Coconino County Community College District

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Prepared by

District Business and Administrative Services Office

Cover artwork provided by student Sarah Hatch



Coconino County Community College District Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Table of Contents

Introductory Section	
Message from the President	
Letter of Transmittal	
Government Finance Officers Association Certificate of Achievement	9
Principal Officers	
Organizational Chart	1'
Vision, Mission and Purposes	
Core Values	
Financial Section	
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	17
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets-Primary Government	26
Statement of Financial Position-Component Unit	27
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets-Primary Government	28
Statement of Activities-Component Unit	29
Statement of Cash Flows-Primary Government	30
Notes to Financial Statements	32
Required Supplementary Information:	
Post Employment Health Care Benefits	50
Statistical Section	
Net Assets by Component	5 [^]
Expenses by Program and Function	
Expenses by Natural Classification	
Revenues by Source	54
Other Changes in Net Assets	
Expenditure Limitation - Statutory Limit to Budgeted Expenditures	
Property Tax Levies and Collections	
Assessed Value, Net Assessed Value and Total Value of All Taxable Property	58
Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments	
Principal Taxpayers	60
Historic General Resident Tuition	6′
Computation of Legal Debt Margin	62
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt	63
General Obligation Bond Coverage	64
Ratios of Outstanding Debt	
Demographic and Economic Statistics – Coconino County	
Principal Employers - Coconino County	
Historic Enrollment	
Student Enrollment Demographic Statistics	
Graduation Statistics	
Faculty and Staff Statistics	
Control Acad Information	

Introductory Section





January 7, 2011

To the Residents of Coconino County Community College District:

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is a detailed look at how Coconino Community College operates.

We at CCC are proud of our record for sound fiscal management. For 15 consecutive years the CCC accounting team has been honored with the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada. In addition, during the past 2 years, our Business and Administrative Services staff has implemented a financial sustainability plan, which has been recognized nationwide by our peers. We are currently in tier 2 of a 3 tier plan designed to assist CCC in sustaining financial viability in the face of drastic cuts in state funding brought on in part by one of our nations' most severe and lasting recessions. We believe that Coconino Community College is the most efficient community college in the state.

With such a conscientious staff, I am pleased to present this report as another example of CCC's commitment to good stewardship of your tax dollars while meeting the educational needs of the communities and students we serve.

Since its inception in 1991, CCC has strived to strengthen communities, train students for jobs and change lives. Some 10,000 northern Arizona students enroll in credit and non-credit classes annually and enrollment continues to climb.

Working together, we have accomplished much. You have our promise that we will continue to evaluate our operations to ensure that we are conducting the business of higher education efficiently and effectively.

Sincerely,

Leah L. Bornstein Ph.D. President



January 7, 2011

To the Citizens of Coconino County Community College District:

We are pleased to provide you with the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Coconino County Community College District (the District) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) §41-1279.07 requires community college districts of Arizona to prepare an annual budgeted expenditure limitation report and annual financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The auditor general or a certified public accountant or public accountant performing the annual audit shall attest to the expenditure limitation report and financial statements. This report is published to fulfill the requirements for the annual financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. The expenditure limitation report is published separately.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the District. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the District. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the District's financial status and activities have been included.

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that assets are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with general accounting principles.

Audit services are provided to the District by Miller, Allen & Co., P.C. As noted above, Arizona Revised Statutes require an annual audit of the District's financial statements. This requirement has been complied with and the independent auditor's report is included in this document. The auditor's opinion is unqualified.

This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the Management's Discussion & Analysis (located in the Financial Section of this document) and should be read in conjunction with it.

Reporting Entity

The District is an independent reporting entity within the criteria established by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Although the District shares the same geographic boundaries of Coconino County, financial accountability for all activities related to public community college education in Coconino County is exercised solely by the District. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, the financial reporting entity consists of a primary government and a component unit. Coconino County Community College District is a primary government because it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state and

local governments. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 39, the financial activity of the Coconino Community College Foundation is presented as a component unit of the District. The District is not included in any other governmental financial reporting entity.

Profile of Coconino County Community College District

As a political subdivision of the State of Arizona, the Coconino County Community College District is subject to the oversight of the District's Governing Board (the Board), which is comprised of five elected members, representing each of the five precincts of the county. These members are elected for six-year terms on a staggered basis. The Board is granted full authority from the Arizona Revised Statutes to manage the business and educational needs of the District. The administrative staff is responsible for the daily operation of the District.

The District exercises primary property tax levy authority for generation of funds for operating expenses. State appropriations are also received based on Full Time Student Equivalent (FTSE) enrollment and formula funding. One FTSE equals 15 credit hours each from both fall and spring semesters.

Coconino County Community College District is committed to offering quality educational programs and services at a reasonable cost for the citizens of Coconino County. The District provides a wide range of programs, including general academic, technical-vocational, student development services, continuing education, and community service.

The District serves the educational needs of Coconino County through seven facilities: the Flagstaff Lone Tree Campus and District Offices, the Flagstaff Fourth Street Campus and Technology Center/FMC Institute for Nursing Education, the Page/Lake Powell Campus, the Williams Campus, the Grand Canyon Leaning Center, the Tuba City Learning Center, and the Fredonia Learning Center. District-wide administrative and support services are centralized and administered by the President and the respective Vice-Presidents and Deans.

The District embraces the philosophy of shared governance, which is the process by which the College community, including students and public when appropriate, respectfully share responsibility for reaching collective decisions on issues related to the College District. This governance model includes the College Council, which provides strategic oversight and advisory functions, and oversees policies and procedures for the College. The College Council consists of the College President, the Vice President for Academic Affairs, the Vice President for Business and Administrative Services, the Director of Student Services, the Foundation Director, the Chief Technology Officer, the Director of Marketing and Public Relations, the Executive Assistant to the President, the Dean of Arts and Sciences, the Dean of Career and Technical Education, the Executive Dean of the Page/Lake Powell campus, the Director of Human Resources, one faculty member, one associate faculty member, one staff representative, and one student representative.

History

The citizens of Coconino County in November of 1990 established the District under the provisions of legislation enacted by the Arizona State Legislature in 1971. In May 1991, the District's funding was approved through special election, and operations began on July 1, 1991. The District boundaries are conterminous with the boundaries of Coconino County.

When the District began in 1991, it initially expected to serve 600 students. Nearly 1,000 students registered the first semester. Since then, enrollment has increased dramatically. Today the District

enrolls over 11,000 annually (duplicated headcount).

Geography/Population

Coconino County is located in the northern portion of the State and encompasses an area of approximately 12 million acres. Its boundaries include the cities of Page, Fredonia, Tuba City, Grand Canyon, Williams, Sedona, and Flagstaff, as well as other smaller cities and towns, and all the unincorporated areas of the County. The County's 2009 population was estimated at 129,849 by the U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis.

With 18,661 square miles, Coconino County is the second largest county in the United States and the largest in Arizona. It is characterized by rugged mountains, deep canyons and thick forests of pine, spruce, aspen and oak. Within its borders are many scenic sites – the most popular and impressive is Grand Canyon National Park. Other attractions are Oak Creek Canyon, Sunset Crater National Monument, prehistoric Indian ruins at Wupatki, Walnut Canyon, the Navajo National Monument, the San Francisco Peaks - Arizona's highest point at 12,633 feet, and Lake Powell with 1,960 miles of shoreline.

Indian reservations comprise 46 percent of the County and are home to the Navajo, Hopi, Paiute, Havasupai, and Hualapai tribes. The U.S. Forest Service and Bureau of Land Management control 32 percent of the land; the state of Arizona owns 9.5 percent; other public lands comprise 6.8 percent; and the remaining 5.7 percent is owned by individuals or corporations.

Local Economy

The share of the County's labor force is heavily weighted towards government, trade, and service employment. These sectors employ over 85% of the entire county's nonagricultural work force. Relative to the rest of the state, the work force employed by government is high. Part of the reasons for the large number of government workers in the county include the presence of several major national parks, Indian reservations, and the high percentage of the total area in county public lands.

The state and national economy have declined over the year and are not expected to recover in the short-term. County unemployment rates (8.8%) have remained slightly lower than both state (9.6%) and national levels (9.5%) and the District must contend with the continued limited funding from the State. The District is committed to improving and offering additional services to meet the County needs. These efforts are achieved through careful monitoring of costs, innovative partnerships, cost saving opportunities, and seeking new revenue sources.

Long Term Strategic Financial and Operational Planning

The long-term financial goal of the District is to support its mission and vision as outlined in the Strategic Plan. The mission of the District is to enrich lives by embracing diversity and transforming the future through quality education. The District's vision is to lead our communities in lifelong learning.

The District has developed unique partnerships within the community, which continue to result in significant savings to our taxpayers. Specifically, partnerships with the City of Page, Northern Arizona University, and the Williams Unified School District have resulted in donations of land for the construction of the three respective campuses. These donations and other partnering initiatives

continue to provide leverage and maximum return on the community's investment in education.

Budget

The District is required to prepare an all funds balanced budget each fiscal year on report forms prescribed by the Auditor General for public inspection. The District maintains budgetary controls by line item of the approved budget. Budget transfers are restricted to function and object. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with the annual budget adopted by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control is by summary line item of the current and plant funds.

Budgetary compliance is also demonstrated with the issuance of an annual budgeted expenditure limitation report, which is also audited. The purpose of the expenditure limitation is to control expenditures and limit future increases in spending adjustments for inflation; deflation; population growth of counties, cities, and towns; and student population growth of community college districts.

An encumbrance accounting system is maintained by the District as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Open encumbrances are not reported as reservations of fund balance at year end, but are liquidated (lapse at year end). Encumbrances are re-established at the beginning of the next fiscal year as an obligation against the current year's adopted budget.

Sustainable Financial Plan

In Spring 2008, the District developed a Sustainable Financial Plan (the Plan), consisting of three levels. The District is currently working Level II of the Plan. The levels are:

- Level I Efficiencies. Level I includes such measures as instituting a hiring "chill", implementing an out of state travel freeze, increasing class size, reducing dues and subscription costs, reducing paper costs, and reducing utility costs.
- Level II Critical. On top of the measures identified in Level I, Level II includes reorganizing divisions/departments, eliminating some positions, closing the Williams campus for the summer session, and instituting a four ten-hour day summer work schedule at all other locations.
- Level III Crisis. Level III is most serious and would include a reduction in work force and potential closing of facilities.

The Plan was developed keeping in mind that long-term sustainability is the ability to maintain services and infrastructure while maintaining a healthy financial position. To that end the District used the following guiding principles:

- Having a culture that cares about sustainability and cost containment;
- Holding the student academic experience harmless unless absolutely necessary;
- Being a good steward of public funds;
- · Funding and maintaining physical assets;
- · Maintaining a conservative debt level;
- Maintaining or improving fund balances;
- Delivering services in a cost-effective manner;
- Strengthening procedures to maintain fiscal sustainability;

- Using the Strategic Plan to drive budget decisions;
- · Controlling program costs;
- Providing a competitive compensation package;
- · Acquiring a competitive property tax rate; and
- Maintaining sustainability plans to implement during economic downturns.

Financial Reporting

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the District was formulated with data from several sources, including District records and Coconino County Department of Finance reports. These statements present information on the financial condition of the District and whether resources were adequate to cover the costs of providing services during the reporting period. The District's CAFR is distributed to the District Governing Board and executive management, the State legislature, Federal and State agencies, and financial institutions as well as others throughout the general public. Internal management reports are customized and provided to meet the information and decision-making needs at all levels of the organization to aid management in the allocation of resources.

Debt Administration

The District issued \$25 million of general obligation bonds in 1999 for capital developments throughout Coconino County. The District levies a secondary property tax to fund the debt retirement. During fiscal year 2009, to take advantage of lower interest rates, the District refunded \$17.1 million of these bonds. The bond refunding will save the taxpayers of Coconino County approximately \$1.1 million over the next ten years. The District does not foresee any additional bonded debt in the near future.

Major Initiatives

CCC2NAU

In collaboration with Northern Arizona University (NAU), the District had developed a unique partnership known as the CCC2NAU program. This program is designed to help students earn their CCC associates degree and later their NAU bachelor's degrees in a most effective way. A designated advisor works with the student to develop an academic plan to suit their particular needs. Program features include:

- No participation fee
- No separate application or application fee for admission to NAU
- · Automatic transfer of credits
- Advisement from a professional cross-trained in both career and academic advising
- An orientation program
- A free, one-credit, first-year experience course
- · Free access to many services, such as the NAU library, computer lab, and athletic events
- · Access to low-cost or discounted services, programs, and events, including
 - o Theatre, symphony, and other performances
 - o Meal plans and Dining Dollars (discounted dining on the NAU campus)
 - Health center and recreational facilities

The CCC2NAU program began with the Fall 2008 term with 16 students enrolled. Currently, there

are over 300 students enrolled in this program.

Workforce Development

The District has initiated a concentrated effort over the past several years to provide communities with more occupational and technical training. The state of Arizona imposes a 0.6% sales tax to assist in this effort. The use of these funds is restricted to workforce development programs, such as the CISCO Academy, the nursing program, and construction technology management. To meet the unique interests of individuals and groups within the service area of the District, customized workforce training services were developed. In addition, the District has responded to community education needs by offering more noncredit personal enrichment and professional development learning opportunities.

Efficiency through Partnerships

As student population and required services continue to increase it is essential that the District maximize its efficiency. To this end, the District has established relationships with partners in education. As fiscal agent of the Adult Basic Education program, the District works with other entities in Northern Arizona such as Flagstaff Unified School District, Coconino County Superintendent of Schools, and Tuba City to provide basic education to adult learners in Coconino County. During fiscal year 2010, the District concluded a partnership with Northland Pioneer College, a project designed to enhance distance learning and online student resources with funding from the five-year Cooperative Title III grant.

The District is finding efficiencies by developing new instructional programs that can be fully funded by the fee revenue they generate, and is continuing to seek external funding through the Coconino Community College Foundation.

Growth

Throughout its history, the District's full time student equivalency (FTSE) has grown an average of 10% per year, from 491 in fiscal year 1992 to a budgeted 2,350 for fiscal year 2011. This growth has corresponded to many changes over the years including increases in personnel as well as facilities. Coconino Community College conducts operations throughout the largest county in Arizona, including two campuses in Flagstaff, a campus in Page, an extension site in Williams, and distance learning facilities in Grand Canyon, Fredonia, and Tuba City. The growth the District has experienced has led to the development of enrollment management strategies. To that end, the College has implemented a marketing plan to help the College recruit and retain targeted student populations.

