Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006



Coconino County Community College District

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Prepared by

District Business and Administrative Services Office



Coconino County Community College District Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

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Introductory Section





LONE TREE CAMPUS 2800 S LONE TREE RD FLAGSTAFF AZ 86001-2701

November 3, 2006

To the Citizens of Coconino County Community College District:

We are pleased to provide you with the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Coconino County Community College District (the District) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

FLAGSTAFF

GRAND CANYON

PAGE

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) §41-1279.07 requires community college districts of Arizona to prepare an annual budgeted expenditure limitation report and annual financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The auditor general or a certified public accountant or public accountant performing the annual audit shall attest to the expenditure limitation report and financial statement. This report is published to fulfill these requirements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

WILLIAMS

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the District. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the District. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the District's financial status and activities have been included.

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that assets are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with general accounting principles.

Audit services are provided to the District by Miller, Allen & Co., P.C., Certified Public Accountants. As noted above, Arizona Revised Statutes require an annual audit of the District's financial statements. This requirement has been complied with and the independent auditor's report is included in this document. The auditor's opinion is unqualified.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

The CAFR is presented in three sections: Introductory, Financial, and Statistical. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the District's organizational chart, and a list of principal officers. The financial section includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the independent auditor's report, and the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The statistical section includes selected unaudited financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

Reporting Entity

The District is an independent reporting entity within the criteria established by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Although the District shares the same geographic boundaries of Coconino County, financial accountability for all activities related to public community college education in Coconino County is exercised solely by the District. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, the financial reporting entity consists of a primary government and a component unit. Coconino County Community College District is a primary government because it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 39, the financial activity of the Coconino Community College Foundation is presented as a component unit of the District. The District is not included in any other governmental financial reporting entity.

Profile of Coconino County Community College District

As a political subdivision of the State of Arizona, the Coconino County Community College District is subject to the oversight of the District's Governing Board (the Board), which is comprised of five elected members, representing each of the five precincts of the county. These members are elected for six-year terms on a staggered basis. The Board is granted full authority from the Arizona Revised Statutes to manage the business and educational needs of the District. The administrative staff is responsible for the daily operation of the District.

The District exercises primary property tax levy authority for generation of funds for operating expenses. State appropriations are also received based on Full Time Student Equivalent (FTSE) enrollment and formula funding. One FTSE equals 15 credit hours per semester.

Coconino County Community College District is committed to offering quality educational programs and services at a reasonable cost for the citizens of Coconino County. The District provides a wide range of programs, including general academic, technical-vocational, student development services, continuing education, and community service.

The District serves the educational needs of Coconino County through six facilities: the Flagstaff Lone Tree Campus and District Offices, the Flagstaff Fourth Street Campus and Technology Center/FMC Institute for Nursing Education, the Page/Lake Powell Campus, the Williams Campus, the Grand Canyon Leaning Center, and the Fredonia Campus. District-wide administrative and support services are centralized and administered by the President and the President's Advisory Council. The President's Advisory Council consists of: the Vice President for Business and Administrative Services, the Vice President for Academic Affairs, the Vice President for Student Affairs, the Executive Dean of the Page/Lake Powell Campus, the Dean for Workforce Development and Extended Learning, the Chief Information Systems Officer, the Director of Development, the Director of Marketing and Public Relations, one faculty representative, one staff representative, and one student representative.

History

The citizens of Coconino County in November of 1990 established the District under the provisions of legislation enacted by the Arizona State Legislature in 1971. In May 1991, the

District's funding was approved through special election, and operations began on July 1, 1991. The District boundaries are conterminous with the boundaries of Coconino County.

When the District began in 1991, it initially expected to serve 600 students. Nearly 1,000 students registered the first semester. Since then, enrollment has increased dramatically. Today the District enrolls over 11,000 annually (duplicated headcount).

Geography/Population

Coconino County is located in the northern portion of the State and encompasses an area of approximately 12 million acres. Its boundaries include the cities of Page, Fredonia, Tuba City, Grand Canyon, Williams, Sedona, and Flagstaff, as well as other smaller cities and towns, and all the unincorporated areas of the County. The County's 2005 population has been estimated at 123,866 by the U.S. Census Bureau.

With 18,661 square miles, Coconino County is the second largest county in the United States and the largest in Arizona. It is characterized by rugged mountains, deep canyons and thick forests of pine, spruce, aspen and oak. Within its borders are many scenic sites – the most popular and impressive is Grand Canyon National Park. Other attractions are Oak Creek Canyon, Sunset Crater National Monument, prehistoric Indian ruins at Wupatki, Walnut Canyon, the Navajo National Monument, the San Francisco Peaks - Arizona's highest point at 12,633 feet, and Lake Powell with 1,960 miles of shoreline.

Indian reservations comprise 46 percent of the land and are home to the Navajo, Hopi, Paiute, Havasupai, and Hualapai tribes. The U.S. Forest Service and Bureau of Land Management control 32 percent of the land; the state of Arizona owns 9.5 percent; other public lands comprise 6.8 percent; and the remaining 5.7 percent is owned by individuals or corporations.

Local Economy

The share of the County's labor force is heavily weighted towards government, trade, and service employment. These sectors employ over 85% of the entire county's nonagricultural work force. Relative to the rest of the state, the work force employed by government is high. Part of the reason for the large number of government workers in the county is the presence of several major national parks, the large portion of the county covered by Indian reservations, and the high percentage of the total area in county public lands.

The State and National economy have improved this past year and property values in Coconino County have continued to grow. However, County unemployment rates (5.3%) have remained higher than both state (4.6%) and national levels and the District must contend with the continued limited funding from the State. The District is committed to improving and offering additional services to meet the county needs. These efforts are achieved through careful monitoring of costs, innovative partnerships, continual searching for cost saving opportunities, and seeking new revenue sources.

Long Term Strategic Financial and Operational Planning

The long-term financial goal of the District is to support its mission and vision as outlined in the Strategic Plan. The mission of the District is to provide personalized and accessible

opportunites in higher education by offering transfer, career and technical programs, and community interest courses. The District's vision is to be northern Arizona's premier learner-centered community for pursuing your dreams of success.

The District has developed unique partnerships within the community, which continue to result in significant savings to our taxpayers. Specifically, partnerships with the City of Page, Northern Arizona University, and the Williams Unified School District have resulted in donations of land for the construction of the three respective campuses. These donations and other partnering initiatives continue to provide leverage and maximum return on the community's investment in education.

Budget

The District is required to prepare an all funds balanced budget each fiscal year on report forms prescribed by the Auditor General for public inspection. The District maintains budgetary controls by line item of the approved budget. Budget transfers are restricted to function and object. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with the annual budget adopted by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control is by summary line item of the current and plant funds.

Budgetary compliance is also demonstrated with the issuance of an annual budgeted expenditure limitation report, which is also audited. The purpose of the expenditure limitation is to control expenditures and limit future increases in spending adjustments for inflation; deflation; population growth of counties, cities, and towns; and student population growth of community college districts.

An encumbrance accounting system is maintained by the District as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Open encumbrances are not reported as reservations of fund balance at year end, but are liquidated (lapse at year end). Encumbrances are re-established at the beginning of the next fiscal year as an obligation against the current year's adopted budget.

Cash Management

The District is governed by the Arizona Revised Statutes relating to the overall investment of idle public funds. The fiduciary responsibility of such investments is entrusted to the District Governing Board and facilitated through the Vice President for Business and Administrative Services.

Idle funds are invested by the District in a prudent, conservative, and secure manner for the highest yield as prescribed by Arizona Revised Statutes. Monies are on deposit with the State and County Treasurers. Amounts which are idle during the year are invested by the Treasurers on a pooled basis with the interest prorated back to the District.

During the year, idle funds were invested in demand deposits, notes, commercial paper, and certificates of deposit through the State of Arizona Local Government Investment Pool and the Coconino County Treasurer. The yield on investments at June 30 was 4.83 and 5.63 percent, respectively. The District's cash management objective is to equal or exceed the return on the thirteen week U.S. Treasury Bill rates. The yield at June 30 for 90-day U.S. Treasury Bills was 4.92 percent.

Financial Reporting

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the District was formulated with data from several sources, including District records and Coconino County Department of Finance reports. These statements present information on the financial condition of the District and whether resources were adequate to cover the costs of providing services during the reporting period. The District's CAFR is distributed to the District Governing Board and executive management, the State legislature, Federal and State agencies, and financial institutions as well as others throughout the general public. Internal management reports are customized and provided to meet the information and decision-making needs at all levels of the organization to aid management in the allocation of resources.

Debt Administration

The District issued \$25 million of general obligation bonds in 1999 for capital developments throughout Coconino County. These developments have been completed and the District levies a secondary property tax to fund the debt retirement. The bonds are tax exempt and therefore subject to federal arbitrage requirements. The District has contracted with Gust-Rosenfeld for bond counsel and RBC Dain-Rauscher for financial advisement in the administration of this debt to ensure compliance with all state and federal regulations. The District does not foresee any additional debt in the near future, as the existing debt levels should be sufficient to meet the current and foreseeable future needs and requirements of the District.

Risk Management

A full complement of insurance coverage is maintained for the District in accordance with Arizona Revised Statutes. Liability coverage is broad in form, including errors and omissions and wrongful acts coverage, and is maintained with policy limits totaling \$50,000,000. Casualty coverages are maintained on a replacement value basis with a schedule of values agreed upon between the carrier and the District. Miscellaneous coverages include crime and fidelity coverages. Workers' compensation coverage is maintained through the State Compensation Fund.

Major Initiatives

Over the last few fiscal years, various federal, state, and local conditions have resulted in reduced revenues for the District. These forces combined with the increasing operational expense for the District's new facilities, student population growth, technology demands, and increased costs for medical insurance have resulted in the District performing a comprehensive review of all budgets. Management will continually monitor these conditions, as well as legislative initiatives, to further understand the upcoming impact to the District and its community.

Personnel – Salaries and Benefits

The District has reviewed all benefits and salaries compared to market with the goal of maintaining salaries at market. The District reviews positions to ensure that as positions evolve with the growth of the College, the District remains competitive and fair with regard to its human

resources. The District is also working on continual development of personnel by providing customer service and professional development workshops, tuition waivers and reimbursement, a wellness program, and refining personnel procedures.

Workforce Development

The District has initiated a concentrated effort over the past several years to provide communities with more occupational and technical training. The voters of Arizona passed proposition 301 in November 2000, which provides a 0.6% sales tax to assist in this effort beginning in fiscal year 2002. The use of these funds is restricted to workforce development programs, such as the CISCO Academy, the nursing program, and construction technology management. To meet the unique interests of individuals and groups within the service area of the District, customized workforce training services were developed. In addition, the District has responded to community education needs by offering more noncredit personal enrichment and professional development learning opportunities.

Efficiency through Partnerships

As student population and required services continue to increase it is essential that the District maximize its efficiency. To this end, the District has established relationships with partners in education. In fiscal year 2006, the District became the fiscal agent of the Adult Basic Education program, which consolidated this function with other entities in Northern Arizona such as Flagstaff Unified School District, Coconino County Superintendent of Schools, and Tuba City to provide basic education to adult learners in Coconino County. The District is also continuing to make progress with another partner, Northland Pioneer College, to enhance distance learning and online student resources with funding from the five-year Cooperative Title III grant.

The District is finding efficiencies by developing new instructional programs that can be fully funded by the fee revenue they generate, and is continuing to seek external funding through the Coconino Community College Foundation. In addition, along with Alliance partners such as the City of Flagstaff, Coconino County, Flagstaff Unified School District, and Northern Arizona University; the Synergistic Training and Resource Sharing (STARS) group was formed for local public employers to increase the variety, quality, and affordability of training resources in order to develop our workforce for today and tomorrow.

Growth

Throughout its history, the District's full time student equivalency (FTSE) has grown an average of 10% per year, from 491 in fiscal year 1992 to a budgeted 2,090 for fiscal year 2007. This growth has corresponded to many changes over the years including increases in personnel as well as facilities. Coconino Community College conducts operations throughout the largest county in Arizona, including two campuses in Flagstaff, a campus in Page, an extension site in Williams, and distance learning facilities in both Grand Canyon and Tuba City. The Page campus offers classes on a limited basis to the community of Fredonia. The growth the District has experienced has led to the development of enrollment management strategies. To that end, the College has implemented a marketing plan to help the College recruit and retain targeted student populations.

New Programs

The District has supported the continued expansion of several programs that include: non-credit/continuing education at the Flagstaff, Page, and Fredonia locations; performing and fine arts; Basic Detention Academy; nursing; phlebotomy for law enforcement; fire science and emergency medical services; and the Colorado Plateau studies. In conjunction with the City of Flagstaff, plans are being developed to consider building a facility to train regional firefighters and other first responder personnel. The facility would include among others, a burn tower to provide a real life scenario for fire rescue training.

