

Financial Audit Division

Single Audit

Cochise County

Year Ended June 30, 2004



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Cochise County Single Audit Reporting Package Year Ended June 30, 2004

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DEBRA K. DAVENPORT, CPA AUDITOR GENERAL WILLIAM THOMSON DEPUTY AUDITOR GENERAL

Independent Auditors' Report

Members of the Arizona State Legislature

The Board of Supervisors of Cochise County, Arizona

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of Cochise County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Cochise Health Systems Fund, which is both a major fund and 33 percent and 89 percent, respectively, of the assets and revenues of the County's business-type activities. We also did not audit the financial statements of the aggregate discretely presented component units of Cochise County. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Cochise Health Systems Fund, Housing Authority of Cochise County, and Cochise County Workforce Development, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of the other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of Cochise County as of June 30, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages i through x, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules on pages 37 through 40 and the Schedule of Agent Retirement Plans' Funding Progress on page 41 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 29, 2005, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Debbie Davenport Auditor General

April 29, 2005

As management of Cochise County, we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Cochise County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of Cochise County exceed its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$72,978,889 (net assets). Of this amount, \$20,580,921 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- At the close of the fiscal year, Cochise County's governmental activities reported a combined ending fund balance of \$61,014,172, an increase of \$6,095,509 over the prior year's restated fund balance.
- At the end of the fiscal year, unreserved fund balance in the general fund was \$8,727,519 or 21.2% of total general fund expenditures for the year.
- Cochise County's total governmental activities debt (certificates of participation and capital leases) increased by a net \$26,738 during the current fiscal year. The increase is attributable to a new capital lease for five mowers (\$387,398) offset by the normal debt service on capital leases and certificates of participation.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Cochise County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. Required supplementary information is included in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Cochise County's finances in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of Cochise County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows (full accrual accounting). Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or part of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, health and welfare, culture and recreation, and education. The business-type activities include Cochise Health Systems (long-term care), the Cochise County Solid Waste Operations, and the Bisbee-Douglas International Airport.

The government-wide statements not only include Cochise County itself (the primary government) but also the legally separate Flood Control District, Library District and various other Special Assessment Districts. These districts function for all practical purposes as departments of the County, and therefore have been included as an integral part of the County.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund financial statements are groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: *governmental funds*, *proprietary funds*, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as the balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financial position.

Because the focus of governmental funds statements is narrower than the government-wide statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information for governmental activities in the government-wide statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances include a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains approximately 187 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and those funds designated as major funds including the Highway and Streets Fund and the Capital Projects Fund. Data for the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The Highway and Streets Fund provides for the construction and maintenance of the County's surface transportation system in a reasonably safe and cost-effective manner. The primary source of revenue for the fund is the Arizona highway user revenue fund.

The Capital Projects Fund provides resources for the acquisition or construction of major facilities and automation and communications projects. The major source of revenue for the fund is the County's local excise tax.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 3 - 6 of this report.

Proprietary funds include two types. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for Cochise Health Systems (long-term care), the Cochise County Solid Waste Operations, and the Bisbee-Douglas International Airport. *Internal Service Funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for fleet operations, the computer replacement program, and the County's participation in the Cochise Combined Trust for providing health insurance and other benefits to County employees. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type activities, the net result of the operations has been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Cochise Health Systems and the Solid Waste Operations are considered to be major funds and are therefore reported separately. The internal service funds are presented in the proprietary fund financial statements.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 7 - 11 of this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held by the County for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the County's own operations. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 and 13 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 35 of this report.

Required supplementary information presents schedules of revenues and expenditures, budget and actual, for the general and major special revenue funds. This section also includes certain information concerning the County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

Required supplementary information can be found on pages 37 - 41 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Below is a comparative analysis between fiscal years for the government-wide statements. Capital assets increased \$17,777,458 with \$9,553,983 coming from the prior-year accumulation of resources (Series 2002 Certificates of Participation) that were being held for the major building project for facilities in Benson and Bisbee. Another \$836,178 came from capital leases with an offsetting increase in long-term debt.

Statement of Net Assets—As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At the close of the fiscal year, Cochise County's assets exceeded liabilities by \$72,978,889.

Governmental and Business-type Activities Summary Comparison Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2003 and 2004

	Government	al Activities	Business-type Activities		То	tal
	June 30, 2003, as restated	June 30, 2004	June 30, 2003, as restated	June 30, 2004	June 30, 2003, as restated	June 30, 2004
Assets:	Ć40 244 254	¢22.402.704	Ć 0 0E4 400	ć 7 270 720	Ć 40 - 44 7 - 433	¢20 272 F22
Current and other assets	\$40,366,251	\$32,102,794	\$ 9,051,182	\$ 7,270,728	\$49,417,433	\$39,373,522
Capital assets	31,034,204	<u>46,319,900</u>	7,936,623	10,428,385	38,970,827	56,748,285
Total assets	<u>71,400,455</u>	<u>78,422,694</u>	<u>16,987,805</u>	<u>17,699,113</u>	<u>88,388,260</u>	<u>96,121,807</u>
Liabilities:						
Other liabilities	4,081,543	4,762,762	2,974,367	2,914,598	7,055,910	7,677,360
Long-term liabilities	12,400,249	12,645,760	2,130,895	2,819,798	<u>14,531,144</u>	<u>15,465,558</u>
Total liabilities	<u>16,481,792</u>	<u>17,408,522</u>	<u>5,105,262</u>	<u>5,734,396</u>	<u>21,587,054</u>	<u>23,142,918</u>
Net assets: Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	29,638,877	37,110,094	7,936,623	9,993,969	37,575,500	47,104,063
Restricted		3,405,905	3,123,588	1,888,000	3,123,588	5,293,905
Unrestricted	25,279,786	20,498,173	822,332	82,748	26,102,118	20,580,921
Total net assets	\$54,918,663	<u>\$61,014,172</u>	\$11, 882,543	<u>\$11,964,717</u>	\$66,801,206	\$72,978,889

The June 30, 2003 capital and net asset balances were restated to correct errors in reporting capital assets in prior years.

A large portion of Cochise County's net assets (64.5%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery and equipment). This amount is presented less accumulated depreciation and any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The County uses capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

At the end of the fiscal year, the County reported positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the County as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental activities and business-type activities.

The County's total net assets increased by \$6,177,683 during the fiscal year. By far the majority of this increase is attributable to the increase in the County's investment in capital assets. The remainder of the growth reflects the net results of increases in taxes and other revenues and controls on expenses.

Statement of Activities—The following table summarizes the results of operations and accounts for the changes in net assets for governmental and business-type activities:

Governmental and Business-type Activities Summary Comparison Statement of Activities Years Ended June 30, 2003 and 2004

		tal Activities I Year	Business-type Activities Fiscal Year F			Total scal Year		
	2002-03, as restated	2003-04	2002-03	2003-04	2002-03, as restated	2003-04		
Revenues								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 6,493,388	\$ 6,724,389	\$29,489,952	\$32,930,343	\$35,983,340	\$ 39,654,732		
Operating grants and								
contributions	21,312,429	20,876,379			21,312,429	20,876,379		
Capital grants and								
contributions		1,477,882		307,640		1,785,522		
General revenues:								
Property taxes	18,975,219	20,321,986			18,975,219	20,321,986		
Sales tax	9,454,612	10,180,534	197,925		9,652,537	10,180,534		
Vehicle license tax	2,787,489	2,992,756			2,787,489	2,992,756		
County excise tax	5,506,731	5,710,682		397,471	5,506,731	6,108,153		
Other	<u>(179,055</u>)	2,619,042	(105,030)	113,938	(284,085)	2,732,980		
Total revenues	64,350,813	70,903,650	29,582,847	33,749,392	93,933,660	104,653,042		
Expenses								
General government	27,254,389	28,312,072			27,254,389	28,312,072		
Public safety	12,905,355	15,007,886			12,905,355	15,007,886		
Highways and streets	9,529,119	8,769,673			9,529,119	8,769,673		
Sanitation	731,885	810,109			731,885	810,109		
Health and welfare	11,446,050	10,878,231			11,446,050	10,878,231		
Culture and recreation	802,908	933,376			802,908	933,376		
Education	493,416	789,103			493,416	789,103		
Long-term care			25,800,125	29,481,792	25,800,125	29,481,792		
Airport			256,214	269,900	256,214	269,900		
Solid waste operations			2,773,693	3,223,217	2,773,693	3,223,217		
Total expenses	63,163,122	65,500,450	28,830,032	32,974,909	91,993,154	98,475,359		
Increase in net assets before								
transfers	1,187,691	5,403,200	752,815	774,483	1,940,506	6,177,683		
Transfers	400,000	692,309	(400,000)	(692,309)				
Increase in net assets	\$ 1,587,691	\$ 6,095,509	\$ 352,815	\$ 82,174	\$ 1,940,506	\$ 6,177,683		

The fiscal year 2002-03 operating grants and contributions, sales tax, and county excise tax revenue line items were restated to correct errors made in classification. These restatements are not audited.

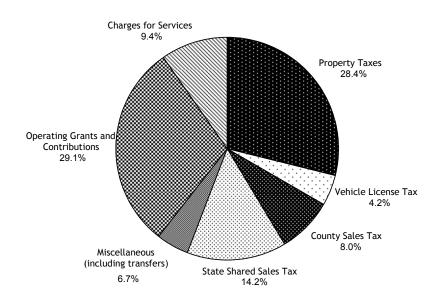
Governmental activities—Key elements of the increase in net assets of \$6,095,509 are as follows:

Major Revenues:

• Property taxes: The net assessed value of all taxable property in the County increased by \$32,672,253, or 6.1%, over the previous year. With no change in the property tax rate from fiscal year 2003, property tax revenues increased by \$1,346,767, or 7.1%.

- State shared revenues—vehicle license tax and sales tax: These state shared revenues increased by 7.4% and 7.7%, respectively, from the previous year. Both revenue sources increased more than expected. The increases are indicative of the overall economic improvement in the State as well as moderate growth and stability within the County.
- County sales taxes: The County excise tax revenue (.5%) increased by \$203,951, or 3.7%. This favorable variance is indicative of the growth and stability within the County.

Revenues by Source—Governmental Activities
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004



Expenses—Overall expenses in the governmental activities increased by \$2,337,328, or 3.7%. The increase in expenses is consistent with the County's conservative budgeting philosophy, overall inflation, and modest salary increases for County employees. The largest increase in governmental activities expenses related to public safety primarily due to increases in the Sheriff department's payroll and grant expenses.

30 25 20 \$ Millions 10 5 General Public Highways and Health and Culture and Streets Government Safety Sanitation Welfare Recreation Education Expenses Program Revenues

Expenses vs. Revenues by Function—Governmental Activities

Business-type activities—The County's business-type activities include the Bisbee-Douglas International Airport, Cochise Health Systems, and the Solid Waste Operations.

The Bisbee-Douglas International Airport provides general aviation services to the public. Services include fuel and oil sales as well as the rental of hangar and tie-down space. Water for the Arizona Department of Corrections facilities in Douglas, Arizona, is also provided from the airport.