GFOA Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement in Excellence in Financial Reporting to Coconino Community College for its comprehensive annual financial report for the year ended June 30, 2009. This was the fifteenth consecutive year that the Coconino County Community College District has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current

comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

<u>Acknowledgment</u>

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the Business and Administrative Services division. We wish to express our appreciation to all members of the division who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. We also thank the members of the District Governing Board for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the District in a highly responsible and progressive manner. Appreciation is also expressed to Miller, Allen & Co., P.C. for their timely completion of the audit.

Respectfully submitted,

Jami Van Ess, Vice President Business and Administrative Services Cindy L Cook Controller Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Coconino County Community College District

Arizona

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2009

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

UNITED STATES AND CORPORATION SO CHEASE OF CHE

President

Executive Director

Coconino County Community College District Principal Officers

District Governing Board

Dr. Nathaniel White, Vice Chair/Secretary, District 1
Ms. Patricia Garcia, Member, District 2
Mr. Jack Hadley, Member, District 3
Mr. Patrick Hurley, Chair, District 4
Ms. Val Gleave, Member, District 5

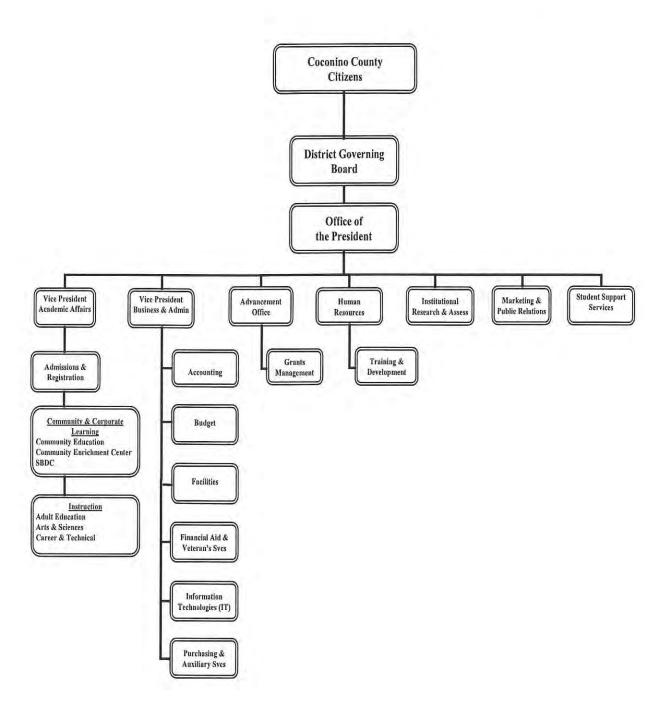
Senior Administration

Dr. Leah L. Bornstein, President

Ms. Jami Van Ess, Vice President for Business and Administrative Services

Dr. Kathleen Corak, Vice President for Academic Affairs

Coconino County Community College District Organizational Chart





Vision, Mission, Purposes & Core Values

<u>Vision</u>

Leading our communities in lifelong learning.

Mission

As a learning-centered college, we enrich lives by embracing diversity and transforming the future through quality education.

Purposes

Coconino Community College has identified the following purposes to achieve its mission:

- General Education to provide learners with the foundation of a liberal education, including lifelong learning.
- Transfer Education to provide learners with the curriculum necessary to transfer to baccalaureate institutions.
- Occupational Education to provide learners with the skills and knowledge necessary to pursue occupational careers.
- Continuing Education to provide all learners with continuing education learning opportunities.
- Developmental Education to provide the curriculum necessary to prepare learners for college and the workplace.
- **Economic Development** to respond quickly in the advancement of regional economic development goals.
- Technology Integration to provide state-of-the-art technological education and training opportunities.
- Student Services to facilitate access to the college and to support learners' attainment of educational goals.
- Cultural and Community Service to provide programs that celebrate cultural diversity and awareness, encourage volunteer service, support community awareness, protect public welfare, and support fine and performing arts.

Core Values

We – the District Governing Board and employees of Coconino Community College – are dedicated to providing quality educational opportunities to our community. In doing so, we commit to the following core values to guide our decisions and behaviors as we seek to meet the changing needs, aspirations, and goals of our community:

- People We strive to accept the uniqueness of each individual and the contribution each person makes. We strive to create a caring, accepting, and productive environment for our students, employees, and community.
- Learning and Growth We are dedicated to providing lifelong learning opportunities for our students, employees, and community to empower them to achieve their dreams. In this endeavor, we create learning opportunities that are accessible and relevant to our students and place the learner first.
- Quality We recognize the importance of continually improving our educational offerings and services and the need to hold our students and ourselves to high expectations and standards. We employ a dynamic, strategic planning process and constantly assess our activities to be responsive and accountable to our students, employees, and community.
- Ethics We believe that to be effective we must demonstrate integrity.
 Therefore, we uphold the highest ethical standards in all of our activities
 resulting in a responsible and fair environment for our students, employees,
 and community and a responsive and open decision-making process.
- Community We exist for our community; therefore, we must be responsive
 to its changing needs and its diversity. To do so, we strive to provide services
 that are timely, accessible, and affordable. We also pursue partnerships and
 collaborations throughout our community to be responsive to the needs of our
 diverse populations.
- Respect We recognize that learning cannot occur without respect. We are committed to the acceptance of diverse cultures, differing ideas and beliefs, and the uniqueness of each individual since these are the foundations of respect.
- Sustainability We commit to innovative thinking to guide our decisions toward sustainable practices in our living and working environments. In this earnest endeavor, we strive to demonstrate adaptive leadership, eco-friendly stewardship and quality education a mindful and economically feasible manner.

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Financial Section





Mark L. Landy, CPA Stephen T. Harris, CPA Thomas L. Friend, CPA Robert N. Snyder, CPA

Robert L. Miller, CPA (1931 - 1992)

Independent Auditor's Report

The Auditor General of the State of Arizona

The Governing Board of Coconino County Community College District

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and discretely presented component unit of Coconino County Community College District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the discretely presented component unit, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the discretely presented component unit were not audited by the other auditors in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of the other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and discretely presented component unit of Coconino County Community College District as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 17 through 25 and the Postemployment Healthcare Benefits Schedule of Funding Progress on page 50 are not required parts of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental

Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory and statistical sections listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. That information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 7, 2011, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

January 7, 2011

Miller, allen & Co., P.C.

Our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2010. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter, which precedes this section, and the financial statements, which immediately follow.

Basic Financial Statements

The District's financial statements are presented in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the authoritative body for establishing generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for state and local governments, including public institutions of higher education. These pronouncements permit public colleges and universities to use the guidance for special-purpose governments, engaged only in business-type activities, in their separately issued financial statements. As such, the reader will observe that the presentation format is a consolidated, single-column format, similar to the type of financial statements one might encounter from a typical business enterprise or a not-for-profit organization. The basic financial statements consist of the following:

The Statement of Net Assets reflects the financial position of the District at June 30, 2010. It shows the assets owned or controlled, related liabilities and other obligations, and the categories of net assets. Net assets is an accounting concept defined as total assets less total liabilities, and as such, represents the institutional equity or ownership in the total assets of the District.

From the data presented, readers of the Statement of Net Assets are able to determine the assets available to continue operations of the District. They are also able to determine how much the District owes vendors and investors. Finally, the Statement of Net Assets provides a picture of the net assets and their availability for expenditure by the District.

Net assets are divided into three major categories. The first category, invested in capital assets, net of related debt, provides the District's equity in property, plant, and equipment owned by the District. The next category is restricted net assets, which are expendable. Expendable restricted net assets are available for expenditure by the District but must be spent solely for the purpose of their restriction. The final category is unrestricted net assets, which are available to the District for any lawful purpose of the District.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets reflects the results of operations and other changes for the year ended June 30, 2010. It shows the revenues and expenses, both operating and nonoperating, reconciling the beginning net assets amount to the ending net assets amount, which is shown on the Statement of Net Assets described above.

Generally speaking, operating revenues are received for providing goods and services to the customers and constituencies of the District. Operating expenses are those expenses paid to acquire or produce the goods and services provided in return for the operating revenues and to carry out the mission of the District. Nonoperating revenues are revenues received for which goods and services are not provided. For example, State

appropriations are nonoperating because they are provided by the Legislature to the District without the Legislature directly receiving commensurate goods and services for those revenues.

The Statement of Cash Flows reflects the inflows and outflows of cash and cash equivalents for the year ended June 30, 2010. It shows the cash activities by type, reconciling the beginning cash and cash equivalents amount to the ending cash and cash equivalents amount, which is shown on the Statement of Net Assets, described above. In addition, this statement reconciles cash flows used for operating activities to the operating loss shown on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets, described above.

Although the primary focus of this document is on the results and activity for fiscal year 2009-10 (FY2010), comparative data is presented for the previous fiscal year 2008-09 (FY2009). This Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) uses the prior year as a reference point in illustrating issues and trends for determining whether the institution's health may have improved or deteriorated.

Condensed Financial Information

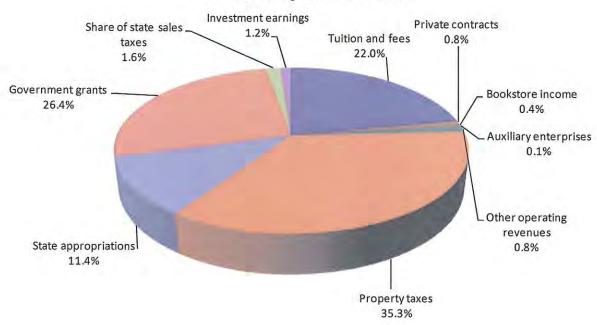
	Ju	As of une 30, 2010	J	As of ine 30, 2009	Percent Change
Current assets	\$	12,419,352	\$	11,191,528	11.0 %
Capital assets, net		28,238,491		28,375,842	(0.5)
Total assets		40,657,843		39,567,370	2.8
Other liabilities		1,958,388		1,808,340	8.3
Long-term liabilities		16,517,180		18,051,180	(8.5)
Total liabilities		18,475,568		19,859,520	(7.0)
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		12,309,983		10,995,912	12.0
Resticted net assets		1,960,003		2,780,419	(29.5)
Unrestricted net assets		7,912,289		5,931,519	33.4
	\$	22,182,275	\$	19,707,850	12.6 %

		or the Year Ended une 30, 2010	3	or the Year Ended une 30, 2009	Percent Change	
Operating revenues	\$	5,676,386	\$	5,365,332	5.8	%
Operating expenses:						
Educational and general		19,441,635		18,525,827	4.9	
Auxiliary enterprises		24,578		19,628	25.2	
Depreciation		1,103,684		1,080,268	2.2	
Total operating expenses		20,569,897		19,625,723	4.8	
Operating loss		(14,893,511)		(14,260,391)	4.4	
Nonoperating revenues and expenses		17,367,936		15,549,379	11.7	
Income before other revenues, expenses,						
gains or losses		2,474,425		1,288,988	92.0	
Other revenues, expenses, gains, or losses	_	15	_	139,890	(100.0)	1
Increase in net assets		2,474,425		1,428,878	73.2	
Net assets, beginning of year		19,707,850		18,278,972	7.8	
Net assets, end of year	\$	22,182,275	\$	19,707,850	12.6	9

The following schedule presents a summary of revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, with comparative totals for June 30, 2009.

	FY 2	FY 2010 FY2009		2009	09 Increase/(Dec		
Revenues by Source		Percent of		Percent of		Percent of	
	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	Amount	Change	
Operating revenues							
Tuition and fees, net of							
scholarship allowances	\$ 5,180,646	22.0 %	\$ 4,969,533	22.7 %	\$ 211,113	4.2 %	
Private contracts	187,847	0.8	154,334	0.7	33,513	21.7	
Bookstore income	86,215	0.4	75,989	0.3	10,226	13.5	
Auxiliary enterprises	26,482	0.1	23,919	0.1	2,563	10.7	
Other operating revenues	195,196	0.8	141,557	0.6	53,639	37.9	
Total operating revenues	5,676,386	24.1	5,365,332	24.5	311,054	5.8	
Nonoperating revenues							
Property taxes	8,341,095	35.3	8,241,269	37.6	99,826	1.2	
State appropriations	2,679,400	11.4	2,994,270	13.7	(314,870)	(10.5)	
Government grants	6,211,775	26.4	4,479,955	20.4	1,731,820	38.7	
Share of state sales taxes	376,663	1.6	404,065	1.8	(27,402)	(6.8)	
Investment earnings	278,161	1.2	411,090	1.9	(132,929)	(32.3)	
Other nonoperating revenues	-		14,378	0.1	(14,378)	(100.0)	
Total nonoperating revenues	17,887,094	75.9	16,545,027	75.5	1,342,067	8.1	
Total revenues	\$ 23,563,480	100.0 %	\$ 21,910,359	100.0 %	\$ 1,653,121	7.5 %	

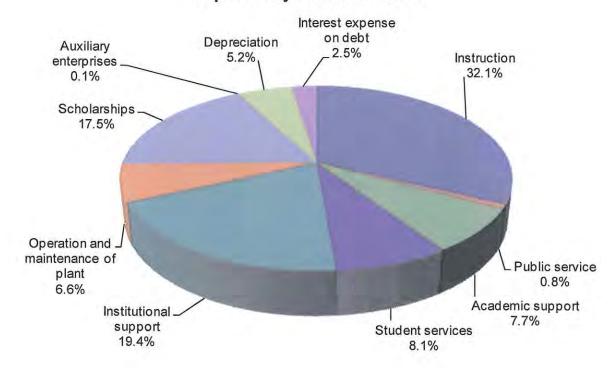
Revenues by Source FY2010



The following schedule presents a summary of expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, with comparative totals for June 30, 2009.