Strengthening Communities

Coconino Community College has been working with its partners to strengthen the community. Beginning in fiscal year 2006, the College became the fiscal agent for the Adult Basic Education program in Coconino County. By consolidating the program into the College, adult learners will have one central and unified point of contact, making it easier to attain basic education that will open doors to greater earning capacity and future higher education pursuits.

The fastest growing student population at Coconino Community College is dual enrollment, where students are enrolled in high school and college courses while simultaneously earning high school and college credits. This program has expanded to include a total of fifteen school districts, including those inside the District boundaries and by Intergovernmental Agreement with some school districts within counties adjacent to Coconino County. The program has also been expanded to include courses in the Arts and Science disciplines.

GFOA Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement in Excellence in Financial Reporting to Coconino Community College for its comprehensive annual financial report for the year ended June 30, 2005. This was the eleventh consecutive year that the Coconino County Community College District has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgment

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the Business and Administrative Services division. We wish to express our appreciation to all members of the division who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. We also thank the members of the District Governing Board for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the District in a highly

responsible and progressive manner.	Appreciation is also	expressed to Miller,	, Allen & Co.,	P.C.
for their timely completion of the audit.				

Respectfully submitted,

Thomas S. Jordan President

Jami Van Ess, Vice President Business and Administrative Services

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Coconino Community College Arizona

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2005

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

WHE OFFICE OF THE OFFICE OF THE OFFICE OFFIC

President

Executive Director

Coconino County Community College District Principal Officers

District Governing Board

Nat White, Member, District 1
Jane Corona, Secretary, District 2
Denis Kirkley, Member, District 3
Patrick Hurley, Member, District 4
Val Gleave, Chair, District 5

Administration

Thomas S. Jordan, President

Jami Van Ess, Vice President for Business and Administrative Services

Kathleen Corak, Vice President for Academic Affairs

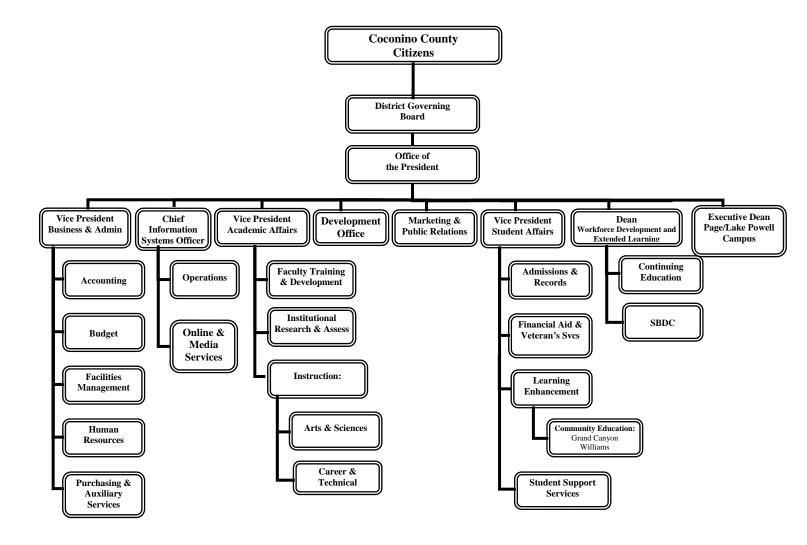
David L. Minger, Vice President for Student Affairs

Lloyd Hammonds, Executive Dean Page Campus

Michael Lainoff, Dean for Extended Learning

Tony DiGirolamo, Chief Information Systems Officer

Coconino County Community College District Organizational Chart





Vision, Mission, Purposes & Core Values

Vision

Coconino Community College strives to be Northern Arizona's premier learner-centered community for pursuing your dreams of success.

Mission

Coconino Community College provides personalized and accessible opportunities in higher education by offering transfer, career and technical programs, and community interest courses.

Purposes

Coconino Community College has identified the following purposes to achieve its mission:

- General Education to provide learners with the foundation of a liberal education, including a core of learning opportunities in reading, writing, quantitative and critical thinking which form a solid foundation for lifelong learning and success in academic, career, and life goals.
- **Transfer Education** to provide learners with the curriculum necessary to transfer to baccalaureate-granting institutions.
- Occupational Education to provide learners with the skills and knowledge necessary to pursue occupational careers and/or life goals.
- Continuing Education to provide learners and constituencies who are not directly served by the College's arts and sciences and occupational and professional technologies divisions with learning opportunities.
- Developmental Education to provide the curriculum necessary to prepare learners for college-level course work and the workplace.
- **Economic Development** to respond quickly in the advancement of regional economic development goals through curriculum development and skills training.
- **Technology Integration** to provide state-of-the-art technological education and training opportunities for the student body and the community.
- **Student Services** to facilitate access to the college and to support learners' attainment of educational goals.
- Cultural and Community Service to develop and provide activities and programs
 that celebrate and preserve cultural diversity and awareness, encourage volunteer
 service, support community awareness, protect public welfare, and support fine and
 performing arts.

Core Values

We – the personnel and District Governing Board of Coconino Community College – are dedicated to providing quality educational opportunities to our community. In doing so, we commit to the following core values to guide our decisions and behaviors as we seek to meet the changing needs, aspirations, and goals of our community.

- People We strive to accept the uniqueness of each individual and the contribution each person makes. We strive to create a caring, accepting, and productive environment for our students, employees, and community.
- Learning and Growth We are dedicated to providing lifelong learning opportunities for our students, employees, and community to empower them to achieve their dreams. In this endeavor, we create learning opportunities that are accessible and relevant to our students and which place the learner first.
- Quality We recognize the importance of continually improving our educational offerings and services and the need to hold our students and ourselves to high expectations and standards. We employ a dynamic, strategic planning process and constantly assess our activities to be responsive and accountable to our students, employees, and community.
- Ethics We believe that to be effective we must demonstrate integrity.
 Therefore, we uphold the highest ethical standards in all of our activities
 resulting in a responsible and fair environment for our students,
 employees, and community and a responsive and open decisionmaking process.
- Community We exist for our community; therefore, we must be responsive to its changing needs and its diversity. To do so, we strive to provide services that are timely, accessible, and affordable. We also pursue partnerships and collaborations throughout our community to be responsive to the needs of our diverse populations.
- Respect We recognize that learning cannot occur without respect.
 We are committed to the acceptance of diverse cultures, differing ideas
 and beliefs, and the uniqueness of each individual since these are the
 foundations of respect.

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Financial Section



MILLER, ALLEN & CO., P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

MARK L. LANDY, C.P.A. STEPHEN T. HARRIS, C.P.A. THOMAS L. FRIEND, C.P.A. HOBERT N. SNYDER, C.P.A. 5333 NORTH 7TH STREET, SUITE 100 PHOENIX, ARIZONA 85014 TEL (602) 264-3688 FAX (602) 230-0348

> ROBERT L. MILLER, C.P.A. (1931 - 1992)

Independent Auditor's Report

The Auditor General of the State of Arizona

The Governing Board of Coconino County Community College District

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and discretely presented component unit of Coconino County Community College District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts for the discretely presented component unit, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the discretely presented component unit were not audited by the other auditors in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of the other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and discretely presented component unit of Coconino County Community College District as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 17 through 25 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory and statistical sections listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. That information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 3, 2006, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Miller, allen + Co., P.C.

November 3, 2006

Our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2006. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter, which precedes this section, and the District's basic financial statements, which immediately follow.

Basic Financial Statements

Beginning with fiscal year 2001-02, the District has presented annual financial statements in accordance with the then newly effective pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the authoritative body for establishing generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for state and local governments, including public institutions of higher education. These pronouncements permit public colleges and universities to use the guidance for special-purpose governments engaged only in business-type activities, in their separately issued financial statements. As such, the reader will observe that the presentation format has shifted from a columnar fund group format to a consolidated, single column format, similar to the type of financial statements one might encounter from a typical business enterprise or a not-for-profit organization. The basic financial statements consist of the following:

Statement of Net Assets

The Statement of Net Assets reflects the financial position of the District at June 30, 2006. It shows the various assets owned or controlled, related liabilities and other obligations, and the various categories of net assets. Net assets is an accounting concept defined as total assets less total liabilities, and as such, represents the institutional equity or ownership in the total assets of the District.

From the data presented, readers of the Statement of Net Assets are able to determine the assets available to continue operations of the District. They are also able to determine how much the District owes vendors and investors. Finally, the Statement of Net Assets provides a picture of the net assets and their availability for expenditure by the District.

Net assets are divided into three major categories. The first category, invested in capital assets, net of debt, provides the District's equity in property, plant, and equipment owned by the District. The next category is restricted net assets, which are expendable. Expendable restricted net assets are available for expenditure by the District but must be spent solely for the purpose of their restriction. The final category is unrestricted net assets, which are available to the District for any lawful purpose of the District.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets reflects the results of operations and other changes for the year ended June 30, 2006. It shows the various revenues and expenses, both operating and nonoperating, reconciling the beginning net assets amount to the ending net assets amount, which is shown on the Statement of Net Assets described above.

Generally speaking, operating revenues are received for providing goods and services to the various customers and constituencies of the District. Operating expenses are those expenses paid to acquire or produce the goods and services provided in return for the operating revenues and to carry out the mission of the District. Nonoperating revenues are revenues received for which goods and services are not provided. For example, State appropriations are nonoperating because they are provided by the Legislature to the District without the Legislature directly receiving commensurate goods and services for those revenues. Nonoperating expense consists of interest expense on debt.

The Statement of Cash Flows

The Statement of Cash Flows reflects the inflows and outflows of cash and cash equivalents for the year ended June 30, 2006. It shows the various cash activities by type, reconciling the beginning cash and cash equivalents amount to the ending cash and cash equivalents amount, which is shown on the Statement of Net Assets described above. In addition, this statement reconciles cash flows used for operating activities to the operating loss shown on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets described above.

Condensed Financial Information

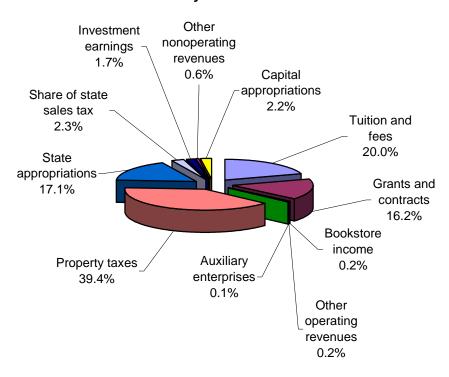
Stateme	nt of Net Assets		
As	of June 30		
			Percent
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>Change</u>
Current assets	\$ 8,254,942	\$ 8,358,359	(1.2) %
Capital assets, net	30,295,760	30,574,374	(0.9)
Total assets	38,550,702	38,932,733	(1.0)
Long-term liabilities outstanding	21,040,105	22,003,722	(4.4)
Other liabilities	1,389,223	1,350,568	2.9
Total liabilities	22,429,328	23,354,290	(4.0)
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	9,840,760	9,164,375	7.4
Restricted net assets	2,500,266	2,837,838	(11.9)
Unrestricted net assets	3,780,348	3,576,230	` 5.7 [′]
Total net assets	\$ 16,121,374	\$ 15,578,443	3.5 %

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets									
	_								
For the Two Fisca	n Years Ended Ju	ne 30							
			Percent						
	2006	2005							
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>Change</u>						
Operating revenues:	A A B B B B B B B B B B								
Tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances)	\$ 3,700,169	\$ 3,144,294	17.7 %						
Grants and contracts	2,972,328	2,793,581	6.4						
Other operating revenue	100,600	91,212	10.3						
Total operating revenue	6,773,097	6,029,087	12.3						
Operating expenses:									
Educational and general	15,755,370	14,882,594	5.9						
Auxiliary enterprises	18,584	19,362	(4.0)						
Depreciation	1,128,824	1,126,705	0.2						
Total operating expenses	16,902,778	16,028,661	5.5						
Net operating loss	(10,129,681)	(9,999,574)	1.3						
Nonoperating revenues and expenses	10,264,612	9,646,572	6.4						
Income/(loss) before other revenues, expenses									
gains, or losses	134,931	(353,002)	138.2						
Capital appropriations and gifts	408,000	355,700	14.7						
Increase/(decrease) in net assets	542,931	2,698							
Net assets, beginning of year	15,578,443	15,575,745	0.0						
Net assets, end of year	\$ 16,121,374	\$ 15,578,443	3.5 %						

The following schedule presents a summary of revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, with comparative totals for June 30, 2005.