Cochise Health Systems (CHS) is a Medicaid long-term care HMO under contract with the Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System (AHCCCS). CHS provides case management as well as a full range of acute and long-term medical services for elderly and disabled members located in Cochise, Graham, and Greenlee Counties. The Arizona Long Term Care System determines eligibility for members assigned to CHS.

The Solid Waste Operations provides high-quality, cost-effective, and environmentally safe solid waste management services in conformance with the terms of intergovernmental agreements between the County and participating cities. The services include the operation of a regional solid waste landfill, rural and urban transfer stations, and the hauling of solid waste between the transfer stations and the landfill.

Detailed financial information for the business-type activities is included in the Statement of Net Assets for Proprietary Funds on pages 7 and 8, the Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets for Proprietary Funds on page 9, and in the Statement of Cash Flows for the Proprietary Funds on pages 10 and 11.

Net assets for business-type activities increased by \$82,174.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds—The governmental activities are accounted for in the general, special revenue, and capital projects funds. Included in these funds are the special districts governed by the Board of Supervisors. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financial requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. At June 30, 2004, the total fund balance was \$8,727,519. None of the General Fund balance is restricted for any purpose. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the total fund balance to total fund expenditures. As of June 30, 2004, the fund balance represents 21.2% of total General Fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the General Fund decreased by \$1,808,670 during the fiscal year. Several factors account for the decrease: a transfer of \$3,325,000 to the Capital Projects Fund for the County's cash contribution to the building project for facilities in Benson and Bisbee, offset by an increase in property taxes, an increase in state-shared revenues (sales taxes and vehicle license taxes), and only modest increases in expenditures.

In addition, the fund balance of the Capital Projects Fund decreased by \$7,404,222 during the fiscal year. This decrease primarily resulted from expenditures for construction costs of the building project for facilities in Benson and Bisbee. This project was financed by the 2002 Certificates of Participation reported as a financing source in the prior fiscal year and a transfer from the general fund in the current fiscal year.

Proprietary funds—The County's proprietary fund statements provide the same type information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The County's amount for invested in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2004, was \$47,104,063 (net of accumulation depreciation and related debt). In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the County will retroactively value all infrastructure assets back to fiscal year 1981 by June 30, 2007. Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

• Buildings reported in governmental activities increased by a total of \$12,872,256 from the construction of the Benson and Melody Lane buildings for over \$12 million and a kitchen at the Juvenile Detention Center for about \$200,000.

- Improvements other than buildings increased in the Solid Waste Operations Fund by \$1,895,355 due to the completion of waste disposal cell #2.
- Equipment investment for the Solid Waste Operations Fund totaled \$448,780.
- Equipment modernization for the Highway and Streets Fund totaled \$1,146,020.
- New Infrastructure for the Highway and Streets Fund totaled \$1,525,501.
- Programmed vehicle replacement and additions of new vehicles totaled \$939,958 in Fleet Management (an Internal Service Fund).

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 6 on pages 25 and 26 of this report.

Long-term Debt

At June 30, 2004, the County had certificates of participation and capital lease long-term liabilities outstanding of \$10,179,222 as compared to \$9,718,068 in the prior year. This amount was comprised of \$9,428,381 of certificates of participation issued in 2002 (including unamortized premium of \$178,381) and \$750,841 in capital leases. The change in these long-term liabilities includes the normal annual debt service and two additional capital leases for the purchase of equipment.

Cochise County has no general obligation or revenue bonds outstanding.

Budgetary Comparison—General Fund

The favorable variances in most revenues and expenses resulted from conservative budgeting and moderate growth and stability within the County. Overall, the General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$1,808,670, due to a one-time transfer of \$3,325,000 from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund to pay for the completion of county building projects.

The growth in intergovernmental revenues resulted from better-than-expected growth in state shared sales taxes.

The variance in charges for services is reflective of ongoing efforts to establish fair and reasonable fees for services provided and to collect the fees, especially in the court system.

One notable unfavorable variance, investment income, resulted from lower interest rates on investments.

There were no material variances in expenditures except for the general government function. The favorable variance of \$9,254,617 resulted primarily from unspent contingency funds.

Economic Factors

Key economic factors affecting the County are:

- The County's unemployment rate as of June 30, 2004 is 4.1% compared to 5.1% statewide and 5.6% nationwide. The rate has decreased from approximately 5.7% in the prior year and has been consistently below the overall state rate. Within the County, the rate varies widely between the incorporated areas; ranging from a low of 2.5% in Willcox to the high of 8.6% in Douglas.
- For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, the county government remained the second largest employer in the County. Ft. Huachuca is the County's largest employer with 11,939 employees compared to 1,090 for the County government.
- The County's primary property tax rate has either remained the same or decreased each year for the past twelve years.
- The County's expense for employee health insurance increased by \$252,953 or 11.32% over the prior fiscal year.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Cochise County Finance Department, 1415 Melody Lane, Building G, Bisbee, AZ 85603.

Cochise County Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2004

Primary Government Governmental **Business-Type** Component **Activities Activities** Total Units **Assets** Cash in bank and on hand \$ 211,905 \$ 1.100 213,005 \$286,486 Cash and investments held by County Treasurer 23,133,422 5,380,393 28,513,815 Cash and investments held by trustee 881,753 881,753 Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles): Property taxes 1,051,941 1,051,941 Accounts 973,648 1,818,904 2,792,552 673 Accrued interest 2.543 5.637 8.180 Internal balances 118,220 (118,220)Due from other governments 5,729,162 51,946 5,781,108 339.423 Prepaid items 200 130,968 131,168 3,835 Capital assets, not being depreciated 2,027,567 1,596,700 3,624,267 Capital assets, being depreciated, net 44,292,333 8,831,685 53,124,018 138,492 Total assets 78,422,694 17,699,113 768,909 96,121,807 Liabilities Accounts payable 2,482,429 2,809,597 5,292,026 164,540 Accrued payroll and employee benefits 1,440,721 104,901 1,545,622 21,856 Accrued interest 143.734 143.734 Due to other governments 556,380 556,380 Deposits held for others 14,033 14,033 Deferred revenue 100 332,981 125,465 125,565 Noncurrent liabilities Due within 1 year 2.887.815 182.297 3.070.112 1.344 Due in more than 1 year 9,757,945 2,637,501 12,395,446 25,263 5,734,396 Total liabilities 23,142,918 17,408,522 545,984 **Net Assets** Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 37,110,094 9,993,969 47,104,063 138,492 Restricted for: Highways and streets 2.524.152 2,524,152 Debt service 881,753 881,753 Grants 84,433 Long-term care 1,888,000 1,888,000 Unrestricted 20,498,173 82,748 20,580,921 Total net assets \$61,014,172 \$11,964,717 \$72,978,889 \$222,925

Cochise County Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2004

Net (Expense) Revenue and

			Program Revenues	.	Changes in Net Assets					
			Operating	Capital		Primary Government				
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type		Component		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Units		
Primary government:										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 28,312,072	\$ 4,493,010	\$ 6,319,365	\$ 1,414,325	\$ (16,085,372)		\$ (16,085,372)			
Public safety	15,007,886	566,011	2,026,206	63,557	(12,352,112)		(12,352,112)			
Highways and streets	8,769,673	604,841	9,698,714		1,533,882		1,533,882			
Sanitation	810,109	525,483	220,213		(64,413)		(64,413)			
Health and welfare	10,878,231	464,366	2,052,637		(8,361,228)		(8,361,228)			
Culture and recreation	933,376		37,368		(896,008)		(896,008)			
Education	789,103	70,678	521,876		(196,549)		(196,549)			
Total governmental activities	65,500,450	6,724,389	20,876,379	1,477,882	(36,421,800)		(36,421,800)			
Business-type activities:										
Bisbee-Douglas International Airport	269,900	160,353		307,640		\$ 198,093	\$ 198,093			
Cochise Health Systems	29,481,792	29,881,484				399,692	399,692			
Solid Waste Operations	3,223,217	2,888,506				(334,711)	(334,711)			
Total business-type activities	32,974,909	32,930,343		307,640		263,074	263,074			
Total primary government	\$ 98,475,359	\$ 39,654,732	\$ 20,876,379	\$ 1,785,522		263,074	(36,158,726)			
Component units:										
Housing Authority of Cochise County	\$ 1,805,607		\$ 1,818,069					\$ 12,462		
Cochise County Workforce Development	1,328,305		1,352,595					24,290		
Total component units	\$ 3,133,912		\$ 3,170,664					36,752		
Ge	neral revenues:									
	Гахеs:									
	Property taxes, levied	for general purpose:	S		18,278,026		18,278,026			
	Property taxes, levied				1,135,444		1,135,444			
	Property taxes, levied				908,516		908,516			
	County excise taxes				5,710,682	397,471	6,108,153			
5	Share of state sales taxe	es			10,180,534	•	10,180,534			
5	Share of unrestricted vel	nicle license tax			2,992,756		2,992,756			
	Grants and contributions	not restricted to spe	ecific programs		1,780,062		1,780,062			
	nvestment earnings	•	. 0		167,264	98,683	265,947	1,498		
(Gain on disposal of capit	al assets			329,855	•	329,855	·		
	Miscellaneous				341,861	15,255	357,116	11,935		
Tra	nsfers				692,309	(692,309)				
	Total general reven	ues and transfers			42,517,309	(180,900)	42,336,409	13,433		
	Change in net asset	ts			6,095,509	82,174	6,177,683	50,185		
Net	t assets, July 1, 2003, a	s restated			54,918,663	11,882,543	66,801,206	172,740		
Net	t assets, June 30, 2004				\$ 61,014,172	\$ 11,964,717	\$ 72,978,889	\$ 222,925		

Cochise County Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2004

	Genera Fund	al	Capital Projects Fund	Projects and Streets Governmental		Governmental		Total overnmental Funds
Assets								
Cash in bank and on hand	\$ 126	,725			\$	84,980	\$	211,705
Cash and investments held by County	7.007	000	Ф 4700.000	Φ 0.000.705		0.775.450		00 000 050
Treasurer Cash and investments held by trustee	7,067	,800	\$ 4,702,998 881,753			8,775,150		22,926,653 881,753
Receivables (net of allowances for			001,700					001,700
uncollectibles):								
Property taxes	893	,046				158,895		1,051,941
Accounts		,200		63,506		54,638		857,344
Accrued interest	700	784	514			955		2,520
Due from:		, 0 1	011	201		000		2,020
Other funds	556	,738	220,550	30,795		402,250		1,210,333
Other governments	2,135	,707	782,160	859,296		1,951,999		5,729,162
Prepaid items	•					200		200
Total assets	\$ 11,520	,000	\$ 6,587,975	\$ 3,334,569	\$	11,429,067	\$	32,871,611
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$ 653	,783	\$ 715,812	\$ 441,596	\$	410,446	\$	2,221,637
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	880	,004		154,755		386,189		1,420,948
Due to:								
Other funds	496	,072	226,924	214,066		820,339		1,757,401
Other governments						556,380		556,380
Deposits held for others	7	,757				6,276		14,033
Certificates of participation payable			535,000			444.050		535,000
Deferred revenue		,865		· ———	-	111,358		866,223
Total liabilities	2,792	,481	1,477,736	810,417		2,290,988	_	7,371,622
Fund balances:								
Unreserved, reported in:								
General fund	8,727	,519						8,727,519
Special revenue funds				2,524,152		9,138,079		11,662,231
Capital projects funds			5,110,239				_	5,110,239
Total fund balances	8,727	,519	5,110,239	2,524,152		9,138,079		25,499,989
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 11,520		\$ 6,587,975		\$	11,429,067	\$	32,871,611
. Star habilities and faria balaness			· / /	· , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u> </u>		É	, , , , ,

Cochise County Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets Governmental Funds June 30, 2004

Fund balances—total governmental fund: \$25,499,989

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activites are no financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.