	FY	2010	FY	2009	Increase/(Decrease)		
Expenses by Function		Percent of	·	Percent of		Percent of	
	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	Amount	Change	
Operating expenses		-		1	-		
Education and general:							
Instruction	\$ 6,761,403	32.1 %	\$ 6,981,160	33.9 %	\$ (219,757)	(3.1)	
Public service	168,557	0.8	139,234	0.7	29,323	21.1	
Academic support	1,631,509	7.7	2,288,819	11.1	(657,310)	(28.7)	
Student services	1,701,682	8.1	1,696,457	8.2	5,225	0.3	
Institutional support	4,096,143	19.4	4,128,874	20.0	(32,731)	(0.8)	
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,392,033	6.6	1,589,860	7.7	(197,827)	(12.4)	
Scholarships	3,690,308	17.5	1,701,423	8.3	1,988,885	116.9	
Auxiliary enterprises	24,578	0.1	19,628	0.1	4,950	25.2	
Depreciation	1,103,684	5.2	1,080,268	5.2	23,416	2.2	
Total operating expenses	20,569,897	97.5	19,625,723	95.2	944,174	4.8	
Nonoperating expenses							
Interest expense on debt	519,158	2.5	995,648	4.8	(476,490)	(47.9)	
Total nonoperating expenses	519,158	2.5	995,648	4.8	(476,490)	(47.9)	
Total expenses	\$ 21,089,055	100.0 %	\$ 20,621,371	100.0 %	\$ 467,684	2.3	

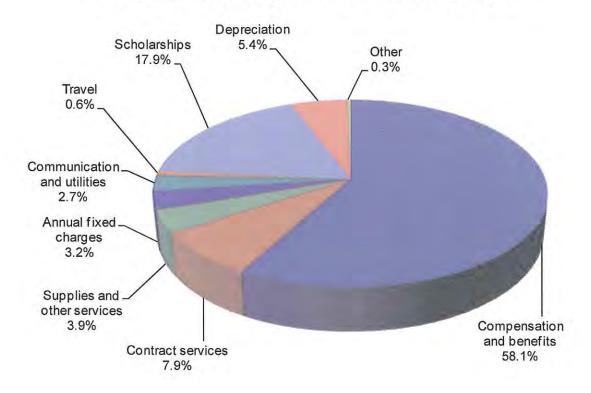
Expenses by Function FY2010



The following schedule presents a summary of operating expenses by natural classification for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, with comparative totals for June 30, 2009.

Operating Expenses	FY 2	010	FY	2009	Increase/(Decrease)		
by Natural Classification		Percent of		Percent of		Percent of	
	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	Amount	Change	
Operating expenses							
Compensation and benefits	\$ 11,930,665	58.1 %	\$ 12,442,857	63.3 %	\$ (512,192)	(4.1) %	
Contract services	1,626,931	7.9	1,799,997	9.2	(173,066)	(9.6)	
Supplies and other services	808,117	3.9	959,741	4.9	(151,624)	(15.8)	
Annual fixed charges	654,238	3.2	769,183	3.9	(114,945)	(14.9)	
Communication and utilities	564,913	2.7	663,911	3.4	(98,998)	(14.9)	
Travel	130,441	0.6	131,594	0.7	(1,153)	(0.9)	
Scholarships	3,690,308	17.9	1,703,578	8.7	1,986,730	116.6	
Depreciation	1,103,684	5.4	1,080,268	5.5	23,416	2.2	
Other	60,600	0.3	74,594	0.4	(13,994)	(18.8)	
Total operating expenses	\$ 20,569,897	100.0 %	\$ 19,625,723	100.0 %	\$ 944,174	4.8 %	
					No.		

Operating Expenses by Natural Classification FY2010



Financial Highlights and Analysis

Statement of Net Assets

The District's overall financial position continues to improve in fiscal year 2010. Total net assets for the District increased by \$2,474,425, or 12.6%, from fiscal year 2009 to fiscal year 2010. Many factors are responsible for the net increase, which are identified in the discussion of the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets, below.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

The District has four major revenue sources. These are property taxes, tuition and fees, state appropriations, and government grants and contracts. Total revenue for the District increased \$1,653,121, or 7.5%, from fiscal year 2009 to fiscal year 2010. The revenue sources primarily responsible for the net increase are as follows:

- Tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances) increased \$211 thousand, or 4.2%, due to an increase of full time student equivalents (FTSE) of 234.5, or 11%. There was no increase to tuition rates from fiscal year 2009 to fiscal year 2010.
- Private contracts increased \$33.5 thousand, or 21.7%, primarily due to increased funding available for the Small Business Development Center. In addition, there was an increased need for sign language interpreters, which the District provides to outside organizations for a fee.
- Bookstore income increased by \$10.2 thousand, or 13.5%, due to increased sales volume as a result increased FTSE.
- Auxiliary enterprises revenue increased \$2.5 thousand, or 10.7%, primarily due to increased vending machine sales and a price increase on selected items.
- Other operating revenues increased by \$53.6 thousand, or 37.9%, primarily due to increased facility usage and tenant rental income.
- State appropriations decreased \$314.8 thousand, or 10.5%, due to state budget cuts.
- Government grants increased by \$1.7 million, or 38.7%, primarily due (1) an increase in Federal financial aid to students, and (2) the increase in student enrollment.
- Share of state sales taxes decreased \$27.4 thousand, or 6.8%, primarily due to the poor economy.
- Investment earnings decreased \$132.9 thousand, or 32.3%, due to low interest rates.

Total operating expenses increased by \$944 thousand, or 4.8%, from fiscal year 2009 to fiscal year 2010. The expense classifications primarily responsible for the increase are as follows:

- Instruction expenses decreased \$219.7 thousand, or 3.1%, even though enrollment increased. The decrease can be attributed to eliminating campus coordinator positions at the Page, Williams and Fourth Street campuses, as well as increasing class size to reduce the cost of part-time faculty.
- Public service expenses increased \$29.3 thousand, or 21.1% due to increased funding available for the Small Business Development Center.
- Academic support expenses decreased \$657 thousand, or 28.7%, primarily due to the end of the Title III grant in September 2009.
- Operation and maintenance of plant expenses decreased \$197.8 thousand, or 12.4%. The decrease is primarily due to deferred maintenance projects that were performed in fiscal year 2009 which did not occur in fiscal year 2010.
- Scholarship expenses increased nearly \$2 million, or 116.9%, due primarily to the
 increase in Federal financial aid to students, specifically Pell awards. In fiscal year
 2010, the maximum Pell award increased from \$4,731 per student to \$5,350, and
 year-round Pell was implemented. This increase is also noted in the Operating
 Expenses by Natural Classification-Scholarships.
- With the exception of Scholarships and Depreciation, Operating Expenses by Natural Classification decreased significantly in every natural classification. The decreases can be attributed to reorganizations within the District, as well as the District working the Sustainable Financial Plan created in fiscal year 2009.

The sole nonoperating expense, interest expense on debt, decreased \$476 thousand, or 47.9% from that of fiscal year 2009. The decrease is attributable to the bond refunding which occurred in fiscal year 2009.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets are defined as those items costing over \$5,000 and which have a normal useful life of more than one year. The District has created renewal and replacement (R&R) schedules for all of its facilities, as well as technology. The schedules are updated annually and funds are invested and designated for this purpose. As of June 30, 2010, these funds amounted to approximately \$3.5 million.

Below is a summary of the capital assets, net of depreciation, as of June 30:

Capital Assets

	FY 2010	FY 2009	Percent Change
Land	\$ 1,089,000	\$ 1,089,000	- %
Buildings	25,317,002	26,125,793	(3.1)
Improvements other than buildings	331,827	369,350	(10.2)
Equipment	672,312	648,247	3.7
Vehicles	33,733	14,752	128.7
Construction in progress	794,617	128,700	517.4
Total capital assets	\$ 28,238,491	\$ 28,375,842	(0.5) %

Total long-term liabilities decreased by a net amount of \$1,534,000, or 8.5% from fiscal year 2009. At June 30, 2010, the District had one bond issue outstanding, consisting of a general obligation refunding bond issue with an original amount of \$17,135,000. Total long-term bonded debt outstanding at June 30, 2010, is \$15,535,000.

Additional information on the District's capital assets and long-term debt can be found in Notes 4 and 6, respectively, to the basic financial statements.

Current Factors Having Probable Future Financial Significance

The community college system-wide appropriation for state aid is provided by A.R.S. §15-1466. The formula is based on the current base and enrollment growth. During fiscal years 2002, 2003, and 2004, due to declining state revenues, state aid to community colleges was cut drastically. Although state aid funding of \$3,130,800 represented 45.8% of total gross revenues in fiscal year 2001, fiscal year 2010 state aid funding of \$2,679,400 only represents 11.4% of total net revenues. State aid funding for fiscal year 2011 is expected to remain flat, but future funding cuts are on the horizon. To accommodate the decline in state aid, tuition has increased from \$33 per credit hour in fiscal year 2001 to \$75 per credit hour (including the technology fee) in fiscal year 2009, a 128% increase over a nine-year period. For fiscal year 2010, there was no tuition increase, but for fiscal year 2011, a \$10 increase was approved, bringing the current tuition rate to \$85 per credit hour (including the technology fee). A tuition increase for fiscal year 2012 is being considered.

Requests for Information

This discussion and analysis is designed to provide a general overview of the Coconino County Community College District's finances for all those with an interest in such matters. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Controller, Coconino County Community College District, 2800 S. Lone Tree Road, Flagstaff, AZ 86001.

Coconino County Community College District Statement of Net Assets - Primary Government June 30, 2010

	Business-Type Activities
Assets	
Current assets:	
Cash in bank and on hand	\$ 1,374,176
Cash and investments held by the County Treasurer	10,317,063
Investments	40,659
Receivables:	
Property taxes (net of allowances of \$65,043)	231,289
Government grants and contracts	168,339
Other (net of allowances of \$32,655)	202,084
Inventories	14,995
Prepaid items	70,747
Total current assets	12,419,352
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets, not being depreciated	1,883,617
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	26,354,874
Total noncurrent assets	28,238,491
Total assets	40,657,843
Liabilities	
Durrent liabilities:	
Accounts payable	517,561
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	775,273
Deferred revenues	590,947
Deposits held in custody for others	74,607
Current portion of compensated absences payable	100,484
Current portion of long-term debt	1,452,141
Total current liabilities	3,511,013
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Compensated absences payable	386,350
Long-term debt	14,578,205
Total noncurrent liabilities	14,964,555
Total liabilities	18,475,568
Net Assets	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	12,309,983
Restricted:	
Expendable:	
Capital projects	1,565,963
Debt service	394,040
Unrestricted	7,912,289
Total net assets	\$ 22,182,275

Coconino County Community College District Statement of Financial Position - Component Unit June 30, 2010

	Comm	Coconino nunity College oundation
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	159,950
Unconditional promises to give	*	5,000
Investments, at market		556,395
Total current assets		721,345
Total assets	\$	721,345
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Accrued expenses	\$	533
Credit cards payable		968
CCC College payable		8,912
Total current liabilities		10,413
Net Assets		
Unrestricted		182,777
Temporarily restricted		234,581
Permanently restricted		293,574
Total net assets	-	710,932
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	721,345

Coconino County Community College District Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets-Primary Government Year Ended June 30, 2010

	13	Business-Type Activities
Operating revenues:	_	
Tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances of \$1,412,754)	\$	5,180,646
Private contracts		187,847
Bookstore income		86,215
Auxiliary enterprises		26,482
Other		195,196
Total operating revenues		5,676,386
Operating expenses:		
Educational and general:		
Instruction		6,761,403
Public service		168,557
Academic support		1,631,509
Student services		1,701,682
Institutional support		4,096,143
Operation and maintenance of plant		1,392,033
Scholarships		3,690,308
Auxiliary enterprises		24,578
Depreciation		1,103,684
Total operating expenses	-	20,569,897
Operating loss	-	(14,893,511)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Property taxes		8,341,095
State appropriations		2,679,400
Government grants		6,211,775
Share of state sales taxes		376,663
Investment earnings		278,161
Interest expense on debt		(519,158)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	= 1 =	17,367,936
Income before other revenues, expenses, gains, or losses		2,474,425
Increase in net assets	-	2,474,425
Total net assets, July 1, 2009	_	19,707,850
Total net assets, June 30, 2010	\$	22,182,275

Coconino County Community College District Statement of Activities - Component Unit Year Ended June 30, 2010

100	Coconino Community College Foundation							
		Unrestricted		Temporarily Restricted		Permanently Restricted		TOTAL
Support and revenue								
Public contributions	\$	41,356	\$	317,434	\$	6,320	\$	365,110
Revenues		11,893		4,255				16,148
Investment earnings				20,440				20,440
Total support and revenue		53,249		342,129		6,320		401,698
Net assets released from restrictions		342,403		(342,403)				- 4
Total support, revenue,								
and other support		395,652		(274)		6,320		401,698
Expenses								
Program services		359,346		-				359,346
Supporting services		24,778		4		2		24,778
Total expenses		384,124		5.				384,124
Change in net assets before other items		11,528		(274)		6,320		17,574
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments		(1,770)		55,012			-	53,242
Increase in net assets		9,758		54,738		6,320		70,816
Net assets, July 1, 2009		173,019		179,843		287,254		640,116
Net assets, June 30, 2010	\$	182,777	\$	234,581	\$	293,574	\$ -	710,932

Coconino County Community College District Statement of Cash Flows - Primary Government Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Business-Type Activities
Cash flows from operating activities:	- rouring
Tuition and fees	\$ 6,646,752
Private contracts	206,123
Bookstore receipts	85,203
Auxiliary enterprises	26,272
Other receipts	193,898
Payments to employees for salaries and benefits	(12,204,812)
Payments to suppliers and providers of goods and services	(3,654,572)
Payments to students for scholarships	(5,104,167)
Net cash used for operating activities	(13,805,303)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	
Property taxes - primary	6,364,134
State appropriations	2,679,400
Government grants	6,862,056
Share of state sales taxes	376,663
Federal direct lending receipts	3,686,908
Federal direct lending disbursements	(3,681,846)
Deposits held in custody for others received	823,095
Deposits held in custody for others disbursed	(808,937)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	16,301,473
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Property taxes - secondary	1,998,306
Purchases of capital assets	(966,333)
Principal paid on capital debt	(1,395,357)
Interest paid on capital debt	(575,221)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	(938,605)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest received on investments	278,587
Net cash provided by investing activities	278,587
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,836,152
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2009	9,895,746
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2010	\$ 11,731,898

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

(continued)

Coconino County Community College District Statement of Cash Flows - Primary Government Year Ended June 30, 2010 (continued)

		Business-Type Activities	
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used for operating activities:			
Operating loss	\$	(14,893,511)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used for operating activities:			
Depreciation		1,103,684	
Increase in OPEB obligation		101,838	
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Increase in:			
Accounts payable		220,048	
Deferred revenues		102,349	
Prepaid items		(33,304)	
Other receivables		(34,903)	
Decrease in:		45.00.229	
Inventories		4,482	
Accrued payroll and employee benefits		(191,569)	
Compensated absences payable		(184,417)	
Net cash used for operating activities	\$	(13,805,303)	
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the Statement of Net Assets:			
Cash in bank and on hand	\$	1,374,176	
Cash and investments held by the County Treasurer		10,317,063	
Investments		40,659	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,731,898	

Noncash transactions:

Amortization of premium on bonds.

