

Annual Financial Report

Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report June 30, 2020

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Snyder & Brown, CPAs, PLLC

Independent Auditors' Report

The Arizona Auditor General Members of the Arizona State Legislature The Board of Supervisors of Apache County, Arizona

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Apache County, Arizona ("County") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our unmodified and qualified audit opinions.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Road Fund

We did not observe the counting of the inventory of the Road Fund at year-end. Accordingly, we were unable to satisfy ourselves by other auditing procedures concerning the inventory held at June 30, 2020, which is stated at \$373,446. As a result of this matter, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments might have been found necessary in respect to recorded or unrecorded inventory.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Road Fund" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Road Fund of the County, as of June 30, 2020, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund (other than the Road Fund) and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of matter

As discussed in note 12 to the financial statements, the County restated beginning net position/fund balance of its financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020, to correct a misstatement in its previously issued financial statements. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 11, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules on pages 65 through 69, Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability—Cost-Sharing Plans on pages 70 through 71, Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension/OPEB Liability and Related Ratios—Agent Plans on pages 72 through 74, and Schedule of County Pension/OPEB Contributions on pages 75 through 76 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements.

Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Compliance over the Use of Highway User Revenue Fund and Other Dedicated State Transportation Revenue Monies

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the County failed to use highway user revenue fund monies received by the County pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2, and any other dedicated state transportation revenues received by the County solely for the authorized transportation purposes, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the County's noncompliance with the use of highway user revenue fund monies and other dedicated state transportation revenues, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

The communication related to compliance over the use of highway user revenue fund and other dedicated state transportation revenue monies in the preceding paragraph is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Arizona State Legislature, the Arizona Auditor General, the Board of Supervisors, management, and other responsible parties within the County and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 7, 2022, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Snyder & Brown CPAS. PLLC

Tempe, Arizona February 7, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

As management of the County of Apache (the "County"), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished herein.

Financial Highlights

- ◆ Apache County's assets and deferred outflows of resources were more than its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$11,187,418 net position, an increase of \$4,656,327 from prior year. Of this amount, \$23.5 million was an unrestricted deficit in net position. The amount of the net pension and other postemployment benefits liability at fiscal year-end was \$39,832,295.
- At the end of the fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$10,274,228 or 45% of the total governmental funds' fund balances.

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components:

1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. Required supplementary information is included in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County finances in a manner similar to private-sector businesses.

The statement of net position presents information on all County assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflow of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Component units are included in the County's basic financial statements and consist of legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable and that have substantially the same board as the County or provide services entirely to the County. The blended component units included in the County's basic financial statements are the Apache County Library District, Apache County Flood Control District, Apache County Jail District, Apache County Juvenile Jail District, Apache County Health Services District and Greer Acres-Little Special Improvement District.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12–14 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds—Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a County's near-term financing requirements. Governmental funds include the general, special revenue, debt service and capital projects funds.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County reports three major governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, road fund, and junior college fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15–18 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Fiduciary funds—The fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs.

The fiduciary funds financial statements can be found on pages 19–20 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 21–67 of this report.

Other Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, the report presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's progress in funding its obligations to provide pension and other postemployment benefits for employees. Also presented are budgetary comparison schedules for the County's general, road and junior college funds. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 68–83 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, at June 30, 2020, assets and deferred outflows of resources were more than its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$11,187,418.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Condensed Statement of Net Position As of June 30,

	Governmental Activities						
				2019			
	2020			As Restated)			
Assets							
Current and other assets	\$	25,734,659	\$	23,330,512			
Capital assets		24,736,730		25,293,803			
Total assets		50,471,389		48,624,315			
Deferred Outflows of Resources		7,677,489		6,395,227			
Liabilities							
Current and other liabilities		1,752,490		1,853,803			
Long-term liabilities outstanding		42,926,371		39,724,394			
Total liabilities		44,678,861		41,578,197			
Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,282,599		6,910,254			
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets		23,584,158		23,336,324			
Restricted		11,168,234		11,118,277			
Unrestricted (deficit)		(23,564,974)		(27,923,510)			
Total net position (deficit)	\$	11,187,418	\$	6,531,091			

Net investment in capital assets of \$23,584,158 increased by \$247,834 which reflects the investment in capital assets (e.g., land, improvements other than buildings, buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress, less accumulated depreciation) net of related debt used to acquire those assets. The County uses these assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

The County's total net position increased by \$4,656,327 during the fiscal year. The governmental activities had an increase in intergovernmental revenues of \$962,215 and an increase in tax related revenues (property, county excise, shared of state sales taxes) of \$308,895. In addition, PILT (payments in-lieu of taxes) increased \$215,094. Total expenses increased by \$2,942,304 primarily from Road department projects.

At the end of the fiscal year, unrestricted net assets were negative for governmental activities, due to net pension and other postemployment benefits liabilities.

Statement of Activities

The following table illustrates the changes in net position resulting from governmental activities compared to the prior year.

Condensed Statement of Activities For the Years Ended June 30,

	Governmental Activities				
-				2019	
		2020	(A	As Restated)	
Revenues					
Program revenues					
Charges for services	\$	2,742,006	\$	2,440,023	
Operating grants and contributions		15,691,337		14,729,122	
Capital grants and contributions		936,815		1,108,808	
General revenues					
Property taxes		10,233,122		10,262,609	
County excise tax		1,282,331		1,182,639	
Share of state sales taxes		6,035,014		5,796,324	
Payments in lieu of taxes		9,853,636		9,638,542	
Miscellaneous state assistance		575,487		550,050	
Contributions not restricted to specific programs		55,607		-	
Investment income		239,628		778,180	
Gain on sale of assets		78,449		377,678	
Miscellaneous		562,557		696,046	
Total revenues		48,285,989		47,560,021	

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		tal A	Activities		
	2020				
Expenses					
General government	\$	9,210,655	\$	9,851,844	
Public safety		11,606,861		11,689,900	
Highways and streets		11,752,872		9,592,885	
Health		3,783,198		3,051,310	
Culture and recreation		2,061,236		1,853,342	
Education		5,130,939		4,498,517	
Interest on long-term debt		83,901		149,560	
Total expenses		43,629,662		40,687,358	
Change in net position		4,656,327		6,872,663	
Net position, beginning	_	6,531,091		(341,572)	
Net position, end of year	<u>\$</u>	11,187,418	\$	6,531,091	

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities total expenses increased primarily due to spending down of the fund balance that had been building up over the previous years.

Governmental Funds

Financial analysis of the Government's funds—As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial related legal requirements.

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information of near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

General Fund total expenditures decreased by \$4.8 million. This decrease was the result of certain public health and public safety expenditures that were paid for with funding from the State of Arizona and therefore accounted for in the grants funds. In addition, the general fund is reporting \$454,890 in committed fund balance in association with health-related activities.

The Road Fund total expenditures increase by \$1.5 million. This increase was due to additional projects taken on during the year to spend down the fund balance that had been increasing over the last several years. In addition, the road fund is reporting \$3,206,428 in restricted fund balance in association with highways and streets activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General fund expenditures were under budget due to the contingency and IT capital improvement budgets that the County never intends to fully expend and because certain public safety expenditures were paid for with funding from the State of Arizona and therefore accounted for in the grant funds.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets—The County's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2020, totaled \$24.7 million, net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, improvements other than buildings, construction in progress, buildings, infrastructure, and machinery and equipment.

Capital Assets/Net of Depreciation June 30,

	Governmental Activities								
					Increase				
					(Decrease)				
					Percent				
	·	2020		2019	of Change				
Buildings	\$	15,886,076	\$	16,589,630	-4.2%				
Machinery and equipment		5,245,778		5,794,240	-9.5%				
Land		2,097,639		2,097,639	0.0%				
Infrastructure		500,159		565,986	-11.6%				
Improvements other than buildings		312,090		362,150	-13.8%				
Construction in progress		694,988		43,388	1501.8%				
Totals	<u>\$</u>	24,736,730	\$	25,453,033	-2.8%				

Additional information on capital assets can be found in Note 5 of the notes to the financial statements on page 33 of this report.

Long-term debt—On June 30, 2020, the County had a total of \$42.9 million in long-term liabilities. Of this amount, \$700,000 was principal outstanding on general obligation bonds, \$452,572 was capital lease obligations and \$1.9 million represents compensated absences payable. The balance of \$39.8 million relates to the net pension and other postemployment benefits liability.

Additional information on the County's long-term liabilities can be found in Note 6 of the notes to the financial statements on pages 34-36 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets

The County's economy continued to experience moderate growth during fiscal year 2020. Although some economic contraction was expected when preparing the fiscal year 2021 budget, the Counties revenues continue to be strong into 2021. The County closely monitors revenues, expenditures, and applicable economic indicators to ensure that the County remains fiscally strong. The County continues to budget conservatively for revenue estimates and other factors affecting the County.

At the time of this report's release, citizens and the economies of the United States and other countries have been impacted by the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic. The World Health Organization declared a Public Health Emergency on January 30, 2020. The evolution of the virus, the extent of its economic impact and the results of steps taken and yet to be taken by governments and financial institutions are unknown. Governments and businesses may face supply chain disruptions, labor shortages, revenue declines, an increase in bad debts, reduced cash flow, difficulties meeting loan covenants, goodwill and inventory impairment, credit difficulties, and other financial implications. Furthermore, the financial markets have experienced significant levels of volatility as a result of the pandemic. This volatility has caused significant declines in the value of investments held at year end. While such declines may be temporary, investment values are subject to market fluctuations, and the timing of any such recovery is unknown at the present time. The significance and the duration of the pandemic's financial impact are indeterminable. These financial statements do not consider the potential financial implications of the pandemic.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Apache County Finance Department, Post Office Box 428, St. Johns, AZ 85936.





Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities					
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,646,124					
Investments	11,155,545					
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)						
Property taxes	424,475					
Accounts	174,790					
Due from other governments	4,337,304					
Inventories	373,446					
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) asset	622,975					
Capital assets not being depreciated	2,792,627					
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	21,944,103					
Total assets	50,471,389					
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred outflows related to pensions and other						
post-employment benefits	7,677,489					
Total deferred outflows of resources	7,677,489					
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	638,914					
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	768,041					
Unearned revenue	345,535					
Noncurrent liabilities						
Due within one year	2,019,673					
Due in more than one year	40,906,698					
Total liabilities	\$ 44,678,861					

Statement of Net Position — continued June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities					
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred inflows related to pensions and other postemployment benefits	\$ 2,282,599					
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,282,599					
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	23,584,158					
Restricted for						
Public safety	3,303,100					
Highways and streets	3,929,796					
Health	752,069					
Library	1,040,736					
Education	1,909,029					
Debt service	233,504					
Unrestricted (deficit)	(23,564,974)					
Total net position	\$ 11,187,418					

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

					ram Revenues		R	et (Expense) Levenue and Changes in Net Position
					Operating	Capital		
	-	C	Charges for	Grants and		Grants and	Governmental	
	 Expenses		Services	C	ontributions	Contributions		Activities
Functions/Programs								
Governmental activities								
General government	\$ 9,210,655	\$	1,371,487	\$	655,974	\$ -	\$	(7,183,194)
Public safety	11,606,861		549,261		4,297,743	-		(6,759,857)
Highways and streets	11,752,872		218,884		7,323,327	936,815		(3,273,846)
Sanitation	-				-	-		-
Health	3,783,198		232,858		1,280,255	-		(2,270,085)
Culture and recreation	2,061,236		15,472		56,864	-		(1,988,900)
Education	5,130,939		354,044		2,077,174	-		(2,699,721)
Interest on long-term debt	 83,901							(83,901)
Total governmental activities	\$ 43,629,662	\$	2,742,006	\$	15,691,337	\$ 936,815		(24,259,504)
General revenues								
Taxes								
Property taxes, levied for general purposes								2,834,553
Property taxes, levied for jail district								918,634
Property taxes, levied for juvenile jail district								458,463
Property taxes, levied for library								1,439,970
Property taxes, levied for library construction								511,104
Property taxes, levied for health service districts								1,147,892
Property taxes, levied for junior college								1,722,304
Property taxes, levied for fire districts								391,313
Property taxes, levied for post secondary education								648,070
Property taxes, levied for flood control								160,819
County excise tax- general purposes								1,282,331
Shared revenue – state sales taxes								6,035,014
Payments in lieu of taxes								9,853,636
Investment income								239,628
Miscellaneous state assistance								575,487
Contributions not restricted to specific programs								55,607
Gain on sale of assets								78,449
Miscellaneous								562,557
Total general revenues								28,915,831
Change in net position								4,656,327
Net position, July 1, 2019, as restated								6,531,091
Net position, June 30, 2020							\$	11,187,418





Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

		General Fund		Road Fund	Junior College Fund		College		College		College		College		G	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets																		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,527,089	\$	1,147,238	\$	242,136	\$	1,729,661	\$	8,646,124								
Investments		4,970,203		1,654,926		334,399		4,196,017		11,155,545								
Receivables																		
Property taxes		114,701		-		97,064		212,710		424,475								
Accounts		71,955		39,478		-		63,357		174,790								
Due from		400040						4400=		****								
Other funds		193,840		-		-		14,007		207,847								
Other governments		570,097		785,689		-		2,981,518		4,337,304								
Inventories		-		373,446		-		-		373,446								
Prepaid items	_		_		_		_		_	-								
Total assets	\$	11,447,885	\$	4,000,777	\$	673,599	\$	9,197,270	\$	25,319,531								
Liabilities																		
Accounts payable	\$	243,741	\$	184,182	\$	-	\$	210,991	\$	638,914								
Accrued payroll and employee benefits		374,151		183,835		-		210,055		768,041								
Unearned revenue		-		_		-		345,535		345,535								
Due to other funds		14,007		52,886		-		140,954		207,847								
Total liabilities	_	631,899		420,903			_	907,535	_	1,960,337								
Deferred Inflows of Resources																		
Unavailable revenue property taxes		86,868		-		73,817		161,052		321,737								
Total deferred inflows of resources		86,868			_	73,817		161,052	_	321,737								
Fund Balances																		
Nonspendable		_		373,446		_		_		373,446								
Restricted		_		3,206,428		599,782		8,532,724		12,338,934								
Committed		454,890		-,,		,		5,5 5 4,7 4		454,890								
Unassigned		10,274,228		-		-		(404,041)		9,870,187								
Total fund balances		10,729,118		3,579,874		599,782		8,128,683		23,037,457								
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		.,,	_	, ,		,		., .,		.,,								
resources, and fund balances	\$	11,447,885	\$	4,000,777	\$	673,599	\$	9,197,270	\$	25,319,531								

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Total governmental funds — fund balances		\$ 23,037,457
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$67,238,790 and the accumulated depreciation is \$42,502,060.		24,736,730
Some receivables are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.		321,737
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions /OPEB are applicable to future reporting periods and therefore, are not reported in the funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB	\$ 7,677,489 (2,282,599)	5,394,890
Net OPEB assets held in trust for future benefits are not available for County operations and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		622,975
Long-term liabilities, such as pension/OPEB liabilities and bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		
Net pension/OPEB liability	(39,832,295)	
Compensated absences payable	(1,941,504)	
General obligation bonds payable	(700,000)	
Capital leases payable	 (452,572)	 (42,926,371)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 11,187,418

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances — Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		General	Road		Junior	G	Other overnmental	G	Total overnmental
		Fund	Fund	C	College Fund		Funds		Funds
Revenues									
Property taxes	\$	3,061,375	\$ -	\$	2,367,473	\$	5,004,101	\$	10,432,949
County excise tax		1,282,331	-		-		-		1,282,331
Licenses and permits		117,381	-		-		-		117,381
Intergovernmental		10,616,356	10,762,633		1,704,107		10,009,193		33,092,289
Charges for services		677,436	218,884		-		748,978		1,645,298
Fines and forfeits		471,526	-		-		507,801		979,327
Investment income		111,305	54,383		8,513		65,427		239,628
Miscellaneous		(3,557)	12,343				553,771		562,557
Total revenues		16,334,153	 11,048,243		4,080,093	_	16,889,271		48,351,760
Expenditures									
General government		9,100,064	-		-		1,525,628		10,625,692
Public safety		3,454,761	-		-		7,176,389		10,631,150
Highways and streets		-	9,641,583		-		1,163,817		10,805,400
Health		397,914	_		-		3,331,105		3,729,019
Culture and recreation		25,389	-		-		1,811,632		1,837,021
Education		374,669	-		3,005,147		1,717,388		5,097,204
Capital outlay		185,044	936,815		-		607,651		1,729,510
Debt service									
Principal		-	299,137		-		665,000		964,137
Interest and other charges		_	22,476		-		61,425		83,901
Total expenditures		13,537,841	 10,900,011		3,005,147		18,060,035		45,503,034
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
(under) expenditures	_	2,796,312	 148,232		1,074,946		(1,170,764)		2,848,726
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-	97,439		-		23,885		121,324
Transfers in		557,872	250,000		-		2,364,255		3,172,127
Transfers out		(1,069,767)	(321,829)		(1,105,698)		(674,833)		(3,172,127)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(511,895)	25,610		(1,105,698)		1,713,307		121,324
Net change in fund balances		2,284,417	173,842		(30,752)		542,543		2,970,050
Fund balances July 1, 2019, as restated		8,444,701	3,387,401		630,534		7,586,140		20,048,776
Changes in nonspendable resources increase in inventories			 18,631	_					18,631
Fund balances, June 30, 2020	\$	10,729,118	\$ 3,579,874	\$	599,782	\$	8,128,683	\$	23,037,457

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances — total governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of		\$ 2,970,050
activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 1,729,510 (2,402,938)	(673,428)
In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the book value of the capital assets sold. Gain on sale of capital assets	78,449	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(121,324)	(42,875)
Revenues in governmental funds that provided current financial resources in the current year were reported as revenues in the statement of activities when earned in a prior year.		(199,827)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are reported regardless of when the financial resources are available.		
Increase in compensated absences		18,994
County pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the statement of net position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the County's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the statement of activities.		
County's share of state's appropriation to EORP County pension/OPEB contributions Pension/OPEB expense	55,607 2,934,355 (1,389,317)	1,600,645
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		
General obligation bonds repaid	665,000	
Capital leases repaid	299,137	964,137
Some cash outlays, such as purchases of inventories, are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when purchased. In the statement of activities, however, they are reported as expenses when consumed.		
Increase in inventories		18,631
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 4,656,327



Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2020

	Investment Trust Fund		Agency Funds		
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	47,034,893	\$	6,794	
Cash and investments held by Treasurer		66,409,678		9,593	
Total assets		113,444,571	\$	16,387	
Liabilities					
Due to other governments		-	\$	16,387	
Total liabilities			\$	16,387	
Net Position					
Held in trust for investment participants		113,444,571			
Total net position	\$	113,444,571			

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Investment Trust Fund	
Additions		
Contributions from participants	\$ 204,878,322	
Net increase in the fair value of investments	431,192	
Total additions	205,309,514	
Deductions		
Distributions to participants	206,049,281	
Change in net position	(739,767)	
Net position, July 1, 2019, as restated	114,184,338	
Net position, June 30, 2020	<u>\$ 113,444,571</u>	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Apache County, Arizona's (the "County") accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Reporting Entity

The County is a general-purpose local government that has a separately elected board of supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the County (the "primary government") and its component units.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are so intertwined with the County that they are in substance part of the County's operations. Therefore, data from these units is combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the County. Each blended component unit discussed below has a June 30 year-end. The County has no discretely presented component units.

The following table describes the County's component units:

		Reporting
Component Unit	Description; Criteria for Inclusion	Method
Apache County Flood Control District	A tax-levying district that provides flood control systems; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors. County management has operational responsibility for the component unit.	Blended
Apache County Health Services Districts	Provides comprehensive, culturally sensitive, quality health resources to the County's residents; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors. County management has operational responsibility for the component unit.	Blended
Apache County Jail District	A tax-levying district that acquires, constructs, operates, maintains, and finances county jails and jail systems; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the governing board. County management has operational responsibility for the component unit.	Blended

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

Apache County Juvenile Jail District	A tax-levying district that acquires, constructs, operates, maintains, and finances county juvenile jails and jail systems; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors. County management has operational responsibility for the component unit.	Blended
Apache County Library District	Provides and maintains library services for the County's residents; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors. County management has operational responsibility for the component unit.	Blended
Greer Acres – Little Colorado Special Improvement District	A tax-levying district that develops and constructs, sewer systems; the County's Board of Supervisors serves as the board of directors. County management has operational responsibility for the component unit.	Blended

Separately issued financial statements for these component units are not available.

Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the County as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

Government-wide statements—Government-wide statements provide information about the primary government of the County and its component units. The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report the overall government's financial activities, except for fiduciary activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

A statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The County does not allocate indirect expenses to programs or functions. Program revenues include:

- Charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided;
- Operating grants and contributions; and
- Capital grants and contributions, including special assessments.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including internally dedicated resources and all taxes the County levies or imposes, are reported as general revenues.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. However, charges for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated if doing so would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported by the departments concerned.

Fund financial statements—Provide information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements are presented for the governmental and fiduciary fund categories. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Fiduciary funds are aggregated and reported by fund type.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund—The general fund is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Road Fund—The road fund accounts for monies from specific revenue sources that are restricted for road maintenance and operations and for pavement preservation.
- *Junior College Fund*—The junior college fund accounts for monies from property taxes that the County pays the state for out-of-County-tuition.

The County also reports the following fiduciary fund types:

- *Investment Trust Fund*—The investment trust fund accounts for pooled assets the county treasurer holds and invests on behalf of other governmental entities.
- Agency Funds—The agency funds account for assets the County holds as an agent for the state and various local governments, and for property taxes collected and distributed to the State, local school districts, and special districts.

Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The agency funds are custodial in nature and do not have a measurement focus but utilize the accrual basis of accounting for reporting assets and liabilities. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of grants and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. The County applies grant resources to such programs before using general revenues. For all other programs, the County uses unrestricted revenues first.

Governmental funds in the fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. The County considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year-end. The County's major revenue sources that are susceptible to accrual are property taxes, special assessments, intergovernmental, charges for services, and investment earnings. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgements, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they are due and payable. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Loan proceeds and acquisitions under capital lease agreements are reported as other financing sources.

Cash and Investments

Nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts are stated at cost. Money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts with a remaining maturity of 1 year or less at the time of purchase that are not in the County Treasurer's investment pool are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value.

<u>Inventories</u>

Inventories in the government-wide financial statements are recorded as assets when purchased and expensed when consumed. These inventories are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out method.

The County accounts for its inventories in the governmental funds using the purchase method. Inventories of the governmental funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. Amounts on hand at year-end are shown on the balance sheet as an asset for informational purposes only and as nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they do not constitute "available spendable resources." These inventories are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out method.

Property Tax Calendar

The County levies real and personal property taxes on or before the third Monday in August that become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

A lien assessed against real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at historical cost. Donated assets are reported at acquisition value.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization		
	Threshold		
Land	All		
Construction in progress	\$ 5,000		
		Depreciation	Estimated
	_	Method	Useful Life
Buildings	\$ 5,000	Straight line	25–40 years
Improvements other than buildings	\$ 5,000	Straight line	25–40 years
Machinery and equipment	\$ 5,000	Straight line	5–8 years
Infrastructure	\$ 5,000	Straight line	40–45 years

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position and balance sheet include separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods that will be recognized as an expense or expenditure in future periods. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to future periods and will be recognized as revenue in future periods.

Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) assets and liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the plans' fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

Fund Balance Classifications

The governmental funds' fund balances are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on those resources' use. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, such as inventories, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balances are those that have externally imposed restrictions on their usage by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations.

The unrestricted fund balance category is composed of committed, assigned, and unassigned resources. Committed fund balances are self-imposed limitations that the County's Board of Supervisors approved, which is the highest level of decision-making authority within the County. Only the Board can remove or change the constraints placed on committed fund balances.

Assigned fund balances are resources constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Supervisors has authorized the county manager and finance director to assign resources for a specific purpose.

The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not reported in the other classifications. Also, deficits in fund balances of the other governmental funds are reported as unassigned.

When an expenditure is incurred that can be paid from either restricted or unrestricted fund balances, it is the County's policy to use restricted fund balance first. It is the County's policy to use committed amounts first when disbursing unrestricted fund balances, followed by assigned amounts, and lastly unassigned amounts.

Investment Income

Investment income is composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences payable consists of vacation leave and a calculated amount of sick leave employees earned based on services already rendered. Employees may accumulate up to 280 hours of vacation, but they forfeit any unused vacation hours in excess of the maximum amount at fiscal year-end. Upon termination of employment, the County pays all unused and unforfeited vacation benefits to employees. Accordingly, vacation benefits are accrued as a liability in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

these amounts is reported in the governmental funds' financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements by fiscal year-end.

Employees may accumulate an unlimited number of sick leave hours. Generally, sick leave benefits provide for ordinary sick pay and are cumulative but employees forfeit them upon termination of employment. Because sick leave benefits do not vest with employees, a liability for sick leave benefits is not accrued in the financial statements. However, upon retirement, for employees who have accumulated at least 500 hours of sick leave, sick leave benefits do vest, and therefore, are accrued in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds' financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements by fiscal year-end.