43,039,850

Some receivables are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore, are deferred in the funds.

740,884

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, automotive maintenance and operation, telecommunications, and information technology services, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.

3,844,209

Some liabilities are not due and payable in the currer period and therefore, are not reported in the funds:

eriod and therefore, are not reported in the funds
Certificates of participation payable
Capital leases payable

(8,893,381) (316,425)

Compensated absences payable

(2,900,954) (12,110,760)

Net assets of governmental activities

\$61,014,172

Cochise County Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2004

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Highway and Streets Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Taxes Licenses and permits	\$ 24,779,035 52,388	\$ 1,425,282		\$ 2,679,036	\$ 28,883,353 52,388
Fees, fines, and forfeits	2,035,946			224,621	2,260,567
Intergovernmental	13,159,348	1,414,325	\$ 9,698,714	10,042,469	34,314,856
Charges for services	2,317,608		604,841	1,488,985	4,411,434
Investment income	72,762	42,187	(42,865)	95,180	167,264
Miscellaneous	78,740	220,043	1,252	32,376	332,411
Total revenues	42,495,827	3,101,837	10,261,942	14,562,667	70,422,273
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	19,344,638	1,050,722		6,489,311	26,884,671
Public safety	11,792,258			3,130,740	14,922,998
Highways and streets			7,843,582	223,141	8,066,723
Sanitation	562,712			247,397	810,109
Health and welfare	8,679,381			2,187,605	10,866,986
Culture and recreation				932,327	932,327
Education	312,459			465,596	778,055
Debt service:					-
Principal			83,024	11,420	94,444
Interest and other charges		345,455		2,899	348,354
Capital outlay	559,818	13,157,170	2,477,618	288,227	16,482,833
Total expenditures	41,251,266	14,553,347	10,404,224	13,978,663	80,187,500
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					-
expenditures	1,244,561	<u>(11,451,510</u>)	(142,282)	584,004	(9,765,227)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Capital lease agreements			387,398		387,398
Sale of capital assets	85,500	7,500	64,924	175,150	333,074
Transfers in	1,024,795	4,068,272	121,025	1,297,858	6,511,950
Transfers out	(4,163,526)	(28,484)	(85,851)	(1,853,519)	(6,131,380)
Total other financing sources and use:	(3,053,231)	4,047,288	487,496	(380,511)	1,101,042
Net change in fund balances	(1,808,670)	(7,404,222)	345,214	203,493	(8,664,185)
Fund balances, July 1, 2003	10,536,189	12,514,461	2,178,938	8,934,586	34,164,174
Fund balances, June 30, 2004	\$ 8,727,519	\$ 5,110,239	\$ 2,524,152	\$ 9,138,079	\$ 25,499,989

Cochise County

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2004

Net change in fund balances—total governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		\$ (8,664,185)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay Depreciation expense	16,482,833 <u>(</u> 1,561,735)	14,921,098
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of capital assets is reported whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the book value of the capital assets sold.		(3,219)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		9,451
Collections of deferred revenues in the governmental funds exceeded revenues reported in the Statement of Activities.		142,071
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Debt incurred Principal repaid Amortization of premium	(387,398) 94,444 16,216	(276,738)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(376,936)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, automotive maintenance and operation, telecommunications, and information technology services to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		343,967
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$6,095,509

Cochise County Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2004

	Busin	Governmental Activities—			
	Cochise Health Systems Fund	Solid Waste Operations Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total	Internal Service Funds
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash in bank and on hand		\$ 1,100		\$ 1,100	\$ 200
Cash and investments held by County Treasurer Receivables (net of allowances	\$ 4,249,080	1,131,313		5,380,393	206,769
for uncollectibles):					
Accounts	1,406,288	383,668	\$ 28,948	1,818,904	116,304
Accrued interest	5,351	286		5,637	23
Due from:					
Other funds	1,010	2,950	80,968	84,928	685,173
Other governments		36,032	15,914	51,946	
Prepaid items	125,000	5,968		130,968	
Total current assets	5,786,729	1,561,317	125,830	7,473,876	1,008,469
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, where applicable:					
Land		21,700	1,575,000	1,596,700	
Buildings, net		3,999,372	13,475	4,012,847	147,347
Improvements other than buildings, net		2,138,487	507,911	2,646,398	
Equipment, net	67,200	1,943,887	161,353	2,172,440	3,132,703
Total noncurrent assets	67,200	8,103,446	2,257,739	10,428,385	3,280,050
Total assets	5,853,929	9,664,763	2,383,569	17,902,261	4,288,519
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	2,692,169	112,591	4,837	2,809,597	404,526
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	65,544	35,694	3,663	104,901	19,774
Due to other funds	65,298	59,138	78,712	203,148	19,885
Compensated absences payable,					
current portion	77,203	37,762	3,748	118,713	
Leases payable, current portion		63,584		63,584	
Deferred revenue			100	100	125
Total current liabilities	2,900,214	308,769	91,060	3,300,043	444,310

(Continued)

Cochise County Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2004 (Continued)

		Business-Type Activities—Enterprise Funds							vernmental ctivities—
		Cochise Health stems Fund	Solid Waste Operations Fund	Er	Other nterprise Funds		Total		Internal Service Funds
Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences payable	\$	21,335				\$	21,335		
Landfill closure and postclosure care costs	·	,				•	,		
payable			\$ 2,245,334				2,245,334		
Leases payable			370,832				370,832		
Total noncurrent liabilities		21,335	2,616,166				2,637,501		
Total liabilities		2,921,549	2,924,935	\$	91,060		5,937,544	\$	444,310
Net Assets									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		67,200	7,669,030	2	2,257,739		9,993,969		3,280,050
Restricted for long-term care		1,888,000					1,888,000		
Unrestricted (deficit)		977,180	(929,202)		34,770		82,748		564,159
Total net assets	\$	2,932,380	\$ 6,739,828	\$ 2	2,292,509	<u>\$ 1</u>	1,964,717	\$	3,844,209

Cochise County Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Busi	Governmental Activities—			
	Cochise Health	ise Solid Waste Other			Internal Service
	Systems Fund	Fund	Funds	Total	Funds
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 29,881,484	\$ 2,888,506	\$ 160,353	\$ 32,930,343	\$ 1,853,620
Health plan contributions	0.005			0.005	5,390,275
Other	9,265			9,265	41,145
Total operating revenues	29,890,749	2,888,506	160,353	32,939,608	7,285,040
Operating expenses:					
Personal services	2,105,771	1,154,194	121,228	3,381,193	311,491
Professional services	219,999	1,002,972	54,557	1,277,528	5,401,115
Supplies	55,432	432,832	87,294	575,558	976,695
Long-term care costs	26,327,999			26,327,999	
Landfill closure and postclosure care costs		207,045		207,045	
Depreciation	38,979	336,009	6,821	381,809	562,665
Other	733,612	85,222		818,834	18,706
Total operating expenses	29,481,792	3,218,274	269,900	32,969,966	7,270,672
Operating income (loss)	408,957	(329,768)	(109,547)	(30,358)	14,368
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
County excise taxes		287,695	109,776	397,471	
Investment income	71,521	30,694	(3,532)	98,683	6,063
Miscellaneous revenue		5,990		5,990	
Interest expense		(3,541)		(3,541)	
Gain (Loss) on disposal of capital assets		(1,402)		(1,402)	11,797
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	71,521	319,436	106,244	497,201	17,860
Income (loss) before other revenues					
and transfers	480,478	(10,332)	(3,303)	466,843	32,228
Capital contributions			307,640	307,640	
Transfers in			95,246	95,246	311,739
Transfers out	(750,000)	(37,555)		(787,555)	
Increase (Decrease) in net assets	(269,522)	(47,887)	399,583	82,174	343,967
Total net assets, July 1, 2003, as restated	3,201,902	6,787,715	1,892,926	11,882,543	3,500,242
Total net assets, June 30, 2004	\$ 2,932,380	\$ 6,739,828	\$ 2,292,509	\$ 11,964,717	\$ 3,844,209

Cochise County Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Busines	Business-Type Activities—Enterprise Funds					
	Cochise Health Systems Fund	Solid Waste Operations Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total	Internal Service Funds		
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers Receipts from other funds for goods and	\$ 29,027,992	\$ 3,781,995	\$ 69,521	\$ 32,879,508			
services provided Other receipts Payments to suppliers and providers of goods					\$ 6,808,324 41,145		
and services Payments to employees	(27,470,300) (2,044,265)	(2,348,158) (1,138,005)	(140,918) (118,462)	(29,959,376) (3,300,732)	(6,080,828) (308,105)		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	(486,573)	295,832	(189,859)	(380,600)	460,536		
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Miscellaneous receipts		293,685	109,776	403,461			
Cash transfers from other funds Cash transfers to other funds Loans received from other funds Loan payments to other funds	(750,000)	(37,555)	95,246 78,712 (924)	95,246 (787,555) 78,712 (924)	311,739		
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	(750,000)	256,130	282,810	(211,060)	311,739		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Capital grant receipts Proceeds from sale of capital assets			307,640	307,640	30.725		
Purchases of capital assets Principal paid on capital leases Interest paid on capital leases	(27,865)	(1,948,925) (14,364) (3,541)	(449,403)	(2,426,193) (14,364) (3,541)	(939,959)		
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	(27,865)	(1,966,830)	(141,763)	(2,136,458)	(909,234)		
Cash flows from investing activities: Investment income received on cash and							
investments held by County Treasurer Net cash provided by investing activities	72,011 72,011	32,341 32,341	<u>273</u> <u>273</u>	104,625 104,625	6,460 6,460		
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(1,192,427)	(1,382,527)	(48,539)	(2,623,493)	(130,499)		
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2003	5,441,507	2,514,940	48,539	8,004,986	337,468		
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2004	\$ 4,249,080	\$ 1,132,413	\$ -	\$ 5,381,493	\$ 206,969		

(Continued)

