

Apache County, Arizona

Single Audit

Year Ended June 30, 2008

Apache County, Arizona

Single Audit Reporting Package Year Ended June 30, 2008

Table of Contents

Page

FINANCIAL SECTION
Independent Auditors' Report
Required Supplementary Information - Management's Discussion and Analysisi
Government-Wide Statements Statement of Net Assets
Fund Statements Governmental Funds Balance Sheet
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets
Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets
Notes to Financial Statements9
Other Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedules
Supplementary Information Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Apache County, Arizona Single Audit Reporting Package Year Ended June 30, 2008

Table of Contents

Page

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Basic Financial Statements Performed in Accordance	
with Government Auditing Standards	35
Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	37
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Summary of Auditors' Results	39
Financial Statement Findings	
Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs	43
County Responses Corrective Action Plan	44



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Auditor General of the State of Arizona

The Board of Supervisors of Apache County, Arizona

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of Apache County, Arizona as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of Apache County, Arizona as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages i through ix, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules on pages 28 through 31, and Schedule of Agent Retirement Plans' Funding Progress on page 32 are not required parts of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming our opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the County failed to use highway user revenue fund monies received by the County pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2 and any other dedicated state transportation revenues received by the County solely for the authorized transportation purposes. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 20, 2010, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Arizona State Legislature, the Auditor General of the State of Arizona, the Board of Supervisors, and management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited.

Fester & Chapman P.C.

September 20, 2010

As management of the County of Apache, we offer readers of the County of Apache financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County of Apache for fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished herein.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of Apache County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$33,718,666 (net assets). Of this amount, \$3,988,401 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County's total net assets as reported in the statement of activities increased by \$1,012,662. This is a change from the prior year when net assets had decreased \$7,061.
- At the end of the fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$7,887,464 or 34% of the total governmental funds' fund balances.
- Apache County's total long-term liabilities increased by \$3,945,928 during the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. Required supplementary information is included in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County finances in a manner similar to private-sector businesses.

The *Statement of Net Assets* presents information on all County assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenditures are reported in this statement for some items that will result in

cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Component units are included in the County's basic financial statements and consist of legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable and that have substantially the same board as the County or provide services entirely to the County. The blended component units included in the County's basic financial statements are the Apache County Library District, Apache County Flood Control District, Apache County Juvenile Jail District, Apache County Health Services District, and Greer Acres – Little Colorado Special Improvement District.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. Funds are groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a County's near-term financing requirements. Governmental funds include the general, special revenue, debt service and capital projects funds.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Reconciliations are provided for both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County reports four major governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Road, Government Building, and Library Bond Funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 3-6 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs.

The fiduciary funds financial statements can be found on pages 7-8 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes can be found on pages 9-27 of this report.

Other Required Supplementary Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, the report presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's progress in funding its obligations to provide pension benefits for employees. Also presented are budgetary comparison schedules for the County's General and Road Funds.

Required supplementary information can be found on pages 28-32 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net Assets

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, at June 30, 2008, assets exceeded liabilities by \$33,718,666.

Condensed Statement of Net Assets June 30,

	Governmental Activities				
	<u>2007</u>		<u>2008</u>		
Current and other assets	\$ 25,097,391	\$	5 27,140,092		
Capital assets	 19,094,627	_	23,326,775		
Total assets	44,192,018		50,466,867		
Current and other liabilities	2,002,082		3,318,341		
Long-term liabilities	 9,483,932		13,429,860		
Total liabilities	11,486,014		16,748,201		
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	18,321,644		18,994,729		
Restricted net assets	14,100,947		10,735,536		
Unrestricted net assets	 283,413	_	3,988,401		
Total net assets	\$ 32,706,004	5	33,718,666		

The largest portion (\$18,994,729 or 56%) of the County's net assets reflects the investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress) less accumulated depreciation and related debt outstanding used to acquire those assets. The County uses these assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The current year's increase was driven by the issuance of bonds through the Greater Arizona Development Authority (GADA) to facilitate the purchase and remodeling of two administrative facilities for county operations.

Restricted net assets (\$10,735,536 or 32%) represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The decrease coincides with purchase of two new facilities that were added to the invested in capital assets during the year. The remaining balance of net assets (\$3,988,401 or 12%) are unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Current and other assets increased due to larger fund carryovers in FY 2008. This was due to the County adopting conservative fiscal policies in response to deteriorating economic conditions.

Long-term liabilities increased due to the issuance of the bonds through GADA totaling \$3,980,000.

Statement of Activities

The following table illustrates the changes in net assets resulting from governmental activities compared to the prior year.

Condensed Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30

	Governmental Activities					
Revenues:		<u>2007</u>		<u>2008</u>		
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	3,331,595	\$	3,152,589		
Operating grants and contributions		16,159,510		16,054,975		
Capital grants		272,811		185,035		
General Revenues:						
Property taxes		7,080,176		8,217,913		
Share of state sales taxes		6,189,428		6,461,335		
Payments in lieu of taxes		3,620,091		3,672,207		
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs		579,888		566,099		
Investment income		598,149		745,835		
Miscellaneous		425,083		114,153		
Total revenues		38,256,731	=	39,170,141		
Expenses:						
General government		11,561,198		9,617,274		
Public safety		9,232,442		9,981,096		
Highways and streets		10,703,672		11,123,741		
Sanitation		106,126		105,596		
Health		2,530,336		2,675,675		
Welfare		148,242		96,721		
Culture and recreation		940,221		1,089,366		
Education		2,998,490		3,057,304		
Interest on long-term debt		43,065		410,706		
Total expenses		38,263,792	_	38,157,479		
Change in net assets		(7,061)		1,102,662		
Net assets – beginning		32,713,065		32,706,004		
Net assets – ending	\$	32,706,004	<u>\$</u>	33,718,666		

Charges for services decreased by \$179,006 or 5%, due to decrease in activity throughout the County and its departments. The main driver was the downturn in the economy.

Property taxes increased by 1,137,737 or 16% primarily due to the increase in assessed value of the Tucson Electric Power Plant that had two new units being built.

General government expenses decreased \$1,943,924 or 17% due to the County's conservative fiscal policies adopted in reaction to the deteriorating economic climate.

Highway and streets expenses increased \$420,069 or 4%, driven by depreciation expense and the increase in road maintenance, during the year.

Governmental Activities

Financial analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial related legal requirements.

Governmental funds – governmental activities are contained in the general, special revenue, debt service and capital projects funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information of near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financial requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2008, the County's General Fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$476 (<1%).

The Road's fund balance decreased by \$627,992 (18%) due to increased road maintenance.

The Government Building fund increased 3,280,941 (100%) due to proceeds received from the issuance of bonds through GADA.

The Library Bond Fund reported a decrease in fund balance of \$2,566,717 (36%) due to the ongoing construction costs related to planned libraries in the cities of Alpine, Eager, St. Johns, and Concho.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Total general fund revenues were under budget by \$783,565, which was primarily due to the economic downturn that caused property taxes to be under budget by \$426,021, as well as lower than expected sales tax revenue and Homeland Security grant funding that was budgeted for, but did not materialize. The general fund experienced higher than budgeted revenues for charges for services of \$246,019 and fines and forfeits of \$338,799, which helped to offset the other shortfalls. The SRP contribution in lieu of taxes was budgeted as contributions; however the actual revenue received from SRP of \$933,023 was reported as intergovernmental revenue, therefore actual contributions were within \$14,694 of the budgeted amount.

Total general fund expenditures were under budget by \$9,409,197. The significant budget variances between the final budgeted expenditures and actual expenditures in the General Fund are discussed below:

- Attorney's department expenditures were \$280,269 lower due to vacancies that were not filled.
- Board of Supervisors departmental expenditures were \$434,857 lower than final budgeted amounts due to planned conservative spending for the benefit of the population.
- Contingency departmental expenditures were \$4,014,679 lower than final budgeted amounts due to the budgeting of prior year's sales tax revenues that had been held in litigation. These funds were awarded to the County when the case was settled in 1999. The County has budgeted these funds for contingencies spending.
- Grounds/maintenance departmental expenditures were \$273,412 lower than final budgeted amounts due to budgeting for the new buildings that did not fully materialize.
- Emergency services expenditures were \$755,190 under budget due to revenue streams budgeted for, but not received.
- Capital Outlay was \$2,069,098 under budget due to several construction projects not completed that are now estimated to be finished by FY 2010.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2008, amounted to \$23,326,775, net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, improvements other than buildings, construction in progress, buildings, infrastructure, and machinery and equipment.

Capital Assets / Net of Depreciation

	Governmental Activities						
			Increase				
			(Decrease)				
			Percent of				
	<u>FY2007</u>	<u>FY2008</u>	<u>Change</u>				
Land	\$ 1,832,823	\$ 1,921,583	5%				
Improvements other than buildings	54,636	63,410	16%				
Construction in progress	363,953	3,877,943	966%				
Buildings	9,156,156	9,813,546	7%				
Infrastructure	1,384,792	1,885,184	36%				
Machinery and equipment	6,302,267	5,765,109	(9%)				
Totals	<u>\$19,094,627</u>	<u>\$23,326,775</u>	22%				

Land and Buildings increased due to purchases of 3 new facilities during fiscal year 2008. Construction in progress increased due to the ongoing development of the libraries being constructed in the cities of Alpine, Eager, St. Johns, and Concho. Infrastructure increased due certain road construction projects. Additionally, the decrease in machinery and equipment is the result of depreciation during the year.

Long-Term Debt

On June 30, 2008, the County had a total of \$13,429,860 in long-term liabilities. Of this amount, \$11,314,000 was principal outstanding on general obligation and revenue bonds, \$512,040 was a contract payable, and \$330,536 was capital lease obligations. The remainder represents compensated absences payable.

Additional information on the County's long-term liabilities can be found in Note 6 of the Notes to the Financial Statements on pages 18 through 20 of this report.

Economic Factors and the Next Year's Budget

In FY2008 Apache County experienced the same economic slowdown that was felt throughout the State of Arizona. As such, the County expected severe drops in revenue and has budgeted FY2009 in a conservative manner.

The County anticipates additional property tax revenue in fiscal year 2009 due to ongoing development at the Tucson Electric Power complex. Construction is under way on a 4th unit which, when completed, will result in an increased assessed valuation as well as new permanent employment within the county. The County expects this development to help offset any additional deterioration in other revenue sources due to the ongoing economic decline.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Apache County Finance Department, Post Office Box 428, St. Johns, AZ 85936.