The District amortized \$90,172 of premium on general obligation refunding bonds.

Amortization of bond issuance costs.

The District amortized \$34,108 of prepaid bond issuance costs.

Coconino County Community College District Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Coconino County Community College District conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to public institutions engaged only in business-type activities adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

For the year ended June 30, 2010, the District implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 51, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets, and GASB Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments. GASB Statement No. 51 establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for intangible assets. GASB Statement No. 53 establishes standards for accounting and financial reporting, including note disclosures requirements, for derivative instruments. However, the implementation of these GASB statements had no effect on the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2010.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is a special-purpose government that is governed by a separately elected governing body. It is legally separate and fiscally independent of other state and local governments. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District (the primary government) and its discretely presented component unit, the Coconino Community College Foundation.

The Coconino Community College Foundation is a legally separate, tax-exempt organization. It acts primarily as a fund-raising organization that receives gifts and bequests, administers those resources, and disburses payments to or on behalf of the District for scholarships and support of District programs. Although the District does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the Foundation's restricted resources can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the District or its constituents. Consequently, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the District and is discretely presented in the District's financial statements.

For financial reporting purposes, the Foundation follows the Financial Accounting Standards Board statements for not-for-profit organizations. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Foundation's financial information included in the District's financial report. Accordingly, those financial statements have been reported on separate pages following the respective counterpart financial statements of the District. For financial reporting purposes, only the Foundation's statements of financial position and activities are included in the District's financial statements as required by generally accepted accounting principles for public colleges and universities. The Foundation has a June 30 year-end.

During the year ended June 30, 2010, the Foundation distributed \$129,142 to the District for both restricted and unrestricted purposes. Complete financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained from the Advancement Office, Coconino County Community College District, 2800 S. Lone Tree Road, Flagstaff, AZ 86001.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation and Accounting

The financial statements include a statement of net assets; a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets; and a statement of cash flows.

A statement of net assets provides information about the assets, liabilities, and net assets of the District at the end of the year. Assets and liabilities are classified as either current or noncurrent. Net assets are classified according to external donor restrictions or availability of assets to satisfy District obligations. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt represents the value of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt incurred to acquire or construct the assets. Expendable restricted net assets represent grants, contracts, gifts, and other resources that have been externally restricted for specific purposes. Unrestricted net assets include all other net assets, including those that have been designated by management to be used for other than general operating purposes.

A statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets provides information about the District's financial activities during the year. Revenues and expenses are classified as either operating or nonoperating, and all changes in net assets are reported, including capital contributions. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from exchange transactions. Accordingly, revenues such as tuition and bookstore are considered to be operating revenues. Other revenues, such as property taxes, state appropriations, and government grants, are not generated from exchange transactions and are considered to be nonoperating revenues. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. Other expenses, such as interest expense on debt, are considered to be nonoperating expenses.

A statement of cash flows provides information about the District's sources and uses of cash and cash equivalents during the year. Increases and decreases in cash and cash equivalents are classified as either operating, noncapital financing, capital financing, or investing.

The financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. State appropriations are recognized as revenue in the year in which the appropriation is first made available for use. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. It is the District's policy to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes when both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available. Internal activity is eliminated using a charge-back method, charging user departments and reducing expenses in the department providing the service.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The District follows Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989; Accounting Principles Board Opinions; and Accounting Research Bulletins, unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements. The District has chosen the option not to follow FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989.

C. Cash and Investments

For the statement of cash flows, the District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, cash and investments held by the County Treasurer, and investments in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool. All investments are stated at fair value.

D. Inventories

The supplies inventory is stated at cost by specific identification.

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the financial statements are as follows:

Land	Capitalization Threshold \$5,000		
		Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings	\$5,000	straight line	40 years
Improvements other than buildings	\$5,000	straight line	15 years
Equipment and vehicles	\$5,000	straight line	5 years

F. Investment Earnings

Investment earnings are composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

G. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences payable consist of paid time off (PTO) for benefit eligible administrative, professional, and classified employees; compensatory time earned for classified employees; and a calculated amount of sick leave earned by grandfathered employees based on services already rendered.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (concluded)

The PTO plan is for the purpose of providing benefit eligible employees the opportunity to take time off work without loss of compensation. At June 30 of each year, an employee may carry forward two times his/her maximum accrual for the year. Any unused PTO in excess of two times the annual accrual rate is forfeited. Upon termination or if an employee becomes ineligible for benefits, the employee will be paid, at his/her rate of pay at the time of termination, a lump sum based upon consecutive years of service. At no time can the maximum PTO paid exceed one year's accrual. Accordingly, PTO benefits are accrued as a liability in the financial statements.

The balance of compensatory time earned for classified staff is paid, at the employee's current rate of pay, in full at the time of the employee's termination or if an employee becomes ineligible for benefits. Accordingly, compensatory time earned is accrued as a liability in the financial statements.

Employees hired prior to January 1996 are grandfathered under the sick leave procedure in effect at that time. The grandfather clause provides that after 10 years of service, 50% of unused accrued sick leave up to a maximum of 1,040 hours be payable at termination; and upon normal retirement as defined by the Arizona State Retirement System, 100% of unused accrued sick leave up to a maximum of 2,080 hours will be payable at termination. The rate to be paid is the hourly rate as of June 30, 2009 and the number of hours paid shall not exceed the hours on record as of June 30, 2009. Accordingly, grandfathered sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability in the financial statements.

H. Scholarship Allowances

A scholarship allowance is the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the District and the amount that is paid by the student or third parties making payments on the student's behalf. Accordingly, some types of student financial aid, such as Pell grants and scholarships awarded by the District, are considered to be scholarship allowances. These allowances are netted against tuition and fees revenues in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) requires the District to deposit special tax levies for the District's maintenance or capital outlay with the County Treasurer. The statutes do not require the District to deposit other public monies in its custody with the County Treasurer; however, the District must act as a prudent person dealing with another's property when making investment decisions about those monies. The statutes do not include any requirements for credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, or foreign currency risk for the District's investments.

Deposits—At June 30, 2010, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$1,372,067 and the bank balance was \$1,453,165. The District does not have a formal policy with respect to custodial credit risk.

Note 2 – Deposits and Investments (concluded)

Investments—The District's investments at June 30, 2010, were as follows:

Investment Type	Amount
County Treasurer's investment pool	\$ 10,317,063
State Treasurer's investment pool 5	40,659
	\$ 10,357,722

The State Board of Investment provides oversight for the State Treasurer's pools. The fair value of a participant's position in the pool approximates the value of that participant's pool shares and the participant's shares are not identified with specific investments. No comparable oversight is provided for the County Treasurer's investment pool, and that pool's structure does not provide for shares.

Credit risk-The District does not have a formal policy with respect to credit risk. Credit risk for the District's investments at June 30, 2010 was as follows:

Investment Type	Rating	Rating Agency	Amount
County Treasurer's investment pool	Unrated	Not applicable	\$ 10,317,063
State Treasurer's investment pool 5	AAAf/S1+	Standard & Poor's	40,659
			\$ 10,357,722

Interest rate risk-The District does not have a formal policy with respect to interest rate risk. At June 30, 2010, the District had the following investments in debt securities:

Investment Type	Am	ount	Weighted A Maturity in	
County Treasurer's investment pool	\$ 10	,317,063	1.05	
State Treasurer's investment pool 5		40,659	0.06	
	\$ 10	,357,722		

A reconciliation of cash, deposits, and investments to amounts shown on the Statement of Net Assets follows:

Cash, deposits, and investm	nents:		Statement of Net Assets:		
Cash on hand	\$	2,109	Cash in bank and on hand	\$	1,374,176
Amount of deposits	1,	372,067	Cash and investments held		
Amount of investments	10,	357,722	by the County Treasurer		10,317,063
			Investments		40,659
	\$ 11,	731,898		\$	11,731,898
				_	

Note 3 - Other Receivables

Other receivables are shown net of related allowances for uncollectibles. A summary for other receivables at June 30, 2010, follows:

	Re	ceivable	All	lowance	Net	Receivable
Vendor	\$	22,988	\$		\$	22,988
Student		205,933		32,655		173,278
Employee		5,818		-		5,818
	\$	234,739	\$	32,655	\$	202,084

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2010, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2009	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2010
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,089,000			\$ 1,089,000
Construction in progress	128,700	665,917		794,617
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,217,700	665,917		1,883,617
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	32,351,653			32,351,653
Improvements other than buildings	562,750			562,750
Equipment	2,698,439	274,642		2,973,081
Vehicles	232,829	25,774	21,790	236,813
Total capital assets being depreciated	35,845,671	300,416	21,790	36,124,297
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	6,225,860	808,791		7,034,651
Improvements other than buildings	193,400	37,523		230,923
Equipment	2,050,192	250,577		2,300,769
Vehicles	218,077	6,793	21,790	203,080
Total accumulated depreciation	8,687,529	1,103,684	21,790	9,769,423
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	27,158,142	(803,268)		26,354,874
Capital assets, net	\$ 28,375,842	\$ (137,351)	\$ -	\$ 28,238,491

Note 5 - Construction and Other Significant Commitments

The District had major contractual commitments related to various capital projects at June 30, 2010, for the remodel of classrooms at the Lone Tree campus, a parking lot renovation at the 4th Street campus, and installation of a telescope at the Lone Tree campus. At June 30, 2010, the District spent \$794,617 on these projects and had remaining contractual agreements with contractors of \$281,163. The classroom remodel and parking lot projects are being funded by plant fund reserves, while the telescope project is being funded by a private donation.

Note 6 - Long-Term Liabilities

The following schedule details the District's long-term liability and obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2010:

Bonds payable:	Balance July 1, 2009	A	dditions	R	eductions	Balance June 30, 2010	Due within 1 year
General obligation refunding bonds	\$ 16,900,000	\$	-	\$	1,365,000	\$ 15,535,000	\$ 1,420,000
Premium on general obligation refunding bonds		•		Ψ	90,172	517.058	φ 1,420,000
Deferred charges on refunding	(229,690)				(34,108)	(195,582)	
Capital leases payable	102,389				30,357	72,032	32,141
OPEB obligation	-		101,838			101,838	1200
Compensated absences payable	671,251		276,473		460,890	486,834	100,484
Total long-term debt	\$ 18,051,180	\$	378,311	\$	1,912,311	\$ 16,517,180	\$ 1,552,625

Bonds—The District's bonded debt consists of general obligation refunding bonds that are generally callable with interest payable semiannually. The District repays general obligation refunding bonds from voter-approved property taxes. The original amount of general obligation refunding bonds issued was \$17,135,000.

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for these defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. At June 30, 2010, the following outstanding bonds were considered defeased:

<u>Description</u> <u>Amount</u> General Obligation Bonds, Series A (1999) \$15,870,000

Note 6 - Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2010, were as follows:

Description	Original Amount	Maturities	Interest Rates	Outstanding Principal
General obligation refunding bonds, Series 2009	\$17,135,000	annually through 7/1/2019	2.00% - 5.00%	\$15,535,000

Under Article IX of the Arizona Constitution, the total amount of indebtedness of the District may not exceed 15% of the County's secondary property assessed valuation. The bonds are subject to federal arbitrage regulations.

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the District's bonds payable at June 30, 2010:

	P	rincipal	Int	erest
Year Ending June 30				
2011	\$	1,420,000	\$	542,850
2012		1,485,000		510,900
2013		1,545,000		477,488
2014		1,620,000		438,863
2015		1,690,000		394,313
2016-2020		7,775,000		904,888
Total		\$ 15,535,000	9	3,269,302

Capital leases – The District has acquired equipment under provisions of a long-term lease agreement classified as a capital lease for accounting purposes because it provides for a bargain purchase option and a transfer of ownership by the end of the lease term.

The capital assets acquired meeting the District's capitalization policy through the capital lease are as follows:

Equipment - copiers	\$ 135,150
Less: accumulated depreciation	67,575
Carrying value	\$ 67,575

Note 6 - Long-Term Liabilities (concluded)

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the District's capital lease payable at June 30, 2010:

Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$	72,032
Less amount representing interest	-	4,730
Total minimum lease payments		76,762
2013	-	5,904
2012		35,429
2011	\$	35,429
Year ending June 30		

Note 7 - Operating Leases

The District leases the land on which the Fourth Street campus resides. The lease agreement is classified as an operating lease for accounting purposes. Rental expenses under the terms of the operating lease were \$28,833 for the year ended June 30, 2010. The operating lease has a remaining noncancelable term of 14 years, and allows four renewal options for eleven years each. Rental payments may be adjusted annually based on changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI). The future minimum rental payments required under the operating lease at June 30, 2010, were as follows:

Year ending June 30	
2011	\$ 28,833
2012	28,833
2013	28,833
2014	28,833
2015	28,833
2016 - 20	144,165
2021 - 24	115,332
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 403,662

Note 8 - Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District carries commercial insurance for all such risks of loss, including workers' compensation and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 8 - Risk Management (concluded)

The District provides life, accidental death and dismemberment, disability, medical, and dental insurance benefits to its employees and their dependents through a pooled trust, the Northern Arizona Public Employees Benefit Trust (NAPEBT), currently composed of the City of Flagstaff; Coconino County; Flagstaff Unified School District; and the District. The NAPEBT is self-funded through an agreement with the participating members and NAPEBT administers the plan. The members' employee and employer contributions are paid to pay benefits and administrative expenses. If the District withdraws from the NAPEBT, it is responsible for its proportionate share of any claims' run-out costs, including claims reported but not settled, claims incurred but not reported, and administrative costs. If the NAPEBT were to terminate, the District would be responsible for its proportional share of any trust deficit.