2) Stewardship, Compliance, Accountability, and Fund Balance Classifications

Deficit fund balances—At June 30, 2020, the following nonmajor funds reported a deficit in fund balances in excess of \$25,000:

Nonmajor Funds	Deficit		
Accent Sheriff	\$	127,495	
Forest Thinning		86,794	
Miscellaneous Community Grant		57,124	
Miscellaneous Grant		51,002	
Accent Attorney		48,712	
Drug Testing		43,212	
Tyler Technology		37,518	
Flood Control		35,154	
GIS		27,695	
	\$	514,706	

These deficits resulted from operations during the year, but are expected to be corrected through normal operations and transfers from other funds in fiscal year 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

The fund balance classifications for the governmental funds as of June 30, 2020, were as follows:

	General Fund		Road Fund	Junior College Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Total
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable							
Inventories	\$ -	\$	373,446	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 373,446
Prepaid items				-			
Total nonspendable			373,446	 _			 373,446
Restricted for							
Debt service	-		-	-		233,504	233,504
Highways and streets	-		3,206,428	-		723,368	3,929,796
Judicial	-		-	-		1,385,303	1,385,303
Law enforcement	-		-	-		1,917,797	1,917,797
Library	-		-	-		1,040,736	1,040,736
Health	-		-	-		752,069	752,069
General government	-		-	-		1,170,700	1,170,700
Education				 599,782		1,309,247	 1,909,029
Total restricted	-		3,206,428	599,782		8,532,724	12,338,934
Committed to							
Health	454,8	90	-	-		-	454,890
Unassigned	10,274,2	28	-	 		(404,041)	9,870,187
Total fund balance	\$ 10,729,1	8 \$	3,579,874	\$ 599,782	\$	8,128,683	\$ 23,037,457

3) **Deposits and Investments**

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize the County to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's investment pool; obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or any of the senior debt of its agencies, sponsored agencies, corporations, sponsored corporations, or instrumentalities; specified state and local government bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness; interest-earning investments such as savings accounts, certificates of deposits, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; and specified commercial paper issued by corporations organized and doing business in the United States; specified bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars; and certain open-end and closed-end mutual funds, including exchange traded funds. In addition, the County Treasurer may invest trust funds in certain fixed income securities of corporations doing business in the United States or District of Columbia.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

Credit Risk

Statutes have the following requirements for credit risk:

- 1. Commercial paper must be of prime quality and be rated within the top two ratings by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 2. Specified bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars must be rated "A" or better at the time of purchase by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.
- 3. Fixed income securities must carry one of the two highest ratings by Moody's investors service and Standard and Poor's rating service. If only one of the abovementioned services rates the security, it must carry the highest rating of that service.

Custodial Credit Risk

Statutes require collateral for deposits at 102 percent of all deposits federal depository insurance does not cover.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Statutes do not include any requirements for concentration of credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Statutes require that public monies invested in securities and deposits have a maximum maturity of 5 years. The maximum maturity for investments in repurchase agreements is 180 days.

Foreign Currency Risk

Statutes do not allow foreign investments unless the investment is denominated in United States dollars.

Deposits—At June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$55,687,811 including \$258,705 held in money market accounts. The bank balance is \$56,696,492. The County does not have a formal policy with respect to custodial credit risk.

At June 30, 2020, balances in these accounts are insured up to FDIC limits of \$500,000. The remaining amounts are uninsured but fully collateralized pursuant to the Statewide Pooled Collateral Program.

Cash Equivalents

The County is reporting money market accounts totaling \$258,706 as cash equivalents at year-end.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

Investments—The County's investments at June 30, 2020, categorized within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles, were as follows:

		Fair Value Measurement Using						
		Quot	ted Prices		Significant			
		in	Active		Other			
		Markets for			Observable			
		Identi	cal Assets		Inputs			
Investments By Fair Value Level	Amount	(L	evel 1)		(Level 2)			
U.S. agency securities	\$ 47,825,011	\$	-	\$	47,825,011			
U.S. treasury notes	5,734,151		-		5,734,151			
Certificates of deposit	 24,015,654				24,015,654			
Total investments categorized by fair value level	\$ 77,574,816	\$		\$	77,574,816			

Investments categorized as Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those investments. The investments categorized as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique that values securities based on their relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Credit risk—The County does not have a formal investment policy with respect to credit risk. At June 30, 2020, credit risk for the County's investments was as follows:

Investment Type	Rating	Rating Agency	Amount
U.S. agency securities	AAA	Moody's	\$ 47,825,011
Certificates of deposit	Not Rated		 24,015,654
			\$ 71,840,665

Custodial credit risk—For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the counterparty's failure, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in an outside party's possession. The County does not have a formal investment policy with respect to custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2020, the County had \$47,825,011 of U.S. agency securities, \$5,734,151 of U.S. treasury notes, and \$24,015,654 of certificates of deposit that were uninsured and held by the counterparty's trust department, not in the name of the County.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

Concentration of credit risk—The County does not have a formal investment policy with respect to concentration of credit risk. The County had investments at June 30, 2020, of 5 percent or more in Freddie Mac (Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation), Fannie Mae (Federal National Mortgage Association), Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, and U.S. Treasury Notes. These investments were 28%, 8%, 12%, 15% and 7%, respectively, of the County's total investments.

Interest rate risk—The County does not have a formal investment policy with respect to interest rate risk. At June 30, 2020, the County had the following investments in debt securities:

]	Investment Ma	les (in Years)	
Investment Type	Fair	Value	Less Than 1		1–5
U.S. agency securities	\$ 47,	825,011 \$	3,519,265	\$	44,305,746
U.S. treasury notes	5,	734,151	3,519,605	;	2,214,546
Certificates of deposit	24,	015,654	4,444,042	<u> </u>	19,571,612
	\$ 77.	574,816 \$	11,482,912	\$	66,091,904

Foreign currency risk—State statutes do not allow foreign investments unless the investment is denominated in United States Dollars.

A reconciliation of cash, deposits, and investments to amounts shown on the statements of net position follows:

Cash and Investments

Carrying amount of deposits - cash and cash equivalents	\$ 55,429,106
Money market accounts	258,705
Amount of investments	 77,574,816
Total cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 133,262,627

	G	overnmental		Investment						
		Activities		Trust Fund		Trust Fund		Agency Funds		Total
Statement of net position										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,646,124	\$	47,034,893	\$	6,794	\$	55,687,811		
Investments		11,155,545		66,409,678		9,593		77,574,816		
Total	\$	19,801,669	\$	113,444,571	\$	16,387	\$	133,262,627		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

4) **Due From Other Governments**

Amounts due from other governments at June 30, 2020, as reported on the Governmental funds balance sheet was as follows:

Due From Other Governments	General Fund			Road Other Fund Governmental			Total			
Federal government	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,626,698	\$	2,626,698		
State governments		485,323		785,689		244,208		1,515,220		
Other		-		-		110,572		110,572		
City government		84,774				40		84,814		
Total	\$	570,097	\$	785,689	\$	2,981,518	\$	4,337,304		

5) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

		Balance					Balance
Governmental Activities	J	uly 1, 2019	Increases		Decreases	Ju	ine 30, 2020
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land	\$	2,097,639	\$ -	\$	-	\$	2,097,639
Construction in progress		43,388	 651,600				694,988
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	2,141,027	 651,600				2,792,627
Capital assets being depreciated							
Buildings		29,242,986	-		-		29,242,986
Improvements other than buildings		726,226	-		-		726,226
Machinery and equipment		31,282,143	1,077,910		(545,151)		31,814,902
Infrastructure		2,662,049	 				2,662,049
Total capital assets being depreciated		63,913,404	 1,077,910	_	(545,151)	_	64,446,163
Less accumulated depreciation							
Buildings		12,653,356	703,554		-		13,356,910
Improvements other than buildings		364,076	50,060		-		414,136
Machinery and equipment		25,487,903	1,583,497		(502,276)		26,569,124
Infrastructure		2,096,063	 65,827	_			2,161,890
Total accumulated depreciation		40,601,398	2,402,938		(502,276)		42,502,060
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		23,312,006	(1,325,028)		(42,875)		21,944,103
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	25,453,033	\$ (673,428)	\$	(42,875)	\$	24,736,730

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities	
Highways and streets	\$ 971,041
General government	640,808
Public safety	473,924
Culture and recreation	225,891
Health and welfare	56,983
Education	 34,291
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 2,402,938

Construction Commitments

The County had major contractual commitments related to various capital projects at June 30, 2020, for the construction of Lodge Teen Center in Round Valley, Limestone building and fuel system. At June 30, 2020, the County spent \$694,988 on these projects and had remaining contractual commitments with contractors of \$1,872,733.

6) Long-Term Liabilities

The following schedule details the County's long-term liability and obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2020:

Governmental Activities	Jı	Balance uly 1, 2019	Additions	:	Reductions	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2020]	Amounts Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds Capital leases payable	\$	1,365,000 751,709	\$ -	\$	(665,000) (299,137)	\$	700,000 452,572	\$	700,000 132,818
Net pension and other		,,,,,,			(27),137)		, , , ,		132,010
postemployment benefits liability Compensated absences payable		35,647,187 1,960,498	 4,185,108 1,351,464		(1,370,458)		39,832,295 1,941,504	_	1,186,855
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$	39,724,394	\$ 5,536,572	\$	(2,334,595)	\$	42,926,371	\$	2,019,673

Bonds

The County's bonded debt consists of general obligation bonds that are callable with interest payable semiannually. Bond proceeds pay primarily for acquiring or constructing capital facilities. The County repays general obligation bonds from voter-approved property taxes.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2020, were as follows:

	Original				
	Amount	Maturity	Interest	Oı	utstanding
Description	Issued	Ranges	Rates	F	Principal
General obligation bonds					
Series 2007	\$ 7,190,000	7/1/10-21	4.5%	\$	700,000

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the County's bonds payable at June 30, 2020:

	G	eneral
	Obliga	tion Bonds
	Principal	Interest
Year ending June 30,		
2021	\$ 700,000	\$ 31,500
Total	\$ 700,000	\$ 31,500

Capital Leases

The County has acquired machinery and equipment under the provisions of various long-term lease agreements classified as capital leases for accounting purposes because they provide for a bargain purchase option or a transfer of ownership by the end of the lease term.

The following assets were acquired through capital leases:

Software	\$ 619,355
Machinery and equipment	1,165,455
Less accumulated depreciation	 (741,934)
Carrying value	\$ 1,042,876

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

The following schedule details minimum lease payments to maturity for the County's capital leases payable at June 30, 2020:

Year ending June 30,	
2021	\$ 153,756
2022	87,908
2023	87,908
2024	87,908
2025	21,453
2026	 83,440
Total minimum lease payments	522,373
Less amount representing interest	 (69,801)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$ 452,572

Operating Lease Commitments

The County has entered into a number of operating leases, which have cancellation provisions and are subject to annual appropriations.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are paid from various funds in the same proportion that those funds pay payroll costs. During fiscal year 2020, the County paid for compensated absences as follows: 42 percent from the general fund, 28 percent from the road fund, and 30 percent from other funds.

7) Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. For these risks of loss, the County joined and is covered by three public entity risk pools: the Arizona Counties Property and Casualty Pool, the Arizona Counties Workers' Compensation Pool, and the Arizona Local Government Employee Benefit Trust.

The Arizona Counties Property and Casualty Pool is a public entity risk pool currently composed of 13 member counties. The pool provides member counties catastrophic loss coverage for risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; cyber security; and natural disasters; and provides risk management services. Such coverage includes all defense costs as well as the amount of any judgment

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

or settlement. The County is responsible for paying a premium based on its exposure in relation to the exposure of the other participants, and a deductible of \$5,000 per occurrence for property claims and \$5,000 per occurrence for liability claims. The County is also responsible for any payments in excess of the maximum coverage of \$300 million per occurrence for property claims and \$15 million per occurrence for liability claims. However, lower limits apply to certain categories of losses. A county must participate in the pool at least three years after becoming a member; however it may withdraw after the initial three-year period.

The Arizona Counties Workers' Compensation Pool is a public entity risk pool currently composed of 12 member counties. The pool provides member counties with workers' compensation coverage, as law requires, and risk-management services. The County is responsible for paying a premium, based on an experience-rating formula, that allocates pool expenditures and liabilities among the members.

The Arizona Local Government Employee Benefit Trust is a public entity risk pool currently composed of nine member entities. The pool provides member entities with health, prescription, dental, vision, life, short-term disability, and accidental death benefits for the entities' employees and their dependents. The County is responsible for paying a premium based on enrolled employees and dependents and requires its employees to contribute a portion of that premium.