Apache County, Arizona STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2008

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	• • • • • • • • •
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,031,788
Investments	20,384,119
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	
Property taxes	344,399
Accounts	23,125
Special assessments	94,297
Accrued interest	202,878
Due from other governments	3,608,862
Inventories	346,016
Prepaid items	104,608
Capital assets, not being depreciated	5,862,936
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	17,463,839
Total assets	50,466,867
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	2,660,172
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	493,056
Accrued interest	165,113
Noncurrent liabilities	105,115
Due within 1 year	1,105,501
Due in more than 1 year	12,324,359
Total liabilities	16,748,201
i otar nabinties	10,740,201
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	18,994,729
Restricted for:	
Public safety	42,796
Highways and streets	2,960,486
Debt service	462,189
Capital projects	3,979,635
Other purposes	3,290,430
Unrestricted	3,988,401
Total net assets	\$ 33,718,666

Apache County, Arizona STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2008

		F	Program Revenue	es	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets		
			Operating	Capital			
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities		
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 9,617,274	\$ 1,842,178	\$ 656,454		\$ (7,118,642)		
Public safety	9,981,096	840,834	2,058,005	\$ 1,461	(7,080,796)		
Highways and streets	11,123,741	155,338	10,854,432		(113,971)		
Welfare	96,721				(96,721)		
Sanitation	105,596		103,134	183,574	181,112		
Health	2,675,675	149,425	1,444,667		(1,081,583)		
Culture and recreation	1,089,366	7,314			(1,082,052)		
Education	3,057,304	157,500	938,283		(1,961,521)		
Interest on long-term debt	410,706				<u>(410,706</u>)		
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 38,157,479</u>	<u>\$ 3,152,589</u>	\$16,054,975	<u>\$ 185,035</u>	(18,764,880)		
	General revenu Taxes:	Jes:					
	Property tax	kes, levied for ge	eneral purposes		4,878,519		
	Property tax	kes, levied for ja	il district		688,683		
	Property taxes, levied for juvenile jail district						
Property taxes, levied for library							
Property taxes, levied for library construction							
Property taxes, levied for health service district							
Property taxes, levied for debt service							
Shared revenue - state sales taxes							
Payments in lieu of taxes							
			restricted to spec	cific programs	566,099		
	Investment ea	•			745,835		
	Miscellaneou				114,153		
	•	eral revenues			19,777,542		
	•	net assets			1,012,662		
	Net assets, Jul				<u>32,706,004</u>		

 Net assets, July 1, 2007
 32,706,004

 Net assets, June 30, 2008
 \$ 33,718,666

Apache County, Arizona BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2008