Cochise County Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

	Business-Type Activities—Enterprise Funds				vernmental ctivities—				
		Cochise Health stems Fund	Sc	olid Waste perations Fund	Other Enterprise Funds		Total		Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash	Зу	stems i unu	_	Tullu		_	Iotai		i ulius
provided by (used for) operating activities:									
Operating income (loss)	\$	408,957	\$	(329,768)	\$ (109,547)	\$	(30,358)	\$	14,368
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to				,	,		, ,		
net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:									
Depreciation		38,979		336,009	6,821		381,809		562,665
Landfill closure and postclosure care costs				207,045			207,045		
Changes in assets and liabilities:									
Increase in:									
Accounts receivable		(875,268)		(301,333)	(24,902)		(1,201,503)		(72,725)
Due from other funds					(80,725)		(80,725)		(367,405)
Prepaid items		(125,000)		(5,968)			(130,968)		
Accounts payable					933		933		308,197
Accrued payroll and employee benefits									3,386
Due to other funds		52,632					52,632		7,491
Compensated absences payable		98,538		37,762	3,748		140,048		
Deferred revenue									125
Decrease in:									
Due from other funds		961		908,274			909,235		
Due from other governments		11,550		286,548	14,945		313,043		4,434
Due to other funds				(788,483)			(788,483)		
Deferred revenue					(150)		(150)		
Accounts payable		(60,890)		(32,681)			(93,571)		
Accrued payroll and employee benefits		(37,032)		(21,573)	(982)		(59,587)		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(486,573)	\$	295,832	\$ (189,859)	\$	(380,600)	\$	460,536
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2004,									
consisted of:									
Cash in bank and on hand			\$	1,100		\$	1,100	\$	200
Cash and investments held by County Treasurer	\$	4,249,080	Ψ	1,131,313		Ψ	5,380,393	Ψ	206,769
case and invocation and by county fredouter			Φ.			Φ		•	
	\$	4,249,080	Ф	1,132,413		\$	5,381,493	\$	206,969

Noncash capital financing activities:

The Solid Waste Operations Fund acquired \$448,780 in capital equipment under the provisions of a capital lease agreement. Also, the Fund disposed of equipment with a net book value of \$1,402.

The beginning capital asset balances of the Solid Waste Operations Fund, the Other Enterprise Funds, and the Internal Service Funds were restated to correct errors made in previous fiscal years as explained in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Cochise County Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2004

	Investment Trust Funds	Agency Funds
Assets		
Cash in bank and on hand		\$ 3,298,669
Cash and investments held by County Treasurer	\$62,001,892	491,000
Interest receivable	7,159	
Total assets	62,009,051	3,789,669
Liabilities		
Due to other governments		\$ 3,789,669
Total liabilities		\$ 3,789,669
Net Assets		
Held in trust for investment trust participants	\$62,009,051	

Cochise County Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Investment
	Trust Funds
Additions:	
Contributions from participants	\$ 178,370,038
Investment income	(537,305)
Total additions	177,832,733
Deductions:	
Distributions to participants	<u>177,164,316</u>
Total deductions	177,164,316
Change in net assets	668,417
Change in het assets	000,417
Net assets, July 1, 2003	61,340,634
Net assets, June 30, 2004	\$ 62,009,051
1101 00010, 00110 00, 2001	<u> </u>

Cochise County Combining Statement of Net Assets Component Units June 30, 2004

	Housing Authority of Cochise County	Cochise County Workforce <u>Development</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets			
Cash in bank and on hand Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):	\$ 249,568	\$ 36,918	\$ 286,486
Accounts		673	673
Due from other governments Prepaid items	26,504	312,919 3,835	339,423 3,835
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	38,232	100,260	138,492
Total assets	314,304	454,605	768,909
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	30	164,510	164,540
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	21,016	840	21,856
Deferred revenue Noncurrent liabilities	175,919	157,062	332,981
Due within 1 year	1,344		1,344
Due in more than 1 year	12,097	<u>13,166</u>	25,263
Total liabilities	210,406	335,578	545,984
Net Assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	38,232	100,260	138,492
Restricted for grants	65,666	18,767	84,433
Total net assets	\$ 103,898	\$ 119,027	\$ 222,925

Cochise County Combining Statement of Activities Component Units Year Ended June 30, 2004

		Program Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets			
	<u>Expenses</u>	Operating Grants and Contributions	Housing Authority of Cochise County	Cochise County Workforce <u>Development</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Component units:						
Housing Authority of Cochise County	\$ 1,805,607	\$ 1,818,069	\$ 12,462		\$ 12,462	
Cochise County Workforce Development	1,328,305	1,352,595		\$ 24,290	24,290	
Total component units	\$ 3,133,912	\$ 3,170,664	12,462	24,290	36,752	
	General revenues:					
	Investment earning	S	973	525	1,498	
	Miscellaneous		11,728	207	11,935	
	Total general re	venues	12,701	732	13,433	
	Change in net a	ssets	25,163	25,022	50,185	
	Net assets, July 1, 20	003, as restated	78,735	94,005	172,740	
	Net assets, June 30,	2004	\$ 103,898	<u>\$ 119,027</u>	\$ 222,925	

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Cochise County conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

A. Reporting Entity

The County is a general purpose local government that is governed by a separately elected board of three county supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the County (the primary government) and its component units.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the County's operations. Therefore, data from these units is combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the County. Each blended and discretely presented component unit discussed below has a June 30 year end.

The following table describes the County's component units:

Component Unit	Description; Criteria for Inclusion	Reporting Method	For Separate Financial Statements
Cochise County Flood Control District	A tax-levying district that provides flood control systems. The County's Board of Supervisors serves as the Board of Directors of the District.	Blended	Not available
Cochise County Library District	Provides and maintains library services for the County's residents. The County's Board of Supervisors is the Board of Directors of the District.	Blended	Not available
Housing Authority of Cochise County	Administers and coordinates the Section 8 Rental Voucher Program. The County's Board of Supervisors appoints all members of the governing board and is able to impose its will on the Authority, but the Authority does not provide services entirely to the County.	Discrete	Housing Authority of Cochise County Old Bisbee High School First Floor P.O. Box 167 Bisbee, Arizona 85603

Component Unit	Description; Criteria for Inclusion	Reporting Method	For Separate Financial Statements
Cochise County Workforce Development	Administers and coordinates Workforce Investment Act programs. The County's Board of Supervisors appoints all members of the governing board and is able to impose its will on the Workforce Development. However, the Workforce Development does not provide services entirely to the County.	Discrete	Cochise County Workforce Development 1843 Paseo San Luis Sierra Vista, Arizona 85635

B. Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the County as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the usefulness of the information.

Government-wide statements—provide information about the primary government (the County) and its component units. The statements include a statement of net assets and a statement of activities. These statements report the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. They also distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the County and between the County and its discretely presented component units. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

A statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities and segment of its business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The County does not allocate indirect expenses to programs or functions. Program revenues include:

- charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided,
- operating grants and contributions, and
- · capital grants and contributions

Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including internally dedicated resources and all taxes, are reported as general revenues.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to minimize the double counting of internal activities. However, charges for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated if the prices approximate their external exchange values.

Fund financial statements—provide information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements are presented for the governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary fund categories. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Fiduciary funds are aggregated and reported by fund type.

Proprietary fund revenues and expenses are classified as either operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from transactions associated with the fund's principal activity. Accordingly, revenues, such as charges for services, in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values, are operating revenues. Other revenues, such as investment income, result from transactions in which the parties do not exchange equal values. Revenues generated by ancillary activities are also reported as nonoperating revenues. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. Other expenses, such as interest expense, are considered to be nonoperating expenses.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for resources to be used for acquisition or construction of major facilities and automation and communications projects, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The Highway and Streets Fund accounts for the construction and maintenance of the County's surface transportation system in a cost-effective manner.

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

The Cochise Health Systems (CHS) Fund accounts for a Medicaid long-term care health maintenance organization (HMO) under contract with the Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System (AHCCCS), a state agency. CHS provides case management as well as a full range of acute and long-term medical services for elderly and disabled members located in Cochise, Graham, and Greenlee Counties. AHCCCS determines eligibility for members assigned to CHS.

The Solid Waste Operations Fund accounts for the management of solid waste. The services include the operation of a regional solid waste landfill and transfer stations.

The County reports the following fund types:

The internal service funds account for insurance, automotive maintenance and operation, telecommunications, and information technology services provided to the County's departments or to other governments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

The investment trust funds account for pooled assets held and invested by the County Treasurer on behalf of the County's departments, the Cochise County Community College District, local school districts, and other governmental entities.

The agency funds account for assets held by the County as an agent for the State and various local governments, and for property taxes collected and distributed to the State, local school districts, special districts, and other governmental entities.

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements the provider imposed have been met.

Governmental funds in the fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The County considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and landfill closure and postclosure care costs, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they are due and payable. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease agreements are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of grants and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. The County applies grant resources to such programs before using general revenues.

The County's business-type activities and enterprise funds follow FASB Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989; Accounting Principles Board Opinions; and Accounting Research Bulletins, unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements. The County has chosen the option not to follow FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989.

D. Cash and Investments

For purposes of its statement of cash flows, the County considers only those highly liquid investments with a maturity of 3 months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. All investments are stated at fair value.

E. Inventories

Inventories of the governmental funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. Amounts on hand at year end are immaterial and therefore are not reported as assets in the financial statements.

F. Property Tax Calendar

The County levies real and personal property taxes on or before the third Monday in August that become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May.

A lien assessed against real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold		
Land	All		
Construction in progress	All		
		Depreciation	Estimated
		Method	Useful Life
Buildings	\$10,000	Straight-line	50 years
Improvements other than buildings	5,000	Straight-line	5-40 years
Equipment	5,000	Straight-line	5–20 years
Infrastructure	50,000	Straight-line	20-40 years

H. Investment Income

Investment income is composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

I. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of vacation leave and a calculated amount of sick leave earned by employees based on services already rendered.

Employees may accumulate up to 240 hours of vacation depending on years of service, but any vacation hours in excess of the maximum amount that are unused at year end are forfeited. Upon termination of employment, all unused and unforfeited vacation benefits are paid to employees. Accordingly, vacation benefits are accrued as a liability in the financial statements.

Employees may accumulate an unlimited number of sick leave hours. Generally, sick leave benefits provide for ordinary sick pay and are cumulative but are forfeited upon termination of employment. Because sick leave benefits do not vest with employees, a liability for sick leave benefits is not accrued in the financial statements. However, upon retirement, for employees with at least 15 years of service, sick leave benefits up to 1,040 hours do vest and, therefore, are accrued.

Note 2 - Beginning Balances Restated

The following beginning net asset balances were restated to correct errors in reporting capital assets in prior years.

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Solid Waste Operations Enterprise Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
Net assets, June 30, 2003, as previously	ΦΕ 4 ΕΩΖ Ε 4Ω	414 500 500	ФС СОО 474	Ф4 600 406	Φ0 E4E 000
reported	\$54,587,543	\$11,522,509	\$6,638,471	\$1,682,136	\$3,515,298
Correction of error Net assets, July 1, 2003,	331,120	<u>360,034</u>	149,244	210,790	<u>(15,056</u>)
as restated	<u>\$54,918,663</u>	<u>\$11,882,543</u>	<u>\$6,787,715</u>	<u>\$1,892,926</u>	<u>\$3,500,242</u>

Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Deficit fund balances—At June 30, 2004, the following funds reported deficits in fund balances:

Fund	Deficit
Governmental funds:	
Adult Probation Community Punishment	\$ 603
Juvenile Probation State Aid Enhancement	7,063
Diversion Intake	13,401
Adult Probation I.P.S. Grant	26,824
Juvenile Probation Surveillance Grant	2,227
Title II—Improving Teacher Quality	1,820

These deficits resulted from operations during the year, but are expected to be corrected through normal operations or transfers from the General Fund in fiscal year 2005.