The Arizona Counties Property and Casualty Pool, the Arizona Counties Workers' Compensation Pool, and the Arizona Local Government Employee Benefit Trust receive independent audits annually and an audit by the Arizona Department of Insurance every five years. All pools accrue liabilities for losses that have been incurred but not reported. These liabilities are determined annually based on an independent actuarial valuation. If a pool were to become insolvent, the County would be assessed an additional contribution.

8) Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits

The County contributes to the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS), the Corrections Officer Retirement Plan - Detention Officers (CORP), the Corrections Officer Retirement Plan - Administrative Office of the Courts (CORP AOC), the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System - Sheriff (PSPRS), and the Elected Officials Retirement Plan (EORP), all described below. The plans are component units of the State of Arizona.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

At June 30, 2020, the County reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for all plans to which it contributes:

	Governmental Activities		
Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities			
Net OPEB asset	\$	622,975	
Net pension and OPEB liability		39,832,295	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB		7,677,489	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB		2,282,599	
Pension and OPEB expense		1,389,317	

The County's accrued payroll and employee benefits includes \$94,682 of outstanding pension and OPEB contribution amounts payable to all plans for the year ended June 30, 2020. Also, the County reported \$2,934,355 of pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures in the governmental funds related to all plans to which it contributes.

The ASRS pension and OPEB, PSPRS-Sheriff pension, CORP detention pension and OPEB, CORP-AOC pension, and EORP pension and OPEB plans are described below. The PSPRS-Sheriff OPEB and CORP-AOC OPEB plans are not described due to their relative insignificance to the County's financial statements.

A. The Arizona State Retirement System

Plan description—County employees not covered by the other pension plans described below participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its website at www.azasrs.gov.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

Benefits provided—The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	Retirement Initial M	Iembership Date
ASRS	Before July 1, 2011	On or after July 1, 2011
Years of service and age required to receive benefit	Sum of years and age equals 80 10 years, age 62 5 years, age 50* Any years, age 65	30 years, age 55 25 years, age 60 10 years, age 62 5 years, age 50* Any years, age 65
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 120 months	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 120 months
Benefit percent per year of service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%
* With actuarially reduced benefits		

^{*} With actuarially reduced benefits.

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the retirement benefit option chosen determines the survivor benefit. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. For members with 10 or more years of service, benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents. For members with 5 to 9 years of service, the benefits are the same dollar amounts as above multiplied by a vesting fraction based on completed years of service.

Active members are eligible for a monthly long-term disability benefit equal to two-thirds of monthly earnings. Members receiving benefits continue to earn service credit up to their normal retirement dates. Members with long-term disability commencement dates after June 30, 1999, are limited to 30 years of service or the service on record as of the effective disability date if their service is greater than 30 years.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

Contributions—In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2020, statute required active ASRS members to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.11 percent (11.94 percent for retirement and 0.17 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and statute required the County to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.11 percent (11.45 percent for retirement, 0.49 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.17 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll. In addition, the County was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 10.41 percent (10.29 percent for retirement, 0.05 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.07 percent for long-term disability) of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the County in positions that an employee who contributes to the ASRS would typically fill. The County's contributions to the pension, health insurance premium benefit, and long-term disability plans for the year ended June 30, 2020, were \$1,347,999, \$55,463 and \$19,292, respectively.

During fiscal year 2020, the County paid for ASRS pension and OPEB contributions as follows: 43 percent from the General Fund, 27 percent from the Road Fund, and 30 percent from other governmental funds.

Liability—At June 30, 2020, the County reported the following asset and liabilities for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension/OPEB asset or liability.

		Net
	Pe	nsion/OPEB
ASRS	(As	sset) Liability
Pension	\$	16,247,829
Health insurance premium benefit		(31,261)
Long-term disability		73,288

The net asset and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2019. The total liability used to calculate the net asset or net liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

The County's proportion of the net asset or net liability was based on the County's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019. The County's proportion measured as of June 30, 2019, and the change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018, were:

		Increase
	Proportion	(Decrease) From
ASRS	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Pension	.11%	(.002)
Health insurance premium benefit	.11%	(.001)
Long-term disability	.11%	(.001)

Expenses—For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County recognized the following pension and OPEB expense.

	Pen	sion/OPEB
ASRS	F	Expense
Pension	\$	458,647
Health insurance premium benefit		45,330
Long-term disability		4,045

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources—At June 30, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

						Health I	nsura	nce				
		Pen	sion			Premiun	n Ben	efit		Long-Tern	ı Disal	bility
		Deferred		Deferred	I	Deferred]	Deferred	D	eferred	D	eferred
		Outflows		Inflows	(Outflows		Inflows	O	utflows	I	nflows
ASRS	of	Resources	of	Resources	of :	Resources	of	Resources	of F	Resources	of F	Resources
Differences between expected and												
actual experience	\$	293,521	\$	3,055	\$	-	\$	37,369	\$	8,659	\$	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		68,680		647,020		61,478		-		10,964		-
Net difference between projected and												
actual earnings on plan investments		-		365,195		-		40,653		-		1,563
Changes in proportion and differences												
between county contributions and												
proportionate share of contributions		363,620		184,664		277		76		2,221		415
County contributions subsequent to the												
measurement date		1,347,999				55,463				19,292		-
Total	\$	2,073,820	\$	1,199,934	\$	117,218	\$	78,098	\$	41,136	\$	1,978

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions and OPEB resulting from county contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of net assets or a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ASRS pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

	Health					
			Insurance			
			Premium	Long-Term		
ASRS		Pension	Benefit	Disability		
Year ending June 30,						
2021	\$	8,159 \$	(13,472)	\$ 2,077		
2022		(509,948)	(13,473)	2,077		
2023		(70,133)	3,867	3,602		
2024		97,809	7,622	3,881		
2025		-	(887)	3,301		
Thereafter		-	-	4,928		

Actuarial assumptions—The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

ASRS

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2018
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.5%
Projected salary increases	2.7-7.2% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Inflation	2.3%
Permanent benefit increase	Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Mortality rates	2017 SRA Scale U-MP for pensions and health insurance premium benefit
Recovery rates	2012 GLDT for long-term disability
Healthcare cost trend rate	Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS plan investments was determined to be 7.5 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term
	Expected
Target	Geometric Real
Allocation	Rate of Return
50%	6.09%
20%	5.36%
10%	1.62%
20%	5.85%
100%	
	Allocation 50% 20% 10% 20%

Discount rate—The discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension/OPEB liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the ASRS net pension/OPEB (asset) liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB (asset) liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.5 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1	% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1	% Increase
ASRS		(6.5%)		(7.5%)		(8.5%)
County's proportionate share of the						
Net pension liability	\$	23,124,424	\$	16,247,829	\$	10,500,765
Net insurance premium benefit liability (asset)		158,352		(31,261)		(192,821)
Net long-term disability liability		81,109		73,288		65,703

Plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

B. Public Safety Personnel Retirement System and Corrections Officer Retirement Plan

Plan descriptions—County sheriff employees who are regularly assigned hazardous duty participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) or employees who became members on or after July 1, 2017, may participate in the Public Safety Personnel Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (PSPDCRP). The PSPRS administers agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plans. A nine-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4.

Employees who were PSPRS members before July 1, 2017, participate in the agent plans, and those who became PSPRS members on or after July 1, 2017, participate in the cost-sharing plans (PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool) which are not further disclosed because of their relative insignificance to the County's financial statements.

County detention officers and Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) probation, surveillance, and juvenile detention officers participate in the Corrections Officer Retirement Plan (CORP) or the Public Safety Personnel Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (PSPDCRP). The CORP administers an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and an agent multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan for county detention officers, which were closed to new members as of July 1, 2018, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

plan for AOC officers (cost-sharing plans). Employees who were CORP members before July 1, 2018, participate in CORP, and AOC probation and surveillance officers who became members on or after July 1, 2018, participate in CORP or PSPDCRP. Detention officers, and juvenile detention officers who became members on or after July 1, 2018, participate in PSPDCRP. The PSPRS Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern CORP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 6.

The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the PSPRS and CORP plans. The report is available on the PSPRS website at www.psprs.com.

Benefits provided—The PSPRS and CORP provide retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	Initial Membership Date					
		On or after January 1, 2012 and				
PSPRS	Before January 1, 2012	before July 1, 2017				
Retirement and Disability						
Years of service	20 years of service, any age	25 years of service or 15				
and age required to receive benefit	15 years of service, age 62	years of credited service, age 52.5				
Final average	Highest 36 consecutive	Highest 60 consecutive				
salary is based on	months of last 20 years	months of last 20 years				
Benefit Percent						
Normal retirement	50% less 2.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years or plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited service over 20 years, not to exceed 80%	1.5% to 2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%				
Accidental disability retirement	50% or normal	retirement, whichever is greater				
Catastrophic disability retirement	90% for the first 60 months then redu	ced to either 62.5% or normal retirement, whichever is greater				
Ordinary disability retirement		al years of credited service or 20 years of credited service, of credited service (not to exceed 20 years) divided by 20				
Survivor Benefit						
Retired members	80% to 100% of	retired member's pension benefit				
Active members	80% to 100% of accidental disability retirement benefit or 100% of average monthly compensation if death was the result of injuries received on the job					

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

	Initial Membership Date						
		On or after	AOC probation and				
6677	Before	January 1, 2012 and	surveillance officers				
CORP	January 1, 2012	before July 1, 2018	On or after July 1, 2018				
Retirement and Disability							
Years of service	Sum of years and age equals 80	25 years, age 52.5	10 years, age 52.5*				
and age required	20 years, any age	10 years, age 62	10 years or more years, age 55				
to receive benefit	10 years, age 62						
Final average	Highest 36 consecutive	Highest 60 consecutive	months of last 10 years				
salary is based on	months of last 10 years						
Benefit Percent							
Normal	2.0% to 2.5% per year of credited	2.5% per year of credited service,	1.25% to 2.25% per year of				
retirement	service, not to exceed 80%	not to exceed 80%	credited service, not to				
			exceed 80%				
Accidental	50% or normal retirement if more	50% or normal retirement if more	than 25 years of credited service				
disability	than 20 years of credited service						
retirement							
Total and	50% or normal retirement if more than 25 years of credited service						
permanent							
disability retirement							
Ordinary		2.5% per year of credited service					
disability							
retirement							
Survivor Benefit							
Retired members	8	0% of retired member's pension benefit	it				
Active members	40% of average monthly compens	sation or 100% of average monthly con	npensation if death was the result				
	3	nere is no surviving spouse or eligible of to 2 times the member's contributions.	children, the beneficiary is entitled				

^{*}With actuarially reduced benefits.

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on inflation. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. Benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

Employees covered by benefit terms—At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the agent plans' benefit terms:

	PSPRS	CORP	CORP
	Sheriff	Detention	Detention
	Pension	Pension	Health
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving			
benefits	24	6	6
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	7	23	-
Active employees	21	14	14
Total	52	43	20

Contributions—State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS and CORP employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS and CORP pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions rates for the year ended June 30, 2020, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

			County-Health
	Active		Insurance Premium
	Member-Pension	County-Pension	Benefit
PSPRS Sheriff	7.65% - 11.65%	64.11%	N/A
CORP Detention	8.41%	14.82%	0%
CORP AOC	8.41% or 10.18%	30.71% or 27.91%	N/A

In addition, statute required the County to contribute at the actuarially determined rate indicated below of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the County in positions that an employee who contributes to the PSPRS or CORP would typically fill and employees participating in the PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool and PSPDCRP members in addition to the County's required contributions to the PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool and PSPDCRP.