ASETS Cash and cash equivalents \$ 861,890 \$ 145,255 \$ 236,615 \$ 404,859 \$ 383,169 \$ 2.031,788 Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles): Property taxes 141,606 3,049,704 5,218,185 \$ 383,169 \$ 2.031,788 Property taxes 141,606 5,929,245 1,872,172 3,049,704 5,218,185 \$ 3,84,399 Accounts 4777 16,993 5,655 2.23,125 5,655 2.23,125 Other funds 273,353 3,2228 58,000 68,188 40,898 202,878 Other governments 1,287,144 1,682,414 629,304 3,608,862 364,016 Prepaid items 5,2446 7,344 5,731,002 \$ 5,790,025 \$ 27,71,861 LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES 230,056 110,407 \$ 3,3315,418 \$ 5,719,002 \$ 2,57,91,861 Due to: 0 ther runds 35,885 39,235 366,649 </th <th></th> <th></th> <th>General Fund</th> <th> Road Fund</th> <th>Government Building Fund</th> <th> Library Bond Fund</th> <th>G</th> <th>Other overnmental Funds</th> <th>G</th> <th>Total Governmental Funds</th>			General Fund	 Road Fund	Government Building Fund	 Library Bond Fund	G	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total Governmental Funds
Investments 5,929,245 1,872,172 3,049,704 5,218,185 4,314,813 20,384,119 Receivables (int of allowances for uncollectibles): Property taxes 141,606 202,793 344,399 Property taxes 477 16,993 5,685 23,125 Special assessments 57,972 18,861 29,099 49,958 46,988 202,2783 Other funds 273,353 32,228 58,000 68,188 431,769 Other governments 1,287,144 1,602,414 629,304 3,608,862 Inventories 9,862 336,154 5,731,002 5,790,025 5,275,1861 LiABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES 5,269,578 \$ 1,024,369 \$ 3,44,77 \$ 1,079,203 \$ 252,545 \$ 2,660,172 Accrued payroll and employee benefits 230,056 \$ 1,04,077 \$ 1,079,203 \$ 252,545 \$ 2,660,172 Accrued interest 200,056 \$ 1,024,369 \$ 34,477 \$ 1,079,203 \$ 252,545 \$ 2,660,172 Due to: 0 ther funds 35,885 39,235 <										
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles): 202.793 344,399 Property taxes 477 16,993 5,665 23,125 Special assessments 57,972 18,861 29,099 49,958 46,988 202,878 Due from: 0ther funds 273,353 32,228 58,000 68,188 431,769 Other funds 1,287,144 1,692,414 1,692,414 629,304 3,608,862 Inventories 9,862 336,154 - 344,008 44,818 104,608 Total assets 5 8,613,995 \$ 4,121,421 \$ 3,315,418 \$ 5,731,002 \$ 5,790,025 \$ 27,571,861 LiAbilities: Accounts payable \$ 269,578 \$ 1,024,369 \$ 34,477 \$ 1,079,203 \$ 252,545 \$ 2,660,172 400,772 Accounts payable \$ 269,578 \$ 1,024,369 \$ 34,477 \$ 1,079,203 \$ 252,545 \$ 2,660,172 400,772 Accounts payable \$ 269,578 \$ 1,024,369 \$ 34,477 \$ 1,079,203 \$ 252,545 \$ 2,660,172	•	\$		\$,	\$,	\$,	\$,	\$, ,
uncollectibles): vincollectibles): vincollectibles: vincollectibles): vincollectibles: vincollectible			5,929,245	1,872,172	3,049,704	5,218,185		4,314,813		20,384,119
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	l l									
$\begin{array}{cccc} Accounts & 477 & 16,993 & 5,655 & 23,125 \\ Special assessments & 57,972 & 18,861 & 29,099 & 49,958 & 46,988 & 202,878 \\ Due from: & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$,									
Special assessments 94,297 94,297 94,297 Accrued interest 57,972 18,861 29,099 49,958 46,988 202,678 Other funds 273,353 32,228 58,000 68,188 431,769 Other governments 1,287,144 1,692,414 629,304 3,608,862 Inventories 9,862 336,154 346,016 346,016 Prepaid items 52,446 7,344 5,731,002 \$ 5,790,025 \$ 27,571,861 LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES 104,608 5,731,002 \$ 5,790,025 \$ 2,660,172 Accrued payroll and employee benefits 230,056 110,407 \$ 1,079,203 \$ 252,545 \$ 2,660,172 Accrued payroll and employee benefits 230,056 110,407 \$ 1,079,203 \$ 252,545 \$ 2,660,172 Accrued payroll and employee benefits 25,791 230,056 \$ 1,024,369 \$ 34,477 \$ 1,079,203 \$ 252,545 \$ 2,660,172 Accrued payroll and employee benefits 230,056 110,407 \$ 272,073 400,779 \$ 4,150,889 <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td>,</td>			,					,		,
Áccrued interest 57,972 18,861 29,099 49,958 46,988 202,878 Due from: Other funds 273,353 32,228 58,000 68,188 431,769 Other governments 1,287,144 1,682,414 629,304 3,608,862 346,016 Inventories 9,862 336,154 340,016 344,016 340,016 Prepaid items 52,446 7,344 \$3,315,418 \$5,731,002 \$5,790,025 \$27,571,861 LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES \$8,613,995 \$1,024,369 \$34,477 \$1,079,203 \$252,545 \$2,660,172 Accounts payable \$269,578 \$1,024,369 \$34,477 \$1,079,203 \$252,545 \$2,660,172 Accound payroll and employee benefits 230,056 110,407 343,477 \$1,079,203 \$252,545 \$2,660,172 Due to: 0ther funds 35,885 39,235 356,649 431,769 Deferred revenue 128,704 _272,075 400,779 4150,839 165,113 166,116 Inventories<			477	16,993				,		,
Due from: State <								,		,
Other funds 273,353 32,228 58,000 68,188 431,769 Other governments 1,287,144 1,682,414 629,304 36,08,862 346,016 Prepaid items 52,446 7,344 44,818 104,608 \$27,571,861 Total assets \$ 8,613,995 \$ 4,121,421 \$ 3,315,418 \$ 5,731,002 \$ 5,790,025 \$ 27,571,861 LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 269,578 \$ 1,024,369 \$ 34,477 \$ 1,079,203 \$ 252,545 \$ 2,660,172 Accounts payable \$ 269,578 \$ 1,024,369 \$ 34,477 \$ 1,079,203 \$ 252,545 \$ 2,660,172 Accounts payable \$ 269,578 \$ 1,024,369 \$ 34,477 \$ 1,079,203 \$ 252,545 \$ 2,660,172 Accrued interest 230,056 110,407 346,016 152,593 493,056 Deferred revenue 128,704 272,075 400,779 400,779 Total liabilities 664,223 1,174,011 34,477 1,079,203 1,198,975 4,150,889			57,972	18,861	29,099	49,958		46,988		202,878
Other governments 1,287,144 1,692,414 629,304 3,608,862 Inventories 9,862 336,154 346,016 346,016 Prepaid items 52,446 7,344 5,731,002 5,790,025 5,275,71,861 LtABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES 5 8,613,395 5 1,024,369 3,4,477 5 1,079,203 5,730,025 5 2,660,172 Accounts payable \$ 269,578 \$ 1,024,369 \$ 34,477 \$ 1,079,203 \$ 252,545 \$ 2,660,172 Accound payable \$ 269,578 \$ 1,024,369 \$ 34,477 \$ 1,079,203 \$ 252,545 \$ 2,660,172 Due to: 200,056 110,407 \$ 346,711 315,713 152,593 433,056 Deferred revenue 128,704 272,075 400,779 326,649 431,769 Accrued interest 664,223 1,174,011 34,477 1,079,203 1,198,975 4,150,889										
Inventories 9,862 336,154 346,016 Prepaid items 52,446 7,344 3315,418 44,818 104,608 Total assets \$ 8,613,995 \$ 4,121,421 \$ 3,315,418 \$ 5,731,002 \$ 5,790,025 \$ 27,571,861 Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 269,578 \$ 1,024,369 \$ 34,477 \$ 1,079,203 \$ 252,545 \$ 2,660,172 Accounts payable \$ 269,578 \$ 1,024,369 \$ 34,477 \$ 1,079,203 \$ 252,545 \$ 2,660,172 Accounts payable \$ 269,578 \$ 1,024,369 \$ 34,477 \$ 1,079,203 \$ 252,545 \$ 2,660,172 Accrued payroll and employee benefits 230,056 110,407 \$ 34,477 \$ 1,079,203 \$ 252,545 \$ 2,660,172 Accrued interest 236,056 110,407 \$ 34,477 \$ 1,079,203 \$ 252,545 \$ 2,660,172 Accrued interest 366,649 431,769 366,413 165,113 165,113 Deferred revenue 128,704 1,079,203 1,198,975 4,150,889 346,016 Fund			,	,		58,000		,		,
Prepaid items 52,446 7,344 44,818 104,608 Total assets \$ 8,613,995 \$ 4,121,421 \$ 3,315,418 \$ 5,731,002 \$ 5,790,025 \$ 27,571,861 Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 269,578 \$ 1,024,369 \$ 34,477 \$ 1,079,203 \$ 252,545 \$ 2,660,172 Accounts payable \$ 269,578 \$ 1,024,369 \$ 34,477 \$ 1,079,203 \$ 252,545 \$ 2,660,172 Accound payroll and employee benefits 230,056 110,407 \$ 1,079,203 \$ 252,545 \$ 2,660,172 Other funds 35,885 39,235 356,649 431,769 Accrued interest 165,113 165,113 165,113 165,113 Deferred revenue 128,704			, ,	, ,				629,304		, ,
Total assets \$ 8,613,995 \$ 4,121,421 \$ 3,315,418 \$ 5,731,002 \$ 5,790,025 \$ 27,571,861 LiAbilities: Accounts payable \$ 269,578 \$ 1,024,369 \$ 34,477 \$ 1,079,203 \$ 252,545 \$ 2,660,172 Accounts payable \$ 269,578 \$ 1,024,369 \$ 34,477 \$ 1,079,203 \$ 252,545 \$ 2,660,172 Accrued payroll and employee benefits 230,056 110,407 \$ 152,593 493,056 Due to: 0ther funds 35,885 39,235 356,649 431,769 Accrued interest 165,113 165,113 165,113 165,113 165,113 Deferred revenue 128,704				,						,
LiABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 269,578 \$ 1,024,369 \$ 34,477 \$ 1,079,203 \$ 252,545 \$ 2,660,172 Accrued payroll and employee benefits 230,056 110,407 152,593 493,056 Due to: 0ther funds 35,885 39,235 356,649 431,769 Accrued interest 128,704 165,113 165,113 165,113 Deferred revenue 128,704 272,075 400,779 Total liabilities 664,223 1,174,011 34,477 1,079,203 1,198,975 4,150,889 Fund balances: Reserved for: 1nventories 9,862 336,154 346,016 Prepaid items 52,446 7,344 44,818 104,608 Unreserved, reported in: 7,887,464 7,887,464 6,722,774 General fund 7,887,464 2,603,912 3,280,941 4,651,799 90,381 8,023,121 Debt service fund 32,80,941 4,651,799 90,381 8,023,121 32,6989 33,6,9	Prepaid items				 	 				
Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 269,578 \$ 1,024,369 \$ 34,477 \$ 1,079,203 \$ 252,545 \$ 2,660,172 Accrued payroll and employee benefits 230,056 110,407 1024,369 \$ 34,477 \$ 1,079,203 \$ 252,545 \$ 2,660,172 Accrued payroll and employee benefits 230,056 110,407 152,593 493,056 Other funds 35,885 39,235 356,649 431,769 Accrued interest 165,113 165,113 165,113 Deferred revenue 128,704	Total assets	\$	8,613,995	\$ 4,121,421	\$ 3,315,418	\$ 5,731,002	\$	5,790,025	\$	27,571,861
Accounts payable \$ 269,578 \$ 1,024,369 \$ 34,477 \$ 1,079,203 \$ 252,545 \$ 2,660,172 Accrued payroll and employee benefits 230,056 110,407 152,593 493,056 Due to: 35,885 39,235 356,649 431,769 Accrued interest 165,113 165,113 165,113 Deferred revenue 128,704 272,075 400,779 Total liabilities 664,223 1,174,011 34,477 1,079,203 1,198,975 4,150,889 Fund balances: 664,223 1,174,011 34,477 1,079,203 1,198,975 4,150,889 Fund balances: 9,862 336,154 346,016 346,016 Prepaid items 52,446 7,344 44,818 104,608 Unreserved, reported in: 6,722,774 2,603,912 7,887,464 7,887,464 Special revenue funds 2,603,912 3,280,941 4,651,799 90,381 8,023,121 Debt service fund 7,949,772 2,947,410 3,280,941 4,651,799 23,420,972 Total fund balances 7,949,772 2,947,410 3,280,9	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Accrued payroll and employee benefits 230,056 110,407 152,593 493,056 Due to: Other funds 35,885 39,235 356,649 431,769 Accrued interest 165,113 165,113 165,113 165,113 Deferred revenue 128,704 272,075 400,779 Total liabilities 664,223 1,174,011 34,477 1,079,203 1,198,975 4,150,889 Fund balances: Reserved for: Inventories 9,862 336,154 346,016 Prepaid items 52,446 7,344 44,818 104,608 Unreserved, reported in: General fund 7,887,464 7,887,464 7,887,464 Special revenue funds 2,603,912 3,280,941 4,651,799 90,381 8,023,121 Debt service fund 7,949,772 2,947,410 3,280,941 4,651,799 4,591,050 23,420,972	Liabilities:									
Due to: 35,885 39,235 356,649 431,769 Accrued interest 128,704 165,113 165,113 165,113 Deferred revenue 128,704 272,075 400,779 400,779 Total liabilities 664,223 1,174,011 34,477 1,079,203 1,198,975 4,150,889 Fund balances: Reserved for: 346,016 346,016 7,887,464 7,344 44,818 104,608 Unreserved, reported in: 52,446 7,344 44,818 104,608 Unreserved, reported in: 52,603,912 4,118,862 6,722,774 General fund 7,887,464 2,603,912 4,118,862 6,722,774 Capital projects funds 2,947,410 3,280,941 4,651,799 90,381 8,023,121 Debt service fund 7,949,772 2,947,410 3,280,941 4,651,799 4,591,050 23,420,972 Total fund balances 7,949,772 2,947,410 3,280,941 4,651,799 4,591,050 23,420,972	Accounts payable	\$	269,578	\$ 1,024,369	\$ 34,477	\$ 1,079,203	\$	252,545	\$	2,660,172
Due to: 35,885 39,235 356,649 431,769 Accrued interest 128,704 165,113 165,113 165,113 Deferred revenue 128,704 272,075 400,779 400,779 Total liabilities 664,223 1,174,011 34,477 1,079,203 1,198,975 4,150,889 Fund balances: Reserved for: 346,016 346,016 7,887,464 7,344 44,818 104,608 Unreserved, reported in: 52,446 7,344 44,818 104,608 Unreserved, reported in: 52,603,912 4,118,862 6,722,774 General fund 7,887,464 2,603,912 4,118,862 6,722,774 Capital projects funds 2,947,410 3,280,941 4,651,799 90,381 8,023,121 Debt service fund 7,949,772 2,947,410 3,280,941 4,651,799 4,591,050 23,420,972 Total fund balances 7,949,772 2,947,410 3,280,941 4,651,799 4,591,050 23,420,972	Accrued payroll and employee benefits		230,056	110,407				152,593		493,056
Accrued interest 165,113 165,113 165,113 Deferred revenue 128,704 272,075 400,779 Total liabilities 664,223 1,174,011 34,477 1,079,203 1,198,975 4,150,889 Fund balances: Reserved for: 9,862 336,154 346,016 Prepaid items 52,446 7,344 44,818 104,608 Unreserved, reported in: General fund 7,887,464 7,887,464 7,887,464 Special revenue funds 2,603,912 4,118,862 6,722,774 Capital projects funds 3,280,941 4,651,799 90,381 8,023,121 Debt service fund 7,949,772 2,947,410 3,280,941 4,651,799 23,420,972										
Deferred revenue 128,704 272,075 400,779 Total liabilities 664,223 1,174,011 34,477 1,079,203 1,198,975 4,150,889 Fund balances: Reserved for: 1 34,477 1,079,203 1,198,975 4,150,889 Inventories 9,862 336,154 346,016 Prepaid items 52,446 7,344 44,818 104,608 Unreserved, reported in: 6 7,887,464 7,887,464 7,887,464 Special revenue funds 2,603,912 3,280,941 4,651,799 90,381 8,023,121 Debt service fund 7,949,772 2,947,410 3,280,941 4,651,799 4,591,050 23,420,972			35,885	39,235				356,649		431,769
Total liabilities 664,223 1,174,011 34,477 1,079,203 1,198,975 4,150,889 Fund balances: Reserved for: Inventories 9,862 336,154 346,016 Prepaid items 52,446 7,344 44,818 104,608 Unreserved, reported in: General fund 7,887,464 7,887,464 7,887,464 Special revenue funds 2,603,912 3,280,941 4,651,799 90,381 8,023,121 Debt service fund 7,949,772 2,947,410 3,280,941 4,651,799 4,591,050 23,420,972	Accrued interest							165,113		165,113
Fund balances: Reserved for: 346,016 Inventories 9,862 336,154 346,016 Prepaid items 52,446 7,344 44,818 104,608 Unreserved, reported in: 6 7,887,464 7,887,464 7,887,464 Special revenue funds 2,603,912 4,118,862 6,722,774 Capital projects funds 3,280,941 4,651,799 90,381 8,023,121 Debt service fund 3,280,941 4,651,799 336,989 336,989 Total fund balances 7,949,772 2,947,410 3,280,941 4,651,799 4,591,050 23,420,972	Deferred revenue		128,704	 	 	 		272,075		400,779
Fund balances: Reserved for: 346,016 Inventories 9,862 336,154 346,016 Prepaid items 52,446 7,344 44,818 104,608 Unreserved, reported in: 6 7,887,464 7,887,464 7,887,464 Special revenue funds 2,603,912 4,118,862 6,722,774 Capital projects funds 3,280,941 4,651,799 90,381 8,023,121 Debt service fund 3,280,941 4,651,799 336,989 336,989 Total fund balances 7,949,772 2,947,410 3,280,941 4,651,799 4,591,050 23,420,972	Total liabilities		664,223	 1,174,011	34,477	1,079,203		1,198,975		4,150,889
Inventories 9,862 336,154 346,016 Prepaid items 52,446 7,344 44,818 104,608 Unreserved, reported in: 6 7,887,464 7,887,464 7,887,464 Special revenue funds 2,603,912 4,118,862 6,722,774 Capital projects funds 3,280,941 4,651,799 90,381 8,023,121 Debt service fund 3,280,941 4,651,799 336,989 336,989 Total fund balances 7,949,772 2,947,410 3,280,941 4,651,799 23,420,972	Fund balances:									
Prepaid items 52,446 7,344 44,818 104,608 Unreserved, reported in: General fund 7,887,464 7,887,464 7,887,464 Special revenue funds 2,603,912 4,118,862 6,722,774 Capital projects funds 3,280,941 4,651,799 90,381 8,023,121 Debt service fund 336,989 336,989 336,989 336,989 Total fund balances 7,949,772 2,947,410 3,280,941 4,651,799 4,591,050 23,420,972	Reserved for:									
Unreserved, reported in: 7,887,464 7,887,464 General fund 7,887,464 7,887,464 Special revenue funds 2,603,912 4,118,862 6,722,774 Capital projects funds 3,280,941 4,651,799 90,381 8,023,121 Debt service fund 336,989 336,989 336,989 336,989 Total fund balances 7,949,772 2,947,410 3,280,941 4,651,799 4,591,050 23,420,972	Inventories		9,862	336,154						346,016
Unreserved, reported in: General fund 7,887,464 7,887,464 Special revenue funds 2,603,912 4,118,862 6,722,774 Capital projects funds 3,280,941 4,651,799 90,381 8,023,121 Debt service fund 336,989 336,989 336,989 336,989 Total fund balances 7,949,772 2,947,410 3,280,941 4,651,799 4,591,050 23,420,972	Prepaid items		52,446	7,344				44,818		104,608
General fund 7,887,464 7,887,464 Special revenue funds 2,603,912 4,118,862 6,722,774 Capital projects funds 3,280,941 4,651,799 90,381 8,023,121 Debt service fund 3,280,941 4,651,799 90,381 8,023,121 Total fund balances 7,949,772 2,947,410 3,280,941 4,651,799 4,591,050 23,420,972	Unreserved, reported in:		,	,				,		,
Special revenue funds 2,603,912 4,118,862 6,722,774 Capital projects funds 3,280,941 4,651,799 90,381 8,023,121 Debt service fund 336,989 336,989 336,989 336,989 Total fund balances 7,949,772 2,947,410 3,280,941 4,651,799 4,591,050 23,420,972			7.887.464							7.887.464
Capital projects funds 3,280,941 4,651,799 90,381 8,023,121 Debt service fund 336,989 336,989 336,989 336,989 336,989 Total fund balances 7,949,772 2,947,410 3,280,941 4,651,799 4,591,050 23,420,972	Special revenue funds		,, -	2.603.912				4.118.862		, ,
Debt service fund 336,989 336,989 Total fund balances 7,949,772 2,947,410 3,280,941 4,651,799 4,591,050 23,420,972	•			, , -	3.280.941	4.651.799		90.381		, ,
Total fund balances 7,949,772 2,947,410 3,280,941 4,651,799 4,591,050 23,420,972					-,,-	,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,		
		_	7,949,772	 2.947.410	3.280.941	4.651.799				
		\$		\$	\$	\$	\$		\$	

