2) the pattern of sharing benefit costs between Greenlee County, Arizona and plan's members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

The significant actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the fiscal year 2015 contribution requirements, are as follows:

| | PSPRS | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| PSPRS – OPEB contribution | | |
| requirements | | |
| Actuarial valuation date | June 30, 2013 | |
| Actuarial cost method | Entry age normal | |
| Amortization method | Level percent closed for | |
| | unfunded actuarial accrued | |
| | liability, open for excess | |
| Remaining amortization period | 23 years for unfunded actuarial | |
| | accrued liability, 20 years for | |
| | excess | |
| Asset valuation method | 7-year smoothed market value | |
| | (80%/120% market) | |
| Actuarial assumptions: | | |
| Investment rate of return | 7.85% | |
| Projected salary increases | 4.5-8.5% | |
| includes inflation at | 4.5% | |

NOTE 10 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The funded status of the PSPRS health insurance premium benefit plan in the June 30, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

| | PSPRS |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Actuarial valuation date | June 30, 2015 |
| Actuarial cost method | Entry age normal |
| Amortization method | Level percent closed for unfunded actuarial accrued liability, open for excess |
| Remaining amortization period | 21 years for unfunded actuarial accrued liability, 20 years for excess |
| Asset valuation method | 7-year smoothed market value (80%/120% market) |
| Actuarial assumptions: | |
| Investment rate of return | 7.85% |
| Projected salary increases | 4-8% |
| includes inflation at | 4% |

Agent Plan OPEB Funded Status. The following table presents the funded status of the health insurance premium benefit plans as of the most recent valuation date, June 30, 2015.

| | PSPRS – Sheriff | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|
| Actuarial value of assets | \$ | 245,866 |
| Actuarial accrued liability | | 104,825 |
| Unfunded actuarial accrued | | |
| liability (funding excess) | | (141,041) |
| Funded ratio | | 234.5% |
| Annual covered payroll | | 936,548 |
| Unfunded actuarial accrued | | |
| liability (funding excess) as a | | |
| percentage of covered payroll | | (15.06%) |

C. Elected Officials Retirement Plan

Plan Descriptions. Elected officials and judges participate in the Elected Officials Retirement Plan (EORP). EORP administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan for elected officials and judges who were members of the plan on December 31, 2013. This plan was closed to new members as of January 1, 2014. The PSPRS Board of Trustees governs the EORP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 3. The EORP issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on PSPRS's website at www.psprs.com.

NOTE 10 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Benefits Provided. The EORP provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average yearly compensation, and service credit as follows:

| | Initial Membership Date: | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Before January 1, 2012 | On or After January 1, 2012 | | |
| Retirement and Disability: | | | | |
| Years of service and age | 20 years any age | 10 years and age 62 | | |
| required to receive benefit | 10 years age 62 | 5 years and age 65 | | |
| | 5 years and age 65 | Any years and age if disabled | | |
| | 5 years any age* | | | |
| | Any years and age if disabled | | | |
| Final average salary is based on | Highest 36 consecutive months of last 10 years | Highest 60 consecutive months of last 10 years | | |
| Benefit Percent: | | | | |
| Normal retirement | 4% per year of service, not to exceed 80% | 3% per year of service, not to exceed 75% | | |
| Disability retirement | 80% with 10 or more years of service | 75% with 10 or more years of service | | |
| | 40% with 5 to 10 years of service | 37.5% with 5 to 10 years of service | | |
| | 20% with less than 5 years of service | 18.75% with less than 5 years of service | | |
| Survivor Benefit: | | | | |
| Retired members | 75% of retired member's benefit | 50% of retired member's benefit | | |
| Active members and other inactive members | 75% of disability retirement benefit | 50% of disability retirement benefit | | |

*With reduced benefits of 0.25% for each month early retirement precedes the member's normal retirement age, with a maximum reduction of 30%.

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning.