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize the County to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's investment pool; U.S. Treasury obligations; specified state and local government bonds; and interest-earning investments such as savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories. The statutes require collateral for demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements at 101 percent of all deposits not covered by federal depository insurance.

County Treasurer's Investment Pool—Arizona Revised Statutes require community colleges, school districts, and other local governments to deposit certain public monies with the County Treasurer. Those monies are pooled with the County's monies for investment purposes.

Deposits—At June 30, 2004, the carrying amount of the investment pool's total cash in bank and on hand was \$1,540,414, and the bank balance was \$4,360,175. Of the bank balance, \$400,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$3,960,175 was covered by collateral held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the County's name.

Investments—At June 30, 2004, the investments in the County Treasurer's investment pool consisted of the following:

	Fair Value
Investment in State Treasurer's	
investment pool	\$16,019,713
U.S. government securities	66,093,890
Repurchase agreement	4,500,000
Total	<u>\$86,613,603</u>

The State Board of Investment provides oversight for the State Treasurer's pools, and the Local Government Investment Pool Advisory Committee provides consultation and advice to the Treasurer. The fair value of a participant's position in the pool approximates the value of that participant's pool shares. Those shares are not identified with specific investments and are not subject to custodial credit risk. Of the total U.S. government securities, \$21,351,757 were registered in the County's name and \$44,742,133 were held by the counterparty's agent in the County's name. The repurchase agreement was collateralized by U.S. government securities held by the counterparty's agent in the County's name.

Other deposits—At June 30, 2004, the carrying amount of the County's total nonpooled cash in bank and on hand was \$3,511,674, and the bank balance was \$3,553,383. Of the bank balance, \$1,473 was covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the County or its agent in the County's name; \$3,263,360 was covered by collateral held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the County's name; and \$288,550 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Other investments—At June 30, 2004, the County Treasurer's nonpooled investments consisted of the following:

	Fair Value
Investment in State Treasurer's	
investment pool	\$2,852,690

Cash and investments held by trustee—At June 30, 2004, the County's cash and investments held by trustee totaling \$881,753 were held for the Series 2002 Certificates of Participation reserve requirements. The balance consisted of securities held by the counterparty, but not in the County's name.

A reconciliation of cash and investments to amounts shown on the Statement of Net Assets follows:

Cash and investments:

	County Treasurer's Investment Pool	Other	Total
Cash on hand	\$ 68,116	\$ 10,524	\$ 78,640
Carrying amount of deposits	1,472,298	3,501,150	4,973,448
Reported amount of investments	86,613,603	2,852,690	89,466,293
Cash and investments held by trustee		<u>881,753</u>	881,753
Total	<u>\$88,154,017</u>	<u>\$7,246,117</u>	<u>\$95,400,134</u>

Statement of Net Assets:

	Total Primary Government	Total Fiduciary Funds	Total
Cash in bank and on hand	\$ 213,005	\$ 3,298,669	\$ 3,511,674
Cash and investments held by			
County Treasurer	28,513,815	62,492,892	91,006,707
Cash and investments held by trustee	<u>881,753</u>		<u>881,753</u>
Total	\$29,608,573	<u>\$65,791,561</u>	\$95,400,134

Note 5 - Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments totaling \$5,781,108 at June 30, 2004, included \$680,581 in state-shared revenue from highway user fees, \$842,263 in state-shared sales taxes, \$448,272 in state-shared vehicle license taxes, and \$999,870 in county excise taxes. The remaining balance of \$2,810,122 represents amounts receivable from various state and federal government grant or agencies.

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2004, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2003, as restated	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2004
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 1,924,817	\$ 84,501	\$ 3,000	\$ 2,006,318
Construction in progress (estimated cost to complete \$147,500) Total capital assets not being	1,387,970	14,514,887	<u>15,881,608</u>	21,249
depreciated	3,312,787	14,599,388	<u> 15,884,608</u>	2,027,567
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total	22,102,042 1,162,733 19,779,441 43,044,216	12,872,256 225,245 4,091,461 1,525,501 18,714,463	609,488	34,974,298 1,387,978 23,261,414 1,525,501 61,149,191
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Equipment Total	5,932,724 527,203 <u>8,862,872</u> <u>15,322,799</u>	411,967 58,677 1,653,756 2,124,400	590,341 590,341	6,344,691 585,880 <u>9,926,287</u> 16,856,858
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	27,721,417	16,590,063	19,147	44,292,333
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$31,034,204	<u>\$31,189,451</u>	<u>\$15,903,755</u>	\$46,319,900
Business-type activities: Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 1,596,700 132,998 1,729,698	\$ 1,890,398 	\$ 2,023,396 2,023,396	\$ 1,596,700
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Equipment Total	4,520,845 659,935 2,885,993 8,066,773	38,180 2,318,559 651,232 3,007,971	6,463	4,559,025 2,972,031 3,537,225 11,068,281
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Equipment Total Total capital assets being depreciated, net	458,984 254,278 1,146,586 1,859,848 6,206,925	87,194 76,416 218,199 381,809	5,061 5,061 1,402	546,178 325,633 1,364,785 2,236,596
		2,626,162		8,831,685
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 7,936,623</u>	<u>\$ 4,516,560</u>	<u>\$ 2,024,798</u>	<u>\$10,428,385</u>

The July 1, 2003, capital asset balances were restated to correct capital asset classification and valuation errors made in previous years. Note 2 to the financial statements shows the total restatement amounts.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 771,008
Public safety	84,888
Highways and streets	682,498
Health and welfare	11,245
Culture and recreation	1,049
Education	11,047
Internal service funds	<u>562,665</u>
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	<u>\$2,124,400</u>
Business-type activities:	
Health plans	\$ 38,979
Landfill	336,009
Airport operations	6,821
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	<u>\$381,809</u>

Note 7 - Long-Term Liabilities

The following schedule details the County's long-term liability and obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2004:

	Balance July 1, 2003	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2004	Due within 1 year
Governmental activities	• .			,	•
Certificates of participation					
payable	\$ 9,500,000		\$ 250,000	\$ 9,250,000	\$ 535,000
Unamortized premium	<u>194,597</u>		<u>16,216</u>	<u> 178,381</u>	<u>16,216</u>
Total certificates of participation					
payable	9,694,597		<u>266,216</u>	9,428,381	<u>551,216</u>
Capital leases payable	23,471	\$ 387,398	94,444	316,425	80,030
Compensated absences payable	<u>2,665,793</u>	<u>2,113,787</u>	<u>1,878,626</u>	<u>2,900,954</u>	2,256,569
Governmental activities long-term	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	* 0 =0.4 40=	** ***	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	40.007.045
liabilities	<u>\$12,383,861</u>	<u>\$2,501,185</u>	<u>\$2,239,286</u>	<u>\$12,645,760</u>	<u>\$2,887,815</u>
Business-type activities					
Capital leases payable		\$ 448,780	\$ 14,364	\$ 434,416	\$ 63,584
Landfill closure and postclosure		Ψ 440,700	φ 14,004	Ψ +0+,+10	Ψ 00,004
care costs payable	\$ 2,038,289	207,045		2,245,334	
Compensated absences payable	92,606	113,455	66,013	140,048	118,713
Business-type activities long-term				·	
liabilities	\$ 2,130,895	\$ 769,280	\$ 80,377	\$ 2,819,798	\$ 182,297

Certificates of participation—The County has issued certificates of participation that are generally callable with interest payable semiannually. The certificates were issued to improve and renovate the County administration buildings and construct an information technology building and a service center in Benson.

Certificates outstanding at June 30, 2004, were as follows:

	Original	Maturity	Interest	Outstanding
Description	Amount	Ranges	Rates	Principal
PHS Mortgage, Inc.				
2002 Series	\$9,500,000	2005 to 2017	2.5 - 4.5%	\$9,250,000

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the County's certificates of participation payable at June 30, 2004:

	Governmental Activities		
Year ending June 30	Principal	Interest	
2005	\$ 535,000	\$ 338,275	
2006	550,000	324,713	
2007	560,000	310,838	
2008	575,000	295,931	
2009	590,000	279,175	
2010-14	3,275,000	1,055,925	
2015-17	3,165,000	284,263	
Total	<u>\$9,250,000</u>	\$2,889,120	

Capital leases—The County has acquired office equipment and vehicles under the provisions of various long-term lease agreements classified as capital leases for accounting purposes because they provide for a bargain purchase option or a transfer of ownership by the end of the lease term.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Machinery and equipment	\$459,568	\$448,780
Less: accumulated depreciation	42,830	<u> 14,024</u>
Carrying value	<u>\$416,738</u>	<u>\$434,756</u>

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the County's capital leases payable at June 30, 2004:

Year ending June 30	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
2005	\$ 91,644	\$ 77,589
2006	87,333	71,620
2007	83,024	71,621
2008	83,024	71,621
2009		71,621
2010-11		<u>119,366</u>
Total minimum lease payments	<u>345,025</u>	483,438
Less amount representing interest	28,600	49,022
Present value of net minimum		
lease payments	<u>\$316,425</u>	<u>\$434,416</u>

Landfill closure and postclosure care costs—State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its solid waste landfill sites when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the sites for 30 years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will not be paid until near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs in each operating period. The amount recognized each year is based on landfill capacity used at the end of each fiscal year. These costs will be paid from solid waste fees recorded in the Solid Waste Enterprise Fund.

At June 30, 2004, the County has reported landfill closure and postclosure care liabilities totaling \$2,245,334. This total consists of the cumulative amounts reported to date for the County's Eastern Regional and Western Regional landfills. The liability reported for the Eastern Regional landfill of \$1,791,979 is based on 100 percent use of the capacity of the landfill. This landfill was closed in 2002. The liability reported for the Western Regional landfill of \$453,355 is based on the 4.06 percent use of the estimated capacity of the landfill. The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$10,713,020 as the remaining capacity is filled. The County expects to close this landfill in 2042.

The landfills' closure and postclosure care costs are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in fiscal year 2004. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

According to state and federal laws and regulations, the County must comply with the local government financial test requirements that assure the County can meet the costs of landfill closure, postclosure, and corrective action when needed. The County is in compliance with these requirements.

Compensated absences—Compensated absences are paid from various funds in the same proportion that those funds pay payroll costs. During fiscal year 2004, the County paid for compensated absences as follows: 66 percent from the General Fund, 11 percent from the Highway and Streets Fund, and 23 percent from other funds.