Apache County, Arizona

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2008

Fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	23,420,972
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$47,413,902 and the accumulated depreciation is \$24,087,127.			23,326,775
Some receivables are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.			400,779
Some liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Compensated absences payable General obligation bonds payable Special assessment bonds payable Revenue bonds payable Installment purchase payable Capital leases payable	\$ (1,273,284) (7,190,000) (144,000) (3,980,000) (512,040) (330,536)		<u>(13,429,860</u>)
Net assets of governmental activities		<u>\$</u>	33,718,666

Apache County, Arizona STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2008

REVENUES: Property taxes Special assessments Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeits Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total revenues EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public safety Highways and streets Welfare	\$ 4,085,143 252,711 9,273,233 446,019 878,297 185,623 18,261 15,139,287 8,148,430	\$ 2,555,212 8,035,797 1,153 71,920 4,558 10,668,640	\$ 90,089	\$ 231,452 231,452	\$ 4,816,251 92,981 6,457,507 1,260,602 163,136 166,754 88,115	\$ 11,456,606 92,981 252,711 23,766,537 1,707,774 1,041,433 745,838
Special assessments Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeits Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total revenues EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public safety Highways and streets	252,711 9,273,233 446,019 878,297 185,623 <u>18,261</u> 15,139,287	8,035,797 1,153 71,920 4,558	\$ 90,089	. ,	92,981 6,457,507 1,260,602 163,136 166,754	92,981 252,711 23,766,537 1,707,774 1,041,433 745,838
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeits Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total revenues EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public safety Highways and streets	9,273,233 446,019 878,297 185,623 <u>18,261</u> 15,139,287	1,153 71,920 4,558	\$ 90,089	. ,	6,457,507 1,260,602 163,136 166,754	252,711 23,766,537 1,707,774 1,041,433 745,838
Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeits Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total revenues EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public safety Highways and streets	9,273,233 446,019 878,297 185,623 <u>18,261</u> 15,139,287	1,153 71,920 4,558	\$ 90,089	. ,	1,260,602 163,136 166,754	23,766,537 1,707,774 1,041,433 745,838
Charges for services Fines and forfeits Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total revenues EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public safety Highways and streets	446,019 878,297 185,623 <u>18,261</u> 15,139,287	1,153 71,920 4,558	\$ 90,089	. ,	1,260,602 163,136 166,754	1,707,774 1,041,433 745,838
Fines and forfeits Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total revenues EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public safety Highways and streets	878,297 185,623 <u>18,261</u> <u>15,139,287</u>	71,920 4,558	\$ 90,089	. ,	163,136 166,754	1,041,433 745,838
Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total revenues EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public safety Highways and streets	185,623 <u>18,261</u> <u>15,139,287</u>	4,558	. ,	. ,	166,754	745,838
Miscellaneous Total revenues EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public safety Highways and streets	18,261 15,139,287	4,558	. ,	. ,		
Total revenues EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public safety Highways and streets	15,139,287			231,452	88,115	
EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public safety Highways and streets		10,668,640	90,089	231,452		110,934
Current: General government Public safety Highways and streets	8,148,430			201,102	13,045,346	39,174,814
General government Public safety Highways and streets	8,148,430					
Public safety Highways and streets	8,148,430					
Highways and streets					1,682,635	9,831,065
	3,762,252				5,666,937	9,429,189
Welfare		10,204,653			616,386	10,821,039
	91,613				1,032	92,645
Sanitation					104,159	104,159
Health	1,039,911				1,635,764	2,675,675
Culture and recreation	18,000			3,500	1,035,740	1,057,240
Education	330,933			-,	2,698,808	3,029,741
Capital outlay	877,642	981,430	114,347	2,794,669	285,986	5,054,074
Debt service:	- ,-	,	7 -	, - ,		- / / -
Principal	62,960	27,724	694,801		66,000	851,485
Interest and other charges	,	2,721			407,984	410,705
Total expenditures	14,331,741	11,216,528	809,148	2,798,169	14,201,431	43,357,017
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	807,546	(547.888) (719,059)	(2,566,717)	(1,156,085)	(4,182,203)
·		(011)000) <u> </u>	(2,000,1.1.)	(1,100,000)	(1,102,200)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	122,105				1,584,459	1,706,564
Transfers out	(1,504,175)	(80,104)		(122,285)	(1,706,564)
Capital lease agreement					300,666	300,666
Revenue bonds issued			4,000,000			4,000,000
Installment purchase agreement	575,000					575,000
Total other financing sources and uses	(807,070)	(80,104) 4,000,000		1,762,840	4,875,666
Net change in fund balances	476	(627,992) 3,280,941	(2,566,717)	606,755	693,463
Fund balances, July 1, 2007	7,931,007	3,573,998		7,218,516	3,947,171	22,670,692
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventories	(1,917)	780				(1,137)
Increase in reserve for prepaid items	20,206	624			37,124	57,954
Fund balances, June 30, 2008	\$ 7,949,772	\$ 2,947,410		\$ 4,651,799	\$ 4,591,050	\$ 23,420,972

Apache County, Arizona

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2008

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 693,463
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 6,556,110 (2,256,958)	4,299,152
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the capital assets sold.		(67,004)
Collections of revenues in the governmental funds exceeded revenues reported in the Statement of Activities.		(23,838)
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.		(4,856,500)
Decrease of compensated absences payable increases net assets of governmental activities, but does not have any effect on fund balances of the governmental funds.		59,087
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Principal repayments: Bond anticipation note payable Special assessment bonds payable Installment purchase contract payable Capital leases payable	694,801 66,000 62,960 27,724	851,485
Some cash outlays, such as purchases of inventories, are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when purchased. In the Statement of Activities, however, they are reported as expenses when consumed. Decrease in inventories	(1,137)	50.047
Increase in prepaid items Change in net assets of governmental activities	<u> </u>	<u>56,817</u> <u>\$1,012,662</u>

Apache County, Arizona STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2008

	Investment Trust Fund	Agency Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 29,915,120	\$ 68.270
Interest and dividends receivable	¢ 29,915,120 1,102,440	5 08,270 7,496
Investments, at fair value Total assets	<u>94,168,164</u> 125,185,724	<u>879,924</u> <u>\$955,690</u>
	120,100,724	<u>φ 300,030</u>
LIABILITIES		• • • • • • • •
Due to other governments Total liabilities		<u>\$ </u>
		φ 300,030
NET ASSETS		
Held in trust for investment trust participants	<u>\$125,185,724</u>	

Apache County, Arizona STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Investment Trust Fund
ADDITIONS:	•
Contributions from participants	\$ 189,136,735
Investment earnings:	
Interest and dividends	5,115,161
Net decrease in the fair value of investments	<u>(2,529,219</u>)
Total investment earnings	2,585,942
Total additions	191,722,677
DEDUCTIONS: Distributions to participants Total deductions	<u>177,260,112</u> 177,260,112
Change in net assets	14,462,565
Net assets, July 1, 2007	110,723,159
Net assets, June 30, 2008	<u>\$ 125,185,724</u>

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Apache County, Arizona (the County) conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

A. Reporting Entity

The County is a general purpose local government that is governed by a separately elected board of three county supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the County (the primary government) and its component units.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the County's operations. Therefore, data from these units is combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the County. Each blended component unit discussed below has a June 30 year-end. The County has no discretely presented component units.

The following table describes the County's component units:

Component Unit	Description; Criteria for Inclusion	Reporting Method	For Separate Financial Statements
Apache County Flood Control District	A tax-levying district that provides flood control systems; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors	Blended	Not available
Apache County Health Services District	Provides comprehensive, culturally sensitive, quality health resources to the County's residents; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors	Blended	Not available
Apache County Jail District	A tax-levying district that acquires, constructs, operates, maintains, and finances county jails and jail systems; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the governing board	Blended	Not available
Apache County Juvenile Jail District	A tax-levying district that acquires, constructs, operates, maintains, and finances county juvenile jails and jail systems; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors	Blended	Not available
Apache County Library District	Provides and maintains library services for the County's residents; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors	Blended	Not available
Greer Acres - Little Colorado Special Improvement District	A tax-levying district that develops and constructs sewer systems; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors	Blended	Not available

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

B. Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the County as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the usefulness of the information.

Government-wide statements - provide information about the primary government (the County) and its component units. The statements include a statement of net assets and a statement of activities. These statements report the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

A statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The County does not allocate indirect expenses to programs or functions. Program revenues include:

- charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided,
- operating grants and contributions, and
- capital grants and contributions, including special assessments.

Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including internally dedicated resources and all taxes, are reported as general revenues.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. However, charges for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated if the prices approximate their external exchange values.

Fund financial statements - provide information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements are presented for the governmental and fiduciary fund categories. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Fiduciary funds are aggregated and reported by fund type.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Road Fund* accounts for monies from specific revenue sources that are restricted for road maintenance and operations and for pavement preservation.

The *Government Building Fund* accounts for monies from grant revenues and debt issued to fund the development of public infrastructure.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

The *Library Bond Fund* accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation bond debt issued for the construction of libraries.

The County reports the following fund types:

The investment trust fund accounts for pooled assets held and invested by the County Treasurer on behalf of other governmental entities.

The agency funds account for assets held by the County as an agent for the State and various local governments, and for property taxes collected and distributed to the State, local school districts, community college districts, and special districts.

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, with the exception of agency funds, and the accrual basis of accounting. The agency funds are custodial in nature and do not have a measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements the provider imposed have been met.

Governmental funds in the fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. The County considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year-end. The County's major revenue sources that are susceptible to accrual are property taxes, special assessments, intergovernmental, charges for services, and investment earnings. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they are due and payable. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease agreements are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of grants and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. The County applies grants resources to such programs before using general revenues.

D. Cash and Investments

Nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts are stated at cost. Money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts with a remaining maturity of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

E. Inventories

The County accounts for its inventories in the governmental funds using the purchase method. Inventories of the governmental funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. Amounts on hand at year-end are shown on the balance sheet as an asset for informational purposes only and are offset by a fund balance reserve to indicate that they do not constitute "available spendable resources." These inventories are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out method.

Inventories in the government-wide financial statements are recorded as assets when purchased and expensed when consumed. These inventories are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out method.

F. Property Tax Calendar

The County levies real property taxes on or before the third Monday in August that become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May.

During the year, the County also levies various personal property taxes that become due the second Monday of every month following receipt of the tax notice and become delinquent 30 days later.

A lien assessed against real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold		
Land	All		
Construction in progress	\$ 5,000		
Improvements other than			
buildings	\$ 5,000		
		Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings	\$ 5,000	Straight line	25-40 years
Machinery and equipment	\$ 5,000	Straight line	5-8 years
Infrastructure	\$ 5,000	Straight line	40-45 years

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

H. Investment Earnings

Investment earnings is composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

I. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of vacation leave and a calculated amount of sick leave earned by employees based on services already rendered. Employees may accumulate up to 280 hours of vacation, but any vacation hours in excess of the maximum amount that are unused at year end are forfeited. Upon termination of employment, all unused and unforfeited vacation benefits are paid to employees. Accordingly, vacation benefits are accrued as a liability in the financial statements.

Employees may accumulate up to 1,500 hours of sick leave. Generally, sick leave benefits provide for ordinary sick pay and are cumulative but are forfeited upon termination of employment. Because sick leave benefits do not vest with employees, a liability for sick leave benefits is not accrued in the financial statements. However, upon retirement, for employees who have accumulated at least 500 hours of sick leave, sick leave benefits do vest, and therefore, are accrued.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Deficit fund balances - At June 30, 2008, the following funds reported significant deficits in fund balances:

Fund	 Deficit
Health Services	\$ 70,516
D.P. Service School	57,229
Jail District	840,553

These deficits resulted from operations during the year, but are expected to be corrected through normal operations and transfers from other funds in fiscal year 2009.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S) authorize the County to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's investment pool; obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or any of the senior debt of its agencies, sponsored agencies, corporations, sponsored corporations, or instrumentalities; specified state and local government bonds; interest-earning investments such as savings accounts, certificates of deposits, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; and specified commercial paper, bonds, debentures, and notes issued by corporations organized and doing business in the United States. In addition, the County Treasurer may invest trust funds in fixed income securities of corporations doing business in the United States or District of Columbia.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Credit Risk

Statutes have the following requirements for credit risk:

- 1. Commercial paper must be rated P1 by Moody's investors service or A1 or better by Standard and Poor's rating service.
- 2. Corporate bonds, debentures, and notes must be rated A or better by Moody's investors service or Standard and Poor's rating service.
- 3. Fixed income securities must carry one of the two highest ratings by Moody's investors service and Standard and Poor's rating service. If only one of the above-mentioned services rates the security, it must carry the highest rating of that service.