Note 9 - Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits

A. Pension Benefits

Arizona State Retirement System

Plan description—The District contributes to a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit health care plan; and a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability plan, all of which are administered by the Arizona State Retirement System. The Arizona State Retirement System (through its Retirement Fund) provides retirement (i.e., pension), death, and survivor benefits; the Health Benefit Supplement Fund provides health insurance premium benefits (i.e., monthly subsidy); and the Long-Term Disability Fund provides long-term disability benefits. Benefits are established by state statute. The System is governed by the Arizona State Retirement System Board according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 2.

The System issues a comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The most recent report may be obtained by writing the Arizona State Retirement System, 3300 North Central Avenue, P.O. Box 33910, Phoenix, AZ 85067-3910 or by calling 602-240-2000 or 800-621-3778.

Funding policy—The Arizona State Legislature establishes and may amend active plan members' and the District's contribution rates. For the year ended June 30, 2010, active plan members were required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 9.4 percent (9.0 percent retirement and 0.4 percent long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll and the District was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 9.4 percent (8.34 percent for retirement, 0.66 percent for health insurance premium, and 0.4 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll.

Note 9 – Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

The District's contributions for the current and two preceding years, all of which were equal to the required contributions, were as follows:

	Retir	ement Fund	Ith Benefit ement Fund	ng-Term bility Fund
Year ending June 30				
2010	\$	565,219	\$ 44,455	\$ 25,403
2009		561,059	67,645	34,486
2008		547,095	71,077	33,908

Optional Retirement Plan

Plan description—In September 2001, the District implemented an Optional Retirement Plan (ORP), allowing the employee to opt out of the Arizona State Retirement System and establish a defined contribution account with one of three independent providers: ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company; Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company (VALIC); or Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association/College Retirement Equities Fund (TIAA-CREF). The ORP generally provides retirement, death, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. The ORP is intended to constitute a qualified plan within the meaning of Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the Code), as amended, and to constitute a qualified pick-up plan within the meaning of Section 414(h)(2) of the Code, and is authorized by A.R.S. Title 15, Chapter 12, Article 3. Plan contributions are invested, at the direction of each participant, in one or more funding vehicles available to participants under the ORP. ORP contributions are held for the exclusive benefit of the participants.

Funding policy—The District Governing Board establishes and may amend active plan members' and the District's contribution rates. For the year ended June 30, 2010, active participants were required to contribute 7.325 percent (7.0 percent retirement and 0.325 percent long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll. Members had the option to contribute 9.0 percent to retirement, as opposed to the 7.0 percent required contribution, depending on their retirement goals. The District was required to contribute 7.325 percent (7.0 percent retirement and 0.325 percent long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll.

The District's contributions for the current and two preceding years, all of which were equal to the required contributions, were as follows:

	Retire	ement Fund	ng-Term pility Fund
Year ending June 30			
2010	\$	75,694	\$ 3,509
2009		77,600	3,430
2008		78,979	2,688

Note 9 – Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

B. Postemployment Health Care Benefits

The District follows Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (GASB Statement No. 45), for certain postemployment health care benefits provided by the Northern Arizona Public Employee Benefit Trust (NAPEBT). Under the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45, the actuarially determined liability of \$591,120 as of July 1, 2009 (the date of transition), is being amortized over 30 years.

Plan description – The District, as part of the NAPEBT, has a single-employer plan for postemployment health care benefits. The District subsidizes the premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate in the District's health care plan at a reduced or blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit rate subsidy for retirees because, on an actuarial basis, their current and future claims are expected to result in higher costs to the plan on average than those of active employees. The District does not cover any explicit subsidies.

Employees may be retained on the District's health insurance provided they make the required contributions and comply with all other provisions of the Plan. To be eligible, an employee must retire from the College with ten years of service as a benefit eligible employee and apply for and receive retirement benefits from either the Arizona State Retirement System or the Optional Retirement Plan. Retirees can maintain their coverage under the provisions of this program until the retiree reaches age 65, which is when he/she qualifies for Medicare. Dependent coverage is available subject to the limitations outlined in the District's health insurance policy. Dependents cannot continue in the insurance program when the retiree is no longer eligible.

If a covered retiree terminates coverage for any reason, coverage cannot be reinstated. The District does not issue a stand-alone annual report for the plan.

Funding policy – Benefit provisions are pursuant to the District's policy and can be amended by the District Governing Board. The District has not advance-funded or established a funding methodology for the annual Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) costs or the net OPEB obligation. For the 2009-10 fiscal year, zero retirees received postemployment healthcare benefits.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation – The District's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the District's OPEB obligation.

Note 9 – Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Description	4 7 3	Amount
Normal cost (service cost for one year)	\$	62,726
Amortization of the unfunded actuarial:		
Accrued liability		34,727
Adjustment for timing to end of fiscal year		4,385
Interest on normal cost and amortization		-
Annual required contribution (ARC)		101,838
Interest on net OPEB obligation		- 5
Adjustment to annual required contribution		
Annual OPEB Cost		101,838
Contribution toward the OPEB cost	- J	
Increase in net OPEB obligation		101,838
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year		=
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$	101,838

Funded Status and Fund Progress – As of June 30, 2010, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$591,120 and is unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active participating employees) was \$6,506,901 for the FY2010 while the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 9.08%.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about future employment and termination, mortality, and health care trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan provisions, as understood by the employer and participating members, and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and participating members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Note 9 – Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits (concluded)

Method/Assumption	
Valuation date	June 30, 2009
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Initial amortization period, level dollar amortization	1
method, open period	30 years
Remaining amortization period	29 years
Investment rate of return	4.50%
Medicare coverage age	65
Retirement and disability age	ASRS assumptions
Health care cost trend range	5% - 9%
Participation assumption	75%
Active members	131
Retirees currently receiving benefits	0

Note 10 - Operating Expenses

The District's operating expenses are presented by functional classification in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets – Primary Government. The operating expenses can also be classified into the following:

Compensation and benefits	\$ 11,930,665
Contract services	1,626,931
Supplies and other services	808,117
Annual fixed charges	654,238
Communications and utilities	564,913
Travel	130,441
Scholarships	3,690,308
Depreciation	1,103,684
Other	60,600
Total	\$ 20,569,897

Note 11 – Discretely Presented Component Unit Disclosures

Coconino Community College Foundation

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of Coconino Community College Foundation (the Foundation) have been prepared on the accrual basis. The significant accounting policies followed are described below to enhance the usefulness of the financial statements to the reader.

Note 11 - Discretely Presented Component Unit Disclosures (continued)

Nature of the Organization

Coconino Community College Foundation was founded in 1993 under Arizona law as a non-profit corporation. The mission of the Foundation is to promote the purposes and goals of Coconino Community College (CC College), thereby enhancing the opportunities of Coconino residents. It is the fund raising organization for the solicitation, receipt and management of all private gifts, donations, and contributions, including gifts-in-kind. Funds are disbursed exclusively for charitable and educational purposes within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Service Code Section 501(c)(3), including providing scholarships and financial aid, to fulfill research, teaching and service functions of the College, and to make or receive grants and loans of corporate property for the purposes of the College.

Financial Statement Presentation

The Foundation reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets, and permanently restricted net assets.

Contributions and Life Annuity Gifts

Contributions received are recorded as unrestricted, temporarily restricted, or permanently restricted support depending on the existence or nature of any donor restrictions. In addition, the Foundation records life annuity contracts as gifts. All contributions, support and revenue are considered to be unrestricted unless specifically restricted by the donor. As restrictions are met, these revenues become unrestricted and are then allowed to be expended.

Promises to Give

Contributions are recognized when the donor makes a promise to give to the Foundation that is, in substance, unconditional. Restricted contributions are reported as increases in temporarily or permanently restricted net assets depending on the nature of the restrictions. Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected within one year are recorded at net realizable value. Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected in future years are recorded at the present value of their estimated future cash flows.

Investments

Investments in marketable securities with readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities are reported at their fair values in the Statement of Financial Position. Unrealized gains and losses are included in the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets.

Note 11 – Discretely Presented Component Unit Disclosures (continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The following were included in cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2010:

Checking	\$ 131,451
Fidelity cash account	28,499
	\$ 159,950

The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insured accounts up to \$250,000 per institution. As of June 30, 2010, the Foundation did not maintain cash balances in excess of this amount in their checking account. Cash deposited with Fidelity Investments is insured by the SIPC up to \$500,000. Management is aware of the risks involved and monitors these accounts regularly to keep potential risk of loss to a minimum.

3. Investments

Investments are stated at fair market value as of June 30, 2010. Unless specific prohibitive clauses are contained in the gift instruments, funds are pooled for investment purposes.

The market value and cost of the Foundation's investments at June 30, 2010 are as follows:

	Market	
	Value	Cost
Common stock	\$ 305,505	\$ 240,914
Corporate bonds	250,890	237,920
	\$ 556,395	\$ 478,834

Note 11 - Discretely Presented Component Unit Disclosures (continued)

4. Restrictions on Net Assets

Temporarily restricted net assets are available for scholarships and discretionary spending. Discretionary spending net assets are gifts that were designated by the donors to be spent by a specific campus, area, or department for general needs.

Permanently restricted net assets are to provide a permanent endowment, with the investment income restricted primarily for scholarship awards.

5. Endowment Funds

The Foundation's endowment consists of approximately 15 individual funds, established for a variety of purposes. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, net assets associated with endowment funds, including funds designated by the Board of Directors to function as endowments, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

The Board of Directors of the Foundation has interpreted UPMIFA as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Foundation classifies as permanently restricted net assets the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment and the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in permanently restricted net assets is classified as temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the Foundation in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA. In accordance with UPMIFA, the Foundation considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds: (1) the duration and preservation of the various funds, (2) the purposes of the donorrestricted endowment funds, (3) general economic conditions, (4) the possible effect of inflation and deflation, (5) the expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments, (6) other resources of the Foundation, and (7) the Foundation's investment policies.

To ensure observance of limitations and restrictions placed on the use of resources available to the Coconino Community College Foundation, net assets, revenues and expenditures are classified and reported as follows, based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

Permanently restricted net assets include permanent endowments. Such funds are generally subject to donor restrictions requiring the principal be invested in perpetuity for the purpose of producing income that may be expended or added to principal in accordance with the donor's wishes.

Note 11 - Discretely Presented Component Unit Disclosures (concluded)

Temporarily restricted net assets relate to contributions designated by donors for use by particular entities or programs or for specific purposes.

Unrestricted net assets are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions.

Coconino Community College Foundation's Endowment Funds consisted of the following at June 30, 2010:

	mporarily estricted	rmanently Restricted		Total
Balance, June 30, 2009	\$ 40,841	\$ 287,254	\$	328,095
Contributions received	837	6,320		7,157
Interest earned	18,001	÷		18,001
Scholarships awarded	(16,951)	-		(16,951)
Administrative fees	(5,918)	-8.		(5,918)
Balance, June 30, 2010	\$ 36,810	\$ 293,574	\$	330,384
			_	

It is not the policy of the Coconino Community College Foundation Board of Directors to adjust the principal balance of its Endowment Funds for investment account market fluctuations. Therefore, the balances stated above have had investment earnings added to them but no adjustments made for market value changes.

The Board of Directors of the Coconino Community College Foundation, or its designee, has and shall have full and plenary power and authority to take, hold, manage, invest and reinvest any principal amount donated as an Endowment Fund, and any increase or accumulation to it, and any income from it, consistent with management policies of the Board, or its designee. An Endowment Fund will earn income according to Board policy if it maintains the minimum balance required for earning income.

Coconino County Community College District Required Supplementary Information Postemployment Health Care Benefits Schedule of Funding Progress June 30, 2010

						Actuarial
						Liability
Fiscal	Actuarial	Actuarial	Unfunded			as a
Year	Value of	Accrued	Actuarial			Percentage
Ended	Plan	Liability	Accrued	Funded	Covered	of Covered
June 30	Assets	Entry Age (1)	Liability (3)	Ratio (2)	Payroll	Payroll
2010	\$ -	\$ 591,120 (4)	\$ 591,120	0.00%	\$ 6,506,901 (4)	9.08%

Notes:

- (1) The Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method is used to determine the Plan's funding requirements.
- (2) The percentage funded is derived by dividing the actuarial value of plan assets by the actuarial accrued liability.
- (3) The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is the actuarial accrued liability minus the actuarial value of plan assets.
- (4) Based on data from an actuarial valuation report as of July 1, 2009, dated September 20, 2010.

Isolated analysis of the dollar amounts of the actuarial value of assets, actuarial liability, and unfunded actuarial accrued liability can be misleading.

Expressing the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial liability provides one indication of the Plan's funding status on a going-concern basis. Analysis of the percentage over time indicates whether the Plan is becoming financially stronger or weaker. Generally, the greater the percentage, the stronger the plan.

Only one year of funding progress information is available at this time.

Statistical Section

This section of the Coconino County Community College District's (the District) comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for further understanding of the information in the financial statements and note disclosures.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's significant revenue sources.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.



Coconino County Community College District Net Assets by Component Last Nine Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands)

	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 12,310	\$ 10,996	\$ 10,597	\$ 10,372	\$ 9,841	\$ 9,164	\$ 8,850	\$ 8,626	\$ 7,048
Restricted - expendable Unrestricted	1,960 7,912	2,780 5,932	3,056 4,626	2,739 4,442	2,500 3,780	2,838 3,576	3,025 3,701	2,292 3,474	4,117 3,635
Total primary government net assets	\$ 22,182	\$ 19,708	\$ 18,279	\$ 17,553	\$ 16,121	\$ 15,578	\$ 15,576	\$ 14,392	\$ 14,800

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal years presented.

Note: For comparability purposes, only the fiscal years that have been reported by GASB 34/35 criteria

are displayed. Additional information will be presented as it becomes available.