	Pension	Health Insurance
PSPRS Sheriff	10.51%	N/A
CORP Detention	8.04%	0.00%
CORP AOC	22.96%	N/A

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

The County's contributions to the plans for the year ended June 30, 2020, were:

		Health Insurance			
	Pension	Premium Benefit			
PSPRS Sheriff	\$ 969,235	N/A			
CORP Detention	92,340	\$0			
CORP AOC	200,212	N/A			

During fiscal year 2020, the County paid for PSPRS and CORP contributions as follows:

		Other
	General	Governmental
	Fund	Funds
PSPRS Sheriff	93%	7%
CORP Detention	0%	100%
CORP AOC	16%	84%

Liability—At June 30, 2020, the County reported the following assets and liabilities:

		Pension	Net		
		Liability	OPEB Asset		
PSPRS Sheriff	\$	11,945,402		N/A	
CORP Detention		1,059,814	\$	136,991	
CORP AOC (County's proportionate share)		2,069,061		N/A	

The net assets and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total liability used to calculate the net assets or liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total liabilities as of June 30, 2019, reflect changes of actuarial assumptions to decrease the investment rate of return from 7.4 percent to 7.3 percent and update the mortality rates.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

Actuarial assumptions—The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

PSPRS and CORP

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.3%
Wage inflation	3.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Price inflation	2.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Cost-of-living adjustment	1.75% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Mortality rates	Pub S-2010 Tables
Healthcare cost trend rate	Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS and CORP plan investments was determined to be 7.3 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

PSPRS and CORP	Long-Term Exp			
	Target	Geometric Real		
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return		
Short-term investments	2%	0.25%		
Risk parity	4%	4.01%		
Fixed income	5%	3.00%		
Real assets	9%	6.75%		
GTS	12%	4.01%		
Private credit	16%	5.36%		
Real estate	10%	4.50%		
Private equity	12%	8.40%		
Non-U.S. equity	14%	5.00%		
U.S. equity	16%	4.75%		
Total	100%			

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

Discount rates—At June 30, 2019, the discount rate used to measure the PSPRS and CORP total pension/OPEB liabilities was 7.3 percent, which was a decrease of 0.1 from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Plan					
	T	otal Pension	Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability	
		Liability				
		(a)				(a) - (b)
PSPRS Sheriff						
Balances, June 30, 2019	\$	15,719,364	\$	4,584,760	\$	11,134,604
Adjustment to Beginning of Year		-		(8,263)		8,263
Changes for the year						
Service cost		334,328		-		334,328
Interest on the total liability		1,155,854		-		1,155,854
Changes of benefit terms						
Differences between expected and actual experience						
in the measurement of the liability		206,218		-		206,218
Changes in assumptions and other inputs		469,681		-		469,681
Contributions – employer		-		989,810		(989,810)
Contributions – employee		-		124,001		(124,001)
Net investment income		-		255,158		(255,158)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(868,089)		(868,089)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(5,423)		5,423
Net changes		1,297,992		495,457		802,535
Balances, June 30, 2020	\$	17,017,356	\$	5,071,954	\$	11,945,402

Apache County, Arizona Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2020

Increase (Decrease)

	Plan						
	To	Total Pension Fic		Fiduciary	Net Pension		
		Liability		Net Position		Liability	
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)	
CORP Detention							
Balances, June 30, 2019	\$	2,328,500	\$	1,548,126	\$	780,374	
Changes for the year							
Service cost		97,038		-		97,038	
Interest on the total liability		175,314		-		175,314	
Changes of benefit terms							
Differences between expected and actual experience						166,676	
in the measurement of the liability		166,676		-		100,070	
Change of assumptions and other inputs		49,820		-		49,820	
Contributions – employer		-		78,646		(78,646)	
Contributions – employee		-		48,326		(48,326)	
Net investment income		-		84,647		(84,647)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(112,857)		(112,857)		-	
Administrative expenses				(2,211)		2,211	
Net changes	Φ.	375,991	Φ.	96,551	_	279,440	
Balances, June 30, 2020	\$	2,704,491	\$	1,644,677	\$	1,059,814	
	Increase (Decrease)						
	_			Plan			
		otal OPEB		Fiduciary		Net OBEB	
		Liability (a)	N	Net Position		Liability/(Asset)	
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)	
CORP Detention-Health Insurance Premium Benefit							
Balances, June 30, 2019	\$	76,525	\$	187,951	\$	(111,426)	
Changes for the year							
Service cost		2,155		-		2,155	
Interest on the total OPEB liability		5,744		-		5,744	
Differences between expected and actual experience						(24,120)	
in the measurement of the OPEB liability							
		(24,120)		-			
Change of assumptions and other inputs		(24,120) 682		- -		682	
Change of assumptions and other inputs Net investment income		682		10,208			
Change of assumptions and other inputs Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		682 - (2,110)		(2,110)		682 (10,208)	
Change of assumptions and other inputs Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expenses		682 - (2,110)		(2,110) (182)	_	682 (10,208) - 182	
Change of assumptions and other inputs Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	<u> </u>	682 - (2,110)	<u> </u>	(2,110)	<u> </u>	682 (10,208)	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

The County's proportion of the CORP AOC net pension liability was based on the County's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating counties' actual contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019. The County's proportion measured as of June 30, 2019, was .4904 percent which was an decrease of .04533 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

Sensitivity of the County's net pension/OPEB (asset) liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the County's net pension/OPEB (asset) liabilities calculated using the discount rate of 7.3 percent, as well as what the County's net pension/OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.3 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.3 percent) than the current rate:

	Current						
		1%		Discount		1%	
		Decrease		Rate		Increase	
		6.3%	7.3%			8.3%	
PSPRS Sheriff							
Net pension liability	\$	14,118,197	\$	11,945,402	\$	10,162,982	
CORP Detention							
Net pension liability	\$	1,412,359	\$	1,059,814	\$	772,246	
Net OPEB (asset) liability		(129,891)		(136,991)		(142,914)	
CORP AOC							
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	2,658,193	\$	2,069,061	\$	1,588,884	

Plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS and CORP financial reports.

Expense—For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County recognized the following Pension and OPEB expense:

	Pension	OPEB	
	Expense	Expense	
PSPRS Sheriff	\$ 461,487	ľ	N/A
CORP Detention	97,804	\$ (14,	187)
CORP AOC (County's proportionate share)	(56,464)	1	V/A

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources—At June 30, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

	O	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
PSPRS-Sheriff Pension					
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$	333,602 667,737	\$	193,197 -	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		76,190		-	
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	\$	969,235 2,046,764	\$	193,197	
CORP - Detention Pension					
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$	147,720 62,539	\$	59,508 -	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		23,466		-	
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	Φ.	92,340	ф.		
Total	\$	326,065	\$	59,508	
CORP - Detention Health Insurance Premium Benefit					
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$	- 582	\$	35,727 4,233	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		256			
Total	\$	838	\$	39,960	
CORP - AOC Pension					
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	147,840	\$	58,844	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Net difference between projected and actual earnings		132,640		-	
on pension plan investments		38,900		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between County		10 10 10		202.452	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		126,042 200,212		292,173	
Total	\$	645,634	\$	351,017	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase in the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

	PSI	PRS Sheriff	 CORP Detention				CORP AOC		
		Pension	 Pension Health			Pension			
Year ending June 30,									
2021	\$	357,625	\$ 74,528	\$	(8,450)	\$	(47,018)		
2022		277,236	76,716		(8,449)		43,340		
2023		230,870	16,902		(7,043)		65,646		
2024		18,601	6,071		(5,899)		32,437		
2025		-	-		(5,859)		-		
Thereafter		-	-		(3,422)		-		

PSPDCRP plan—County sheriff employees, County detention officers, and AOC probation, surveillance, and juvenile detention officers who are not members of PSPRS or CORP participate in the PSPDCRP. The PSPDCRP is a defined contribution pension plan. The PSPRS Board of Trustees governs the PSPDCRP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4.1. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, are established by State statute.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, active PSPDCRP members were required by statute to contribute at least 9 percent (County sheriff employees) or 5 percent (County detention officers, and AOC probation, surveillance, and juvenile detention officers) of the members' annual covered payroll, and the County was required by statute to contribute 9 percent or 5 percent, respectively, of active members' annual covered payroll to an individual employee account. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and the earnings on those contributions. Employees vest in a portion of the County's contributions each year as set forth in statute. The plan retains nonvested County contributions when forfeited because of employment terminations. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County recognized pension expense/(income) of (\$11,738).

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

C. Elected Officials Retirement Plan

Plan description—Elected officials and judges participate in the Elected Officials Retirement Plan (EORP), ASRS, or the Elected Officials Defined Contribution Retirement System (EODCRS). EORP administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan for elected officials and judges who were members of the plan on December 31, 2013. The EORP pension plan and OPEB plans were closed to new members as of January 1, 2014. The PSPRS Board of Trustees governs the EORP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 3. The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the EORP plans. The report is available on PSPRS's website at www.psprs.com.

Benefits provided—The EORP provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average yearly compensation, and service credit as follows:

EORP

	Initial Membership Date					
	Before January 1, 2012	On or after January 1, 2012				
Retirement and Disability						
Years of service and age required to receive benefit	20 years, any age	10 years, age 62				
	10 years, age 62 5 years, age 65 5 years, any age* any years and age if disabled	5 years, age 65 any years and age if disabled				
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 10 years	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 10 years				
Benefit Percent						
Normal Retirement	4% per year of service, not to exceed 80%	3% per year of service, not to exceed 75%				
Disability Retirement	80% with 10 or more years of service 40% with 5 to 10 years of service 20% with less than 5 years of service	75% with 10 or more years of service 37.5% with 5 to 10 years of service 18.75% with less than 5 years of service				
Survivor Benefit						
Retired Members	75% of retired member's benefit	50% of retired member's benefit				
Active Members and Other Inactive Members	75% of disability retirement benefit	50% of disability retirement benefit				

^{*} With reduced benefits of 0.25% for each month early retirement precedes the member's normal retirement age, with a maximum reduction of 30%.

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on inflation. In addition, the Legislature may enact permanent one-time benefit increases after a Joint Legislative Budget Committee analysis of the increase's effects on the plan.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. For members with 8 or more years of service, benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents. For members with 5 to 7 years of service, the benefits are the same dollar amounts as above multiplied by a vesting fraction based on completed years of service.

Contributions—State statutes establish active member and employer contribution requirements. Statute also appropriates \$5 million annually through fiscal year 2043 for the EORP from the State of Arizona to supplement the normal cost plus an amount to amortize the unfunded accrued liability and designates a portion of certain court fees for the EORP. For the year ended June 30, 2020, statute required active EORP members to contribute 7 or 13 percent of the members' annual covered payroll and the County to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 61.43 percent of all active EORP members' annual covered payroll. Also, statute required the County to contribute 49.49 percent to EORP of the annual covered payroll of elected officials and judges who were ASRS members and 55.43 percent to EORP of the annual covered payroll of elected officials and judges who were EODCRS members, in addition to the County's required contributions to ASRS and EODCRS for these elected officials and judges.

The County's contributions to the pension and health insurance premium benefit plans for the year ended June 30, 2020, were \$605,648 and \$0, respectively.

During fiscal year 2020, the County paid 100 percent of the EORP pension contributions from the General Fund.

Liability—At June 30, 2020, the County reported a liability for its proportionate share of the EORP's net pension liability that reflected a reduction for the County's proportionate share of the State's appropriation for EORP. The amount the County recognized as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the County were as follows:

County's proportionate share of the EORP net pension liability	\$ 8,510,189
State's proportionate share of the EORP net pension liability	
associated with the County	 799,870
Total	\$ 9,310,059

The County also reported an asset of \$590,533 for its proportionate share of EORP's net OPEB asset.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

The net asset and net liability were measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total liability used to calculate the net asset or net liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total liabilities as of June 30, 2019, reflect changes of actuarial assumptions to decrease the investment rate of return from 7.4 percent to 7.3 percent and update the mortality rates.

The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's required contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' required contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019. The County's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the County's present value of benefits relative to the total of all participating employers' present value of benefits for the year ended June 30, 2019. The County's proportion measured as of June 30, 2019, was 6.029 percent, which was an increase of .2754 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

Expense—For the year ended June 30, 2020 the County recognized pension and OPEB expense/(income) for EORP of \$(2,515,247) and \$(27,715), respectively and revenue of \$209,240 for the County's proportionate share of the State's appropriation to EORP and the designated court fees.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources—At June 30, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

		Pen	sio	n	He	alth Insurance	Premium Benefit		
]	Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred	
	O	utflows of		Inflows of	Outflows of			Inflows of	
	R	lesources		Resources	Resources			Resources	
EORP									
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	189,737	\$	8,071	\$	18,917	\$	6,093	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		26,754		241,837		1,328		17,351	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		57,898		-		1,967		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,520,324		85,555		4,702		-	
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		605,648	_						
Total	\$	2,400,361	\$	335,463	\$	26,914	\$	23,444	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to EORP pensions and OPEB resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase in the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to EORP pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

					Health
					Insurance
		Pension			Premium
	_				Benefit
Year ending June 30					
2021		\$	1,442,843	\$	(5,195)
2022			(14,765)		(3,804)
2023			16,168		6,384
2024			15,003		6,087

Actuarial assumptions—The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

EORP

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.3%
Wage inflation	3.75% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Price inflation	2.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Cost-of-living adjustment	1.75% for pension/not applicable OPEB
Mortality rates	PubG-2010 tables.
Healthcare cost trend rate	Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

The long-term expected rate of return on EORP plan investments was determined to be 7.3 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

EORP		Long-Term
		Expected
		Geometric
	Target	Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
Short-term investments	2%	0.25%
Risk parity	4%	4.01%
Fixed income	5%	3.00%
Real assets	9%	6.75%
GTS	12%	4.01%
Real estate	10%	4.50%
Private equity	12%	8.40%
Non-U.S. equity	14%	5.00%
Private credit	16%	5.36%
U.S. equity	16%	4.75%
Total	100%	-

Discount rates—At June 30, 2019, the discount rate used to measure the EORP total pension liability and total OPEB liability was 7.3 percent, which was a decrease of 0.1 from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, employer contributions will be made at the actuarially determined rates, and State contributions will be made as currently required by statute. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the EORP net pension/OPEB (asset) liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB (asset) liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.3 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.3 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.3 percent) than the current rate:

	Current							
EORP	19	6 Decrease	Discount Rate]	1% Increase		
Rate-pension		6.3%		7.3%		8.3%		
County's proportionate share of the								
net pension liability	\$	9,745,447	\$	8,510,189	\$	7,458,082		
Rate-OPEB		6.3%		7.3%		8.3%		
County's proportionate share of the								
net OPEB (asset)		(520,730)		(590,533)		(651,250)		

Plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued EORP financial report.