NOTE 10 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Contributions. State statutes establish active member and employer contribution requirements. Statute also appropriates \$5 million annually through fiscal year 2043 for the EORP from the State of Arizona to supplement the normal cost plus an amount to amortize the unfunded accrued liability and designates a portion of certain court fees for the EORP. For the year ended June 30, 2015, active EORP members were required by statute to contribute 13 percent of the members' annual covered payroll, and the County was required to contribute 23.5 percent of active EORP members' annual covered payroll. In addition, the County was required by statute to contribute 23.5 percent of active to contribute 23.5 percent of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the County in positions that would typically be filled by an employee who contributes to the EORP. Contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2015 were \$178,269. During fiscal year 2015, The County's General fund paid the EORP and OPEB contributions. The County's contributions for the current and two preceding years for OPEB, all of which were equal to the required contributions, were as follows:

| | | Health Benefit | |
|--------------------|------|----------------|-------|
| | | Supplen | nent |
| | | Fund | l |
| Year ending June 3 | 0: | | |
| | 2015 | \$ | 0 |
| | 2014 | 1 | 2,736 |
| | 2013 | 1 | 6,192 |

Pension Liability. At June 30, 2015, the County reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the EORP that reflected a reduction for the County's proportionate share of the State's appropriation for EORP. The amount the County recognized as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the County were as follows:

| County's proportionate share of the EORP net | |
|--|-----------------|
| pension liability | \$ 6,222,698 |
| State's proportionate share of the EORP net | |
| pension liability associated with the county | 1,907,937 |
| Total | \$ 8,130,635 |

NOTE 10 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. In February 2014, the Arizona Supreme Court affirmed a Superior Court ruling that a 2011 law that changed the mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases was unconstitutional. As a result, for the June 30, 2014, actuarial valuation, the plan changed benefit terms to reflect the prior mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases and revised actuarial assumptions to explicitly value future permanent benefit increases. At June 30, 2014, the county's proportion was .93 percent.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the County recognized pension expense for EORP of \$2,410,015 and revenue of \$565,535 for the County's proportionate share of the State's appropriation to EORP. At June 30, 2015, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of | Deferred Inflows of |
|---|-------------------------|------------------------|
| | Resources | Resources |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 27,343 | \$ |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | 1,684,007 | |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on | | |
| pension plan investments | | 117,977 |
| Contributions made subsequent to measurement date | 178,269 | |
| Total | \$ 1,889,619 | \$ 117,977 |

The \$178,269 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to EORP pensions resulting from county contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

|): | | |
|------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| 2016 | \$ | 956,079 |
| 2017 | | 696,282 |
| 2018 | | (29,494) |
| 2019 | | (29,494) |
| | 2016 2017 2018 | 2016 \$ 2017 2018 |

NOTE 10 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Actuarial Assumptions. The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

| Actuarial valuation date | June 30, 2014 |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Actuarial cost method | Entry age normal |
| Investment rate of return | 7.85% |
| Projected salary increases | 4.25% |
| Payroll growth | 4.00% |
| Permanent benefit increases | Included |
| Mortality rates | RP-2000 mortality table projected to 2025 using |
| | projection scale AA |

The long-term expected rate of return on EORP pension plan investments was determined to be 7.85 percent using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense) are developed for each major class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTE 10 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Discount Rate. At June 30, 2014, the discount rate used to measure the EORP total pension liability was 5.67 percent which was a decrease of 2.18 from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2013. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate and state contributions will be made as currently required by statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, to determine the total pension liability for this plan, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.85 percent was applied to periods of projected benefit payments through the year ended June 30, 2030. A municipal bond rate of 4.29 percent obtained from the 20-year Bond Buyer Index as published by the Federal Reserve, as of June 26, 2014 was applied to periods of projected benefit payments after June 30, 2030.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the EORP Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following table presents the county's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate 5.67 percent, as well as what the county's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate:

| | 1% | Current | | 1% |
|---|--------------|---------------|-----------|-------------|
| | Decrease | Discount Rate | | Increase |
| | (4.67%) | | (5.67%) | (6.67%) |
| County's proportionate share of the net | | | | |
| pension liability | \$ 7,264,481 | \$ | 6,222,698 | \$5,343,078 |

Beginning Net Position Restatement. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions,* as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date,* represents a change in accounting principle. Net position as of July 1, 2014, has been restated as follows for this change in accounting principle:

| | Statement of Activities | | |
|---|----------------------------|--------------|--|
| Net position, June 30, 2014, as previously reported | \$ | 17,360,398 | |
| Net pension liability | | (12,810,859) | |
| Deferred outflows – county contributions made | | | |
| during fiscal year 2014 | | 886,952 | |
| Net position, July 1, 2014, as restated | \$ | 5,436,491 | |