Custodial credit risk

Statutes require collateral for demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements at 101 percent of all deposits not covered by federal depository insurance.

Concentration of credit risk

Statutes do not include any requirements for concentration of credit risk.

Interest rate risk

Statutes require that public monies invested in securities and deposits have a maximum maturity of 5 years and that public operating fund monies invested in securities and deposits have a maximum maturity of 3 years. Investments in repurchase agreements must have a maximum maturity of 180 days.

Foreign currency risk

Statutes do not allow foreign investments.

Deposits - At June 30, 2008, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$23,055,151, and the bank balance was \$24,240,050. The County does not have a formal policy with respect to custodial credit risk.

At June 30, 2008, \$23,359,398 of the County's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

	Fa	Fair Value		
Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$	4,080		
Uninsured with collateral held by the				
pledging financial institution	2	<u>3,355,318</u>		
	\$ 2	3,359,398		

Investments - The County's investments at June 30, 2008, were as follows:

Investment Type	Amount	
U.S. agency securities	\$ 93,848,554	
Corporate bonds	28,226,119	
Money market funds	2,313,481	
	<u>\$ 124,388,154</u>	

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Credit Risk - The County does not have a formal investment policy with respect to credit risk. At June 30, 2008, credit risk for the County's investments was as follows:

Investment Type	Rating	Rating Agency	_	Amount
U.S. agency securities	AAA	Moodys	\$	93,609,099
U.S. agency securities	A2	Moodys		239,455
Corporate bonds	AAA	Moodys		4,117,438
Corporate bonds	AA3	Moodys		5,679,589
Corporate bonds	AA2	Moodys		494,935
Corporate bonds	AA1	Moodys		3,873,240
Corporate bonds	A2	Moodys		4,918,170
Corporate bonds	A1	Moodys		5,594,820
Corporate bonds	BAA1	Moodys		3,443,758
Corporate bonds	Withdrawn Rate	Moodys		104,169
Money market funds	AAA	Moodys		2,313,481
			\$	124,388,154

Custodial credit risk - For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the counterparty's failure, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County does not have a formal investment policy with respect to custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2008, the County had \$93,848,554 of U.S. agency securities, \$28,226,119 of corporate bonds, and \$2,313,481 in money market funds that were uninsured and held by the counterparty's trust department not in the County's name.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The County does not have a formal investment policy with respect to concentration of credit risk. The County had investments at June 30, 2008, of 5 percent or more in Freddie Mac (Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation), Fannie Mae (Federal National Mortgage Association), and Federal Home Loan Bank. These investments were 11.0%, 25.0%, and 32.0%, respectively, of the County's total investments.

Interest Rate Risk - The County does not have a formal investment policy with respect to interest rate risk. At June 30, 2008, the County had the following investments in debt securities:

	Investment Maturities					
Investment Type		Amount	Les	ss than 1 year		1-5 years
U.S. agency securities	\$	93,848,554	\$	11,196,351	\$	82,652,203
Corporate bonds		28,226,119		1,356,187		26,869,932
Money market funds		2,313,481		2,313,481		
	\$	124,388,154	\$	14,866,019	\$	109,522,135

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Foreign currency risk - State statutes do not allow foreign investments.

A reconciliation of cash, deposits, and investments to amounts shown on the Statements of Net Assets follows:

Cash and investments:

Cash on hand	\$ 4,080
Carrying amount of deposits	23,055,151
Amount of investments	<u>124,388,154</u>
Total	<u>\$147,447,385</u>

Statement of Net Assets:	G	overnmental Activities	Investment Trust Fund	Agency Funds	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,031,788	\$ 29,915,120	\$ 68,270	\$ 32,015,178
Investments		20,384,119	94,168,164	 879,924	115,432,207
Total	\$	22,415,907	\$124,083,284	\$ 948,194	\$147,447,385

NOTE 4 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Amounts due from other governments at June 30, 2008 in the General Fund include \$1,125,084 in sales taxes and \$162,060 in various grants and contracts with other governmental units. Amounts due from other governments in the Road Fund include \$1,198,583 in highway user taxes, \$115,650 in auto lieu taxes from the State of Arizona, and \$378,181 in various contracts with other governmental units. Amounts due from other governments in the Other Governmental Funds include \$248,740 in federal reimbursement grants. The remaining balances result from various grants and contracts with other government units.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2008, was as follows:

Governmental activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:	Balance July 1, 2007	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2008
Land	\$ 1,832,823	\$ 88,760		\$ 1,921,583
Improvements other than buildings	54,636	8,774		63,410
Construction in progress	363,953	3,513,990		3,877,943
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,251,412	3,611,524		5,862,936
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	13,965,469	1,015,972		14,981,441
Machinery and equipment	23,352,189	1,390,864	\$ (205,612)	24,537,441
Infrastructure	1,494,334	537,750	+ (, - , ,	2,032,084
Total	38,811,992	2,944,586	(205,612)	41,550,966
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	4,809,313	358,582		5,167,895
Machinery and equipment	17,049,922	1,861,018	(138,608)	18,772,332
Infrastructure	109,542	37,358		146,900
Total	21,968,777	2,256,958	(138,608)	24,087,127
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	16,843,215	687,628	(67,004)	17,463,839
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 19,094,627</u>	<u>\$ 4,299,152</u>	<u>\$ (67,004</u>)	<u>\$ 23,326,775</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 326,325
Public safety	645,658
Highways and streets	1,240,361
Health	22,194
Welfare	4,076
Education	 18,344
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 2,256,958

Construction Commitments

The County had major contractual commitments related to various capital projects at June 30, 2008, with estimated costs to complete and remaining contractual commitments of \$4,837,158 for the construction of Alpine library, Concho library, Round Valley library, Saint Johns library and remodeling of Chinle and Gnando district offices. The projects are financed through bond proceeds.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following schedule details the County's long-term liability and obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2008:

	Balance July 1, 2007	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2008	Due Within 1 Year
Governmental activities:					
Bonds payable:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 7,190,000			\$ 7,190,000	\$ 300,000
Revenue bonds		\$ 3,980,000		3,980,000	
Special assessment bonds					
with government					
commitment	210,000		<u>\$ (66,000</u>)	144,000	70,000
Total bonds payable	7,400,000	3,980,000	(66,000)	11,314,000	370,000
Bond anticipation note	694,801		(694,801)		
Installment purchase contract					
payable		575,000	(62,960)	512,040	26,214
Capital leases payable	56,760	301,500	(27,724)	330,536	88,526
Compensated absences					
payable	1,332,371	784,569	(843,656)	1,273,284	620,761
Governmental activities					
long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 9,483,932</u>	<u>\$ 5,641,069</u>	<u>\$ (1,695,141</u>)	<u>\$ 13,429,860</u>	<u>\$ 1,105,501</u>

Bonds - The County's bonded debt consists of various issues of general obligation, revenue, and special assessment bonds that are noncallable with interest payable semiannually. Bond proceeds primarily pay for acquiring or constructing capital facilities. The County repays general obligation bonds from voter-approved property taxes. Special assessment bonds are secured by pledges of revenues from special assessments levied against the benefiting property owners.

In November, 2007, the County issued \$3,980,000 of infrastructure revenue bonds through the Greater Arizona Development Authority. The proceeds are to be used for the acquisition of two buildings, the construction of two buildings, and remodeling of office space and paying off the County's bond anticipation note.

Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2008, were as follows:

Description	 Original Amount	Maturity Ranges	Interest Rates	(Dutstanding Principal
General obligation bonds:					
Series 2007	\$ 7,190,000	7/1/08-21	4.5 - 5.0%	\$	7,190,000
Revenue bonds:					
Series 2007B	3,980,000	8/1/13-28	4.0 - 5.0%		3,980,000
Special assessment bonds with governmental commitment: Greer Acres - Little Colorado					
Improvement District	575,000	1/1/08-10	6.10%		144,000
				\$	11,314,000

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the County's bonds payable at June 30, 2008:

		Ger	nera	l						Spe	ecial	l
Year ending	ngObligation BondsRevenue Bonds			Obligation Bonds			Revenue Bonds			Assessm	ent	Bonds
June 30,		Principal		Interest		Principal	_	Interest	_	Principal		Interest
2009	\$	300,000	\$	315,225			\$	217,699	\$	70,000	\$	6,649
2010		390,000		295,725				176,512		74,000		2,257
2011		410,000		276,250				176,512				
2012		430,000		255,825				176,512				
2013		450,000		234,450				176,512				
2014-2018		2,605,000		832,275	\$	1,060,000		779,963				
2019-2023		2,605,000		182,925		1,300,000		525,354				
2024-2028	_				_	1,620,000	_	199,159	_			
Total	\$	7,190,000	\$	2,392,675	\$	3,980,000	\$	2,428,223	\$	144,000	\$	8,906

The County has pledged, as security for the bonds issued by the Greater Arizona Development Authority (the Authority), a portion of the County's shared revenues received from the State of Arizona. The bonds, issued by the Authority in November 2007 in the amount of \$3.98 million are to provide financing for construction of two administrative facilities and acquisition of two buildings and remodeling thereof to provide office space, and are payable through 2028. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require approximately 3 percent of the state shared revenue pledged. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$6,408,223 as of June 30, 2008. Principal payments are deferred until August 2013.

Bond anticipation note - In May, 2007, the County issued a nine-month, interest-free note in the amount of \$694,801 for the purchase of real property, with the intent of refinancing with long-term infrastructure revenue bonds. In November, 2007, the County issued \$3,980,000 of infrastructure revenue bonds through the Greater Arizona Development Authority and refinanced the bond anticipation note.

Installment purchase contracts - In August 2007, the County acquired land and an attached building under contract agreements at a total purchase price of \$625,000. The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the County's installment purchase contracts payable at June 30, 2008:

	Governmental Activities				
Year ended June 30,		Principal		Interest	
2009	\$	26,214	\$	40,963	
2010		28,311		38,866	
2011		30,576		36,601	
2012		426,939		34,155	
Total	\$	512,040	\$	150,585	

Capital leases - The County has acquired machinery and equipment under the provisions of various long-term lease agreements classified as capital leases for accounting purposes because they provide for a bargain purchase option or a transfer of ownership by the end of the lease term.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>				
Machinery and equipment Less accumulated depreciation	\$	513,452 174,419			
Carrying value	<u>\$</u>	339,033			

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the County's capital leases payable at June 30, 2008:

	Governmental Activities	
Year ending June 30,		
2009	\$	106,212
2010		75,767
2011		75,767
2012		75,767
2013		37,885
Total minimum lease payments		371,398
Less amount representing interest		(40,862)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	<u>\$</u>	330,536

Insurance claims - The County provides life, health, and disability benefits to its employees and their dependents through the Arizona Local Government Employee Benefit Trust, currently composed of six member counties. The Trust provides the benefits through a self-funding agreement with its participants and administers the program. The County is responsible for paying the premium and requires its employees to contribute a portion of that premium. If it withdraws from the Trust, the County is responsible for any claims run-out costs, including claims reported but not settled, claims incurred but not reported, and administrative costs. If the Trust were to terminate, the County would be responsible for its proportional share of any trust deficit.