Coconino County Community College District Expenses by Program and Function Last Nine Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands)

	2009-10	2008-	2008-09 2007-08		2006-07 2005		2005-06		2004-05		04-05 2003-0		2003-04 2002-03		2001-02		
Instruction	\$ 6,761	\$ 6,9	81	\$ 6,916	\$ 6,564	\$	6,393	\$	5,631	\$	4,837	\$	4,539	\$	3,701		
Public service	168	1	39	143	113		133		180		214		150		142		
Adademic support	1,632	2,2	89	2,367	2,118		2,113		1,957		1,693		1,634		1,591		
Student services	1,702	1,6	96	1,610	1,540		1,412		1,380		1,372		1,329		1,351		
Institutional support	4,096	4,1	29	3,838	3,614		3,175		3,135		2,901		2,785		3,924		
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,392	1,5	90	1,495	1,280		1,280		1,212		1,195		1,035		973		
Scholarships	3,690	1,7	01	1,376	1,321		1,249		1,388		1,282		1,095		1,053		
Auxiliary enterprises	25		20	33	28		19		19		19		27		16		
Depreciation	1,104	1,0	80	1,041	1,061		1,129		1,127		1,130		1,096		628	(1)	
Total operating expenses	20,570	19,6	25	18,819	17,639	100	16,903	1	6,029		14,643		13,690		13,379		
Interest expense on debt	519	9	96	905	958		1,013		1,064		1,128		1,182		1,188		
Loss on disposal of capital assets	-		4						-		-		- 8		188		
Total nonoperating expenses	519	9	96	905	958		1,013		1,064		1,128		1,182		1,376		
Total expenses	\$ 21,089	\$ 20,6	21	\$ 19,724	\$ 18,597	\$	17,916	\$ 1	7,093	\$	15,771	\$	14,872	\$	14,755		

(percent of total expenses)

	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02
Instruction	32.1 %	34.0 %	35.0 %	35.2 %	35.7 %	32.9 %	30.6 %	30.5 %	25.1 %
Public service	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7	1.1	1.4	1.0	1.0
Adademic support	7.7	11.1	12.0	11.4	11.8	11.5	10.7	11.0	10.8
Student services	8.1	8.2	8.2	8.3	7.9	8.1	8.7	8.9	9.2
Institutional support	19.4	20.0	19.4	19.4	17.7	18.3	18.4	18.7	26.5
Operation and maintenance of plant	6.6	7.7	7.6	6.9	7.1	7.1	7.6	7.0	6.6
Scholarships	17.5	8.2	7.0	7.1	7.0	8.1	8.1	7.4	7.1
Auxiliary enterprises	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1
Depreciation	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.7	6.3	6.6	7.2	7.4	4.3
Total operating expenses	97.5	95.2	95.4	94.8	94.3	93.8	92.8	92.1	90.7
Interest expense on debt	2.5	4.8	4.6	5.2	5.7	6.2	7.2	7.9	8.0
Loss on disposal of capital assets			-	1	6.4		7	-	1.3
Total nonoperating expenses	2.5	4.8	4.6	5.2	5.7	6.2	7.2	7.9	9.3
Total expenses	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal years presented.

Note: For comparability purposes, only the fiscal years that have been reported by GASB 34/35 criteria are displayed. Additional information will be presented as it becomes available.

(1) The District began depreciating the Lone Tree Campus in fiscal year 2001-02.

Coconino County Community College District Expenses by Natural Classification Last Nine Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands)

	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02
Compensation and benefits Contract services Supplies and other services Annual fixed charges Communication and utilities Travel Scholarships	\$ 11,931 1,627 808 654 565 130 3,690	\$ 12,443 1,800 960 769 664 131 1,703	\$ 12,207 1,473 1,126 644 659 234 1,376	\$ 11,776 1,086 785 697 628 195	\$ 11,161 920 884 710 563 190	\$ 10,247 932 981 561 542 145	\$ 9,251 843 800 476 528 202	\$ 8,727 685 919 407 494 169	\$ 7,772 692 2,218 (1) 339 403 200
Depreciation Other Total operating expenses Interest expense on debt Loss on disposal of capital assets Total nonoperating expenses	1,104 61 20,570 519	1,765 1,080 75 19,625 996	1,376 1,040 60 18,819 905	1,321 1,061 90 17,639 958 958	1,251 1,129 95 16,903 1,013	1,390 1,127 104 16,029 1,064	1,304 1,129 110 14,643 1,128	1,121 1,096 72 13,690 1,182	1,053 628 (2) 74 13,379 1,188 188 1,376
Total expenses	\$ 21,089	\$ 20,621	\$ 19,724	\$ 18,597	\$ 17,916	\$ 17,093	\$ 15,771	\$ 14,872	\$ 14,755

(percent of total expenses)

	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02
Compensation and benefits Contract services	56.6 %	60.3 %	61.8 %	63.4 %	62.3 %	60.0 %	58.6 %	58.8 %	52.7 %
Supplies and other services	7.7	8.7	7.5	5.8	5.1	5.5	5.3	4.6	4.7
Annual fixed charges	3.8	4.7	5.7	4.2	4.9	5.7	5.1	6.2	15.0
Communication and utilities	3.1 2.7	3.7	3.3	3.7	4.0	3.3	3.0	2.7	2.3
Travel	0.6	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.3	2.7
Scholarships	17.5	0.6 8.3	1.2	1.0	1.1	0.8	1.3	1.1	1.4
Depreciation	5.2	5.2	7.0 5.3	7.1 5.7	7.0	8.1	8.3	7.5	7.1
Other	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.5	6.3	6.6	7.2	7.4	4.3
Total operating expenses	97.5	95.2	95.4	94.8	94.3	93.8	0.7	0.5	0.5
Interest expense on debt	2.5	4.8	4.6	5.2	5.7	6.2	92.8	92.1	90.7
Loss on disposal of capital assets		2	4	-	-	0.2	1.2	7.9	8.0
Total nonoperating expenses	2.5	4.8	4.6	5.2	5.7	6.2	7.2	7.9	9.3
Total expenses	100.0_%	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0_%

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal years presented.

Note: For comparability purposes, only the fiscal years that have been reported by GASB 34/35 criteria are displayed. Additional information will be presented as it becomes available.

⁽¹⁾ The District started operations at the Lone Tree Campus in fiscal year 2001-02.

⁽²⁾ The District began depreciating the Lone Tree Campus in fiscal year 2001-02.

Coconino County Community College District Revenues by Source Last Nine Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands)

	2009-	10	2008-09		20	07-08	_ 2	006-07	. 4	20	05-06		20	004-05		200	03-04		2002-03	-	2	001-02	
Tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowance)	\$ 5,1	81	\$ 4,970		\$	4,340	\$	4,286		\$	3,700		\$	3,144		\$	2,618		\$ 2,215		\$	1,864	
Private contracts	1	88	154			195		212			131			241			276		235		.,	97	
Bookstore income		86	76			76		56			45			42			38		37			3.0	(1)
Auxiliary enterprises		26	24			31		22			23			22			21		33			43	4.7
Other operating revenues	1	95	142			148		139			146	(4)		125	(4)		108	(4)	88			63	(4)
Total operating revenues	5,6	76	5,366	100		4,790		4,715	-		4,045			3,574			3.061		2,608	-		2,067	
Property taxes	8,3	41	8,241			7,787		7,620	-		7,274			7,033		113	6,685		6,200			6,066	
State appropriations	2,6	79	2,994			3,335		3,322			3,148			3,025			2,905		2,905			3,105	
Government grants and contracts	6,2	12	4,480			3,152		3,080	(5)		2,841	(5)		2,552	(5)		2,466	(5)	2,175			2,057	(5)
Share of state sales taxes	3	77	404			454		456			425			370			1,348	(2)	330	100		318	1
Investment earnings	2	78	411			508		414			318			185			170		(72	(3)		329	
			14	(6)																1.0			
Total nonoperating revenues	17,8	87	16,544		1	15,236		14,892		- 7	14,006			13,165		1	3,574		11,538			11,875	0
Total revenues before other revenues and gains	\$ 23,5	63	\$ 21,910		\$ 2	20,026	\$	19,607		\$.	18,051		\$	16,739		\$ 1	6,635		\$ 14,146		\$	13,942	

(percent of total revenues)

	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02
Tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowance)	22.0	22.7 %	21.7 %	21.9 %	20.5 %	18.8 %	15.7 %	15.6 %	13.4 9
Private contracts	0.8	0.7	0.9	1.0	0.7	1.5	1.8	1.7	0.6
Bookstore income	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	42.0
Auxiliary enterprises	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3
Other operating revenues	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5
Total operating revenues	24.1	24.5	23.9	24.0	22.4	21.4	18.4	18.4	14.8
Property taxes	35.3	37.6	38.9	38.9	40.3	42.0	40.2	43.9	43.4
State appropriations	11.4	13.7	16.7	16.9	17.4	18.1	17.5	20.5	22.3
Government grants and contracts	26.4	20.4	15.7	15.8	15.7	15.2	14.8	15.4	14.8
Share of state sales taxes	1.6	1.8	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.2	8.1	2.3	2.3
Investment earnings	1.2	1.9	2.5	2.1	1.8	1.1	1.0	(0.5)	2.4
Total nonoperating revenues	75.9	75.5	76.1	76.0	77.6	78.6	81.6	81.6	85.2
Total revenues	100.0	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0%	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal years presented, as reclassified in (4) and (5).

Note: For comparability purposes, only the fiscal years that have been reported by GASB 34/35 criteria are displayed. Additional information will be presented as it becomes available.

- (1) The District contracted for Bookstore operations beginning in fiscal year 2002-03.
- (2) The District received \$1,000,000 from share of state sales taxes for deferred maintenance in fiscal year 2003-04.
- (3) The Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) and the County Treasurer investments experienced a loss due to the NCFE bankruptcy in fiscal year 2002-03.
- (4) Nonoperating revenues were properly reclassified to operating revenues in fiscal year 2006-07. For comparability purposes, prior years have been reclassified.
- (5) Government grants and contracts were reclassified to nonoperating revenues in fiscal year 2007-08. For comparability purposes, prior years have been reclassified.

Coconino County Community College District Other Changes in Net Assets Last Nine Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands)

	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02
Income (loss) before other changes in net assets	\$ 2,474	\$ 1,289	\$ 302	\$ 1,010	\$ 135	\$ (353)	\$ 864	\$ (727)	\$ (813)
Capital appropriations			424	421	383	356	319	319	314
Capital gifts	3.0	140	-	0.2	25	2	-	100	2
Total change in net assets	\$ 2,474	\$ 1,429	\$ 726	\$ 1,431	\$ 543	\$ 3	\$ 1,183	\$ (408)	\$ (499)

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal years presented.

Note: For comparability purposes, only the fiscal years that have been reported by GASB 34/35 criteria are displayed. Additional

information will be presented as it becomes available.

Coconino County Community College District Expenditure Limitation - Statutory Limit to Budgeted Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years

, <u>.</u>	Fiscal Year		E	Statutory xpenditure Limitation	_(1)	E	Budgeted xpenditures Subject to e Limitation	_(2)	Unused Legal Limit
	2001		\$	8,294,190		\$	8,294,189		1
	2002			8,996,579			8,996,578		1
	2003			9,843,252			9,843,251		1
	2004			10,723,076			10,723,075		1
	2005			11,075,088			11,075,087		1
	2006			12,566,670			12,566,669		1
	2007			13,231,427			13,231,426		1
	2008			13,287,083			13,287,082		1
	2009			12,957,557			12,957,556		1
	2010	(3)		14,146,598			14,146,597		1
	2008 2009	(3)		13,287,083 12,957,557			13,287,082 12,957,556		1 1 1

Source: District records.

- (1) The Statutory Expenditure Limitation is calculated by the Arizona Department of Revenue Economic Estimates Commission and applies to Current Funds (General, Auxiliary Enterprises, and Restricted) and Plant Funds (Unexpended and Retirement of Indebtedness).
- (2) Budgeted expenditures are net of allowable exclusions.
- (3) Unaudited.

Coconino County Community College District Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

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		Fiscal Year	of the Levy		Collections in	Total Collect	ions to Date	
Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy (1)	Amount	Percentage of Levy		Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2001	\$ 5,576,734	\$ 5,571,483	99.91 %	6	\$ 6,440	\$ 5,577,923	100.02	%
2002	5,895,209	5,686,488	96.46		170,043	5,856,531	99.34	
2003	6,113,161	5,900,703	96.52		212,393	6,113,096	100.00	
2004	6,504,040	6,459,745	99.32		43,429	6,503,174	99.99	
2005	6,713,825	6,570,730	97.87		141,769	6,712,499	99.98	
2006	7,048,845	6,938,140	98.43		108,857	7,046,997	99.97	
2007	7,358,292	7,240,945	98.41		114,555	7,355,500	99.96	
2008	7,621,195	7,450,465	97.76		164,537.00	7,615,002	99.92	
2009	8,200,110	7,942,306	96.86		235,128.00	8,177,434	99.72	
2010	8,149,574	7,926,032	97.26		9	7,926,032	97.26	

Source: Coconino County Treasurer's Office and District records.

⁽¹⁾ Tax levy is based on the levy limits of the calendar year at June 30. Amounts represent adjusted tax levy for each year as of June 30, 2010.

⁽²⁾ Cash basis; excludes payments in lieu of taxes.