NOTE 11 – INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

Interfund receivables and payables – Interfund balances at June 30, 2015 were as follows:

| | (| General | |
|------------------------------|-----|----------|--|
| Payable from | | Fund | |
| Health Services Fund | \$ | 689,702 | |
| Flood Disaster Fund | | 343,733 | |
| Non-Major Governmental Funds | | 262,046 | |
| Total | \$1 | ,295,481 | |

The interfund balances were loans from the General Fund to other funds throughout the fiscal year to cover cash deficits in the funds. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund transfers – Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2015 were as follows:

| | Transfer to | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------|---------|------|---------|-------|------------|-------|-----------|
| | | |] | Health | Ν | on-Major | | |
| | | HURF | S | ervices | Go | vernmental | | |
| Transfer from | | Fund | Fund | | Funds | | Total | |
| General Fund | \$ | 695,023 | \$ | 50,000 | \$ | 403,172 | \$ | 1,148,195 |
| Non-Major Governmental Funds | | 300,000 | | | | | | 300,000 |
| Total | \$ | 995,023 | \$ | 50,000 | \$ | 403,172 | \$ | 1,448,195 |

The majority of interfund transfers result from interfund billing for services, products, or shared expenses. The General Fund also makes transfers to other funds to provide support for such items as matching funds for grants or to make up the shortfall of grant-funded programs that the County deems important.

NOTE 12 – COUNTY TREASURER'S INVESTMENT POOL

Arizona Revised Statutes require community colleges, school districts, and other local governments to deposit certain public monies with the County Treasurer. The Treasurer has a fiduciary responsibility to administer those and the County's monies under her stewardship. The Treasurer invests, on a pool basis, all idle monies not specifically invested for a fund or program. In addition, the Treasurer determines the fair value of those pooled investments annually at June 30.

NOTE 12 – COUNTY TREASURER'S INVESTMENT POOL

The County Treasurer's investment pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company, and there is no regulatory oversight of its operations. The pool's structure does not provide for shares, and the County has not provided or obtained any legally binding guarantees to support the value of the participants' investments.

The Treasurer allocates interest earnings to each of the pool's participants.

The deposits held by the County are included in the County Treasurer's investment pool, except for \$131,010 of deposits. Therefore, the deposit risks of the Treasurer's investment pool are substantially the same as the County's deposit risks. See Note 3 for disclosure of the County's deposit risks.

A condensed statement of the investment pool's net position and changes in net position follows:

| Statement of Net Position Assets Liabilities | \$ 19,190,256 |
|---|------------------|
| Net position | \$ 19,190,256 |
| Net position held in trust for: | |
| Internal participants | \$ 12,067,553 |
| External participants | 7,122,703 |
| Total net position held in trust | \$ 19,190,256 |
| Statement of Changes in Net Position | |
| Total additions | \$ 44,830,370 |
| Total deductions | 40,951,327 |
| Net decrease | 3,879,043 |
| Net position held in trust: | |
| July 1, 2014 | 15,311,213 |
| June 30, 2015 | \$ 19,190,256 |

OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GREENLEE COUNTY, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | Budgeted Amounts Original & Final | | Non-GAAP Actual | | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) | |
|----------------------------|---|------------|--------------------|------------|---|-----------|
| Revenues: | 0115 | | | Tietuur | (1 | (eguive) |
| Taxes | \$ | 3,746,341 | \$ | 4,049,596 | \$ | 303,255 |
| Licenses and permits | 4 | 40,000 | Ŷ | 1,985 | Ŷ | (38,015) |
| Intergovernmental | | 6,540,675 | | 7,979,101 | | 1,438,426 |
| Charges for services | | 99,750 | | 160,176 | | 60,426 |
| Fines and forfeits | | 81,000 | | 109,431 | | 28,431 |
| Investment income | | 1,007 | | 16,826 | | 15,819 |
| Contributions | | 1,200,000 | | 1,200,000 | | - |
| Rents | | , , | | 1,228 | | 1,228 |
| Miscellaneous | | 130,000 | | 117,553 | | (12,447) |
| Total revenues | | 11,838,773 | | 13,635,896 | | 1,797,123 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| General government | | | | | | |
| Board of supervisors | | 423,279 | | 406,606 | | 16,673 |
| Airport | | 16,950 | | 7,301 | | 9,649 |
| Assessor | | 373,351 | | 350,863 | | 22,488 |
| Attorney | | 535,911 | | 446,963 | | 88,948 |
| Constable no. 1 | | 29,741 | | 29,560 | | 181 |
| Constable no. 2 | | 28,055 | | 25,573 | | 2,482 |
| Contingency | | 100,000 | | 29,313 | | 70,687 |
| County administration | | 437,812 | | 415,425 | | 22,387 |
| Data processing | | 517,551 | | 473,572 | | 43,979 |
| Elections | | 107,363 | | 83,249 | | 24,114 |
| Fleet | | 258,082 | | 240,300 | | 17,782 |
| General services | | 1,386,300 | | 1,320,534 | | 65,766 |
| Ground and maintenance | | 647,997 | | 510,349 | | 137,648 |
| Justice of the peace no. 1 | | 226,066 | | 183,929 | | 42,137 |
| Justice of the peace no. 2 | | 185,954 | | 192,514 | | (6,560) |
| Planning and zoning | | 61,500 | | 2,107 | | 59,393 |
| Public fiduciary | | 66,892 | | 64,179 | | 2,713 |
| Recorder | | 215,579 | | 217,030 | | (1,451) |
| Superior court | | 847,138 | | 833,159 | | 13,979 |
| Treasurer | | 213,987 | | 211,407 | | 2,580 |
| Voter registration | | 18,000 | | 9,605 | | 8,395 |
| Total general government | | 6,697,508 | | 6,053,538 | | 643,970 |
| Public safety | | | | | | |
| Emergency services | | 193,452 | | 194,334 | | (882) |
| Probation | | 365,500 | | - | | 365,500 |
| Sheriff | | 3,539,354 | | 3,254,684 | | 284,670 |
| Total public safety | | 4,098,306 | | 3,449,018 | | 649,288 |

GREENLEE COUNTY, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(Concluded)

| | Budgeted | | Variance with |
|---|------------------|--------------|--------------------------|
| | Amounts | Non-GAAP | Final Budget Positive |
| | Original & Final | Actual | (Negative) |
| Health and welfare - AHCCCS/ALTCS payments | 294,300 | 310,573 | (16,273) |
| Culture and recreation | 251,500 | 510,575 | (10,275) |
| County library | 30,670 | 30,877 | (207) |
| Parks and recreation | 89,188 | 37,162 | 52,026 |
| Total culture and recreation | 119,858 | 68,039 | 51,819 |
| Education | | | |
| School superintendent | 230,582 | 225,814 | 4,768 |
| U of A extension services | 22,307 | 22,307 | , |
| Total education | 252,889 | 248,121 | 4,768 |
| Economic development | 100,000 | 81,857 | 18,143 |
| Capital outlay | | 77,199 | (77,199) |
| Total expenditures | 11,562,861 | 10,288,345 | 1,274,516 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | 275,912 | 3,347,551 | 3,071,639 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | |
| Transfers in | 320,000 | | (320,000) |
| Transfers out | (4,138,416) | (4,599,653) | (461,237) |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | 10,000 | | (10,000) |
| Total other financing sources (uses): | (3,808,416) | (4,599,653) | (791,237) |
| Changes in fund balances | (3,532,504) | (1,252,102) | 2,280,402 |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | 1,949,177 | 8,697,144 | 6,747,967 |
| Fund balances (deficits), end of year | \$ (1,583,327) | \$ 7,445,042 | \$ 9,028,369 |

GREENLEE COUNTY, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HURF YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| D | Budgeted Amounts Original & Final | Non-GAAP Actual | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|---|
| Revenues: Intergovernmental | \$ 1,010,000 | \$ 1,039,613 | \$ 29,613 |
| Investment income | \$ 1,010,000 | \$ 1,039,013 216 | ³ 29,013 216 |
| Miscellaneous | | 41,919 | 41,919 |
| Total revenues | 1,010,000 | 1,081,748 | 71,748 |
| Expenditures: Current - | | | |
| Highways and streets | 2,310,000 | 1,872,218 | 437,782 |
| Capital outlay | | 52,710 | (52,710) |
| Total expenditures | 2,310,000 | 1,924,928 | 385,072 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | (1,300,000) | (843,180) | 456,820 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | |
| Transfers in | | 995,023 | 995,023 |
| Transfers out | (115,000) | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 115,000 |
| Total other financing sources (uses): | (115,000) | 995,023 | 1,110,023 |
| Changes in fund balances | (1,415,000) | 151,843 | 1,566,843 |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | | 352,524 | 352,524 |
| Fund balances (deficits), end of year | \$ (1,415,000) | \$ 504,367 | \$ 1,919,367 |