Note 8 - Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters; but was unable to obtain insurance at a cost it considered to be economically justifiable. Therefore, the County joined and is covered by three public entity risk pools: the Arizona Counties Property and Casualty Pool, the Arizona Counties Workers' Compensation Pool, and the Cochise Combined Trust, which are described below.

The Arizona Counties Property and Casualty Pool is a public entity risk pool currently composed of 11 member counties. The pool provides member counties catastrophic loss coverage for risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters; and provides risk management services. Such coverage includes all defense costs as well as the amount of any judgment or settlement. The County is responsible for paying a premium based on its exposure in relation to the exposure of the other participants, and a deductible of \$25,000 per occurrence for property claims and \$50,000 per occurrence for liability claims. The County is also responsible for any payments in excess of the maximum coverage of \$100 million per occurrence for property claims and \$10 million per occurrence for liability claims. A county must participate in the pool at least 3 years after becoming a member; however, it may withdraw after the initial 3-year period. If the pool were to become insolvent, the County would be assessed an additional contribution.

The Arizona Counties Workers' Compensation Pool is a public entity risk pool currently composed of 11 member counties. The pool provides member counties with workers' compensation coverage, as required by law, and risk management services. The County is responsible for paying a premium, based on an experience rating formula, that allocates pool expenditures and liabilities among the members.

The County provides health, prescription, dental, vision, life, and short-term disability benefits to its employees and their dependents through the Cochise Combined Trust currently composed of two member entities. The Trust provides the benefits through a self-funding agreement with its participants and has contracted with a third party to administer the program. The County is responsible for paying the premium and may require its employees to contribute a portion of that premium. If it withdraws from the Trust, the County is responsible for a proportional share of any claims run-out costs, including administrative costs, that exceed Trust Fund Reserves. If the Trust were to terminate, the County would be responsible for its proportional share of any Trust deficit.

The Arizona Counties Property and Casualty Pool and the Arizona Counties Workers' Compensation Pool receive independent audits annually and an audit by the Arizona Department of Insurance triennially. The Cochise Combined Trust receives independent audits annually. All three pools accrue liabilities for losses that have been incurred but not reported. These liabilities are determined annually based on an independent actuarial valuation.

Note 9 - Retirement Plans

Plan Descriptions—The County contributes to the three plans described below. Benefits are established by state statute and generally provide retirement, death, long-term disability, survivor, and health insurance premium benefits. In addition, the County contributes to the Elected Officials Retirement Plan (EORP), which is not described due to the plan's relative insignificance to the County's financial statements.

The Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS) administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers general employees of the County. The ASRS is governed by the Arizona State Retirement System Board according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 2.

The *Public Safety Personnel Retirement System* (PSPRS) is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers public safety personnel who are regularly assigned hazardous duty as employees of the State of Arizona or one of its political subdivisions. The PSPRS, acting as a common investment and administrative agent, is governed by a five-member board, known as The Fund Manager, and the participating local boards according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4.

The Corrections Officer Retirement Plan (CORP) is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers certain employees of the State of Arizona, Departments of Corrections and Juvenile Corrections, and county employees whose primary duties require direct inmate contact. The CORP is governed by The Fund Manager of PSPRS and the participating local boards according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 6.

Each plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. A report may be obtained by writing or calling the applicable plan:

ASRS

3300 N. Central Ave. P.O. Box 33910 Phoenix, AZ 85067-3910 (602) 240-2000 or (800) 621-3778 PSPRS, CORP, and EORP

1020 E. Missouri Ave. Phoenix, AZ 85014 (602) 255-5575

Funding Policy—The Arizona State Legislature establishes and may amend active plan members' and the County's contribution rates.

Cost-sharing plan—For the year ended June 30, 2004, active ASRS members and the County were each required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 5.7 percent (5.2 percent retirement and 0.5 percent long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll. The County's contributions to ASRS for the years ended June 30, 2004, 2003, and 2002, were \$1,442,237, \$604,497, and \$581,682, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for the year.

Agent plans—For the year ended June 30, 2004, active PSPRS members were required by statute to contribute 7.65 percent of the members' annual covered payroll, and the County was required to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 14.14 percent. Active CORP members were required by statute to contribute 8.5 percent of the members' annual covered payroll, and the County was required to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 3.59 percent.

Annual Pension Cost—The County's pension cost for the two agent plans for the year ended June 30, 2004, and related information follows:

	PSPRS	CORP
Contribution rates:		
County	14.14%	3.59%
Plan members	7.65%	8.50%
Annual pension cost	\$405,246	\$59,539
Contributions made	\$405,246	\$59,539

The current-year annual required contributions for both the PSPRS and CORP were determined as part of their June 30, 2002, actuarial valuations using the entry-age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 9 percent investment rate of return and (b) projected salary increases ranging from 6.5 percent to 9.5 percent per year. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 5.5 percent. The assumptions did not include cost-of-living adjustments. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a 4-year period. The unfunded (excess) actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2002, was 20 years.

Trend Information—Annual pension cost information for the current and 2 preceding years follows for each of the agent plans:

Plan	Year Ended June 30	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
PSPRS	2004	\$405,246	100%	\$0
	2003	207,186	100	0
	2002	266,449	100	0
CORP	2004	\$ 59,539	100%	\$0
	2003	33,600	100	0
	2002	31,854	100	0

Note 10 - Interfund Balances and Activity

Interfund receivables and payables—Interfund balances at June 30, 2004, were as follows:

				F	Payable to				
Payable from	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Highway and Streets Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Cochise Health Systems Fund	Solid Waste Operations Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds	Total
General Fund	_ ' ' ' ' ' '	i una	\$ 44	\$ 45,872	\$ 299	runa	\$80,844	\$369,013	\$ 496,072
Capital Projects			Ψ ++	Ψ 40,072	Ψ 255		ψου,υ	ψ000,010	Ψ 430,072
Fund	\$ 13,478		175	8,151		\$ 28		205,092	226,924
Highway and	. ,			,		•		,	,
Streets Fund	201,902			819				11,345	214,066
Other									
Governmental									
Funds	174,304	\$220,550	30,563	346,089	711	2,922	124	45,076	820,339
Cochise Health									
Systems Fund	62,545							2,753	65,298
Solid Waste									
Operations	7 767		10	100				E1 17E	EO 100
Fund Other Enterprise	7,767		13	183				51,175	59,138
Funds	77,993							719	78,712
Internal Service	77,550							713	70,712
Funds	18,749			1,136					19,885
Total	\$556,738	\$220,550	\$30,795	\$402,250	\$1,010	<u>\$2,950</u>	\$80,968	\$685,173	\$1,980,434

The interfund balances resulted from time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Interfund transfers—Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2004, were as follows:

				Transfer to			
Transfer from	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Highway and Streets Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Other Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds	Total
General Fund		\$3,924,963		\$ 140,752	\$80,844	\$ 16,967	\$4,163,526
Capital Projects Fund Highway and				28,484			28,484
Streets Fund		85,851					85,851
Other Governmental							
Funds	\$ 274,795	57,458	\$121,025	1,128,622	14,402	257,217	1,853,519
Cochise Health Systems Fund Solid Waste	750,000						750,000
Operations Fund						37,555	37,555
Total	<u>\$1,024,795</u>	<u>\$4,068,272</u>	<u>\$121,025</u>	<u>\$1,297,858</u>	<u>\$95,246</u>	<u>\$311,739</u>	<u>\$6,918,935</u>

Transfers are used to move revenues between funds in accordance with external restrictions or budgetary authorizations.

During the year ended June 30, 2004, the County made a one-time transfer of \$3,325,000 from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund to pay for the completion of County building projects.

Note 11 - Condensed Financial Statements of County Treasurer's Investment Pool

Arizona Revised Statutes require community colleges, school districts, and other local governments to deposit certain public monies with the County Treasurer. The Treasurer has a fiduciary responsibility to administer those and the County monies under her stewardship. The Treasurer invests, on a pool basis, all idle monies not specifically invested for a fund or program. In addition, the Treasurer determines the fair value of those pooled investments annually at June 30.

The County Treasurer's investment pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company and there is no regulatory oversight of its operations. The pool's structure does not provide for shares and the County has not provided or obtained any legally binding guarantees to support the value of the participants' investments.

Details of each major investment classification follow:

Investment Type Investment in Arizona	Principal	Interest Rates	Maturities	Fair Value
State Treasurer's Investment Pool U.S. Government	\$16,019,713	No stated interest rate	No stated maturities	\$16,019,713
Securities	67,046,000	1.06 – 4.125%	Up to 3 years	66,093,890

A condensed statement of the investment pool's net assets and changes in net assets follows:

Statement of Net Assets	
Assets	\$ 88,163,815
Net assets	<u>\$ 88,163,815</u>
Net assets held in trust for:	
Internal participants	\$ 26,154,764
External participants	62,009,051
Total net assets held in trust	<u>\$ 88,163,815</u>
Statement of Changes in Net Assets	
Total additions	\$333,099,356
Total deductions	336,309,884
Net increase (decrease)	(3,210,528)
Net assets held in trust:	
July 1, 2003	91,374,343
June 30, 2004	<u>\$ 88,163,815</u>

Note 12 - Discretely Presented Component Units

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Housing Authority of Cochise County and Cochise County Workforce Development Basis of Accounting

The discretely presented component unit financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met.

Cochise County Workforce Development

Due from other governments

Due from other governments represents uncollateralized amounts due from the United States federal government and under contractual agreements with the State of Arizona and county governments. Due to the nature of the receivables and the subsequent collection of amounts, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded.

B. Cash and Investments

Housing Authority of Cochise County

The Housing Authority's deposits (bank balance) at June 30, 2004, were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the Housing Authority's custodial banks (agent) in the Housing Authority's name.