	200	6	200	5	Increase/(Decrease)			
Revenues by Source		Percent of		Percent of		Percent		
-	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	Amount	_Change_		
Operating revenues				<u> </u>				
Tuition and fees (net of								
scholarship allowances)	\$ 3,700,169	20.0 %	\$ 3,144,294	18.4 %	\$ 555,875	17.7 %		
Grants and contracts	2,972,328	16.2	2,793,581	16.3	178,747	6.4		
Bookstore income	44,635	0.2	41,916	0.2	2,719	6.5		
Auxiliary enterprises	23,340	0.1	21,936	0.1	1,404	6.4		
Other operating revenues	32,625	0.2	27,360	0.2	5,265	19.2		
Total operating revenues	6,773,097	36.7	6,029,087	35.2	744,010	12.3		
Nonoperating revenues								
Property taxes	7,273,839	39.4	7,032,541	41.1	241,298	3.4		
State appropriations	3,147,700	17.1	3,025,000	17.7	122,700	4.1		
Share of state sales tax	425,004	2.3	369,867	2.2	55,137	14.9		
Investment earnings	318,404	1.7	184,623	1.1	133,781	72.5		
Other nonoperating revenues	112,633	0.6	98,396	0.6	14,237	14.5		
Total nonoperating revenues	11,277,580	61.1	10,710,427	62.7	567,153	5.3		
Capital appropriations and gifts	408,000	2.2	355,700	2.1	52,300	14.7		
Total revenues	\$ 18,458,677	100.0_%	\$ 17,095,214	100.0 %	\$ 1,363,463	8.0 %		

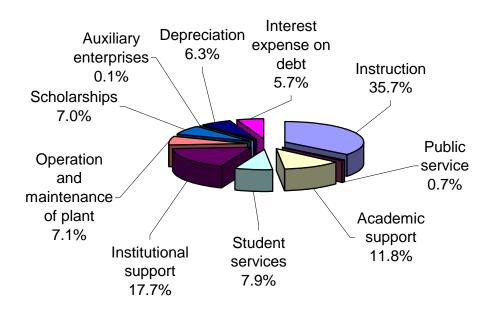
Revenues by Source FY 2006



The following schedule presents a summary of expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, with comparative totals for June 30, 2005.

	200	6	2005	5	Increase/(Decrease		
Expenses by Function		Percent of		Percent of		Percent	
	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	Amount	Change	
Operating expenses							
Education and general:							
Instruction	\$ 6,393,009	35.7 %	\$ 5,631,013	32.9 %	\$ 761,996	13.5 %	
Public service	133,496	0.7	179,899	1.1	(46,403)	(25.8)	
Academic support	2,113,464	11.8	1,957,389	11.5	156,075	8.0	
Student services	1,411,693	7.9	1,379,942	8.1	31,751	2.3	
Institutional support	3,175,049	17.7	3,135,055	18.3	39,994	1.3	
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,279,708	7.1	1,211,639	7.1	68,069	5.6	
Scholarships	1,248,951	7.0	1,387,657	8.1	(138,706)	(10.0)	
Auxiliary enterprises	18,584	0.1	19,362	0.1	(778)	(4.0)	
Depreciation	1,128,824	6.3	1,126,705	6.6	2,119	0.2	
Total operating expenses	16,902,778	94.3	16,028,661	93.8	874,117	5.5	
Nonoperating expenses							
Interest expense on debt	1,012,968	5.7	1,063,855	6.2	(50,887)	(4.8)	
Total nonoperating expenses	1,012,968	5.7	1,063,855	6.2	(50,887)	(4.8)	
Total expenses	\$ 17,915,746	100.0 %	\$ 17,092,516	100.0 %	\$ 823,230	4.8 %	

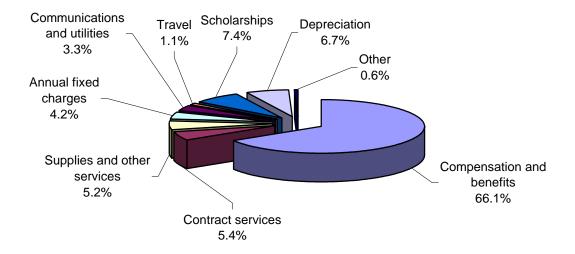
Expenses by Function FY 2006



The following schedule presents a summary of operating expenses by natural classification for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, with comparative totals for June 30, 2005.

Operating Expenses by	200	6	200)5	Increases/(Decreases)				
Natural Classification	Percent of			Percent of		Percent			
	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	Amount	Change			
Compensation and benefits	\$ 11,160,691	66.1 %	\$ 10,247,951	64.0 %	\$ 912,740	8.9 %			
Contract services	920,068	5.4	931,969	5.8	(11,901)	(1.3)			
Supplies and other services	883,726	5.2	980,703	6.1	(96,977)	(9.9)			
Annual fixed charges	710,515	4.2	560,783	3.5	149,732	26.7			
Communications and utilities	562,892	3.3	542,036	3.4	20,856	3.8			
Travel	190,172	1.1	144,542	0.9	45,630	31.6			
Scholarships	1,251,085	7.4	1,390,060	8.7	(138,975)	(10.0)			
Depreciation	1,128,824	6.7	1,126,705	7.0	2,119	0.2			
Other	94,805	0.6	103,912	0.6	(9,107)	(8.8)			
Total operating expenses	\$ 16,902,778	100.0 %	\$ 16,028,661	100.0 %	\$ 874,117	5.5 [°] %			

Operating Expenses by Natural Classification FY 2006



Financial Highlights and Analysis

The College's overall financial position improved in fiscal year 2006. Total net assets increased 3.5% over fiscal year 2005.

Some highlights of the information presented on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets are as follows:

- Tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowance) increased \$555,875, or 17.7%. This was primarily due to an increase in in-state tuition of \$8 per credit hour, from \$48 in fiscal year 2005 to \$56 in fiscal year 2006. Out-of-state tuition increased by \$32 per credit hour, from \$192 in fiscal year 2005 to \$224 in fiscal year 2006. In addition, Full Time Student Equivalent (FTSE) increased 0.6% over that of fiscal year 2005.
- The share of state sales tax increased \$55,137, or 14.9%. This is attributable to increased sales tax collected by the state.
- Investment earnings increased \$133,781, or 72.5%. During fiscal year 2006, the College recovered \$69,936 from litigation surrounding the National Century Financial Enterprises' (NCFE) bankruptcy of 2003. To date, 39% of the loss has been recovered. Interest income has increased to coincide with interest rate changes.
- Other nonoperating revenues increased \$14,237, or 14.5%, due to a scheduled increase in tenant income and increased facility rentals.
- Total operating expenses increased by \$874,117 or 5.5%.

Functionally, most notable changes occurred in Instruction, Public Service, Academic Support, and Scholarships.

Instruction increased \$761,996, or 13.5%.

On July 1, 2005, the District became the fiscal agent for the Adult Basic Education program, which consolidated this function with other entities in Northern Arizona, such as Flagstaff Unified School District, Coconino County Superintendent of Schools, and Tuba City. Adult Basic Education is designed to provide basic education to adult learners in Coconino County. Revenues from this program totaled \$282,059 in fiscal year 2006.

During fiscal year 2006, Full Time Student Equivalents increased 0.6%, the most dramatic increase occurring in dual enrollments, where students are simultaneously enrolled in high school and college courses while earning credit for both. Dual enrollments were up 17.7% over that of fiscal year 2005.

Also during fiscal year 2006, the noncredit program was reclassified from public service to instruction. The noncredit program experienced a 154.9% increase in expenses, with expenses in fiscal years 2005 and 2006, \$65,479 and \$166,955 respectively.

Public service decreased \$46,403, or 25.8%.

The decrease in public service is due to the reclassification of the noncredit program from public service to instruction, as noted above.

Academic Support increased \$156,075, or 8%.

In September 2004, the District, in conjunction with Northland Pioneer College, received a Title III – Strengthening Institution Program grant from the U.S. Department of Education. The purpose of the grant is to develop the infrastructure for distance learning. The grant began in the spring of 2005, almost three-quarters through the fiscal year. Expenses for 2006 represent expenses for the entire fiscal year.

Scholarships decreased \$138,706, or 10.0%.

In fiscal year 2006, the District experienced a \$171,634 (11%) decrease in Pell grant awards, from \$1,556,767 in 2005 to \$1,385,133 in 2006. This is attributable to a decline in financial aid eligible students.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets are defined as those items costing over \$5,000 and which have a normal useful life of more than two years. The District has created renewal and replacement (R&R) schedules for all of its facilities, as well as technology. The schedules are updated annually and funds are invested and designated for this purpose. For the year ended June 30, 2006, these funds amounted to approximately \$1,480,720.

Below is a summary of the capital assets, net of depreciation, as of June 30:

	Capital Assets		
			<u>Percent</u>
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>Change</u>
Land	\$ 1,089,000	\$ 1,089,000	- %
Buildings	28,542,664	28,456,565	0.3
Improvements other than buildings	321,759	228,300	40.9
Equipment	262,512	399,034	(34.2)
Vehicles	53,312	91,307	(41.6)
Construction in progress	26,513	310,168	(91.5)
Total capital assets	\$ 30,295,760	\$ 30,574,374	(0.9) %

At June 30, 2006, the District had one bond issue outstanding, consisting of a general obligation bond issue for \$25,000,000. Total long-term debt at June 30, 2006, is \$20,455,000. No new debt was issued during the fiscal year.

Additional information on the District's capital assets and long-term debt can be found in Notes 4 and 5, respectively, to the basic financial statements.

<u>Current Factors Having Probable Future Financial Significance</u>

The community college system-wide appropriation for state aid is provided by A.R.S. §15-1466. The formula is based on the current base and enrollment growth. During fiscal years 2002, 2003, and 2004, due to declining state revenues, state aid to community colleges was cut drastically. Where state aid funding \$3,130,800 represented 45.8% of total revenues in fiscal year 2001, fiscal year 2006 state aid funding of \$3,147,700 represents 17.1% of total gross revenues. To accommodate the decline in state aid, tuition has increased from \$33 per credit hour in fiscal year 2001 to \$56 per credit hour in fiscal year 2006, a 69.7% increase over a six-year period. An additional increase of \$5 per credit hour has been approved for fiscal year 2007.

In an effort to improve its overall economic competitiveness with other states, the Arizona State Legislature reduced the assessment ratio for business property from 25% to 20% of full cash value over ten years. The estimated fiscal impact of this change is a reduction in property tax revenue of \$46,000 per year for fiscal years 2006 through 2014.

Employee benefit expenses continue to rise. To combat the rising costs, the Northern Arizona Public Employee Benefits Trust (NAPEBT), of which the District is a member, became self-funded beginning July 1, 2006. The District contributes 100% of the premium for medical, vision and dental insurance for employees, as well as 32% of family medical and vision premiums. Beginning January 1, 2007, employees will have a choice of three medical plans: a base plan, a buy-up plan, and a high deductible plan with a Health Savings Account. These options have been developed by NAPEBT in order to provide additional choices for employees and as an attempt to control rising insurance costs.

In fiscal year 2005, the District, in conjunction with Northland Pioneer College, received a Title III – Strengthening Institutions Program grant from the U.S. Department of Education. The grant provides approximately \$2.5 million over a five-year period to develop distance learning, and requires a \$100,000 phase in of expenses to the general fund over the five-year period.

Requests for Information

This discussion and analysis is designed to provide a general overview of the Coconino County Community College District's finances for all those with an interest in such matters. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Controller, Coconino County Community College District, 2800 S. Lone Tree Road, Flagstaff, AZ 86001.