Coconino Community College District Assessed Value, Net Assessed Value and Total Value of All Taxable Property Last Ten Tax Years (dollars in thousands)

					Assessed Valu	ie			
Tax Year	. 7	Utilities	Commercial	Vacant/ Agriculture	Residential	Railroads	Historic	Enterprise Zone	
2000 2000	Primary Secondary	\$ 218,003 218,003	\$ 292,723 302,731	\$ 139,613 156,789	\$ 383,255 391,744	\$ 16,101 17,314	\$ 3,439 3,532	\$ -	
2001 2001	Primary Secondary	236,455 236,455	295,262 307,515	145,648 160,435	413,841 421,345	17,682 18,656	2,151 2,170	181 195	
2002	Primary	212,960	301,132	161,426	439,809	16,436	2,327	200	
2002 2003	Secondary Primary	212,960 255,187	310,901 297,565	177,491 174,423	451,657 481,484	17,350 15,857	2,385 2,314	201	
2003	Secondary Primary	255,187 240,410	302,990 310,610	189,384 186,317	495,712 534,776	17,065 16,846	2,327 1,007	998 375	
2004 2005	Secondary	240,410	318,520	201,576	558,559	18,786	1,044	1,876	
2005	Primary Secondary	238,464 238,464	326,562 333,713	207,823 225,164	590,946 617,419	17,941 19,467	1,054 1,070	608 3,037	
2006 2006	Primary Secondary	235,209 235,209	343,392 369,659	229,727 265,428	662,437 709,899	21,050 22,105	1,062 1,165	115 526	
2007 2007	Primary Secondary	236,638 236,638	371,049 411,811	262,501 331,057	757,337 886,140	17,520 19,133	1,160 1,322	130 595	
2008 2008	Primary Secondary	239,843 239,843	397,175 442,124	299,266 402,069	875,050 1,103,234	17,392 19,301	1,231 1,453	146 640	
2009 2009	Primary Secondary	248,299 248,299	407,295 444,948	330,841 434,785	987,455 1,174,036	14,955 17,239	1,292 1,529	182 802	
		Environmental	Assessed Val Certain Improvements on Government	Total Assessed	Less: Exempt	Net Assessed	Total Direct Tax	Total	Total Net Assessed Value as a Percent of
2000 2000	Primary Secondary Total weighted	\$ -	Property 93 96	Value \$ 1,053,227 1,090,209	Property \$ 85,258 88,326	Value \$ 967,969 1,001,883	Rate \$ 0.3973 0.1751 0.2862	Value (1) \$ 6,895,148 7,134,964	Total Value 14.04 14.04
2001 2001	Primary Secondary	574 589 d direct tax rate	26 26	1,111,820 1,147,386	83,138 85,304	1,028,682 1,062,082	0.4010 0.1707 0.2859	7,314,108 7,535,970	14.06 14.09
2002 2002	Primary Secondary Total weighted	615 616 I direct tax rate	3	1,134,905 1,173,561	86,404 88,685	1,048,501 1,084,876	0.4083 0.1726 0.2905	7,597,238 7,860,165	13.80 13.80
2003 2003	Primary Secondary Total weighted	766 766 I direct tax rate	103 127	1,227,899 1,264,556	111,231 113,074	1,116,668 1,151,482	0.4098 0.1677 0.2888	8,260,359 8,526,470	13.52 13.50
2004 2004	Primary Secondary Total weighted	1,906 1,913 I direct tax rate	110 127	1,292,357 1,342,811	118,240 120,585	1,174,117 1,222,226	0.4065 0.1595 0.2830	8,862,299 9,238,836	13.25 13.23
2005 2005	Primary Secondary Total weighted	1,811 1,817 direct tax rate	116 127	1,385,325 1,440,278	121,545 123,301	1,263,780 1,316,977	0.4031 0.1494 0.2763	9,623,676 10,034,155	13.13 13.12
2006 2006	Primary Secondary Total weighted	2,013 2,094 I direct tax rate	125 133	1,495,130 1,606,218	127,167 132,875	1,367,963 1,473,343	0.3920 0.1349 0.2635	10,583,070 11,396,634	12.93 12.93
2007 2007	Primary Secondary Total weighted	2,206 2,322 I direct tax rate	131 131	1,648,672 1,889,149	134,414 144,327	1,514,258 1,744,822	0.3717 0.1148 0.2433	11,900,974 13,799,611	12.72 12.64
2008 2008	Primary Secondary Total weighted	2,306 2,417 I direct tax rate	129 129	1,832,538 2,211,210	144,355 153,731	1,688,183 2,057,479	0.3652 0.0991 0.2322	13,552,305 16,687,281	12.46 12.33
2009 2009	Primary Secondary Total weighted	2,578 2,629 I direct tax rate	131 131	1,993,027 2,324,397	152,252 168,546	1,840,775 2,155,851	0.3369 0.0898 0.2134	15,087,936 17,790,932	12.20 12.12

Source: Coconino County Assessor's Office.

Figures are not broken out between secured and unsecured. Primary assessed values are used to determine primary levy for Note: maintenance and operations; secondary assessed valued are used to determine secondary levy for general obligation bond debt service.

⁽¹⁾ Primary = Total Limited Property Value. Secondary = Total Full Cash Value,

Coconino County Community College District Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Tax Years (Per \$100 Assessed Valuation)

		no County Co College Distri						Coconino Association for	
Tax Year	Primary Levy	Secondary Levy	Total	Coconino County (1)	County Education District	Cities or Fire Districts	School Districts	Indus	ation, stry and nology
2000	\$ 0.3973	\$ 0.1751	\$ 0.5724	\$ 1.1336	\$ 2.1265	\$ 0.73 - 2.60	\$ 1.82 - 7.52	\$	20
2001	0.4010	0.1707	0.5717	1.0951	2.0647	0.73 - 2.60	1.08 - 6.68		0.05
2002	0.4083	0.1726	0.5809	1.1941	2.0296	0.73 - 2.50	1.69 - 7.89		0.05
2003	0.4098	0.1677	0.5775	1.2369	1.9583	0.73 - 3.00	1.68 - 9.63		0.05
2004	0.4065	0.1595	0.5660	1.2212	1.8931	0.73 - 3.00	1.74 - 6.37		0.05
2005	0.4031	0.1494	0.5525	1.2010	1.8090	0.79 - 3.00	0.92 - 10.42		0.16
2006	0.3920	0.1349	0.5269	0.7521	1.7394	0.76 - 3.00	0.00 - 9.46		0.15
2007	0.3717	0.1148	0.4865	0.7588	1.6020	0.72 - 3.00	0.00 - 9.40		0.15
2008	0.3652	0.0991	0.4643	0.7603	1.4622	0.68 - 2.75	0.00 - 8.45		0.15
2009	0.3369	0.0898	0.4267	0.6340	2.7452	0.65 - 3.00	0.00 - 9.94		0.05

2009 Tax Rates (Special Districts)						
Williams Hospital District	0.9442					
Anasazi Trail CID	2.9705					
Page Hospital District	0.8188					
Flood Control District (3)	0.2000					

Source: Coconino County Office of Planning and Budget.

⁽¹⁾ Coconino County applies to the General and State Education Equalization, and to the General, Library District and Fire District Assistance Funds.

⁽²⁾ Fire Districts levies are based on secondary values.

⁽³⁾ Flood Control District applies to all property outside the cities of Flagstaff, Page and Fredonia.

Coconino County Community College District Principal Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

				2010				2001	
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Secondary Assessed Value		Rank	Percentage of District's Total Secondary Assessed Value		Secondary Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of District's Total Secondary Assessed Value
Arizona Public Service Company	Utility	\$	75,358,421	1	3.50%	\$	62,945,082	1	6.26%
Transwestern Pipeline Co	Utility		40,206,947	2	1.87%	*	18,999,401	4	1.89%
El Paso Natural Gas Co	Utility		20,254,864	3	0.94%		16,001,281	7	1.59%
W.L. Gore & Associates Inc	Manufacturing		18,348,452	4	0.85%		11,182,806	10	1.11%
Unisource Energy Corporation	Utility		17,638,364	5	0.82%		*		10.749
City of Los Angeles Department of Water & Power	Utility		17,237,656	6	0.80%		35,815,645	2	3.56%
BNSF Railway Company	Railroad		16,005,893	7	0.74%		17,171,885	6	1.71%
Qwest Corporation	Utility		9,719,478	8	0.45%		*		111, 170
Nevada Power Company (T&D)	Utility		9,123,889	9	0.42%		18,615,216	5	1.85%
HTS-CHC (Sedona) LLC	Commercial		5,599,898	10	0.26%		*		3.44.14
Salt River Project	Utility		*				33,186,626	3	3.30%
Tuscon Electric Power	Utility		*				15,514,476	8	1.54%
U.S. West Communications	Utility		*				12,313,540	9	1.23%
Total Principal Taxpayers		\$	229,493,862		10.64%	\$	241,745,958		24.04%
Secondary Assessed Value		\$	2,155,851,009		100.00%	\$	1,004,868,701		100.00%

Source: Arizona Department of Revenue.

^{*} Taxpayers did not fall within the top 10 for the year identified.

Coconino County Community College District Historic General Resident Tuition Last Ten Fiscal Years

District Historic Tuition (1)

Fiscal	General Tuition Per Credit	Annual Cost Per Full-time	Increase	(Decrease)
Year	Hour	Student	Dollars	Percent
2000-01	\$ 33.00	\$ 990.00	\$ 90.00	10.0 %
2001-02	34.00	1,020.00	30.00	3.0
2002-03	37.00	1,110.00	90.00	8.8
2003-04 (2)	44.00	1,056.00	(54.00)	(4.9)
2004-05	48.00	1,152.00	96.00	9.1
2005-06	56.00	1,344.00	192.00	16.7
2006-07	61.00	1,464.00	120.00	8.9
2007-08 (7)	65.00	1,690.00	226.00	15.4
2008-09	70.00	1,820.00	130.00	7.7
2009-10 (8)	70.00	2,100.00		15.4

National and Statewide Comparisons

(Based on Full-time Enrollment for the Academic Year)

		Public 2-year n Average (3)	National Pu Institution A	all the first of the state of t	Arizona Universities Average (4		
Fiscal Year	Annual Cost	Percent Change	Annual Cost	Percent Change	Annual Cost	Percent Change	
2000-01	\$ 924	2.4 %	\$ 1,333	(0.4) %	\$ 2,344	3.8 %	
2001-02	963	4.2	1,380	3.5	2,486	6.1	
2002-03	1,029	6.9	1,483	7.5	2,583	3.9	
2003-04	1,141	10.9	1,702	14.8	3,593	39.1	
2004-05	1,226	7.4	1,847	8.5	4,074	13.4	
2005-06	1,344	9.6	1,935	4.8	4,428	8.7	
2006-07	1,451	8.0	2,017	4.2	4,662	5.3	
2007-08	1,475	1.7	2,061	2.2	4,949	6.2	
2008-09	1,612	9.3	2,137	3.7	5,545	12.0	
2009-10	1,817 (5)	12.7	2,558 (6)	19.7	6,374	15.0	

⁽¹⁾ District records.

⁽²⁾ In fiscal year 2003-04, the District implemented a tuition plateau at 12 to 18 credit hours.

⁽³⁾ U.S.Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics-Higher Education Statistics.

⁽⁴⁾ Arizona Board of Regents Tuition History.

⁽⁵⁾ Arizona Community College Districts.

⁽⁶⁾ The College Board.

⁽⁷⁾ In fiscal year 2007-08, the District raised the low end of the tuition plateau from 12 to 13 credit hours.

⁽⁸⁾ In fiscal year 2008-09, the District raised the low end of the tuition plateau from 13 to 15 credit hours.

Coconino County Community College District Computation of Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07	2005-06
Secondary Assessed Value of Real and Personal Property	\$2,155,851,009	\$2,057,478,154	\$1,744,822,563	\$1,473,342,694	\$1,316,977,311
Debt Limit, 15% of Secondary Assessed Value	\$ 323,377,651	\$ 308,621,723	\$ 261,723,384	\$ 221,001,404	\$ 197,546,597
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit:					8
General Obligation Bonded Debt Leases and lease-purchase agreements for real property (COPs)	16,900,000	18,320,000	19,425,000	20,455,000	21,410,000
Total Debt Applicable to the Limit	16,900,000	18,320,000	19,425,000	20,455,000	21,410,000
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 306,477,651	\$ 290,301,723	\$ 242,298,384	\$ 200,546,404	\$ 176,136,597
	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02	2000-01
Secondary Assessed Value of Real and Personal Property	\$1,222,225,551	\$1,151,482,204	\$1,084,875,819	\$1,062,082,181	\$1,001,883,154
Debt Limit, 15% of Secondary Assessed Value	\$ 183,333,833	\$ 172,722,331	\$ 162,731,373	\$ 159,312,327	\$ 150,282,473
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit:					
General Obligation Bonded Debt Leases and lease-purchase agreements for real property (COPs)	22,295,000	23,115,000	23,835,000	24,460,000	25,000,000 175,000
Total Debt Applicable to the Limit	22,295,000	23,115,000	23,835,000	24,460,000	25,175,000
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 161,038,833	\$ 149,607,331	\$ 138,896,373	\$ 134,852,327	\$ 125,107,473

Source: District records.

Coconino County Community College District Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt General Obligation Bonds June 30, 2010

Direct Debt:		
Coconino County Community College District	\$	15,535,000
Net general obligation debt		15,535,000
Overlapping Debt:		
City of Flagstaff		31,555,000
Flagstaff Unified School District #1		44,400,000
Grand Canyon Unified School District #4		1,205,000
Sedona-Oak Creek Unified School District #9	-	67,200,000
Overlapping debt	1	144,360,000
Total direct general obligation and overlapping debt	\$	159,895,000

Source: RBC Capital Markets

Note: All jurisdictions are within the boundaries of the District.

Coconino County Community College District General Obligation Bond Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Secondary Property Tax

Fiscal	Revenues	Debt	Service Requireme	nts	Coverage
Year	(cash basis)	Principal	Interest	Total	Ratio
2000-01	\$ 1,750,415	\$ 540,000	\$ 1,219,393	\$ 1,759,393	0.99
2001-02	1,799,156	625,000	1,188,343	1,813,343	0.99
2002-03	1,860,893	720,000	1,152,405	1,872,405	0.99
2003-04	1,931,365	820,000	1,111,005	1,931,005	1.00
2004-05	1,944,298	885,000	1,063,855	1,948,855	1.00
2005-06	1,963,702	955,000	1,012,968	1,967,968	1.00
2006-07	1,990,513	1,030,000	958,055	1,988,055	1.00
2007-08	2,018,822	1,105,000	898,830	2,003,830	1.01
2008-09	2,017,104	1,420,000	598,014	2,018,014	1.00
2009-10	1,985,791	1,365,000	570,150	1,935,150	1.03

Source: District records.