GREENLEE COUNTY, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HEALTH SERVICES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | A | Budgeted Amounts inal & Final | Actual | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) | | |
|---|----|-------------------------------------|-----------------|---|-----------|--|
| Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | 1,063,611 | \$ 1,069,785 | \$ | 6,174 | |
| Intergovernmental | | 622,658 | 553,414 | | (69,244) | |
| Charges for services | | 10,785 | 9,586 | | (1,199) | |
| Investment income | | 245 | 218 | | (27) | |
| Contributions | | 439 | 390 | | (49) | |
| Miscellaneous | | 16,023 | 14,241 | | (1,782) | |
| Total revenues | | 1,713,761 | 1,647,634 | | (66,127) | |
| Expenditures: Current - | | | | | | |
| Public safety | | 131,315 | 114,788 | | 16,527 | |
| Health and welfare | | 1,823,064 | 1,593,636 | | 229,428 | |
| Capital outlay | | 61 | 53 | | 8 | |
| Debt service - | | | | | | |
| Principal retirement | | | 102,265 | | (102,265) | |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | | 4,710 | | (4,710) | |
| Total expenditures | | 1,954,440 | 1,815,452 | | 138,988 | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | | (240,679) | (167,818) | | 72,861 | |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | 356,000 | 50,000 | | (306,000) | |
| Total other financing sources (uses): | | 356,000 | 50,000 | | (306,000) | |
| Changes in fund balances | | 115,321 | (117,818) | | (233,139) | |
| Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year | | | (201,040) | | (201,040) | |
| Fund balances (deficits), end of year | \$ | 115,321 | \$ (318,858) | \$ | (434,179) | |

GREENLEE COUNTY, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FLOOD DISASTER YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | Budgeted Amounts Original & Final | | Actual | Fii | riance with nal Budget Positive Negative) |
|---|---|----|-----------|-----|--|
| Revenues: | ¢ | ¢ | 51 | ¢ | 51 |
| Investment income Total revenues | \$ | \$ | 51 | \$ | 51 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | |
| Current - | | | 342 | | (242) |
| General government Public safety | | | 4,873 | | (342) (4,873) |
| Highways and streets | | | 2,555 | | (2,555) |
| Total expenditures | | | 7,770 | | (7,770) |
| Changes in fund balances | . <u></u> | | (7,719) | | (7,719) |
| Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year | | | (336,014) | | (336,014) |
| Fund balances (deficits), end of year | \$ | \$ | (343,733) | \$ | (343,733) |

GREENLEE COUNTY, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY ARIZONA STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEM YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) | | | | |
|--|--|----------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| | | 2015 (2014) | 2014 through 2006 | | |
| Greenlee County's proportion of the net pension liability | | 0.05% | Information not available | | |
| Greenlee County's proportionate share of the net liability | \$ | 7,421,858 | | | |
| Greenlee County's covered-employee payroll | \$ | 4,551,287 | | | |
| Greenlee County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll | | 163.07% | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 69.49% | | | |

GREENLEE COUNTY, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CORRECTION OFFICERS RETIREMENT PLAN YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) | | | | |
|--|---|----------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| | | 2015 (2014) | 2014 through 2006 | | |
| Greenlee County's proportion of the net pension liability | | 0.29% | Information not available | | |
| Greenlee County's proportionate share of the net liability | \$ | 650,481 | | | |
| Greenlee County's covered-employee payroll | \$ | 310,010 | | | |
| Greenlee County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll | | 209.83% | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 58.59% | | | |

GREENLEE COUNTY, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY ELECTED OFFICIALS RETIREMENT PLAN YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) | | | | |
|--|---|----------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| | | 2015 (2014) | 2014 through 2006 | | |
| Greenlee County's proportion of the net pension liability | | 0.93% | Information not available | | |
| Greenlee County's proportionate share of the net liability | \$ | 6,222,698 | | | |
| Greenlee County's covered-employee payroll | \$ | 816,428 | | | |
| Greenlee County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll | | 762.19% | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 31.91% | | | |