Coconino County Community College District Statement of Net Assets - Primary Government June 30, 2006

	Business-Type Activites
Assets	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 148,064
Cash and investments held by the County Treasurer	7,303,191
Investments	350,545
Receivables:	
Property taxes (net of allowances of \$69,239)	88,457
Government grants and contracts	175,988
Interest	1,435
Other (net of allowances of \$15,357)	146,335
Inventories	28,429
Prepaid items	12,498
Total current assets	8,254,942
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets, not being depreciated	1,115,513
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	29,180,247
Total noncurrent assets	30,295,760
Total assets	38,550,702
Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	243,860
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	704,061
Deferred revenues	398,885
Deposits held in custody for others	42,417
Current portion of compensated absences payable	51,438
Current portion of long-term debt	1,030,000
Total current liabilities	2,470,661
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Compensated absences payable	533,667
Long-term debt	19,425,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	19,958,667
Total liabilities	22,429,328
Net Assets	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	9,840,760
Restricted:	
Expendable:	
Capital projects	2,250,499
Debt service	249,767
Unrestricted	3,780,348
Total net assets	\$ 16,121,374

Coconino County Community College District Statement of Financial Position - Component Unit June 30, 2006

	Commi	oconino unity College undation
Assets Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents Unconditional promises to give Investments, at market	\$	97,142 145,000 508,596
Total current assets	\$	750,738
Liabilities Current liabilities:		
CCC College payable Total current liabilities	\$	32,222 32,222
Net Assets		050 007
Unrestricted Temporarily restricted		252,997 347,164
Permanently restricted		118,355
Total net assets		718,516
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	750,738

Coconino County Community College District Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets-Primary Government Year Ended June 30, 2006

	-	Business-Type Activities
Operating revenues: Tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances of \$363,041)	\$	3,700,169
Government grants and contracts	Ψ	2,841,030
Private grants and contracts		131,298
Bookstore income		44,635
Auxiliary enterprises		23,340
Other		32,625
Total operating revenues	-	6,773,097
Operating expenses:		
Educational and general:		
Instruction		6,393,009
Public service		133,496
Academic support		2,113,464
Student services		1,411,693
Institutional support		3,175,049
Operation and maintenance of plant		1,279,708
Scholarships		1,248,951
Auxiliary enterprises		18,584
Depreciation	_	1,128,824
Total operating expenses	-	16,902,778
Operating loss	-	(10,129,681)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Property taxes		7,273,839
State appropriations		3,147,700
Share of state sales taxes		425,004
Investment earnings		318,404
Interest expense on debt		(1,012,968)
Other	-	112,633
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	-	10,264,612
Income before other revenues, expenses, gains, or losses		134,931
Capital appropriations		383,000
Capital gifts	_	25,000
Increase in net assets		542,931
Total net assets, July 1, 2005	-	15,578,443
Total net assets, June 30, 2006	\$	16,121,374

Coconino County Community College District Statement of Activities - Component Unit Year Ended June 30, 2006

Coconino Community College Foundation

-	Coconino Continuinty College Foundation											
				Unrestricted				Temporarily		Permanently		
	_	Unrestricted	В	oard-designate	<u>ed</u>	TOTAL		Restricted		Restricted		<u>TOTAL</u>
Support and revenue												
Public contributions	\$	75,946	\$	-	\$	75,946	\$	38,972	\$		\$	114,918
Revenues		50		-		50		5,378		-		5,428
Investment earnings		-		-		-		11,050		-		11,050
Total support and revenue		75,996	,	-		75,996		55,400		-	_	131,396
Net assets released from restrictions	-	149,464				149,464		(149,464)			_	
Total support, revenue,												
and other support	-	225,460				225,460		(94,064)			_	131,396
Expenses												
Program services		201,671		-		201,671		-		-		201,671
Supporting services		12,641		-		12,641		-		-		12,641
Total expenses	-	214,312		-		214,312					_	214,312
Change in net assets before other items		11,148		-		11,148		(94,064)		-		(82,916)
Unrealized gain on investments	_							21,755			_	21,755
Increase (decrease) in net assets		11,148		-		11,148		(72,309)		-		(61,161)
Net assets, July 1, 2005		215,587		26,262		241,849		419,473		118,355		779,677
Net assets, June 30, 2006	\$	226,735	\$	26,262	\$	252,997	\$	347,164	\$	118,355	\$	718,516

Coconino County Community College District Statement of Cash Flows - Primary Government Year Ended June 30, 2006

		Business-Type
Cash flows from operating activities:	-	Activities
Tuition and fees	\$	3,786,098
Grants and contracts	Ψ	2,906,412
Bookstore receipts		44,983
Commissions and rents		23,386
Other receipts		144,897
Payments to employees for salaries and benefits		(11,143,737)
Payments to suppliers and providers of goods and services		(3,372,431)
Payments to students for scholarships		(1,251,085)
Net cash used for operating activities	-	(8,861,477)
Not oddin dood for operating dottvitted	-	(0,001,477)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Property taxes - primary		5,268,669
State appropriations		3,147,700
Share of state sales taxes		425,004
Deposits held in custody for others received		1,326,491
Deposits held in custody for others disbursed	_	(1,345,059)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	_	8,822,805
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Property taxes - secondary		2,036,892
Capital appropriations		383,000
Purchases of capital assets		(825,210)
Principal paid on capital debt		(955,000)
Interest paid on capital debt		(1,012,968)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	-	(373,286)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest received on investments		317,448
Net cash provided by investing activities	-	317,448
Net cash provided by investing activities	-	317,440
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(94,510)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2005		7,896,310
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2006	\$	7,801,800
	_	

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

(continued)

Coconino County Community College District Statement of Cash Flows - Primary Government Year Ended June 30, 2006 (continued)

	Bu	siness-Type Activities
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used for operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$	(10,129,681)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used for operating activities:		
Depreciation		1,128,824
Other nonoperating revenues		112,633
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Increase in:		
Government grants and contracts receivable		(44,289)
Other receivables		(28,027)
Accrued payroll and employee benefits		25,572
Deferred revenues		82,022
Decrease in:		
Prepaid items		49,746
Inventories		710
Accounts payable		(50,370)
Compensated absences		(8,617)
Net cash used for operating activites	\$	(8,861,477)
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the Statement of Net Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	148,064
Cash and investments held by the County Treasurer		7,303,191
Investments		350,545
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,801,800

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Coconino County Community College District conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to public institutions engaged only in business-type activities adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

A. Reporting Entity

The District is a special-purpose government that is governed by a separately elected governing body. It is legally separate and fiscally independent of other state and local governments. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District (the primary government) and its discretely component unit, the Coconino Community College Foundation.

The Coconino Community College Foundation is a legally separate, tax-exempt organization. It acts primarily as a fund-raising organization that receives gifts and bequests, administers those resources, and disburses payments to or on behalf of the District for scholarships and support of District programs. Although the District does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the Foundation's restricted resources can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the District or its constituents. Consequently, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the District and is discretely presented in the District's financial statements.

For financial reporting purposes, the Foundation follows the Financial Accounting Standards Board statements for not-for-profit organizations. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Foundation's financial information included in the District's financial report. Accordingly, those financial statements have been reported on separate pages following the respective counterpart financial statements of the District. For financial reporting purposes, only the Foundation's statements of financial position and activities are included in the District's financial statements as required by generally accepted accounting principles for public colleges and universities. The Foundation has a June 30 year end.

During the year ended June 30, 2006, the Foundation distributed \$134,380 to the District for both restricted and unrestricted purposes. Complete financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained from the Foundation Development Office, Coconino County Community College District, 2800 S. Lone Tree Road, Flagstaff, AZ 86001.

B. Basis of Presentation and Accounting

The financial statements include a statement of net assets; a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets; and a statement of cash flows.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

A statement of net assets provides information about the assets, liabilities, and net assets of the District at the end of the year. Assets and liabilities are classified as either current or noncurrent. Net assets are classified according to external donor restrictions or availability of assets to satisfy District obligations. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt represents the value of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt incurred to acquire or construct the assets. Expendable restricted net assets represent grants, contracts, gifts, and other resources that have been externally restricted for specific purposes. Unrestricted net assets include all other net assets, including those that have been designated by management to be used for other than general operating purposes.

A statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets provides information about the District's financial activities during the year. Revenues and expenses are classified as either operating or nonoperating, and all changes in net assets are reported, including capital contributions and additions to endowments. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing instructional, public, and auxiliary services, which is consistent with the District's mission. Accordingly, revenues such as tuition, educational grants, and bookstore are considered to be operating revenues. Other revenues, such as property taxes and state appropriations, are not generated from operations and are considered to be nonoperating revenues. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. Other expenses, such as interest expense on debt, are considered to be nonoperating expenses.

A statement of cash flows provides information about the District's sources and uses of cash and cash equivalents during the year. Increases and decreases in cash and cash equivalents are classified as either operating, noncapital financing, capital financing, or investing.

The financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. State appropriations are recognized as revenue in the year in which the appropriation is first made available for use. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Internal activity is eliminated using a charge-back method, charging user departments and reducing expenses in the department providing the service.

The District follows FASB Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989; Accounting Principles Board Opinions; and Accounting Research Bulletins, unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements. The District has chosen not to follow FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Cash and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, cash and investments held by the County Treasurer, and investments in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool. All investments are stated at fair value.

D. Inventories

The supplies inventory is stated at cost by specific identification.

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the financial statements are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold		
Land	\$5,000		
Land improvements	\$5,000		
·		Depreciation	Estimated
		Method	Useful Life
Buildings	\$5,000	straight line	40 years
Improvements other than buildings	\$5,000	straight line	15 years
Equipment and vehicles	\$5,000	straight line	5 years
Library collections	\$5,000	straight line	10 years

F. Investment Earnings

Investment earnings are composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

G. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of vacation leave, compensatory time earned, and a calculated amount of sick leave earned by employees based on services already rendered.

Employees may accumulate vacation hours up to 1.5 times their annual vacation accrual, but any vacation hours in excess of the maximum amount that are unused at calendar year-end are forfeited. Upon termination of employment, all unused and unforfeited

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (concluded)

vacation benefits are paid to employees, up to a maximum of one year's accrual. Accordingly, vacation benefits are accrued as a liability in the financial statements.

Generally, sick leave benefits provide for ordinary sick pay and are cumulative but do not vest with employees and therefore, are not accrued. However, for employees hired prior to January 1996 and with 10 years of service, 50% of unused accrued sick leave up to a maximum of 1,040 hours do vest; and upon normal retirement after 55 years of age or as defined by the Arizona State Retirement System, 100% of unused accrued sick leave up to a maximum of 2,080 hours do vest. For employees hired after January 1996 who are 60 or over and who have 10 years of service, a portion (up to a maximum of \$5,000) of their sick leave benefits do vest. The vested amounts are accrued as a liability in the financial statements.

H. Scholarship Allowances

A scholarship allowance is the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the District and the amount that is paid by the student or third parties making payments on behalf of the student. Accordingly, some types of student financial aid, such as Pell grants and scholarships awarded by the District, are considered to be scholarship allowances. These allowances are netted against tuition and fees revenues in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) requires the District to deposit special tax levies for the District's maintenance or capital outlay with the County Treasurer. The statutes do not require the District to deposit other public monies in its custody with the County Treasurer; however, the District must act as a prudent person dealing with the property of another when making investment decisions about those monies. The statutes do not include any requirements for credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, or foreign currency risk for the District's investments.

Deposits—At June 30, 2006, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$146,189, and the bank balance was \$350,323. The District does not have a formal policy with respect to custodial credit risk.

Investments—The District's investments at June 30, 2006, were as follows:

Investment Type	Amount
County Treasurer's investment pool	\$ 7,303,191
State Treasurer's investment pools	 350,545
	\$ 7,653,736

Note 2 – Deposits and Investments (concluded)

The State Board of Investment provides oversight for the State Treasurer's pools. The fair value of a participant's position in the pool approximates the value of that participant's pool shares and the participant's shares are not identified with specific investments. No comparable oversight is provided for the County Treasurer's investment pool, and that pool's structure does not provide for shares.

Credit risk-The District does not have a formal policy with respect to credit risk. At June 30, 2006, credit risk for the District's investments was as follows:

Investment Type	Rating	Rating Agency	Amount
County Treasurer's investment pool	Unrated	Not applicable	\$ 7,303,191
State Treasurer's investment pools	Unrated	Not applicable	350,545
			\$ 7,653,736

Interest rate risk-The District does not have a formal policy with respect to interest rate risk. At June 30, 2006, the District had the following investments in debt securities:

		Weighted Average
Investment Type	Amount	Maturity in Years
County Treasurer's investment pool	\$ 7,303,191	3.62
State Treasurer's investment pool #5	350,545	0.14
	\$ 7,653,736	

A reconciliation of cash, deposits, and investments to amounts shown on the Statement of Net Assets follows:

Cash, deposits, and investments:		Statement of Net Assets:	
Cash on hand	\$ 1,875	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 148,064
Amount of deposits	146,189	Cash and investments held	
Amount of investments	7,653,736	by the County Treasurer	7,303,191
		Investments	350,545
	\$ 7,801,800		\$ 7,801,800

Note 3 – Other Receivables

Other receivables are shown net of related allowances for uncollectibles. A summary for other receivables at June 30, 2006, follows:

	Re	Receivable		Allowance		Net Receivable		
Vendor	\$	73,024	\$	-	\$	73,024		
Student		88,648		15,357		73,291		
Employee		20				20		
	\$	161,692	\$	15,357	\$	146,335		

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2005	Increases	Decreases	Reclassifications	Balance June 30, 2006
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 1,089,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,089,000
Construction in progress (estimated cost					
to complete \$26,526)	310,168	26,513		(310,168)	26,513
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,399,168	26,513		(310,168)	1,115,513
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	31,447,725	584,490		310,168	32,342,383
Improvements other than buildings	292,370	116,847			409,217
Equipment	1,851,085	122,360	19,883		1,953,562
Vehicles	211,757				211,757
Library books	22,235				22,235
Total capital assets being depreciated	33,825,172	823,697	19,883	310,168	34,939,154
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	2,991,160	808,559			3,799,719
Improvements other than buildings	64,070	23,388			87,458
Equipment	1,452,051	258,882	19,883		1,691,050
Vehicles	120,450	37,995			158,445
Library books	22,235				22,235
Total accumulated depreciation	4,649,966	1,128,824	19,883		5,758,907
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	29,175,206	(305,127)		310,168	29,180,247
Capital assets, net	\$ 30,574,374	\$ (278,614)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,295,760

Note 5 - Long-Term Liabilities

The following schedule details the District's long-term liability and obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2006:

	_	Balance / 1, 2005	Α	dditions	Re	ductions	_	Balance ne 30, 2006	D	ue within 1 year
Compensated absences payable	\$	593,722	\$	480,488	\$	489,105	\$	585,105	\$	51,438
Bonds payable:										
General obligation bonds	\$ 2	21,410,000	\$	_	\$	955,000	\$ 2	20,455,000	\$	1,030,000
Total long-term debt	\$ 2	21,410,000	\$		\$	955,000	\$ 2	20,455,000	\$	1,030,000

Bonds—The District's bonded debt consists of general obligation bonds that are generally callable with interest payable semiannually. Bond proceeds primarily pay for acquiring or constructing capital facilities. The District repays general obligation bonds from voter-approved property taxes. The \$25,000,000 in bonds were authorized by voters in November 1997, and were subsequently sold on January 7, 1999, at an average interest rate of 4.72%.

Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2006, were as follows:

Description	Original Amount	Maturities	Interest Rates	Outstanding Principal
General obligation bonds Series A (1999)	\$25,000,000	annually through 7/1/2019	4.3% - 5.75%	\$20,455,000

Under Article IX of the Arizona Constitution, the total amount of indebtedness of the District may not exceed 15% of the County's secondary property assessed valuation. The bonds are subject to federal arbitrage regulations.

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the District's bonds payable at June 30, 2006:

	General Obligation Bonds				
	P	rincipal	Inte	erest	
Year Ending June 30,					
2007	\$	1,030,000	\$	958,055	
2008		1,105,000		898,830	
2009		1,185,000		835,293	
2010		1,265,000		784,338	
2011		1,350,000		729,943	
2012-2016		8,200,000		2,649,964	
2017-2019		6,320,000		585,663	
Total		\$ 20,455,000	\$	7,442,086	

Note 6 - Operating Leases

The District leases the land on which the Fourth Street campus resides. The lease agreement is classified as an operating lease for accounting purposes. Rental expenses under the terms of the operating lease were \$28,833 for the year ended June 30, 2006. The operating lease has a remaining noncancelable term of 18 years, allowing four renewal options for eleven years each, and rental payments may be adjusted annually based on changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI). The future minimum rental payments required under the operating lease at June 30, 2006, were calculated using an estimated CPI increase of 3% annually and are as follows:

Future Minimum Operating Lease Payments

Year ending June 30:	
2007	\$ 29,698
2008	30,589
2009	31,507
2010	32,452
2011	33,425
2012-16	182,784
2017-21	211,896
2022-24	143,011
Total minimum lease payments at June 30, 2006	\$ 695,362

Note 7 - Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District carries commercial insurance for all such risks of loss, including workers' compensation and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 8 - Retirement Plans

Arizona State Retirement System

Plan description—The District contributes to a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Arizona State Retirement System. Benefits are established by state statute and generally provide retirement, death, long-term disability, survivor, and health insurance premium benefits. The System is governed by the Arizona State Retirement System Board according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 2.

Note 8 - Retirement Plans (concluded)

The System issues a comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The most recent report may be obtained by writing the Arizona State Retirement System, 3300 North Central Avenue, P.O. Box 33910, Phoenix, AZ 85067-3910 or by calling (602) 240-2000 or (800) 621-3778.

Funding policy—The Arizona State Legislature establishes and may amend active plan members' and the District's contribution rates. For the year ended June 30, 2006, active plan members and the District were each required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 7.4 percent (6.9 percent retirement and 0.5 percent long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll. The District's contributions to the System for the years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004, were \$463,289, \$326,567, and \$292,129, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for the year.

Optional Retirement Plan

Plan description—In September 2001, the District implemented an Optional Retirement Plan (ORP), allowing the employee to opt out of the Arizona State Retirement System and establish a defined contribution account with one of three independent providers: ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company; Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company (VALIC); or Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association/College Retirement Equities Fund (TIAA-CREF). The ORP generally provides retirement, death, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. The ORP is intended to constitute a qualified plan within the meaning of Section 401(a) of Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the Code), as amended, and to constitute a qualified pick-up plan within the meaning of Section 414(h)(2) of the Code, and is authorized by A.R.S. Title 15, Chapter 12, Article 3. Plan contributions are invested, at the direction of each participant, in one or more funding vehicles available to participants under the ORP. ORP contributions are held for the exclusive benefit of the participants.

Funding policy—The District Governing Board establishes and may amend active plan members' and the District's contribution rates. For the year ended June 30, 2006, active participants and the District were required to contribute 7.483 percent (7.0 percent retirement and 0.483 percent long-term disability) and 7.383 percent (6.9 percent retirement and 0.483 percent long-term disability), respectively, of the members' annual covered payroll. The District's contributions to the ORP for the years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004, were \$72,956, \$44,996, and \$36,583, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for the year.

Note 9 - Operating Expenses

The District's operating expenses are presented by functional classification in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets – Primary Government. The operating expenses can also be classified into the following:

Compensation and benefits	\$ 11,160,691
Contracted services	920,068
Supplies and materials	883,726
Annual fixed charges	710,515
Communications and utilities	562,892
Travel	190,172
Scholarships	1,251,085
Depreciation	1,128,824
Other	94,805
Total	\$ 16,902,778

Note 10 – Discretely Presented Component Unit Disclosures

Coconino Community College Foundation

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The financial statements of Coconino Community College Foundation (the Foundation) have been prepared on the accrual basis. The significant accounting policies followed are described below to enhance the usefulness of the financial statements to the reader.

Nature of the Organization

Coconino Community College Foundation was founded in 1993 under Arizona law as a nonprofit corporation. The mission of the Foundation is to promote the purposes and goals of Coconino County Community College (CCC College), thereby enhancing the opportunities of Coconino County residents. It is the fund raising organization for the solicitation, receipt and management of all private gifts, donations, and contributions, including gifts-in-kind. Funds are disbursed exclusively for charitable and educational purposes within the meaning of the Internal Service Code Section 501 (c) (3), including providing scholarships and financial aid, to fulfill research, teaching and service functions of the College, and to make or receive grants and loans of corporate property for the purposes of the College.

Note 10 – Discretely Presented Component Unit Disclosures (continued)

Financial Statement Presentation

The Foundation follows the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 117, "Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Organizations". Under SFAS No. 117, the Foundation is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets, and permanently restricted net assets.

Contributions and Life Annuity Gifts

The Foundation records contributions is accordance with SFAS No. 116, "Accounting for Contributions Received and Contributions Made". Under SFAS No. 116, contributions received are recorded as unrestricted, temporarily restricted, or permanently restricted support depending on the existence or nature of any donor restrictions. In addition, SFAS No. 116 requires the recording of life annuity contracts as gifts.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The following were included in cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006:

Checking	\$ 36,804
Fidelity cash account	 60,338
	\$ 97,142

The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insures accounts up to \$100,000 per institution. As of June 30, 2006, the Foundation does not maintain cash balances in excess of this amount.

Note 10 – Discretely Presented Component Unit Disclosures (concluded)

3. Investments

Investments are stated at aggregate fair market value at the date of the Statement of Financial Position. Unless specific prohibitive clauses are contained in the gift instruments, funds are pooled for investment purposes.

The market value and cost of the Foundation's investments at June 30, 2006 is as follows:

	Market Value			Cost
Common stock	\$	290,665	\$	254,264
U.S. gov't/agency bonds		48,440		49,990
Corporate bonds		121,920		124,110
Other securities		47,571		50,000
	\$	508,596	\$	478,364

4. Restrictions on Net Assets

Temporarily restricted net assets are available for scholarships and discretionary spending. Discretionary spending net assets are gifts that were designated by the donors to be spent by a specific campus, area, or department for general needs.

Permanently restricted net assets are to provide a permanent endowment with the investment income restricted primarily for scholarship awards.

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Statistical Section

This part of the Coconino County Community College District's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements and note disclosures says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	45
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	51
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's significant revenue sources.	
Debt Capacity	56
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	60
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	62
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the	



activities it performs.

Coconino County Community College District Net Assets by Component Last Five Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands)

	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted - expendable Unrestricted	\$ 9,841 2,500 3,780	\$ 9,164 2,838 3,576	\$ 8,850 3,025 3,701	\$ 8,626 2,292 3,474	\$ 7,048 4,117 3,635
Total primary government net assets	\$ 16,121	\$ 15,578	\$ 15,576	\$ 14,392	\$ 14,800

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal years presented.

Note: For comparability purposes, only the fiscal years that have been reported by GASB 34/35 criteria

are displayed. Additional information will be presented as it becomes available.

Coconino County Community College District Expenses by Program Last Five Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands)

	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02
Instruction	\$ 6,393	\$ 5,631	\$ 4,837	\$ 4,539	\$ 3,701
Public service	133	180	214	150	142
Adademic support	2,113	1,957	1,693	1,634	1,591
Student services	1,412	1,380	1,372	1,329	1,351
Institutional support	3,175	3,135	2,901	2,785	3,924
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,280	1,212	1,195	1,035	973
Scholarships	1,249	1,388	1,282	1,095	1,053
Auxiliary enterprises	19	19	19	27	16
Depreciation	1,129	1,127	1,130	1,096	628 (1)
Total operating expenses	16,903	16,029	14,643	13,690	13,379
Interest expense on debt	1,013	1,064	1,128	1,182	1,188
Loss on disposal of capital assets	-	-	-	-	188
Total nonoperating expenses	1,013	1,064	1,128	1,182	1,376
Total expenses	\$ 17,916	\$ 17,093	\$ 15,771	\$ 14,872	\$ 14,755

(percent of total expenses)

	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02
Instruction	35.7 %	32.9 %	30.6 %	30.5 %	25.1 %
Public service	0.7	1.1	1.4	1.0	1.0
Adademic support	11.8	11.5	10.7	11.0	10.8
Student services	7.9	8.1	8.7	8.9	9.2
Institutional support	17.7	18.3	18.4	18.7	26.5
Operation and maintenance of plant	7.1	7.1	7.6	7.0	6.6
Scholarships	7.0	8.1	8.1	7.4	7.1
Auxiliary enterprises	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1
Depreciation	6.3	6.6	7.2	7.4	4.3
Total operating expenses	94.3	93.8	92.8	92.1	90.7
Interest expense on debt	5.7	6.2	7.2	7.9	8.0
Loss on disposal of capital assets	-	-	-	-	1.3
Total nonoperating expenses	5.7	6.2	7.2	7.9	9.3
Total expenses	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal years presented.

Note: For comparability purposes, only the fiscal years that have been reported by GASB 34/35 criteria are displayed. Additional information will be presented as it becomes available.

(1) The college began depreciating the Lone Tree Campus in fiscal year 2001-02.

Coconino County Community College District Expenses by Natural Classification Last Five Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands)

	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02
Compensation and benefits	\$ 11,161	\$ 10,247	\$ 9,251	\$ 8,727	\$ 7,772
Contract services	920	932	843	685	692
Supplies and other services	884	981	800	919	2,218 (1)
Annual fixed charges	710	561	476	407	339
Communication and utilities	563	542	528	494	403
Travel	190	145	202	169	200
Scholarships	1,251	1,390	1,304	1,121	1,053
Depreciation	1,129	1,127	1,129	1,096	628 (2)
Other	95	104	110	72	74
Total operating expenses	16,903	16,029	14,643	13,690	13,379
Interest expense on debt	1,013	1,064	1,128	1,182	1,188
Loss on disposal of capital assets	-	-	-	-	188
Total nonoperating expenses	1,013	1,064	1,128	1,182	1,376
Total expenses	\$ 17,916	\$ 17,093	\$ 15,771	\$ 14,872	\$ 14,755

(percent of total expenses)

	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02
Compensation and benefits	62.3 %	60.0 %	58.6 %	58.8 %	52.7 %
Contract services	5.1	5.5	5.3	4.6	4.7
Supplies and other services	4.9	5.7	5.1	6.2	15.0
Annual fixed charges	4.0	3.3	3.0	2.7	2.3
Communication and utilities	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.3	2.7
Travel	1.1	0.8	1.3	1.1	1.4
Scholarships	7.0	8.1	8.3	7.5	7.1
Depreciation	6.3	6.6	7.2	7.4	4.3
Other	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.5
Total operating expenses	94.3	93.8	92.8	92.1	90.7
Interest expense on debt	5.7	6.2	7.2	7.9	8.0
Loss on disposal of capital assets	-	-	-	-	1.3
Total nonoperating expenses	5.7	6.2	7.2	7.9	9.3
Total expenses	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal years presented.