C. Due from other governments

Cochise County Workforce Development

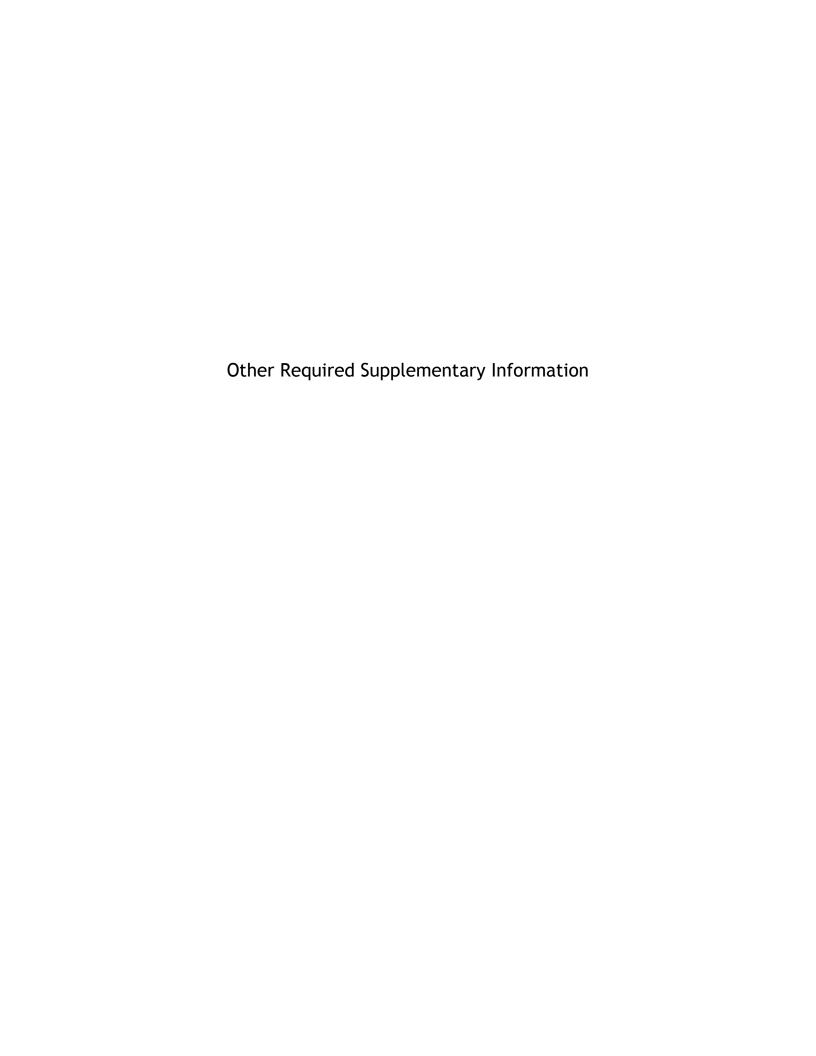
Due from other governments consists of the following grants receivable at June 30, 2004:

Program	Amount
WIA Administration	\$ 8,354
WIA Adult Program	43,869
WIA Youth Program	128,693
WIA Dislocated Workers	12,991
Rapid Response	2,803
Young Offender	33,766
Employment and Training Administration Pilots,	
Demonstrations, and Research Projects (H-1B)	53,247
Incentive Set-Aside Funds	8,148
Department of Commerce	21,048
	\$312,919

D. Restatement of Financial Information

Cochise County Workforce Development

The beginning net assets were restated to reflect a prior period adjustment of \$42,405 to reduce due from other governments. The adjustment relates to amounts that should not have been recognized as revenues in prior years.



Cochise County Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 24,396,344	\$ 24,396,344	\$ 24,779,035	\$ 382,691	
Licenses and permits	60,000	60,000	52,388	(7,612)	
Fees, fines, and forfeits	1,545,849	1,545,849	2,035,946	490,097	
Intergovernmental	12,796,381	12,796,381	13,159,348	362,967	
Charges for services	1,971,172	1,971,172	2,317,608	346,436	
Investment income	249,000	249,000	72,762	(176,238)	
Miscellaneous	142,620	142,620	78,740	(63,880)	
Total revenues	41,161,366	41,161,366	42,495,827	1,334,461	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government					
Assessor	1,484,723	1,485,410	1,387,262	98,148	
Attorney	1,689,020	1,686,462	1,626,937	59,525	
Board of Supervisors	1,079,980	990,643	796,354	194,289	
Elections	185,642	186,301	120,296	66,005	
Finance	666,220	668,584	676,482	(7,898)	
General Government	7,049,202	6,848,937	(1,036,781)	7,885,718	
Human Resources	1,160,296	1,170,983	999,344	171,639	
Planning and Zoning	524,357	532,433	447,198	85,235	
Recorder	288,810	290,624	283,307	7,317	
Treasurer	957,477	962,656	926,042	36,614	
Public Defender	1,113,789	1,022,865	991,133	31,732	
Legal Defender	779,642	726,031	688,926	37,105	
Willcox Airport	135,378	158,893	158,013	880	
Facilities	2,485,383	2,595,387	2,018,284	577,103	
Utilities	685,200	737,200	748,654	(11,454)	
Court Administration	832,015	778,789	725,642	53,147	
Superior Court Division	808,919	791,548	754,517	37,031	
Court Security	314,687	320,114	297,434	22,680	
Mandatory Judicial Services	266,340	298,840	273,102	25,738	
Mandatory Indigent Defense	526,366	751,589	990,047	(238,458)	
Justice of the Peace	1,700,286	1,708,284	1,685,872	22,412	
Clerk of Superior Court	1,173,674	1,170,954	1,171,288	(334)	
Adult Probation	382,957	387,741	382,025	5,716	
Juvenile Probation	1,030,971	1,043,298	1,031,756	11,542	
Sierra Vista Constable	109,980	109,980	104,469	5,511	
Constables	66	66	13	53	

(Continued)

See accompanying notes to budgetary comparison schedule.

Cochise County Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	
Information Technology	\$ 1,734,461	\$ 1,734,461	<u>\$ 1,656,840</u>	\$ 77,621	
Total general government	29,165,841	29,159,073	19,904,456	9,254,617	
Public safety					
Sheriff	9,531,663	9,525,935	9,398,579	127,356	
Building Inspection	526,601	523,261	480,982	42,279	
Emergency Services	80,033	85,758	81,423	4,335	
Juvenile Detention	974,088	984,369	971,200	13,169	
Juvenile Detention Medical	108,576	108,576	93,487	15,089	
Jail Medical	460,219	512,389	522,428	(10,039)	
Jail Counseler	68,067	68,067	59,159	8,908	
Medical Examiner	180,000	180,000	185,000	(5,000)	
Total public safety	11,929,247	11,988,355	11,792,258	196,097	
Sanitation	569,980	579,240	562,712	16,528	
Health and welfare					
Health	1,333,402	1,271,973	1,050,041	221,932	
Health and Social Services	8,173,608	8,173,437	7,629,340	544,097	
Total Health and welfare	9,507,010	9,445,410	8,679,381	766,029	
Education					
School Superindendent	321,485	321,485	312,459	9,026	
Total education	321,485	321,485	312,459	9,026	
Total expenditures	51,493,563	51,493,563	41,251,266	10,242,297	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(10,332,197)	(10,332,197)	1,244,561	11,576,758	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Sale of capital assets			85,500	85,500	
Transfers in	783,218	783,218	1,024,795	241,577	
Transfers out	-	-	(4,163,526)	(4,163,526)	
Total other financing sources and uses	783,218	783,218	(3,053,231)	(3,836,449)	
Net change in fund balances	(9,548,979)	(9,548,979)	(1,808,670)	7,740,309	
Fund balances, July 1, 2003	9,548,979	9,548,979	10,536,189	987,210	
Fund balances, June 30, 2004	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 8,727,519	\$ 8,727,519	

See accompanying notes to budgetary comparison schedule.

Cochise County Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Highway and Streets Fund Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final	
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 9,627,789	\$ 9,627,789	\$ 9,698,714	\$ 70,925	
Charges for services	326,000	326,000	604,841	278,841	
Investment income	60,000	60,000	(42,865)	(102,865)	
Miscellaneous	1,468,903	2,192,128	`1,252 [°]	(2,190,876)	
Total revenues	11,482,692	12,205,917	10,261,942	(1,943,975)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Highways and streets	11,603,692	12,326,917	10,404,224	1,922,693	
Total expenditures	11,603,692	12,326,917	10,404,224	1,922,693	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	(121,000)	(121,000)	(142,282)	(21,282)	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Sale of capital assets			64,924	64,924	
Capital lease agreements			387,398	387,398	
Transfers in	121,000	121,000	121,025	25	
Transfers out			(85,851)	(85,851)	
Total other financing sources and uses	121,000	121,000	487,496	366,496	
Net change in fund balances			345,214	345,214	
Fund balances, July 1, 2003			2,178,938	2,178,938	
Fund balances, June 30, 2004	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 2,524,152	\$ 2,524,152	

Cochise County Required Supplementary Information Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules June 30, 2004

Note 1 - Budgeting and Budgetary Control

A.R.S. require the County to prepare and adopt a balanced budget annually for each governmental fund. The Board of Supervisors must approve such operating budgets on or before the third Monday in July to allow sufficient time for the legal announcements and hearings required for the adoption of the property tax levy on the third Monday in August. A.R.S. prohibit expenditures or liabilities in excess of the amounts budgeted.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level. The General Fund's budgeted and actual expenditures are presented at a level of detail that includes individual divisions comprising each General Fund department (the legal level of budgetary control). In no case did expenditures exceed appropriations in the General Fund departments. In certain instances, transfers of appropriations between departments or from the contingency account to a department may be made upon the Board of Supervisors' approval. With the exception of the General Fund, each fund includes only one department.

The schedules' general government and highways and streets actual expenditure amounts differ from the expenditures reported on the Governmental Funds' Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. In the schedules, the General Fund's general government budget and actual expenditures include capital outlay expenditures and the Highway and Streets Fund's highways and streets expenditures include capital outlay and debt service expenditures. The capital outlay and debt service expenditures are separately reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

Note 2 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The County's budget is prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, except for the unbudgeted items related to capital lease transactions. The \$387,398 capital lease transaction reported in the Highway and Streets Fund actual amounts as an other financing source and highway and streets expenditure was not budgeted.

Cochise County Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Agent Retirement Plans' Funding Progress June 30, 2004

Public Safety Personnel Retirement System

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Plan Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (b)	Funding (Liability) Excess (a-b)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Annual Covered Payroll (c)	Unfunded Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll ([a-b]/c)
6/30/04	\$12,725,616	\$16,926,781	\$(4,201,165)	75.2%	\$3,025,398	138.9%
6/30/03	13,053,585	15,405,210	(2,351,625)	84.7	2,718,609	86.5
6/30/02	13,500,548	14,521,441	(1,020,893)	93.0	2,709,845	37.7

Corrections Officer Retirement Plan

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Plan Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (b)	Funding (Liability) Excess (a-b)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Annual Covered Payroll (c)	Unfunded Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll ([a-b]/c)
6/30/04	\$4,051,304	\$3,643,207	\$408,097	111.2%	\$1,701,777	-
6/30/03	4,031,075	3,357,476	673,599	120.1	1,716,580	-
6/30/02	3,929,947	2,975,558	954,389	132.1	1,638,829	-



Cochise County Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2004

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Expenditures
			•
U.S. Office of National Drug Control Policy			
Passed through the Pima County Sheriff's Department High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas	07.I4PSAP549	0111C1341941003	\$ 762,010
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed through the Arizona Department of Health Services			
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women,			
Infants, and Children	10.557	KR02-1592	640,360
Passed through the Arizona State Treasurer			
Schools and Roads-Grants to States	10.665	97224	94,242
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			734,602
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Passed through the Arizona Department of Housing			
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	160-04	4,942
Passed through the Arizona Department of Commerce			
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program	14.228	KR02-0084	223,181
Passed through the Arizona Department of Housing			
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	311-03	6,708
Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS	14.241	534-04	28,391
Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.871		1,661,153
Lead-Based Paint Hazard Control in Privately-Owned Housing	14.900		125,108
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			2,049,483
U.S. Department of the Interior			
Cultural Resource Management	15.224		9,350
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	15.226		1,230,027
Passed through the Arizona State Treasurer			
Distribution of Receipts to State and Local Governments	15.227	37-723	6,659
Total U.S. Department of the Interior			1,246,036
U.S. Department of Justice			
Southwest Border Local Assistance Initiative	16.unknown		518,750
Passed through the Arizona Governor's Office for Children,			
Youth, and Families			
Juvenile Accountability Incentive Block Grants	16.523	02-43605	42,831
Passed through the Arizona Department of Public Safety	16 575	2002 050 2002 000	62.004
Crime Victim Assistance Passed through the Arizona Criminal Justice Commission	16.575	2003-050, 2002-908	62,084
Crime Victim Compensation	16.576	VC-04-050	30,297
Byrne Formula Grant Program	16.579	KR03-0962	288,493
Drug Court Discretionary Grant Program	16.585	11100 0002	84,195
Rural Domestic Violence and Child Victimization Enforcement	10.000		04,100
Grant Program	16.589		166,911
			(Continued)

See accompanying notes to schedule.