GREENLEE COUNTY, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS ALL PENSION PLANS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | | <u>2015</u> | 2013 through <u>2006</u> | |
|--|------------|-------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Arizona State Retirement System: Statutorily required contribution | \$ | 527,038 | \$ 483,801 | Information not available |
| Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution | | 527,038 | 483,801 | |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | | \$ | |
| Greenlee County's covered-employee payroll | \$ | 4,863,167 | \$ 4,551,287 | |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | | 10.84% | 10.63% | |
| Public Safety Personnel Retirement Plan - She Actuarially determined contribution | riff \$ | 164,610 | \$ 160,337 | |
| Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution | | 164,610 | 160,337 | |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | | | \$ | |
| Greenlee County's covered-employee payroll | \$ | 936,548 | \$ 909,201 | |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | | 17.58% | 17.63% | |

GREENLEE COUNTY, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS ALL PENSION PLANS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | | <u>2015</u> | 2013 through <u>2006</u> | | |
|---|--|-------------|-----------------------------|---------|------------------------------|
| Correction Officers Retirement Plan Statutorily required contribution | \$ | 42,518 | \$ | 45,088 | Information not available |
| Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution | | 42,518 | | 45,088 | |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | | \$ | | |
| Greenlee County's covered-employee payroll | ee County's covered-employee payroll \$ 26 | | | | |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | | 16.10% | | 14.54% | |
| Elected Officials Retirement Plan Statutorily required contribution | \$ | 178,269 | \$ | 197,726 | |
| Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution | | 178,269 | | 197,726 | |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | | \$ | | |
| Greenlee County's covered-employee payroll | \$ | 787,428 | \$ | 816,428 | |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | | 22.64% | | 24.22% | |

GREENLEE COUNTY, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS PUBLIC SAFETY PERSONNEL RETIREMENT SYSTEM OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LAST THREE ACTUARIAL VALUATIONS

| Actuarial Valuation Date | | Actuarial Valuation of Assets | | Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) | | Jnfunded AAL (UAAL) | L Funded | | _ | Covered Payroll | UAAL as a percentage of Covered Payroll |
|--------------------------------|----|-------------------------------------|----|--|----|---------------------------|----------|--------|---|--------------------|---|
| PSPRS- Sherif | f | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2015 | \$ | 245,866 | \$ | 104,825 | \$ | (141,041) | 2 | 34.55 | % | \$ 936,548 | (15.06) % |
| 2014 | | 224,063 | | 111,785 | | (112,278) | 2 | 200.44 | | 936,659 | (11.99) |
| 2013 | | | | 110,681 | | 110,681 | | - | | 764,569 | 14.48 |

GREENLEE COUNTY, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS PUBLIC SAFETY PERSONNEL RETIREMENT SYSTEM - SHERIFF YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | 2015 |
|--|-----------------|
| Total pension liability | |
| Service cost | \$ 140,956 |
| Interest | 315,179 |
| Changes of benefit terms | 100,080 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the pension liability | 16,756 |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | 543,017 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | (156,937) |
| Net change in total pension liability | 959,051 |
| Total pension liability—beginning | 4,023,007 |
| Total pension liability—ending | \$ 4,982,058 |
| | |
| Plan fiduciary net position | |
| Contributions—employer | \$ 160,337 |
| Contributions—employee | 94,828 |
| Net investment income | 389,564 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | (156,937) |
| Administrative expense | (3,137) |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | 484,655 |
| Plan fiduciary net position—beginning | 2,751,613 |
| Plan fiduciary net position—ending | \$ 3,236,268 |
| Net pension liability—ending | \$ 1,745,790 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 64.96% |
| Covered-employee payroll | \$ 909,201 |
| Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 192.01% |

GREENLEE COUNTY, ARIZONA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 – BUDGETING AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

A.R.S. requires the County to prepare and adopt a balanced budget annually for each governmental fund. The Board of Supervisors must approve such operating budgets on or before the third Monday in July to allow sufficient time for the legal announcements and hearings required for the adoption of the property tax levy on the third Monday in August. A.R.S. prohibits expenditures or liabilities in excess of the amounts budgeted.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level. In certain instances, transfers of appropriations between departments or from the contingency account to a department may be made upon the Board of Supervisors' approval. With the exception of the General Fund, each fund includes only one department.