Note: For comparability purposes, only the fiscal years that have been reported by GASB 34/35 criteria are displayed. Additional information will be presented as it becomes available.

- (1) The college started operations at the Lone Tree Campus in fiscal year 2001-02.
- (2) The college began depreciating the Lone Tree Campus in fiscal year 2001-02.

Coconino County Community College District Revenues by Source Last Five Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands)

	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02
Tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowance)	\$ 3,700	\$ 3,144	\$ 2,618	\$ 2,215	\$ 1,864
Government grants and contracts	2,841	2,552	2,466	2,175	2,057
Private grants and contracts	131	241	276	235	97
Bookstore income	45	42	38	37	- (1)
Auxiliary enterprises	23	22	21	33	43
Other operating revenues	33	27	28	26	11
Total operating revenues	6,773	6,028	5,447	4,721	4,072
Property taxes	7,274	7,033	6,685	6,200	6,066
State appropriations	3,148	3,025	2,905	2,905	3,105
Share of state sales taxes	425	370	1,348 (2) 330	318
Investment earnings	318	185	170	(72)	(3) 329
Other nonoperating revenues	113	98	80	62	52
Total nonoperating revenues	11,278	10,711	11,188	9,425	9,870
Total revenues	\$ 18,051	\$ 16,739	\$ 16,635	\$ 14,146	\$ 13,942

(percent of total revenues)

	2005-06		2004-05	-	2003-04		2002-03	-	2001-02	_
Tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowance)	20.5	%	18.8	%	15.7	%	15.6	%	13.4	%
Government grants and contracts	15.7		15.2		14.8		15.4		14.7	
Private grants and contracts	0.7		1.4		1.7		1.7		0.7	
Bookstore income	0.3		0.3		0.2		0.3		-	
Auxiliary enterprises	0.1		0.1		0.1		0.2		0.3	
Other operating revenues	0.2		0.2		0.2		0.2		0.1	
Total operating revenues	37.5	-	36.0	-	32.7	•	33.4	-	29.2	
Property taxes	40.3	•	42.0	•	40.2		43.9	-	43.4	
State appropriations	17.4		18.1		17.5		20.5		22.3	
Share of state sales taxes	2.4		2.2		8.1		2.3		2.3	
Investment earnings	1.8		1.1		1.0		(0.5)		2.4	
Other nonoperating revenues	0.6		0.6		0.5		0.4		0.4	
Total nonoperating revenues	62.5		64.0		67.3		66.6		70.8	
Total revenues	100.0	%	100.0	%	100.0	%	100.0	%	100.0	%

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal years presented.

For comparability purposes, only the fiscal years that have been reported by GASB 34/35 criteria Note: are displayed. Additional information will be presented as it becomes available.

- (1) The college contracted for Bookstore operations beginning in fiscal year 2002-03.(2) The college received \$1,000,000 from share of state sales taxes for deferred maintenance in fiscal year 2003-04.
- (3) The Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) and the County Treasurer investments experienced a loss due to the NCFE bankruptcy in fiscal year 2002-03.

Coconino County Community College District Other Changes in Net Assets Last Five Fiscal Years

	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02
Income (loss) before other changes in net assets	\$ 134,931	\$ (353,002)	\$ 863,615	\$ (726,939)	\$ (813,189)
Capital appropriations and gifts	408,000	355,700	319,300	319,300	314,400
Total change in net assets	\$ 542,931	\$ 2,698	\$ 1,182,915	\$ (407,639)	\$ (498,789)

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal years presented.

Note: For comparability purposes, only the fiscal years that have been reported by GASB 34/35 criteria

are displayed. Additional information will be presented as it becomes available.

Coconino County Community College District Expenditure Limitation - Statutory Limit to Budgeted Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Statutory Expenditure Limitation (1)	Budgeted Expenditures Subject to the Limitation (2)	Unused Legal Limit (3)
1997	\$ 8,098,460	\$ 8,098,459	1
1998	8,606,136	8,606,135	1
1999	8,817,955	8,817,954	1
2000	8,584,609	8,584,608	1
2001	8,294,190	8,294,189	1
2002	8,996,579	8,996,578	1
2003	9,843,252	9,843,251	1
2004	10,723,076	10,723,075	1
2005	11,075,088	11,075,087	1
2006	12,566,670	12,566,669	1

Source: District records.

- (1) The Statutory Expenditure Limitation is calculated by the Arizona Department of Revenue Economic Estimates Commission and applies to Current Funds (General, Auxiliary Enterprises, and Restricted) and Plant Funds (Unexpended and Retirement of Indebtedness).
- (2) Budgeted expenditures are net of allowable exclusions.
- (3) The unused legal limit may be carried forward to the extent it does not exceed fund balances.

Coconino County Community College District Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collected within the

		Fiscal Year of the Levy		Collections in		Total Collections to Date	
Fiscal	Total		Percentage	Sub	sequent		Percentage
Year	Tax Levy (1)	Amount	of Levy		Years	Amount	of Levy
1997	\$ 3,169,405	\$ 3,155,143	99.55 %	\$	14,262	\$ 3,169,405	100.00 %
1998	3,237,396	3,222,828	99.55		14,568	3,237,396	100.00
1999	3,391,861	3,392,196	100.01		1,247	3,393,443	100.05
2000	5,387,192	5,383,652	99.93		2,414	5,386,066	99.98
2001	5,580,756	5,571,483	99.83		5,294	5,576,777	99.93
2002	5,895,982	5,686,488	96.45		168,945	5,855,433	99.31
2003	6,115,438	5,900,703	96.49		210,784	6,111,487	99.94
2004	6,506,153	6,459,745	99.29		40,767	6,500,512	99.91
2005	6,706,830	6,570,730	97.97		129,164	6,699,894	99.90
2006	7,053,660	6,938,140	98.36		-	6,938,140	98.36

Source: Coconino County Treasurer's Office and District records.

⁽¹⁾ Tax levy is based on the levy limits of the calendar year at June 30. Amounts represent adjusted tax levy for each year as of June 30, 2006.

⁽²⁾ Cash basis; excludes payments in lieu of taxes.

Coconino Community College District Assessed Value, Net Assessed Value and Total Value of All Taxable Property Last Ten Tax Years (dollars in thousands)

Assessed Value

Tax Year	_	Utilities	Commercial	Vacant/ Agriculture	Residential	Railroads	Historic	Enterprise Zone
1997	Primary	\$ 237,124	\$ 241,391	\$ 118,733	\$ 290,326	\$ 13,229	\$ 1,468	\$ -
1997	Secondary	237,124	246,662	131,938	303,098	13,607	1,517	-
1998	Primary	228,342	252,654	122,030	323,660	12,654	1,495	-
1998	Secondary	228,342	258,020	134,179	338,964	13,015	1,545	-
1999	Primary	223,475	271,262	130,259	355,587	11,965	2,642	-
1999	Secondary	223,644	279,254	145,796	365,847	12,894	2,721	-
2000	Primary	218,003	292,723	139,613	383,255	16,101	3,439	-
2000	Secondary	218,003	302,731	156,789	391,744	17,314	3,532	-
2001	Primary	236,455	295,262	145,648	413,841	17,682	2,151	181
2001	Secondary	236,455	307,515	160,435	421,345	18,656	2,170	195
2002	Primary	212,960	301,132	161,426	439,809	16,436	2,327	200
2002	Secondary	212,960	310,901	177,491	451,657	17,350	2,385	201
2003	Primary	255,187	297,565	174,423	481,484	15,857	2,314	200
2003	Secondary	255,187	302,990	189,384	495,712	17,065	2,327	998
2004	Primary	240,410	310,610	186,317	534,776	16,846	1,007	375
2004	Secondary	240,410	318,520	201,576	558,559	18,786	1,044	1,876
2005	Primary	238,464	326,562	207,823	590,946	17,941	1,054	608
2005	Secondary	238,464	333,713	225,164	617,419	19,467	1,070	3,037
2006	Primary	235,209	343,392	229,727	662,437	21,050	1,062	115
2006	Secondary	235,209	369,659	265,428	709,899	22,105	1,165	526

		Assessed Value						Total
		Environmental Technology	Certain Improvements on Government Property	Total Assessed Value	Less: Exempt Property	Net Assessed Value	Total Value (1)	Net Assessed Value as a Percent of Total Value
1997	Primary	\$ -	\$ 93	\$ 902,364	\$ 83,185	\$ 819,179	\$ 5,581,649	14.68 %
1997	Secondary	-	93	934,039	88,653	845,386	5,814,529	14.54
1998	Primary	-	93	940,928	82,238	858,690	5,979,729	14.36
1998	Secondary	-	93	974,158	86,602	887,556	6,232,803	14.24
1999	Primary	-	93	995,283	85,871	909,412	6,462,245	14.07
1999	Secondary	-	96	1,030,252	90,337	939,915	6,700,526	14.03
2000	Primary	-	93	1,053,227	85,258	967,969	6,895,148	14.04
2000	Secondary	-	96	1,090,209	88,326	1,001,883	7,134,964	14.04
2001	Primary	574	26	1,111,820	83,138	1,028,682	7,314,108	14.06
2001	Secondary	589	26	1,147,386	85,304	1,062,082	7,535,970	14.09
2002	Primary	615	-	1,134,905	86,404	1,048,501	7,597,238	13.80
2002	Secondary	616	-	1,173,561	88,685	1,084,876	7,860,165	13.80
2003	Primary	766	103	1,227,899	111,231	1,116,668	8,260,359	13.52
2003	Secondary	766	127	1,264,556	113,074	1,151,482	8,526,470	13.50
2004	Primary	1,906	110	1,292,357	118,240	1,174,117	8,862,299	13.25
2004	Secondary	1,913	127	1,342,811	120,585	1,222,226	9,238,836	13.23
2005	Primary	1,811	116	1,385,325	121,545	1,263,780	9,623,676	13.13
2005	Secondary	1,817	127	1,440,278	123,301	1,316,977	10,034,155	13.12
2006	Primary	2,013	125	1,495,130	127,167	1,367,963	10,583,070	12.93
2006	Secondary	2,094	133	1,606,218	132,875	1,473,343	11,396,634	12.93

Source: Coconino County Assessor's Office.

Note: Figures are not broken out between secured and unsecured. Primary assessed values are used to determine primary levy for maintenance and operations; secondary assessed valued are used to determine secondary levy for general obligation bond debt service.

(1) Primary = Total Limited Property Value. Secondary = Total Full Cash Value.

Coconino County Community College District Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Tax Years (Per \$100 Assessed Valuation)

Primary Property Tax Rates

	Coconino County Community			County	Citios or Fi	ire Districts	School	Districts	Coconino Association for Vocation.
	College	State of	Coconino	Education Range			Ra	Industry and	
Tax Year	District	Arizona	County (1)	District	From	To	From	To	Technoloty
1997	\$ 0.3869	\$ -	\$ 0.8899	\$ 2.2000	\$ 0.7326	\$ 1.3880	\$ 2.2947	\$ 6.6914	\$ -
1998	0.3949	-	0.8733	2.2000	0.7326	1.3526	2.4607	7.8187	-
1999	0.4001	-	0.8650	2.1654	0.7326	1.3138	1.9307	7.3800	-
2000	0.3973	-	0.8556	2.1265	0.7326	1.2573	1.8239	6.4113	-
2001	0.4010	-	0.8407	2.0647	0.7326	1.2573	1.0763	7.8089	-
2002	0.4083	-	0.9042	2.0296	0.7326	1.4676	1.6887	6.6580	-
2003	0.4098	-	0.9470	1.9583	0.7326	1.6089	1.6760	8.2795	-
2004	0.4065	-	0.9313	1.8931	0.7326	1.6089	1.7445	8.2761	-
2005	0.4031	-	0.9111	1.8090	0.7861	1.6089	0.9221	10.4246	-
2006	0.3920	-	0.4622	1.7394	0.7563	1.4984	-	9.4606	-

Secondary Property Tax Rates

	Coconino								Coconino
	County Community			County	Cities or I	Fire Districts	School	Districts	Association for Vocation,
	College	State of	Coconino	Education	R	ange	Ra	inge	Industry and
Tax Year	District	Arizona	County (1)	District	From	То	From	То	Technoloty
1997	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0.2269	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2.6000	\$ -	\$ 6.6700	\$ -
1998	-	-	0.2361	-	-	2.6000	-	7.2869	-
1999	0.1946	-	0.2711	-	-	2.6000	-	7.8837	-
2000	0.1751	-	0.2780	-	-	2.6000	-	7.5159	-
2001	0.1707	-	0.2544	-	-	2.5000	-	6.6782	0.0500
2002	0.1726	-	0.2899	-	-	3.0000	-	7.8860	0.0500
2003	0.1677	-	0.2899	-	-	3.0000	-	9.6289	0.0500
2004	0.1595	-	0.2899	-	-	3.0000	-	6.3716	0.0500
2005	0.1494	-	0.2899	-	-	3.0000	-	3.5022	0.1605
2006	0.1349	-	0.2899	-	-	3.0000	-	4.7274	0.1500

2006	Tax	Rates	(Special	Districts)

Flood Control (3)	\$ 0.2000
Forest Lakes Domestic Water	1.3500
Page Hospital District	0.8597
Williams Facilities District	0.2423
Williams Hospital District	1.0398

Source: Coconino County Office of Planning and Budget.