Cochise County Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Expenditures
Local Law Enforcement Block Grants Program State Criminal Alien Assistance Program Community Prosecution and Project Safe Neighborhoods Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants Total U.S. Department of Justice	16.592 16.606 16.609 16.710		\$ 36,279 211,067 41,786 1,051,985 2,534,678
U.S. Department of Labor Passed through the Arizona Department of Economic Security WIA Cluster:			
WIA Adult Program WIA Youth Activities WIA Dislocated Workers	17.258 17.259 17.260	E5703002, E5704002 E5703002, E5704002 E5703002, E5704002	318,647 402,009 202,256
Total WIA Cluster Employment and Training Administration Pilots, Demonstrations,			922,912
and Research Projects Total U.S. Department of Labor	17.261		418,127 1,341,039
U.S. Department of Transportation Airport Improvement Program	20.106		279,701
Passed through the Arizona Department of Transportation Airport Improvement Program	20.106	E2F44	13,461
Total Airport Improvement Program			293,162
Passed through the Arizona Department of Public Safety State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	217953989, 218191858, 218395672, 218634038	47,653
Passed through the Governor's Office of Highway Safety Alcohol Traffic Safety and Drunk Driving Prevention Incentive Grants Passed through the Arizona Department of Emergency and	20.601	2004-410-010	28,840
Military Affairs Interagency Hazardous Materials Public Sector Training and Planning Grants	20.703	218000709, 218259370,	
Total U.S. Department of Transportation		218410066	19,547 389,202
U.S. General Services Administration Passed through the Arizona Secretary of State Election Reform Payments	39.011	RFP 7500	420,825
National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Passed though the Arizona State Library, Archives, and Public Records			
State Library Program	45.310	231-3-2-(02), 221-1-5-(05)	14,690
Con accompaning and	en to askadula		(Continued)

See accompanying notes to schedule.

Cochise County Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Expenditures
•			•
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed through the Arizona Supreme Court			
Title I to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	218366060, 218445878	\$ 53,156
Passed through the Arizona Department of Education			
Special Education—Grants to States	84.027	HO27AO10007,	
		04FESSTT-470666-05A	25,547
Reading First State Grants	84.357	04FSASRS-470666-04A	29,950
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	03FESPDL-370666-02A,	
		03FASENG-370666-01A	30,597
Mathematics and Science Partnerships	84.366	04FAAMSP-470666707A	46,090
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	003FAAITQ-370666-04C	57,436
Total U.S. Department of Education			242,776
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed through the Southeastern Arizona Governments			
Organization			
Special Programs for the Aging—Title III, Part B—Grants for			
Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.044	04-12	220,751
Passed through the Arizona Department of Health Services	93.044	04-12	220,731
Immunization Grants	93.268	KR02-2023	109,710
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention—Investigations and	93.200	KR02-2023	109,710
Technical Assistance	93.283	KR02-0303ALS, KR03-1542	362,637
Passed through the Arizona Department of Economic Security	93.203	KIN02-0303ALS, KIN03-1342	302,037
Grants to States for Access and Visitation Programs	93.597	E7203303	13,080
Passed through the Arizona Secretary of State	93.391	L1203303	13,000
Voting Access for individuals with Disabilities—Grants to States	93.617	42USC 15461	455
Passed through the Arizona Department of Health Services	93.017	42030 13401	400
HIV Care Formula Grants	93.917	152060	220,709
HIV Prevention Activities—Health Department Based	93.940	KR 03-0017	48,921
Preventive Health Services—Sexually Transmitted Diseases	93.940	KK 03-0017	40,921
Control Grants	93.977	KR04-0148EHS	3,805
Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant	93.991	KR02-1998	58,291
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	93.994	KR02-1990 KR02-1854	30,600
	93.994	KK02-1654	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			1,068,959
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Passed through the Arizona Department of Emergency and			
Military Affairs, Division of Emergency Management			
State Domestic Preparedness Equipment Support Program	97.004	2002-TE-CX-0142	131,915
T. 1. E			
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 10,936,215

Cochise County Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2004

Note 1 - Basis of Accounting

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Cochise County and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

Note 2 - Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) Number

The program titles and CFDA numbers were obtained from the federal or pass-through grantor or the 2004 *Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance*. When no CFDA number had been assigned to a program, the two-digit federal agency identifier, a period, and the federal contract number were used. When there was no federal contract number, the two-digit federal agency identifier, a period, and the word "unknown" were used.

Note 3 - Subrecipients

From the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, the County awarded the following to subrecipients:

Program Title	CFDA Number	Amount Provided to Subrecipients
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas	07.I4PSAP549	\$350,454
Byrne Formula Grant Program	16.579	90,664
Alcohol Traffic Safety and Drunk Driving		
Prevention Incentive Grants	20.601	4,409
Interagency Hazardous Materials Public	20.702	10.224
Sector Training and Planning Grants State Domestic Preparedness Equipment	20.703	19,334
Support Program	97.004	125,915
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DEBRA K. DAVENPORT, CPA AUDITOR GENERAL

STATE OF ARIZONA OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

WILLIAM THOMSON DEPUTY AUDITOR GENERAL

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Basic Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Members of the Arizona State Legislature

The Board of Supervisors of Cochise County, Arizona

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of Cochise County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 29, 2005. Our report was modified due to our reliance on the reports of other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the basic financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We and the reports of the other auditors noted no matters involving internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we and the other auditors consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving internal control over financial reporting that we will report to the County's management in a separate letter at a future date.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests and the reports of the other auditors disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance or other matters that we will report to the County's management in a separate letter at a future date.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Arizona State Legislature, the Board of Supervisors, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited.

Debbie Davenport Auditor General

April 29, 2005



DEBRA K. DAVENPORT, CPA AUDITOR GENERAL

STATE OF ARIZONA OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

WILLIAM THOMSON DEPUTY AUDITOR GENERAL

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in
Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

Members of the Arizona State Legislature

The Board of Supervisors of Cochise County, Arizona

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Cochise County with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget* (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2004, except for that portion of the federal programs administered by Cochise County Workforce Development and the Housing Authority of Cochise County. Those entities were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the compliance of those entities with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement*, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. The County's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditors' Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit and the reports of the other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, Cochise County complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2004. However, the results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance with those requirements that is required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, and that is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 04-101.

Internal Control over Compliance

The County's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

We noted a certain matter involving internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be a reportable condition. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over compliance that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the County's ability to administer a major federal program in accordance with the applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. The reportable condition is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 04-101.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with the applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe the reportable condition described above is not a material weakness.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Arizona State Legislature, the Board of Supervisors, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited.

Debbie Davenport Auditor General

April 29, 2005

Cochise County Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2004

Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:		alified
Material weaknesses identified in internal control over financial reporting?	Yes	No X
Reportable conditions identified not considered to be material weaknesses?		X (None reported
Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?		X
Federal Awards		
Material weaknesses identified in internal control over major programs?		<u>X</u>
Reportable condition identified not considered to be a material weakness?	<u>X</u>	
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unq	ualified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133 (section .510[a])?	<u>X</u>	

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
07.I4PSAP549	High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas
10.557	Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children
14.871	Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers
15.226	Payments in Lieu of Taxes
16.unknown	Southwest Border Local Assistance Initiative
16.710	Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants
	WIA Cluster:
17.258	WIA Adult Program
17.259	WIA Youth Activities
17.260	WIA Dislocated Workers
17.261	Employment and Training Administration Pilots, Demonstrations, and Research Projects
39.011	Election Reform Payments
93.283	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention—Investigations and Technical Assistance

Cochise County Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Yes	No
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$328,	086
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		<u>X</u>
Other Matters		
Auditee's Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133 (section .315[b])?		_X_

Cochise County Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2004

Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

04-101

CFDA No.: 07.14PSAP549 — High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas

U.S. Office of National Drug Control Policy, passed through the Pima County Sheriff's Department

All award years and awards

Questioned Cost: Unknown

The Sheriff's Department did not establish adequate policies and procedures to ensure that salaries and wages charged to the High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas (HIDTA) program were supported. Annually, the Department reported that certain employees will work only on the HIDTA program; however, the Department did not support the actual charges for their salaries and wages with periodic certifications that they worked solely on the HIDTA program. Because of the lack of certifications, we were unable to determine the questioned costs, if any, that may have resulted from this finding.

U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-87, Attachment B, 8.h(3), requires that charges for salaries and wages of employees working solely on a federal program be supported by periodic certifications that the employees worked solely on the program for the period covered by the certification. These certifications must be prepared at least semiannually. Because a cost is allowable for federal reimbursement only if it conforms to the cost principles of OMB Circular A-87, the Sheriff's Department should establish policies and procedures to help ensure compliance with OMB Circular A-87. Those policies and procedures should include the preparation and retention of periodic certifications of actual charges for salaries and wages of employees working solely on a federal program and the signature of the employee or the employee's supervisor.

Debbie Davenport Auditor General 2910 N. 44th Street, Suite 410 Phoenix, AZ 85018

Dear Ms. Davenport:

The accompanying Corrective Action Plan has been prepared as required by U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133. Specifically, we are providing you with the names of the contact persons responsible for corrective action, the corrective action planned, and the anticipated completion date for each audit finding included in the current year's Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Sincerely,

Lois Klein Director of Finance Cochise County

COCHISE COUNTY Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2004

Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

04-101

CFDA No: 07.14PSAP549

High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas

U. S. Office of National Drug Control Policy, passed Through the Pima County Sheriff's

Department

All Award Years and Awards

The Sheriff's Department did not support the actual charges for their salaries and wages with periodic certifications that they worked solely on the HIDTA program.

Contact: Frank Martinez

Anticipated completion date: June 3, 2005

County Response

The Cochise County Sheriff's Department is in the process of initiating a new procedure to assure that charges for salaries and wages of employees working solely on a federal program will be supported by periodic certifications that the employees worked solely on the program for the specific period covered by the certification. The Sheriff's Department, with the assistance of the Director of Finance, is designing a form to be attached to each request for reimbursement and supporting documentation which will include terminology specifically stating the federal program, the period covered and the required certification including signature of either the employee or supervisory official having first-hand knowledge of the work performed by the employee. The Department additionally will require said form be attached to each reimbursement request and require at least semi-annual reporting.