NOTE 2 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The County's General Fund budget is prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, except for the following:

- Present value of net minimum capital lease payments.
- Financial activity budgeted as special revenue funds. Certain activities are reported in the General Fund in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, but reported as special revenue funds in the County's adopted budget.
- Special revenue funds budgeted as General Fund activity. Certain activities are reported as special revenue funds in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, but reported as activity of the General Fund in the County's adopted budget.

GREENLEE COUNTY, ARIZONA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 2 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The following schedule reconciles the total revenues, total expenditures, total other financing sources (uses), and fund balances as of July 1, 2014 and June 30, 2015 from the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund:

| Total | Einensins | Dalamaaa | Fund |
|---------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| Total | Financing | , | Balances, |
| Expenditures | Sources (Uses) | July 1, 2014 | June 30, 2015 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| \$ 12,322,056 | \$ (605,006) | \$10,596,973 | \$11,908,256 |
| | | | |
| (543,189) | (543,189) | | |
| | | | |
| (1,490,522) | (3,451,458) | (1,899,829) | (4,463,214) |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| \$ 10,288,345 | \$ (4,599,653) | \$ 8,697,144 | \$ 7,445,042 |
| | \$ 12,322,056 (543,189) | Expenditures Sources (Uses) \$ 12,322,056 \$ (605,006) (543,189) (543,189) (1,490,522) (3,451,458) | Expenditures Sources (Uses) July 1, 2014 \$ 12,322,056 \$ (605,006) \$10,596,973 (543,189) (543,189) (1,490,522) (3,451,458) (1,899,829) |

NOTE 3 – EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2015, expenditures exceeded final budget amounts at the department level for the General Fund and at the fund level for all other funds as follows:

| Department | F | Excess | |
|-------------------------|----|--------|--|
| Justice of the Peace #2 | \$ | 6,560 | |
| Recorder | | 1,451 | |
| Emergency Services | | 40 | |
| AHCCCS/ALTCS payments | | 16,273 | |
| County library | | 207 | |
| Fund | | | |
| Flood Disaster | | 7,770 | |

The County will more closely monitor these expenditures to ensure the appropriated budget is not exceeded. The excesses were primarily the result of unexpected expenditures and expenditures made as a result of unanticipated revenue, or both; however, the County's total expenditures on a budgetary basis did not exceed budgeted appropriations. The County uses conservative budgeting practices and encourages departments to stay within their adopted budget amounts. Each year, the County bases the adopted budget amounts on these conservative current and budget year projections and past historical trends. Any excesses of appropriations are discussed with department heads to determine whether or not adjustments will be made in future budgets. In addition, the County requires all budgeted capital expenditures to be brought back to the Board for approval regardless of whether they were included in the budget or not. This allows the County to continually review the availability of funds for all purchases throughout the year.

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GREENLEE COUNTY, ARIZONA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 4 – SCHEDULE OF PSPRS OPEB

Beginning in fiscal year 2014, PSPRS established separate funds for pension benefits and health insurance premium benefits. Previously, the plan recorded both pension and health insurance premium contributions in the same Pension Fund. During fiscal year 2014, the plan transferred prior year health insurance premium benefit contributions that exceeded benefit payments from the plan's pension fund to the new Health Insurance Fund.

NOTE 5 - ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS RATES

Actuarial determined contribution rates for PSPRS are calculated as of June 30 two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirement are as follows:

| Actuarial cost method | Entry age normal | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Amortization method | Level percent closed for unfunded actuarial | | |
| | liability, open for excess | | |
| Remaining amortization period as of the | 23 years for unfunded actuarial accrued | | |
| 2013 actuarial valuation | liability, 20 years for excess | | |
| Asset valuation method | 7 year smoothed market value; 20% corridor | | |
| Actuarial assumptions: | | | |
| Investment rate of return | In the 2013 actuarial valuation, the | | |
| | investment rate of return was decreased from | | |
| | 8.0% to 7.85%. | | |
| Projected salary increases | In the 2013 actuarial valuation, projected | | |
| | salary increases were decreased from 5.0%- | | |
| | 9.0% to 4.5%-8.5% | | |
| Wage growth | In the 2013 actuarial valuation, wage growth | | |
| | was decreased from 5.0% to 4.5% | | |
| Retirement age | Experience based table of rates that is | | |
| | specific to the type of eligibility condition. | | |
| | Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant | | |
| | to an experience study of the period July 1, | | |
| | 2006 – June 30, 2011. | | |
| Mortality | RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105% | | |
| | for both males and females) | | |
| | | | |