EODCRS plan—Elected officials and judges who are not members of EORP or ASRS participate in the EODCRS and the Elected Officials Defined Contribution Retirement System Disability Program (EODCDP). The EODCRS is a defined contribution pension plan. The EODCDP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit disability (OPEB) plan for EODCRS members. The PSPRS Board of Trustees governs the EODCRS and EODCDP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 3.1 and 3.2. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, are established by state statute. The EODCDP is not further disclosed because of its relative insignificance to the County's financial statements.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, active EODCRS members were required by statute to contribute 8 percent of the members' annual covered payroll, and the County was required by statute to contribute 6 percent of active members' annual covered payroll to an individual employee account. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and the County's contributions to the individual employee account and the earnings on those contributions. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County recognized pension expense of \$70,729.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

9) Interfund Balances and Activity

Interfund receivables and payables—Interfund balances at June 30, 2020, were as follows:

				Other	
	General	Road	Gov	vernmental	
Payable From	Fund	Fund		Funds	Total
General fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$	14,007	\$ 14,007
Other governmental funds	140,954	-		-	140,954
Road fund	 52,886	 _		_	 52,886
Total	\$ 193,840	\$ -	\$	14,007	\$ 207,847

The interfund balances resulted from time lags between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided and reimbursement occurred.

Interfund transfers—Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2020, were as follows:

		_				
				Other		
	General	Road	G	overnmental		
Transfer From	Fund	Fund		Funds		Total
General fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,069,767	\$	1,069,767
Road fund	-	250,000		71,829		321,829
Junior college fund	-	-		1,105,698		1,105,698
Other governmental funds	 557,872	 -		116,961		674,833
Total	\$ 557,872	\$ 250,000	\$	2,364,255	\$	3,172,127

The principal purpose of interfund transfers was to provide grant matches, fund debt service payments, and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

10) County Treasurer's Investment Pool

Arizona Revised Statutes require community colleges, school districts, and other local governments to deposit certain public monies with the County treasurer. The treasurer has a fiduciary responsibility to administer those and the County monies under his or her stewardship. The treasurer invests, on a pool basis, all idle monies not specifically invested for a fund or program. In addition, the treasurer determines the fair value of those pooled investments annually at June 30.

The County treasurer's investment pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company, and there is no regulatory oversight of its operations. The pool's structure does not provide for shares, and the County has not provided or obtained any legally binding guarantees to support the value of the participants' investments.

The deposits and investments the County holds are included in the County treasurer's investment pool, except for \$1,146,721 in other deposits accounts. Therefore, the deposit and investment risks of the Treasurer's investment pool are substantially the same as the County's deposit and investment risks. See Note 3 for disclosure of the County's deposit and investment risks.

Details of each major investment classification follow:

Investment Type	Principal	Interest Rate(s)	Maturities	Fair Value		
U.S. agency securities	\$ 48,553,802	0.875-4.00	7/2018-10/2021	\$ 47,825,011		
U.S. treasury notes	\$ 20,286,621	0.875-1.750	7/2018-04/2021	\$ 5,734,151		
Certificates of deposit				\$ 24,015,654		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

A condensed statement of the investment pool's net position and changes in fiduciary net position follows:

Statement of net position	
Assets	\$ 132,115,906
Net position	<u>\$ 132,115,906</u>
Net position held in trust for	
Internal participants	\$ 18,654,948
External participants	113,460,958
Total net position held in trust	<u>\$ 132,115,906</u>
Statement of changes in net position	
Total additions	\$ 224,198,167
Total deductions	224,833,176
Net decrease	(635,009)
Net position held in trust	
July 1, 2019, as restated	132,750,915
June 30, 2020	<u>\$ 132,115,906</u>

11) Joint Ventures

The County is a member of the Blue Hills Environmental Association (Association), a nonprofit corporation created in 1991 by the County, City of St. Johns, Town of Springerville, and Town of Eagar. The members then entered into a solid waste operation agreement with the Association to operate the Blue Hills Regional Municipal Landfill and to provide solid waste services to the members and public. The Association is accumulating financial reserves to pay for closure and post-closure care costs when it anticipates closing the landfill in 2040.

However, the County will assume the financial responsibility for these costs if the Association is unable to pay when they are due. Annually, the County files the required financial assurance report with the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality to demonstrate financial responsibility for closure and post-closure care costs as required by state and federal laws and regulations. In the most recent annual financial report, dated June 30, 2019, the County estimated the closure costs and post-closure care costs to be \$2,592,846 assuming the landfill was completely filled to capacity. This amount is based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care as of June 30, 2019.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

According to its audited financial information for the year ended June 30, 2019, the landfill had used approximately 34.52 percent of its estimated capacity, and the Association had accumulated \$738,099 of financial reserves to pay for these costs.

The Association issues audited financial statements annually which are available upon request by writing or calling the Association:

Blue Hills Environmental Association P.O. Box 175 St. Johns, AZ 85936 (928) 337-2357

12) Correction of a Misstatement – Prior-period Adjustment

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the County incorrectly recorded the market value adjustment for investments and the costs related to the self-insurance pool which have impacted beginning fund balance and net position.

Due to these errors, beginning fund balance/net position as of July 1, 2019, was restated, as follows:

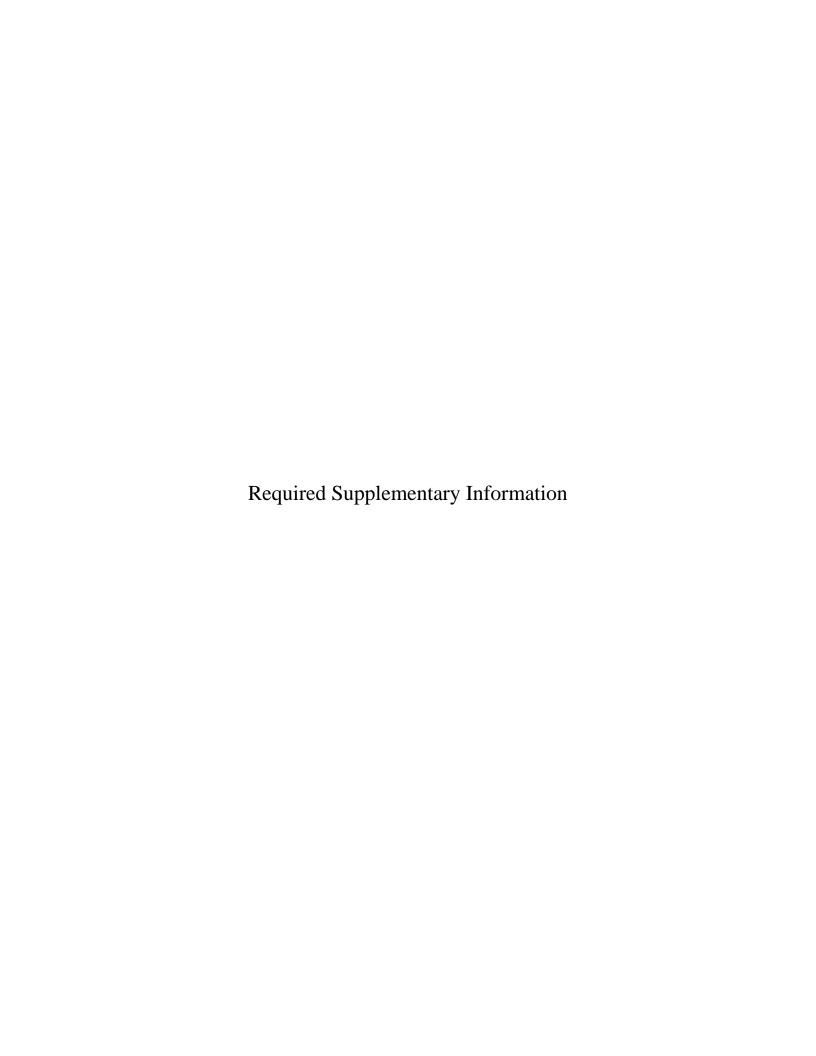
							Other		Total	
	General		Road Ju		Junior		Governmental		Governmental	
		Fund	Fund	Co	llege Fund		Funds		Funds	
Fund balance at June 30, 2019										
as previously reported	\$	8,068,103	\$ 3,397,650	\$	635,293	\$	7,693,472	\$	19,794,518	
Impact of prior-period adjustments		376,598	 (10,249)		(4,759)		(107,332)		254,258	
Fund balances, July 1, 2019, as restated	\$	8,444,701	\$ 3,387,401	\$	630,534	\$	7,586,140	\$	20,048,776	

	Governmental Activities			Fiduciary Funds			
Net position at June 30, 2019, as							
previously reported	\$	6,276,833	\$	115,405,837			
Self insurance pool adjustment		413,488		-			
Investment market value adjustment		(159,230)		(1,221,499)			
Net position at July 1, 2019,							
as restated	\$	6,531,091	\$	114,184,338			

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

13) Litigation

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits, which arise in the ordinary course of its operations. The County is unable to predict the outcomes of these proceedings, therefore no liability has been accrued in the accompanying financial statements.



Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

					Fi	riance with
	 Budgeted	Am				Favorable
	 Original		Final	Actual	(U	nfavorable)
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 2,850,765	\$	2,850,765	\$ 3,061,375	\$	210,610
County excise tax	1,448,000		1,448,000	1,282,331		(165,669)
Licenses and permits	89,000		89,000	117,381		28,381
Intergovernmental	8,793,119		8,793,119	10,616,356		1,823,237
Charges for services	160,000		160,000	677,436		517,436
Fines and forfeits	486,000		486,000	471,526		(14,474)
Investment income (loss)	20,000		20,000	111,305		91,305
Contributions	1,132,250		1,132,250	-		(1,132,250)
Miscellaneous	425,100		425,100	 (3,557)		(428,657)
Total revenues	 15,404,234		15,404,234	16,334,153		929,919
Expenditures						
General government						
Assessor	752,616		752,616	298,445		454,171
Attorney	1,213,822		1,213,822	1,033,657		180,165
Board of supervisors - general	506,802		506,802	385,860		120,942
Board of supervisors - county manager	494,229		494,229	330,689		163,540
Human resources	295,842		295,842	212,579		83,263
Wellness	35,000		35,000	10,168		24,832
Records management	15,849		15,849	13,499		2,350
District #1	249,350		249,350	212,580		36,770
District #2	249,350		249,350	213,670		35,680
District #3	249,350		249,350	241,807		7,543
Clerk of the superior court	622,643		622,643	460,792		161,851
Contingency	3,733,260		3,733,260	85,550		3,647,710
Information technology service	522,357		522,357	429,211		93,146
IT capital improvements and software maintenance	1,000,000		1,000,000	319,387		680,613
Elections	469,619		469,619	380,711		88,908
Finance	530,078		530,078	450,610		79,468
Grounds/maintenance	948,070		948,070	749,350		198,720
JP – Chinle	183,686		183,686	154,903		28,783
JP – Puerco	364,158		364,158	292,940		71,218
JP – St. Johns	237,622		237,622	199,325		38,297
St. Johns magistrate	37,661		37,661	29,872		7,789
JP – Round Valley	342,421		342,421	283,201		59,220
Springerville magistrate	8,081		8,081	3,885		4,196
Communication specialist and project	100,543		100,543	78,907		21,636
Community development	417,863		417,863	276,463		141,400
County fair	25,000		25,000	21,292		3,708
Recorder	583,400		583,400	474,604		108,796
Superior court	513,381		513,381	446,484		66,897
Public defenders	450,000		450,000	398,948		51,052