Compensated absences - Compensated absences are paid from various funds in the same proportion that those funds pay payroll costs. Claims and judgments are generally paid from the fund that accounts for the activity that gave rise to the claim. During fiscal year 2008, the County paid for compensated absences as follows: 64 percent from the General Fund, 26 percent from the Road Fund, and 10 percent from other funds.

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters; but was unable to obtain insurance at a cost it considered to be economically justifiable. Therefore, the County joined and is covered by three public entity risk pools: the Arizona Counties Property and Casualty Pool and the Arizona Counties Workers' Compensation Pool, which are described below, and the Arizona Local Government Employee Benefit Trust, which is described as page 20.

The Arizona Counties Property and Casualty Pool is a public entity risk pool currently composed of 11 member counties. The pool provides member counties catastrophic loss coverage for risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters; and provides risk management services. Such coverage includes all defense costs as well as the amount of any judgment or settlement. The County is responsible for paying a premium based on its exposure in relation to the exposure of the other participants, and a deductible of \$5,000 per occurrence for property claims and \$5,000 per occurrence for liability claims. The County is also responsible for any payments in excess of the maximum coverage of \$100 million per occurrence for property claims and \$15 million per occurrence for liability claims. However, lower limits apply to certain categories of losses. A county must participate in the pool at least 3 years after becoming a member; however it may withdraw after the initial 3-year period. If the pool were to become insolvent, the County would be assessed an additional contribution.

The Arizona Counties Worker' Compensation Pool is a public entity risk pool currently composed of 11 member counties. The pool provides member counties with workers' compensation coverage, as required by law, and risk management services. The County is responsible for paying a premium, based on an experience rating formula, that allocates pool expenditures and liabilities among the members.

The Arizona Counties Property and Casualty Pool and the Arizona Counties Workers' Compensation Pool receive independent audits annually and an audit by the Arizona Department of Insurance every 5 years. Both pools accrue liabilities for losses that have been incurred but not reported. These liabilities are determined annually based on an independent actuarial valuation.

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Descriptions - The County contributes to four plans, three of which are described below. The Elected Officials Retirement System (EORP) is not described, due to its relative insignificance to the County's financial statements. Benefits are established by state statute and generally provide retirement, death, long-term disability, survivor, and health insurance premium benefits. The retirement benefits are generally paid at a percentage, based on years of service, of the retirees' average compensation. Long-term disability benefits vary by circumstance, but generally pay a percentage of the employee's monthly compensation. Health insurance premium benefits are generally paid as a fixed dollar amount per month towards the retiree's healthcare insurance premiums, in amounts based on whether the benefit is for the retiree or for the retiree and his or her dependents.

The Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS) administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium plan and a cost-sharing; multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability plan, that covers employees of the State of Arizona and employees of participating political subdivisions and school districts. The ASRS is governed by the Arizona State Retirement System Board according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 2.

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

The *Public Safety Personnel Retirement System* (PSPRS) is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and an agent multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium plan that covers public safety personnel who are regularly assigned hazardous duty as employees of the State of Arizona, and participating political subdivisions. The PSPRS, acting as a common investment and administrative agent, is governed by a five-member board, known as The Fund Manager, and the participating local boards according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4.

The *Corrections Officer Retirement Plan* (CORP) is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and an agent multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium plan that covers certain employees of the State of Arizona's Department of Corrections and Department of Juvenile Corrections, and county employees whose primary duties require direct inmate contact. The CORP is governed by The Fund Manager of PSPRS and the participating local boards according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 6.

Each plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. A report may be obtained by writing or calling the applicable plan.

ASRS	PSPRS and CORP
3300 North Central Ave.	3010 East Camelback Road, Suite 200
P.O. Box 33910	Phoenix, AZ 85016-4416
Phoenix, AZ 85067-3910	(602) 255-5575
(602) 240-2000 or (800) 621-3778	

Funding Policy-The Arizona State Legislature establishes and may amend active plan members' and the County's contribution rates for ASRS, PSPRS, and CORP.

Cost-sharing plans - For the year ended June 30, 2008, active ASRS members were required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 9.6 percent (9.1 percent for retirement and 0.5 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll. The County was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 9.6 percent (8.05 percent for retirement, 1.05 percent for health insurance premium, and 0.5 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll.

The County's contributions for the current and 2 preceding years, all of which were equal to the required contributions, were as follows:

Year ended June 30		Health Benefit	Long-Term
	Retirement Fund	Supplement Fund	Disability Fund
2008	\$ 899,687	\$ 117,350	\$ 56,308
2007	853,772	118,737	56,541
2006	640,121	125,362	55,470

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

Agent plans - For the year ended June 30, 2008, active PSPRS members were required by statute to contribute 7.65 percent of the members' annual covered payroll, and the County was required to contribute 20.72 percent, the aggregate of which is the actuarially required amount. The health insurance premium portion of the contribution was actuarially set at 1.45 percent of covered payroll. Active CORP members were required by statute to contribute 7.96 percent of the members' annual covered payroll and the County was required to contribute 6.58 percent, the aggregate of which is the actuarially required amount. The health insurance premium portion of the county was required to contribute 6.58 percent, the aggregate of which is the actuarially required amount. The health insurance premium portion of the contribution was actuarially set at 1.10 percent of covered payroll.

Actuarial methods and assumptions-The contribution requirements for the year ended June 30, 2008, were established by the June 30, 2006, actuarial valuations, and those actuarial valuations were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plans and the annual required contributions are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made. The required schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information provides multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of the plans' assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Projections of benefits are based on 1) the plans as understood by the County and the plans' members and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date, and 2) the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the County and plans' members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. The significant actuarial methods and assumptions used are the same for all plans and related benefits (unless noted), and the actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the fiscal year 2008 contribution requirements, are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2006
Actuarial cost method	Projected unit credit
Amortization method	Level percent closed for unfunded actuarial accrued liability, open for excess
Remaining amortization period	30 years for unfunded actuarial accrued liability, 20 years for excess
Asset valuation method	Smoothed market value
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	8.50%
Projected salary increases	5.50%-8.50% for PSPRS and CORP
includes inflation at	5.00%

Annual Pension Cost-The County's pension cost for the two agent plans for the year ended June 30, 2008, and related information follows.

	PSI	PRS	CC)RP		
		Health		Health		
	Pension	Insurance	Pension	Insurance		
Annual pension cost	\$307,818	\$19,408	\$48,077	\$8,784		
Contributions made	307,818	17,605	48,077	0		

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

Trend Information-Annual pension cost information for the current and two preceding years follows for each of the agent plans. Annual OPEB cost information for the current year (i.e., transition year) is as follows. Information about preceding years will be added over the next 2 years.

Plan	Year Ended June 30	Per	Annual nsion/OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual Cost Contributed	Net Pension/OPEB Obligation
PSPRS					
Pension	2008	\$	307,818	100%	\$0
Health Insurance	2008		19,408	91	1,803
Pension and	2007		280,987	100	0
health insurance	2006		230,364	100	0
CORP					
Pension	2008	\$	48,077	100%	\$0
Health Insurance	2008		8,784	0	8,784
Pension and	2007		30,727	100	0
health insurance	2006		33,797	100	0

Funded Status-The funded status of the plans as of the most recent valuation date, June 30, 2008, along with the actuarial assumptions and methods used in those valuations follow.

	<u>P</u> \$	SPRS	<u>CC</u>	<u>DRP</u>
		Health		Health
	Pension	Insurance	Pension	Insurance
Actuarial accrued liability (a)	\$ 7,484,212	\$ 248,221	\$ 1,271,850	\$ 50,585
Actuarial value of assets (b)	3,341,532	0	1,189,066	0
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability				
(funding excess) (a) – (b)	4,142,680	248,221	82,784	50,858
	44.00/	00/	02 50/	00/
Funded ratio (b) / (a)	44.6%	0%	93.5%	0%
Covered payroll (c)	\$ 1,338,474	\$ 1,338,474	\$ 798,548	\$ 798,548
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (funding excess) as a percentage of				
covered payroll ([(a) – (b)]/(c))	309.5%	18.55%	10.40%	6.33%

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

The actuarial methods and assumptions used are the same for all plans and related benefits, and for the most recent valuation date are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2008
Actuarial cost method	Projected unit credit
Amortization method	Level percent closed for unfunded actuarial accrued liability, open for excess
Remaining amortization period	28 years for unfunded actuarial accrued liability, 20 years for excess
Asset valuation method Actuarial assumptions:	Smoothed market value
Investment rate of return	8.50%
Projected salary increases	5.50%-8.50% for PSPRS and CORP
includes inflation at	5.50% for PSPRS and CORP

NOTE 9 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

Interfund receivables and payables-Interfund balances at June 30, 2008, were as follows:

	_	Payable to									
Payable from		General Fund		Road Fund		Library Fund		lonmajor vernmental Funds		Total	
General Fund			\$	27,104	_		\$	8,781	\$	35,885	
Road Fund	\$	39,235								39,235	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	_	234,118		5,124	<u>\$</u>	58,000		59,407		356,649	
Total	\$	273,353	\$	32,228	\$	58,000	\$	68,188	\$	431,769	

The interfund balances resulted from time lags between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided and reimbursement occurred.

Interfund transfers-Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2008, were as follows:

		Nonmajor									
		General	Go	overnmental							
Transfer from		Fund		Total							
General Fund			\$	1,504,175	\$	1,504,175					
Road Fund				80,104		80,104					
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	<u>\$</u>	122,105		180		122,285					
Total	<u>\$</u>	122,105	\$	1,584,459	<u>\$</u>	1,706,564					

The principal purposes of interfund transfers was to provide grant matches or to use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 10 - COUNTY TREASURER'S INVESTMENT POOL

Arizona Revised Statutes require community colleges, school districts, and other local governments to deposit certain public monies with the County Treasurer. The Treasurer has a fiduciary responsibility to administer those and the County monies under her stewardship. The Treasurer invests, on a pool basis, all idle monies not specifically invested for a fund or program. In addition, the Treasurer determines the fair value of those pooled investments annually at June 30.

The County Treasurer's investment pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company, and there is no regulatory oversight of its operations. The pool's structure does not provide for shares, and the County has not provided or obtained any legally binding guarantees to support the value of the participants' investments. The Treasurer allocates interest earnings to each of the pool's participants.

Substantially, all deposits and investments of the County's primary government are included in the County Treasurer's investment pool, except for \$4,080 of cash on hand and \$1,783,812 of deposits. Therefore, the deposit and investment risks of the Treasurer's investment pool are substantially the same as the County's deposit and investment risks. See Note 3 for disclosure of the County's deposit and investment risks.

Details of each major investment classification follow:

		Interest		
Investment Type	 Principal	Rates	Maturities	 Fair Value
U.S. agency securities	\$ 93,979,879	3% - 5.4%	9/08 - 6/13	\$ 93,848,554
Corporate bonds	29,859,325	4.4%-6.9%	8/08 - 1/13	28,226,119
Money market funds	2,313,481	None stated	N/A	2,313,481

A condensed statement of the investment pool's net assets and changes in net assets follows:

Statement of Net Assets Assets Liabilities Net Assets	\$ \$	145,659,493 145,659,493
Net assets held in trust for: Internal participants External participants Total net assets held in trust	\$ \$	21,965,646 123,693,847 145,659,493
Statement of Changes in Net Assets Total additions Total deductions Net increase Net assets held in trust: July 1, 2007 June 30, 2008	\$	235,236,969 219,701,861 15,535,108 130,124,385 145,659,493

NOTE 11 - JOINT VENTURES

The County is a member of the Blue Hills Environmental Association (Association), a nonprofit corporation created in 1991 by the County, City of St. Johns, Town of Springerville, and Town of Eagar. The members then entered into a solid waste operation agreement with the Association to operate the Blue Hills Regional Municipal Landfill and to provide solid waste services to the members and public. The Association is accumulating financial reserves to pay for closure and postclosure care costs when it anticipates closing the landfill in 2040.