⁽¹⁾ Coconino County applies to the General and State Education Equalization, and to the General, Library District and Fire District Assistance

⁽²⁾ Fire Districts levies are based on secondary values.

⁽³⁾ Flood Control District applies to all property outside the cities of Flagstaff, Page and Fredonia.

Coconino County Community College District Principal Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2006				1997			
					Percentage of District's Total				Percentage of District's Total
			Secondary		Secondary	;	Secondary		Secondary
			Assessed		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer	Type of Business		Value	Rank	Value		Value	Rank	Value
Arizona Public Service Company	Utility	\$	69,221,929	1	4.70%	\$	67,342,947	1	8.63%
Transwestern Pipeline Co	Utility		22,401,834	2	1.52%		19,196,234	4	2.46%
BNSF Railway Company	Railroad		21,559,346	3	1.46%		11,404,218	9	1.46%
El Paso Natural Gas Co	Utility		18,855,294	4	1.28%		18,182,633	5	2.33%
City of Los Angeles Department of									
Water & Power	Utility		18,726,270	5	1.27%		35,729,880	3	4.58%
Unisource Energy Corporation	Utility		18,380,865	6	1.25%				
Qwest Corporation	Utility		14,809,201	7	1.01%		14,464,147	7	1.85%
Nevada Power Company (T&D)	Utility		11,997,489	8	0.81%		14,285,800	8	1.83%
W.L. Gore & Associates Inc	Manufacturing		11,330,549	9	0.77%		11,328,104	10	1.45%
Questar Southern Trails Pipeline Co	Utility		7,107,519	10	0.48%				
Salt River Project	Utility						41,417,822	2	5.31%
Tuscon Electric Power	Utility						15,082,961	6	1.93%
Total Principal Taxpayers		\$	214,390,296		14.55%	\$	248,434,746		31.83%
Secondary Assessed Value		\$	1,473,342,694		100.00%	\$	845,386,482		100.00%

Source: Arizona Department of Revenue.

Coconino County Community College District Historic General Resident Tuition Last Ten Fiscal Years

District Historic Tuition (1)

Fiscal	General Tuition Per Credit	Annual Cost Per Full-time	Per	
Year	Hour	Student	Dollars Perce	
1996-97	\$ 27.00	\$ 810.00	\$ -	- %
1997-98	27.00	810.00	-	-
1998-99	27.00	810.00	-	-
1999-00	30.00	900.00	90.00	11.1
2000-01	33.00	990.00	90.00	10.0
2001-02	34.00	1,020.00	30.00	3.0
2002-03	37.00	1,110.00	90.00	8.8
2003-04 (2)	44.00	1,056.00	(54.00)	(4.9)
2004-05	48.00	1,152.00	96.00	9.1
2005-06	56.00	1,344.00	192.00	16.7

National and Statewide Comparisons (Based on Full-time Enrollment for the Academic Year)

		a Public 2-year on Average (3)		ublic 2-year Average (3)	Arizona Universities Average (4)		
Fiscal	Annual	Percent	Annual	Percent	Annual	Percent	
Year	Cost	Change	Cost	Change	Cost	Change	
1996-97	\$ 783	2.5 %	\$ 1,276	3.0 %	\$ 2,009	3.0 %	
1997-98	819	4.6	1,314	3.0	2,058	2.4	
1998-99	857	4.6	1,327	1.0	2,158	4.9	
1999-00	902	5.3	1,338	0.8	2,259	4.7	
2000-01	924	2.4	1,333	(0.4)	2,344	3.8	
2001-02	963	4.2	1,380	3.5	2,486	6.1	
2002-03	1,029	6.9	1,483	7.5	2,583	3.9	
2003-04	1,141	10.9	1,702	14.8	3,593	39.1	
2004-05	1,226	7.4	1,847	8.5	4,074	13.4	
2005-06 (6)	1,307 (5) 6.6	1,960	6.1	4,428	8.7	

⁽¹⁾ District records.

⁽²⁾ In fiscal year 2003-04, the District implemented a tuition plateau at 12 to 18 credit hours.

⁽³⁾ U.S.Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics-Higher Education Statistics.

⁽⁴⁾ Arizona Board of Regents Tuition History.

⁽⁵⁾ Arizona Community College Districts.

⁽⁶⁾ CCC Office of Institutional Research and Assessment estimate.

Coconino County Community College District Computation of Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02
Secondary Assessed Value of Real and Personal Property	\$1,473,342,694	\$1,316,977,311	\$1,222,225,551	\$1,151,482,204	\$1,084,875,819
Debt Limit, 15% of Secondary Assessed Value	\$ 221,001,404	\$ 197,546,597	\$ 183,333,833	\$ 172,722,331	\$ 162,731,373
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit:					
General Obligation Bonded Debt Leases and lease-purchase agreements for real property (COPs)	20,455,000	21,410,000	22,295,000	23,115,000	23,835,000
Total Debt Applicable to the Limit	20,455,000	21,410,000	22,295,000	23,115,000	23,835,000
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 200,546,404	\$ 176,136,597	\$ 161,038,833	\$ 149,607,331	\$ 138,896,373
	2000-01	1999-00	1998-99	1997-98	1996-97
Secondary Assessed Value of Real and Personal Property	\$1,062,082,181	\$1,004,868,701	\$ 939,914,689	\$ 887,556,466	\$ 780,214,948
Debt Limit, 15% of Secondary Assessed Value	\$ 159,312,327	\$ 150,730,305	\$ 140,987,203	\$ 133,133,470	\$ 117,032,242
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit:					
General Obligation Bonded Debt Leases and lease-purchase agreements for real property (COPs)	24,460,000	25,000,000 175,000	25,000,000 510,000	825,000	1,125,000
Total Debt Applicable to the Limit	24,460,000	25,175,000	25,510,000	825,000	1,125,000
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 134,852,327	\$ 125,555,305	\$ 115,477,203	\$ 132,308,470	\$ 115,907,242

Source: District records.

Coconino County Community College District Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt General Obligation Bonds June 30, 2006

Dir	ect	Der	ot:

Coconino County Community College District	\$ 20,455,000
Net general obligation debt	20,455,000
Overlapping Debt:	
City of Flagstaff	48,965,000
City of Williams	-
Flagstaff Unified School District #1	22,395,000
Fredonia-Moccasin Unified School District #6	
Grand Canyon Unified School District #4	2,570,000
Page Unified School District #8	2,910,000
Sedona-Oak Creek Unified School District #9	4,558,200
Tuba City Unified School District #15	2,180,000
Williams Unified School District #2	 1,300,000
Overlapping debt	 84,878,200
Total direct general obligation and overlapping debt	\$ 105,333,200

Source: RBC Dain Rauscher Incorporated.

Note: All jurisdictions are within the boundaries of the District.

Coconino County Community College District General Obligation Bond Coverage Last Seven Fiscal Years

Secondary Property Tax

Fiscal	Revenues	Debt	Coverage		
Year	(cash basis)	Principal	Interest	Total	Ratio
1999-00	\$ 1,762,444	\$ -	\$ 1,829,089	\$ 1,829,089	0.96
2000-01	1,750,565	540,000	1,219,393	1,759,393	0.99
2001-02	1,799,305	625,000	1,188,343	1,813,343	0.99
2002-03	1,861,400	720,000	1,152,405	1,872,405	0.99
2003-04	1,931,849	820,000	1,111,005	1,931,005	1.00
2004-05	1,944,679	885,000	1,063,855	1,948,855	1.00
2005-06	1,965,180	955,000	1,012,968	1,967,968	1.00

Source: District records.

Note: General Obligation Bonds were first issued in fiscal year 1998-99.

Coconino County Community College District Ratios of Outstanding Debt Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands, except for fiscal year 1997, the per capita and the per student)

	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02	2000-01	1999-00	1998-99	1997-98	1996-97
General Bonded Debt			_			_			_	
General obligation bonds	\$ 20,455	\$ 21,410	\$ 22,295	\$ 23,115	\$ 23,835	\$ 24,460	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ -	\$ -
Total general bonded debt	20,455	21,410	22,295	23,115	23,835	24,460	25,000	25,000		
Per capita	\$ 165.14	\$ 174.41	\$ 183.80	\$ 184.30	\$ 202.14	\$ 194.40	\$ 202.71	\$ 206.87	\$ -	\$ -
Per student	\$ 10,136.27	\$ 10,671.92	\$ 12,223.14	\$ 13,647.64	\$ 15,236.85	\$ 14,803.61	\$ 15,587.01	\$ 16,760.53	\$ -	\$ -
As a percentage of personal										
income	(5)	0.66%	0.74%	0.79%	0.85%	0.92%	1.02%	1.08%	0.00%	0.00%
As a percentage of secondary										
net assessed valuation	1.55%	1.75%	1.94%	2.13%	2.24%	2.43%	2.66%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other Debt										
Certificates of participation							175	510	825	1,125,000
	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/5	510	625	
Capital lease obligations Total other debt							175		925	5,708
rotal other debt						<u>-</u>	1/5	510	825	1,130,708
Total outstanding debt	\$ 20,455	\$ 21,410	\$ 22,295	\$ 23,115	\$ 23,835	\$ 24,460	\$ 25,175	\$ 25,510	\$ 825	\$ 1,130,708
			A 400.00		A 000.44	40440			7.40	
Per capita	\$ 165.14	\$ 174.41	\$ 183.80	\$ 184.30	\$ 202.14	\$ 194.40	\$ 204.13	\$ 211.09	\$ 7.12	\$ 9.75
Per student	\$ 10,136.27	\$ 10,671.92	\$ 12,223.14	\$ 13,647.64	\$ 15,236.85	\$ 14,803.61	\$ 15,696.12	\$ 17,102.44	\$ 551.21	\$ 712.26
As a percentage of personal	(5)	2 222/	0.740/	0.700/	2.250/	0.000/	4 000/	4 400/	0.040/	0.000/
income	(5)	0.66%	0.74%	0.79%	0.85%	0.92%	1.03%	1.10%	0.04%	0.06%
As a percentage of secondary										
net assessed valuation	1.55%	1.75%	1.94%	2.13%	2.24%	2.43%	2.68%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Entimeted County population (4)	422.000	422.754	404.004	405 400	447.040	40E 000	400.000	420.040	115.000	145.000
Estimated County population (1)	123,866	122,754	121,301	125,420	117,916	125,820	123,329	120,848	115,920	115,920
Full Time Student Equivalent (2)	2,018.0	2,006.2	1,824.0	1,693.7	1,564.3	1,652.3	1,603.9	1,491.6	1,496.7	1,587.5
Personal Income (3)	(5)	\$ 3,234,303	\$ 3,011,724	\$ 2,908,992	\$ 2,787,863	\$ 2,661,712	\$ 2,448,155	\$ 2,319,364	\$ 2,161,021	\$ 2,025,509,000
Secondary Net Assessed Valuation (4)	\$ 1,316,977	\$ 1,222,226	\$ 1,151,482	\$ 1,084,876	\$ 1,062,082	\$ 1,004,869	\$ 939,915	N/A	N/A	N/A

⁽¹⁾ U.S.Census Bureau and District records.

⁽²⁾ District records.

⁽³⁾ U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis.

⁽⁴⁾ Coconino County Assessor.

⁽⁵⁾ Not yet available.