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund — continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Variance with Final Budget-
	Budgeted	Amounts		Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Expenditures – continued				
Jury fees and related	115,576	115,576	54,735	60,841
Jury trial costs	20,915	20,915	-	20,915
Support and care of persons	-	-	-	-
Treasurer	522,997	522,997	441,109	81,888
Public fiduciary	-	-	4 550	(4.550)
Legal services/judgments Insurance	221,069	221,069	4,558 189,375	(4,558) 31,694
Fleet management	200,000	200,000	105,942	94,058
	16,232,610	16,232,610	9,285,108	6,947,502
Total general government	10,232,010	10,232,010	7,203,100	0,947,302
Public safety				
Constables	158,632	158,632	164,168	(5,536)
Adult probation	292,603	292,603	291,251	1,352
Juvenile probation	221,970	221,970	219,884	2,086
Dispatch services Search and rescue	517,453	517,453	460,883	56,570
Sheriff	3,544,998	3,544,998	2,318,575	1,226,423
Total public safety	4,735,656	4,735,656	3,454,761	1,280,895
	4,733,030	4,733,030	0,101,701	1,200,073
Health				
AHCCCS	469,520	469,520	397,914	71,606
Culture and recreation				
Agricultural extension	25,000	25,000	25,389	(389)
Education				
School SIT Grant	120,000	120,000	-	120,000
School superintendent	373,176	373,176	374,669	(1,493)
Total education	493,176	493,176	374,669	118,507
Total expenditures	21,955,962	21,955,962	13,537,841	8,418,121
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(6,551,728)	(6,551,728)	2,796,312	9,348,040
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	2,166,474	2,166,474	557,872	(1,608,602)
Transfers out	(1,069,767)	(1,069,767)	(1,069,767)	=
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,096,707	1,096,707	(511,895)	(1,608,602)
Net change in fund balances	(5,455,021)	(5,455,021)	2,284,417	7,739,438
Fund balances, June 30, 2019, as restated			8,444,701	8,444,701
Fund balances, June 30, 2020	\$ (5,455,021)	\$ (5,455,021)	\$ 10,729,118	\$ 16,184,139

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Road Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Budgeted Amounts ginal and Final	Actual	Fin Fa	iance with al Budget- avorable favorable)
Revenues					
Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	10,154,194 826,186 -	\$ 10,762,633 218,884 54,383 12,343	\$	608,439 (607,302) 54,383 12,343
Total revenues		10,980,380	11,048,243		67,863
Expenditures					
Highways and streets					
General		1,272,983	948,757		324,226
Engineer		758,874	753,798		5,076
HURF support		194,255	189,084		5,171
District #1		922,790	462,041		460,749
District #2		725,953	630,107		95,846
District #3		1,088,070	1,080,756		7,314
Liability insurance		273,000	271,760		1,240
Contingency RAC Grant		448,309	142,448		305,861
Limestone Pit		150,000 500,000	809,962		150,000 (309,962)
Roads - Puerco		971,690	725,497		246,193
Roads - Round Valley		1,002,019	925,157		76,862
Roads - St. Johns		1,159,163	860,124		299,039
Roads - Ganado		2,187,113	1,562,185		624,928
Roads - Chinle		2,189,113	1,538,335		650,778
Total highways and streets		13,843,332	10,900,011		2,943,321
Excess(deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(2,862,952)	148,232		3,011,184
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		_	97,439		97,439
Transfers in		250,000	250,000		-
Transfers out		(1,272,983)	(321,829)		951,154
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(1,022,983)	25,610		1,048,593
Net change in fund balances		(3,885,935)	173,842		4,059,777
Fund balances, July 1, 2019, as restated		-	3,387,401		3,387,401
Changes in nonspendable resources		<u>-</u> _	18,631		18,631
Fund balances, June 30, 2020	\$	(3,885,935)	\$ 3,579,874	\$	7,465,809

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Junior College Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgete	ed	Variance with Final Budget-		
	Amount				orable
	Origina	1	Actual	(Linfo	vorable)
	and Fina	al	Actual	(UIII	ivorable)
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 2,407	,177	\$ 2,367,473	\$	(39,704)
Intergovernmental	1,386	5,790	1,704,107		317,317
Salt River Project		-	-		-
Investment income			 8,513		8,513
Total revenues	3,793	3,967	4,080,093		286,126
Expenditures					
Education					
Junior college tuition	2,880),665	 3,005,147		(124,482)
Total education	2,880),665	 3,005,147		(124,482)
Revenues over (under) expenditures	913	3,302	 1,074,946		161,644
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in		-	-		-
Transfers out	(998	3,570)	(1,105,698)		(107,128)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(998	3 <u>,570</u>)	(1,105,698)		(107,128)
Net change in fund balances	(85	5,268)	(30,752)		54,516
Fund balances, July 1, 2019, as restated			 630,534	-	630,534
Fund balances, June 30, 2020	\$ (85	5,268)	\$ 599,782	\$	685,050

Required Supplementary Information Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

1) Budgeting and Budgetary Control

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) require the County to prepare and adopt a balanced budget annually for each governmental fund. The Board of Supervisors must approve such operating budgets on or before the third Monday in July to allow sufficient time for the legal announcements and hearings required for the adoption of the property tax levy on the third Monday in August. A.R.S. prohibits expenditures or liabilities in excess of the amounts budgeted.

The County budgets capital outlay and debt service expenditures within the functional categories.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level. In certain instances, transfers of appropriations between departments or from the contingency account to a department may be made upon the Board of Supervisors' approval.

2) Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2020, expenditures exceeded final budget amounts at the department level (the legal level of budgetary control) as follows:

Fund/Department	Excess
General Fund	
Legal services/judgments	\$ 4,558
Constables	5,536
Agricultural extension	389
School superintendent	 1,493
Total general fund	\$ 11,976
Road Fund	
Limestone Pit	\$ 309,962
Total road fund	\$ 309,962
Junior College Fund	
Junior college tuition	\$ 124,482
Total junior college fund	\$ 124,482

Departments may exceed their department budgets for various reasons, including unexpected events. When departments exceed their budget, it is noted and addressed with the departments in subsequent budget meetings with the County Manager and the Board of Supervisors.

Required Supplementary Information Multi-Year Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability — Cost-Sharing Plans June 30, 2020

Arizona State Retirement System -ASRS

				Reporting Fi	sca	Year (Measur	eme	nt Date)			
	2020		2019	2018		2017		2016		2015	2014
	(2019)	9) (2018)		(2017)		(2016)		(2015)	(2014)		through 2011
County's proportion of the net pension liability	0.11%		0.11%	0.11%		0.11%		0.11%		0.11%	Information not
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 16,247,839	\$	15,804,152	\$ 16,570,373	\$	17,514,604	\$	16,819,429	\$	15,839,753	available for
County's covered payroll	\$ 11,946,330	\$	11,269,617	\$ 10,627,067	\$	10,573,233	\$	9,969,096	\$	9,649,540	this schedule
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	136.01%		140.2%	155.9%		165.6%		168.7%		164.2%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	73.24%		73.40%	69.92%		67.06%		68.35%		69.49%	

ASRS - Health Insurance Premium Benefit

	_	Reporting Fiscal Year Measurement Date)	Reporting Fisc		
		2020	2019	2018	2017
		(2019)	(2018)	(2017)	through 2011
County's proportion of the net OPEB (asset)		0.11%	0.11%	0.11%	Information not
County's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	\$	(31,261)	\$ (41,108) \$	(58,180)	available for
County's covered payroll	\$	11,946,330	\$ 11,269,617 \$	10,627,067	this schedule
County's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		(0.4%)	(0.4%)	(0.5%)	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		101.62%	102.20%	103.57%	

ASRS - Long-Term Disability

	Rej	porting Fiscal Year	Reporting I (Measurer			
		2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)		2017 through 2011
County's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.11%	0.11%		0.48%	Information not
County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	73,288	\$ 59,309	\$	38,553	available for
County's covered payroll	\$	11,946,330	\$ 11,269,617	\$	10,627,067	this schedule
County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		(0.5%)	(0.5%)		0.4%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		72.85%	77.83%		84.44%	

Required Supplementary Information Multi-Year Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability — Cost-Sharing Plans — continued June 30, 2020

Corrections Officer Retirement Plan -Administrative Office of the Courts - CORP AOC Pension

				Reporting Fis	scal	Year (Measurem	ent Date)		
	2020 2019		2019	2018	2017		2016	2015	2014
	 (2019)		(2018)	(2017)		(2016)	(2015)	(2014)	through 2011
County's proportion of the net pension liability	0.49%		0.48%	0.48%		0.48%	0.80%	0.89%	Information not
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,069,061	\$	1,928,376 \$	1,917,366	\$	1,351,472 \$	1,953,897	2,000,091	available for
County's covered payroll	\$ 587,714	\$	619,607 \$	524,605	\$	546,592 \$	908,555	961,116	this schedule
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	352.1%		311.2%	365.5%		247.2%	215.1%	208.1%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	51.99%		53.72%	49.21%		54.81%	57.89%	58.59%	

Elected Officials Retirement Plan - EORP Pension

						Reporting Fi	iscal	Year (Measu	rem	ent Date)			
		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	2014
		(2019)		(2018)		(2017)		(2016)		(2015)		(2014)	through 2011
County's proportion of the net pension liability		1.28%		1.16%		1.16%		1.16%		1.08%		1.09%	Information not
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	8,510,189	\$	5,940,372	\$	13,870,744	\$	10,927,352	\$	8,445,318	\$	7,329,261	available for
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the County	_	799,870	_	1,017,844	_	2,878,805	_	2,192,828	_	2,632,899	_	2,247,219	this schedule
Total	\$	9,310,059	\$	6,958,216	\$	16,749,549	\$	13,120,180	\$	11,078,217	\$	9,576,480	
County's covered payroll	\$	984,980	\$	990,328	\$	836,561	\$	784,791	\$	855,434	\$	942,909	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		945%		703%		2002%		1392%		987.3%		777.3%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		30.14%		30.36%		19.66%		23.42%		28.32%		31.91%	

EORP - Health Insurance Premium Benefit

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)											
	2020			2019		2018	2017					
		(2019)		(2018)		(2017)	through 2011					
County's proportion of the net OPEB (asset)		6.03%		5.75%		6.21%	Information not					
County's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	\$	(590,533)	\$	(594,695)	\$	(565,110)	available for					
County's covered payroll	\$	984,980	\$	990,328	\$	524,605	this schedule					
County's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)												
as a percentage of its covered payroll		(59.95%)		(60.05%)		(67.55%)						
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		169.72%		177.16%		164.84%						

Required Supplementary Information Multi-Year Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension/OPEB Liability and Related Ratios — Agent Plans June 30, 2020

Public Safety Personnel Retirement System -Sheriff - PSPRS Pension

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)												
		2020		2019		2018		2017 2016				2015	2014
		(2019)		(2018)		(2017)		(2016)		(2015)		(2014)	through 2011
Total Pension Liability													
Service cost	\$	334,328	\$	332,513	\$	391,384	\$	352,705	\$	303,780	\$	285,074	Information not
Interest on the total pension liability		1,155,854		1,083,199		1,027,927		1,027,738		1,006,417		827,366	available for
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		225,266		(121,221)		-		373,856	this schedule
Difference between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the pension liability		206,218		323,533		(385,625)		(296,009)		(194,211)		(138,700)	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		469,681		-		618,526		521,471		-		1,777,751	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(868,089)		(982,899)		(848,915)		(932,155)		(805,535)		(902,060)	
Net change in total pension liability		1,297,992		756,346		1,028,563		552,529		310,451		2,223,287	
Total pension liability - beginning		15,719,364		14,963,018		13,934,455		13,381,926		13,071,475		10,848,188	
Total pension liability – ending (a)	\$	17,017,356	\$	15,719,364	\$	14,963,018	\$	13,934,455	\$	13,381,926	\$	13,071,475	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position													
Contributions - employer	\$	989,810	\$	906,255	\$	932,323	\$	896,934	\$	655,184	\$	628,529	
Contributions - employee		124,001		158,820		134,451		178,568		144,239		137,407	
Net investment income		255,158		295,291		459,901		20,966		127,091		435,987	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(868,089)		(982,899)		(848,915)		(932,155)		(805,535)		(902,060)	
Hall/Parker settlement		-		(219,279)		-		-		-		-	
Administrative expenses		(5,423)		(5,194)		(4,469)		(3,418)		(3,473)		(3,511)	
Other changes*	_	-	_	49	_	42	_	3,873	_	(2,530)	_	(248,414)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		495,457		153,043		673,333		164,768		114,976		47,938	
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning		4,584,760		4,431,717		3,758,384		3,593,616		3,478,640		3,430,702	
Adjustment to Beginning of Year	_	(8,263)	_		_		_		_		_		
Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	\$	5,071,954	\$	4,584,760	\$	4,431,717	\$	3,758,384	\$	3,593,616	\$	3,478,640	
County's net pension liability – ending (a) - (b)	\$	11,945,402	\$	11,134,604	\$	10,531,301	\$	10,176,071	\$	9,788,310	\$	9,592,835	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		29.80%		29.17%		29.62%		26.97%		26.85%		26.61%	
Covered valuation payroll	\$	1,904,980	\$	1,723,995	\$	1,723,995	\$	1,729,119	\$	1,551,303	\$	1,576,259	
County's net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll		627.06%		588.51%		588.51%		588.51%		630.97%		608.60%	

^{*} Other changes include adjustments for prior year GASB 68 and reserve transfer to/from employer and employee reserves.