Coconino County Community College District Ratios of Outstanding Debt Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands, except "per capita" and "per student")

	_ :	2009-10		2008-09		2007-08		2006-07	2	005-06	2	2004-05	2	003-04	2	002-03	2	001-02	2	2000-01
General Bonded Debt																			_	
General obligation bonds	\$	15,535	\$	16,900	5	18,320	\$	19,425	\$	20,455	\$	21,410	\$	22,295	\$	23,115	\$	23,835	\$	24,460
Total general bonded debt	-	15,535	-	16,900	_	18,320	=	19,425	_	20,455	_	21,410		22,295	_	23,115	_	23,835	_	24,460
Per capita	s	125.42	\$	136.44	\$	147.90	\$	156.82	\$	165.14	\$	174,41	\$	183.80	\$	184.30	\$	202.14	\$	194.40
Per student	5	7,569.92	S	8,235.06	\$	8,927.01	\$	9,465.45	\$ 1	0,136.27	\$ 1	0,671.92	\$1	2,223.14	\$ 1	3,647.64	\$ 1	5,236.85	\$ 1	14,803.61
As a percentage of personal																				
income				(5)				0.51%		0.58%		0.66%		0.74%		0.79%		0.85%		0.92%
As a percentage of secondary				3.0																
net assessed valuation		0.72%		0.82%		1.05%		1.32%		1.55%		1.75%		1.94%		2.13%		2.24%		2.44%
Other Debt																				
Installment purchase contract		4		100		197												-		
Capital lease		72		102		131				4		2.5		100				4		- 2
Certificates of participation						1		1.0												
Total other debt	=	72	Ξ	102		328	Ξ	- 4	Ξ	0.6	Ξ	- 1					Ξ	= 3		
Total outstanding debt	s	15,607	\$	17,002	\$	18,648	\$	19,425	\$	20,455	\$	21,410	\$	22,295	\$	23,115	\$	23,835	\$	24,460
Per capita	s	120.19	\$	132.25	\$	146.43	\$	154.21	s	164,10	\$	173.73	\$	183.56	\$	192.09	\$	202.38	S	209.59
Per student	\$	6,610.33	\$	7,995.30	\$	9,379.34	\$	9,465.45	S 1	0,136.27	\$ 1	0,671.92	\$ 1	2,223.14	\$ 1	3,647.64	\$ 1	5,236.85	\$ 1	14.803.61
As a percentage of personal																	17.00		2	A. C. C.
income				(5)		0.46%		0.51%		0.58%		0.66%		0.74%		0.79%		0.85%		0.92%
As a percentage of secondary				2-6												200				
net assessed valuation		0.72%		0.83%		1.07%		1.32%		1.55%		1.75%		1.94%		2.13%		2.24%		2.44%
F		20070140				Van wat				ver rece		500-000		iovitus:		.02.000		Tealan		otowsov
Estimated County population (1)		129,849		128,558		127,350		125,966		124,653		123,235		121,460		120,333		117,771		116,703
Full Time Student Equivalent (2)		2,361.0		2,126.5		1,988.2	-	2,052.2	200	2,018.0	0.5	2,006.2	3	1,824.0		1,693.7	3.7	1,564.3	100	1,652.3
Personal Income (3)	12	(5)	4	(5)	- 2	4,056,682		3,797,409		,511,729		3,258,728		,999,350		,908,992		,787,863		2,661,712
Secondary Net Assessed Valuation (4)	\$ 2	2,155,851	\$ 2	2,057,478	\$	1,744,823	\$	1,473,343	\$ 1	,316,977	\$ 1	,222,226	\$ 1	,151,482	\$ 1	,084,876	\$ 1	,062,082	\$ 1	1,001,883

⁽¹⁾ U.S.Census Bureau and District records.

⁽²⁾ District records.

⁽³⁾ U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis.

⁽⁴⁾ Coconino County Assessor.

⁽⁵⁾ Not yet available.

N/A = Not applicable

Coconino County Community College District Demographic and Economic Statistics - Coconino County Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Population (1)	1	Personal ncome (1) dollars in nousands)	I	ersonal ncome per apita (1)	Unemployment Rate (2)		
2000	116,703	\$	2,661,712	\$	22,808	4.5	%	
2001	117,771		2,787,863		23,672	4.8		
2002	120,333		2,908,992		24,175	5.4		
2003	121,460		2,999,350		24,694	5.7		
2004	123,235		3,258,728		26,443	5.2		
2005	124,653		3,511,729		28,172	4.9		
2006	125,966		3,797,409		30,146	4.2		
2007	127,350		4,056,682		31,855	3.7		
2008	128,558		4,408,897		34,330	5.1		
2009	129,849		(3)		(3)	8.8		

⁽¹⁾ U.S Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis.

⁽²⁾ Arizona Workforce Informer.

⁽³⁾ Not yet available.

Coconino County Community College District Principal Employers - Coconino County Current Year

Employer (1)	Employees (1)	Rank	Percentag of Total County Employme			
Northern Arizona University	3,560	1	5.7	%		
Flagstaff Medical Center	2,800	2	4.5			
Flagstaff Unified School District	1,600	3	2.6			
W.L. Gore & Associates	1,300	4	2.1			
Coconino County	1,124	5	1.8			
City of Flagstaff	900	6	1.4			
Coconino Community College	580	7	0.9			
Grand Canyon Railway	402	8	0.6			
Wal-Mart	400	9	0.6			
Walgreen's Distribution Center	352	10	0.6			
Total County Employment (2)	62,300		100.0	%		

Source: (1) Flagstaff Chamber of Commerce.

(2) Arizona Workforce Informer.

Note: Current year information is displayed since the implementation of GASB#44 in FY 2005-06; trended comparisons will be diplayed as information becomes available.

Coconino County Community College District Historic Enrollment Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fall Historic Headcount (1)

College/Center	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
Flagstaff	4,139	3,866	3,656	3,754	3,722	3,540	3,165	3,108	2,621	2,767
Page	213	212	263	222	249	330	280	331	309	348
Tuba City	146	119	77	218	50	87	8	8	1	112
Williams	47	44	27	36	37	62	39	39	42	27
Fredonia	-	13	7	8	6		Reported	with Page he	adcount.	
Grand Canyon	23	2		8	9	2	15	15	16	32
NAU	393	372	314	315	320	359	260	284	369	406
Total	4,961	4,615	4,344	4,561	4,393	4,380	3,767	3,785	3,358	3,580

Historic FTSE (2)

Semester	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02	2000-01
Fall/Spring Average	2,051.0	1,842.8	1,718.5	1,774.2	1,717.0	1,691.7	1,538.1	1,439.8	1,334.8	1,403.9
Summer	202.0	171.2	161.2	173.0	192.0	187.7	181.7	160.8	149.2	162.8
Short	87.0	90.0	85.7	85.0	84.0	89.5	104.2	93.1	80.3	85.6
Adult Basic Education	21.0	22.5	22.8_	20.0_	25.0	37.3				
Total	2,361.0	2,126.5	1,988.2	2,052.2	2,018.0	2,006.2	1,824.0	1,693.7	1,564.3	1,652.3

Source: District records.

⁽¹⁾ Headcount as of the 45th day of Fall semesters.

⁽²⁾ FTSE refers to Full-Time Student Equivalent which is calculated by dividing total enrollment credit hours per semester by 15 credit hours (the number of hours considered to be a full-time student.)

Coconino County Community College District Student Enrollment Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fall Semesters

	A	ttendance Residency										Gende	r	
Fall Semester	FT		PT		County		Out of County		Out of State		M		F	
2000	19	%	81	%	94	%	5	%	1	%	41	%	59	%
2001	16		84		94		5		1		42		58	
2002	20		80		93		6		1		41		59	
2003	20		80		94		5		1		41		59	
2004	20		80		93		- 6		1		44		56	
2005	24		76		93		6		1		44		56	
2006	23		77		93		6		1		43		57	
2007	24		76		88		10		2		43		57	
2008	23		77		87		11		2		42		58	
2009	28		72		92		8		1		43		57	

	Mean Age	Ethnic Background											
Fall Semester		Native American		Asian	4	African American		Hispanic		Anglo	١,	Other	
2000	28	17	%	1	%	1	%	9	%	71	%	1	%
2001	29	18		2		1		9		69		1	
2002	29	19		2		2		8		67		2	
2003	28	18		2		1		9		68		2	
2004	27	20		2		1		8		67		2	
2005	27	21		1		1		9		66		2	
2006	27	22		1		2		8		65		2	
2007	30	23		1		2		8		64		2	
2008	21	24		1		2		9		62		2	
2009	20	26		1		1		9		61		2	

Source: District records,

Coconino County Community College District Graduation Statistics Last Five Fiscal Years

	2009-10			2008-09		2007-08			2006-07			2005-06		
	Count	Percent		Count	Percent	Count	Percent		Count	Percent	9 (5	Count	Percent	-
Ethnicity					-						_			-
Asian Pacific Islander	5	2.3	%	2	1.0 %	3	1.4	%	3	1.6	%	3	1.7	0/
African American	2	0.9		0	- 15	4	1.8		4	2.2		2	1.1	
Hispanic	20	9.4		26	12.6	19	8.5		8	4.3		9	5.1	
Native American	40	18.8		44	21.3	42	18.8		35	19.0		26	14.6	
White	146	68.5		130	62.7	151	67.7		132	71.8		133	74.7	
Other	0	-		5	2.4	4	1.8		2	1.1		5	2.8	
Age							200			1,01		-		
<20	5	2.3		2	1.0	6	2.7					2.	140	
20-24	77	36.2		79	38.2	71	31.8		50	27.2		63	35.3	
25-29	43	20.2		56	27.1	51	22.9		65	35.3		43	24.2	
30-39	47	22.1		40	19.3	54	24.2		38	20.7		40	22.5	
40-49	20	9.4		16	7.7	18	8.1		21	11.4		20	11.2	
50-59	17	8.0		11	5.3	17	7.6		7	3.8		9	5.1	
>60	4	1,9		3	1.4	6	2.7		3	1.6		3	1.7	
Average age	30.8			29.3		31.6			30.5	1.5		30.9	425	
High School Graduation Dates						2,413						00.0		
September 2007 - current	12	5.6		5	2.4									
September 2006 - August 2007	18	8.5		8	3.9	2	0.9					L.		
September 2005 - August 2006	18	8.5		19	9.2	32	14.3			_				
September 2004 - August 2005	26	12.2		22	10.6	111	49.8		2	1.1			- 4	
September 2003 - August 2004	14	6.6		22	10.6	4	1.8		14	7.6		7	3.9	
September 2002 - August 2003	4	1.9		16	7.7	10	4.5		14	7.6		13	7.3	
Prior to September 2002	109	51.2		115	55.6	63	28.3		152	82.6		155	87.1	
Not Given	12	5.6		0	2.75	1	0.4		2	1.1		3	1.7	
Sex							4.7		-	446			3.4	
Female	116	54.5		134	64.7	135	60.5		111	60.3		112	62.9	
Male	97	45.5		73	35.3	88	39.5		73	39.7		66	37.1	
Degree Type				1,5	3.576		00.0			00.7		.00	57.1	
Advanced Certificate	3	1.5		12	5.3		44		2	1.1		4	2.1	
Associate of Applied Science	55	26.7		48	21.1	65	25.8		48	25.4		48	25.5	
Associate of Arts	76	36.9		94	41.2	98	38.8		80	42.3		74	39.4	
Associate of Business	8	3.9		8	3.5	14	5.6		11	5.8		14	7.4	
Associate of General Studies	22	10.7		19	8.3	24	9.5		19	10.1		9	4.8	
Associate of Science	11	5.3		14	6.1	14	5.6		7	3.7		3	1.6	
Basic Certificate	2	1.0		4	1.8	2	0.8		4	2.1		9	4.8	
Certificate of Completion	27	13.1		24	10.5	34	13.5		17	9.0		18	9.6	
Intermediate Certificate	2	1.0		5	2.2	1	0.4		1	0.5		9	4.8	

Source: District records.

Note: Information is displayed since the implementation of GASB 44 in FY 2005-06.

Additional information for future years will be displayed as it becomes available.

Coconino County Community College District Faculty and Staff Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02	2000-01
Faculty										
Full-time faculty	42.3	43.0	44.0	40.0	40.0	36.0	32.0	30.0	28.0	30.0
Part-time faculty headcount	400.5	74.7	00.4	07.0	00.0	400.0	20.4	00.0	07.0	180.0
Part-time faculty FTE Total faculty headcount	100.5	71.7	90.4	97.0	98.0	100.3	82.1	83.0	87.0	210.0
Total faculty FTE	142.8	114.7	134.4	137.0	138.0	136.3	114.1	113.0	115.0	210.0
Administrative and support staff	101.5	124.5	124.5	124.8	119.6	117.4	111.0	108.0	104.0	98.0
Total employees	244.3	239.2	258.9	261.8	257.6	253.7	225.1	221.0	219.0	308.0
Average class size	17.6	14.8	15.4	14.6	14.1	14.1	12.9	14.2	16.5	16.0

Source: District records.

Note: Beginning with fiscal year 2001-02, the college reports part-time faculty in full-time equivalents (FTE).

Coconino County Community College District Capital Asset Information Last Five Fiscal Years

Square Footage:	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07	2005-06
Academic areas:	F 400	F 400	E 400	5 400	E 100
Laboratories - Lone Tree Campus	5,400	5,400	5,400	5,400	5,400
Instructional - Lone Tree Campus	102,917	102,917	102,917	102,917	102,917
Instructional - 4th Street Campus	48,900	48,900	48,900	48,900	48,900
Instructional - Williams Campus	4,108	4,108	4,108	4,108	4,108
Instructional - Page Campus	19,325	19,325	19,325	19,325	19,325
Administrative areas:					
Lone Tree Campus	20,600	20,600	20,600	20,600	20,600
4th Street Campus	700	700	700	700	700
Williams Campus	240	240	240	240	240
Page Campus	1,080	1,080	1,080	1,080	1,080
Library	500	500	500	500	500
Dining	1,560	1,560	1,560	1,560	1,560
Bookstore	2,210	2,210	2,210	2,210	2,210
Childcare	2,678	2,678	2,678	2,678	2,678
Total square footage	210,218	210,218	210,218	210,218	210,218
Library - number of volumes	1,775	1,775	1,775	1,775	1,775
Dining - seating capacity	40	40	40	40	40
Dining - average daily customers	175	175	175	175	175
Number of Vehicles:					
Street vehicles	5	5	5	4	4
Forklift	1	1	1	1	1
Bobcat loader	1	1	1	1	1
Tractor	1	-1	19	1	1
Dump truck	1	1	1	1	1
Backhoe	1	1	1	1	1
Trailer	1	1	1	1	1
Snow plow	1	1	1	1	1
Parking Capacity:					
Lone Tree Campus	500	500	500	500	500
4th Street Campus	235	235	235	235	235
Williams Campus	24	24	24	24	24
Page Campus	78	78	78	78	78
Total parking capacity	837	837	837	837	837
	====				

Source: District records.

Note: Information is displayed since the implementation of GASB 44 in FY 2005-06.

Additional information for future years will be displayed as it becomes available.