However, the County will assume the financial responsibility for these costs if the Association is unable to pay when they are due. Annually, the County files the required financial assurance report with the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality to demonstrate financial responsibility for closure and postclosure care costs as required by state and federal laws and regulations. In the most recent financial assurance report, dated October 1, 2008, the County estimated the closure costs to be \$179,700 and postclosure care costs to be \$178,370 assuming the landfill was completely filled to capacity. This amount is based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care as of December 2006. According to its audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2008, the landfill had used approximately 5 percent of its estimated capacity, and the Association had accumulated \$83,982 of financial reserves to pay for these costs.

The Association issues audited financial statements annually which are available upon request by writing or calling the Association:

Blue Hills Environmental Association P.O. Box 175 St.Johns, AZ 85936 (928) 337-2357

NOTE 12 - LITIGATION

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits, which arise in the ordinary course of its operations. The County is unable to predict the outcomes of these proceedings, therefore no liability has been accrued in the accompanying financial statements.

Apache County, Arizona REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2008

	_	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance with		
		Original	Final		Amounts	Fi	nal Budget	
REVENUES:								
Property taxes	\$	4,511,164 \$	4,511,164	\$	4,085,143	\$	(426,021)	
Licenses and permits		243,000	243,000		252,711		9,711	
Intergovernmental		9,260,932	9,260,932		9,273,233		12,301	
Charges for services		200,000	200,000		446,019		246,019	
Fines and forfeits		539,500	539,500		878,297		338,797	
Investment income		116,000	116,000		185,623		69,623	
Contributions		947,717	947,717		·		(947,717)	
Miscellaneous		104,539	104,539		18,261		(86,278)	
Total revenues	_	15,922,852	15,922,852		15,139,287		(783,565)	
EXPENDITURES:								
General government								
Assessor		751,751	751,751		556,954		194,797	
Attorney		1,061,761	1,061,761		781,492		280,269	
Board of Supervisors		1,825,326	1,825,326		1,390,469		434,857	
Clerk of the Court		597,269	597,269		478,420		118,849	
Contingency		4,050,849	4,050,849		36,170		4,014,679	
Data processing		464,909	464,909		354,486		110,423	
Elections		287,499	287,499		182,618		104,881	
Finance		550,419	550,419		427,986		122,433	
Grounds/maintenance		1,009,079	1,009,079		735,667		273,412	
JP-Chinle		185,020	185,020		152,371		32,649	
JP-Puerco		315,872	315,872		261,826		54,046	
JP-St. Johns		184,101	184,101		149,397		34,704	
JP-Round Valley		322,287	322,287		262,207		60,080	
Communication specialist and project		127,302	127,302		103,682		23,620	
Planning & zoning		496,667	496,667		392,830		103,837	
Recorder		411,481	411,481		360,692		50,789	
Superior Court		559,337	559,337		426,206		133,131	
Public Defenders		548,000	548,000		514,945		33,055	
Jury fees and related		150,969	150,969		69,465		81,504	
Support and care of persons		6,848	6,848		1,829		5,019	
Treasurer		353,202	353,202		290,321		62,881	
Legal services/judgments		30,000	30,000		93,019		(63,019)	
Insurance		227,672	227,672		203,437		24,235	
Public Fiduciary		89,090	89,090		76,514		12,576	
Retirement reserve		45,661	45,661				45,661	
Total general government		14,652,371	14,652,371		8,303,003		6,349,368	

See accompanying notes to budgetary comparison schedule.

Apache County, Arizona REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final		Amounts	F	inal Budget	
Public Safety									
Constables	\$	50,908	\$	50,908	\$	49,480	\$	1,428	
Emergency services		960,643		960,643		205,453		755,190	
Adult probation		382,925		382,925		363,697		19,228	
Juvenile probation		296,373		296,373		180,060		116,313	
Medical Examiner		40,000		40,000		42,041		(2,041)	
Sheriff		2,949,953		2,949,953		2,921,521		28,432	
Total public safety		4,680,802		4,680,802		3,762,252		918,550	
Health									
AHCCCS		1,039,000		1,039,000		1,039,911		(911)	
Culture and recreation									
Agricultural extension		18,000		18,000		18,000			
- .									
Education School Superintendent		404 025		404 025		220 022		73,092	
School Superintendent		404,025		404,025		330,933		73,092	
Capital outlay		2,946,740		2,946,740		877,642		2,069,098	
Total expenditures		23,740,938		23,740,938		14,331,741		9,409,197	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures		(7,818,086))	(7,818,086)		807,546		8,625,632	
		(7,010,000)	/	(1,010,000)		007,010		0,020,002	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers in		4,899,871		4,899,871		122,105		(4,777,766)	
Transfers out		(4,803,404)		(4,803,404)		(1,504,175)		3,299,229	
Installment purchase agreement Total other financing sources and						575,000		575,000	
USES		96,467		96,467		(807,070)		(903,537)	
4363		30,407		50,407		(001,010)		(303,331)	
Net change in fund balances		(7,721,619)		(7,721,619)		476		7,722,095	
Fund balances, July 1, 2007		7,931,007		7,931,007		7,931,007			
Increase in reserve for inventories						(1,917)		(1,917)	
Increase in reserve for prepaids						20,206		20,206	
Fund balances, June 30, 2008	\$	209,388	\$	209,388	\$	7,949,772	\$	7,740,384	

See accompanying notes to budgetary comparison schedule.

Apache County, Arizona REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ROAD FUND Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	٧	Variance with	
		Original	_	Final	_	Amounts	F	Final Budget	
REVENUES:									
Property taxes	\$	2,600,000	\$	2,600,000	\$	2,555,212	\$	(44,788)	
Intergovernmental		7,689,200		7,689,200		8,035,797		346,597	
Charges for services		117,000		117,000		1,153		(115,847)	
Investment income		80,000		80,000		71,920		(8,080)	
Miscellaneous		2,000		2,000		4,558		2,558	
Total revenues		10,488,200		10,488,200		10,668,640		180,440	
EXPENDITURES:									
Highways and Streets									
Engineer		595,000		595,000		531,039		63,961	
Safety		20,000		20,000		9,411		10,589	
District #1		2,856,536		2,856,536		2,885,146		(28,610)	
District #2		2,866,536		2,866,536		2,632,304		234,232	
District #3		4,100,563		4,100,563		3,690,876		409,687	
Liability insurance		253,822		253,822		253,822			
Contingency		374,466		374,466		363,930		10,536	
Deferred		850,000		850,000		850,000			
Total expenditures		11,916,923		11,916,923		11,216,528		700,395	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(1,428,723)		(1,428,723)		(547,888)		880,835	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers out		(1,017,842)		(1,017,842)		(80,104)		937,738	
Net change in fund balances		(2,446,565)		(2,446,565)		(627,992)		1,818,573	
Fund balances, July 1, 2007		3,573,998		3,573,998		3,573,998			
Increase in reserve for inventories						780		780	
Increase in reserve for prepaids						624		624	
Fund balances, June 30, 2008	\$	1,127,433	\$	1,127,433	\$	2,947,410	\$	1,819,977	

See accompanying notes to budgetary comparison schedule.

Apache County, Arizona REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES June 30, 2008

NOTE I - Budgeting and Budgetary Control

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) require the County to prepare and adopt a balanced budget annually for each governmental fund. The Board of Supervisors must approve such operating budgets on or before the third Monday in July to allow sufficient time for the legal announcements and hearings required for the adoption of the property tax levy on the third Monday in August. A.R.S. prohibit expenditures or liabilities in excess of the amounts budgeted.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level. In certain instances, transfers of appropriations between departments or from the contingency account to a department may be made upon the Board of Supervisors' approval.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments to expend monies are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable fund balance, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary control. Encumbrances outstanding at year end for goods or services that were not received before fiscal year end are canceled. However, the County may draw warrants against encumbered amounts for goods and services received but unpaid at June 30 for 60 days immediately following the close of the fiscal year. After 60 days, the remaining encumbered balances lapse.

NOTE 2 - Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2008, expenditures exceeded final budget amounts at the department level (the legal level of budgetary control) as follows:

<u>Excess</u>
63,019
2,041
911

Departments may exceed their department's budget for various reasons, including unexpected events. When departments exceed their budget, it is noted and addressed with the departments in subsequent budget meetings with the County Manager and the Board of Supervisors.

Apache County, Arizona REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF AGENT RETIREMENT PLANS' FUNDING PROGRESS June 30, 2008

Public Safety Personnel Retirement System

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Plan Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (b)	Funding (Liability) Excess (a-b)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Annual Covered Payroll (c)	Unfunded Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll ([a-b]/c)
Pension						
6/30/08	\$3,341,532	\$7,484,212	\$(4,142,680)	44.6%	\$1,338,474	-309.50%
Health Insurance						
6/30/08	0	248,221	(248,221)	0%	1,338,474	18.55%
Pension and Health Insurance 6/30/07 6/30/06	3,389,592 3,690,905	7,776,398 7,112,973	(4,386,806) (3,422,068)	43.6% 51.9%	1,376,019 1,360,811	-318.80% -251.50%

Corrections Officer Retirement Plan

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Plan Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (b)	Funding (Liability) Excess (a-b)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Annual Covered Payroll (c)	Unfunded Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll ([a-b]/c)
Pension						
6/30/08	\$1,189,066	\$1,271,850	\$ (82,784)	93.5%	\$ 798,548	-10.4%
Health Insurance						
6/30/08	0	50,585	(50,585)	0%	\$ 798,548	-6.33%
Pension and Health Insurance 6/30/07 6/30/06	\$1,081,457 \$1,050,905	\$1,128,276 \$1,027,478	(46,817) 23,427	95.9% 102.3%	654,758 558,967	-7.2% N/A

For valuation years prior to 2008, which was prior to the implementation of GASB Statement Nos. 43 and 45, the actuarial measurements were made in the aggregate as to pension and health insurance benefits. In future years when GASB Statement Nos. 43 and 45 measurements are made and reported, the pension and health insurance benefits information will be disaggregated and reported separately.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Apache County, Arizona SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2008

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women,			
Infants, and Children, passed through the Arizona			
Department of Health Services	10.557	361071	\$ 103,785
Schools and Roads-Grants to States, passed through the			
Arizona State Treasurer	10.665	None	391,385
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			495,170
U.S. Department of the Interior			
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	15.226	N/A	898,348
U.S. Department of Justice			
Crime Victim Compensation, passed through the Arizona			
Criminal Justice Commission	16.576	2JC70626	11,999
Edward Byrne Memorial Formula Grant Program, passed through the			
Administrative Office of the Courts	16.579	PC-07-110	34,152
Edward Byrne Memorial Formula Grant Program, passed through the	16.579	AC-07-170	99,752
Arizona Criminal Justice Commission Total Edward Byrne Memorial Formula Grant Program	16.579	AC-07-170	133,904
Total U.S. Department of Justice			145,903
			110,000
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Highway Planning and Construction, passed through the Arizona	00.005		200.000
Department of transportation	20.205	663TRN	309,360
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Public Health Emergency Preparedness, passed through the Arizona			
Department of Health Services	93.069	HG754192	261,754
Family Planning Services, passed through the Arizona Department of			
Health Services	93.217	361314-5	7,898
Immunization Grants, passed through the Arizona Department	00.000	110050405	40.050
of Health Services Centers for Disease Control and Prevention - Investigations and	93.268	HG352195	49,650
Technical Assistance, passed through the Arizona Department of Health			
Services	93.283	252030	37,386
Cooperative Agreements for State-Based Comprehensive Breast and			
Cervical Cancer Early Detection Programs, passed through the			
Arizona Department of Health Services	93.919	HG361205	75,559
HIV Prevention Activities - Health Department Based, passed through	00.040	110050000	0.000
the Arizona Department of Health Services Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant, passed through	93.940	HG352239	3,892
the Arizona Department of Health Services	93.991	354176	41,478
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States, passed	55.551	004170	-1,-10
through the Arizona Department of Health Services	93.994	27H27272, HG461046	139,128
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			616,745
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Citizen Corps, passed through the Arizona Division of Emergency			
Management	97.053	MAB2ES71805	49,461
Homeland Security Grant Program, passed through the Arizona			
Department of Homeland Security	97.067	MABES80894	52,645
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			102,106
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			<u>\$ 2,567,632</u>
Total Experiations of Federal Awaras			

See accompanying notes to schedule.