Required Supplementary Information Multi-Year Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension/OPEB Liability and Related Ratios — Agent Plans — continued June 30, 2020

CORP Detention-Pension

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)												
		2020		2019		2018	2017		2016		2015	2014	
		(2019)		(2018)		(2017)		(2016)	(2015)			(2014)	through 2011
Total Pension Liability													
Service cost	\$	97,038	\$	102,454	\$	103,446	\$	78,199	\$	83,135	\$	80,344	Information not
Interest on the total pension liability		175,314		163,204		136,198		141,303		150,847		127,309	available for
Changes of benefit terms		-		(97,225)		256,152		5,786		-		33,741	this schedule
Difference between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the pension liability		166,676		63,320		(66,912)		(134,578)		(188,715)		14,264	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		49,820		-		63,387		60,136		-		167,399	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(112,857)		(114,982)		(89,590)		(205,467)		(123,291)	_	(125,921)	
Net change in total pension liability		375,991		116,771		402,681		(54,621)		(78,024)		297,136	
Total pension liability – beginning		2,328,500		2,211,729		1,809,048	_	1,863,669	_	1,941,693		1,644,557	
Total pension liability – ending (a)	\$	2,704,491	\$	2,328,500	\$	2,211,729	\$	1,809,048	\$	1,863,669	\$	1,941,693	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position													
Contributions - employer	\$	78,646	\$	80,147	\$	67,206	\$	86,900	\$	67,051	\$	56,502	
Contributions - employee		48,326		61,105		51,467		53,031		46,795		40,107	
Net investment income		84,647		101,432		149,555		7,904		46,477		159,806	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(112,857)		(114,982)		(89,590)		(205,467)		(123,291)		(125,921)	
Administrative expense		(2,211)		(2,235)		(1,708)		(1,518)		(1,505)		(1,257)	
Other changes*		-	_	(29)		(8)		10		(1,107)	_	(128,722)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		96,551		125,438		176,922		(59,140)		34,420		515	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		1,548,126		1,422,688		1,245,766	_	1,304,906		1,270,486		1,269,971	
Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	\$	1,644,677	\$	1,548,126	<u>\$</u>	1,422,688	\$	1,245,766	\$	1,304,906	\$	1,270,486	
County's net pension liability – ending (a) - (b)	\$	1,059,814	\$	780,374	\$	789,041	\$	563,282	\$	558,763	\$	671,207	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		33.51%		66.49%		64.32%		68.86%		70.02%		65.43%	
Covered payroll	\$	740,025	\$	666,255	\$	616,809	\$	658,695	\$	637,619	\$	609,417	
County's net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll		143.22%		117.13%		127.92%		85.52%		87.60%		110.10%	

st Other changes include adjustments for prior year GASB 68 and reserve transfer to/from employer and employee reserves.

Required Supplementary Information Multi-Year Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension/OPEB Liability and Related Ratios — Agent Plans — continued June 30, 2020

CORP Detention-OPEB

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)											
		2020		2019		2018	2017					
		(2019)		(2018)		(2017)	through 2011					
Total OPEB Liability												
Service cost	\$	2,155	\$	2,299	\$	3,003	Information not					
Interest on the total OPEB liability		5,744		6,490		6,984	available for					
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-	this schedule					
Difference between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the OPEB liability		(24,120)		(17,643)		(4,579)						
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		682		-		(7,980)						
Benefit payments		(2,110)		(2,358)		(2,630)						
Net change in total OPEB liability		(17,649)		(11,212)		(5,202)						
Total OPEB liability – beginning		76,525		87,737		92,939						
Total OPEB liability – ending (a)	\$	58,876	\$	76,525	\$	87,737						
Plan Fiduciary Net Position												
Contributions - employer	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-						
Net investment income		10,208		12,760		19,046						
Benefit payments		(2,110)		(2,358)		(2,630)						
Administrative expense		(182)		(194)		(166)						
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		7,916		10,208		16,250						
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning		187,951		177,743		161,493						
Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	\$	195,867	\$	187,951	\$	177,743						
County's net OPEB liability – ending (a) - (b)	\$	(136,991)	\$	(111,426)	\$	(90,006)						
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability		332.68%		245.61%		202.59%						
Covered payroll	\$	740,025	\$	666,255	\$	616,809						
County's net OPEB (asset) liability as percentage of covered payroll		(18.51%)		(16.72%)		(14.59%)						

Required Supplementary Information Multi-Year Schedule of County Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2020

ASRS - Pension

	Reporting Fiscal Year														
		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	2013 through 2011
Statutorily required contribution	\$	1,347,999	\$	1,302,150	\$	1,228,388	\$	1,177,599	\$	1,163,395	\$	1,144,174	\$	1,098,147	Information not
County's contributions in relation to the statutorily															available for
required contribution		1,347,999		1,302,150		1,228,388		1,177,599	_	1,163,395		1,144,174		1,098,147	this schedule
County's contributions deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-	
County's covered payroll	\$	12,057,237	\$	11,946,330	\$	11,269,617	\$	10,627,067	\$	10,573,233	\$	9,969,096	\$	9,649,540	
County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		11%		11%		11%		11%		11%		11%		11%	

ASRS - Health Insurance Premium Benefit

	Reporting Fiscal Year												
		2020		2019		2018		2017	2016 through 2011				
Statutorily required contribution	\$	55,463	\$	52,564	\$	49,586	\$	57,444	Information not				
County's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	_	55,463	_	52,564	_	49,586		57,444	available for				
County's contributions deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		this schedule				
County's covered payroll	\$	12,057,237	\$	11,946,330	\$	11,269,617	\$	10,627,067					
County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.46%		0.44%		0.44%		0.54%					

ASRS - Long-Term Disability

	Reporting Fiscal Year													
		2020		2019		2018		2017	2016 through 2011					
Statutorily required contribution	\$	19,292	\$	19,114	\$	18,031	\$	14,361	Information not					
County's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		19,292		19,114		18,031		14,361	available for					
County's contributions deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		this schedule					
County's covered payroll	\$	12,057,237	\$	11,946,330	\$	11,269,617	\$	10,627,067						
County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.16%		0.16%		0.16%		0.14%						

Required Supplementary Information Multi-Year Schedule of County Pension/OPEB Contributions— continued June 30, 2020

CORP- AOC-Pension

	Reporting Fiscal Year														
		***											2013		
		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	through 2011
Statutorily required contribution	\$	200,212	\$	186,935	\$	140,918	\$	112,779	\$	105,915	\$	144,404	\$	149,907	Information not
County's contributions in relation to the statutorily															available for
required contribution	_	200,212	_	186,935	_	140,918	_	112,779	_	105,915	_	144,404	_	149,907	this schedule
County's contributions deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$		
County's covered payroll	\$	626,465	\$	587,714	\$	619,607	\$	524,605	\$	546,592	\$	908,555	\$	961,116	
County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		32%		32%		23%		21%		19%		16%		16%	

PSPRS-Pension

	Reporting Fiscal Year														
	2020			2019		2018	2017	2016	2015			2014	2013 through 2011		
Actuarially required contribution County's contributions in relation to the statutorily	\$	969,235	\$	1,005,873	\$	925,122	\$	932,323	\$	896,934	\$	655,184	\$	628,529	Information not available for
required contribution		969,235	_	1,005,873	_	705,811	_	932,323	_	896,934	_	655,184		628,529	this schedule
County's contributions deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	-	\$	219,311	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	
County's covered payroll	\$	1,394,101	\$	1,904,980	\$	1,716,008	\$	1,723,995	\$	1,729,119	\$	1,551,303	\$	1,576,259	
County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		70%		53%		54%		54%		52%		42%		40%	

EORP-Pension

	Reporting Fiscal Year														
		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	2013 through 2011
Statutorily required contribution	\$	605,648	\$	605,763	\$	232,727	\$	222,392	\$	224,760	\$	220,245	\$	241,853	Information not
County's contributions in relation to the statutorily															available for
required contribution		605,648		605,763		5,127		222,392		224,760		220,245		241,853	this schedule
County's contributions deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	227,600	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	
County's covered payroll	\$	2,577,715	\$	984,980	\$	990,328	\$	836,561	\$	784,791	\$	855,434	\$	942,909	
County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		23%		62%		23%		27%		29%		26%		26%	

The County was not required and did not contribute to the EORP health insurance premium benefit plan for fiscal years 2020 through 2017. Information for fiscal years 2016 through 2011 is not available.

CORP Detention- Pension

	Reporting Fiscal Year														
		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	2013 through 2009
Actuarially required contribution	\$	92,340	\$	89,025	\$	80,532	\$	67,206	\$	86,900	\$	67,051	\$	56,502	Information not
County's contributions in relation to the statutorily															available for
required contribution	_	92,340		89,025		80,532		67,206		86,900		67,051		56,502	this schedule
County's contributions deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
County's covered payroll	\$	566,503	\$	740,025	\$	666,225	\$	616,809	\$	658,695	\$	637,619	\$	609,417	
County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		16%		12%		12%		11%		13%		11%		9%	

The County was not required and did not contribute to the CORP Detention health insurance premium benefit plan for fiscal years 2020 through 2017. Information for fiscal years 2016 through 2011 is not available.

Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension/OPEB Plan Schedules June 30, 2020

1) Actuarially Determined Contribution Rates

Actuarial determined contribution rates for PSPRS and CORP are calculated as of June 30 two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

PSPRS and CORP

Amortization method Level percent-of-pay, closed

Remaining amortization period

as of the 2018 actuarial valuation

17 years

Asset valuation method 7-year smoothed market value; 80%/120% market corridor

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return In the 2017 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.5% to 7.4%.

In the 2016 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.85% to 7.5%. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 8.0% to 7.85%.

Projected salary increases In the 2017 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 4.0%-8.0% to

3.5%-7.5% for PSPRS and from 4.0%-7.25% to 3.5%-6.5% for CORP. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 4.5%-8.5% to 4.0%-8.0% for PSPRS and from 4.5%-7.75% to 4.0%-7.25% for CORP. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 5.0%-9.0% to 4.5%-8.5% for PSPRS and

from 5.0%-8.25% to 4.5%-7.75% for CORP

Wage growth In the 2017 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4% to 3.5% for PSPRS and

CORP. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0% for PSPRS and CORP. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 5.0%

to 4.5% for PSPRS and CORP

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last

updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period July 1, 2006 -

June 30, 2011

Mortality In the 2017 actuarial valuation, changed to RP-2014 tables, with 75% of MP-2016 fully

generational projection scales. RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105% for both males

and females)

Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension/OPEB Plan Schedules June 30, 2020

2) Factors That Affect Trends

Arizona courts have ruled that provisions of a 2011 law that changed the mechanism for funding permanent pension benefit increases and increased employee pension contribution rates were unconstitutional or a breach of contract because those provisions apply to individuals who were members as of the law's effective date. As a result, the PSPRS, CORP, CORP-AOC, and EORP changed benefit terms to reflect the prior mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases for those members and revised actuarial assumptions to explicitly value future permanent benefit increases. PSPRS and EORP also reduced those members' employee contribution rates. These changes are reflected in the plans' pension liabilities for fiscal year 2015 (measurement date 2014) for members who were retired as of the law's effective date and fiscal year 2018 (measurement date 2017) for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. These changes also increased the PSPRS-, CORP-, and CORP-AOC-required pension contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes increased the PSPRS-, CORP-, and CORP-AOCrequired contributions beginning in fiscal year 2019 for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. EORP-required contributions are not based on actuarial valuations, and therefore, these changes did not affect them. Also, the County refunded excess employee contributions to PSPRS and EORP members. PSPRS and EORP allowed the County to reduce its actual employer contributions for the refund amounts. As a result, the County's pension contributions were less than the actuarially or statutorily determined contributions for 2018.

The fiscal year 2019 (measurement date 2018) pension liabilities for EORP and CORP reflect the replacement of the permanent benefit increase (PBI) for retirees based on investment returns with a cost of living adjustment based on inflation. Also, EORP liability and required pension contributions for fiscal year 2019 reflect statutory change that requires the employer contribution rate to be actuarially determined. This change increased the discount rate used to calculate the liability thereby reducing the total pension liability.