N/A = Not applicable

Coconino County Community College District Demographic and Economic Statistics - Coconino County Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Population (1)	l (Personal Personal Income (1) Income (dollars in thousands) Capita (1)		ncome per	Unemployment Rate (2)
1996	112,686	\$	2,025,509	\$	17,975	8.8 %
1997	114,444		2,161,021		18,883	8.3
1998	114,874		2,319,364		20,191	7.7
1999	115,307		2,448,155		21,232	6.9
2000	116,667		2,661,712		22,815	4.5
2001	117,554		2,787,863		23,716	4.8
2002	119,914		2,908,992		24,259	5.6
2003	121,094		3,011,724		24,871	5.9
2004	122,687		3,234,303		26,362	5.5
2005	(3)		(3)		(3)	5.3

⁽¹⁾ U.S Department of Economic Analysis.

⁽²⁾ Arizona Workforce Informer.

⁽³⁾ Not yet available.

Coconino County Community College District Principal Employers - Coconino County Current Year

Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Northern Arizona University	3,393	1	5.5 %
Flagstaff Medical Center	1,999	2	3.2
Flagstaff Unified School District	1,700	3	2.7
W.L. Gore & Associates	1,300	4	2.1
Coconino County	1,075	5	1.7
City of Flagstaff	948	6	1.5
Walgreens Distribution	400	7	0.6
Grand Canyon Railway	400	8	0.6
Coconino Community College	400	9	0.6
SCA Tissue	279	10	0.4
Total	62,100		100.0 %

Source: Flagstaff Chamber of Commerce.

Coconino County Community College District Historic Enrollment Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fall Historic Headcount (1)

College/Center	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996		
Flagstaff	3,754	3,540	3,165	3,108	2,621	2,767	2,736	2,518	2,603	2,699		
Page	249	330	280	331	309	348	286	226	203	252		
Grand Canyon	9	2	15	15	16	32	40	15	32	26		
Williams	37	62	39	39	42	27	38	28	14	21		
NAU	320	359	260	284	369	406	436	486	561	868		
Other	56	87	8	8	1	400	37	400	21	29		
Other		- 07								29		
Total	4,425	4,380	3,767	3,785	3,358	3,580	3,573	3,273	3,434	3,895		
Historic FTSE (2)												
					. 02 (2)							
Semester	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02	2000-01	1999-00	1998-99	1997-98	1996-97		
Semester Fall/Spring Average	2005-06 1,717.0	2004-05 1,691.7	2003-04 1,538.1		` ,	2000-01 1,403.9	1999-00	1998-99 1,280.8	1997-98 1,313.5	1996-97		
				2002-03	2001-02							
Fall/Spring Average	1,717.0	1,691.7	1,538.1	2002-03 1,439.8	2001-02 1,334.8	1,403.9	1,371.8	1,280.8	1,313.5	1,427.6		

Source: District records.

Total

2,018.0

2,006.2

1,824.0

1,693.7

1,564.3 1,652.3

1,603.9

1,491.6

1,496.7

1,587.5

⁽¹⁾ Headcount is unduplicated for the 45th day of Fall semesters.(2) FTSE refers to Full-Time Student Equivalent which is calculated by dividing total enrollment credit hours per semester by 15 credit hours (the number of hours considered to be a full-time student.)

Coconino County Community College District Student Enrollment Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fall Semesters

	Attendance			Residency						Gender			
Fall Semester	FT		PT	_	County Resider		Out of County		Out of State		M		F
1996	13	%	87	%	88	%	9	%	3	%	41	%	59
1997	14		86		82		11		7		41		59
1998	14		86		85		8		7		41		59
1999	14		86		86		4		10		41		59
2000	19		81		94		5		1		41		59
2001	16		84		94		5		1		42		58
2002	20		80		93		6		1		41		59
2003	20		80		94		5		1		41		59
2004	20		80		93		6		1		44		56
2005	24		76		93		6		1		44		56

Ethnic Background

Fall Semester	Mean Age	Native America		Asian	<u> </u>	Africa America	-	Hispan	ic_	Anglo	<u>. </u>	Other	
1996	29	15	%	2	%	1	%	10	%	71	%	1	%
1997	29	15		2		1		9		72		1	
1998	29	15		1		1		9		73		1	
1999	29	16		1		2		9		71		1	
2000	28	17		1		1		9		71		1	
2001	29	18		2		1		9		69		1	
2002	29	19		2		2		8		67		2	
2003	28	18		2		1		9		68		2	
2004	27	20		2		1		8		67		2	
2005	27	21		1		1		9		66		2	

Source: District records.

Coconino County Community College District Graduation Statistics Current Year

	200	5-06
	Count	Percent
Ethnicity		
Asian Pacific Islander	3	1.7 %
African American	2	1.1
Hispanic	9	5.1
Native American	26	14.6
White	133	74.7
Other	5	2.8
Age		
<20	-	-
20-24	63	35.3
25-29	43	24.2
30-39	40	22.5
40-49	20	11.2
50-59	9	5.1
>60	3	1.7
Average age	30.9	
High School Graduation Dates		
September 2005 - current	-	_
September 2004 - August 2005	-	-
September 2003 - August 2004	7	3.9
September 2002 - August 2003	13	7.3
September 2001 - August 2002	11	6.2
September 2000 - August 2001	28	15.7
Prior to September 2000	116	65.2
Not Given	3	1.7
Sex		
Female	112	62.9
Male	66	37.1
Degree Type		
Advanced Certificate	4	2.1
Associate of Applied Science	48	25.5
Associate of Arts	74	39.4
Associate of Business	14	7.4
Associate of General Studies	9	4.8
Associate of Science	3	1.6
Basic Certificate	7	3.7
Certificate	2	1.1
Certificate of Completion	18	9.6
Intermediate Certificate	9	4.8

Source: District records.

Coconino County Community College District Faculty and Staff Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02	2000-01	1999-00	1998-99	1997-98	1996-97
Faculty										
Full-time faculty	40.0	36.0	32.0	30.0	28.0	30.0	27.0	26.0	25.0	25.0
Part-time faculty headcount	00.0	400.0	00.4	00.0	07.0	180.0	175.0	175.0	170.0	170.0
Part-time faculty FTE Total faculty headcount	98.0	100.3	82.1	83.0	87.0	210.0	202.0	201.0	195.0	195.0
Total faculty FTE	138.0	136.3	114.1	113.0	115.0	210.0	202.0	201.0	100.0	100.0
Administrative and support staff	119.6	117.4	111.0	108.0	104.0	98.0	85.0	83.0	75.0	75.0
Total employees	257.6	253.7	225.1	221.0	219.0	308.0	287.0	284.0	270.0	270.0
Average class size	14.1	14.1	12.9	14.2	16.5	16.0	15.5	15.5	20.0	20.0

Source: District records.

Note: Beginning with fiscal year 2001-02, the college reports part-time faculty in full-time equivalents (FTE).

Coconino County Community College District Capital Asset Information Current Year

Square Footage:	2005-06
Academic areas: Laboratories - Lone Tree Campus Instructional - Lone Tree Campus	5,400 102,917
Instructional - 4th Street Campus Instructional - Williams Campus	48,900 4,108
Instructional - Page Campus	19,325
Administrative areas:	
Lone Tree Campus 4th Street Campus	20,600 700
Williams Campus	240
Page Campus	1,080
Library	500
Dining Bookstore	1,560 2,210
Childcare	2,678
Total square footage	210,218
Library - number of volumes	1,775
Dining - seating capacity	40
Dining - average daily customers	175
Number of Vehicles:	4
Street vehicles Forklift	4 1
Bobcat loader	1
Tractor	1
Dump truck	1
Backhoe Trailer	1 1
Snow plow	1
Parking Capacity:	
Lone Tree Campus	500
4th Street Campus Williams Campus	235 24
Page Campus	78
Total parking capacity	837

Source: District records.

Annual Budgeted Expenditure Limitation Report Section



MILLER, ALLEN & CO., P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

MARK L. LANDY, C.P.A. STEPHEN T. HARRIS, C.P.A. THOMAS L. FRIEND, C.P.A. ROBERT N. SNYDER, C.P.A. 5333 NORTH 7TH STREET, SUITE 100 PHOENIX, ARIZONA 85014 TEL (602) 264-3888 FAX (602) 230-0348

> ROBERT L. MILLER, C.P.A. (1931 - 1992)

Independent Auditor's Report

The Auditor General of the State of Arizona

The Governing Board of Coconino County Community College District

We have audited the accompanying Annual Budgeted Expenditure Limitation Report of Coconino County Community Coilege District for the year ended June 30, 2006. This report is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this report based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the report is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the report. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall report presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Annual Budgeted Expenditure Limitation Report was prepared for the purpose of complying with the uniform expenditure reporting system as discussed in Note 1, and is not intended to be a presentation in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, the Annual Budgeted Expenditure Limitation Report of Coconino County Community College District for the year ended June 30, 2006, referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the information required by the uniform expenditure reporting system on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Arizona State Legislature and the Governing Board, and for filing with the Auditor General of the State of Arizona, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited.

November 3, 2006

Miller, allen + G., P.C.

Coconino County Community College District Annual Budgeted Expenditure Limitation Report- Part I Year Ended June 30, 2006

1.	Economic Estimates Commission expenditure limitation	\$	12,566,670		
2.	Voter-approved modified expenditure limitation (Approved)		N/A		
3.	Enter applicable amount from Line 1 or Line 2			\$	12,566,670
4.	Total amount subject to the expenditure limitation (from Part II, Line C)		12,991,673		
5.	Less expenditures of monies received pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) §15-1472 (workforce development)		(425,004)		
6.	Less expenditures of monies for property tax judgements pursuant to A.R.S. §42-16214 (SFPP,L.P.v.Arizona Dept of Revenue)		N/A	<u>.</u>	
7.	Adjusted amount subject to the expenditure limitation				12,566,669
8.	Amount under the expenditure limitation			\$	1
	ereby certify, to the best of my knowledge and belief, that the information accurate and in accordance with the requirements of the uniform expenses.				•
Siç	nature of Chief Fiscal Officer:				
Na	me and Title: Jami Van Ess, Vice President for Business and Admin	strat	ive Services		
Te	lephone Number: 928-226-4209				
Da	te: November 3, 2006				

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See accompanying notes to report.

Coconino County Community College District Annual Budgeted Expenditure Limitation Report - Part II Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Current Funds				Plant Funds			
	Unrestricted							
		Auxiliary			Retirement of			
<u>Description</u>	General	Enterprises		Restricted	Unexpended		Indebtedness	Total
A. Total budgeted expenditures	\$ 12,659,068	\$	18,584	\$ 3,333,157	\$	951,396	\$ 1,967,968	\$ 18,930,173
B. Less exclusions claimed:								
Debt service requirements on bonded indebtedness (Note 2)							1,967,968	1,967,968
Dividends, interest, and gains on the sale or redemption of								
investment securities (Note 3)	271,867							271,867
Grants and aid from the federal government	15,414			2,825,616				2,841,030
Grants, aid, contributions, or gifts from a private agency, organization,								
or individual, except amounts received in lieu of taxes	130,012			1,286		25,000		156,298
Amounts accumulated for the purchase of land, and the purchase or								
construction of buildings or improvements (Note 4)						701,337		701,337
Total exclusions claimed	417,293			2,826,902		726,337	1,967,968	5,938,500
C. Amounts subject to the expenditure limitation	\$ 12,241,775	\$	18,584	\$ 506,255	\$	225,059	\$ -	\$ 12,991,673

See accompanying notes to report.

Coconino County Community College District Notes to Annual Budgeted Expenditure Limitation Report Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Annual Budgeted Expenditure Limitation Report (ABELR) is presented on the basis of accounting prescribed by the uniform expenditure reporting system (UERS), as required by Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) §41-1279.07, which excludes expenditures of certain revenues specified in the Arizona Constitution, Article IX, §21 from the total budgeted expenditures.

The information reported in both the ABELR and the financial statements is derived from the same underlying accounting data. However, the formats of the ABELR and the financial statements differ. The ABELR presents budgeted expenditures, exclusions, and amounts subject to the limitation by fund type as required by A.R.S. §41-1279.07. The financial statements present the net assets, changes in net assets, and cash flows in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with the UERS requirements, a note to the ABELR is presented below for any exclusion reported in the Total column on Part II that cannot be traced directly to an amount reported in the annual financial statements.

- Note 2 The exclusion claimed for debt service requirements on bonded indebtedness is \$1,967,968. This amount is included in the amount reported as principal paid on capital debt and interest paid on capital debt on the Statement of Cash Flows-Primary Government.
- Note 3 Of the \$318,404 reported as investment earnings on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets-Primary Government, only \$271,867 was claimed as an exemption for dividends, interest, and gains on the sale or redemption of investment securities. The remaining \$46,537 has been carried forward to future years.
- Note 4 Exclusions claimed for amounts accumulated for the purchase of land, and the purchase or construction of buildings or improvements are \$701,337. This amount is reported on the Statement of Cash Flows-Primary Government as part of purchases of capital assets.