Apache County, Arizona NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Apache County, Arizona, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

NOTE 2 - CATALOG OF FEDERAL DOMESTIC ASSISTANCE (CFDA) NUMBERS

The program titles and CFDA numbers were obtained from the federal or pass-through grantor or the 2008 Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance.

NOTE 3 - SUBRECIPIENTS

From the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, the County awarded the following to subrecipients:

Program Title	CFDA Number	Amount
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	\$391,385



Certified Public Accountants 4001 North 3rd Street Suite 275 Phoenix, AZ 85012-2086

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Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Basic Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Auditor General of the State of Arizona

The Board of Supervisors of Apache County, Arizona

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of Apache County, Arizona as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the County's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the County's basic financial staments that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control. We consider items 08-01 through 08-05 described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the significant deficiencies described above, we consider 08-01 through 08-05 to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The County's responses to the findings identified in our audit are presented on page 44. We did not audit the County's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Arizona State Legislature, the Auditor General of the State of Arizona, the Board of Supervisors, management, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited.

Fester & Chapman P.C.

September 20, 2010



Certified Public Accountants 4001 North 3rd Street Suite 275 Phoenix, AZ 85012-2086

Tel: (602) 264-3077 Fax: (602) 265-6241

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

The Auditor General of the State of Arizona

The Board of Supervisors of Apache County, Arizona

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Apache County, Arizona with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008. The County's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditors' Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with those requirements.

As described in item 08-101 in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, the County did not comply with requirements regarding reporting that are applicable to CFDA #93.069 - Public Health Emergency Preparedness. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the County to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the preceding paragraph, Apache County, Arizona complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008.

Internal Control over Compliance

The County's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the County's internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses as defined below. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A control deficiency in the County's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the County's ability to administer a federal program such that there is a more than remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control. We consider item 08-101 described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs to be a significant deficiency in internal control over compliance.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented by the County's internal control. We consider significant deficiency 08-101, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, to be a material weakness.

The County's responses to the findings identified in our audit are presented on page 44. We did not audit the County's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Arizona State Legislature, the Auditor General of the State of Arizona, the Board of Supervisors, management, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited.

Tester & Chapman P.C.

September 20, 2010

SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of Auditors' Report issued:

Yes No <u>X</u> Material weaknesses identified in internal control over financial reporting? Significant deficiency identified not considered to be material weaknesses? X (none reported) Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted? <u>X</u> Federal Awards Material weakness identified in internal control over major programs? Х Significant deficiency identified not considered to be material weaknesses? Х (none reported) Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Unqualified for all major programs except for Public Health Emergency Preparedness, which was qualified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133 (section .510[a])? <u>X</u> Identification of major programs: CFDA Number Name of Federal Program or Cluster 10.665 Schools and Roads - Grants to States 15.226 Payments in Lieu of Taxes Public Health Emergency Preparedness 93.069 Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$300,000 Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Х

Other Matters

Auditee's Summary Schedule of Prior Findings required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133 (section .315[b])?

<u>X</u>

Unqualified

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

08-01 INTERNAL CONTROL OVER CASH AND INVESTMENTS HELD AT THE COUNTY TREASURER'S OFFICE (REPEAT FINDING: SEE 07-01)

Criteria: The County Treasurer manages cash for County departments, school districts, and other special districts. The Treasurer's principal duties include receiving, recording, safeguarding, investing, and disbursing cash for these entities. To fulfill the responsibilities of managing these monies, the Treasurer's Office should implement the following controls:

- Unused Treasurer's checks should be maintained in the custody of an employee who does not have the authority to sign the checks or have access to the facsimile signature plates.
- Bank accounts should be reconciled at least monthly to the Treasurer's journal by an employee independent of cash receipts and cash disbursements functions.
- The Treasurer's written investment procedures should require that proper authorization be obtained for the purchase or sale of investments, modification in terms of investments, release of collateral, and the receipt and delivery of securities.
- **Condition:** The Treasurer's Office has inadequate segregation of duties that allows the Chief Deputy both to issue a Treasurer's check and have access to the Treasurer's journal.
 - The monthly reconciliation of the Treasurer's journal to the bank statements was prepared by the Chief Deputy, who is not independent of the cash disbursement function. In addition, the reconciliation was incomplete and inaccurate.
 - The Treasurer's office does not have written investment procedures that require the proper authorization of wire transfers and investment management. As a result, the Treasurer's internal controls are not adequate to ensure that investments are properly safeguarded
- Cause: Unknown
- **Effect:** The risk of financial statement misstatements and the misappropriation of assets is increased.
- **Recommendation:** To help strengthen internal controls and ensure account balances are accurately recorded for the County and other political subdivisions and to properly safeguard assets, the Treasurer's Office should perform the following:
 - Develop internal control procedures that require blank checks and check signing authority be segregated from the authorization and record keeping functions.
 - Reconciliation of the Treasurer's cash journal to the Treasurer's report and bank statements should be performed monthly by an employee independent of the cash disbursement process.
 - Develop and formally adopt detailed written investment procedures that clearly define the authorization process.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS - CONTINUED

08-02 TIMELINESS OF FINANCIAL REPORTING (REPEAT FINDING: SEE 07-03)

Criteria: The County should provide timely and accurate record keeping.

- **Condition:** The County did not prepare its financial records for audit in a timely manner.
- Cause: Unknown
- **Effect:** The financial statements were not completed until over two years after the end of the fiscal year. According to OMB Circular A-133 sections .300(d) and (e), a recipient of federal awards is required to prepare appropriate financial statements and to ensure that audits required are performed and submitted when due. Failure to prepare the financial statements and completing the audit in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 could result in the suspension of federal funding. Additionally, untimely financial information has the result of preventing those charged with governance from making informed financial decisions.

Recommendation: The County should prepare its financial records for audit in a timely manner.

08-03 FINANCIAL RECORDS

- **Criteria:** Transactions should be completely and accurately recorded in the financial records.
- **Condition:** The County did not record a capital lease and corresponding capital asset and a promissory note in its financial records.

Cause: Unknown

Effect: Prior to audit adjustments, the County's long-term liabilities, capital assets, and beginning fund balances were understated by approximately \$876,000, \$301,000, and \$161,000, respectively.

Recommendation: The County should implement procedures whereby all material transactions are tracked and properly recorded in the financial records in a timely manner.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS - CONTINUED

08-04 BANK RECONCILIATION

- **Criteria:** The County should receive and reconcile monthly bank statements for each account to the general ledger (UAMAC VI-C-13).
- **Condition:** Seven departmental bank accounts were not reconciled and/or incorrectly recorded in the general ledger.
- Cause: Departmental bank accounts maintained separately from the County Finance Department were not properly recorded in and/or reconciled to the general ledger.
- **Effect:** Prior to audit adjustments, the County's departmental cash accounts and corresponding revenues were understated by approximately \$298,000.
- **Recommendation:** To help ensure that the County's bank accounts are adequately controlled, safeguarded, and reported, the County should regularly reconcile all accounts to the general ledger.

08-05 REVENUE CUT-OFF

- **Criteria:** "During the 60-day encumbrance period following June 30, the County should maintain separate accounting records of each fund for prior and current fiscal years. Revenues susceptible to accrual prior to receipt include sales tax collected and held by the State at year-end" (UAMAC V-2 and VI-B-5).
- **Condition:** The County did not properly accrue intergovernmental revenue and receivable totaling \$150,154 at its fiscal year-end.

Cause: Unknown

- **Effect:** Prior to audit adjustments, the County's intergovernmental revenue and receivables were understated by \$150,154.
- **Recommendation:** The County should consistently adhere to its policies and procedures and properly accrue all intergovernmental receivables.

FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

08-101 Reporting

CFDA Number: 93.069 Public Health Emergency Preparedness U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Questioned Costs: Not Applicable

- **Criteria:** Public Health Emergency Preparedness grant provisions require grantees to comply with the requirements of A.R.S. Titles 35 and 41. Grantees, upon receipt and acceptance of goods or services, are required to submit a complete and accurate Contractor's Expenditure Report for payment from the State within thirty days, as provided in the Accounting and Auditing Procedures Manual for the Arizona Department of Health Services.
- **Condition/Context:** For 4 of 4 Contractor's Expenditure Reports tested, the reports were not timely filed.
- Cause: Unknown
- **Effect:** The County was not in compliance with Public Health Emergency Preparedness reporting requirements.
- **Recommendation:** To comply with the terms of the Public Health Emergency Preparedness grant, the County should develop a system to ensure monthly Contractor's Expenditure Reports are accurately completed and submitted timely.



APACHE COUNTY Finance Department

P.O. BOX 428 ST. JOHNS, ARIZONA 85936-0428 DIRECT LINE: (928) 337-4364

September 20, 2010

Debra K. Davenport, CPA Auditor General 2910 N. 44th Street, Suite 410 Phoenix, AZ 85016

Dear Ms. Davenport:

The accompanying Corrective Action Plan has been prepared as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133. Specifically, we are providing you with the names of the contact persons responsible for corrective action, the corrective action planned, and the anticipated completion date for each audit finding included in the current year's Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Sincerely,

Ryan Patterson, CPA Finance Director

Financial Statement Findings

08-01 Internal Control Over Cash and Investments Held At the Apache County Treasurer's Office Contact Person: Sandra Klinchock Anticipated Completion Date: Completed

The Apache County Treasurer's Office has hired an additional employee in order to enact necessary procedures and segregate duties to comply with Audit findings.

08-02 Timeliness of Financial Reporting Contact Person: Ryan Patterson Anticipation Completion Date: Fourth Quarter 2009

The County has added an additional position in order to manage work flow in order to be able to dedicate more time to financial reporting.

08-03 Financial Records Contact Person: Ryan Patterson Anticipation Completion Date: Completed

The finance office has gone through several changes due to the down turn in the economy. The office has currently taken over several other duties and lost a position. The capital assets have been reassigned and the County has implemented procedures whereby material transaction are tracked properly and recorded in a timely manner.

08-04 Cash Contact Person: Ryan Patterson Anticipation Completion Date: Completed

The County has implemented procedures whereby accounts are regularly reconciled to the general ledger in a timely manner.

08-05 Revenue Cut-Off Contact Person: Ryan Patterson Anticipation Completion Date: Completed

The County has implemented procedures whereby material transaction are tracked properly and recorded in a timely proper manner.

Federal Award Findings

08-101 Reporting Contact Person: Chris Sexton, Health Director Anticipated Completion Date: Completed

The Apache County Public Health Services District, Division of Public Health Emergency Preparedness has implemented procedures in which they receive financial reports by the 15th of the month following the reporting period and submits Contractor's Expenditure Reports (CER's) by 21st of the month following the reporting period.